Tsi12M

Tenkasi District Common Examinations

Common Second Mid Term Test - November 2022

Standard 12 **MATHEMATICS**

Time: 1.30 Hrs.

Part - A

Answer the all questions:

10×1=10

Marks: 45

1) The volume of a sphere is increasing in volume at the rate of 3π cm³/sec. The rate of change of its radius when radius is $\frac{1}{2}$ cm.

- 1) 3 cm/s
- 2) 2 cm/s 3) 1 cm/s
- 4) $\frac{1}{2}$ cm/s
- 2) The number given by the Rolle's theorem for the function x^3-3x^2 , $x \in [0, 3]$ is
- 2) $\sqrt{2}$
- 3) $\frac{3}{2}$
- 3) The point of inflection of the curve $y = (x-1)^3$ is
- 2) (0, 1)
- 4) (1, 1)

- 4) If $u(x, y) = e^{x^2 + y^2}$, then $\frac{\partial u}{\partial x}$ is equal to

- 5) If f(x, y, z) = xy+yz+zx, then f_x-f_z is equal to
 1) z-x2) y-z3) x-zt_z is equal to 3) x-z 1/2 (4) y-x

- 6) Find the value of dy: $y = \frac{(1 2x)^3}{3 4x}$
- 1) $\frac{2(1-2x)^2(8x-7)}{(3-4x)^2}$ dx
- 2) $\frac{2(1-x)(8-x)}{3x-4}$

- 4) $\frac{2(1-x^2)(8x-7)}{(3x-4)^2}$
- 3) $\frac{2(1-x^2)(8-x)}{3x-4}$ 7) The value of $\int_0^a \left(\sqrt{a^2-x^2}\right)^3 dx$ is
 - 1) $\frac{\pi a^3}{16}$
- 2) $\frac{3\pi a^4}{16}$
- 3) $\frac{3\pi a^2}{8}$
- 4) $\frac{3\pi a^4}{\Omega}$
- 8) The area between $y^2 = 4x$ and its latus rectum is
 - 1) $\frac{2}{3}$
- 3) $\frac{8}{3}$
- 4) $\frac{5}{3}$

- 9) The value of $\int_{-1}^{2} |x| dx$ is
- 3) $\frac{5}{2}$
- 4) $\frac{7}{2}$

10) Find the value of $\int_{0}^{\infty} x^{5}e^{-3x} dx$

Part - B

Answer the all questions. Question number 16 compulsory:

4×2=8

- 11) If the volume of a cube of side length x is $v = x^3$. Find the rate of change of the volume with respect to x when x = 5 units.
- 12) Evaluate: $\lim_{x\to 0^+} x \log x$

13) If
$$u(x, y) = \frac{x^2 + y^2}{\sqrt{x + y}}$$
, prove that $x \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + y \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = \frac{3}{2}u$.

14) If
$$\bigcup (x, y, z) = \log(x^3 + y^3 + z^3)$$
, find $\frac{\partial \bigcup}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial \bigcup}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial \bigcup}{\partial z}$.

- 15) The time T, taken for a complete oscillation of a single pendulum with length ℓ , is given by the equation $T=2\pi\sqrt{\frac{\ell}{g}}$, where g is a constant. Find the approximate percentage error in the calculated value of T corresponding to an error of 2 percent in the value of ℓ .
- 16) Evaluate: $\int_{0}^{1} x^{5} (1 x^{2})^{5} dx$

Part - C

Answer the all questions. Question number 22 compulsory:

4×3=12

- 17) Find the local extremum of the function $f(x) = x^4 + 32x$.
- 18) Write down the Taylor series expansion, of the function $\log x$ about x = 1 upto three non-zero terms for x > 0.
- 19) Assuming $\log_{10}e = 0.4343$, find an approximate value of $\log_{10}1003$.

20) Evaluate:
$$\int_{2}^{3} \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{5-x}+\sqrt{x}} dx$$
 SIVAKUMAR, M,

21) If
$$\int_{0}^{\infty} e^{-\alpha x^{2}} x^{3} dx = 32$$
, $\alpha > 0$, find α .

Valleyon - 62 ? 8-33.

Answer the all questions:

3×5=15

23) a) If we blow air into a baloon of spherical shape at a rate of 1000 cm³ per second, at what rate the radius of the baloon changes when the radius is 7 cm? Also compute the rate at which the surface area changes.

(OR)

- b) For the function $f(x) = 4x^3 + 3x^2 6x + 1$ find the intervals of monotonicity, local extrema, intervals of concavity and points of inflection.
- 24) a) Sketch the curve $y = f(x) = x^2 x 6$.

(OR)

- b) Find the area of the region bounded between the parabolas $y^2 = 4x$ and $x^2 = 4y$.
- 25) a) A watermelon has an ellipsoid shape which can be obtained by revolving an ellipse with major axis 20 cm and minor axis 10 cm about its major axis. Find its volume using integration.

(OR)

b)
$$u = tan^{-1} \left(\frac{x^3 + y^3}{x + y} \right)$$
 then prove that $x \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + y \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = sin 2u$.

Kindly send me your district Questions & Keys to email id - padasalai.net@gmail.com