TNEB ECE Model Question Paper 1

1	 Internal	resistance	of ideal	current	source	18	

a)Zero

b)Infinite

c)Finite

d)100 ohms

- 2. Kelvin's double bridge is used to measure low resistance because
 - a)It has high sensitivity
 - b)There is no thermoelectric emf
 - c)Resistance variation due to temperature

d)Effect of contact and lead resistance is eliminated

- 3. Nodal analysis can be applied for
 - a)Planar networks
 - b)Non planar networks
 - c)Both planar and non planar networks
 - d)Neither planar and non planar networks
- 4. A D-flip-flop is said to be transparent when
 - a)The output is LOW
 - b)The output is HIGH
 - c)The output follows clock

d)The output follow input

- 5. If a pure inductor is connected across the ac source, the average power taken by the inductor
 - a)A few watt
- b)100 watt
- c)Zero watt
- d)Maximum power
- 6. Bundled conductors in EHV transmission lines
 - a)Increase inductance
 - b)Increase capacitance
 - c)Decrease inductance

- d)Decrease capacitance
- 7. The alternative names for active power is/are
 - a)Real power

b)Average power

c)True power

d)All of the above

- 8. The D'Arsonval movement can be converted into audio frequency ac ammeter by adding a
 - a)Thermocouple
 - b)Transducer
 - c)Chopper

d)Rectifier

9. Assertion(A): Schering bridge is a low voltage bridge

Reason(R): Schering bridge is very commonly used for measurement of capacitance

- a)Both A and R are true and R is correct explanation of A
- b)Both A and R are true but R is not correct explanation of A
- c)A is true R is false

d)A if false R is true

10. DC machine windings are

a)Full pitched

b)Short pitched

c)Either of these

d)None of the above

- 11. In a lap winding dc machine number of conductors are 100 and number of parallel paths are 10. Find the average pitch
 - a)10

b)100

c)50

d)1

- 12. India's largest thermal power station is located at
 - a)Kota

b)Sarni

c)Chandrapur

- d)Neyveli
- 13. MICR stands for
 - a) Magnetic Ink Chart Receipt
 - b) Magnetic Ink Character Recognition
 - c)Magnetic Ink Chart Recognition
 - d)Magnetic Ink Character Receipt
- 14. The filter that may not be realized by approximation of derivatives techniques are
 - 1)Band pass filters
- 2)High pass filters
- 3)Low pass filters
- 4)Band reject filters
- a)1,2 and 3 are correct
- b)2and4are correct
- c)2 and 3 are correct
- d)All the four are correct
- 15. A transmission line has a reactance of 1 Pu is operating at $V_s=V_r=1$ Pu. The generator is connected at source end which is delivering 0.5 Pu of active power. Find the load angle?
 - $a)35^{0}$

b)30°

c)45°

 $d)60^{0}$

- 16. Under over excitation synchronous phase modifier works as
 - a)Shut capacitor
- b)Series capacitor
- c)Shunt capacitor
- d)Any of the above
- 17. For n bus power system size of Y bus matrix is
 - a)(n-1)*(n-1)
- b)(n-2)*(n-2)

c)n*n

d)(n-1)(n-2)

18. A20m antenna gives a certain uplink gain at frequencies of 4/6 GHz. For getting same gain in the 20/30 GHz band, antenna size required is meter

a)100

b)4

c)1

d)10

19. Sum of the elements of row I equal to shunt admittances connected to bus i. If this summation is zero, indicates there is no

a)Shunt admittance

b)Mutual coupling

c)Both 1 & 2

d)None of the above

20. If sparsity of a bus 5 bus transmission line is 0.4.

Find the number of transmission lines?

a)6

b)5

c)4

d)3

21. Inductor does not allow the sudden change of

a)Current

b)Voltage

c)Power

d)None of the above

22. 2's complement of 10101011 is

a)01010101

b)00111100

c)10101011

d)10101100

- 23. Which ionization layer exists during day time & usually vanishes at night due to highest recombination rate?
 - a)D-region
 - b)Normal E-region
 - c)Sporadic E-region
 - d)Appleton region
- 24. 8085 has 6 sign flags
 - a)True

b)False

- 25. Which addresses are related to the processes involved in an application layer of TCP/IP architecture?
 - a)Physical (link)Addresses
 - b)Logical (IP)addresses
 - c)Port addresses
 - d)Specific addresses
- 26. JCOKE =3

JCOKE =JCOKE +1

GO TO (5,8,9,11,15,16,18,20) JCOKE

After the execution of above statement, the control is transferred to stamen number

a)8

b)11

c)16

d)20

- 27. Which type of node comprises incoming as well as outgoing branches?
 - a)Source node

b)Sink node

c)Chain node

d)Main node

- 28. On the basis of an output response, in to how many parts can the s-plane be divided?
 - a)2

b)3

c)4

d)6

- 29. Dynamic equalizing circuit is useful
 - a)To limit di/dt of SCR
 - b)To limit dV/dt of SCR
 - c)For Voltage equalization
 - d)Both B &C

30. For Carrier Sense Multiple Access/ Collision Detection(CSMA/CD), we need a restriction on the

a)Collision Size

b)Signal size

c)Frame size

d)Station size

31. An SCR has cycle surge current rating of 3000 A for 50Hz supply. One cycle surge current will be

a)1500A

b)6000A

c)2121.32A

d)2131.43A

32. If holding current of a thyristor is 2 mA then latching current should be

a)0.01A

b)0.002A

c)0.009A

d)0.004A

- 33. Which is not the internal circuit of operational amplifier?
 - a)Differential amplifier
 - b)Level translator
 - c)Output driver

d)Clamper

34. Power transistor are type of

a)BJT_s

b)MOSFET_S

c)IGBT_s

d)All of the above

- 35. Which among the following is an application of high frequency?
 - a)SONAR
 - b)Subsurface communication
 - c)Radio navigation
 - d)Facsimile
- 36. Which semi conductor device acts like a diode and two transistor?

a)UJT

b)Diac

c)Triac

d)SCR

37. Which quantity consists of a unit 1Kwh?

a)Energy

b)Time

c)Power

d)Charge

38. Which number system has a base of 16

a)Decimal

b)Octal

c)Hexadecimal

d)None

39. In ward-Leonard system, the lower limit of the speed imposed by

- a)Field resistance
- b)Armature resistance

c)Residual magnetism of the generator

d)None of the above

40. At which angles does the front to back ratio specify an antenna gain?

a)0° & 180°

b)90° & 180°

c) 180° & 270°

 $d)180^{0} & 360^{0}$

41. Which logic family provide minimum power dissipation

a)TTL

b)CMOS

c)ECL

d)JFET

42. Convert the binary number(1111000011110000) to hexadecimal number

a)1010

b)F0F0

c)7070

d)5050

43. Why generic array logic (GAL) device was invented?

a)Mask programmable

b)One time programmable

c)Reprogrammable

- d)None of the above
- 44. Which of the following logic circuits is the fastest?

a)RTL

b)DTL

c)TTL

- d)All have same speed
- 45. The Nyquist theorem for sampling
 - a)Relates the conditions in time domain and frequency domain
 - b)Helps in quantization
 - c)Limits the bandwidth requirement
 - d)Gives the spectrum of the signal
 - a)1,2 and 3 are correct
 - b) 1 and 2 are correct
 - c)1 and 3 are correct
 - d)All the four are correct
- 46. The cooley –Tukey algorithm of FFT is a

a)Divide and conquer algorithm

- b)Divide and rule algorithm
- c)Split and rule algorithm
- d)Split and combine algorithm
- 47. The similarity between the fourier transform and the Z transform is that
 - a)Both convert frequency spectrum domain to discrete time domain

b)Both convert discrete tie domain to frequency spectrum domain

c)Both convert analog signal to digital signal

d)Both convert digit	l)Both convert digital signal to analog signal			fiers				
48. The region of conve	d)A	Il of the above	e WWW.Pa					
a)0	b)1	53. Spre	ead time is def	fined as the inter	val during which			
c)Negative	d)Positive	a)A:	node voltage	drops from 10	0% of its initial			
49. The direct form II fo	valu	ue to zero						
1)The realization o	1)The realization of transfer function in to two			t rises from 9	0% to its final			
parts	parts							
2)Realization after f	2)Realization after fraction			c)Both a and b				
3)Product of two tra	nsfer functions	d)A	node current	rises from 10%	% to 90% of its			
4)Addition of two tr	4)Addition of two transfer functions							
a)1.2 and 3 are corre	ect	54. Wh	at is/are the	e major roles	of Data Link			
b)1 and 3 are corre	b)1 and 3 are correct			OSI model?				
c)3 and 4 are correct	c)3 and 4 are correct			rrection of transi	nission errors			
d)All the four are co	b)Pı	rovision of da	ata flow control	to prevent DTE				
. Which among the following is a disadvantage of		fron	n overburdeni	ng				
modern control theo	modern control theory?		lentification of	f various devices	on the network			
a)Implementation of	a)Implementation of optimal design			frame for easy	lata transfer			
b)Transfer function	a can also be defined for	a)A	,B,C,D	b)On	ly C			
different initial cond	itions	c)O:	nly D	d)No	ne of the above			
c)Analysis of all sys	tems take place	55. In a	transmitter	_ oscillator is us	ed			
d)Necessity of comp	outational work	a)H	artley	b)RC	phase shift			
51. State space analysis	is applicable even if the initial	c)W	/ien – bridge	d)Cr	ystal			
conditions are	conditions are		er modulation	(amplitude) occ	curs when signal			
a)Zero	b)Non zero	amp	olitude is	carrier amplitude	e			
c)Equal	d)Not equal	a)Eo	qual to	b)Gr	eater than			
52. How does the cro	sstalk generated due to the	c)Le	ess than	d)No	ne of the above			
electromagnetic inte	electromagnetic interference between two copper		ich among th	e following is	provided by and			
wires placed in vicir	wires placed in vicinity get reduced?		cal receiver fo	or the regenerati	on of data signal			
a)By twisting the co	a)By twisting the copper wire			ror?				
h) By using the range	h) By using the repeaters							

- b)Signal processing Circuits
- c)Linear Circuitry
- d)None of the above
- 58. The speech signal is obtained after
 - a)Analog to digital conversion
 - b)Digital to analog conversion
 - c)Modulation
 - d)Quantization
- 59. In an optical fiber, the concept of Numerical aperture is applicable in describing the ability of
 - a)Light collection
- b)Light Scattering
- c)Light Dispersion
- d)Light Polarization
- 60. Which among the following is regarded as an inelastic scattering of a photon?
 - a)Kerr effect
- b)Raman effect
- c)Hall effect
- d)Miller effect
- 61. Three points (x_r, y_r) r = 1, 2, 3 are collinear if and only if the rank of the matrix
 - ΓX_1 y_1 x_2 y_2 $\begin{bmatrix} x_3 & y_3 \end{bmatrix}$
 - 1)3

- 2) less than 3
- 3) greater than 3
- 4) 32
- 62. The eigen values of an orthogonal matrix A are positive. What is the value of |A|?
 - 1)1

2) -1

3)2

- 4) 3
- 63. At the point (4, 0) the function f(x, y) = $x^3 + 3xy^2 - 15x^2 - 15y^2 + 72x$ attains
 - 1) Maximupi
- 2) Minimum
- 3) Saddle
- 4) None of these
- 64. The minimum value of $x^2 + y^2 + 6x + 12$ is
 - 1)2
- 2) 3
- 3) 20

- 65. Stationary points of $x^2 + y^2 + 6x + 12$ is
 - 1)(1,2)

2)(3,4)

3)(-3,0)

- 4) (-4, -3)
- 66. If $\overline{V} = \overline{w} \times \overline{r}$, \overline{w} is a constant vector and $\overline{r} = x\overline{i} + y\overline{j}$ $+ z\overline{w}$ then \overline{w} is
 - 1) 0

2) $\frac{1}{2}$ curl $\bar{\mathbf{v}}$

3) div \bar{r}

- 67. If $\bar{r} = x\bar{i} + y\bar{j} + z\bar{k}$, then $\nabla \times (\nabla r^n) =$
- 2) 1
- 3)2
- 4) 3
- 68. The vector $\overline{\mathbf{F}} = yz\overline{\mathbf{i}} + zx\overline{\mathbf{j}} + xy\overline{\mathbf{k}}$
 - 1) If rotational
- 2) solenoidal

3)0

- 4) 1
- 69. Complete integral of $p = e^q$ is
 - 1) $z = ax + e^{a}y + c$
 - 2) z = ax + 2y + c
 - 3) $z = ax + y \log a + c$
 - 4) None of these
- 70. Form the partial differential equation from

$$\log (az - 1) = x + ay + b$$

- 1) (p + 1) (q+1) = zpq
- 2) p(q+1) = zq
- 3) q(p+1) = zp
- 4) pq(p+1) = zpq
- 71. Particular integral for (D^2-4D+4) y = cos 2x is

- 72. Find the particular Integral for (D³-1) $y = x^{2x}$

 $2)\frac{e^{2x}}{6}$

- 73. A square matrix A is nilpotent of order n if
 - 1) $A^{n} = 0$

- 2) $A^{n+1} = 0$
- 3) $A^{n} = A$
- 4) $A^{2n} = 1$
- 74. If $A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 5 & 3 \\ 0 & 4 & 6 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ then the eigen values of A^{-1}

 $2)\frac{1}{5},\frac{1}{4},1$

 $3)\frac{1}{6},\frac{1}{5},\frac{1}{3}$

- 4) None of these
- 75. The moment generating function of the poisson distribution about x=0 is
 - 1) e^t

2) $e^{\lambda(e^t-1)}$

3) 1

- 76. If X is a poisson variate such that P(X=1)=0.3 and P(X=2) = 0.2. Then $E(X^2)$

 $3)\frac{16}{9}$

- 4) 0.63
- 77. The "three sigma" (3σ) value associated with the random variable X with normal distribution implies that the probability for X to be between - 3σ and $+3\sigma$ is
 - 1) 0.683

2) 0.965

3) 0.511

- 4) 0.997
- 78. Solution of $(D^2 + 4)$ y = sin 3x
 - 1) $y = A \cos 2x + B \sin 2x$

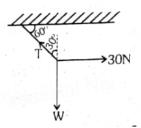
 - 2) $y = A \cos x + B \sin x + \frac{\sin 3x}{5}$
 - 3) $y = A \cos 2x + B \sin 2x \frac{\sin 3x}{5}$
 - 4) $y = \frac{\sin 3x}{5} + A \cos x + B \sin 3x$
- 79. Particular Integral of $(D^2 + D + 1)$ y = sin 2x is

- $3) \frac{-2\cos 2x}{13} \frac{3\sin 2x}{13}$
- 80. Particular integral for (D² 3D² +4D-2) $y = e^x$
 - 1) xex

 $2) 2xe^{x}$

 $3) 3xe^{x}$

- 4)0
- 81. 9. An object is moving with a velocity $v=5 + 2t^2$ ms⁻¹ for 't' seconds. Find the average acceleration for the first 5s and the acceleration of the object at t = 3s
 - 1) 5 ms⁻², 6 ms⁻²
- 2) 10 ms⁻², 15 ms⁻²
- 3) 7 ms⁻², 9 ms⁻²
- 4) 12 ms⁻², 20 ms⁻²
- 82. The shown in figure, the tension in the horizontal cord in 30N. The weight 'w' and tension in the string OA in Newton's are



- 1) $30\sqrt{3}$, 30
- 2) $30\sqrt{3}$, 60
- 3) $60\sqrt{3}$, 60
- 4) none of the above
- 83. A solid can be resist of the following stresses.
 - 1) Tensil

- 2) Shear
- 3) Compressive
- 4) All of the above
- 84. When a pressure of 20.7 MN/m² is applied to 100 litres of a liquid its volume decreases by 1 litre. Find the bulk modulus of the liquid and identify this liquid
 - 1) 2 GN/m^2
- 2) 2.007 GN/m²
- 3) 2.07 GN/m^2
- 4) None of the above
- 85. is a phenomenon by which a liquid rises into a thin glass tube above or below its general level.
 - 1) Adhesion
- 2) Capillary
- 3) Surface tension
- 4) Cohesion
- 86. The height of the free surface above any point is known as
 - 1) static head
 - 2) intensity of pressure
 - 3) either of the
- above
- 4) none of the above
- 87. Information involved in any operation performed by the CPU needs to be addressed such information is called the
 - 1) Operand
- 2) Operation
- 3) Address
- 4) none
- 88. Operand is in a memory location whose address is in the memory location specified in the instruction
 - 1) Memory Indirect Mode
 - 2) Relative Mode
 - 3) Indexed Mode
 - 4) Memory Direct Mode

- 89. The resistance of a straight conductor does not depend on its
 - 1) shape of cross-section
 - 2) length
 - 3) temperature
 - 4) material
- 90. Current density (J) =
 - $1)\frac{q}{tA}$

2) $\frac{1}{A}$

3) Both (1) and (2)

- 4)Neither(1) nor (2)
- 91. The resistance of a conductor with a diameter of 2mm is 20 ohms. If the diameter is doubled with length remaining the same, the new resistance, becomes
 - 1) 10 ohms

2) 40 ohms

3) 5 ohms

- 4) 30 ohms
- 92. A 20m length of wire 1.5 mm in diameter has a resistance of 2.5Ω . What is the resistance of a 35m length of wire 3mm in diameter made of the same material?
 - 1) 10.94Ω

2) 1.094Ω

3) 0.547Ω

- 4) 2.184Ω
- 93. Materials which show zero resistance are called
 - 1) super conductors
 - 2) electrolytic conductors
 - 3) dielectrics
 - 4) semi conductors

Joule's heating effect is zero.

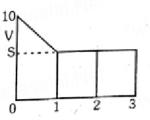
- 94. If the temperature of a conductor is decreased below its critical temperature T_c, the value of critical magnetic field H_c will
 - 1) decrease
 - 2) increase
 - 3) remain constant
 - 4) may increase (or) decrease
- 95. Dielectric loss in ferrites is
 - 1) very high

2) very low

3) zero

- 4) none of these
- 96. The given figure shows the variation of force in an elementary system which undergoes a process

during which the plunger position changes from 0 to 3m. If the internal energy of the system at the end of the process is 2.53 higher then the heat absorbed during the process is



1) 15J

2) 20J

3) 5J

4) 30J

- 97. A diesel engine theoretically operates on
 - 1) constant volume cycle
 - 2) constant pressure cycle
 - 3) constant temperature cycle
 - 4) constant entropy cycle
- 98. In all reversible process, entropy of the system
 - 1) increases
 - 2) decreases
 - 3) remains the same
 - 4) none of the above
- 99. The time duration for which a sound persists even after the source of sound is cut off is called
 - 1) Reverberation time
 - 2) Standard reverberation time
 - 3) Decibel
 - 4) bel
- 100. The ratio of velocity of sound in air at 4 atmosphere pressure and that at one 1 atmosphere pressure would be

1) 1:1

2) 4:1

3) 1:4

4) 3:1