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MODEL

QUESTION BANK

SOCIAL SCIENCE
14 - MODEL QUESTION PAPER

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PTA MODEL QUESTION PAPER - 6

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(ALL SUBJECT QUESTION PAPER AVAILABLE)

PTA - MODEL QUESTION PAPER - 1

CLASS: X

SOCIAL SCIENCE

Question
Paper

1

Time allowed: 15 mins + 3 hrs

Marks: 100

Instructions : 1. Check the question paper for fairness of printing. If there is any lack of fairness, inform the Hall Supervisor immediately.
2. Use Blue (or) Black ink to write and underline and pencil to draw diagrams.

Note: This question paper contains four parts.

PART - I

Note: (i) Answer all the 14 questions. 14×1=14

(ii) Choose the most suitable answer from the given four alternative and write the option code with the corresponding answer.

1. i) During World War I the primary task of Italy was to keep the Austrians occupied on the Southern Front.
ii) Germany took to Fascism much later than Italy.
iii) The first huge market crash in the US occurred on 24 October 1929.
iv) The ban on African National Congress was lifted in 1966.
a) (i) and (ii) are correct b) (iii) is correct
c) (iii) and (iv) are correct d) (i), (ii) and (iii) are correct
2. Who was the first director of Whampoa Military Academy?
a) Sun-Yat-Sen b) Chiang Kai-Shek c) Michael Borodin d) Chou En Lai
3. For the given assertion and reason, identify the correct answer.
Assertion (A) : The Revolt of 1857 was brutally suppressed by the British army.
Reason (R) : The failure of the rebellion was due to the absence of Central authority.
a) Both (A) and (R) are wrong.
b) (A) is wrong and (R) is correct.
c) Both (A) and (R) are correct and R is the correct explanation of A.
d) Both (A) and (R) are correct, but R is not the correct explanation of A.
4. When was the first Forest Act enacted?
a) 1858 b) 1911 c) 1865 d) 1936
5. One of the earliest Tamil literary texts to be published in 1812 was _____.
a) Tirukkural b) Tolkappiyam c) Viracholiyam d) Chulamani
6. Pulicat Lake is located between the states of _____.
a) West Bengal and Odisha b) Karnataka and Kerala
c) Odisha and Andhra Pradesh d) Tamil nadu and Andhra Pradesh

ANSWERS

PTA Model Question Paper - 1

Question Paper 1

PART - I

- | | |
|--|-------------------------------|
| 1. d) (i),(ii) and (iii) are correct | 8. c) Tanks |
| 2. b) Chang kai-Shek | 9. a) Kolkata |
| 3. d) Both (A) and (R) are correct, but R is not the correct explanation of A. | 10. c) Chinnakallar |
| 4. c) 1865 | 11. b) Lok Sbha |
| 5. a) Tirukkural | 12. a) Nehru and Chou-En-Lai |
| 6. d) Tamil nadu and Andhra Pradesh | 13. b) Director General |
| 7. a) Both A and R are True. R explains A | 14. d) Goods and Services Tax |

PART - II

15. **The three prominent dictators of the past World War - I:**
Italy - Mussolini; Germany - Hitler; Spain - Franco.
16. **Berlin Wall:**
East German began to construct a wall in 1961 which virtually cut off West Berlin from east areas. It was a symbolic East German boundary between communism and capitalism.
17. **Poorna Swaraj:**
The Lahore Congress session presided by Jawaharlal Nehru. It was held in December 1929. In that session, the Congress men wanted Poorna Swaraj. They did not satisfy with dominion status. Poorna Swaraj means complete Independence.
18. **South Indian Liberal foundations – News papers. The News Papers by SILF are,**
Dravidian in Tamil, Justice in English, Andhra Prakasika in Telugu.
19. **Jet streams:**
Jet Streams are the fast moving winds blowing in a narrow Zone in the upper atmosphere.
20. **Soil:**
The upper most layer of the land surface is called soil. It is composed of minerals, organic matter, living organisms, air and water.
21. **Coal - types - carbon content:**
- Anthracite : 80% to 90% of carbon
 - Bituminous : 60% to 80 % of carbon
 - Lignite : 40% to 60 % of carbon
 - Peat : Less than 40% of carbon
22. **Formation of Coastal Plains:**
It is formed by the rivers that flow towards east drain in the Bay of Bengal. It is a land of fertile soil.
23. **President electing method:**
The President is elected by an Electoral College. By means of single transferable vote.
24. **Writ of Mandamus:**
It protects the petitioner who requires legal help to get his work done by respective public authorities.

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25. Foreign Policy:

- Foreign policy can be defined as a country policy that is conceived, designed and formulated to safeguard.
- It promote her national interest in her external affairs, in the conduct of relationship with other countries.

26. Type of Globalization:

Three types of stages:

- Archaic Globalization
- Proto Globalization
- Modern Globalization

27. Chennai - Detroit of Asia:

Due to the presence of major automobile manufacturing units and allied industries around the city.

28. The uneven distribution of population - factors:

Physical factors, Socio Economic factors. Historical factors.

PART - III

29. i) 1925 ii) Isohyets iii) Hirakud dam iv) Fathima Beevi v) 1st July 2017

30. a) i. Western Ghats - Eastern Ghats

No.	Western Ghats	Eastern Ghats
1.	It is a continuous range.	It is not continuous range.
2.	Run parallel to the west coast.	Run parallel to the east coast.
3.	There are three important passes.	There is no pass.
4.	It is called as Sahyadris.	It is called as Poorvadri.

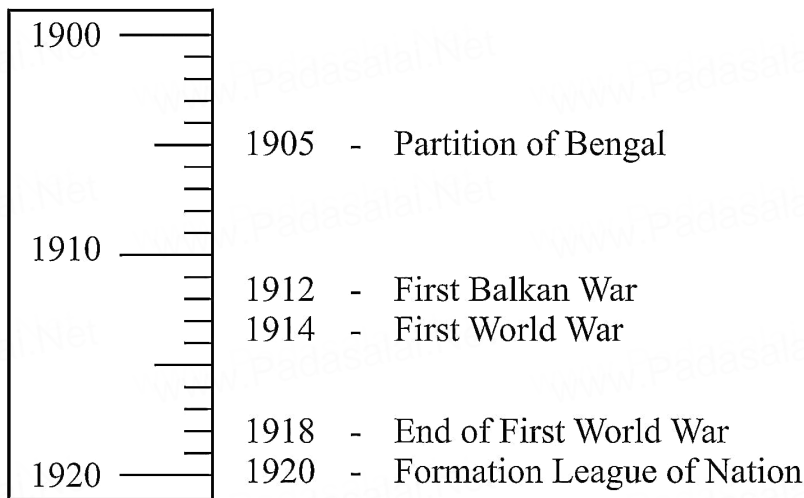
ii. Water ways - Air ways

No.	Water ways	Air ways
1.	Waterways are the cheapest means of transport.	Airways are the costliest and fastest mode of transport.
2.	It is suitable for carrying heavy and bulky materials from one country to another.	It is suitable to carry passengers, freight and mail.
3.	Two types water transport: Inland waterways and Ocean waterways.	Two types of airways: Domestic airways and International airways.
4.	Link Regional and International Ports.	Link Regional, National and International Cities.

b) Reason: Agriculture is the backbone of India.

Agriculture is the backbone of India, because Indian economy is mainly based on agriculture. India gets 50% of employment and 25% of National income through agriculture.

41. Time line: 1900 - 1920



42. World map: i) Sanfrancisco ii) France iii) Great Britain iv) Morocco v) Italy

**PART - IV**43. a) **Tilak and Annie Besant by launching Home Rule Movement**

- The Indian national movement was revived and also radicalized during the Home Rule League Movement (1916-1918) led by Tilak and Annie Besant.
- World War I and Indian's participation it was the back ground for the Home Rule League.
- When Britain declared was against Germany in 1914, It was hoped that, in return, the British Government would give self government after the war.
- But the British administration remained non-committal to such goals. Tilak set up Home Rule League in April 1916.
- In September 1916, after repeated demands of her impatient followers, Annie Besant decided to start the Home Rule League without the support of Congress.
- The Home Rule League were utilized to carry extensive propaganda through, press, speech etc., in favors of self government.
- They succeeded in enrolling young people in large numbers and extending the movement to the rural areas.

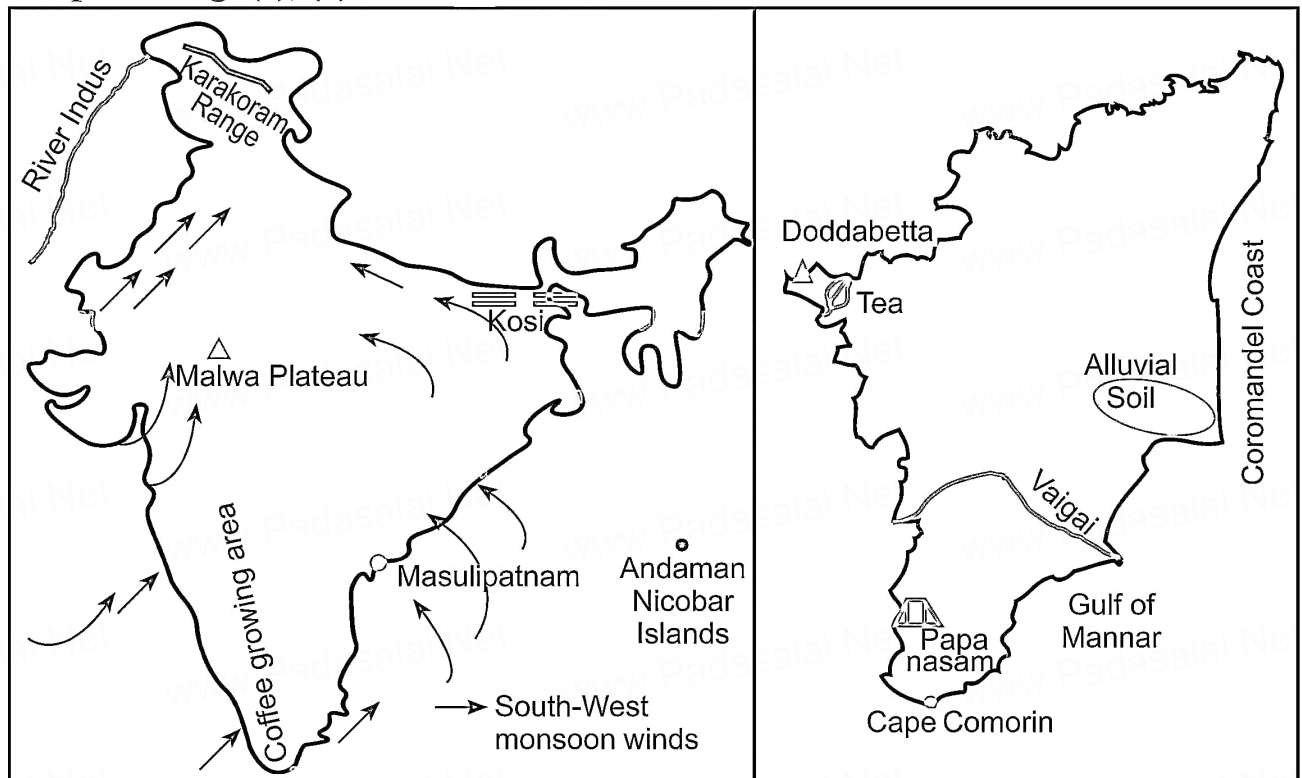
(OR)

b) i) Rise and Growth of nationalist policies in South Africa.

- There were two main political parties in South Africa.
 1. The Unionist Party of British and
 2. The South Africa Party of Afrikaners.
- Both a became the first Prime Minister of the South Africa Party.
- Herzog stated the New National Party.
- Herzog wanted to twin policy of supremacy of Whites over Blacks and Afrikaners over British.
- In the 1920 elections, the National Party gained forty-four seats.
- The South Africa Party won forty-one seats.
- Smuts set up the Government with Unionist Party.
- In 1924, The National Party won and Herzog won the Government.

ii) Ishwar Chandra Vidyasagar:

- Another outstanding reformer in Bengal was Ishwar Chandra Vidyasagar.
- Vidyasagar argued that the Hindu scriptures were progressive.
- He provided evidence from scriptures that there was no sanction for burning of widows or for the prohibition on the remarriage of widows.
- He played a leading role in promoting education of girls and helped them in setting up a number of schools.
- He dedicated his whole life for the betterment of the child widows of the Hindu society.
- The movement led by Vidyasagar, resulted in the Widows' Remarriage Reform Act of 1856.

44. Map drawing: (a), (b)

PTA - MODEL QUESTION PAPER - 2

CLASS: X

SOCIAL SCIENCE

Question
Paper

2

Time allowed: 15 mins + 3 hrs

Marks: 100

PART - I

Note: (i) Answer all the 14 questions.

14×1=14

(ii) Choose the most suitable answer from the given four alternative and write the option code with the corresponding answer.

1. Which part of the world disliked dollar imperialism?
a) Europe b) Latin America c) India d) China
2. For the given assertion and reason, identify the correct answer.
Assertion (A) : America's Marshall Plan was for reconstruction of the war-ravaged Europe.
Reason (R) : The Us conceived the Marshall Plan to bring the countries in the Western Europe under its influence.
a) Both A and R are correct, but R is not the correct explanation of A.
b) Both A and R are wrong.
c) Both A and R are correct and R is the correct explanation of A.
d) A is wrong and R is correct.
3. Who was the author of the book Satyarthaprakash?
a) Dayananda Saraswathi b) Vaikunda Swamy
c) Annie Besant d) Swami Shradanatha
4. i) The Palayakkaras system was in practice in the Kakatiya Kingdom.
ii) Puli Thevar recaptured Nerkattumseval in 1764 after the death of Khan Sahib.
iii) Yusuf Khan who was negotiating with the Palayakkarars, without informing the Company administration was charged with treachery and hanged in 1764.
iv) Ondiveeran led one of the army units of Kattabomman.
a) (i), (ii) and (iv) are correct. b) (i), (ii) and (iii) are correct.
c) (iii) and (iv) are correct d) (i) and (iv) are correct.
5. The Phoenix Settlement was established by _____.
a) Gandhiji b) John Ruskin c) Tolstoy d) Thoreau
6. The highest peak in South India is _____,
a) Ooty b) Anaimudi c) Kodaikanal d) Jindhagada
7. Which crop is called as "Golden Fibre" in India?
a) Cotton b) Wheat c) Jute d) Tobacco
8. The first Nuclear Power station was commissioned in _____.
a) Gujarat b) Rajasthan c) Maharashtra d) Tamil nadu
9. Which of the following is associated with helicopter service?
a) Air India b) Indian Airlines c) Vayudoot d) Pavan Hans

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10. The 'Textile capital of Tamil nadu' is _____.
 a) Karur b) Coimbatore c) Tirupur d) Erode
11. Find the odd one out.
 a) Right to Equality b) Right against Exploitation
 c) Right to Property d) Cultural and Educational Rights
12. Who acts as the chancellor of universities in the state?
 a) The President b) The Governor
 c) The Prime Minister d) The Chief Minister
13. Net Domestic Product.
 a) GDP – Depreciation b) GNP – Depreciation
 c) PI – Direct Taxes d) None of these
14. Choose the incorrect statement(s).
 i) Shortage of goods, whether natural or artificial, is the root cause of black money.
 ii) Industrial sector has been the major contributor to black money.
 iii) Smuggling is one of the major sources of black money.
 iv) When the tax rate is low, more black money is generated.
 a) (i) and (ii) b) (iv) c) (i) d) (ii) and (iii)

PART - II

Answer any 10 questions. Question No. 28 is compulsory.

7×2=14

15. Define "Dollar Imperialism".
16. Write a note on Third World Countries.
17. Point out the importance of the Treaty of 1801.
18. What do you know about the Champaran Satyagraha?
19. Give the importance of IST.
20. Name the cropping seasons in India.
21. Name the important oil producing regions of India.
22. What is Human Development?
23. What are the qualifications of the appointment of Governor?
24. In what ways are India's global security concerns reflected?
25. Write a note on Kaladan Multi-Model Transit Transport.
26. Give a short note on Secondary sector.
27. Explain 'ship to mouth' phenomenon.
28. Write a note on GI Tag.

PART - III

Answer any 10 questions. Question No. 42 is compulsory.

10×5=50

29. Match the following:
- | | | |
|-----------------|---|---------------|
| a) Matteotti | - | i. Egypt |
| b) Anwar Sadat | - | ii. Tribunals |
| c) Theerthagiri | - | iii. USA |
| d) Armed forces | - | iv. Italy |
| e) COMCASA | - | v. Odanilai |

30. a) **Distinguish between**
 i) Agro based industry and Mineral based industry.
 ii) Food crops and Cash crops.
 b) **Give reason:** North Indian are perennial.
31. Analyse the effects of the World War II.
32. Write about the early demands of the Indian National Congress.
33. Point out the contribution of Justice Party to the cause of Social Justice.
34. Write about southwest monsoon.
35. Write an account on the Major iron and steel industries of India.
36. Write about the types of forest found in Tamil nadu.
37. What are the functions and duties of Prime Minister of India?
38. Write about the policy of Disarmament.
39. Write the Challenges of Globalisation.
40. Write about the Textile industry cluster in Tamil nadu.
41. **Draw a time line for the following:**
 Write any five important events between 1920-1940.
42. **Mark the following places on the India map.**
 i) Delhi ii) Meerut iii) Lucknow iv) Barrackpore v) Jhansi.

PART - IV

Answer both questions.

2×8=16

43. a) Write an essay on the role played by the 19th century reformers towards the cause of women.

(OR)

- b) i) Highlight the provisions of the Treaty of Versailles relating to Germany.
 ii) Compile the Rowlatt salt satyagraha events in Tamil nadu.
44. a) **Mark the following places on the given outline map of India.**
 i) Mumbai High ii) River Ganga iii) Chotanagpur Plateau iv) Direction of North-East monsoon wind v) A region of black soil vi) Chilika lake vii) Cauvery delta viii) Eastern ghats.

(OR)

- b) **Mark the following places on the given outline map of Tamil nadu.**
 i) Palk Strait ii) Pulicat lake iii) Palani hills iv) River Cauvery v) Poondi Sathyamoorthy Reservoir vi) Thoothukudi Port vii) Ooty viii) Road route connecting Chennai to Bangaluru.

PTA - MODEL QUESTION PAPER - 5

CLASS: X

SOCIAL SCIENCE

Question
Paper

5

Time allowed: 15 mins + 3 hrs

Marks: 100

PART - I

Note: (i) Answer all the 14 questions.

14×1=14

(ii) Choose the most suitable answer from the given four alternative and write the option code with the corresponding answer.

- For the given assertion and reason, identify the correct answer.
Assertion (A) : A new wave of economic nationalism which expressed itself in Protectionism affected the world trade.
Reason (R) : This was because the USA was not willing to provide economic aid to the debtor countries.
a) Both A and R are correct
b) A is right but R is not the correct explanation
c) Both A and R are wrong
d) R is right but it has no relevance to A
- The two wars fought from 1914 to 1918 and 1939 to 1945 are referred to as World wars because of the _____.
a) Extended areas of the conflict
b) Very high death toll of civilians and armed combatants
c) Fought on several fronts across Europe Asia and Africa
d) All these
- Under Colonel Campbell the English Army went along with Mahfuskhans army.
 - After Muthu Vadugars death in Kaliyarkovil battle marudhu brothers assisted Velunachiyar in restoring the throne to her.
 - Gopala nayak spearheaded the famous Dindigul League.
 - In may 1799 Cornwallis ordered the advance of company armies of Tirunelveli.
 - (i) and (ii) are correct
b) (ii) and (iii) are correct
c) (ii), (iii) and (iv) are correct
d) (i) and (iv) are correct
- Which Act introduced Provincial Autonomy?
a) 1858 Act
b) Indian Council Act, 1909
c) Government of India Act, 1919
d) Government of India Act, 1935
- What was established by the justice party Government for the selection of Government officials?
a) Union Public Service Commission
b) Public Service Commission
c) Provincial Staff Recruitment Board
d) Staff Selection Commission
- For the given assertion and reason, identify the correct answer.
Assertion (A): Horticulture involves cultivation of fruits vegetables and flowers.
Reason (R) : India ranks first in the world in the production of mango banana and citrus fruits.

- a) Both A and R are true and R explains A.
 b) Both A and R are true and R does not explain A.
 c) A is correct and R is false.
 d) A is false and R is true.
7. Find the odd one.
 a) mica b) limestone c) gypsum d) copper
8. The transport useful in the inaccessible area is _____.
 a) roadways b) railways c) airways d) water ways
9. The districts which has the largest forest cover in Tamil nadu is _____.
 a) Dharmapuri b) Vellore c) Dindugul d) Erode
10. The delta which is known as “Granary of south India” is _____.
 a) Cauvery delta b) Mahanadhi delta c) Godavari delta d) Krishna delta
11. Article 14 of Indian constitution ensures _____.
 a) Equality before law b) Prohibition of discrimination
 c) Equality of opportunity d) Abolition of titles
12. The Legislative Council _____.
 a) has a term of 5 years b) has term of 6 years
 c) is a permanent house d) has a term of 4 years
13. Which sector is highest employment in then GDP _____.
 a) Agricultural sector b) Industrial sector c) Service sector d) None
14. Which of the following does not come under fair trade food products?
 a) Coffee b) Cocoa c) Honey d) Crafts

PART - II

Note : Answer any 10 questions. Question No. 28 is compulsory.

7×2=14

15. List out any two causes for the failure of League of Nations.
 16. What were the provisions incorporated in the Lateran Treaty?
 17. Identify the Palayams based on the division of east and west.
 18. Write a note on the Tirunelveli uprising.
 19. What do you mean by livestock?
 20. State the merits of roadways.
 21. Name the major islands of Tamil nadu.
 22. Name the important multipurpose project of Tamil nadu.
 23. What is meant Citizenship?
 24. What is the original jurisdiction of the high court?
 25. What are the two themes of India’s nuclear doctrine?
 26. What are the factors supporting to develop the Indian economy?
 27. Write a note on SIPCOT.
 28. Write the latitudinal and longitudinal extend of India.

PART - III

Answer any 10 questions. Question No. 42 is compulsory.

10×5=50

29. Match the following:

- i) Thermal Power Plant - Eastern Coastal Plain
- ii) Mazagaon Dock - Economist
- iii) Coromandel Coast - Indirect tax
- iv) Amartya Sen - 1975
- v) Excise duty - Mumbai

30. a) Distinguish between

- i) Himalayan rivers and peninsular rivers
- ii) Marine fishing and inland fishing

b) Give reason: Mountains are cooler than plains

- 31. Estimate the role of Mao Tse Tung in making China as Communist country.
- 32. Analyse the reason for the failure of the Revolt of 1857.
- 33. Role played by Subhas Chandra Bose in freedom struggle.
- 34. What are the factors affecting the climate of India and explain any two in detail.
- 35. What is Urbanization? Explain its impacts.
- 36. Write an account on river Cauvery.
- 37. Write about Original Jurisdiction and Appellate Jurisdiction of a Supreme Court.
- 38. Trace the reason for the formation of BRICS and write its objectives.
- 39. Explain Minimum Support price.
- 40. Write in detail about the types of policies adopted by the Tamil nadu government.
- 41. Draw a time line for the following:
Write any five important events between 1900 - 1920.
- 42. Mark the following places on the World map.
i) Serbia ii) Pacific Ocean iii) Japan iv) Hawai Island v) Nagasahi.

PART - IV

Note : Answer both questions.

2×8=16

43. a) Write briefly about the contributions of Periyar E.V.R to the social upliftment.

(OR)

- b) i) Attempt an essay on the rise of Adolf Hitler.
- ii) Discuss the circumstances that led to that happen the reform movements in 19th century.

44. a) Mark the following places on the given outline map of India.

- i) Western Ghats ii) River Tapti iii) Panna bio-sphere reserve iv) An area of jute cultivation v) Cochin vi) Jamshedpur vii) Mt. Everest viii) Head quarters of Southern railway.

(OR)

b) Mark the following places on the given outline map of Tamil nadu.

- i) Viranam lake ii) Coffee growing area iii) Bavanisagar dam iv) NH 7 v) Rail route from Chennai to Tiruchirappalli vi) Indian ocean vii) Kudankulam viii) Point Calimere

PTA - MODEL QUESTION PAPER - 6**CLASS: X****SOCIAL SCIENCE****Question
Paper****6****Time allowed: 15 mins + 3 hrs****Marks: 100****PART - I****Note: (i) Answer all the 14 questions.****14×1=14****(ii) Choose the most suitable answer from the given four alternative and write the option code with the corresponding answer.**

1. Who said “imperialism is the highest state of Capitalism”?
a) Lenin b) Marx c) Sunyat-Sen d) Moa Tse Tung
2. When was people’s political Consultative Conference held in China?
a) September 1959 b) September 1948 c) September 1954 d) September 1949
3. i) Prarthana Samaj was founded by Dr. Atma Ram Pandurang.
ii) Prathana Samaj encouraged inter dining and intercase marriage.
iii) Jyotiba Phule worked for the upliftment of men.
iv) Prarthana Samaj had its orgin in Punjab.
a) (i) is correct b) (ii) is correct
c) (i) and (ii) are correct d) (iii) and (iv) are correct
4. The Congress boycotted the Simon Commission because
1) it was an all-white commission
2) it had no single Indian member
3) it was a statutory commission
4) it was constituted to review the Act of 1919
a) 1, 2 and 4 b) 3 and 4 c) 1 and 3 d) 2 and 4
5. Fore the given assertion and reason, identify the correct answer.
Assertion (A) : A world war 1 was in progress, the British Government was considering the introduction of representative institutions for Indians after the war.
Reason (R) : In 1920, Dyarchy as a form a government was introduced in the province.
a) A is correct and R is not the correct reason. b) Both A and R are wrong.
c) Both A and R are right. d) A is wrong and R has no relevance to A.
6. Two island groups belong to India are _____.
a) Andaman and Nicobar b) Andaman Nicobar and Lakshadweeps
c) Maldives and Nicobar d) Sri Lanka and Andaman
7. Mawsynram a place which receives highest rainfall in the world is in _____.
a) India b) Nepal c) Bhutan d) Bangladesh

ANSWERS

PTA Model Question Paper - 6

Question Paper 6

PART - I

1. a) Lenin
2. d) September 1949
3. c) (i) and (ii) are correct
4. a) 1 and 2
5. c) Both A and R are right
6. b) Andaman Nicobar and Lakshadweeps
7. a) India
8. c) Human Development Index
9. d) Ramanathapuram
10. c) Regur soil
11. d) Parents property is inherited by their children
12. b) India, Agfhanistan and Iran
13. d) (i), (iii) and (iv) are correct
14. a) 1980

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ONLY MATHS

TUITION

STANDARDS 9th TO 12th

MODEL QUESTION PAPER -7**Std-X****Time : 3.00 hours****SOCIAL SCIENCE****Marks :100****Part-1****I. Choose the correct answer: - 14X1=14**

1. Which country emerged as the strongest in East Asia towards the close of nineteenth century?
a) China b) Japan c) Korea d) Mongolia
2. Where did the US drop its first atomic bomb?
a) Kavashaki b) Innoshima c) Hiroshima d) Nagasaki
3. Who was the author of the book Satyarthaprakash ?
a) Dayananda Saraswathi b) Vaikunda Swamy c) Annie Besant d) Swami Shradanatha
4. . (i) The Company received ₹ 22.5 million from Mir Jafar and invested it to propel the industrial revolution in Britain.
(ii) Kols organized an insurrection in 1831-1832, which was directed against government officers and moneylenders.
(iii) In 1855, two Santhal brothers, Sidhu and Kanu, led the Santhal Rebellion.
(iv) In 1879, an Act was passed to regulate the territories occupied by the Santhals.
a) (i), (ii) and (iii) are correct b) (ii) and (iii) are correct c) (iii) and (iv) are correct d) (i) and (iv) are correct
5. Who was started Assiciattion for the Portection of the Poor.?
a) Swami Vivekananda b) Ayyankali c) Sri NarayaGuru d) Ayyothidasar
6. 4. The Palk Strait and Gulf of Mannar separates India from _____
a. Goa b. West Bengal c. Sri Lanka d. Maldives
7. _____ dam is the highest gravity in India.
a) Hirakud dam b) Bhakra Nangal dam c) Mettur dam d) Nagarjuna Sagar dam
8. A major hydro-electric power project of Tamil Nadu is
a) Mettur b) Papansam c) Sathanur d) Thungabahdra
9. 3. A foreigner can acquire Indian citizenship through
(a) Descent (b) Registration (c) Naturalization (d) All of the above
10. Which article of Indian constitution directs to adopt foreign policy?
a) Article 50 b) Article 51 c) Article 52 d) Article 53
11. Which two island countries are India's neighbors?
a) Sri Lanka and Andaman island b) Maldives and Lakshadweep island
c) Maldives and Nicobar island d) Sri Lanka and Maldives
12. Which one is a trade policy?
a) irrigation policy b) import and export policy c) land-reform policy d) wage policy
13. . India signed the Dunket proposal in
a) 1984 b) 1976 c) 1950 d) 1994
14. Who was the founder of Widow Remarriage Association?
a) M.G. Ranade b) Devendranath Tagore c) Jyotiba Phule d) Ayyankali

Part : B**II. Answer any 10 questions briefly:--(Compulsory q.no28)****10x2=20**

15. What were the three militant forms of nationalism in Europe?
16. Write a note on reforms of Ramalinga Adigal.
17. Summarise the essence of Luck now Pact.
18. Estimate Periyar as a feminist.
19. Name the neighboring countries of India.
20. State the types of agriculture practices in India?
21. Name the different types of coal with their carbon content.
22. . How many types of fundamental rights are listed by the Indian Constitution?
23. What are the different categories of Ministers at the Union level?
24. What are the qualifications for the appointment of Governor?
25. What is meant by Gross domestic product?
26. Define food security according to FAO.
27. What is the difference between tax and payments?
28. Write a short note on Veera Thigee Klyili.

MODEL QUESTION PAPER -8

Std -X

SOCIAL SCIENCE

Time : 3.00 hours

Marks :100

Part-1

I. Choose the correct answer: - 14X1=14

- 1. What is the Battle of Marne remembered for?
a) air warfare b) Trench warfare c) submarine warfare d) ship warfare
2. In which year was Sati abolished?
a) 1827 b) 1829 c) 1826 d) 1927
3. Who was the first Palayakkarars to resist the East India Company's policy of territorial aggrandizement?
a) Marudhu brothers b) Puli Thevar c) Velunachiyar d)** Veerapandya Kattabomman
4. Assertion: The Congress Ministries resigned in 1939.
Reason: The Colonial government of India entered the war without consulting the elected Congress ministries.
a) Both A and R are correct but R is not the correct explanation b) A is correct but R is wrong
c) Both A and R are wrong d) Both A and R are correct and R is the correct explanation
5. The first Woman Legislator in India was
a)Mrs. Muvalur Ramamirtham b) Mrs. Nilavahi c)Dr. Muuhulakshmi Ammaiyar d) Mrs.Rkmani
6. Plains are formed by the older alluviums.
a. Bhabar b. Tarai c. Bhangar d. Khadar
7. The Palk Strait and Gulf of Mannar separates India from
a. Goa b. West Bengal c. Sri Lanka d. Maldives
8. The delta which is known as Granary of South India is
a) Cauvery delta b) Mahanadi delta c) Godavari delta d) Krishna delta
9. Under which Article financial emergency can be proclaimed?
(a) Article 352 (b) Article 356 (c) Article 360 (d) Article 368
10. Find the odd one
a) Social welfare b) Health care c) Diplomacy d) Domestic affairs
11. How many countries share its border with India?
a) 5 b) 6 c) 7 d) 8
12. India is larger producer in agricultural product.
a) 1 st b) 3 rd c) 4 th d) 2nd
13. is the only state in India to adopt universal PDS.
a) Kerala b) Andhra Pradesh c) Tamil Nadu d) Karnataka
14. 'The Detroit of Asia' is
a) Tuticorin b) Coimbatore c) Chennai d) Madurai

Part : B

II. Answer any 10 questions briefly:--(Compulsory q.no28) 10x2=20

- 15. . What do you know of trench warfare?
16. What was the significance of the Battle of Kalakadu?
17. Describe the Jallianwala Bagh Massacre.
18. Write a note on Tamil Renaissance.
19. Write a brief note on the island group of Lakshadweep.
20. Name the types of soil found in India.
21. What is urbanization?
22. What is a Writ?
23. What are the qualifications for the appointment of Governor?
24. Define the value added approach with example.
25. Differentiate: Domestic policy and Foreign policy
26. What is the role of FCI in Green Revolution?
27. What are the problems of industrialization currently in Tamil Nadu?
28. Write a note on Rosappu Durai

Part : C

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Std-X

MODEL QUESTION PAPER -9

Time : 3.00 hours

SOCIAL SCIENCE

Marks :100

Part-1

I. Choose the correct answer: - 14X1=14

1. . To which country did the first Secretary General of League of Nations belongs?
 - a) Britain
 - b) France
 - c) Dutch
 - d) USA
2. Whose voice was Rast Gofar?
 - a) Parsi Movement
 - b) Aligarh Movement
 - c) Ramakrishna Mission
 - d) Dravida Mahajana Sabha
3. Where was Sivasubramanian executed?
 - a) Kayathar
 - b) Nagalapuram
 - c) Virupachi
 - d) Panchalamkurichi
4. (i) Madras Native Association was founded in 1852.
 (ii) Tamil nationalist periodical Swadesamitran was started in 1891.
 (iii) The Madras Mahajana Sabha demanded conduct of civil services examinations only in India
 (iv) V.S. Srinivasanar was an extremist.
 - a) (i) and (ii) are correct
 - b) (iii) is correct
 - c) (iv) is correct
 - d) All are correct
5. ----- was a Non Aligned Leader.
 - a) Mrs. Annie Besant
 - b) Mr. Bannerman
 - c) Mr. Roosevelt
 - d) Mr. Tito
6. Western disturbances cause rainfall in _____.
 - a) Tamilnadu
 - b) Kerala
 - c) Punjab
 - d) Madhya Pradesh
7. The first Nuclear Power station was commissioned in
 - a) Gujarat
 - b) Rajasthan
 - c) Maharashtra
 - d) Tamil nadu
8. The highest peak in Tamil Nadu is
 - a) Anaimudi
 - b) Doddabetta
 - c) Mahendragiri
 - d) Servarayan
9. The Constitutional Head of the Union is
 - a) The President
 - b) The Chief Justice
 - c) The Prime Minister
 - d) Council of Ministers
10. Mc Mahon Line is a border between
 - a) Burma and India
 - b) India and Nepal
 - c) India and China
 - d) India and Bhutan
11. Which is not related to our foreign policy
 - a) World co operation
 - b) World peace
 - c) Racial equality
 - d) Colonialism
12. Primary sector consist of
 - a) Agriculture
 - b) Automobiles
 - c) Trade
 - d) Banking
13. _____ extended assistance through its Public Law 480.
 - a) United States of America
 - b) India
 - c) Singapore
 - d) UK
14. The most common and important tax levied on an individual in India is
 - a) Service tax
 - b) Excise duty.
 - c) Income tax
 - d) Central sales tax

Part : B

II. Answer any 10 questions briefly:--(Compulsory q.no28) 10x2=20

15. What do you know of the White Terror in Indo-China?
16. List the social evils eradicated by Brahma Samaj.
17. Why did Gandhi withdraw the Non Cooperation Movement?
18. What is the contribution of Annie Besant to India's freedom struggle?
19. List the factors affecting Climate of India.
20. State the types of agriculture practices in India?
21. State the boundaries of Tamil Nadu.
22. What are the classical languages in India?
23. List out any two special powers of the Attorney General of India?
24. Explain India's nuclear policy.
25. What is per capita income?
26. What are the effects of Green Revolution?
27. What is meant by an industrial cluster?
28. List out different name of shifting Agriculture in India.

Std -10

model question paper -10

Time : 3.00 hours

Marks :100

Part-1

I. Choose the correct answer: - 14X1=14

1. Who initiated the formation of League of Nations?
a) Roosevelt b) Chamberlain c) Woodrow Wilson d) Baldwin
2. Who was the author of the book Satyarthaprakash ?
a) Dayananda Saraswathi b) Vaikunda Swamy c) Annie Besant d) Swami Shradanatha
3. Where were the sons of Tipu Sultan sent after the Vellore Revolt?
a) Calcutta b) Mumbai c) Delhi d) Mysore
4. **Assertion (A):** The Justice Party continued to remain in government from 1920-1937 in Madras Presidency.
Reason (R): The Congress Party boycotted the Madras Legislature during this period of Dyarchy.
a) Both A and R are correct b) A is correct, but R is not the correct explanation
c) Both A and R are wrong d) R is correct, but it has no relevance to A
5. Which act was called as Black Act ?
a) Military Act b) Forest Act c) Lease Act d) Rowlatt Act
6. Climate of India is labelled as _____.
a) Tropical humid b) Equatorial Climate c) Tropical Monsoon Climate d) Temperate Climate
7. The soil which is rich in iron oxides is _____.
a) Alluvial b) Black c) Red d) Alkaline
8. The nucleus for the development of the chotanagpur plateau region is
a) Transport b) Mineral Deposits c) Large demand d) Power Availability
9. The Governor does not appoint
(a) Chief Minister (b) Chairman of the State Public Service Commission
(c) Advocate General of the State (d) Judges of the High Court
10. The minimum age for the membership of the Legislative Council is
(a) 25 years (b) 21 years (c) 30 years (d) 35 years
11. Who drew up the borders for newly independent Pakistan?
a) Lord Mountbatten b) Sir Cyril Radcliffe c) Clement Atlee d) None of the above.
12. National Income is a measure of.....
a) Total value of money b) Total value of producer goods
c) Total value of consumption goods d) Total value of goods and services
13. _____ revolution was born in India paving way for self sufficiency in food grain production.
a) Blue Revolution b) White Revolution c) Green Revolution d) Grey Revolution
14. Income tax was introduced in India for the first time in the year _____.
a) 1860 b) 1870 c) 1880 d) 1850

Part : B

II. Answer any 10 questions briefly:--(Compulsory q.no28) 10x2=20

15. Describe the Pearl Harbour incident.
16. Name the territories annexed by the British under the Doctrine of Lapse
17. Write a note on the Tirunelveli Uprising.
18. Discuss the importance of Hindu Religious Endowment Act passed by the Justice ministry?
19. What is meant by 'normal lapse rate'?
20. What are the minerals and its types?
21. Explain the cropping seasons of Tamil Nadu.
22. List out the three heads of the relations between the Centre and the States.
23. How is President of India elected?
24. What do you know about Kaladan Multi – Model Transit Transport?
25. Define National income.
26. Write some name of the nutrition programmes in Tamil Nadu.
27. What are the types of tax? Give examples.
28. Who were the founders of Communist party?

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MODEL QUESTION PAPER -11

SOCIAL SCIENCE

Std -X

Time allowed: 3Hrs.]

[Max. Marks: 100

Instructions: Check the question paper for fairness of printing. If there is any lack of fairness inform the Hall Supervisor immediately.

Use Blue or Black ink to write and pencil to draw diagrams.

SECTION - I

(Marks: 24)

PART - I

Note: Answer all questions.

Choose the most appropriate answer from the given four alternatives and write the option code and corresponding answer. 14 x 1 = 14

Choose the correct answer:

01. What is the Battle of Marne remembered for?
a) air warfare b) Trench warfare c) submarine warfare d) ship warfare
02. After World War II, world was polarized into
a) Two blocs b) Three blocs c) one bloc d) none of these
03. When did the Vellore Revolt breakout?
a) 24 May 1805 b) 10 July 1805 c) 10 July 1806 d) 10 September 1806
04. Which among the following was declared as 'Independence Day'?
a) 26th January 1930 b) 26th December 1929 c) 16th June 1946 d) 15th January 1947
05. **Choose the correct statement:**
(i) Madras Native Association was founded in 1852.
(ii) Tamil nationalist periodical Swadesamitran was started in 1891.
(iii) The Madras Mahajana Sabha demanded conduct of civil services examinations only in India
(iv) V.S. Srinivasanar was an extremist.
a) (i) & (ii) are correct b) (iii) is correct c) (iv) is correct d) All are correct
06. _____ is a line joining the places of equal rainfall.
a) Isohyets b) Isobar c) Isotherm d) Latitudes
07. Non-metallic minerals are found in
a) Igneous rocks b) Metamorphic rocks c) Sedimentary rocks d) All of the above
08. The highest peak in Tamil Nadu is
a) Anaimudi b) Doddabetta c) Mahendragiri d) Servarayan

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MODEL QUESTION PAPER - 12

SOCIAL SCIENCE

Std-X

Time allowed: 3Hrs.]

[Max. Marks: 100

Instructions: Check the question paper for fairness of printing. If there is any lack of fairness inform the Hall Supervisor immediately.

Use Blue or Black ink to write and pencil to draw diagrams.

SECTION - I

(Marks: 24)

PART - I

Note: Answer all questions.

Choose the most appropriate answer from the given four alternatives and write the option code and corresponding answer. 14 x 1 = 14

Choose the correct answer:

01. What is the Battle of Marne remembered for?
a) air warfare b) Trench warfare c) submarine warfare d) ship warfare
02. After World War II, world was polarized into
a) Two blocs b) Three blocs c) one bloc d) none of these
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07. Non-metallic minerals are found in
a) Igneous rocks b) Metamorphic rocks c) Sedimentary rocks d) All of the above
08. The highest peak in Tamil Nadu is
a) Anaimudi b) Doddabetta c) Mahendragiri d) Servarayan

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MODEL QUESTION PAPER -13

CLASS: X

SOCIAL SCIENCE

MARKS: 100

TIME: 3 Hrs.

PART - I

I. Choose the correct answer

14 × 1 = 14

1. Which country emerged as the strongest in East Asia towards the close of nineteenth century?
a) China b) Japan c) Korea d) Mongolia
2. **Assertion:** A new wave of economic nationalism which expressed itself in protectionism affected the world trade.
Reason: This was because the USA was not willing to provide economic aid to the debtor countries.
a) Both A and R are correct
b) A is right but R is not the correct explanation
c) Both A and R are wrong
d) R is right but it has no relevance to A
3. Who was the author of the book Satyarth prakash ?
a) Dayananda Saraswathi b) Iyothee Thassar
c) Annie Besant d) Swami Shradanatha
4. **Assertion (A):** Puli Thevar tried to get the support of Hyder Ali and the French.
Reason (R): Hyder Ali could not help Puli Thevar as he was already in a serious conflict with the Marathas.
a) Both (A) and (R) are correct, but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A)
b) Both (A) and (R) are wrong
c) Both (A) and (R) are correct and (R) is the correct explanation of (A)
d) (A) is wrong and (R) is correct
5. Which among the following was declared as 'Independence Day'?
a) 26th January 1930 b) 26th December 1929
c) 16th June 1946 d) 15th January 1947
6. The highest peak in South India is
a. Ooty b. Kodaikanal c. Anaimudi d. Jindhagada
7. The longest dam in the world is _____.
a) Mettur dam b) Kosi dam c) Hirakud dam d) Bhakra-Nangal dam
8. Manganese is used in _____.
a) Storage batteries b) Steel Making
c) Copper smelting d) Petroleum Refining
9. Which of the following passes is not located in the Western Ghats of Tamil Nadu?
a) Palghat b) Shencottah c) Bhorghat d) Achankoil

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44. (a) On the outline map of India, mark the following places.

1. Karakoram
2. Malwa Plateau
3. Areas of Heavy rainfall
4. Forest and Mountain Soils
5. The First nuclear power Station in India.
6. Mark any one of the Petroleum production centre
7. Surma Valley
8. State of highest literacy in India

(Or)

(b) On the outline map of Tamil Nadu, mark the following places.

1. Kodikkarai
2. Melagiri Hills
3. Cauvery Delta Region
4. River Ponnaiyar
5. Mark any one of the Paddy growing region
6. Papanasam Dam
7. Mark any one of the Iron Ore deposits region
8. Mark any one of the Coffee growing region

MATHS - Rs.130

SCIENCE - Rs. 120

SOCIAL SCIENCE - Rs. 120

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Model Public Exam / மாதிரி பொதுத் தேர்வு - 2022 Set - B	பதிவு எண்				
X - SOCIAL SCIENCE / சமூக அறிவியல்					
Time : 3hrs + 15 mins கால அளவு : 3 மணி+15 நிமிடம்			Total Marks : 100 மொத்த மதிப்பெண் : 100		

Note : 1. Check the question paper for fairness of printing. If there is any lack of fairness, inform the Hall Supervisor immediately.

2. Use Blue or Black ink to write and underline and pencil to draw diagrams.

அறிவுரைகள் : 1. அனைத்து வினாக்களும் சரியாக பதிவாகி உள்ளதா என்பதனை சரிபார்த்துக் கொள்ளவும். அச்சுப்பதிவில் குறையிருப்பின் அறைக் கண்காணிப்பாளரிடம் உடனடியாக தெரிவிக்கவும்.

2. நீலம் அல்லது கருப்பு மையினை மட்டுமே எழுதுவதற்கும் அடக்கோடுவதற்கும் பயன்படுத்த வேண்டும். படங்கள் வரைவதற்கு பென்சில் பயன்படுத்தவும்.

Part - I / பகுதி - I

Note : i) Answer all the questions

ii) Choose the most appropriate answer from the given four alternatives and write the option code and the corresponding answer :

குறிப்பு : i) அனைத்து வினாக்களுக்கும் விடையளிக்கவும்

ii) கொடுக்கப்பட்டுள்ள நான்கு விடைகளில் மிகவும் ஏற்படைய விடையினைத் தேர்ந்தெடுத்து குறிப்பிட்டு விடையினைப் சேர்த்து எழுதவும் (14 × 1 = 14)

1. Where did the US drop its first atomic bomb?

- a) Kavashaki b) Innoshima c) Hiroshima d) Nagasaki

அமெரிக்கா தனது முதல் அணுகுண்டை எங்கே வீசியது?

- அ) கவாசாகி ஆ) இன்னோசிமா இ) ஹிரோசிமா ஈ) நாகசாகி

2. When did the Partition of Bengal come into effect?

- a) 19 June 1905 b) 18 July 1906 c) 19 August 1907 d) 16 October 1905

வங்கப்பிரிவினை எந்த நாளில் நடைமுறைக்கு வந்தது?

- அ) 1905 ஜூன் 19 ஆ) 1906 ஜூலை 18 இ) 1907 ஆகஸ்ட் 19 ஈ) 1905 அக்டோபர் 16

3. India's first organised trade union, the Madras Labour Union was formed in ____.

- a) 1918 b) 1917 c) 1916 d) 1914

இந்தியாவின் நன்கு ஒழுங்கமைக்கப்பட்ட தொழிற்சங்கம் _____இல் உருவாக்கப்பட்டது.

- அ) 1918 ஆ) 1917 இ) 1916 ஈ) 1914

4. In the Non-Aligned Movement Conference _____ participated as the Indian representative.

- a) Lal Bahadur Shastri b) Motilal Nehru
c) Jawaharlal Nehru d) Vallabhbhai Patel

அணிசேரா இயக்கத்தின் மாநாட்டில் இந்திய பிரதிநிதியாக கலந்து கொண்டவர் :

- அ) லால்பகதூர் சாஸ்திரி ஆ) மோதிலால் நேரு
இ) ஜவஹர்லால் நேரு ஈ) வல்லாபாய் பட்டேல்

5. Sesahachalam hills, a Biosphere reserve which situated in _____.

- a) Tamil Nadu b) Andhra Pradesh c) Madhya Pradesh d) Karnataka

சேஷாசலம் உயிரக்கோள மொடகம் அமைந்துள்ள மாநிலம் _____

- அ) தமிழ்நாடு ஆ) ஆந்திரப் பிரதேசம்
இ) மத்தியப் பிரதேசம் ஈ) கர்நாடகா

6. The most important constituents of petroleum are hydrogen and _____

- a) Oxygen b) Water c) Carbon d) Nitrogen

பெட்ரோலியத்தில் உள்ள முக்கிய கனிமங்கள் ஹைட்ரஜன் மற்றும் _____

- அ) ஆக்ஸிஜன் ஆ) நீர் இ) கார்பன் ஈ) நைட்ரஜன்