

Tsi11C

Tenkasi District Common Examinations
First Revision Test - January 2023

30.01-2023

Standard 11

Time Allowed: 3.00 Hours

CHEMISTRY

Maximum Marks: 70

PART - I**I. Choose the correct answer for all the questions:****15×1=15**

- Which one of the following is used as a standard for atomic mass?
 - ${}^6\text{C}^{12}$
 - ${}^7\text{C}^{12}$
 - ${}^6\text{C}^{13}$
 - ${}^6\text{C}^{14}$
- How many electrons in an atom with atomic number 30 can have $(n+l) = 4$?
 - 5
 - 6
 - 7
 - 8
- In the third period of the first ionisation potential is of the order.
 - $\text{Na} > \text{Al} > \text{Mg} > \text{Si} > \text{P}$
 - $\text{Na} < \text{Al} < \text{Mg} < \text{Si} < \text{P}$
 - $\text{Mg} > \text{Na} > \text{Si} > \text{P} > \text{Al}$
 - $\text{Mg} < \text{Na} < \text{Si} < \text{P} < \text{Al}$
- Which one is a Syngas?
 - $\text{CO}_2 + \text{H}_2$
 - $\text{CO}_3 + \text{H}_2$
 - $\text{CO} + \text{H}_2$
 - $\text{C} + \text{H}_2$
- Nitrogen reacts with CaC_2 to give
 - $\text{CaC}(\text{N})_2$
 - CaN_2
 - $\text{Ca}(\text{CN})_2$
 - Ca_3N_2
- Assertion** : Critical temperature of CO_2 is 304K it can be liquefied above 304K.
Reason : For a given mass of gas, volume is to directly proportional to pressure at constant temperature.
 - Both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion.
 - Both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion.
 - Assertion is true but Reason is false.
 - Both assertion and reason are false.
- The intensive property among the quantities below is
 - Enthalpy
 - Mass
 - Mass/Volume
 - Volume
- What is the value Δn_g and k_p , k_c relation for the equilibrium
 $2\text{NH}_3(\text{g}) \rightleftharpoons \text{N}_2(\text{g}) + 3\text{H}_2(\text{g})$?
 - $-, k_p > k_c$
 - $+, k_p < k_c$
 - $-, k_p < k_c$
 - $+, k_p > k_c$
- Which one of the following aqueous solution having high boiling point?
 - 0.1M KNO_3
 - 0.1M Na_3PO_4
 - 0.1M BaCl_2
 - 0.1M K_2SO_4
- Which pair have same bond order?
 - C_2 and O_2
 - N_2 and O_2
 - O_2 and O_2^-
 - N_2 and N_2^+
- Which method is used to separate Nitro benzene and benzene mixture?
 - Steam distillation
 - Crystallization
 - Fractional crystallization
 - None of the above
- Decreasing order of +I effect
 - $-\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3 > -\text{CH}_3 > -\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_3 > -\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)_2$
 - $-\text{CH}_3 > -\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3 > -\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)_2 > -\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_3$
 - $-\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_3 > -\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)_2 > -\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3 > -\text{CH}_3$
 - $-\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)_2 > -\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3 > -\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_3 > -\text{CH}_3$
- Which compound reacts with HBr followed by elimination reaction do not give propene?
 - ∇
 - $\text{CH}_3-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2\text{OH}$
 - $\text{H}_2\text{C}=\text{C}=\text{O}$
 - $\text{CH}_3-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2\text{Br}$
- Haloalkanes react with excess NH_3 to give
 - Secondary amine
 - Tertiary amine
 - Quarternary ammonium salt
 - All the above
- _____ causes kidney damage.
 - Cadmium, Mercury
 - Lead, Cadmium
 - Freon, Fluoride
 - Copper, Cadmium

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PART - II

II. Answer ANY SIX of the following. Question No. 24 is compulsory: $6 \times 2 = 12$

- 16) Define gram equivalent mass.
- 17) State Hund's rule of multiplicity.
- 18) Write the difference between diffusion and effusion.
- 19) Classify the following into state function and path function work, Gibbs free energy, volume, heat.
- 20) What are homologous series?
- 21) What is functional group isomerism. Give an example.
- 22) Define Gibb's free energy.
- 23) State Le-chatlier's principle.
- 24) State Gay-Lussac's law.

PART - III

III. Answer ANY SIX of the following. Question No. 33 is compulsory: $6 \times 3 = 18$

- 25) Calculate the oxidation number for the underlined element in that compound.
(i) $\underline{\text{S}}\text{O}_2$ (ii) $\underline{\text{C}}\text{H}_2\underline{\text{F}}_2$ (iii) $\underline{\text{O}}\text{F}_2$
 - 26) State Aufbau Principle.
 - 27) State Dalton law of partial pressure.
 - 28) Write any three characteristics of organic compounds.
 - 29) Write short note on diagonal relationship.
 - 30) How washing soda is prepared?
 - 31) Explain paper chromatography.
 - 32) Write the uses of plaster of paris.
 - 33) Explain the mechanism of E_2 reaction.
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PART - IV

IV. Answer ALL the questions:

 $5 \times 5 = 25$

- 34) a) i) State heisenberg's uncertainty principle.
ii) Calculate the empirical and molecular formula. A compound on analysis gave C = 54.55%, H = 9.09% and O = 36.36% (molecular mass of the compound 88) **(OR)**
- b) i) Define atomic radius and explain the variation in periods and groups.
ii) Write short note on Ionic hydrides.
- 35) a) Explain Quantum Numbers. **(OR)**
b) Derive the relation between ΔH and ΔU .
- 36) a) Derive the Von't Hoff equation. **(OR)**
b) i) Explain VSEPR theory.
ii) Depression of freezing point is the colligative property. Why?
- 37) a) i) Give the principle involved in the estimation of Nitrogen in an organic compound by Kjeldhal's method.
ii) Write Wurtz - fitting reaction. **(OR)**
b) Explain the structural elucidation of benzene.
- 38) a) i) An organic compound (A) with molecular formula $\text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{Cl}$ reacts with KOH gives compound (B) and with alcoholic KOH gives compound (C). Identify (A), (B) and (C).
ii) How is DDT prepared? **(OR)**
b) i) $\text{C}_{(s)} + \text{O}_2 \rightarrow \text{CO}_2$. Calculate the standard entropy change for the above reaction using the following data. Standard entropy values of CO_2 , $\text{C}_{(s)}$, O_2 is 213.6, 5.740 and 205 JK^{-1} .
ii) What are the various methods to prevent the environmental pollution?