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PRINCIPAL, J.M. MATRIC. GIRLS HR. SEC. SCHOOL, CHENNAI – 6000 007

**Class** :12

Register			
number			

### COMMON HALF YEARLY EXAMINATION - 2022-23 ZOOLOGY

Time allotted: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 70

ANSWER KEY PART- I

#### NOTE:

- (i) Answer all the questions.
- (ii) Choose the most appropriate answer from the given four alternatives and write the option code and the corresponding answer.

  15 x 1 = 15

1. a. Honey bees
2. d. Sponges and amphibians
3. a. A and R are true. R is the correct
explanation of A
4. a. Johannsen
5. b. inhibiting release of FSH and LH
6. d. Saccharomyces cerevisiae - Ethanol
7. a. 14
8. d. A and C
9. b. Transcription
10. a. Monocyte
11. a. Subunit recombinant vaccines
12. b. Article 21
13. d. Diapause
14. a. Fungal
a aga.
15, c. Extinction

#### PART - II

Note:	Note: Answer any six of the following questions. Question No. 24 is	
compu	lsory.	6 x 2 = 12
16.	Severe mental retardation	
	Defective development of the central nervous system	
	Increased separation between the eyes	
	Flattened nose	$2 \times 1 = 2$
	Ears are malformed	
	Mouth is constantly open and the tongue protrudes. (any	
	two points)	

17.	Acclimatization refers to the poccur in the body of animals in changes.	2	
18.	Though gametes are not produ union of two individual param exchange certain amount of nu then get separated. Hence this called sexual reproduction.	2	
19.	Ideonella sakaiensis is currentle PET plastics. These bacteria us enzymes to breakdown PET plastics and ethylene glycol.	e PETase and MHETase	2
20.	Sudden appearance of vestigia organisms is called atavism. Example, presence of tail in a lorgan.		1
21.	Cryopreservation refers to free an additional opportunity for personal Embryo Transfer (FET), without ovarian stimulation and retrievant	oregnancy, through a Frozen t undergoing another	2
22.	B-cells B- cells stay in bone marrow until they mature. B- cells when receive antigens, multiply to become plasma cells, which in turn produce antibodies.	T- cells T- cells leave bone marrow and mature in Thymus gland. T- cells do not produce antibodies, but recognize antigen presenting cells and destroy them.	2 × 1 =2
23.	AQI- Air Quality Index PAN- Peroxyacetyl Nitrate NRCP- National River Conserva BOD- Biological Oxygen Demai		4 × ½ = 2
24.	With the following symptoms, affected with ascariasis: Abdominal pain, vomiting, headiarrhoea, stunted growth etc.	we can find out if a child is adache, anaemia, irritability	4 × ½ = 2

PART - III			
Note: Answer any three of the following questions. Question No. 33 is			
	compulsory. 6 x 3 = 18		
25.	Ecological sanitation (Ecosan) is a sustainable system		
	for handling human excreta by using dry composting		
	toilets.		
	Ecosan toilets not only reduce waste water generation but	2×1½ =3	
	also generate the natural fertilizer from recycled human		
	excreta, which forms an excellent substitute for chemical		
	fertilizers.		
26.	Absence of menstruation is called amenorrhoea.	1	
	If menarche does not appear till the age of 18, it is called		
	primary amenorrhoea.	1	
	Absence of menstruation for over three consecutive		
	months is secondary amenorrhoea.	1	
27.	RNA has an additional hydroxyl group, which makes it less		
	stable and more reactive. But in DNA, absence of this	3	
	additional hydroxyl group makes it less reactive and more		
	stable than RNA.		
28.	PCPNDT- Preconception and Prenatal Diagnostic		
	Technique Act is enacted to ban the identification of sex		
	and to prevent the use of prenatal diagnostic techniques	3	
	for selective abortion.		
29.	Development of an egg into a complete individual without		
	fertilization is known as parthenogenesis.	1	
	Two types. Natural and artificial. Natural is of two types.		
	Complete parthenogenesis parthenogenesis 56 is the only		
	form of reproduction, as individuals are represented by		
	females only. Ex. Whiptail lizard	1	
	Incomplete parthenogenesis both sexual reproduction		
•	and parthenogenesis occur.		
	Ex. In honeybees		
	Artificial parthenogenesis development of unfertilized	1	
	egg into a complete individual by physical or chemical	_	
	stimuli. e.g., Annelid and sea urchin eggs.		

30.	It is a corrective therapy given to a person born with a hereditary disease. This process involves the transfer of a	
	normal gene into a person's cells that carry one or more	2
	mutant alleles. Adenosine Deaminase Deficiency (ADA)	1
31.	Natality is equivalent to birth rate. It may be expressed as	
	number of organisms born per female per unit time. The	
	crude birth rate of a population can be calculated using	4
	the formula:	
	Birth rate (b) = Number of births per unit time	4
		2×1½ =3
	Average population	
	Mortality can be expressed as a loss of individuals in unit	
	time or death rate. The crude death rate of a population	
	can be calculated, using the formula:	
	Death rate (d) = Number of deaths per unit time	
	Average population	
32.	Antibiotic resistance develops when bacteria are able to	
	defeat the drug designed to kill or inhibit their growth.	
	Antibiotic resistance is accelerated by the misuse and over	3
	use of antibiotics, as well as poor infection prevention	
	control.	
33.	It is practically possible to prevent someone from using	
	drugs and alcohol.	
	Effectively dealing with peer pressure	
	Seeking help from parents and peers	3
	Education and counselling	
	Looking for danger signs	
	Seeking professional and medical assistance  Part – IV	
		F . F . OF
•	Answer all questions.	5 × 5 = 25
34. (a)	It helps in gender identification.	
	It is used to detect the chromosomal aberrations like	
	deletion, duplication, translocation, nondisjunction of	<b>5.46 5</b>
	chromosomes.	5 × 1 = 5
	It helps to identify the abnormalities of chromosomes like aneuploidy.	

	,	
	It is also used in predicting the evolutionary relationships	
	between species.	
	Genetic diseases in human beings can be detected by this	
	technique.	
	(OR)	
34. (b)	<u>Limit generation</u> : Limiting the generation of waste is the	
	first and most important consideration in managing	1
	radioactive wastes.	1
	<b>Dilute and disperse:</b> For wastes having low radioactivity,	
	dilution and dispersion are adopted.	1
	Delay and decay: It is an important strategy, because	
	much of the radioactivity in nuclear reactors and	
	accelerators is very short lived.	1
	<b>Concentrate and confine process:</b> The waste is contained	
	in corrosion resistant containers and transported to	
	disposal sites. Leaching of heavy metals and radionuclides	2
	from these sites is a problem of growing concern.	
35. (a)	Schematic representation of spermatogenesis and	
	oogenesis (diagrams)	2×2½=5
	(OR)	
35. (b)	It is a triplet codon.	
	61 codons code for amino acids. 3 codons do not code for	
	any amino acid and called stop codons.	
	It is universal, meaning that all living systems use the	
	same triplet codon to direct the synthesis of proteins from	
	amino acids. For example, phenyl alanine in all cells of all	
	organisms is coded by a triplet codon UUU.	
	It is non- overlapping, meaning that the same letters are	
	not used for two different codons.	$5 \times 1 = 5$
	It is comma less, meaning that the message would be read	
	directly from one end to the other i.e., no punctuation is	
	needed between two codes.	
	It is a degenerating code, meaning that more than one	
	triplet codon could code for a specific amino acid.	
	It is non- ambiguous meaning that one codon codes for	
	one amino acid only.	
	The code is always read in a fixed direction i.e., from 5' $\rightarrow$	
ĺ	3' direction called polarity.	

	AUG acts as an initiator codon and also codes for the			
	amino acid methionine.			
	UAA, UAG and UGA are termination codons and are also			
	known as non – sense codons. (Any five points)			
36. (a)	In their experiment, a mixture of gases was allowed to			
	circulate over electric discharge from a tungsten			
	electrode.			
	A small flask of water was kept boiling and the steam	4		
	emanating from it was made to mix with the mixture of			
	gases (ammonia, methane and hydrogen) in the large	4		
	chamber that was connected to the boiling water.	4		
	The steam was condensed to form water which ran down			
	the 'U' tube.			
	At the end of a week Glycine, alanine, beta alanine and			
	aspartic acid were identified in the liquid.			
	Thus, Miller's experiments proved the possibility of			
	synthesis of organic compounds by abiogenesis.			
	Diagram	1		
	(OR)			
36. (b)	The human immunodeficiency virus belongs to the genus			
00. (0)	Lentivirus. When observed under the electron microscope,			
	HIV is seen as a spherical virus, 100-120 nm in diameter,			
	containing a dense core surrounded by a lipoprotein			
	envelope.	4		
	The envelope has glycoprotein (gp) spikes termed gp 41	-		
	and gp 120. At the core, there are two large single			
	stranded RNA. Attached to the RNA are molecules of			
	reverse transcriptase.			
	It also contains enzymes like protease and ribonuclease.			
	The core is covered by a capsid made of proteins. This is			
	followed by another layer of matrix proteins.			
	Diagram	1		
	(OR)	_		
27 ( )				
37. (a)	When a mosquito carrying sporozoites in its salivary gland			
	bites a person, sporozoites enter into liver cells through			
	blood stream.			
	Sporozoites undergo asexual fission and become			
	merozoites, which then enter into RBCs.			

	Merozoites develop into trophozoites. Then enter into	
	ring stage.	
	The nucleus of the trophozoites divide asexually to	4
	produces schizont.	
	Schizont divides to produce mononucleated merozoites.	
	Sometimes merozoites differentiate into mega	
	gametocytes and micro gametocytes.	
	Diagram	1
	(OR)	
37. (b)	Earthworms, land Planarians secrete a mucus coating to maintain a moist situation for burrowing, coiling, respiration, etc.,	
	Arthropods have an external covering over the respiratory surfaces and well- developed tracheal systems.  In vertebrate skin, there are many cellular layers besides the well protected respiratory surfaces that help in preventing loss of water.	
	Some animals obtain their water requirement from food as partial replacement of water lost through excretion. Camels are able to regulate water effectively for evaporative cooling through the skin and respiratory system and excrete highly concentrated urine, and can also withstand dehydration up to 25% of their body weight.	5 × 1 = 5
38. (a)	This technique involves the insertion of human insulin gene on the plasmids of E. coli.  A small portion of the plasmid DNA from a bacterium is cut using restriction enzyme.  Human insulin producing gene is removed and fused with plasmid DNA.  Now this recombinant DNA is inserted into a bacterial cell.	4
	The recombinant bacterium multiplies in a fermentation tank.  From this recombinant bacterium human insulin gene is extracted and purified.  The polypeptide chains are synthesized as a precursor called pre- pro insulin, which contains A and B segments linked by a third chain (C) and preceded by a leader sequence.	<b>-</b>

	The leader sequence is removed after translation and the C chain is excised, leaving the A and B polypeptide chains.	
	This recombinant insulin is termed as Humulin.	
	Diagram	1
	(OR)	
38. (b)	In shifting or Jhum cultivation, plots of natural tree	
	vegetation are burnt away. The cleared patches are	
	farmed for 2-3 seasons, after which their fertility is	
	reduced that, crop production is no longer profitable.	
	The farmer then abandons this patch and cuts down a	
	new patch offorest trees elsewhere for crop	5
	production.	
	When vast areas are cleared and burnt, it results in loss of	
	forest cover, pollution, and discharge of CO <sub>2</sub> which in turn	
	results in loss of habitat and climate change which has an	
	impact on the biodiversity of that regions.	



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