2RM

SECOND REVISION TEST - 2023

12 - Std

MATHEMATICS

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Time: 3.00 Hrs

Marks: 90

PART - I

Note: 1) Answer all the questions. 2) Choose the most appropriate answer from the given four alternatives and write the option code and the corresponding answer.

1. If
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \tan \frac{\theta}{2} \\ -\tan \frac{\theta}{2} & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$
 and AB = I₂ then B =

a)
$$\left(\cos^2\frac{\theta}{2}\right)A$$
 b) $\left(\cos^2\frac{\theta}{2}\right)A^T$ c) $\left(\cos^2\theta\right)I$ d) $\left(\sin^2\frac{\theta}{2}\right)A$

c)
$$(\cos^2 \theta) I$$
 d) $(\sin^2 \frac{\theta}{2}) A$

2. The rank of the matrix
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 2 & 4 & 6 & 8 \\ -1 & -2 & -3 & -4 \end{bmatrix}$$
 is

- a) 1
- b) 2

- If Z is a non zero complex number such that $2iz^2 = \frac{1}{z}$ then |Z| is 3.
- b) 1
- c) 2
- d) 3

4. A zero of
$$x^3 + 64$$
 is

- a) 0 b) 4
- c) 4!
- d) -4
- The value of $\sin^{-1}(\cos x)$, $0 \le x \le \pi$ is 5.

- b) $x \frac{\pi}{2}$ c) $\frac{\pi}{2} x$ d) $x \pi$
- The radius of the circle $3x^2 + by^2 + 4bx 6by + by^2 = 0$ is 6.
 - a) 1
- b) 3 •• •• $\sqrt{10}$
- d) $\sqrt{11}$
- The distance from the origin to the plane 3x 6y + 2z + 7 = 0 is 7.
- b) 1
- c) 2

8. If
$$\vec{a}$$
, \vec{b} , \vec{c} are non - coplanar, non zero vectors such that $[\vec{a}, \vec{b}, \vec{c}] = 3$ then

$$\left\{ \left[\overrightarrow{a} \times \overrightarrow{b}, \ \overrightarrow{b} \times \overrightarrow{c}, \ \overrightarrow{c} \times \overrightarrow{a} \right] \right\}^2$$
 is equal to

- c) 27
- d) 18

9. The slope of the normal to the curve f (x) = 2 cos 4x at
$$x = \frac{\pi}{12}$$
 is

- a) $-4\sqrt{3}$
- b) -4
- c) $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{12}$ d) $4\sqrt{3}$
- 10. The percentage error of fifth root of 31 is approximately how many times the percentage error in 31? 2RM 12 கணிதம் Page - 1

	- 1
- \	7
a)	2.1
	- 5.1

b)
$$\frac{1}{5}$$
 c) 5

11. The value of $\int_{0}^{\pi/2} \sin^2 x \cos x \, dx$ is

a)
$$\frac{3}{2}$$

b)
$$\frac{1}{2}$$

c) 0 d)
$$\frac{2}{3}$$

12. The order and degree of the differential equation $\sqrt{\sin x} \left(dx + dy \right) = \sqrt{\cos x} \left(dx - dy \right)$ are

If the probability mass function of a random variable is defined given below

x	-2	-1	0	1	2
f(x)	k	2 <i>k</i>	3 <i>k</i>	4 <i>k</i>	5 <i>k</i>

then the value of K is

a)
$$\frac{1}{15}$$

a)
$$\frac{1}{15}$$
 b) $\frac{1}{10}$ c) $\frac{1}{3}$

c)
$$\frac{1}{3}$$

d)
$$\frac{2}{3}$$

14. Which of the following is a binary operation on N.

- a) Subtraction b) multiplication
- c) division d) all of these
- The number of rows in a truth table of a compound statement there involved 3 simple 15. statements is a) 9 c) 6 b) 8
- If z = x + iy the rectangle form of Re (-iz) is
 - a) x
- c) x + iy
- d) -x + iy

All the roots of the polynomial $x^{20} + x^{18} + x^{16} + x^{12} + 10$ are b) complex roots but not real c) positive real roots d) negative real roots

The principal value of $\cos^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right)$ is

a)
$$\frac{\pi}{2}$$
 b) $\frac{\pi}{3}$ c) $\frac{\pi}{4}$ d) $\frac{\pi}{6}$

b)
$$\frac{\pi}{3}$$

c)
$$\frac{\pi}{4}$$

d)
$$\frac{\pi}{6}$$

Area of the region bounded by the ellipse $\frac{x^2}{16} + \frac{y^2}{9} = 1$ is

- a) 12π
- b) 24π
- c) 36π
- d) 48π

The integrating factor for the differential equation $\frac{dy}{dx} + 2y \cot x = 3x^2 \csc^2 x$ is 20.

- a) sin x
- b) cos x
- c) $\sin^2 x$
- d) $\cos^2 x$

PART - II

$$7 \times 2 = 14$$

Note: i) Answer any seven questions. 2) Questions number 30 is compulsory.

21. If $A = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 3 \\ -1 & -2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 14 & 7 \\ 7 & 7 \end{bmatrix}$ find A.

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22. If
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$
, $B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ are same type of boolean matrices then find $A \cup B$ and $B \cap C$

23. Find the value of
$$\left| \frac{2+i}{-1+2i} \right|$$
.

- 24. Find the principal value of $\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{-1}{2}\right)$.
- 25. Find the vertices of $9x^2 16y^2 = 144$.
- 26. A particle is fired straight up from the ground to reach a height of s feet in t seconds, where s (t) = $128t 16t^2$. Complete the maximum height of the particle reached.

27. Evaluate:
$$\int_{0}^{\pi/2} \sin^{10} x \, dx$$
.

- 28. Find dy for the function $y = \frac{(1-2x)^3}{3-4x}$.
- 29. If the probability density function for the random variable x is given by $f(x) = \begin{cases} k, 1 \le x \le 5 \\ 0, \text{ otherwise} \end{cases}$ then find the value of K.
- 30. Determine whether the three vectors $2\hat{i} + 3\hat{j} + \hat{k}$, $\hat{i} 2\hat{j} + 2\hat{k}$ and $3\hat{i} + \hat{j} + 3\hat{k}$ are coplannar.

$$7 \times 3 = 21$$

Note: i) Answer any seven questions. ii) Questions number 40 is compulsory.

- 31. Solve by determinant method 5x 2y + 16 = 0, x + 3y 7 = 0.
- 32. If α and β are the roots of the quadratic equation $17x^2 + 43x 73 0$, construct a quadratic equation whose roots are $\alpha + 2$ and $\beta + 2$.
- 33. Simplify $\left(\frac{1+i}{1-i}\right)^3 \left(\frac{1-i}{1+i}\right)^3$ into rectangular form.
- 34. A concrete bridge is designed as a parabolic arch. The road over bridge is 40m long and the maximum height of the arch is 15. Write the equation of the parabolic arch.
- 35. prove that $\begin{bmatrix} \vec{a} + \vec{b}, \ \vec{b} + \vec{c}, \ \vec{c} + \vec{a} \end{bmatrix} = 2 \begin{bmatrix} \vec{a}, \ \vec{b}, \ \vec{c} \end{bmatrix}$.
- 36. Product of two positive numbers is 20 and their sum is minimum, find the numbers.
- 37. Find the approximate value of $\sqrt{9.2}$ by linear approximation method without using calculator.
- 38. Construct a differential equation from the given equation $y = A \cos x + B \sin x$ by eliminating the constants A and B.
- 39. Two unbiased coins are tossed at the same time, find probability mass function for getting heads.

40. A binary operation * is defined on Q by $a*b=\frac{a+b}{2}$, $\forall a,b\in Q$ verify whether * satisfies closure property, commutative closure property, commutative property and associative property.

PART - IV

Note: Answer all questions.

 $7 \times 5 = 35$

- 41. a) Solve the system of linear equations, by Cramer's rule $x_1 x_2 = 3$, $2x_1 + 3x_2 + 4x_3 = 17$, $x_2 + 2x_3 = 7$. (OR) b) If z = x + iy is a complex number such that $Im\left(\frac{2z+1}{iz+1}\right) = 0$, show that the locus of z is $2x^2 + 2y^2 + x 2y = 0$.
- 42. a) If 2 + i and $3 \sqrt{2}$ are two roots of the equation $x^6 13x^5 + 62x^4 126x^3 + 65x^2 + 127x 140 = 0$ find the roots. (OR)
 - b) Find the value of $\tan\left(\cos^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{-1}{2}\right)\right)$.
- 43. a) Find the equation of circle passing through (1, 0), (-1, 0) and (0, 1). **(OR)** b) If $ax^2 + by^2 = 1$ and $(cx^2 + dy^2 = 1)$ are interseting orthogonally prove that $\frac{1}{a} \frac{1}{b} = \frac{1}{c} \frac{1}{d}$.
- 44. a) If $\vec{a} = \vec{i} \vec{j}$, $\vec{b} = \vec{i} \vec{j} 4\vec{k}$, $\vec{c} = 3\vec{j} \vec{k}$ and $\vec{d} = 2\vec{i} + 5\vec{j} + \vec{k}$ then verify that $(\vec{a} \times \vec{b}) \times (\vec{c} \times \vec{d}) = [\vec{a} \times \vec{c} \times \vec{d}] \vec{b} [\vec{b} \times \vec{c} \times \vec{d}] \vec{a}$. (OR)
 - b) A right circular cylinder has radius $r=10\,\mathrm{cm}$ and height $h=20\,\mathrm{cm}$ suppose that the radius of the cylinder is increased from 10cm to 10.1cm and the height does not change. Estimate the change in the volume of the cylinder. Also, Calculate the relative error and percentage error.
- 45. a) Find the non parametric vector equation and Cartesian equation of a plane passing through a point (1, -2, 4) perpendicular to the plane x + 2y 3z = 11 and parallel to the straight line $\frac{x+7}{3} = \frac{y+3}{-1} = \frac{z}{1}$. (OR)
 - b) Find the area of the region enclosed by the parabolas $y^2 = 4x$ and $x^2 = 4y$.
- 46. a) Find the dimensions of a largest rectangle which is inscribed in a circle of radius 10cm. (OR)
 - b) The growth of a population is proportional to the number present. It the population of a colony doubles in 50 years in how many year will be population become triple?
- 47. a) If the probability density function of a random variable x is given by $f(x) = \begin{cases} ke^{\frac{-x}{3}}, & x > 0 \\ 0, & x < 0 \end{cases}$ then find (i) The value of k. ii) Distribution function
 - iii) P (x < 3) iv) p (5 \leq x) v) P (x \leq 4). (OR)
 - b) Let $A = Q \setminus \{1\}$, a binary operation * is defined on A by x * y = x + y xy. verify whether * has closure property on A? Then verify whether * satisfies communitative law, associative law, identity law, and inverse law.

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