SUN TUITION CENTER - VILLUPURAM PUBLIC MODEL EXAM -2023

Standard 10

Time Allowed: 3 Hours		Mathematics	i ing t	Maxim	um Marks : 100
	F	'ART - I (Marks: 14)	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *		
Not	ii) Choose the most :			alternatives and	$14 \times 1 = 14$ I write the
1)	$A = \{ a, b, p \}, B = \{ 2, 3 \}, a) 8$		n [(AUC) × B] c) 12	is d) 16	
2)	If $A = 2^{65}$ and $B = 2^{64} + 2^{64}$ a) B is 2^{64} more than A c) B is larger than A by 1	b) A ar	h of the follow nd B are equal larger than B b		
3)	Which of the following slap $4x^2$	nould be added to ma b) 16x²	ake $x^4 + 64$ a pecal c) $8x^2$	erfect square d) -8x²	
4)	If ΔABC is an isosceles tr a) 2.5 cm	iangle with $\angle C = 90^{\circ}$ b) 5 cm c) 10	and AC = 5 cm	i, then AB is d) 5√2 cm	
5)	When proving that a quadrilateral is a trapezium, it is necessary to show a) Two sides are parallel. b) Two parallel and two non-parallel sides. c) Opposite sides are parallel. d) All sides are of equal length.				
6)	$(\sin \alpha + \csc \alpha)^2 + (\alpha + \cos \alpha)^2 $	$\cos \alpha + \sec \alpha)^2 = k$ b) 7	+ $\tan^2 \alpha + \cot^2 \alpha$ c) 5	$^{2}\alpha$, then the val d) 3	ue of k is equal to
7)	The total surface area of $\frac{9\pi h^2}{8}$ sq. units	f a cylinder whose random h and h and h and h and h are h and h are h are h are h and h are h are h and h are h are h are h and h are h are h and h are h are h are h and h are h are h and h are h are h and h are h are h are h and h are h are h and h are h are h and h are h are h are h and h are h are h are h are h and h are h are h are h are h and h are h are h are h are h and h are h are h are h are h and h are h and h are h and h are h are h are h are h are h and h are h	dius is $\frac{1}{3}$ of its of $\frac{8\pi h^2}{9}$ sq. un	height is $d) \frac{56\pi h^2}{9}$	z - sq. units
8)	Which of the following is not a measure of dispersion? a) Range b) Standard deviation c) Arithmetic mean d) Variance				
9)	Find the matrix x if 2X	$+\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 3 \\ 5 & 7 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 5 & 7 \\ 9 & 5 \end{pmatrix}$			
	a) $\begin{pmatrix} -2 & -2 \\ 2 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$	b) $\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 2 \\ 2 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$	c) $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$	d) $\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 2 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$)
10)	If $f: A \to B$ is a biject a) 7	b) 49	c) I		
11)	The number of points of a) 0	of intersection of the b) 1	quadratic polyr c) 0 or 1	nomial x ² +4x + 4 d) 2	4 with the X axis is

- The electric pole subtends an angle of 30° at a point on the same level as its foot. At a second point 'b' metres above the first, the depression of the foot of the pole is 60°. The height of the pole (in metres) is equal to
 - a) $\sqrt{3} b$
- b) $\frac{b}{3}$
- c) $\frac{b}{2}$

- d) $\frac{b}{\sqrt{3}}$
- 13) The least number that is givisible by all the numbers from 1 to 10 (both inclusive) is
 - a) 2025
- b) 5220

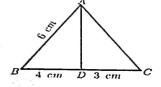
- c) 5025
- d) 2520
- A purse contains 10 notes of ₹2000, 15 notes of ₹500, and 25 notes of ₹200. One note is drawn at random. What is the probability that the note is either a ₹500 note or ₹200 note?
 - a) $\frac{1}{5}$

- b) $\frac{3}{10}$
- c) $\frac{2}{3}$
- d) {

PART - II (Marks: 20)

Answer any TEN questions. Question No. 28 is compulsory . Each questions carries 2 marks. $10 \times 2 = 20$

- 15) If $f(x) = x^2 1$, g(x) = x 2 find a, if $g \circ f(a) = 1$.
- 16) $a_n = \begin{cases} n(n+3); n \in \mathbb{N} & \text{is odd} \\ n^2+1; n \in \mathbb{N} & \text{is even} \end{cases}$ Find the eleventh and eighteenth terms.
- 17) Find the zeroes of the expression $x^4 13x^2 + 42$
- 18) In the Fig. AD is the bisector of $\angle A$. If BD = 4 cm, DC = 3 cm and AB = 6 cm, find AC.



- 19) The volumes of two cones of same base radius are 3600 cm³ and 5040 cm³. Find the ratio of heights.
- 20) The standard deviation and mean of a data are 6.5 and 12.5 respectively. Find the coefficient of variation.
- 21) What is the probability that a leap year selected at random will contain 53 Saturdays.
- 22) A Relation R is given by the set $\{(x,y) \mid y=x+3, X \in \{0,1,2,3,4,5\}\}$. Determine its domain and range.
- 23) If $1 + 2 + 3 + \dots + n = 666$ then find n.
- 24) If a matrix has 18 elements, what are the possible orders it can have? What if it has 6 elements?
- 25) Find the LCM and HCF of 408 and 170 by applying the fundamental theorem of arithmetic.

- 26) Find the intercepts made by the line 3x 2y 6 = 0 on the coordinate axes.
- 27) Prove that $\frac{\sin A}{1+\cos A} = \frac{1-\cos A}{\sin A}$
- 28) Let $A = \{1, 2, 3\}$ and $B = \{x \mid x \text{ is a prime number less than 10}\}$. Find $A \times B$ and $B \times A$.

PART - III (Marks: 50)

Answer any TEN questions. Question No. 42 is compulsory. Each questions carries 5 marks. $10 \times 5 = 50$

- Represent the function $f = \{(1, 2), (2, 2), (3, 2), (4, 3), (5, 4)\}$ through i) an arrow diagram ii) a table form iii) a graph
- 30) If the function f is defined by $f(\mathbf{x}) = \begin{cases} x+2 & ; & \mathbf{x} > 1 \\ 2 & ; -1 \le \mathbf{x} \le 1 \\ x-1 & ; -3 < \mathbf{x} < -1 \end{cases}$ find the values of i) f (3) ii) f (0) iii) f (-1.5) iv) f (2) f (-2.5)
- 31) Find the sum to n terms of the series $5 + 55 + 555 + \dots$
- 32) If $9x^4 12x^3 + 28x^2 + ax + b$ is a perfect square, find the values of a and b.
- 33) Show that in a triangle, the medians are concurrent.
- Find the value of k, if the area of a quadrilateral is 28 sq. units, whose vertices are taken in the order (-4, -2), (-3, k), (3, -2) and (2, 3).
- As observed from the top of a 60 m high lighthouse from the sea level, the angles of depression of two ships are 28° and 45°. If one ship is exactly behind the other on the same side of the lighthouse, find the distance between the two ships. (tan 28°=0.5317)
- A container open at the top is in the form of a frustum of a cone of height 16 cm with radii of its lower and upper ends are 8 cm and 20 cm respectively. Find the cost of milk which can completely fill a container at the rate of ₹ 40 per litre.
- 37) A card is drawn from a pack of 52 cards. Find the probability of getting a king or a heart or a red card.
- The data in the adjacent table depicts the length of a person forehand and their corresponding height. Based on this data, a student finds a relationship between the height (y) and the forehand length(x) as y = ax + b, where a, b are constants.
 - i) Check if this relation is a function.
 - ii) Find a and b. iii) Find the height of a person whose forehand length is 40 cm. iv) Find the length of forehand of a person if the height is 53.3 inches.

Height 'y'		
(in inches)		
56		
65		
69.5		
74		

- In an A.P., sum of four consecutive terms is 28 and the sum of their squares is 276. Find the four numbers.
- 40) If $A = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$ show that $A^2 5A + 7I_2 = 0$.
- Find the equation of a straight line passing through the point P(-5,2) and parallel to the line joining the points Q(3,-2) and R(-5,4)
- 42) Find the mean and variance of the first n natural numbers.

PART - IV (Marks: 16)

Answer both questions. Each questions carries 8 marks.

 $2 \times 8 = 16$

- a) Draw a tangent to the circle from the point P having radius 3.6 cm, and centre at 0. Point P is at a distance 7.2 cm from the centre.
 - (OR)
 - b) Construct a triangle similar to a given triangle PQR with its sides equal to $\frac{7}{3}$ of the corresponding sides of the triangle PQR (scale factor $\frac{7}{3} > 1$).
- 44) a) Draw the graph of $y = x^2 + 4x + 3$ and hence and the roots of $x^2 + x + 1 = 0$

(OR)

b) Graph the following linear function $y = \frac{1}{2}x$. Identify the constant of variation and verify it with the graph. Also i) find y when x = 9 ii) find x when y = 7.5

ALL THE BEST *****

<u>Life is a Good Circle,</u> <u>you Choose The Best Radius....</u>

ALL SUBJECT QUESTION BANK ARE AVAILABLE

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