

# CTR PUBLICATIONS

## ONE MARK TEST - 10/30

### HISTORY

#### 10. SOCIAL TRANSFORMATION IN TAMILNADU

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##### I. Choose the correct answer:

1. One of earliest Tamil literary to be published in 1812 was \_\_\_\_\_.  
a) Thirukkural                      b) Tolkappiyam                      c) Viracholiyam                      d) Chulamani
2. A book on the history of Tamil music was published by \_\_\_\_\_.  
a) Swaminathar                      b) Abraham Pandithar  
c) Maraimalai Adigal                      d) Subramania Bharathi
3. In 1578, Tamil book, Thambiran Vanakkam was published from \_\_\_\_\_.  
a) TamilNadu                      b) Maharashtra                      c) Andhra Pradesh                      d) Goa
4. Thirukkural was one of the earliest Tami Nadu literary texts to be published in \_\_\_\_\_.  
a) 1812                      b) 1814                      c) 1816                      d) 1818
5. In 1816 \_\_\_\_\_ founded the college of fort St.George.  
a) P.Sundaranar                      b) F.W.Ellis                      c) Ziegenbalg                      d) Robert Caldwell
6. \_\_\_\_\_ gave prominence and published books on the history of Tamil music.  
a) Abraham Pandithar                      b) Maraimalai Adigal  
c) Parithimar Kalaigal                      d) Bharatidasan
7. \_\_\_\_\_ was the professor of Tamil at the Madras Christian College.  
a) Dr.C.Natesanar                      b) U.V.Swaminathar  
c) C.W.Damotharanar                      d) V.G.Suryanarayana Sastri
8. The Madras non-Brahmin Association was founded in \_\_\_\_\_.  
a) 1907                      b) 1908                      c) 1909                      d) 1906
9. In 1912 \_\_\_\_\_ founded the Madras United League.  
a) T.M.Nair                      b) Singaravelar                      c) C.Natesanar                      d) Thiru Vi.Ka

10. Natesanar founded a hostel, the Dravidian Home, at Triplicane (Madras) in \_\_\_\_\_.

- a) July 1916                      b) August 1916                      c) September 1916                      d) October 1916

11. At a meeting held in the Victoria Public Hall the non-Brahmin Manifesto was released in \_\_\_\_\_.

- a) October 1916                      b) November 1916                      c) December 1916                      d) June 1916

12. In 1920, the \_\_\_\_\_ won the election and formed the first - ever Indian Cabinet in Madras.

- a) Congress Party                      b) Justice Party                      c) Swaraj Party                      d) Communist Party

13. The Justice Party Government was the first to approve participation of women in the electoral politics in \_\_\_\_\_.

- a) 1931                      b) 1941                      c) 1921                      d) 1951

14. Muthulakshmi Ammaiyar became the first woman legislator in India in \_\_\_\_\_.

- a) 1926                      b) 1927                      c) 1928                      d) 1929

15. \_\_\_\_\_ was the founder of the Self-Respect Movement

- a) Periyar E.V.Ramasamy                      b) T.M.Nair                      c) Sir Pitti Theyagarayar                      d) Singaravelar

16. \_\_\_\_\_ is a town in the then Princely State of Travancore and in present day Kerala.

- a) Kottayam                      b) Kollam                      c) Vaikom                      d) Kozhikode

17. Periyar started the Self-Respect Movement in \_\_\_\_\_.

- a) 1922                      b) 1923                      c) 1924                      d) 1925

18. \_\_\_\_\_ is considered the first communist of South India and a pioneer of Buddhism.

- a) M.C.Rajah                      b) Singaravelar                      c) Rajaji                      d) Periyar

19. Hindu Succession Tamil Nadu Amendment Act was passed in \_\_\_\_\_.

- a) 1986                      b) 1987                      c) 1988                      d) 1989

20. Rettaimalai Srinivasan was born in 1859 at \_\_\_\_\_.

- a) Vellore                      b) Trichy                      c) Kanchipuram                      d) Erode

21. The first All Trade Union Conference was held on 31 October 1920 in \_\_\_\_\_.

- a) Calcutta                      b) Bombay                      c) Delhi                      d) Allahabad

22. M.Singaravelar organised the first ever celebration of May Day in \_\_\_\_\_.

- a) 1923                              b) 1924                              c) 1925                              d) 1926

23. The first Tamil Isai Conference was held in \_\_\_\_\_.

- a) 1941                              b) 1942                              c) 1943                              d) 1944

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**ANSWER KEY**

1. a
2. b
3. d
4. a
5. b
6. a
7. d
8. c

9. c
10. a
11. c
12. b
13. c
14. a
15. a
16. c

17. d
18. b
19. d
20. c
21. b
22. a
23. c

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# CTR PUBLICATIONS

## ONE MARK TEST - 11/30

### GEOGRAPHY

#### 1.INDIA – LOCATION, RELIEF AND DRAINAGE

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I. Choose the correct answer:

1. Two island groups belonged to India are \_\_\_\_\_.

- a) Andaman and Nicobar                      b) Andaman, Nicobar and Lakshadweeps  
c) Maldives and Nicobar                      d) Sri Lanka and Andaman

2. \_\_\_\_\_ is the new capital of Andhra Pradesh.

- a) Amaravati              b) Hyderabad              c) Nellore              d) Vijayawada

3. Hyderabad will be the capital for both the States of Andhra Pradesh and Telangana till\_\_\_\_\_.

- a) 2021                      b) 2022                      c) 2024                      d) 2025

4. \_\_\_\_\_ is the oldest fold mountain range in India.

- a) Vindhya Range                      b) Satpura Range  
c) Ladakh Range                      d) Aravalli Range

5. Out of 14 highest peaks in the world, Himalayas hold\_\_\_\_\_.

- a) 9                      b) 10                      c) 11                      d) 12

6. Which among the following is found in the Himalayas?

- a) Bhorghat    b) Talghat                      c) Karakoram Pass    d) Palghat

7. Pick out the odd one.

- a) Mahanadi              b) Godavari                      c) Ganga                      d) Krishna

8. India is the \_\_\_\_\_ largest country in Asia.

- a) Second                      b) Third                      c) Fourth                      d) Seventh

9. Mt.Everest is located in \_\_\_\_\_.

- a) Nepal                      b) Bhutan                      c) Tibet                      d) China

10. The Sambhar salt lake is found in \_\_\_\_\_.

- a) Gujarat              b) Rajasthan                      c) Maharashtra                      d) Madhya Pradesh

**11. The Thar desert is the world \_\_\_\_\_ largest desert.**

- a) Second                      b) Fourth                      c) Eighth                      d) Seventh

**12. \_\_\_\_\_ is the largest plain in India.**

- a) Brahmaputra Plain                      b) Ganga Plain  
c) Rajasthan Plain                      d) Punjab-Haryana Plain

**13. \_\_\_\_\_ river divides the peninsular plateau into two parts.**

- a) Narmada      b) Tapti                      c) Godavari                      d) Krishna

**14. Kodaikanal is a beautiful hill resort situated on the \_\_\_\_\_ hills.**

- a) Cardamom      b) Palani                      c) Nilgiri                      d) Anamalai

**15. \_\_\_\_\_ is the largest back water lake in India.**

- a) Kolleru                      b) Pulicat                      c) Vembanad                      d) Chilka

**16. Pick out the odd one.**

- a) Indus                      b) Ganga                      c) Cauvery                      d) Brahmaputra

**17. The Sunderbans delta is created by the combined river of \_\_\_\_\_.**

- a) Ganga and Brahmaputra                      b) Ganga and Yamuna  
c) Indus and Ganga                      d) Sutlej and Brahmaputra

**18. Which among the following is the longest river in Peninsular India?**

- a) Krishna      b) Godavari                      c) Cauvery                      d) Mahanadi

**19. Yamuna is the largest tributary of the river \_\_\_\_\_.**

- a) Ganga                      b) Brahmaputra                      c) Indus                      d) Son

**20. The river \_\_\_\_\_ is called Dhakshin Ganga or Ganga of South.**

- a) Krishna                      b) Godavari                      c) Kaveri                      d) Mahanadi

ANSWER KEY

1. b
2. a
3. c
4. d
5. a
6. c
7. c

8. a
9. a
10. b
11. d
12. b
13. a
14. b

15. d
16. c
17. a
18. b
19. a
20. c

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## ONE MARK TEST - 12/30

### GEOGRAPHY

#### 2. CLIMATE AND NATURAL VEGETATION OF INDIA

##### I. Choose the correct answer:

1. Mawsynram a place which receives highest rainfall in the world is in \_\_\_\_ .

- a) India                      b) Nepal                      c) Bhutan                      d) Bangladesh

2. Equable climate is also called \_\_\_\_ climate.

- a) French                      b) British                      c) American                      d) German

3. Mawsynram, the place which receives highest rainfall is located in \_\_\_\_ .

- a) Assam                      b) Meghalaya                      c) West Bengal                      d) Nagaland

4. Project Tiger was launched in \_\_\_\_ .

- a) April 1971                      b) April 1972                      c) April 1973                      d) April 1974

5. The \_\_\_\_ divides the country into two equal halves.

- a) Tropic of Cancer                      b) Tropic of Capricorn  
c) Equator                      d) Arctic Circle

6. During southwest monsoon season, \_\_\_\_ located on the leeward side receives only about 50 cm rainfall.

- a) Goa                      b) Mangalore                      c) Bengaluru                      d) Cochin

7. During summer solstice, the sun's rays fall vertically over the \_\_\_\_ .

- a) Tropic of Cancer                      b) Tropic of Capricorn  
c) Equator                      d) Arctic Circle

8. The meteorologists recognize the \_\_\_\_ distinct seasons in India.

- a) Three                      b) Four                      c) Five                      d) Two

9. Western disturbances cause snowfall in the hills of \_\_\_\_ .

- a) Punjab                      b) Haryana                      c) Jammu and Kashmir                      d) Himachal Pradesh

10. By April, the interior parts of south India record mean daily temperatures of \_\_\_\_ .

- a) 25 °C To 35 °C                      b) 25 °C To 30 °C                      c) 35 °C To 40 °C                      d) 30 °C To 35 °C



**11. Mango showers helps in quick ripening of mangoes along the coast of Kerala and \_\_\_\_\_.**

- a) Karnataka b) Goa c) Tamil Nadu d) Andhra Pradesh

**12. Prior to the onset of the southwest monsoon, the temperature in north India reaches upto \_\_\_\_\_.**

- a) 45 °C b) 46 °C c) 47 °C d) 48 °C

**13. The southwest monsoon winds return from Indian landmass and blows towards \_\_\_\_\_**

- a) Arabian Sea b) Indian Ocean c) Bay of Bengal d) None of these

**14. The Indian Board for Wild life was constituted in \_\_\_\_\_.**

- a) 1952 b) 1953 c) 1954 d) 1955

**15. The Indian government has established \_\_\_\_\_ Biosphere Reserves in India.**

- a) 16 b) 17 c) 18 d) 19

**16. \_\_\_\_\_ is not a part of the world network biosphere reserves of UNESCO.**

- a) Nilgiri b) Agasthiyamalai c) Great Nicobar d) Kachch

Answer key

1. a
2. b
3. b
4. c
5. a
6. c

7. a
8. b
9. c
10. d
11. a
12. b

13. c
14. a
15. c
16. d

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## ONE MARK TEST - 13/30

### GEOGRAPHY

#### 3. INDIA - AGRICULTURE

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**I. Choose the correct answer:**

**1. The soil derived from the basalts of Deccan trap is \_\_\_\_\_.**

- a) Black Soil                      b) Alluvial Soil                      c) Red Soil                      d) Saline Soil

**2. Crops do not grow in \_\_\_\_\_.**

- a) Black Soil                      b) Saline Soil                      c) Alluvial Soil                      d) Mountain Soil

**3. Pick the odd one out.**

- a) Afforestation                      b) Constructing Dams and Barrages  
c) Prevention of overgrazing                      d) Deforestation

**4. Hirakud dam constructed across the river \_\_\_\_\_.**

- a) Damodar                      b) Krishna                      c) Mahanadi                      d) Narmada

**5. First Livestock Census in India was conducted in \_\_\_\_\_.**

- a) 1916                      b) 1917                      c) 1918                      d) 1919

**6. Round Revolution is related with \_\_\_\_\_.**

- a) Potato                      b) Tomato                      c) Egg                      d) Onion

**7. The Indian Council of Agriculture Research (ICAR) set up in \_\_\_\_\_.**

- a) 1983                      b) 1963                      c) 1973                      d) 1953

**8. This type of agriculture is performed by tribal people in a piece of forest land \_\_\_\_\_.**

- a) Dry Farming                      b) Shifting Agriculture  
c) Terrace Farming                      d) Mixed Farming

**9. Shifting agriculture is named as Jhum in \_\_\_\_\_.**

- a) Kerala                      b) Odisha                      c) Assam                      d) Andhra Pradesh

**10. Tea, coffee and rubber are \_\_\_\_\_ crops**

- a) Food                      b) Cash                      c) Plantation                      d) Horticulture

**11. India is the second largest producer of rice in the world after \_\_\_\_\_.**

- a) Pakistan                      b) China                      c) Bangladesh                      d) Thailand

**12. In 2016 \_\_\_\_\_ is the leading rice producer in India.**

- a) West Bengal                      b) Tamil Nadu                      c) Andhra Pradesh                      d) Bihar

**13. \_\_\_\_\_ is the second most important food crop of the country.**

- a) Rice                      b) Jowar                      c) Bajra                      d) Wheat

**14. Jowar and Bajra are the indigenous plant of \_\_\_\_\_.**

- a) Africa                      b) Australia                      c) America                      d) Europe

**15. \_\_\_\_\_ fix atmospheric nitrogen in the soil and hence are usually rotated with other crops.**

- a) Sugarcane                      b) Wheat                      c) Pulses                      d) Cotton

**16. India is ranked \_\_\_\_\_ in sugar production in the world.**

- a) Second                      b) Third                      c) Fourth                      d) Fifth

**17. The leading producer of sugarcane in India is \_\_\_\_\_.**

- a) Maharashtra                      b) Karnataka                      c) Uttar Pradesh                      d) Tamil Nadu

**18. India ranks second next to \_\_\_\_\_ in the production of cotton.**

- a) China                      b) Cuba                      c) Pakistan                      d) Myanmar

**19. \_\_\_\_\_ is the leading state both in cultivation and production of Jute.**

- a) Bihar                      b) Assam                      c) West Bengal                      d) Meghalaya

**20. \_\_\_\_\_ is India's largest oilseeds producing state.**

- a) Gujarat                      b) Tamil Nadu                      c) Karnataka                      d) Maharashtra

**21. \_\_\_\_\_ is the largest producer of tea in India.**

- a) Assam                      b) Tamil Nadu                      c) Kerala                      d) West Bengal

**22. \_\_\_\_\_ is the leading producer of coffee in India.**

- a) Tamil Nadu                      b) Karnataka                      c) Kerala                      d) Maharashtra

23. Rubber plantation was first established in Kerala in \_\_\_\_\_.

- a) 1905                      b) 1903                      c) 1904                      d) 1902

24. \_\_\_\_\_ is considered as the poor man's cow.

- a) Buffalo                      b) Fish                      c) Pig                      d) Goat

25. The leading state in the wool production is \_\_\_\_\_.

- a) Punjab                      b) Karnataka                      c) Rajasthan                      d) Haryana

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ANSWER KEY

- |      |       |       |       |       |
|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 1. a | 6. a  | 11. b | 16. b | 21. a |
| 2. b | 7. d  | 12. a | 17. c | 22. b |
| 3. d | 8. b  | 13. d | 18. a | 23. d |
| 4. c | 9. c  | 14. a | 19. c | 24. d |
| 5. d | 10. c | 15. c | 20. a | 25. c |

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## ONE MARK TEST - 14/30

### GEOGRAPHY

#### 4. INDIA – RESOURCES AND INDUSTRIES

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**I. Choose the correct answer:**

**1. The first jute mill of India was established at \_\_\_\_\_.**

- a) Kolkata                      b) Mumbai                      c) Ahmedabad                      d) Baroda

**2. One of the shore based steel plants of India is located at \_\_\_\_\_.**

- a) Kolkata                      b) Tuticorin                      c) Goa                      d) Visakhapatnam

**3. Find the odd one \_\_\_\_\_.**

- a) Mica                      b) Limestone                      c) Gypsum                      d) Copper

**4. The headquarters of state owned Manganese ore mining company is located at \_\_\_\_\_.**

- a) Nagpur                      b) Mumbai                      c) Pune                      d) Bengaluru

**5. Bauxite is an oxide of \_\_\_\_\_.**

- a) Aluminium                      b) Mica                      c) Gypsum                      d) Limestone

**6. The headquarters of GAIL (Gas Authority of India Limited) is at \_\_\_\_\_.**

- a) Mumbai                      b) New Delhi                      c) Chennai                      d) Kolkata

**7. The first hydro-electric power station in India was established at “Darjeeling” in \_\_\_\_\_.**

- a) 1879                      b) 1889                      c) 1897                      d) 1987

**8. The first cotton textile mill was established at Fort Gloster near Kolkata in \_\_\_\_\_.**

- a) 1816                      b) 1817                      c) 1819                      d) 1818

**9. The first paper mill of India was started in \_\_\_\_\_ at Serampore in West Bengal.**

- a) 1812                      b) 1816                      c) 1814                      d) 1815

**10. \_\_\_\_\_ is nicknamed as the “Detroit of Asia”.**

- a) Chennai                      b) Bengaluru                      c) Mumbai                      d) Kolkata

11. Make in Indiaprogram was launched in \_\_\_\_\_.

- a) 2012                      b) 2014                      c) 2016                      d) 2015

12. \_\_\_\_\_ is the leading producer of Iron ore in India.

- a) Jharkhand   b) Odisha                      c) Karnataka                      d) Andhra Pradesh

13. \_\_\_\_\_ is called "Black Gold".

- a) Petroleum                      b) Natural gas                      c) Copper                      d) Coal

14. Manchester of India is \_\_\_\_\_.

- a) Mumbai   b) Kolkata                      c) Bengaluru                      d) Chennai

15. Manchester of South India is \_\_\_\_\_.

- a) Chennai   b) Bengaluru                      c) Coimbatore                      d) Madurai

16. Electronic capital of India is \_\_\_\_\_.

- a) Bengaluru   b) Chennai                      c) Coimbatore                      d) Hyderabad



Answer key

1. a  
2. d  
3. d  
4. a  
5. a  
6. b

7. c  
8. d  
9. a  
10. a  
11. b  
12. a

13. d  
14. a  
15. c  
16. a  
17. b

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## ONE MARK TEST - 15/30

### GEOGRAPHY

#### 5. INDIA – POPULATION, TRANSPORT, COMMUNICATION & TRADE

I. Choose the correct answer:

1. In India the first census was carried out in the year \_\_\_\_\_.

- a) 1862                      b) 1872                      c) 1882                      d) 1892

2. In India, the first complete and synchronous census was conducted in \_\_\_\_\_

- a) 1881                      b) 1882                      c) 1883                      d) 1884

3. At present, the Grand Trunk Road extends from Amritsar to \_\_\_\_\_.

- a) Kolkata                      b) Durgapur                      c) Darjeeling                      d) Barrackpore

4. National Highways Authority of India (NHAI) was established in \_\_\_\_\_.

- a) 1992                      b) 1993                      c) 1994                      d) 1995

5. The first sub-urban railway was started in \_\_\_\_\_.

- a) Mumbai                      b) Bengaluru                      c) Kolkata                      d) Chennai

6. The state of \_\_\_\_\_ has no railway network.

- a) Assam                      b) Arunachal Pradesh                      c) Manipur                      d) Meghalaya

7. \_\_\_\_\_ is the most populous state in India.

- a) Madhya Pradesh                      b) Andhra Pradesh                      c) Uttar Pradesh                      d) Himachal Pradesh

8. \_\_\_\_\_ is the least populous state of India.

- a) Sikkim                      b) Goa                      c) Rajasthan                      d) Punjab

9. The most densely populated state of India is \_\_\_\_\_.

- a) Kerala                      b) Sikkim                      c) West Bengal                      d) Bihar

10. The state with least population density of India is \_\_\_\_\_

- a) Andhra Pradesh                      b) Arunachal Pradesh  
c) Madhya Pradesh                      d) Uttar Pradesh

11. As per 2011 census the highest literacy rate is found in \_\_\_\_\_.

- a) Tamil Nadu                      b) Karnataka                      c) Kerala                      d) Maharashtra

12. The lowest literacy rate is found in \_\_\_\_\_.

- a) Bihar                      b) Sikkim                      c) Odisha                      d) Rajasthan

13. \_\_\_\_\_ are the most universal mode of transport.

- a) Railways                      b) Airways                      c) Waterways                      d) Roadways

14. Border Roads Organization was established in \_\_\_\_\_.

- a) 1950                      b) 1960                      c) 1970                      d) 1980

15. Indian railways network is the \_\_\_\_\_ largest in the world.

- a) Second                      b) Third                      c) Fourth                      d) Fifth

16. The Inland Waterways Authority was set up in \_\_\_\_\_.

- a) 1976                      b) 1986                      c) 1996                      d) 1956

17. India is the \_\_\_\_\_ largest ship owning country in the world.

- a) 14<sup>th</sup>                      b) 15<sup>th</sup>                      c) 16<sup>th</sup>                      d) 17<sup>th</sup>

18. Airports Authority of India (AAI) was constituted in \_\_\_\_\_.

- a) 1993                      b) 1994                      c) 1995                      d) 1996

19. Pick out the odd one

- a) Telephone                      b) Mobile Phone                      c) Fax                      d) Newspaper

20. Pick the odd one out

- a) Radio                      b) Television                      c) Newspaper                      d) Internet

ANSWER KEY

- |      |      |       |       |       |
|------|------|-------|-------|-------|
| 1. b | 5. a | 9. d  | 13. d | 17. c |
| 2. a | 6. d | 10. b | 14. b | 18. c |
| 3. a | 7. c | 11. c | 15. a | 19. d |
| 4. c | 8. a | 12. a | 16. b | 20. c |

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## ONE MARK TEST - 16/30

### GEOGRAPHY

#### 6. PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY OF TAMILNADU

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I. Choose the correct answer:

1. The wettest place in Tamil Nadu \_\_\_\_\_.

- a) Kalakadu      b) Hogenakkal      c) Chinnakallar      d) Kiliyur

2. Mangroves protects \_\_\_\_\_.

- a) Coastal area from erosion      b) Coral reefs      c) Sea grass meadows      d) All these

3. \_\_\_\_\_ is the 3<sup>rd</sup> wettest place in India.

- a) Ooty      b) Chinnakallar      c) Yercaud      d) Kodaikanal

4. Tamil Nadu is \_\_\_\_\_ largest state in India.

- a) 11<sup>th</sup>      b) 10<sup>th</sup>      c) 12<sup>th</sup>      d) 9<sup>th</sup>

5. The Nilgiri hills consists of \_\_\_\_\_ peaks.

- a) 23      b) 24      c) 25      d) 26

6. \_\_\_\_\_ is located in the border of Tamil Nadu and Kerala.

- a) Palani Hills      b) Cardamom Hills      c) Nilgiri Hills      d) Anaimalai

7. Pick out the odd one.

- a) Shiva Jothi Parvath      b) Agasthiyar Hills      c) Southern Kailash      d) Megamalai

8. The hill station \_\_\_\_\_ is known as poor man's Ooty.

- a) Kolli Hills      b) Kalrayan Hills      c) Yercaud      d) Kodaikanal

9. \_\_\_\_\_ is a popular seasonal agricultural product of Pachai malai.

- a) Guava      b) Jack fruit      c) Orange      d) Banana

10. All the rivers of the state Tamil Nadu are non-perennial except \_\_\_\_\_.

- a) Thamirabarani      b) Vaigai      c) Cauvery      d) Palar

11. Hogenakkal waterfalls is in \_\_\_\_ district.

- a) Thirunelveli                      b) Theni                      c) Dharmapuri                      d) Madurai

12. The \_\_\_\_ is considered sacred by Hindus, and festivals are held during the Tamil month of Thai.

- a) Ponnaiyar                      b) Palar                      c) Vaigai                      d) Cauvery

13. The water of the river \_\_\_\_ gives a copper like appearance due to the presence of dissolved suspended red soil.

- a) Thamirabarani                      b) Cauvery                      c) Vaigai                      d) Palar

14. The origin of the river \_\_\_\_\_ is associated with Sage Agasthiyar.

- a) Vaigai                      b) Cauvery                      c) Ponnaiyar                      d) Thamirabarani

15. \_\_\_\_\_ forest in Tamil Nadu is found where there is a little rainfall.

- a) Temperate                      b) Deciduous                      c) Thorn                      d) Evergreen

16. The recent flood occurred in Tamil Nadu was \_\_\_\_\_.

- a) 2015                      b) 2014                      c) 2016                      d) 2017

17. Based on the cyclone hit areas, the state of Tamil Nadu can be divided into \_\_\_\_\_ zones.

- a) Three                      b) Four                      c) Five                      d) Six

ANSWER KEY

1. c
2. d
3. b
4. a
5. b
6. d

7. d
8. c
9. b
10. a
11. c
12. a

13. a
14. d
15. c
16. a
17. c
18. d

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## ONE MARK TEST - 17/30

### GEOGRAPHY

#### 7. HUMAN GEOGRAPHY OF TAMILNADU

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**I. Choose the correct answer:**

**1. The 'Textile Capital of Tamil Nadu' is \_\_\_\_\_.**

- a) Karur                      b) Coimbatore                      c) Tirupur                      d) Erode

**2. The longest national highway in Tamil Nadu is \_\_\_\_\_.**

- a) NH-66                      b) NH-7                      c) NH-45                      d) NH-44

**3. Tamil Nadu Rice Research Institute was established in \_\_\_\_\_.**

- a) April 1985                      b) June 1985                      c) May 1985                      d) July 1985

**4. India observed 2018 as national year of \_\_\_\_\_.**

- a) Rice                      b) Wheat                      c) Sugarcane                      d) Millets

**5. FAO has decided to observe \_\_\_\_\_ as the International Year of millets.**

- a) 2021                      b) 2022                      c) 2023                      d) 2024

**6. TANTEA plantation spreads over nearly \_\_\_\_\_.**

- a) 4200 hec                      b) 4300 hec                      c) 4400 hec                      d) 4500 hec

**7. Pulses are the major source of \_\_\_\_\_.**

- a) Protein                      b) Carbohydrate                      c) Minerals                      d) Vitamin

**8. \_\_\_\_\_ is also known as 'Poor Man's Cow' in India.**

- a) Buffalo                      b) Goat                      c) Sheep                      d) Cow

**9. Mullaiperiyar dam built by the British administration in \_\_\_\_\_.**

- a) 1895                      b) 1885                      c) 1875                      d) 1865

**10. Vaigai dam was opened on \_\_\_\_\_.**

- a) 21 January, 1959                      b) 22 January, 1959  
c) 23 January, 1959                      d) 24 January, 1959



11. \_\_\_\_\_ is also known as ' Manchester of Tamil Nadu'.

- a) Madurai    b) Coimbatore    c) Erode    d) Tirupur

12. Tamil Nadu occupies \_\_\_\_\_ position in Indian silk production.

- a) Third    b) Fourth    c) Second    d) Fifth

13. Central Leather Research Institute (CLRI), a CSIR research laboratory is located in \_\_\_\_\_.

- a) Chennai    b) Coimbatore    c) Trichy    d) Vellore

14. Tamil Nadu is the second largest software exporter in India next to \_\_\_\_\_.

- a) Kerala    b) Andhra Pradesh    c) Karnataka    d) Maharashtra

15. Tamil Nadu ranks \_\_\_\_ among the Indian states in population density.

- a) 12<sup>th</sup>    b) 11<sup>th</sup>    c) 10<sup>th</sup>    d) 9<sup>th</sup>

16. Match the following

I		II
1	Sornavari	Animal manure
2	Samba	High quality
3	Navarai	Fruits, vegetables
4	Organic farming	Chittirai pattam
5	TANTEA	Adipattam

ANSWER KEY

- |      |       |       |
|------|-------|-------|
| 1. a | 6. d  | 11. b |
| 2. d | 7. a  | 12. b |
| 3. b | 8. b  | 13. a |
| 4. d | 9. a  | 14. c |
| 5. c | 10. a | 15. a |

16. Match the following

		Answers
1	Sornavari	Chittirai pattam
2	Samba	Adipattam
3	Navarai	Fruits, vegetables
4	Organic farming	Animal manure
5	TANTEA	High quality