

## SHRI VIDHYABHARATHI MATRIC HR.SEC.SCHOOL SAKKARAMPALAYAM, AGARAM (PO) ELACHIPALAYAM TIRUCHENGODE(TK), NAMAKKAL (DT) PIN-637202

**Cell:** 99655-31727, 99655-35967

### **PUBLIC EXAMINATION - MARCH - 2023**

**STD:** XII 15.03.2023

SUBJECT: ENGLISH TENTATIVE ANSWER KEY MARKS: 90

#### **PART -I (Q.NO.1 - 20)**

<u>PART -I (Q.NO.1 - 20)</u> <b>SYNONYMS</b> 3X1=3		
1.	liable – (b) likely	<b>y</b>
2.	impudent – (a) disrespectful	
3.	Chaos – (a) confusion	
ANTO	DNYMS	3X1=3
4.	We can't <u>appreciate</u> light if we haven't known darkness x (d) co (Text book P.No. 69)	ndemn
5.	splendor x (b) simplicity	
6.	sophisticated x (c) primitive	
VOCA	BULARY	14X1=14
7.	(b) protect himself from difficulty	
8.	(d) be well organized	
9.	(d) screen	
10.	(b) most important work	
11.	(d) According to	
12.	(d) because	
13.	(c) Hood	
14.	(b) put off	
15.	(b) espionage	
16.	(d) Noun + Noun	
17.	(a) im	
18.	(a) Indian Mountaineering Foundation (Text Book P.No. 116)(D	o you know)
19.	(a) shall we	
20.	(d) champion	

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PART -II(Q.N	<u>0.21-30)</u>	7x2=14	
SECTION -1 APP	RECIATION	4x2=8	
(a) The word "we" refers to the soldiers.			
<b>(b)</b> They could watch the mowers trimming	ng the grass and leveling	g the <b>lawns.</b>	
(a) The second stage (Boyhood)is being re-	ferred here.		
(b) Simile			
	•		
_	people in the world are	e referred here to	
		<del>7)</del>	
(b) Crimson Cluster			
(a) Three suns "doesn't mean three days, b	out rather three years.		
(b) knowledge/adventure.			
_	-	described here.	
<b>(b)</b> 'Prone brow' means the eye –brow tha	t looks downwards.		
SECTION -2	GRAMMAR	3x2=6	
Raju said that he had been playing tennis the whole morning			
raja sara titat ne naa seen playing tem	iis the whole morning	3	
They did not invite me to the party.	iis the whole morning	3	
,			
They did not invite me to the party.			
They did not invite me to the party.  You must do these exercises regularly of	or/orelse/ otherwise yo		
They did not invite me to the party.  You must do these exercises regularly or recover.	or/orelse/ otherwise yo	<u></u>	
They did not invite me to the party.  You must do these exercises regularly or recover.  When we went home, the work was over.	or/orelse/ otherwise yo	ou will not 7x3=21	
They did not invite me to the party.  You must do these exercises regularly or recover.  When we went home, the work was over.  PART –III (Q.NO.31-40)	or/orelse/ otherwise yo	ou will not 7x3=21	
They did not invite me to the party.  You must do these exercises regularly or recover.  When we went home, the work was over.  PART -III (Q.NO.31-40)  i) Explain any two of the following with	or/orelse/ otherwise yo	ou will not 7x3=21	
They did not invite me to the party.  You must do these exercises regularly of recover.  When we went home, the work was over.  PART -III (Q.NO.31-40)  i) Explain any two of the following with Reference:	or/orelse/ otherwise you	ou will not 7x3=21	
They did not invite me to the party.  You must do these exercises regularly of recover.  When we went home, the work was over.  PART -III (Q.NO.31-40)  i) Explain any two of the following with Reference: Poem: "THE CASTLE" Poet: EDWIN MUIR Explanation:	or/orelse/ otherwise you	ou will not 7x3=21	
They did not invite me to the party.  You must do these exercises regularly or recover.  When we went home, the work was over.  PART -III (Q.NO.31-40)  i) Explain any two of the following with Reference: Poem: "THE CASTLE" Poet: EDWIN MUIR Explanation: Reference:	h reference to the co	ou will not 7x3=21	
They did not invite me to the party.  You must do these exercises regularly or recover.  When we went home, the work was over.  PART -III (Q.NO.31-40)  i) Explain any two of the following with Reference: Poem: "THE CASTLE" Poet: EDWIN MUIR Explanation: Reference: Poem: "ALL THE WORLD'S A STAGE"	h reference to the co  - 1 - 1 - 1	ou will not 7x3=21	
They did not invite me to the party.  You must do these exercises regularly or recover.  When we went home, the work was over.  PART -III (Q.NO.31-40)  i) Explain any two of the following with Reference: Poem: "THE CASTLE" Poet: EDWIN MUIR Explanation: Reference: Poem: "ALL THE WORLD'S A STAGE" Poet: WILLIAM SHAKESPEARE	h reference to the co  - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	ou will not 7x3=21	
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	<ul> <li>(a) The word "we" refers to the soldiers.</li> <li>(b) They could watch the mowers trimming</li> <li>(a) The second stage (Boyhood) is being reference (b) Simile</li> <li>(a) Free imagination helps to bring about a (b) "Transferred Epithet' is used here. The dislike the change.</li> <li>(a) The casuarina tree is the giant here.</li> <li>(b) Crimson Cluster</li> <li>(a) Three suns "doesn't mean three days, be (b) knowledge/adventure.</li> <li>(a) The chief of the French army, Napoleo (b) 'Prone brow' means the eye –brow that</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(a) The word "we" refers to the soldiers.</li> <li>(b) They could watch the mowers trimming the grass and leveling</li> <li>(a) The second stage (Boyhood)is being referred here.</li> <li>(b) Simile</li> <li>(a) Free imagination helps to bring about a change in the world.</li> <li>(b) "Transferred Epithet' is used here. The people in the world are dislike the change.</li> <li>(a) The casuarina tree is the giant here.</li> <li>(b) Crimson Cluster</li> <li>(a) Three suns "doesn't mean three days, but rather three years.</li> <li>(b) knowledge/adventure.</li> <li>(a) The chief of the French army, Napoleon Bonaparte's action is (b) 'Prone brow' means the eye –brow that looks downwards.</li> </ul> SECTION -2 GRAMMAR	

	ii) Answer any two of the following briefly:	2x3=6		
34.	• The narrator is very impressed by the hard work and zest exhibit brothers.	ted by the two		
	• His visit was coming to an end, so the narrator offered help as the last sign of			
	goodwill. Jacopo requested the narrator to take them to Poleta	, which was 30		
	km away.			
	• Since the narrator had already given the day off to his driver,	he volunteered		
	to drive the boys, himself.	• 6		
<b>35.</b>				
20	<ul> <li>living. The business of living is the celebration of being alive.</li> <li>Suganthi, from the neighbouring street, came by and put her baby l</li> </ul>			
36.	the chair.	by brother on		
	<ul> <li>It was only from then on that the children got over the fear of s</li> </ul>	itting on the		
	chair.	itting on the		
	iii) Answer any three of the following briefly:	3x3=9		
37.	(a) (ii) soul			
	(b) (ii) swallow			
	(c) (iii) invention			
38.	(a) I get up at 7'O clock in the morning			
	(b) Discipline is the most essential virtue one should acquire when y	· ·		
	(c) I solemnly pledge myself to consecrate my life to the service of h	umanity.		
39.	Preparation of mango juice  Four or five mangoes are taken and weeked well. They are wi	nod dry and		
	Four or five mangoes are taken and washed well. They are wiped dry and cut into pieces of medium size . The seeds are removed. Then the mangoes are put			
	into the mixer. Some milk is added. The mangoes are crushed and a	_		
	obtained. This liquid is filtered and the juice is stored in the refriger	-		
	taken out whenever needed and after adding sugar, it is served in cu			
40.	(a) Kodaikanal	1		
	(b) Trichi – 35°C			
	(c) Chennai, Trichi, Madurai			
	PART -IV(Q.NO.41-47)	7x5=35		
41.	a) A NICE CUP OF TEA			
	- GEORGE ORWELL			
	Eric Arthur Blair, better known by his pen name George Orwell, was an English			
	novelist, essayist, journalist and critic, whose work in marked l	• -		
	awareness of social injustice, opposition to totalitarianism and out	spoken support		
	of democratic socialism.  "Tea is one of the main stays of civilizations in this country."			
	"Tea is one of the main stays of civilizations in this country" - George	e Orwell		
	One of the most influential statement of the British 'way of tea' is C			

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essay. 'A nice cup of tea published in the evening standard on 12 January 1946. It was written at a time when tea was rationed and is short supply, against the backdrop of serve food shortage across Europe. The process of tea making is a subject matter of violent disputes. The author has come up with eleven golden rules for preparation of a nice tea. First he begins to insist on using an Indian or Ceylonese Tea, to feel wiser, braver and more optimistic. Tea should be made in small quantities' in a china or earthenware. The pot should be warmed beforehand. Tea should always be strong and it should be put straight into the teapot. We should take the teapot to the kettle and after making tea, one should stir it well. Tea should be drunk out of a cylindrical type of cup, as it hold more tea. Milk that is too creamy always given the tea, a sickly taste. So we should pour the cream of the milk. Two of these rules are generally agreed by the public, but at least four other are actually controversial. 'What should be poured first in the cup' has become a subject of controversial points. George Orwell says that one should pour tea first in the cup. While most of the people prefer to add sugar in the tea, the author says to add pepper or salt to it. If we drink tea without sugar for a fortnight, we would never ruin tea by sweetening it again. He claims that there are some mysterious social etiquette surrounding the tea pot. It is vulgar to drink tea out of one's saucer. There are some subsidiary uses of tea leaves such as telling fortunes, predicting the arrival of visitors, feeding rabbits, healing burns and sweeping the carpet.

#### (OR)

#### b) ON THE RULE OF THE ROAD

- A.G.GARDINER

#### Introduction:

A.G. Gardiner was a British journalist and author. He was a prolific essayist. and his style and subject matter easily qualified him to be categorized as what the English would call a very civilized gentleman. His essay "On the Rule of the Road' was included in one of Gardiner's compilations titled "Leaves in the Wind". In this essay he describes the difference between 'personal liberty' and 'public liberty'.

<u>The Stout Lady</u>: A stout lady was walking with her basket down the middle of a street in Petrogard.

When she was asked to walk on the pavement which was meant for pedestrians she replied that she would walk where she liked since she got liberty.

The Result of Personal Liberty: If the pedestrians walked down the middle of the road, the end of such liberty would be universal chaos. Everybody would be getting in everybody else's way and nobody would get anywhere. Individual liberty would have become social anarchy.

The Traffic Policeman: The policeman is the symbol not of tyranny, but of liberty. So that the liberties of all may be preserved, the liberties of everybody must be curtailed. When we are in hurry and see our car pulled up by his rudeness and feel that our liberty has been outraged. We feel that how would be interfere with our free use of the public highway. A reasonable person would not

allow his actions to cause inconvenience to others.

He should submit (imply) himself to a curtailment of private liberty .so that a maelstrom (Utter confusion) would be averted anywhere and social order could be maintained.

Definition of Liberty: Liberty is not a personal affair only, but a social contract. It is an accommodation of interest. I can wear any kind of clothes, dye my hair or wax my moustache or wear an overcoat and sandal or go to bed late and wake up late, follow any religion I shall follow my fancy and no one has the right to ask me. Public Liberty: We have a whole kingdom in which we can rule alone, can do what we choose, be wise or ridiculous, harsh or easy, conventional or odd. But when we step out of it we should qualify ourselves so that it will not affect other's liberty. For eg: if I want to practise trombone from midnight till three in my bedroom or in the street then I am interfering in other people's liberty because they would like to sleep in quiet.

<u>Small Matters of Conduct</u>: There are lot of people in the world and we have to accommodate our liberty to theirs. We forget this and we are much more conscious of the imperfections of others in this respect. <u>A reasonable consideration for the rights or feelings of others is the foundation of social conduct</u>. It is in this matter of conduct, we must observe the rules of the road. We pass judgement upon ourselves and declare that we are civilized or uncivilized.

<u>Conclusion</u>: The great moments of heroism and sacrifice are rare. It is the little habits of common place intercourse that make up the great sum of life that sweeten or make bitter our journey.

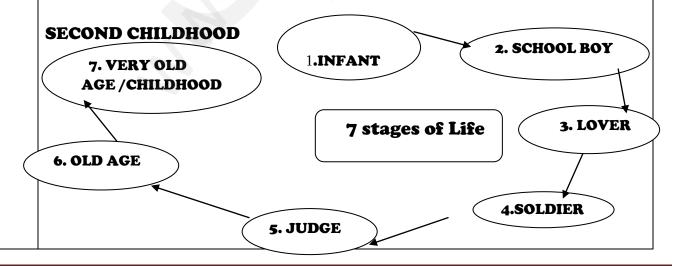
"Liberty means responsibility. That is why most men dread it".

#### 42. a)

## ALL THE WORLD'S A STAGE

#### - WILLIAM SHAKESPEARE

'All the world's a stage' is an extract from the play 'As you like it', a romantic romedy by Shakespeare. It is spoken by Jacques in Act II. scene VII. In this poem, shakespeare Compares the 'World' to a 'stage', and 'life' to a 'play'. He has livided life into seven stages each having its own Varied qualities and features.



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Shakespeare says that a world is a stage. All men and woman are only actors. The stage has both 'entrances' (birth) and 'exits' (death). With the birth of an 'infant' begins the first stage of man's life. In this stage the child whispers in mewing style and vomits, on the arms of the care taking nurse. The baby grows and reaches the second stages, the unhappy school boy, reluctantly moving like a snail to school. In the **third stage**, man plays the role of a lover. He sighs like a furnace. He Keeps on writing ballads praising the beauty of the eyebrows of his beloved. The next stage, he gets shifted to the 'Zone of bravery'. Here he acts as a soldier in the fourth stage. He Keeps a beard like that of a leopard. He always runs after honors and fame. "He is ready even to enter a cannon's mouth fast for momentary glory and bubble of reputation." In the **fifth stage**, man plays the role of a justice. He is fond of eating chicken and develops a fat round belly. He is full of wise sayings and modern instances. He is a man of wisdom and knowledge. In the sixth stage, man becomes weak and thin in body. He wears slippers, spectacles and clothes that he bought when he was young. These pants and stocking have become loose for his shrunk and thin legs. The seventh stage is the 'second childhood'. In this stage, man becomes very old and starts behaving like a child. His manly Voice changes into childish treble. Slowly he loses his faculties of 'sight', 'hearing', 'smell' and 'taste' . Finally he exits the world.

(OR)

## b) INCIDENT OF THE FRENCH CAMP - ROBERT BROWNING

The poem 'The Incident of the French Camp' written by Robert Browning narrates an actual incident in the war in 1809 between France and Austria, led by Napoleon. **Napoleon has been a great motivator to his army. His Military skill and genius have won him many admirers.** When the poem begins, we get a description of the great warrior Napoleon standing on a little mound and watching the war anxiously. His mind was oppressive with many thoughts and he felt that all his ambition plans would become futile if they failed (the army leader Lannes) to conquer Ratisbon.

Out twixt the battery-smokes there flew.

A rider, bound on bound

Though the poem does not give a detailed description of the battle, **We** come to know that the young boy has played a vital role in bringing triumph to the French army. The young boy riding at great speed approached the mound where Napoleon stood, in smiling joy. As he came closer, the narrator observed that the rider, a young boy, was severely mounded. The boy had kept his lips compressed to stop the blood coming

Kindly send me your questions and answerkeys to us: Padasalai.Net@gmail.com

through. But he showed no sign of pain and jumped off the

horse and gave the happy news of Victory to the emperor. He informed the emperor that they had won Ratisbon for him and he himself had hoisted the flag of France. Soon his eyes softened when he saw that the boy was fatally wounded. Like a caring mother eagle, he asked the boy if he was wounded. This question touched the soldier's pride and he replied that he was killed and fell dead, smiling beside his chief. Courage and patriotism are the basic qualities of not only an emperor, but also every soldier. Soldiers fight their enemy not only for monetary considerations, but for the honour of their motherland. It is evident that the young soldier obtained virtues like devotion to duty, patriotism, gallantry and chivalry from Napoleon, the legendary warrior.

"A Man is a Patriot if his heart beats true to his Country"

43. a) LIFE OF PI

#### **-YANN MARTEL**

The famous novel "Life of Pi" is an abridged (shortened) version written by a Spanish born canadian authorYann Martel published in 2001 become internationally famous and awarded the Man Booker prize in 2002. Pi recounts the ordeal (sufferings) he faced in the middle of the pacific ocean after the ship wreck. That is The Protagonist is Piscine Molitor "Pi" patel an Indian boy from Pondicherry survives 227 days after a shipwreck while stranded on a lifeboat in the Pacific Ocean with a Bengal tiger named Richard Parker. The Crisis in the mid ocean brought the pathetic experience where pi became lone and orphaned and in the state of shock. He found himself in the company of Richard Parker, a tiger, a Zebra, Monkey (orange juice) and Hyena. After two and a half days of drifting in the lifeboat, Pi discovered that Richard Parker was on board just below him. They were literally and figuratively in the same boat. Parker was unusually quiet because of sea-sickness and the impact of heavy sedation might be given to him by Pi's father.

# I pinned by weakness to the tarpaulin. Even thinking was exhausting .....

He managed the fear of the animals but he could not manage the thirst. His throat was parched he felt very thirsty. His blood had thickened. His leg had become stiff. The author calls it "liquid life". When Pi was dying of thirst, he forgot his fear of Richard Parkar. His thirst overpowered his fear of Richard parkar and he went about exploring for fresh water. A little later, he succeeded in his search and came back to life and senses after drinking the Elixir of life. His mouth became moist and soft. He was coming back to life from the dead. Pi accepted that the parker calmed him down. He said that one who scared him brought him peace. He wanted to tame him. His attitude was that the tiger would die first. But suddenly he realized that part of him loved the tiger. He did not want to be left alone. So he wanted to live with the tiger. At last Pi's boat

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reached an island. Richard Parker jumped and walked away without even looking back at Pi. Pi was found by ship and reunited with his family.

#### **MORAL:**

"The great lesson that one should focus on living even in the most adverse situation is life"

#### (OR)

#### b)

#### THE MIDNIGHT VISITOR

#### -ROBERT ARTHUR

#### "Appearances are often deceptive"

Robert Jay Arthur jr. (1909-1969) was an America writer who specialised in crime and Mystery fiction. The story 'The Midnight Visitor' narrator how Ausable 'outsmarted' the deadly criminal with his 'resourcefulness' and 'presence of mind'. Ausable was a secret agent. He was a fat and sloppy fellow. In his appearance, he did not seem to be a romantic figure. He came to paris from Boston twenty years ago. He could speak French and German fairly well. He had not-lost the American accent. He was very intelligent person, He had a great presence of mind. Aside from his appearance, Ausable is a fitting secret agent to the core. Ausable did not fit any description of a secret agent Fowler had every read. Following hm down the musty corridor of the gloomy French hotel where Ausable had a room, Fowler felt let down and disappointed on meaty Ausable

"You are disappointed," Ausable said wheezily over his shoulder. "You were told that I was a secret agent, a spy, dealing in espionage and danger

He had a different picture of a secret agent in his mind. Fowler was thrilled when he entered Ausable's room because half way across the room he saw a tall man with a small automatic pistol is his hand. That was Fowler's first authentic thrill of the day. "The Unexpected presence of a criminal wielding a gun triggers different reactions in the two men who entered the room. This is evident in the story of the "The Midnight Visitor". Max, a criminal had hatched an evil plan to take the confidential report concerning a new missile from Ausable a secret **agent**. Seeing that the criminal had been determined getting the report Ausable was shocked. But his presence of mind was more powerful than the shock. He pretended to be unaffected by this and moved to an armchair and sat down heavily. He told max that there was a balcony just below his window. He told max that the balcony was the part of the next room. He also complained that it was second time in a month that somebody had entered his room using the balcony. When the knock was heard, Asuable Very cleverly made up a story and told max that it would be the police whom he had called to protect the important report. This made max' black with anger' as he backed swiftly towards the Window. Amusing that there was a balcony. He fell straight from the sixth floor to the ground. He was dead.

The balcony in this story plays a significant role to get rid of a criminal. Thus Ausable outwit max using his wit and quick wisdom.

Fowler was disappointed to meet him at the beginning of the story, was very much impressed with his intelligence and presence of the mind at the end of the story. Moral: "Never late your emotions Overpower your intelligence" (a) Write a summary or make notes of the following passage: 44. Summarizing **Format** Rough Draft/Copy - 1 Mark Suitable Title - 1 Mark Fair Draft/Copy - 3 Marks (An exceptional summary can be awarded Maximum Marks. The number of words in the Fair Draft need not be taken into account) (OR) (b) Any suitable Answer (a) From 45. XXX, S / O Dr. Jose Paul, Palayamkottai. To The Headmaster, Cathedral Higher Secondary School, Palayamkottai. Sir, **Sub:** Issuance of duplicate Mark Sheet - Reg. I would like to inform you that I passed class XII in March 2018. My registration number is AA065784. Unfortunately, I lost my original mark sheet while travelling a few days ago. Hence, I request you to issue me a duplicate mark sheet. Thanking you Yours Faith fully, 15.03.2023 XXX  $\mathbf{X}\mathbf{X}$ (OR) (b) 63, Queens Street, Nazareth, 16 Mar, 20xx. My dear friend, Hope this letter finds you in a good state of mind. Only today I came to know that you are admitted in the Bell hospital, Tirunelveli for treatment of Fractured leg. Proper treatment and systematic medication will easily make you healthy. You need to take nutritious food regularly to sustain your health. Don't worry about anything. Think positively. I'm with you always. I'm ready to help you financially. Be in touch with me for your assistance. Though I'm your friend,

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you are one among our family members. Be of good cheers and I pray for your speedy recovery. Convey my love and regards to your parents. Yours sincerely, XXXa) Read the following sentences, spot the errors and rewrite the sentences 46. correctly (i) Usha is not only a writer but **also** an orator. (ii) Though she is weak **but** she is active. (iii) The bus conductor gave me **a** one rupee coin. (iv) Children prefer sweets **to** snacks (v) Pradeep is my cousin **brother**. (OR) (b) Fill in the blanks suitably. (i) I had no **peace**. My friend gave me a **piece** of advice (ii) How <u>dare</u> you open my bag! (iii) We **saw** a wonderful film at the cinema last night. (iv) **Shopping** is my favourite hobby. (a) Any suitable Answer 47. (OR) (b) Read the following passage and answer the questions in your own words. (i) Timber harvesting is a major reason for the destruction of the forests. (ii) Trees are used for building houses, making furniture and providing pulp for paper products, such as newspapers and magazines. (iii) The are being destroyed at an alarming rate especially in the tropics. (iv) Trees cover about 30 percent of the earth's surface. (v) Timber

## Department of English

SHRI VIDHYABHARATHI MATRIC HR.SEC.SCHOOL SAKKARAMPALAYAM, AGARAM (PO) ELACHIPALAYAM TIRUCHENGODE(TK), NAMAKKAL (DT) PIN-637202

**Cell:** 99655-31727, 95781 - 91671.



சிரசு மள்ளி மாணவர்களுக்கு தனி கவனம் செலுத்தப்பும்

் தினசர், வராந்தே மற்றும் முறு தேர்வுகள் நடத்தப்பதம்

NEET-ல் அலுவம் வாய்ந்த ஆசிரயிகள்

மா. வார்யாக புத்தகங்கள் மற்றும் வினா-விடை வழங்கப்பதம்

99655-31727 ,,94432-31727

L.K.G. முதல் +2 வரை அட்மிசன் முன்பதிவு நடைபெறுகிறது.

