

TRB BEO-2023

Block Educational Officer

UNIT-2-ENGLISH

Important Questions With Keys

1. The Miracle plays principle deal with the miracles performed by-
 - (a) Magic
 - (b) Supernatural powers
 - (c) Saints and Sages**
 - (d) Personified Vices and Virtues
2. The Mystery plays deal with-
 - (a) The life and deeds of the saints
 - (b) Biblical Themes**
 - (c) Heaven and Hell
 - (d) Moral values
3. What is the most significant feature of the Morality plays?
 - (a) They present Biblical figures
 - (b) They present saints and sages
 - (c) They present Vices and Virtues as personified figures**
 - (d) They symbolize Christian moral values
4. Why were the Interludes introduced?
 - (a) They had better theatrical effect

(b) They pleased the common class of the spectators

(c) They provided comic relief

(d) They dealt with the real problems of life

5. Everyman was the most famous play of the 15th century. It was a_

(a) Morality play

(b) Mystery play

c) Miracle play

(d) An Interlude

6. Virtues and Vices are personified in-

(a) The Moralities

(b) The Mysteries

(c) The Miracles

(d) The Interludes

7. There were four famous theatrical Cycles enacting the Morality plays. One of the following four names given below is wrong. Which one?

(a) York Cycle

(b) Towneley Cycle

(c) Chester Cycle

(d) Charles Cycle

8. John Heywood's Interlude entitled 4pp (or 4p's) caricatures four professionals whose pro-fessions begins with P. In the four professionals listed below, one is wrong. Which one?

(a) The palmer

(b) The pardoner

(c) The piper

(d) The pedlar

9. In some of the plays, an 'Epilogue' appears. At what stage of the plot does the Epilogue appear?

(a) In the beginning of the play

(b) At the end of the play

(c) At the end of the Third Act

(d) At any stage where its presence is felt necessary

10. Into which stanza form is Pope's Essay on Criticism written?

(A) Blank Verse (B) **Heroic Couplets** (C) Free Verse (D) Eight Parts

11. What is the function of the Chorus in a play?

(a) **The Chorus explains the past and the future events in the play**

(b) At Chorus represents the views of the dramatist

(c) The Chorus is a band of singers who sing

(d) The Chorus comes to declare the ending of an Act

12. Strophe, Antistrophe and Epode are the component parts of?

(A) **Pindaric Ode**

(B) Horatian Ode

(C) Sophoclean Chorus

(D) Aeschylian Chorus

13. The Concept of 'Tension' in poetry was advanced by:

(A) R.P. Blackmur (B) Austin Warren (C) Cleanth Brooks (D) **Allen Tate**

14. Name the earliest dramatist who wrote his plays in Blank Verse?

(A) John Lyly (B) **Marlowe** (C) Shakespeare (D) Ben Johnson

15. Each stanza in Shelley's Adonais has :

(A) Seven lines (B) **Nine lines** (C) Fourteen lines (D) Eight line

16. What is Spenserian stanza?

(A) It is a nine-line stanza consisting of two quatrains in iambic pentameter, rounded off with an Alexandrine in the last line.

(B) It is a nine-line stanza of which the first line is an Alexandrian following by two quatrains in iambic pentameter

(C) It is a nine-line stanza consisting of two iambic pentameter quatrains rounded off by an iambic hexameter

(D) It is a nine-line stanza made up of four Heroic Couplets rounded off with an unrhymed line

17. In Which work does Spenser use the Spenserian stanza for the first time?

(A) The Faerie Queene

(B) Amoretti

(C) The Shepheard's Calendar

(D) Astrophel

18. What is Blank Verse?

(A) Blank Verse has no metre and no rhyme

(B) Blank Verse has a metre but no rhyme

(C) Blank Verse has rhyme but no metre

(D) Blank Verse has both rhyme and metre but no rhyme

19. What is Free Verse?

(A) Free Verse has no metre and no rhyme

(B) Free Verse has rhyme but no meter

25. The 'Coffee House Culture' flourished in

(A) The Age of Dr. Johnson

(B) The Age of Dryden

(C) The Age of Wordsworth

(D) The Age of Ben Jonson

26. "But Europe at that time was thrilled with joy,

France standing on the top of golden hours

And human nature seeming born again."

Which 'time' is Wordsworth referring to in these lines?

(A) The Age of Renaissance

(B) The beginning of the Industrial Age

(C) The period of the French Revolution

(D) The period of discoveries of new lands

27. "Bliss was it in that dawn to be alive,

But to be young was very heaven." These lines occur in Wordsworth's

(A) Tin tern Abbey

(B) The Excursion

(C) The Prelude

(D) Immortality Ode

28. Tennyson was appointed the poet Laureate after

(A) Robert Southey

(B) William Wordsworth

(C) S.T. Coleridge

(D) Robert Browning

29. Who Succeeded Robert Bridges as the Poet Laureate of England?

(A) John Masefield

(B) W.B. Yeats

(C) Rudyard Kipling

(D) Rupert Brooke

30. Oh, East is East, and West is West,

And never the Twain can meet." Who holds this view?

(A) A.E. Houseman (B) G.B. Shaw (C) **Rudyard Kipling** (D) W.B. Yeats

31. In which year was Bernard Shaw awarded the Nobel Prize?

(A) 1920 (B) **1925** (C) 1930 (D) 1932

32. E.M. Forster's A Passage to India deals with

(A) Ancient Indian Culture (B) Arrival of the Britishers in India

(C) **Relationship between the Britishers and Indians**

(D) Discovery of the Sea-route to India

33. Who was he lived to be 'a classicist in literature, royalist in politics, and Anglo-Catholic in religion'?

(A) Ezra Pound (B) Rudyard Kipling (C) George Orwell (D) **T.S. Eliot**

34. The exodus of Greek scholars and artists from their country started after

(A) **The fall of Constantinople at the hands of the Turks**

(B) The defeat of the Greeks in the War of Troy

(C) The death of Alexander, the Great (D) the death Homer

35. The Renaissance spirit is best expressed in

(A) **Spenser's Faerie Queene** (B) Shakespeare's Historical Plays

(C) Bacon's Essays

(D) Ben Johnson's Comedies of Humours

36. One of the following poets did not belong to the group called the Metaphysical Poets Identify him

- (A) Andrew Marvell (B) Richard Crashaw
(C) George Herbert (D) **Henry Vaughan**

37. One of the following dramatists did not write Comedies of Manners. Identify him

- (A) William Wycherley (B) William Congreve
(C) **John Dryden** (D) Andrew Marvell

38. Who were the authors of the Lyrical Ballads?

- (A) Wordsworth and Walter Scott (B) Wordsworth and Southey
(C) **Wordsworth and Coleridge** (D) Wordsworth and Thomson

39. The Romantic Movement in English Poetry started with the publication of

- (A) Thomson's Seasons (B) **Wordsworth's Lyrical Ballads**

(C) Coleridge's Biographic Liter aria (D) Byron's Childe Harold's Pilgrimage

40. The Romantic Movement is also called 'The Romantic Revival' because it revived against

- (A) The Metaphysical School of Poetry
(B) The Graveyard School of Poetry
(C) The Elizabethan Poetry
(D) **The Neo-classical School of Poetry**

From which of Shelley's poems are these lines Quoted?

- (A) A Lament (B) The poet's Dream (C) **To a Skylark** (D) To the Night

110. What is the name of the beautiful pastoral forest in As You Like It ?

- (A) The forest of Windsor (B) **The forest of Arden**
(C) The forest of Arcadia (D) The Forest of Avon

111." She Lived unknown, few could know

When Lucy ceased to be:

But She is in her grave , and ,ah,

The difference to me! "

Who was Lucy on whom Wordsworth wrote a group of beautiful lyrical poems?

- (A)She was only an imaginary girl
(B)She was a real girl whom Wordsworth loved and who died very young

(C)She was the daughter of his dear friend Coleridge

(D)She was Wordsworth's classmate in school days

112. Who is the poet who wrote the popular lyrical poem The Solitude of Alexander Selkirk?

- (A) Robert Burns (B) Walter Scott (C) W. Cowper (D) Abraham Cowley

113. What is the most Distinctive feature of an Ode?

163. In a letter to Pope, Swift wrote: "I heartily hate and detest that animal called Man. "This is the central theme of one of his novels.

- (A) **Gulliver's travels** (B) The Battle of the Books
(C) A Tale of the Tub (D) A Modest Proposal

164. Swift wrote in one of his works: "A young healthy child, well-nursed, is at a year old, a most delicious, nourishing, and wholesome food, whether stewed, roasted, baked or boiled. "Where does he make this observation/

- (A) **A Modest Proposal** (B) Journal to Stella
(C) The Draper's Letters (D) Gulliver's Travels

165. Who was the most illustrious pupil Plato?

- (a) **Aristotle** (b) Longinus (c) Aristophanes (d) Socrates

166. Belinda is completely broken-hearted about her clipped lock of hair. The poet consoles her in the end by saying-

- (A) That her hair would grow again very soon
(B) That sylphs and nymphs would fly up and shine among the stars

(C) That the clipped lock of her hair would fly up and shine among the stars

167. "Milton ! thou should'st be living at this hour."

- (A) Personification **(B) Apostrophe** (C) Alliteration (D) Irony

168. How high his honour holds his haughty head!

221. "If music be the food of love, play on, Give me excess of it, that, surfeiting The appétit may sicken and so die." Which of the following plays of Shakespeare begins with these lines?

- (a) **Twelfth Night** (b) As You Like
(c) Two Gentlemen of Verona (d) Much Ado About Nothing

222. "Under the greenwood tree; Who loves to lie with me, Come hither, come hither, come hither." In which of the following comedies does this song appear?

- (a) Love's Labour's Lost (b) A Midsummer Night's Dream
(c) Twelfth Night (d) **As You Like It**

223. "This rough magic; Here I abjure..... I will break my staff; Bury it certain fathoms in the earth,....., I'll drown my book." Who speaks these words?

- (a) Oberon (b) Doctor Faustus (c) **Prospero** (d) Puck

224. Which was the last play written by Shakespeare?

- (a) Cymbeline (b) **The Tempest** (c) The Winter's Tale (d) Pericles

225. "Full fathom five thy father lies; Of his bones are coral made; Those are pearls that were his eyes." Who speaks these words?

- (a) Bottom (b) **Ariel** (c) Caliban (d) Touchstone

(a) **Malory's Morte de Arthur** (b) Thorton's Morted' Arthur

(c) Roger Ascham's The School Master (d) Holinshed's Chronicles

278. What is the central theme of Layamon's Brute?

(a) Glory of ancient England (b) Victories of England

(c) **King Arthur and His Knights of the Round Table**

(d) Dynasty of English monarchs

279. Wyclif's Bible translation of:

(a) Greek Texts (b) **Latin Texts** (c) Hebrew Texts (d) Anglo-Saxon Texts

280. In which year did John Wyclif render the Bible into English?

(a) 1480 (b) **1380** (c) 1280 (d) 1400

281. Which of the following is the earliest version of the Bible?

(a) **William Tyndale's English New Testament**

(b) Miles Coverdale's English Bible

(c) Cromwell's Great Bible

(d) King James's Authorised Version of the Bible

282. Who is the author of Novum Organum?

(a) **Bacon** (b) Ben Jonson (c) Malory (d) Raphael Holinshed

283. What was the central theme of Milton's Areopagitica?

(a) To defend the cause of the Regicides

(b) To condemn the deeds of the Regicides

(a) **A Tale of the Tub** (b) The Battle of the Books

(c) Gulliver's Travels (d) Cadenus and Vanessa

343. In a letter to Pope, Swift wrote, "I heartily hate and detest that animal called Man." This is the central theme of one of his novels. Which is it?

(a) **Gulliver's Travels** (b) The Battle of the Books

(c) A Tale of the Tub (d) Cadenus and Vanessa

344. Swift wrote in one of his works, "A young health child, well nursed, is at a year old, a most delicious, nourishing and wholesome food, whether stewed, roasted, baked or boiled." Where does he make this observation?

(a) **A Modest Proposal** (b) Journal to Stella

(c) The Draper's Letters (d) Cadenus and Vanessa

345. Who is considered to be the most important Historical novelist of the Romantic Period?

(a) John Galt (b) Jane Austen (c) **Walter Scott** (d) Maria Edge worth

346. "It is a truth universally acknowledged that a single man in possession of a good fortune must be in want of a wife." Which novel of Jane Austen opens with this sentence?

(a) **Pride and Prejudice** (b) Sense and Sensibility

(c) Emma (d) Mansfield Park

347. Which of the following novels is not written by Jane Austen?

401. An Elizabethan puritan critic denounced the poet as 'fathers of lies',
'schools of abue'

And 'caterpillars of a commonwealth'. Mark him out from the following critics:

(a) William Tyndale

(b) Roger Ascham

(c) Stephen Gosson

(d) Henry Howard

402. Philip Sidney's Apologie for poetrie is a defence of poetry against the charges brought against it by:

(a) Henry Howard

(b) Roger Ascham

(c) John Skelton

(d) Stephen Gosson

403. "It is not rhyming and versing that maketh a poet no more than a long gown maketh an advocate." Whose view is this?

(a) Shakespeare's

(b) Marlowe's

(c) Spenser's

(d) Sidney's

404. What does Sidney say about the observance of the Dramatic Unities in drama?

(a) They must be observed

(b) It is not necessary to observe them

(c) He favours the observance of the Unity of Action only

(d) Their observance depends upon the nature of the theme of the play

405. What does Ben Jonson mean by a 'Humorous Character'?

(a) A character who is always cheerful and gay

(b) A character who is by nature melancholy

(A) Three Quatrains

(C) Two Quatrains and two Couplets

(D) One Quatrain and four Couplets (B) Six Couplet

449. In which poem Ezekiel calla himself 'a poet, rascal, clown'?

(A) Background Casualty

(B) Night of the Scorpions

(C) Philosophy

(D) Poem of the Separation

450. The Statute of Pleadings makes English the official language of the English Parliament in

(A) 1755

(B) 1362

(C) 1611

(D) 1879

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TRB BEO-2023

Block Educational Officer

Questions bank with keys

ENGLISH-UNIT-2

PART-I	Syllabus
UNIT-2	History Of English Literature
APPROACHES TO LITERATURE AT PRESENT DAY	
ENGLISH LANGUAGE AND GRAMMAR	

TRB BEO-ENGLISH -TEST-1-VIPKAVIYA COACHING CENTER-9600736379

1. _____ argues that cultural practices are structures like art, music, film sports

etc.

a. Feminist criticism

b. Marxist criticism

c. Feminist literary criticism

d. Cyberfeminism

2. Literature according to critics is _____

a. practical b. theoretical c. philosophical d. ideological.

3. Feminine phase came into existence in the year _____

- a. 1830-1860 b. 1840-1880 c. 1880-1890 d. 1870-1890

4. Who argued that a canon of women authors do exist?

- a. Spender b. F.R. Leavis c. Showalter d. Robin Lakoff

5. Elaine Showalter coined the term _____

- a. Feminism b. Gynocriticism c. Cyberfeminism d. Nationalism

6. English Education came to India in _____

- a. 1952 b. 1947 c. 1913 d. 1813

7. The approach which views language as a bundle of structures and learning is called ____.

- a. Structural b. Grammar Translation c. Natural Approach d. Humanistic

8. The method of teaching English adopted at present in school curriculum is _____.

- a. Formative Correlational Approach
b. Functional Communicative Approach
c. Natural Approach d. Humanistic

9. FCA is in opposition to _____.

- a. Structural Approach b. Comprehensive Approach

c. Translation and Grammar Method d. Functional Approach

10. Communicative Language Teaching replaced basically_____.

a. Natural Language Processing b. Structural Teaching

c. Structural Language Teaching d. Motivational Teaching

11. A test of listening comprehension is a test of

a) Receptive skill c) Hearing skill

b) Productive skill d) Phonology

12. Organization of arguments and ideas in paragraphs is an important aspect of

a) Writing essays c) Writing stories

b) Writing memos d) Writing personal letters

13. 'Brain storming' means

a) To collect all kinds of ideas on a topic

b) To do some mental exercise

c) To make efforts to understand something

d) To give some kind of stimulus to the brain

14. 'Interactive' listening is

a) Listening and responding

- b) Listening for mood and tone
 - c) Listening for word stress and emphasis
 - d) Listening for finding out speaker's attitude
15. Which of the following is an incorrect assumption in language teaching
- a) Learners acquire language by trying to use it in real situations
 - b) Learners' first language plays an important role in learning
 - c) Language teaching should have a focus in communicative activities
 - d) Language teaching should give importance to writing rather than speech
16. Reading skill can be developed best by
- a) Writing answers to questions on text
 - b) Focusing on the use of words from context in the text
 - c) Doing vocabulary exercises
 - d) Doing quizzes and playing word games
17. Mother tongue influence can be effectively minimized in the classroom by
- a) Using the mother tongue more often
 - b) Giving examples from the mother tongue
 - c) Giving a lot of exposure in the target language
 - d) Giving inputs from the target language in a simple, graded manner
18. Lord Jim (1900) was famous which of the following author?

- (a) Kingsley Amis (b) Joseph Conrad
(c) Rudyard Kipling (d) Wilkie Collins

19. "Made weak by time and fate, but strong in will To strive, to seek, to find, and not to yield." From which Dramatic Monologue are these lines quoted?

- (a) My Last Duchess (b) Evelyne Hope
(c) Ulysses (d) Rabbi Ben Ezra

20. What is the central theme of George Bernard Shaw's Man and Superman?

- (a) Man's evolution into superman
(b) The exposition of the latent faculties of man
(c) A woman's search for a fitting man
(d) Godly spark in man

21. The tragic plays of Galsworthy are-

- (a) Lyrical tragedies (b) Political tragedies
(c) Social tragedies (d) Psychological tragedies

22. "Fail I alone, in words and deeds? Why? all men strive and who succeeds?" From which Monologue are these lines quoted?

- (a) The Last Ride Together (b) Andrea del Sarto

(c) Rabbi Ben Ezra

(d) Ulysses

23. "Preface" to which of the following novels of Conrad expresses his theory of the novel?

(a) Lord Jim

(b) The Secret Agent

(c) Under Western Eyes

(d) Nigger of Narcissus

24. Mrs. Warren's Profession (1894) is a play by

(a) W.B Yeats

(b) G.B Shaw

(c) Harold Pinter

(d) George Osborne

25. A 'Soliloquy' is defined as the 'loud-thinking of a character. Who can hear this 'loud thinking'?

(a) The character himself

(b) The heroine of the play

(c) The characters present of the stage

(d) The whole audience.

26. How many Dramatic Unities were recommended by the Greeks?

(a) One central unity

(b) Two dramatic unities

(c) Three dramatic unities

(d) No number fixed

27. Thomas More got the inspiration for writing his Utopia from:

(a) Homer's Odyssey

(b) Aristotle's Poetics

(c) Plato's Republic

(d) Virgil's Aeneid

28. What is a Picaresque Novel?

- (a) A novel whose hero is a knight
- (b) A novel whose hero is a villain
- (c) A novel whose is a wandering rogue
- (d) A novel whose hero is subordinate to the heroine

29. One of the following novelists is not one of the 'Four Wheels of the Van of The English Novel'. Mark him out:

- (a) Fielding (b) Smollet (c) Walker Scott (d) Sterne

30. Which of the following plays of Shaw is a satire on bourgeois democracy?

- (a) The Apple Card (b) Man and Superman
- (c) Pygmalion (d) Arms and the Man

31. The Forsyte Saga (1906-22) by Galsworthy is a

- (a) Trilogy (b) Quartet (c) Sequence of novels (d) Single novel

32. Japanese 'Noh' drama, which Yeats and Pound followed, is essentially

- (a) Impressionistic (b) Expressionistic (c) Symbolic (d) Realistic

33. Whose ambition was it to achieve poetical poetical and legendry drama?

- (a) W.B. Yeats (b) G.B. Shaw (c) J.M. Synge (d) T.s. Eliot

34. Which of the following is a science fiction novel?

- (a) The Time Machine (b) Far From the Madding Crowd

(c) Pilgrimage

(d) The Three Sisters

35. E.M. Forster worked as secretary to the Maharaja of

(a) Jaipur (b) Jodhpur (c) Dewas Senior (d) Mysore

36. Who among the following said, "I have desired , like every artist, to create a little world Out of the beautiful, pleasant and significant things of the marred and clumsy world."

(a) T.S. Eliot (b) W.B. Yeats (c) A.C. Swinburne (d) W.H. Auden

37. The 'Coffee House Culture' flourished in

(A) The Age of Dr. Johnson (B) The Age of Dryden

(C) The Age of Wordsworth (D) The Age of Ben Jonson

38. Who Succeeded Robert Bridges as the Poet Laureate of England?

(A) John Masefield (B) W.B. Yeats

(C) Rudyard Kipling (D) Rupert Brooke

39. Which is supposed to be the first regular tragedy in English?

(a) Roister Doister (b) Gorboduc

(c) Morte de Arthur (d) Troylus and Cryseyde

40. The central theme of Galsworthy's Strife is-

(a) An individual in conflict with society

(b) Labour and capital conflict

(c) An individual in conflict with the system of law and justice

(d) Man in conflict with Nature

41. "The Law is what it is-a majestic edifice, sheltering all of us, each stone of which rests on another." In which play of Galsworthy do these lines occur?

(a) The Silver Box (b) Strife (c) Justice (d) Loyalties

42. Who is the author of the popular One-Act play A Night at an Inn?

(a) Stanley Houghton (b) Lord Dunsany

(c) Chekhov (d) Edward Percy

43. What is the central thought of G.B. Shaw's play Augustus Does His Bit?

(a) Anti-War ideology (b) War against the capitalist class

(c) Defence of the labour class (d) Socialistic ideology

44. What kind of play is Mr. Sampson by Charles Lee?

(a) An emotional tragedy (b) A melodramatic tragedy

(c) A delightful comedy (d) A satirical comedy

45. Dickens said about one of his novels: "I like this the best". Who novel was he referring to?

(a) Oliver Twist (b) Great Expectations

(c) A Tale of Two Cities (d) David Copperfield

46. James Joyce initiated:

(a) Surrealism Technique (b) Imaginative Technique

(c) Stream of Consciousness Technique (d) Episodic technique

47. Which of James Joyce's novels resembles a vast musical composition?

(a) Finnegans Wake (b) Ulysses

(c) Dubliners (d) Portrait of the Artist as a Young Man

48. Which of the following novels of D.H. Lawrence has autobiographical overtones?

(a) Women in Love (b) Rainbow

(c) Sons and Lovers (d) The White Peacock

49. D.H. Lawrence called one of his novels Thought Adventure. Which of these?

(a) The White Peacock (b) Women in Love

(c) Kangaroo (d) Rainbow

50. The phrase 'religion of the blood' is associated with:

(a) Virginia Woolf (b) James Joyce

(c) D.H. Lawrence (d) E.M. Forster

(a) C.S. Lewis (b) Northrop Frye (c) M.H. Abrams(d) F.R. Leavis

97. Who published the "Specimens of English Dramatic Poets"?

(a) William Hazlitt (b) Charles Lamb

(c) S.T. Coleridge (d) John Ruskin

98. The Spirit of the Age (1825) was written by

(a) S.T. Coleridge (b) William Hazlitt

(c) Charles Lamb (d) Thomas Carlyle

99. "On the knocking at the Gate in Macbeth" is the work of

(a) Walter Savage Landor (b) Charles Lamb

(c) A.C. Bradley (d) Thomas De Quincey

100. De Quincey's essay on Macbeth can be accused of

(a) Pathetic fallacy (b) Intentional fallacy

(c) Affective fallacy(d) Critical bigotry

101. Matthew Arnold raised his voice against

(a) Judicial criticism (b) Theoretical criticism

(c) Practical criticism (d) Historical criticism

102. Who prophesized that poetry would replace religion?

(a) P.B. Shelley(b) William Wordsworth(c) Matthew Arnold(d) T.S. Eliot

d)Majority of Human Resource Development

39. Choose the expanded form of GPS

- a)Globalization Positioning System b) Global Positioning System
c)Global Positioning Symbol d) Global Positioning Scheme

40.Choose the expanded form of NSS

- a)National Social Scheme b) National Separate Scheme
c)National Service System d) National Service Scheme

41.Choose the expanded form of AIBA

- a)Association Indian Box Amateur
b)Association International Box Amateur
c)Association Internationale Box Amateur
d)Associate Internationale Box Amateur

42. Choose the correct expansion of OPAC.

- a)Online Public Action Catalogue b) Online Public Access Centre
c)Online Private Access Catalogue d)Online Public Access Catalogue

43. Most of the paint wore off before the main party.

- a)faded away b) looked bright c) became expensive d)added

44. Our dog turned up when we were searching everywhere for it.

c) Once a promise should be kept.

d) Promises should be kept.

KEYS

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
B	B	C	A	A	C	C	D	B	A	A	B	B	B	D	D	A	C	D	C
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
A	A	D	A	D	A	C	B	D	D	A	C	A	C	C	A	C	C	B	D
41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60
D	D	A	C	B	D	B	C	A	C	D	B	A	D	C	B	A	C	D	B
61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80
A	C	B	A	D	A	B	C	C	D	C	A	C	A	A	C	B	B	B	A
81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
B	A	C	B	B	B	A	A	A	D	B	C	A	D	C	C	B	A	D	B
101	102	103	104	105	106	107	108	109	110										
A	C	A	D	B	B	C	C	D	D										

TRB BEO - ENGLISH TEST-3-VIPKAVIYA COACHING CENTER-9600736379

1. Chomsky's 'The Logical Structure of Linguistic Theory' was published in the year

(A) 1965

(C) 1962

(B) 1975

(D) 1955

2. Following the order of Linguistic Theory, select the correct sequence:

(A) Competence – Acquisition – Performance

(B) Acquisition – Competence – Performance

(C) Performance – Acquisition – Competence

(C) (I) is true, but (II) is false.

(D) Both (I) and (II) are true.

29. A line drawn on a map to mark the boundary of an area in which a particular linguistic feature is used is

(A) Isochrony

(C) Isogloss

(B) Isomorph

(D) Isolex

30. A linguistic theory that refers to the systematic grammatical variation permitted by the human language faculty is known as

(A) Language variation

(C) Grammatical variation

(B) Parametric variation

(D) None of the above

31. The unity of a linguistic sequence or chain defined in terms of relations between its forms is called

(A) Cohesion

(C) Context

(B) Coherence

(D) Connotation

32. Assertion (I): Semiotics is the scientific study of the properties of signalling systems whether natural or artificial.

Assertion (II): The term synonymy is used in semantics to refer to a major type of sense relation between lexical items.

Codes:

(D) Conceptual, Phonological and Syntactical

78. Which one of the following pairs is correctly matched?

(A) Receptive aphasia i. non-fluent

(B) Expressive aphasia ii. Alzheimer's disease

(C) Pure aphasia iii. Alexia, agraphia and verbal agnosia

(D) Primary progressive aphasia iv. fluent

79. The MT system based on statistical method is

(A) Google translate (C) Anusaarak

(B) Anglabharati (D) Mantra

80. To articulate a central vowel the tongue is

(A) Forwarded (B) Retracted

(C) Raised **(D) Neither forwarded nor retracted**

81. The 'Pulse' or 'Motor' theory was put forward by

(A) D. Jones (C) A.M. Bell

(B) R.H. Stetson (D) P. Ladefoged

82. In aspirated stops, voicing

(A) Takes place throughout the closure and release of the airstream in the mouth cavity.

161. The English word 'me' is an example of

- (A) Empty morpheme (C) Discontinuous morpheme
(B) Bound morpheme **(D) Portmanteau morpheme**

162. The '-s' in the English word 'players' represents a/an

(A) Inflectional suffix

- (B) Derivational suffix
(C) Post-position
(D) circumfix

163. Assertion I: The English word 'sing' belongs to an open lexical content word class.

Assertion II: The English word 'sing' belongs to a closed function word class.

Codes:

- (A) Both (I) and (II) are true.
(B) Both (I) and (II) are false.
(C) (I) is true and (II) is false.
(D) (I) is false and (II) is true.

(C) I is true and II is false.

(A) Both I and II are true.

(D) I is false and II is true.

(B) Both I and II are false.

249. Assertion – I: Lexical rules apply only within words and require morphological information.

Assertion – II: Post-lexical rules apply within words or a crossword boundaries and also require morphological information.

Codes:

(A) Both I and II are true.

(C) I is true and II is false.

(B) Both I and II are false.

(D) I is false and II is true.

250. Match the items of List – I with those of List – II Choose the correct answer from the codes given below:

List – I

List – II

a. Illogical

i. Apocope

b. The pronunciation of 'chimney' as [tsimli:]

ii. Assimilation

c. The pronunciation of 'risk' as [riks]

iii. Dissimilation

d. The pronunciation of 'hand' as [haen]

iv. Metathesis

Codes:

a b c d

(D) A Dialect which is substandard.

279. "Cooperative principles" dealing with the maxim of conversation analysis has been proposed by

(A) Labov

(C) Grice

(B) Dell Hymes

(D) Milroy

280. "Valorization" is a theory associated to assess

(A) Linguistic attitude of people

(B) Positive attributes associated with a language or languages

(C) Linguistic identity of people

(D) Language testing

281. The theory that describes the colour terminology in specific languages within the paradigm of cultural complexities in societies is associated with

(A) Dell Hymes

(B) Brent Berlin and Paul Key

(C) Roger Brown

(D) Roger Bell

282. Deficit hypothesis is associated with

(A) Communicative Competence

(B) Ethno linguistics

(C) Sociolinguistic Stratification

(C) Incorporation

(D) Ablaut

335. Assertion I: The words 'this', 'that', 'the', 'a' in the context of '____ girl' are in paradigmatic relation.

Assertion II: The words 'this', 'that', 'the' and 'a' in the context of '____ girl' are in syntagmatic relation.

Codes:

(A) Both (I) and (II) are true.

(C) (I) is true and (II) is false.

(B) Both (I) and (II) are false.

(D) (I) is false and (II) is true.

336. Unity of a linguistic sequence or chain, defined in terms of its relations with its surroundings is

(A) Cohesion

(C) Context

(B) Coherence

(D) Connotation

337. Good: bad; polite: rude, impolite; kind : cruel, unkind; clever : stupid where the first term expressing a positive attitude towards a referent and the other(s) a negative attitude. In which category of antonyms they belong to?

(A) Overlapping antonyms

(C) Partial antonyms

(B) Polar antonyms

(D) Simple antonyms

338. Arrange the following words of Chomsky in chronological order in which they appeared:

(C) iv ii iii i

(D) i iii ii iv

362. Assertion (I): An encyclopedic dictionary provides detailed information about a field of knowledge.

Assertion (II): All comprehensive dictionaries are encyclopedic dictionaries.

Codes:

(A) (I) is false but (II) is true.

(C) Both (I) and (II) are false.

(B) Both (I) and (II) are true.

(D) (I) is true but (II) is false.

363. Which of the following treatises is known for its Indian traditional theory of 'Rasa'?

(A) Natyashastra

(C) Kavyadarsh

(B) Vyaktiviveka

(D) Dasharupaka

364. A binary classification of translation into semantic and communicative, which resembles Nida's 'formal' and 'dynamic' equivalence was given by

(A) E. Nida

(C) Peter Newmark

(B) Catford J.C.

(D) Roman Jacobson

420. A construction where a single clause has been divided into two separate sections is known as

- (A) Complex sentence (C) Complement sentence
(B) Compound sentence **(D) Cleft sentence**

421. The set of techniques developed over more than a century and half that permits us to recover linguistic constructs of earlier stages in a family of related languages is known as

- (A) Contrastive method (C) Synchronic method
(B) Comparative method (D) None of the above

422. Assertion (I): At the level of phonology all South Asian languages exhibit a contrast between front unrounded vowel and rounded back vowels.

Assertion (II): All South Asian languages except "Khasi" which is a verb medial language share common structural characteristics at the level of sentence.

Codes:

- (A) Both (I) and (II) are true.** (B) Both (I) and (II) are false.
(C) (I) is true and (II) is false. (D) (II) is true and (I) is false.

451. The goal of cognitive science is to understand the structure and functioning of the human mind, and to this it uses a variety of approaches, from philosophical view point the study is called

- (A) Cognitive approach **(B) Language acquisition**
(C) Modularity (D) Mentalism

452. The identification of structural differences between languages, seen as points of potential learning difficulty is called

- (A) Cognitive analysis **(B) Contrastive analysis**
(C) Comparative analysis (D) Descriptive analysis

453. Assertion I: Missing Surface Inflectional hypothesis states that second language learners who produce errors actually have correct underlying representations for the structure in which they have made errors but have difficulty mapping these underlying representations to their surface forms.

Assertion II: Missing surface inflection hypothesis states that second language learners who produce errors are due to blind spots found in second language.

- (A) Both I and II are right. (B) Both I and II are wrong.
(C) I is right and II is wrong. (D) I is wrong and II is right.

d. All the above

59. Sounds articulated by two lips are called -----

- | | |
|-------------|-----------------|
| a. Dental | c. Labio-dental |
| b. Bilabial | d. Alveolar |

60. Sounds articulated by the lower lip placed against the upper teeth are called-----

- | | |
|-------------|-----------------|
| a. Dental | c. Labio-dental |
| b. Bilabial | d. Alveolar |

61. Sounds articulated by the tip of the tongue placed against the upper teeth are called---

- | | |
|-----------------|-------------|
| a. Dental | c. Bilabial |
| b. Labio-dental | d. Alveolar |

62. Sounds articulated with the tip of the tongue or the blade of the tongue against the teeth ridge are called-----

- | | |
|-------------|-----------------|
| a. Dental | c. Labio-dental |
| b. Bilabial | d. Alveolar |

63. -----are produced involving the tip of the tongue and the back part of the teeth ridge.

- | | |
|--------------------|------------|
| a. Post-alveolar | c. Palatal |
| b. Palate-alveolar | d. Velar |

64. -----articulated by the tip and the blade of the tongue against the teeth ridge with raising of the front of the tongue towards the palate

- | | |
|--------------------|------------|
| a. Post-alveolar | c. Palatal |
| b. Palate-alveolar | d. Velar |

18. Listening is a process of hearing with.....

- A) Understanding, interpreting and responding
- B) Responding, understanding and interpreting
- C) Interpreting, responding and understanding
- D) Understanding, responding and interpreting

19. In dictionary V (pp) means.....

- B) Verb past tense A) Verb present participle
- C) Verb past participle D) Phrasal verb

20. Factual descriptions of an event or incident are called.....

- A) Reports B) Articles C) Records D) Registers

21. A paraphrase of a passage should be.....

- A) Of specific length compared to the original passage
- B) Much shorter than the original passage
- C) Much longer than the original passage
- D) No hard and fast rule for the length.

22. Body language is considered as vehicle of communication along with voice and pitch. If one leans forward it is interpreted as..

- B) Feeling uneasy A) Wishing to get involved
- C) direct D) situational approach

23. Dr. C. J. Dadson developedmethod.

- D) communicative A) bilingual B) direct C) situational approach

24. The combination of all approaches is called.....

- D) bilingual A) SOS B) direct C) eclectic

25. In ABL separateare assigned for each learning activity.

- D) schools A) teacher B) logos C) class rooms

26. Active learning is involving.....directly.

BEO Exam Revision Test-5

1. The collective noun of bees is.....

- A) a flock of bees B) a swan of bees
C) a crowd of bees D) a school of bees

2. Which among the following is not correct?

- A) a bunch of grapes B) a flock of sheep
C) a herd of cows D) a band of chairs

3. Which among the following are correct?

1. a brood of birds 2. a fleet of ships 3. a bunch of keys 4. a stack of chairs

- A) 1,3 B) 1,3,4 C) 1,2,4 D) 2,3,4

4. The collective noun of people is.....

- A) army B) crowd C) school D) stack

5. Fill in the blanks with suitable collective noun. A string of.....

1. books 2. chains 3. doors 4. pearls

- A) 3 B) 4 C) 2 D) 1

6. Which among the following is not correct?

- A) a pile of books B) a pride of lions
C) a bouquet of flowers D) a brood of birds

7. The collective noun of chicks is.....

- A) group B) brood C) pride D) flock

8. Odd one out

- A) army B) group C) mob D) shoal

- B) noun form of the verb join is join
- C) adverb, of the noun overall is overall
- D) adjective of the noun hill is hill

26. Which among the following is correct?

- A. Moderate – noun
- B) Moderate - verb
- C) Moderate – adjective
- D) Moderation - adverb.

27. The grammatical function of the underlined word is I slept very little last night.

- A) adjective
- B) adverb
- C) verb
- D) complement

28. Find out the odd one 'cook, food, menu, dinner'

- A) food
- B) menu
- C) cook
- D) dinner

29. Life of Dr. Johnson is written by.....

- A) Boswell
- B) Lawrence
- C) Lewis
- D) Alexander

30. Carlo Collodi wrote.....

- A) Giant
- B) Pinocchio
- C) Tom and Jerry
- D) Harry Porter

BEO Exam Revision Test-8

1. The meaning of 'via' is.....

- A) by way of
- B) by side of
- C) in front of
- D) besides

2. Find out the odd one 'Yoga, viz, purdah, sign'

- A) yoga
- B) viz
- C) purdah
- D) sign

3. Find out the word that means the following 'A veil'

- A) churidhar
- B) paint
- C) purdah
- D) shirt

26. Identify the correct 'anagram';

- A) meet-meat B) Know - no C) melon - lemon D) pun - fun

27. Find out the anagram of the given word, 'alert'

- A) later B) lerta C) rtlae D) retla

28. Which among the following is not an anagram of the word 'slave'?

- A) salve B) levas C) vales D) veals

29. Odd one out.

- A) lemons B) melons C) solemn D) lomens

30. Which among the following is not correct?

- A) pass:asps B) wane:waen C) care:race D) garb:grab

BEO Exam Revision Test-11

1. How many syllables are there in the word 'prisoners'?

- A) 4 B) 3 C) 1 D) 2

2. Which statement is incorrect?

- A) Acronyms can be called as alphabeteisms
B) Acronyms are pronounced as words
C) Acronyms are formed from the initial letters
D) Acronyms are antonyms to abbreviations.

3. Find out the right expanded form of NCF.....

- a) National Curriculum Framework b) National Curricular Framework
c) National Curriculum Federation d) National curriculum Formation

3. Which of the following sets of words has more than one category of words in it?

- A) walk, swim, jump, moan
- B) happy, power, slow, weak
- C) determined, tall, strong, clean
- D) beauty, sight, honesty, intelligence

4. Which among the following is not associated with a 'word'?

- A) Syntax
- B) pronunciation
- C) synonym
- D) syllable

5. Rock- a type of music. The other meaning of this word is.....

- A) a type of grain
- B) made of stones
- C) a type of dance
- D) made of trees

6. Which among the following is the wrong meaning of the homonym 'ball'?

- A) a round object
- B) party that people dance
- C) done by a group
- D) balloon

7. Which among the following is not a homonym?

- A) cap
- B) cake
- C) callous
- D) calm

8. Find out the odd one out 'alone, animate, apply, arson'.

- A) animate
- B) arson
- C) alone
- D) apply

9. Which among the following paronym is not correct?

- A) device-devise
- B) righteous-rightful
- C) wait-weight
- D) especialspecial

10. Which among the following paronym is correct?

- A) fail-fall
- B) popular-populous
- C) sense-censue
- D) root-route

11. Odd one out

- A) continous:continual
- B) virtual:virtuous

There is..... Petrol in the car. I'll buy some when I go out.

- A) few B) much C) a little D) little

16. Which of the following is not an instruction?

- A) What an Idea! B) sit down C) Be silent D) Queue up

17. Identify the kind of sentence

Can you show me the way to the railway station?

- A) affirmative B) Imperative C) Interrogative D) Optative

18. Identify the kind of sentence -

- A) Affirmative B) Negative C) command D) Exclamatory

19. Identify the kind of sentences-There is little water in the lake

- A) Negative Statement B) Statement C) Assertive D) Imperative

20. Which among the following is not imperative sentence?

1) please leave your footwear outside the hall 2) Let us pray.

3) Do your duty. 4) Don't send this letter.

- A)1 B)2 C)4 D)None

21. The given sentence is..... as well as..... "This lesson is interesting."

1. Statement 2. Affirmative 3. negative 4. Informative

- A) 1,3 B) 1,4 C) 2,4 D) 1,2

22. Which among the following is correct negative sentence to the given sentence?

He is always late in completing his work.

1. He is never early in completing his work.
2. He does not early in completing his work.
3. He is not late early in completing his work.
4. He is no early in completing his task.

The school congratulated Nithyashree on winning a prize at the contest

- A) gerund B) infinitive C) Present participle D) past participle

3. Identify the sentence which conveys the same meaning for given sentences.

He cannot learn Spanish in a week. The time is very short

1. He too learn Spanish in a week to this short time.
2. This time is too short for him to learn Spanish in a week.
3. This time is not too short to learn Spanish.
4. He learnt Spanish to time too short in a week.

- A)4 B)1 C)2 D)3

4. Identify the sentence which conveys the same meaning for given sentences.

Questioning the boy,

I found out the truth.

- 1) I found out the boy. He questioned the truth
2. I questioned the boy. I found out the truth.
- 3) I found out the question. He told truth.
- 4) I questioned the truth. I found out the boy.

- A) 2 B)4 C)1 D)3

5. Find out the form of the underlined verb in the given sentence.

Having finished his work, Ran went out to play.

- A) gerund B) perfect participle
C) Present participle D) past participle

6. It is time for the museum.....

- A) to shut B) to be shut up C) to shut down D) to be shut down

- B) If we drop a piece of wood in water
- C) If we had dropped a piece of wood in water
- D) If we will drop a piece of wood in water

16. Which of the option given below will suit the following sentence?

- A) he would be punished
- B) he will be punished
- C) he would have been punished.
- D) he shall be punished

17. They will miss the train unless they hurry. (Rewrite using 'if')

- A) If they will hurry they will miss the train.
- B) If they will not hurry they will miss the train.
- C) If they do not hurry they will miss the train.
- D) If they hurry, they miss the train.

18. Identify the correct word to fill in the given blank:

If Irich, I would help the poor.

- A) am
- B) were
- C) is
- D) was

19. If I _____ a fish, I would swim.

- A) Was
- B) am
- C) were
- D) have

20. If the driver had been alert _____

- A) the accident can be avoided
- B) the accident could be avoided
- C) the accident could have been avoided
- D) the accident should be avoided

21. The reported form of the question Renu said to me , "Is the movie interesting?" is..

- A) Renu asked me if the movie was interesting
- B) Renu asked me if the movie has been interesting
- C) Renu asked me if he movie is interesting

2. Some house and are poisonous.

- a) used food and plants
- b) plants and dog
- c) plants and used button cell batteries

3. You will certainly rewards for what you are doing.

- (a) getting
- (b) had got
- (c) was getting
- (d) be getting

4. Identify the simple sentence for the given compound sentence

I broke my ankle in a football match and had to go to hospital.

- A) I had to go to hospital, because I broke my ankle in a football match.
- B) I broke my ankle in a football match, so I had to go to hospital.
- C) I had to go to hospital, so I broke my ankle in a football match.
- D) Having broken my ankle in a football match, I had to go to hospital.

5. Which of the following is the correct definition for a run on?

- A) Two sentences put together without a full stop or a connecting word in between them
- B) A sentence with two main clauses
- C) A sentence with two linkers
- D) A sentence with a finite verb

6. Identify the complex form of the sentence: Only Indians are admitted.

- a) On being Indian, you will be admitted.
- b) Being Indian, you are admitted.
- c) In the event of you being an Indian you are admitted
- d) If you are not an Indian, you cannot be admitted.

7. Find out the simple sentence for the given sentence.

As soon as I head the good news, I congratulated her.

D) My watch yet has been stolen and it hasn't been recovered.

4. teacher / will / the / answer / us / papers / give / next / week / the

A) The teacher will give us answer the papers next week.

B) The teacher will give us next week the answer papers.

C) The teacher will give us the answer papers next week.

D) The teacher next week give us the will answer papers.

5. gave / to / Balaji / children / thanked / sweets / they / him / and / the / all

A) Balaji gave sweets to all the children and they thanked him.

B) Balaji gave children to all the sweets and they thanked him.

C) Balaji gave sweets to all they the thanked children and him.

D) Balaji gave they sweets to and all the children thanked him.

6. have / the / correctly / you / question / you / will / gift/answered /and/so/ I /give/a

A) You have give you gift correctly and so I will answered the question a.

B) I have answered the question and so I will give you a gift correctly.

C) You have answered the question correctly and so I will give you a gift.

D) I have answered the question and so you will give you a gift correctly.

7. dining / had / built / and / offered / The / by / been / hall / students / old / to/us /our

A) The dining hall had been built and offered to us by our old students.

B) The dining hall had been offered and built to us by our old students.

C) The dining hall had been offered by our old students and built to us.

D) The dining hall had offered to us and been built by our old students.

In the following passage there are blanks each of which has been numbered.

- D) Everyone cannot remind how Dhoni batted against the Sri Lankans.
24. Nobody can forget how India won her freedom.
- A) Everyone cannot forget how India won her freedom.
B) Everyone can remember how India won her freedom.
C) Everyone cannot remember how India won her freedom.
D) Everyone can remind how India won her freedom.
25. Never I will do such a thing.
- A) I will do such a thing always B) I will not do such a thing at any time.
C) I will ever do such a thing. D) No shall always be grateful to you.
26. We shall remain ever grateful to you.
- A) We shall always remanin ungrateful to you.
B) We shall never be grateful to you.
C) We shall remain be grateful to you.
D) We shall always be grateful to you.
27. We did not find the missing key.
- A) We are sure the key is missing B) we lost the key.
C) We find the missing key. D) We got the key.
28. Seldom do buses stop here.
- A) Buses never stop here. B) Buses do stop here often.
C) Buses ever stop here. D) Buses do not stop here often.
29. Anyone can easily learn English.
- A) Everyone cannot easily learn English.
B) No one can easily learn English.
C) Everyone can easily learn English.

Even celebrated cartoonists like R.K. Laxman admit that making a cartoon is not a piece of cake. Laxman says he has to wait for over six hours, which includes spending a lot of time scanning newspapers and television channels before any idea strikes him. How does one become a cartoonist? There are few colleges or schools for cartoonists. Established cartoonists are of the view that no institute can teach you to make a CARTOON. While basics, like drawing and sketching can be learnt in an art college, these alone will not make a good cartoonist.

9. What is the typical quality of a cartoon?

- A) Elaborateness B) Vivid details C) Sharpness D) Simplicity

10. The greatest difficulty cartoonists face is

- A) getting an idea B) giving a caption C) publishing D) sketching

11. What are considered as the basic qualities to become a good cartoonist?

- A) training and hard work B) creativity and sense of humour
C) hard work and humour D) art schools and colleges

12. Who are the ones who told the view that no institute can teach you make a cartoon?

- A) all cartoonists B) all well known cartoonists
C) most of the cartoonists D) every cartoonist

13. The major source of ideas for a cartoonist is

- A) newspaper B) television C) history D) media

14. Little wonder' means.....

- A) some wonder B) full of wonder C) no wonder D) a little wonder

15. Pick out the word from the passage that means, 'two or more things joined together to form a single unit'.

(A) *Hyperbole* (B) Repetition (C) Personification (D) *Epithet*

4. Choose the correct figure of speech given below poetic lines.

"They, too, aware of sun and air and water,

Are fed by peaceful harvests, by war's long winter starv'd."

(A) *Hyperbole* (B) Repetition

(C) Personification (D) *Transferred Epithet*

5. Choose the correct figure of speech given below poetic line.

We can see and hear and count and read and write!

(A) *Imagery* (B) Repetition

(C) Personification (D) *Transferred Epithet*

6. Choose the correct figure of speech given below poetic lines.

We are greater than the Peoples and the Kings.

'We will serve you four and twenty hours a day?'

(A) *Imagery* (B) Repetition (C) Personification (D) *Hyperbole*

7. Choose the correct figure of speech given below poetic line.

'all we ask'

(A) Imagery (B) Assonance (C) Personification (D) Hyperbole

8. Choose the correct figure of speech given below poetic line.

Tough our smoke may hide the Heavens from your eyes,

(A) Imagery (B) Assonance (C) Connotation (D) Hyperbole

9. Choose the correct figure of speech given below poetic lines.

"The Western wave was all a-fame."

"Inside it has a ton of space"

(A) Synecdoche (B) Assonance (C) Connotation (D) Hyperbole

10. Choose the correct figure of speech given below poetic lines.

To bring peace we must war.

Be cruel to be kind.

"It just sits there, never getting small or ever growing tall"

(A) Paradox (B) Assonance (C) Connotation (D) Pun

11. Choose the correct figure of speech given below poetic lines.

Pitter patter, pitter patter Raindrops on my pane.

"Lights flicker on and off"

(A) irony (B) Onomatopoeia (C) Connotation (D) Pun

12. Choose the correct figure of speech given below poetic lines.

And what is so rare as a day in June?

"How could this be?"

"What happened inside that house?"

(A) irony (B) Onomatopoeia (C) Rhetorical (D) Pun

13. Choose the correct Rhyming words given below poetic lines.

So let the way wind up the hill or down,

O'er rough or smooth, the journey will be joy:

Still seeking what I sought when but a boy,

New friendship, high adventure, and a crown

(A) down-joy, boy-crown (B) down-boy, crown-joy

(C) down-joy, boy-crown (D) down-crown, joy-boy

14. Choose the correct Rhyme scheme given below poetic lines.

So let the way wind up the hill or down,

O'er rough or smooth, the journey will be joy:

Still seeking what I sought when but a boy,

New friendship, high adventure, and a crown

(A)ABBA (B)ABAB (C) AABB (D)BABA

15. Choose the correct figure of speech given below poetic lines.

“With forward face and unreluctant soul;

Not hurrying to, not turning from the goal”.

(A) irony (B) Onomatopoeia (C) Couplet (D) Simile

16. ‘So we must laugh and drink from the deep blue cup of the sky’ - Find out the words that are alliterated.

A) laugh-drink B) drink-deep C) deep-blue D) must-sky

Read the passage given below and choose the best answer for each of the questions that follow. (from 17 to 21).

Books are the greatest treasure of mankind, and the habit of reading them is the greatest source of pleasure. He who is in the habit of reading books should buy books for himself. Borrowed books do not give so much pleasure as the bought ones because in the case of borrowed books, the reader has to be very careful in handling them. The books which belong to the reader himself give a special pleasure because the reader has no worry in handling them he has not to worry about their return. He who is interested in reading books should start collecting them in his youth. The books

collected and arranged properly in a room not only decorate the room but also make the presence of their authors felt. The knowledge of the presence of the great personalities in the reader. Books contains in them eternal truths and are better friends than those of flesh and blood as they not only entertain but also guide us.

17. Treasure means.....

- A) pressure B)leisure C)wealth

18.books give special pleasure.

- A) Borrowed B)Own C)Collected

19. Collecting books fromis a good hobby.

- A) library B)young age C)others

20. Book is a good

- A)companion B)compassion D)conclusion

21. Books guided us mens They ...us.

- A)gifted B) benefited D) Channelized

22.Choose the correct figure of speech given blow poetic line.

“Remember they have eyes like ours that wake”

- (A) Simile (B) Metaphor (C) Personification (D) Anaphora

23.Choose the correct figure of speech given blow poetic line.

“Beneath all uniforms, a single body breaths,Like ours:.....”

- (A) Simile (B) Metaphor (C) Personification (D) Anaphora

24.Choose the correct figure of speech given blow poetic line.

"She's a lioness; don't mess with her".

- (A) *Simile* (B) Metaphor (C) Personification (D) Anaphora

25. Choose the correct figure of speech given below poetic line.

"Our hills of fire and dust outrage the innocence"

- (A) *Simile* (B) *Metaphor* (C) Personification (D) Anaphora

26. Choose the correct figure of speech given below poetic line.

"We can pull and haul and push and lift and drive"

- (A) *Simile* (B) Hyperbole (C) Personification (D) Anaphora

27. Do you the day we moved the piano upstairs?

- (a) remember (b) remembered
(c) are remembering (d) had remembered

28. The rain completely our day.

- (a) spoilt (b) is spoiling (c) is spoilt (d) was spoilt

29. Akbar ----- the king at the age of fifteen after the sudden death of his father.

- (a) was becoming (b) had become (c) became (d) become

30. The criminal the place before the police could reach.

- (a) was escaping (b) had escaped (c) is escaping (d) will escape

31. Who does "he" refer to here below line ?

He will not see me stopping here

To watch his woods fill up with snow.

- (A) 'He' refers to the owner of the wood.

(B) 'He' refers to the owner of the minds.

(C) 'He' refers to the owner of the woods.

(D) 'He' refers to the owner.

32. 'A Poison Tree' Identify the figure of speech in the title.

(A) Imagery (B) Repetition (C) Personification (D) Hyperbole

33. What figure of speech is used in 'watered it in fears' below lines ?

"And I watered it in fears

Night and morning with my tears"

(A) Imagery (B) Repetition (C) Personification (D) Hyperbole

34. Choose the correct Rhyming words given below poetic lines.

I was angry with my friend;

I told my wrath, my wrath did end.

I was angry with my foe:

I told it not, my wrath did grow.

(A) friend – end; foe – grow

(B) friend – foe ; grow- end

(C) friend -- grow

(D) friend – end

35. Choose the correct Rhyme scheme given below poetic lines.

I was angry with my friend;

I told my wrath, my wrath did end.

I was angry with my foe:

I told it not, my wrath did grow.

(A) ABBA

(B) ABAB

(C) AABB

(D) BABA

36. Choose the correct Rhyming words given below poetic lines.

Whose woods these are I think I know.

His house is in the village though;

- (A) know-though (B) think-know
(C) though-know (D) none of this

37. Choose the correct figure of speech given below poetic line.

The bleeding bark will heal

- (A) Imagery (B) Repetition (C) Personification (D) Transferred Epithet

38. Choose the correct figure of speech given below poetic lines.

One of the anchoring earth;

- (A) Hyperbole (B) Metaphor (C) Personification (D) Anaphora

39. Choose the correct figure of speech given below poetic lines.

"There are pretty curtains drawn around, the sheets are fine and thin,

And if you like to rest awhile, I'll snugly tuck you in."

- (A) Assonance (B) Metaphor (C) Personification (D) Anaphora

40. Choose the correct figure of speech given below poetic lines.

"Your eyes are like the diamond bright, but mine are dull as lead! "

- (A) Simile (B) Metaphor (C) Personification (D) Anaphora

41. Choose the correct figure of speech given below poetic lines.

"T is the prettiest little parlour that ever you did spy;

For who goes up your winding stair

- (A) Imagery (B) Assonance (C) Consonance (D) Hyperbole

42. Choose the correct figure of speech given below poetic lines

How handsome are your gauzy wings, how brilliant are your eyes!

- (A) irony (B) Onomatopoeia (C) Anaphora (D) Simile

43. Choose the correct figure of speech given below poetic lines

Sea that line hath never sounded,

Sea that sail hath never rounded,

(A) irony (B) Onomatopoeia (C) Anaphora (D) Simile

44. Choose the correct Rhyme scheme given below poetic lines

River, river! Brimming river!

Broad and deep, and still as time;

Seeming still, yet still in motion,

Tending onward to the ocean,

Just like mortal prime.

(A) ABCCB (B) ABABA (C) AABBC (D) BABAC

45. Choose the correct figure of speech given below poetic lines

Little river!

Swelling river!

Brimming river!

Headlong river!

(A) Hyperbole (B) Repetition (C) Personification (D) Epithet

46. Choose the correct figure of speech given below poetic lines.

Yellow pebbles

dancing Brawling, leaping

dash into the sea

(A) irony (B) Onomatopoeia (C) Imagery (D) Pun

47. Choose the correct figure of speech given below poetic line.

"It's the stick-together family that wins the joys of earth,

(A) Simile (B) Metaphor (C) Personification (D) Anaphora

48. Choose the correct Rhyme scheme given below poetic lines

"If one should come too close to earth
The atmosphere will shake,
With shockwave reaching to the ground .
Causing the land to quake."

(A) ABCB (B) ABAB (C) AABB (D) BAAC

49. Choose the correct Rhyming words given below poetic lines.

"Rampaging through the heavens Never stopping day or night,
A spectacle of a lifetime A comet in full flight. "

(B) Flight -Night (B) Life-Full (C) Full-Life (D) Night-Flight

50. Choose the correct figure of speech given below poetic line.

"That hears the sweetest music and that finds the finest mirth;

(A) irony (B) Onomatopoeia (C) Imagery (D) Pun

Listen to the passage on 'Comet' and fill in the blanks by choosing the correct answer. (from 51 to 55)

Comets, meteors, and asteroids have several things in common. First, they are believed to be remnants of the materials that created the Sun and the planets. Basically, they're leftovers. Comets, meteors, and asteroids are too small to be planets. Some are only a few feet in size, while others are a mile or more long. Comets are mostly made of ice. They are very old. As comets travel close to the Sun, some of the ice melts off and becomes a gas. This melting process causes bits of dust and debris to trail behind the comet. This tail can be seen in the night sky as a bright, quickly-moving light. Comets orbit at the very edge of the galaxy, past Pluto.

TRB BEO-2023

Block Educational Officer ENGLISH

- ❖ Study Material Available
- ❖ Question Bank Available

BEO ENGLISH -REVISION TEST-32-KEYS

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
D	B	D	D	A	D	B	C	A	A	B	C	D	A	C	B	C	B	B	A
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
D	A	A	B	B	C	A	A	C	B	C	C	C	A	C	A	C	B	A	A
41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55					
C	C	C	A	D	C	C	A	D	C	B	B	C	C	A					

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