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SOCIAL SCIENCE

Based on New Syllabus

SALIENT FEATURES

- 1 Mark Questions with Answers
- 2 Mark Questions with Answers
- Long Answers (5 Marks & 8 Marks)
- ♣ Additional Questions with Answers
- Highlighted Key Points
- ❖ Time Line Public Exam Based
- QR Code Questions with Answers
- **❖ PTA Questions with Answers**
- Govt. Public Exam Questions with Answers

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HISTORY

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OUTBREAK OF WORLD WAR I AND ITS AFTERMATH

TEXT BOOK EXERCISES

I. Choose the correct answ	ver
----------------------------	-----

- 1. What were the three major empires shattered by the end of First World War?
 - a) Germany, Austria-Hungary and the Ottomans
 - b) Germany, Austria-Hungary and Russia
 - c) Spain, Portugal and Italy
 - d) Germany, Austria-Hungary, Italy Ans: a
- 2. Which country emerged as the strongest in East Asia towards the close of nineteenth century?
 - a) China
- b) Japan
- c) Korea
- d) Mongolia Ans: b
- 3. Who said "Imperialism is the highest stage of capitalism"? [PTA-6/Q-1, May.22]
 - a) Lenin
- b) Marx
- c) Sun Yat-Sen
- d) Mao Tse Tung Ans: a
- 4. What is the Battle of Marne remembered for? [Feb.22]
 - a)air warfare
- b) trench warfare
- c) submarine warfare
- d) ship warfare Ans: b
- 5. To which country did the first Secretary General of League of Nations belong?
 - a) Britain
- b) France
- c) Dutch
- d) USA
- Ans: a
- 6. Which country was expelled from the League of Nations for attacking Finland? [Sep.21]
 - a) Germany
- b) Russia

c) Italy

- d) France
- Ans: b

II. Fill in the blanks:

- 1. Japan forced a war on China in the year _____
- 2. The new state of Albania was created according to the Treaty of _____signed in May 1913. [May.22]
- 3. Japan entered into an alliance with England in the year _____

IV. Match the following:

- 4. In the Balkans _____had mixed population.
- 5. In the Battle of Tannenberg _____suffered heavy losses.
- 6. _____as Prime Minister represented France in Paris Peace Conference. **[Feb.22]**
- 7. Locarno treaty was signed in the year _____. [PTA-1/Q-29, Feb.22]

Answers:

- 3. 1902
- 6. Clemenceau

- 1. 1894
- 4. Macedonia
- 7. 1925
- 2. London 5. Russia

III. Choose the correct statement:

- **1**. i) The Turkish Empire contained many non-Turkish people in the Balkans.
 - ii) Turkey fought on the side of the central powers.
 - iii) Britain attacked Turkey and captured Constantinople.
 - iv) Turkey's attempt to attack Suez Canal was repulsed.
 - a) i and ii are correct
- b) i and iii are correct
- c) iv is correct d) i, ii and iv are correct **Ans:** d

 2. **Assertion (A)**: Germany and the United States were producing cheaper manufactured goods

and capturing England's markets. **Reason (R)**: Both the countries produced required raw material for their industries.

- a) Both A and R are correct
- b) A is right but R is not the correct reason
- c) Both A and R are wrong
- d) R is right but A is wrong
- Ans: b
- **3. Assertion (A)**: The first European attempts to carve out colonies in Africa resulted in bloody battles.

Reason (R): There was stiff resistance from the native population.

- a) Both A and R are correct
- b) A is right but R is not the correct reason
- c) Both A and R are wrong
- d) R is right but A is wrong

Ans: a

	I	II	Answers
1	Treaty of Brest – Litovsk	Versailles	Russia with Germany
2	Jingoism	Turkey	England
3	Kemal Pasha	Russia with Germany	Turkey
4.	Emden	England	Madras
5.	Hall of Mirrors	Madras	Versailles

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V. Answer briefly:

- 1. How do you assess the importance of Sino-Japanese war? [Feb.22]
 - 1. Japan forced a war on China in 1894.
 - 2. China was defeated by Japan.
 - 3. Japan annexed the **Liaotung peninsula** with Port Arthur.
 - 4. Japan proved that it was the strongest nation of the East Asia.
- 2. Name the countries in the Triple Entente.
 - 1. Britain
- 2. France
- 3. Russia
- 3. What were the three militant forms of nationalism in Europe? [Feb.22]
 - 1. England
- Jingoism
- 2. France
- Chauvinism
- 3. Germany
- Kultur
- 4. What do you know of trench warfare? [PTA-3/Q.15, Sep.21]
 - 1. Trenches or ditches were **dug by troops**.
 - 2. It was dug to **protect the soldiers** from enemy fire.
 - 3. The main lines of trenches were connected to each other.
 - 4. Through these trenches food, ammunition, fresh troops, mail and orders were **delivered**.
- 5. What was the role of Mustafa Kemal Pasha? Feb.22]
 - 1. Mustafa Kemal Pasha played an important role for **Turkey's rebirth** as a nation.
 - 2. He **modernised Turkey** and changed it out of all recognition.
- 6. List out any two causes for the failure of the League of Nations. (PTA-5/Q.15)
 - 1. It **lacked** the military power of its own.
 - 2. Italy, Japan and Germany were **refused** to obey the orders of the League.

VI. Answer in detail:

- 1. Discuss the main causes of the First World War. [PTA-1/Q.31, Sep.20, 21, May .22]
 - a) European Alliances and Counter Alliances:
 - 1. In 1990 the European Great Powers were divided into two armed camps.
 - **2. Central powers** → Germany, Austria-Hungary and Italy.
 - They formed the **Triple Alliance** in 1882.

- **3. Allied powers** → Britain, France and Russia.
 - They formed the **Triple Entente**.
- b) Violent Forms of Nationalism:
- 1. The attitude of "my country right or wrong I support it" developed.
- 2. Militant forms of nationalism:
 - i) England Jingoism
 - ii) France Chauvinism
 - iii) Germany Kultur
- c) Aggressive Attitude of German Emperor:
- 1. Emperor Kaiser Wilhelm II announced that **Germany** would be the leader of the world.
- 2. The German navy was expanded.
- 3. So the tension arose between Germany and Britain.
- d) Hostility of France towards Germany:
- 1. France and Germany were **old rivals**.
- 2. The defeat of 1871,
 - Loss of Alsace and Lorraine to Germany and
 - German interference in **Morocco** made pain in the minds of the French.
- e) Imperial Power Politics in the Balkans:
- 1. The young Turk Revolution took place in 1908.
- 2. Austria announced the annexation of **Bosnia and Herzegovina** (Balkan countries).
- 3. It was opposed by Serbia.
- 4. Germany gave support to Austria.
- f) The Balkan wars:
- 1. In March 1912, the Balkan League was formed by **Greece**, **Serbia**, **Bulgaria** and **Montenegro**.
- 2. The League defeated Turkish forces in the first Balkan war [1912-1913].
- 3. The new state of **Albania** was created.
- 4. Macedonia was divided by other Balkan states.
- 5. This division did not satisfy Bulgaria.
- 6. So, Bulgaria attacked Serbia and Greece.
- 7. Bulgaria was defeated [1913].
- g) Immediate cause:
- **1. On 28th June 1914**, Emperor of Austria Hungary **Franz Ferdinand** was assassinated by a Bosnian Serb.
- 2. Germany declared war on Russia on 1 August.
- 3. It made the Britain to enter the war.
 - Thus the first world war started.
- 2. Highlight the provisions of the Treaty of Versailles relating to Germany. (PTA-2/Q.43(i), Feb.22)
 - 1. Poland was recreated.
 - 2. Alsace-Lorraine was returned to France.

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- 3 Germany and all central powers were directed to pay war indemnity.
- 4. The union of Austria and Germany was forbidden.
- 5. The German army was to be limited to 1.00.000 men.
- 6. The Rhineland was to be occupied by the Allies.
- 7. Finland, Estonia, Latvia and Lithuania were to be independent.
- 8. Northern Schleswig was given to Denmark.

3. Explain the course of the Russian Revolution under the leadership of Lenin.

- 1. Lenin's slogans were 'Bread, Peace and Land' and "All power to the Soviets"
- 2. He gained the support of Bolsheviks.
- 3. In October 1917, Lenin induced the Bolshevik central committee for immediate revolution.
- 4. Trotsky prepared a detailed plan.
- **5. On 7th November**, the key government buildings were seized by armed factory workers and revolutionary troops.
- **6. On 8th November 1917**, a new communist government was formed in Russia.
- 7. Its head was Lenin.

8. The **Bolshevik party** was renamed as the Russian Communist party.

Outcome of the Revolution:

- 1. Illiteracy and poverty was **eliminated** in Russia.
- 2. Russian industry and agriculture developed.
- 3. Women were given equal rights.
- 4. Land was distributed to poor peasants.

4. Estimate the work done by the League of Nations.

- 1. The League settled a number of disputes between 1920 and 1925.
- 2. It was successful in three issues.
- 3. They are,
- a) Between Sweden and Finland:
- i) The dispute was over **Aaland Islands**.
- ii) The League ruled that the islands should go to Finland.

b) Between Poland and Germany:

- i) Settled the frontier dispute in **upper** Silesia.
- c) Between Greece and Bulgaria:
- i) Greece invaded Bulgaria.
- ii) The League ordered a ceasefire.
- iii) Greece was directed to pay reparations.

ADDITIONAL QUESTIONS

I. Choose the correct answer:

- Where did the Ethiopian army defeat the Italian army? (Sep.20)
 - a) Delville
- b) Orange State
- c) Adowa
- d) Algiers
- Which country was prompted to seek an alliance with Britain by the Anglo-Japanese Alliance?
 - a) China

Ans: c

- b) Russia c) Germany d) France Ans: d ended with the signing of the treaty of **Bucharest in August 1913.**
 - a) Battle of Marne
- b) Second Balkan war
- c) Battle of Verdun
- d) Battle of Tannenberg Ans: b
- 4. Who gave the slogan "All power to the Soviets"?
 - a) Mussolini
- b) Hitler
- c) Lenin
- d) Tsar Nicholas
- Ans: c
- Which country did not become a member of the League of Nations?
 - a) Britain b) France c) Germany d) America Ans: d

- In which year the League of Nations dissolved? a) 1945 b) 1946 c) 1944 Ans: b
- d) 1943

II. Fill in the blanks:

- In the First World war_____was bombarded by the 1. German cruiser, Emden.
- 2. Triple Alliance was formed under the guidance of ____
- 3. The Balkan League was formed in
- 4. _, an American ship was torpedoed by a German submarine.
- 5. Pravda is a Russian word meaning _
 - In 1916, a naval battle took place in the North Sea
- 7. The first world peace organisation was

Answers:

- 1. Madras
- 5. Truth
- 2. Bismarck
- 6. Battle of Jutland
- 3.1912
- 7. League of Nations
- 4. Lusitania

III. Match the following:

	I	II	Answers
1	League of Nations	Bloody Sunday	The Hague
2	Woodrow Wilson	The Hague	American President
3	Worldwide epidemic	American President	Influenza
4.	22 January 1905	Port Arthur	Bloody Sunday
5.	Japan	Influenza	Port Arthur

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IV. Choose the correct statement:

- i) Italy remained a neutral country when the World war broke out. (PTA-4/Q.1)
 - ii) Italy was much disappointed over the peace settlement at Versailles.
 - iii) The Treaty of Sevres was signed with Italy.
 - iv) Italy was denied even small places such as Trieste, Istria and the South Tyrol.
 - a) i and ii are correct b) iii is correct
 - c) iv is correct d) i, iii and iv are correct Ans: a

V. Answer briefly:

1. Write any two provisions of the Treaty of Versailles.

- 1. Poland was recreated.
- 2. Alsace-Lorraine was returned to France.

2. Highlight the global influence of Russian Revolution. (Sep.20)

- 1. The revolution fired people's imagination across the world.
- 2. In many countries, **communist parties** were formed.
- 3. The Russian Communist government encouraged the colonies to fight for their freedom.
- 4. Debate over key issues, land reforms, social welfare, worker's rights and gender equality started taking place in global level.

3. What is a trust? (Feb.22)

- 1. A trust is an **industrial organization**.
- 2. It engaged in the production or distribution of any **commodity**.
- 3. The trust would possess adequate control over the **supply and price** of that commodity to its own advantage.

4. Write short note on Battle of Marne. (Feb. 22)

- 1. At the Battle of the Marne (early September 1914) the French succeeded in pushing back the Germans.
- 2. Paris was thus saved.
- 3. The Battle of Marne is a **memorable** for trench warfare.

5. Write a note on Battle of Verdun. (Feb.22)

- 1. Between February and July 1916, the Germans attacked Verdun.
- 2. **Battle of Verdun** took place for five months.
- 3. Two million men took part and half of them were killed.
- 4. The Battle of Verdun decided the **fortunes** of the war in favour of the allies.

6. Write a note on Peace Conference in Paris. (Feb.22)

- 1. The Peace Conference opened in Paris in **January 1919**.
- 2. a) Woodrow Wilson USA
 - b) Lloyd George Prime Minister of England
 - c) Clemenceau Prime Minister of France
 - These personalities played a very important part in the deliberations.

7. Why did America enter into the First World War?

- 1. In January 1917, **Lusitania**, an American ship was torpedoed by a German Submarine.
- 2. There was a lot of resentment in the USA.
- 3. So, the **American President Wilson** declared war against Germany in **April 1917**.

8. What do you know about 'Bloody Sunday'?

- 1. **On 22 January 1905** Father Gapon organised a march on the Tsar's **Winter Palace** in St. Petersburg.
- 2. Men, Women and Children were participated in the march.
- 3. They **demanded** a representative national assembly and agrarian and industrial reforms.
- 4. But police and soldiers fired on the procession.
- 5. Hundreds were killed.
- 6. Many thousands wounded.
- 7. The events of this day was known as **Bloody Sunday**.

VI. Answer in detail:

1. Specify the reasons for the failure of the League of Nations. [PTA-4/Q-43(i)]

- 1. The League lacked military power of its own.
- 2. Britain and France were the only active major powers.
- 3. The United States did not become a member of the League.
- 4. The principle of "**Collective Security**" could not be practiced.
- 5. **Italy, Japan and Germany** refused to be bound by the orders of the League.
- 6. The founders of this organisation underestimated the power of nationalism.

2. What are the impact on India in the First World War? [Feb.22]

- 1. After the War, the soldiers came back with new ideas which changed the Indian society.
- 2. India contributed £230 million in cash and over £125 million in loans towards war expenses.
- 3. **India** also sent **war** materials to the value of £250 millions.
- 4. This caused enormous **economic distress**.
- 5. Poor people looted shops.
- 6. India suffered under the worldwide epidemic of influenza.
- 7. The War conditions led to the rise of **Home Rule Movement** in India.
- 8. The Congress was reunited during the war.
- 9. Thus the War had **multiple effects** on Indian society, economy and polity.

3. What are the objectives of the League of Nations? (Feb.22)

- 1. The **two fold objective** of the League of Nations:
 - a) to avoid war and maintain peace in the world.
 - b) to promote international cooperation in economic and social affairs.
- 2. The League planned to act as **peacemaker** and **mediator** to settle a dispute in its early stages.
- 3. If wars break out in spite of mediation, the members should apply the **sanctions** to the aggressor first **economic aid** and then **military**.

4. What are the fallout of the First World War? Feb.22]

- 1. The First World War affected deeply on European society and polity.
- 2. 8 million people had died in four years.

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- 3. Millions of people had died due to the worldwide influenza of 1918.
- 4. In all countries, there was imbalance between the sexes, a shortage of men.
- 5. Soldiers came to be placed above civilians.
- 6. The rise and consolidation of the **Soviet Union, the** U.S.S.R. was the important event.
- 7. **America** entered the War as a **debtor country** but it emerged as the **money-lender** to the world.
- 8. The colonies got inspiration to gain freedom.
- 9. **Mustafa Kemal Pasha** played a remarkable role for Turkey's rebirth as a nation.
- **Explain about Structure and Composition of League** of Nations.[May. 22]

Formation:

- 1. League of Nations was formed in 1920.
- 2. **President** Wilson took great effort to form this.
- 3. The ideas were given by **Britain and America**.

Five bodies:

- a) The Assembly
- b) The Council
- c) The Secretariat

- d) The Permanent Court of Justice.
- e) the International Labour Organisation.
- a) The Assembly
 - 1. Each member Country was represented.
- b) The Council
 - 1. Executive of the League.
 - 2. Its Permanent members are.
 - i) Britain ii) France
 - v) United Status

iii) Italy

- iv) Japan
- 3. Each member had one vote.
- 4. Even the small nations had the **right of veto**.
- c) The Secretariat:
 - 1. It was located at Geneva.
 - 2. Sir Eric Drummond from Britain was its first Secretary General.
- d) The International Court of Justice:
 - 1. It was set up in the Hague.
 - 2. It was made of fifteen judges.
- e) The International Labour Organisation:
 - 1. Consisted a Secretariat.
 - 2. Four representatives from each country attended the general conference.

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TIME LINE

HISTORY

Important Events of Indian National Movement (1900-1947)



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QR CODE QUESTIONS

HISTORY



UNIT - 1. OUTBREAK OF WORLD WAR I AND THE AFTERMATH



I.	Choose	the	correct	answer
----	--------	-----	---------	--------

- 1. In which year Napoleon was defeated in Trafalgar War?
 - a) 1805
- b) 1806
- c) 1815
- d) 1821

Ans: a

- 2. Which country captured Alsace and Lorraine from France?
 - a Russia
- b) England
- c) Germany
- d) Austria
- Ans: c
- 3. In which year did the Young Turk Revolution break out?
 - a) 1905
- b) 1906
- c) 1907
- d) 1908
- Ans: d
- 4. Which treaty was concluded at the end of the second Balkan war?
 - a) Treaty of Bucharest
 - b) Treaty of Brest Litovsk
 - c) Treaty of London
 - d) Treaty of Paris

Ans: a

- 5. Name the Archduke who was killed at Sarajevo?
 - a) Kaiser Wilhelm II
- b) Franz Ferdinand
- c) Franz Joseph
- d) Princip
- Ans: b
- 6. Who was the emperor at Russia at time of First World War?
 - a) Kaiser Wilhelm II
- b) Tsar Nicholas II
- c) Franz Ferdinand
- d) Napoleon Ans: b

- 7. Name the treaty signed by Russia with Germany in 1918?
 - a) Treaty of Versailles b) Treaty of Bucharest
 - c) Treaty of London
 - d) Treaty of Brest Litovsk

Ans: d

- 8. The Central powers consisted of ____
 - a) Germany, Austria-Hungary and Italy
 - b) Russia, Germany and Italy
 - c) Britain, Germany and Italy
 - d) America, Germany and Italy
 - Ans: a
- 9. Who was the first secretary General of League of Nations?
 - a) Woodrow Wilson
- b) Sir Eric Drummond
- c) Lloyd George
- d) Orlando
 - Ans: b
- 10. In which year did the Russian Revolution break out?
 - a) 1917 b) 1918 c) 1911 d) 1939 Ans: a
 - II. Fill in the blanks:
- 1. Tsar Nicholas II belonged to _____dynasty.
- 2. ____an American ship was torpedoed by a German submarine.
- 3. The Russian parliament was called
- 4. _____party was renamed the Russian Communist Party.
- 5. Pravda is a Russian word meaning ____

Answers:

- 1. Romanov
- 3. Duma
- 5. Truth

- 2. Lusitania
- 4. Bolshevik

III. Match the following:

	I	II	Answers
1	Woodrow Wilson	Germany	America
2	Lloyd George	Russia	England
3	Clemenceau	America	France
4	Lenin	France	Russia
5	Kaiser Wilhelm II	England	Germany



UNIT - 2. THE WORLD BETWEEN TWO WORLD WARS



I. Choose the correct answer:

- 1. U.S market crash occurred in _
 - a) 1927 b) 1928 c) 1929 d) 1930 **Ans: c**
- 2. In which party did Mussolini join?
 - a) Fascist Party
- b) Nazist Party
- c) Communist Party d) Labour Party Ans: a
- 3. The Lateran Treaty was important because .
 - a) Mussolini recognized the Vatican City as an independent state
 - b) The Church recognized the Kingdom of Italy
 - c) both a and b
 - d) only a

Ans: c

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ANSWER KEY

PTA MODEL QUESTION PAPER - 1	PTA MODEL QUESTION PAPER - 4
 a) Karl Marx c) India and China c) Uttar Pradesh b) Baba Ramsingh d) Both A and R are correct and R is the correct ex planation c) Kosi a) Periyar d) Millets a) A is correct and R is correct explanation of A a) 26th January 1930 a) Madurai b) Mineral deposits c) Both A and B a) Mahbub ul Haq PTA MODEL QUESTION PAPER - 2 b) Latin America c) Both A and R are correct and R is the correct explanation of A a) Dayananda Saraswati b) i, ii and iii are correct 	1. d) All of these 2. c) Munda Rebellion 3. b) Yasser Arafat 4. a) Both A and R are correct a 5. c) Japanese 6. a) Ponnaiyar 7. c) Punjob 8. c) Jute 9. d) Nespaper 10. b) Both A and R are true but R does not explain A 11. d) Parliament 12. a) China 13. d) All these 14. b) Dharmapuri PTA MODEL QUESTION PAPER – 5 1. b) A is right but R is not the correct explanation 2. d) All these 3. b) ii and iii are correct 4. d) Government of India Act, 1935 5. Note: Right answer – Staff Selection Board
5. a) Gandhiji 6. b) Anaimudi 7. c) Jute 8. c) Maharashtra 9. d) Pavan Hans 10. a) Karur 11. c) Right to Property 12. b) The Governor 13. a) GDP – Depreciation 14. b) iv	6. c) A is correct and R is false 7. d) Copper 8. c) Airways 9. a) Dharmapuri 10. a) Cauvery delta 11. a) Equality before law 12. c) is a permanent house 13. c) Service Sector 14. d) Crafts
PTA MODEL QUESTION PAPER - 3	PTA MODEL QUESTION PAPER - 6
 b) Napoleonic invasion b) 1976 a) M.G.Ranade a) Both A and R are correct but R is not the correct explanation of A a) Abraham Pandithar c) Peninsula d) Soil c) Carbon a) Periar a) NH-44 c) 18 b) A is correct and R does not explain A a) Portuguese, Dutch, English, Danish, French a) Small Scale-industries 	 a) Lenin d) September 1949 c) i and ii are correct a) 1 and 2 c) Both A and R right b) Andaman Nicobar and Lakshadweeps a) India c) Human Development Index d) Ramanathapuram c) Regur Soil d) Parents property is inherited by their children b) India, Afghanistan and Iran d) i, iii and iv are correct a) 1980

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AADHAVAA MODEL QUESTION PAPER - 1

PART - I

Answer all the questions:

- 1. a) Karl Marx
- i. aj Karriviars
- 2. c) India and China
- 3. c) Uttar Pradesh
- 4. b) Baba Ramsingh
- 5. d) Both A and R are correct and R is the correct explanation
- 6. c) Kosi
- 7. a) Periyar
- 8. d) Millets
- 9. a) A is correct and R is Correct explanation of A
- 10. a) 26th January 1930
- 11. a) Madurai
- 12. b) Mineral deposits
- 13. c) Both A and B
- 14. a) Mahbub ul Haq

AADHAVAA MODEL QUESTION PAPER - 2

PART - I

Answer all the questions:

14x1=14

- 1. d) All of these
- 2. c) Munda Rebellion
- 3. b) Yasser Arafat
- 4. a) Both A and R are Correct
- 5. c) Japanese
- 6. a) Ponnaiyar
- 7. c) Punjab
- 8. c) Jute

14x1=14

- 9. d) Newspaper
- 10.b) Dharmapuri
- 11.a) Both A and R are true and R explains A
- 12 b) The Governor
- 13.c) Green
- 14.a) Gandhiji

AADHAVAA MODEL QUESTION PAPER - 3

AADHAVAA MODEL QUESTION PAPER - 4

PART - I

Answer all the questions:

- 1. a) Both A and R are right
- 2. c) Jawaharlal Nehru
- 3. b) i and iii are correct
- 4. a) Annie Besant
- 5. b) Nagalapuram
- 6. c) A is correct R is false
- 7. a) 3 and 15
- 8. c) Maharashtra
- 9. c) Airways
- 10. b) Bay of Bengal
- 11. d) Goods and Services Tax
- 12. a) Sivakasi
- 13. d) Geneva
- 14. c) Tamil Nadu

PART - I

14x1=14

14x1=14 | Answer all the questions:

- 1. b) Latin America
- 2. c) Chinnakallar
- 3. c) Bhangar
- 4. a) 2 September 1945
- 5. c) i, iii and iv are correct
- 6. b) Both A and R are correct and R is the correct explanation of A
- 7. a) 1 and 2
- 8. a) Annie Besant
- 9. a) USA
- 10. c) Uttar Pradesh
- 11. d) Black Soil
- 12. c) If the President orders it during the national emergency
- 13.b) Iran
- 14. d) Ramanathapuram

Aadhavaa Guide IOth SOCIAL SCIENCE

GOVT. SUPPLEMENTARY EXAM – SEPTEMBER 2020

PART - I

Answer all the questions:

14x1=14

- 1. c) Adowa
- 2. b) June 26, 1945
- 3. a) Swami Dayanand Saraswati
- 4. c) Munda Rebellion
- 5. d) Both A and R are correct R is the correct explanation of A
- 6. b) Vembanad Lake
- 7. c) Honey
- 8. b) Chennai
- 9. b) Bay of Bengal
- 10. d) 1077
- 11. c) Right to constitutional remedies
- 12. b) Sir Cyril Radcliffe
- 13. b) Capital Market
- 14. b) iv only

GOVT. PUBLIC EXAM - MAY 2022

PART - I

Answer all the questions:

14x1=14

- 1. b) P.Rangaiah
- 2. c) C.Rajaji
- 3. a) Lenin
- J. aj Leilli
- 4. c) 10July 1806
- 5. b) i, ii and iii
- 6. d) Black soil
- 7. b) Steel making
- 8. c) Bhorghat
- 9. d) Karur
- 10.c) Sri Lanka
- 11.c) Article 360
- 12 c) 30 years
- 13.c) New Economic Pilocy
- 14.c) i, iii and iv

GOVT. SUPPLEMENTARY EXAM -SEPTEMBER 2021

PART - I

GOVT. SUPPLEMENTARY EXAM - AUGUST 2022

PART - I

Answer all the questions:

- 1. a) Russia
- 2. a) 24 October 1929
- 3. c) Jawaharlal Nehru
- 4. b) 1829
- 5. c) Both A and R are correct and R is the correct explanation of A
- 6. c) 1 (iv), 2 (i), 3 (ii), 4 (iii)
- 7. c) Punjab
- 8. a) Batteries
- 9. c) Uttar Pradesh
- 10. b) Tea
- 11. b) The Governor
- 12. b) India- China
- 13. c) Used to measure the quality of goods
- 14. a) 1999

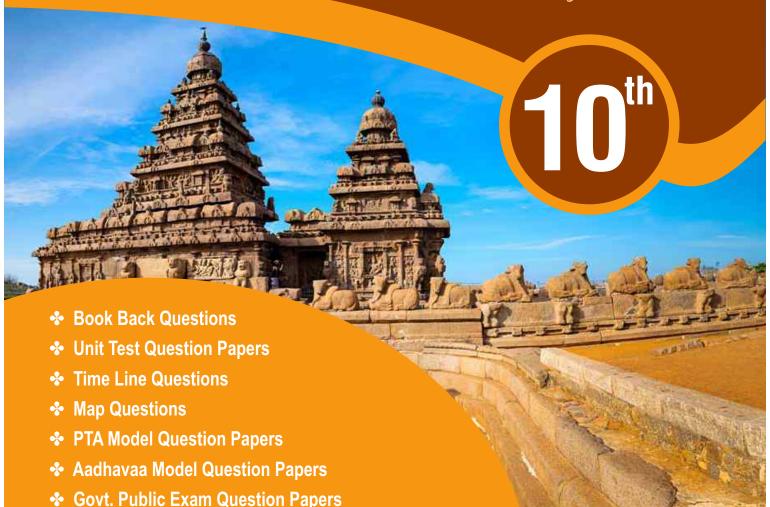
14x1=14 | Answer all the questions: 14x1=14

- 1. c) Woodrow Wilson
- 2. a) Marudhu Brothers
- 3. c) Munda Rebellion
- 4. c) Ziegenbalg
- 5. b) 1925
- 6. d) Tamil Nadu and Andhra Pradesh
- 7. a) Isohyets
- 8. b) Thanjavur
- 9. c) Bhorghat
- 10.b) Demography
- 11. d) Sovereign, Socialist, Secular, Democratic, Republic
- 12. a) The Chief minister
- 13.b) Nutrition
- 14. a) Agriculture



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Based on New Syllabus



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HISTORY

10th SOCIAL SCIENCE

OUTBREAK OF WORLD WAR I AND ITS AFTERMATH

TEXT BOOK EXERCISES

I. Choose t	he correct	answer:
-------------	------------	---------

- What were the three major empires shattered by 1. the end of First World War?
 - a) Germany, Austria-Hungary and the Ottomans
 - b) Germany, Austria-Hungary and Russia
 - c) Spain, Portugal and Italy
 - d) Germany, Austria-Hungary, Italy
- Which country emerged as the strongest in East Asia towards the close of nineteenth century?
 - a) China
- b) Japan
- c) Korea
- d) Mongolia
- Who said "Imperialism is the highest stage of capitalism"? [PTA-6/Q-1,May.22]
 - a) Lenin
- c) Sun Yat-Sen
- d) Mao Tse Tung
- What is the Battle of Marne remembered for?
 - a) air warfare
- b) trench warfare
- c) submarine warfare
- d) ship warfare
- To which country did the first Secretary General of League of Nations belong?
 - a) Britain
- b) France
- c) Dutch
- d) USA
- Which country was expelled from the League of Nations for attacking Finland?

 - a) Germany b) Russia
- c) Italy
- d) France

II. Fill in the blanks:

- Japan forced a war on China in the year 1.
- The new state of Albania was created according to the 2. Treaty of _____ signed in May 1913. [May.22]
- Japan entered into an alliance with England in the year 3.
- In the Balkans had mixed population.
- In the Battle of Tannenberg ___ __ suffered heavy losses.
- as Prime Minister represented France in Paris Peace Conference. [Feb.22]
- Locarno treaty was signed in the year _ [PTA-1/Q-29, Feb.22]

III.Choose the correct statement:

- 1. i) The Turkish Empire contained many non-Turkish people in the Balkans.
 - ii) Turkey fought on the side of the central powers. iii)Britain attacked Turkey and captured Constantinople.
 - iv) Turkey's attempt to attack Suez Canal was repulsed.
 - a) i and ii are correct
- b) i and iii are correct
- c) iv is correct
- d) i, ii and iv are correct

- Assertion (A): Germany and the United States were producing cheaper manufactured goods and capturing England's markets.
 - Reason (R): Both the countries produced required raw material for their industries.
 - a) Both A and R are correct
 - b) A is right but R is not the correct reason
 - c) Both A and R are wrong
 - d) R is right but A is wrong
- Assertion (A): The first European attempts to carve out colonies in Afric resulted in blood battles. Reason (R): There was stiff resistance from the native population.
 - a) Both A and R are correct
 - b) A is right but R is not the correct reason
 - c) Both A and R are wrong
 - d) R is right but A is wrong

IV. Match the following:

	I	II
1	Treaty of Brest - Litovsk	Versailles
2	Jingoism	Turkey
3	KemalPasha	Russia with Germany
4.	Emden	England
5.	Hall of Mirrors	Madras

V. Answer briefly:

- How do you assess the importance of Sino Japanese War? [Feb.22]
- 2. Name the countries in the Triple Entente.
- 3. What were the three militant forms of nationalism in Europe? [Feb.22]
- 4. What do you know of trench warfare? [PTA-3/Q-15, Sep.21]
- 5. What was the role of Mustafa Kemal Pasha? [Feb.22]
- List out any two causes for the failure of the League of Nations. [PTA-5/Q-15]

VI. Answer in detail:

- Discuss the main causes of the First World War. [PTA-1/Q-31,Sep.20, 21, May.22]
- Highlight the provisions of the Treaty of Versailles relating to Germany. [PTA-2/Q-43(i), Feb.22]
- 3. Explain the Course of the Russian Revolution under the leadership of Lenin.
- Estimate the work done by the League of Nations.

THE WORLD BETWEEN TWO WORLD WARS

TEXT BOOK EXERCISES

I. Choose the correct answer:

- With whom of the following was the Lateran Treaty signed by Italy?
 - a) Germany
- b) Russia

c) Pope

d) Spain



Aadhavaa Guide 10th SOCIAL SCIENCE

UNIT TEST QUESTION PAPERS

HISTORY

<u>UNIT TEST - 1</u>

I. OUTBREAK OF WORLD WAR I AND ITS AFTERMATH

TIME: 40 MINUTES MARKS: 25

I. Choose the correct answer:

4x1=4

- What were the three major empires shattered by the end of First World War?
 - a) Germany, Austria-Hungary and the Ottomans
 - b) Germany, Austria-Hungary and Russia
 - c) Spain, Portugal and Italy
 - d) Germany, Austria-Hungary, Italy
- 2. Who said "Imperialism is the highest stage of capitalism"? [PTA-6/Q-1]
 - a) Lenin
- b) Marx
- c) Sun Yat-Sen
- d) Mao Tse Tung
- 3. Which country was expelled from the League of Nations for attacking Finland?
 - a) Germany
- b) Russia

c) Italy

- d) France
- 4. What is the Battle of Marne remembered for?
 - a) air warfare
- b) trench warfare
- c) submarine warfare
- d) ship warfare

II. Fill in the blanks:

4x1=4

- 5. Japan forced a war on China in the year
- 6. Locarno treaty was signed in the year
- 7. In the Balkans had mixed population.
- 8. In the Battle of Tannenberg _____ suffered heavy losses.

III. Choose the correct statement:

1x1=1

9. Assertion (A): Germany and the United States were producing cheaper manufactured goods and capturing England's markets.

Reason (R): Both the countries produced required raw material for their industries.

- a) Both A and R are correct
- b) A is right but R is not the correct reason
- c) Both A and R are wrong
- d) R is right but A is wrong

IV. Match the following:

5x1=5

	I	II
10	Treaty of Brest - Litovsk	Versailles
11	Jingoism	Turkey
12	Kemal Pasha	Russia with Germany
13	Emden	England
14	Hall of Mirrors	Madras

V. Answer in brief:

3x2=6

- 15. Name the countries in the Triple Entente.
- 16. What do you know of trench warfare?
- 17. List out any two causes for the failure of the League of Nations

VI. Answer in detail:

1x5=5

18. Discuss the main causes of the first world war.

UNIT TEST - 2

2. THE WORLD BETWEEN TWO WORLD WARS

TIME: 40 MINUTES MARKS: 25

I. Choose the correct answer:

4x1=4

- 1. With whom of the following was the Lateran Treaty signed by Italy?
 - a) Germany
- b) Russia
- c) Pope
- d) Spain
- 2. With whose conquest did the Mexican civilization collapse?
 - a) Hernan Cortes
- b) Francisco Pizarro
- c) Toussaint Louverture
- d) Pedro I
- 3. Which President of USA pursued "Good Neighbour" policy towards Latin America?
 - a) Roosevelt
- b) Truman
- c) Woodrow Wilson
- d) Eisenhower
- 4. Which part of the world disliked dollar imperialism?
 - a) Europe
- b) Latin America
- c) India
- d) China

II.Fill in the blanks:

4x1=4

- 5. The Vietnam Nationalist Party was formed in____
- 6. The Secret State Police in Nazi Germany was known as
- 7. The ANC leader Nelson Mandela was put behind the bars for ______years.
- 8. Boers were also known as_

III. Choose the correct statement:

1x1=1

- 9. (i) During World War I the primary task of Italy was to keep the Austrians occupied on the Southern Front.(ii) Germany took to Fascism much later than Italy.
 - (iii) The first huge market crash in the US occurred on 24 October 1929.
 - (iv) The ban on African National Congress was lifted in 1966.
 - a) i and ii are correct
- b) iii is correct
- c) iii and iv are correct
- d) i, ii and iii are correct

IV. Match the following:

5x1=5

	I	II
10	Transvaal	Germany
11	Tongking	Hitler
12	Hindenburg	Italy
13	Third Reich	Gold
14	Matteotti	Guerilla activities

V. Answer in brief:

3x2=6

- 15. Discuss the importance of Ottawa Economic Summit.
- 16. How did Great Depression impact on the Indian agriculture?
- 17. Define "Dollar imperialism".

VI. Answer in detail:

1x5=5

18. Describe the rise and growth of nationalist politics in South Africa.

<u>UNIT TEST - 27</u>

5. INDUSTRIAL CLUSTERS INITAMII NADII

		WIIC NADO	
T	IME: 40 MINUTES		MARKS: 25
I.	Choose the correct an	swer:	4x1=4
1.	Tiruppur is known	for	
	a) Leather Tanning	b) Lock Ma	ıking
	c) Knitwear	d) Agro -P	rocessing
2.	'The Detroit of Asia		
	a) Tuticorinb) Coim	batore	
	c) Chennai d) Madu		
3.	Pumpsets and moto		ed mostly
	in	•	•
	a) Salem	b) Coimbator	e
	c) Chennai	d) Dharmapu	ri
4.	A successful industr	rial cluster en	tirely created by
	the Tamil Nadu is		
	a) Hosur	b) Dindigu	
	c) Kovilpatti	d) Tirunelvel	i
II.	Fill in the blanks:		3x1=3
5.	Hundred of leather a	nd tannery faci	

IV. Match the following:

processes.

5x1=5

	I	II
8	Entrepreneur	Export Processing Zone
9	MEPZ	Coimbatore
10	Indian Ordnance Factory	Organizer
11	TNPL	Aravankadu
12	Manchester of south India	Karur

Special Economic Zones policy was introduced on

is an innovator of new ideas and business

V. Answer in brief:

4x2 = 8

- 13. Why are wages low in the agricultural sector?
- 14. What are the routes for clusters formation?
- 15. What are the problems of industrialization currently in Tamil Nadu?
- 16. What is meant by Entrepreneur?

VI. Answer in detail:

1x5=5

17. What are the important characteristics of successful industrial clusters?

10th SOCIAL SCIENCE

TIMELINE QUESTIONS

- A) Important Events of World History (1900-1950) Draw a time line for the following:
 - 1. Write any five important events from 1910 to 1930
 - 2. Write any five important events from 1915 to 1935
 - 3. Write any five important events from 1920 to 1940
 - 4. Write any five important events from 1925 to 1945
 - 5. Write any five important events from 1930 to 1950
- B) Important Events of India National Movement (1900-1947) Draw a timeline for the following:
 - 1. Write any five important events from 1900 to 1920
 - Write any five important events from 1910 to 1930
 - Write any five important events from 1915 to 1935
 - Write any five important events from 1920 to 1940
 - Write any five important events from 1930 to 1950

MAP QUESTIONS

HISTORY

Unit - 1. World War I

- Mark the following places on the outline map of the world.
 - 1. Bosnia 6. Austria – Hungary 10. Greece
 - 2. Bulgaria 7. Great Britain 11. Italy
 - Rumania 8. Turkey 12. Germany
 - 4. Serbia 9. France 13. Morocco
 - 5. India

Unit - 3. World War II

- Mark the following places on the outline map of the world.
 - a) Axis Power Countries
 - Germany 2. Hungary 3. Romania
 - b) Allied Power Countries
 - 11. Brazil New Zealand 6. Canada

 - Norway 7. **England** 12. Netherlands
 - Belgium France 13. Greece 3.
 - 4. Poland 9. Denmark 14. Moscow
 - 10. China 15. Australia 5. Russia
 - Other Places c)
 - 1. San Francisco 5. London
- 8. Moscow
 - Hawai Island 6. Hiroshima
- 9. Nagasaki 7. Atlantic ocean 10. Arctic ocean
 - Pacific ocean 4. Antarctic ocean

Unit - 7. Important Centres of Great Revolt -1857

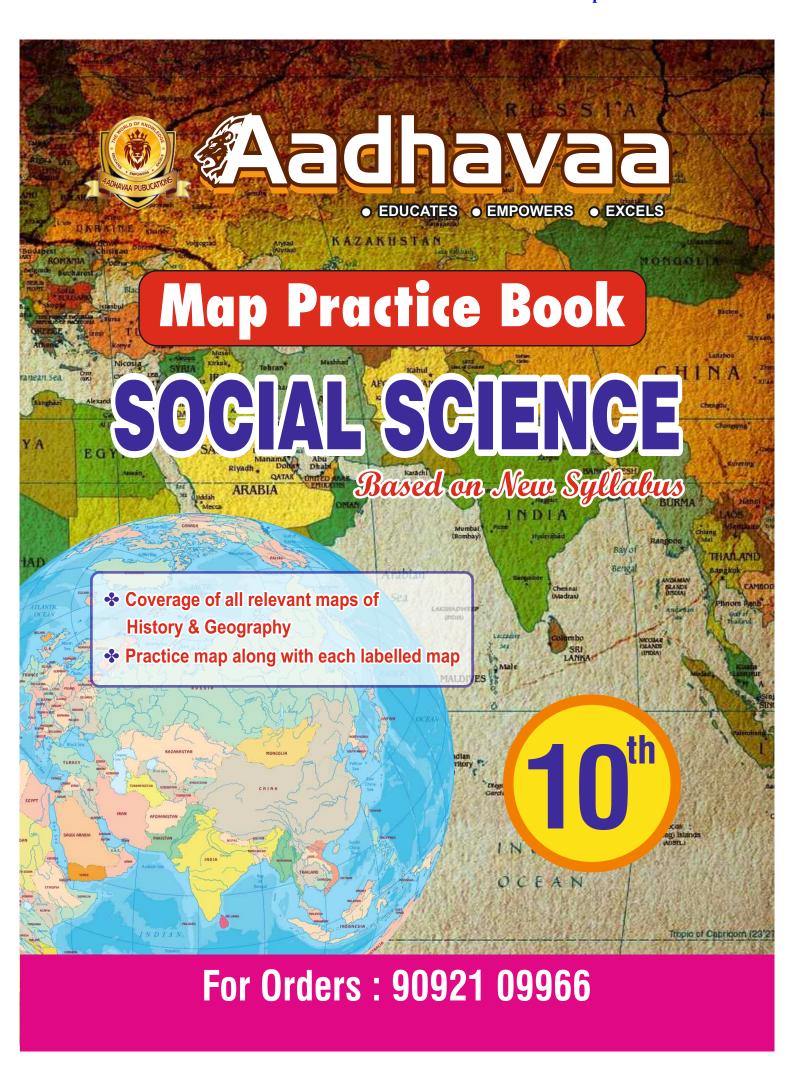
- Mark the following places on the outline map of India.
 - 9. Ihansi 1. Kanpur 5. Banaras
 - 2. Delhi 6. Bareilly
 - 10. Lucknow 3. Allahabad 7. Agra 11. Gwalior

 - 4. Meerut Barrackpore 12. Ambala

Unit - 8. Indian National Movement [1900-1947]

- Mark the following places on the outline map of India.
 - 1. Bardoli 8. Lucknow 2. Poona
 - 9. Delhi
- 15. Bombay 16. Satara
 - 10. Wardha 3. Lahore
- 17. Gorakhpur
 - Vedaranyam 11. Chauri Chura
 - 12. Madras
- 18. Dandi
 - 5. Calcutta
- 13. Kanpur
- 19. Patna

- 6. Kheda 7. Meerut
 - 14. Nagpur
- 20. Jhansi 21. Chittagong



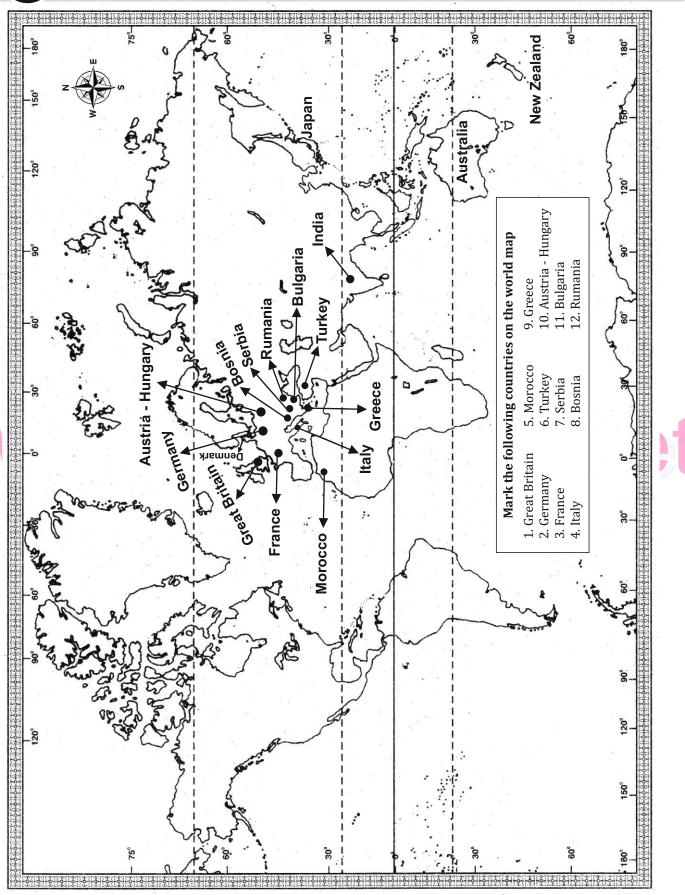
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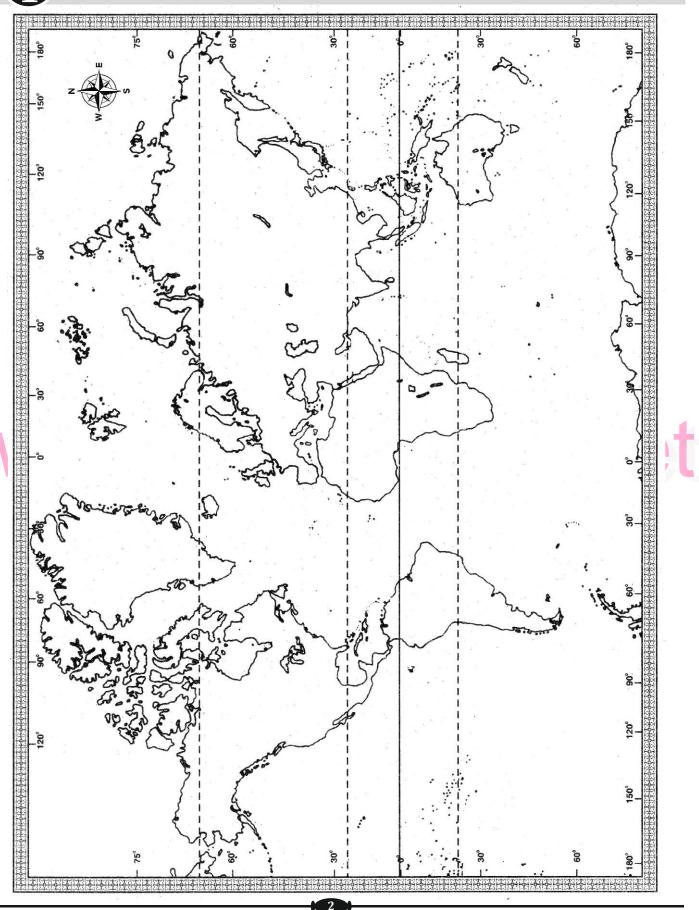
WORLD WAR I



HISTORY

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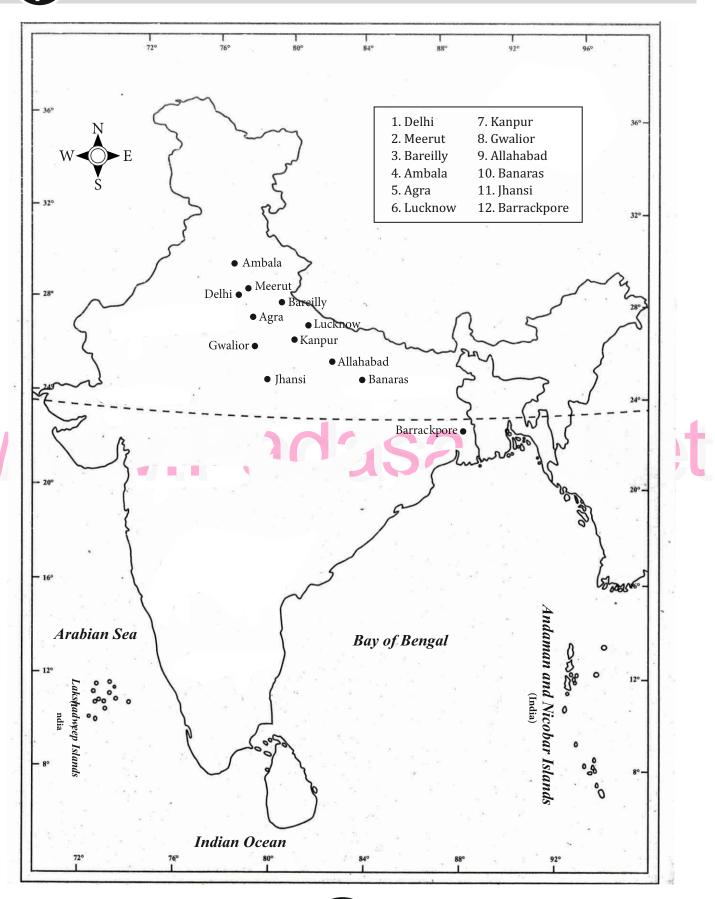
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HISTORY

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IMPORTANT CENTRES OF 1857 REVOLT



HISTORY

10th SOCIAL SCIENCE

IMPORTANT CENTRES OF 1857 REVOLT

