

TRB POLYTECHNIC**ENGLISH-UNIT-1****Registration No :23PG198****IMPORTANT QUESTIONS****UNIT -1-TEST-1-PART-1****WITH KEYS****UNIT-1- CHAUCER TO SHAKESPEARE**

1. Chaucer was a poet of the

- (a) Thirteenth Century **(b) Fourteenth Century**
 (c) Fifteenth Century (d) Twelfth Century

2. Which of the following poems of Chaucer is considered the first novel in English?

- (a) The Book of the Duchess (b) The House of Fame
 (c) The Parliament of fowls **(d) Troilus and Criseyde**

3. Which of the following poems of Chaucer is unfinished?

- (a) Troilus and Criseyde (b) The parliament of fowls
(c) The Legend of Good women (d) The House of Fame

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4. For the general idea of his the Canterbury Tales Chaucer was indebted to

(a) Petrarch (b) Dante **(c) Boccaccio** (d) Virgil

5. Chaucer wrote in which of the following dialects?

(a) Northern English **(b) East-Midlands**

(b) West-Midlands (d) south-Eastern

6. Where do the pilgrims of the Canterbury tales meet in London?

(a) Fleet street **(b) Tabard Inn** (c) Grub Street (d) London Club

7. How many tales are to be told by each pilgrim ?

(a) **Four** (b) One (c) Two (d) Three

8. The pilgrims are going to visit the tomb of

(a) Saint john (b) Thomas Aquinas (c) Saint Mary **(d) Thomas a Becket**

9. Where is the tomb of the saint situated?

(a) Stratford-upon- Avon (b) Warwickshire (c) Shaftesbury **(d) Canterbury**

10. Who narrates the first tale in Chaucer's Canterbury tales?

(a) The merchant (b) Chaucer himself

(c) The Knight (d) The clerk of Oxford

11. Who tells the last tale in Chaucer's Canterbury tales?

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(a) The monk **(b) the parson** (c) The prioress (d) The nun

12. Which of the following tales is in prose?

(a) **The Parson's tale** (b) The Wife of Bath's Tale

(b) The Cook's Tale (d) The Squire's

13. Who tells the Tale of melibeus in Canterbury tales ?

(a) The Wife of bath **(b) Chaucer** (c) The Nun (d) the Host

14. Chaucer's Troilus and Criseyde is written in

(a) Heroic couplet (b) Quatrain (c) Ottava Rima **(d) rime royal**

15. The first poem in English to use heroic couplet is

(a) The Legend of Good women (b) The house of fame

(c) The parliament of fowls (d) The book of the duchess

16. Who among The following said about Chaucer's prologue to the

Canterbury tales that "here indeed is God's plenty"?

(a) Ben Johnson **(b) Dryden** (c) pope (d) Johnson

17. The author of piers the Plowman is

(a) Chaucer (b) Gower **(c) Langland** (d) Lydgate

18. Which of the following poems did Chaucer dedicate to Gower?

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- (a) The House of Fame (b) the legend of Good Women
(c) The Canterbury Tales (d) **Troilus and Criseyde**

19. Gower wrote in English which of the following poems?

- (a) speculum Meditantis (b) **confessio Amantis**
(c) Vox Clamantis (d) King Bruce

20. Which of the following poems of Gower is in French?

- (a) **Speculum** (b) confessio amantis (c) Vox Clamantis (d) King Bruce

21. Which of the following poems of Gower is in Latin?

- (a) Speculum Meditantis (b) confessio amantis
(c) **Vox Clamantis** (d) King Bruce

22. Who among the following is called the father of English prose?

- (a) Bacon (b) More (c) Wyatt (d) **Wycliffe**

23. Who among the following is called the morning star of the Reformation?

- (a) Luther (b) **Wycliffe** (c) Calvin (d) bacon

24. To whom is generally attributed the first English translation of the Bible?

- (a) **Wycliffe** (b) Wyatt (c) King james (d) Milton

25. Morte d' Arthure was published in

-Geoffrey Chaucer's The Book of the Duchess

101) Geoffrey Chaucer is also known as:.....

(A) The reformer of English language (C) The poet of English language

(B) The father of English poetry (D) The father of English literature

102) What is painted on the walls of the narrator's dream chamber in The Book of the Duchess?

(A) The Trojan War

(D) The War of the Roses

(B) The First Crusade

(C) The Romance of the Rose

103) To whom does the Black Knight say he was in service before he met Lady White?

(A) Juno **(B) The God of Love** (C) Morpheus (D) The Virgin Mary

104) The Canterbury Tales was written in the

(A) North Eastern Dialect

(C) South Western Dialect

(B) South Midland Dialect

(D) East Midland Dialect

105) During the period of which king did Chaucer, fight In the English Army for the Hundred Years' War between France and England?

(A) Richard II

(B) William I

(C) William II

(D) Edward III

106) Who was the king when Geoffrey Chaucer was dead?

(A) David II

(B) Edward III

(C) Richard-II

(D) Henry IV

107) Which of Chaucer's works is associated with Valentine's Day?

(A) The Canterbury Tales

(C) The Book of the Duchess

(B) Parlement of Fowls

(D) The Canterbury Tales

108) Which one of the following works of Geoffrey Chaucer is an elegy

written for Blanche of the wife of John Gaunt?

(A) The Book of the Duchess

(C) Troilus and Criseyde

(B) The House of Fame

(D) The Legend of Good Women

109) Which stanza form was first introduced by Chr

(A) Heroic Coupler

(C) Octosyllabic Couplet

(B) Rhyme Royal

(D) Ottawa Rhyma

110) On which Chaucer's Troilus and Criseyde was based

(A) Boccaccio's Mulieribus

(B) Dante's Divine Comedy

(D) Dante's Inferm

(C) Boccaccio's Filostrato

111. What is the title of the earliest of Chaucer's poems, written summation between and 1372?

(A) The Book of the Counte

(B) The Book of the Duchess

(C) The House of Fame

(D) Troilus and Crisweyde

112) Who is called as "Morning Star of Reformation?"

(A) Chaucer **(B) Wycliffe** (C) Spenser (D) Martin Luther

113) What name is now given to the language in which Chaucer worked?

(A) Early English

(B) Middle English

(C) Modern English

(D) Old English

114) Geoffrey Chaucer was alive to witness or bear breaking news of some remarkable events in medieval history. Which one of the following events was he not around for?

(A) The Battle of Agincourt

(B) The Black Death

(C) The Deposition of Richard II

(D) The Peasants' Revolt

115) Chaucer's The Romaunt of the Rose belongs to.....period.

(A) English

(B) Italian

(C) Latin

(D) French

158) The Canterbury Tales is an unfinished work, wherein each pilgrim was supposed to tell more than one tale. How many tales did Chaucer originally envision each pilgrim telling?

- (A) 4 **(B) 2** (C) 3 (D) 6

159) In which year did Chaucer fought in Hundred Years' War between France and England?

- (A)1379 (B)1369 **(C)1359** (D)1382

160) Which is the first tale in The Canterbury Tales?

- (A) The Cook's Tale (B) The Friar's Tale
(C) The Knight's Tale (D) The Merchant's Tale

Edmund Spenser's Epithalamion

161) Which royal dynasty Edmund Spenser celebrates in his epic poem The Faerie Queene?

- (A) Tudor Dynasty** (B) Plantagenet Dynasty
(D) Georgian Dynasty (C) Caroline Dynasty

162) To whom did the poet address his sonnet sequence Amoretti?

(A) Anne Boleyn

(B) Elizabeth Boyle

(C) Catherine

(D) Rosalind

163) What is the rhyme scheme of the Spenserian Stanza?

(A) ab ab bcc

(B) ab ab bc bcc

(C) ab ab ab bc

(D) ab ab be bec

164) What type of work is the work The Faerie Queene?

(A) Allegory

(B) Satire

(C) Ballad

(D) Elegy

165) To whom Edmund Spenser dedicated the work The Faerie Queene?

(A) Earl of Leicester

(B) Sir Philip Sidney

(C) Queen Elizabeth

(D) Earl of Essex

166) Under which pseudonym the work The Shepheardes Calender was published in 1579?

(A) Colin Clout

(B) Cynthia

(C) Immerito

(D) Gloriana

167) To whom did Edmund Spenser dedicate his work The Shepheardes Calender?

(A) 2 4 1 3

(B) 3 2 4 1

(C) 1 3 4 2

(D) 3 1 2 4

189) Spenser invokes the three hand maidens who attend the in decorating his bride.

(A) Faerie Queene

(C) Queen Mary

(B) Cyprian Queen

(D) Syrian Queen

190) The poet describes that his beloved bride lies in her bed in dignified humility like as the Greek nymph

(B) Naides

(D) Ocenanids

(C) Maia

(A) Haliae

William Shakespeare's Sonnets

191) Dryden admiresbut he loves Shakespeare.

(A) Pope

(B) Virgil

(C) Milton

(D) Jonson

192) "All for Love" is fashioned upon the theme of.....

(A) Troilus and Cressida

(C) Romeo and Juliet

(B) Antony and Cleopatra (D) Coriolanus

193) Which of the following is not a great tragedy by Shakespeare?

(A) Macbeth (B) Hamlet (C) **The Tempest** (D) King Lear

194) The source for Shakespeare's historical plays is.....

(A) Marlowe's plays (B) Ben Jonson's dramas

(B) **Holinshed's chronicles** (D) Spenser's Faerie Queene

195) Shakespeare'shad a model in Marlowe's Edward II.

(A) Richard III (B) Titus Andronicus

(D) The Taming of the Shrew (C) **Richard II**

196) Falstaff, the companion to Prince Hal appears in 3 plays.....

(A) Henry IV part 1, Part 2 and Henry V

(B) Richard II, Henry IV part 1 and Part 2

(C) **Henry IV Part I, Henry IV Part 2 and Merry Wives of Winsor**

(D) Richard II, Richard III, and Henry IV Part 1

197) Shakespeare wrote plays In.....

(A) Blank verse (B) Iambic metre (C) Quatrains (D) Rhyming couplets

198) What is the rhyme scheme of a Shakespearean Sonnet?

(A) abba abba cdcdcd **(C) abab cdcd efef gg**

(B) abab bcbc cdcd ee (D) abba abba cdcd ee

199) The last plays of Shakespeare are tragic-comedies and also known

as...

(A) comedies (B) farces (C) tragedies **(D) romances**

200) The line "To be or not to be" comes from which play?

(A) King Lear (B) Richard I1 (C) Julius Caesar **(D) Hamlet**

201) What was age of Shakespeare when he married 26 year old Anne

Hathaway?

(A) 22 (B) 28 (C) 29 **(D) 18**

202) Who criticized Shakespeare by calling him an "upstart crow beatified with our feathers"?

(A) Robert Greene

(C) George Peele

(B) Christopher Marlowe

(D) Thomas Nashe

203) Who is called as 'Bard of Avon'?

(A) Chaucer

(B) Spenser

(C) Shakespeare

(D) Donne

204) To whom did Shakespeare dedicate his long poem "Venus and Adonis"?

(A) Earl of Pembroke

(B) Earl of Southampton

(C) Mr.W.H

(D) Dark Lady

205) Which is the last play written by William Shakespeare?

(A) As you like it

(B) Two Gentlemen from Verona

D) The Tempest

(C) Henry V

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206) Who ridiculed Shakespeare by saying that he knew "small Latin and less Greek"?

(A) Marlowe **(B) Ben Jonson** (C) Spenser (D) Sidney

207) Who said, "Shakespeare has only heroines, and no heroes"?

(A) Mathew Arnold (B) Dr. Johnson **(C) Ruskin Bond** (D) T.S.Eliot

208) Shakespeare's Sonnets were published together in.....by Thomas Thrope.

(A) 1620 (B) 1700 **(C) 1609** (D) 1717

209) Who said, "Shakespeare was the man, who of all modern and perhaps ancient poets, had the largest and the most comprehensive soul"?

(A) Ben Jonson **(B) Dryden** (C) Carlyle (D) Arnold

210) "He was not of an age, but for all times; Nature herself was proud of his designs!" Who praises Shakespeare in these words?

(A) Coleridge (B) Robert Browning **(C) Ben Jonson** (D) Dr. Johnson

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252) The complete series of Bacon's 58 essays were published in.....

- (A) 1627 **(B) 1625** (C) 1561 (D) 1620

253) "Reading maketh a full man,a ready man and writing an exact man".

- (A) conference** (B) disquisition (C) quietude (D) sermon

254) "What is truth? said jesting Pilate, and would not stay for an answer".

This quote appears in

- (A) Dream children **(C) Of Truth**

(B) Tradition and Individual Talent

(D) Spoken English and Broken English

255) Bacon's essays are.....

- (A) aphoristic** (B) informal (C) personal (D) Chalty

256) The reference that Ulysses preferred his old wife to immortality is from Bacon's essay.....

(A) Of Ambition

(B) Of Truth

(C) Of Marriage and Single Life

(D) Of Revenge

257) Who Is the author of 'The New Atlantics'?

(A) Bacon

(B) John Lyly

(C) Shakespeare

(D) Marlowe

258) With what logical method is Bacon associated?

(A) Exclusion

(B) Induction

(C) Convection

(D) Plato

259) Bacon's Essays are modelled on the 'Essais' of.....

(A) Virgil

(B) Aristophanes

(C) Montaigne

(D) Plato

260) How many Essays were published in Bacon's first edition of essays in 1597?

(A) 10

(B) 12

(C) 38

(D) 14

261) When was Francis Bacon Lord Chancellor of England?

(A) 1588-1594

(B) 1618-1621

(C) 1594-1598

(D) 1602-1614

262) To whom is the 'The New Organum' dedicated?

(A) Louis XIV

(B) James I

(C) Charles I

(D) Elizabeth 1

263) Who called Bacon as 'The Young Lord Keeper'?

(A) James I

(C) Queen Elizabeth I

(B) James II

(D) Queen Elizabeth II

Of Travel

281).....in the younger sort, is a part of education; in the elder,
a part of experience.

- (A) Love (C) Travel
(B) Friendship (D) Religion

282) Which of the following is not advice of Bacon to the present-day
traveller?

- (A) keep a diary
(B) rely on a guide book
(C) learn the language
(D) keep company of fellow countrymen

283) Complete the following line: "It is a strange thing, that in sea
voyages, where there is nothing to be seen but sky and sea, men should
make....."

- (A) autobiographies (B) historical books
(C) diaries (D) dictionaries

284) "When a traveler returneth home, let him not leave the countries where he hath traveled altogether behind him". These lines are quoted from.....

(A) Of Friendship

(D) Economical

(B) Of Travel

(C) Of Nobility

285) When a young child travels around in alien places, he has good.....value.

(A) Business

(B) Commercial

(C) Educational

(D) Of Love

286) A youngster can travel to an unknown place under the watchful eye of a knowledgeable.....

(A) tutor

(B) friend

(C) lover

(D) cousin

287) According to Bacon, Which of the following can be recorded by the traveler?

(A) The royal courts of princes, kings and sovereigns

(B) The churches, monasteries and their architectural styles

(C) The city walls, the fortresses and the watch towers

(D) All the above

288) Which of the following advices is not given by Bacon for a traveler to stay?

(A) He should not stay more than it is necessary to stay in one place

(B) It is better to stay in King's guest house

(C) If he stays in a city or a town for a longer duration, he must change his lodging

(D) He must choose to stay among people of the host country

289) According to Bacon, a traveller must avoid the company.....

(A) eminent people

(B) literate people

(C) quarrelsome people

(D) illiterate people

290) On returning to his native home, the traveler must_

(A) forget the people and places he has visited

(B) maintain the link through correspondence with eminent men

(C) describe all the good things he has learnt abroad

(D) Both 'B' and 'C'

Of Friendship

291) Francis Bacon starts his essay 'Of Friendship' with a grand statement modelled after the views of.....

- (A) Socrates (C) Plato
(B) Aristotle (D) Confucius

292) Complete the following line:..... "For maketh indeed affair day in the affections, from storm and tempests; but it maketh daylight in the understanding, out of darkness and confusion of thoughts."

- (A) love (B) reading (C) travel **(D) friendship**

293) Who raised his friend Pompey to great heights by naming him "Pompey the Great"?

- (A) Sylla** (B) Caesar (C) Maecenas (D) Septimus Severus

294) "For a crowd is not company; and faces are but a gallery of pictures; and talk but a tinkling cymbal, where there is no love". These lines occur in.....

- (A) Of Love **(B) Of Friendship**
 (C) Of Truth (D) Of Travel

(A) Antony (B) Agrippa (C) **Caesar** (D) Plautianus

300) "The whole senate dedicated an altar to Friendship, as to a goddess, in respect of the great dearness of friendship between them two". Whose friendship is mentioned here?

(A) Septimus Severus and Plautianus (B) Caesar and Brutus
(C) Augustus and Agrippa (D) **Tiberius and Sejanus**

Of Love

301) According to Bacon, love enchants people and finally wrecks them as.....

(A) Sirens of Odyssey (B) Furies of classical mythologies
(C) **Both (A) and (B)** (D) Dido, the queen of Carthage

302) Bacon is a puritan that he regards love as a.....

(A) **child of folly** (B) product of intelligence
(C) constructive force (D) energetic force

303) "Nuptial love maketh mankind, friendly love perfecteth it, but wonton love corrupteth and embaseth it". These lines are quoted from.....

308) "For it is a true rule, that love is ever rewarded either with the reciproque, or with an inward and secret contempt". These lines are occur from.....

(A) Of Friendship

(B) Of Love

(C) Of Truth

(D) Of Travel

309) Who attached more importance to Helen's beauty than to the offer of riches, prowess and wisdom extended by Juno and Pallas?

(A) Aeneas

(B) Hector

(C) Paris

(D) Priam

310) Complete the following line: "The stage is more beholding to love than the life of man. For as to the stage, love is ever matter of..... and now and then of....."

(A) comedies; tragedies

(C) comfort; console

(B) wise; sensible

(D) sad and disastrous

Ben Jonson's Volpone or the Fox

311) When was Ben Jonson born?

(A) August 6, 1637

(C) June 11, 1572

(B) December 25, 1572

(D) June 11, 1575

312) What is Jonson best known for?

(A) Writing books

(C) Singing

(B) Playing the guitar

(D) Satirical plays

313) What two tragedies largely talked to impress renaissance audiences?

(A) The Alchemist, Volone

(C) None of his plays failed

(B) Volone, Bartholomew Fair

(D) Sejanus, Catiline

314) At the beginning of the reign ofin 1603 Jonson joined other poets and playwrights in welcoming the reign of the new king.

(A) James II of England

(C) James I of England

(B) Charles I of England

(D) Charles II of England

315) Ben Jonson popularised.....

(A) Comedy of humours

(C) Blood Tragedies

(B) Comedy of Manners

(D) Historical Romances

316) In Which of the following plays did William Shakespeare perform.....

(A) The Poetaster

(C) Cynthia's Revels

(B) Every Man out of His Humour

(D) Every Man in His Humour

352) What pun does Volpone make in referring to his gold?

(A) Bright and Shining Friend

(B) son of Sol

(C) son of Silver

(D) Precious Metal

353) What does Volpone claim to value more than the "glad possession" of his gold?

(A) the accumulation of it

(C) the cunning purchase of it

(B) the distribution of it

(D) the luster of it

354) Which of the following is NOT the name of one of Volpone's entertainers?

(A) Androgyno

(C) Castrone

(B) Nano

(D) Gordo

355) What body, according to Nano's recitation, does the soul of Pythagoras currently inhabit?

(B) Volpone's

(B) Androgyno's

(C) Gothic genre

(D) Horror play

356) The play 'Volpone' is a.....

(A) Comedy

(B) Tragedy

(C) Gothic genre

(D) Horror play

(A) German (B) French (C) Roman (D) Italian

364) Dr. Faustus begins and ends with the words of.....

(A) the Good Angel (B) the Chorus

(C) Faustus (D) the Scholars

365) In the play Dr.Faustus, Faustus makes a pact with the devil through.....

(A) Beelzebub (B) Wagner (C) Mephistophilis (D) Cornelius

366) Dr. Faustus Is a drama in

(A) blank Verse (B) prose

(C) rhyming couplets (D) blank verse and prose

367) Dr.Faustus wants sweet..... to make him immortal with a kiss.

(A) Venus (C) Helen

(B) Minerva (D) Juno

368) Faustus is advised by his friends and..... to study necromancy.

(B) Abraham and Chaplain (D) Valdes and Cornelius

(A) Horace and Tony (C) Ferdinand and Joan

407) Which among the following statements is not correct? Faustus appealsin the last scene?

- (A) to the mountain to cover him
- (B) to the earth to swallow him
- (C) to the stars to draw him into the cloud
- (D) to the God to change him into a beast**

408) Who says, "A sound magician is a demi God, Here tire my brains to get a deity"?

- (A) Mephistophilis (C) Lucifer
- (B) Voldes **(D) Faustus**

409) When, is it estimated, was 'Dr Faustus' first performed?

- (A) 1590 (C) 1604
- (B) 1593 **(D) 1594**

410) What does Faustus promise to the devil in exchange for great knowledge, riches and power for a period of 24 years?

- (A) his body **(C) his soul**
- (B) his house (D) his horse

415) Which of the following books was written by St. Thomas More?

- (A) Imitation of Christ (C) Ben Hur
(B) Spiritual Exercises (D) **Utopia**

416) When did St. Thomas More become Lord Chancellor?

- (A) **1529** (B) 1527 (C) 1518 (D) 1511

417) Under which Act was St. Thomas More called to take an oath and he refused?

- (A) Freedom of Religion Act (B) Human Rights Act
(C) **The Supremacy Act** (D) Arms Act

418) Saint Thomas More was beheaded for what breach of English law and on the orders of which Monarch?

- (A) For preaching Catholicism in public by Elizabeth I
(B) For attending Catholic mass by Elizabeth I
(C) For not voting for the Monarch in Parliament by Henry VIII

(D) For high treason by Henry VIII

419) Why did Saint Thomas resign in 1532 from the post that he was appointed to in 1529?

458) Giles, More, and Hythloday all head off to a garden for their intense chat. What's its fancy, literary name, again?

(A) **Locus Amoenus**

(B) Hocus Locus

(C) The Garden of Eden

(D) Thomas More's Garden

459) Who said "Then you're off the mark, for his sailing has not been like that of Palinurus, but more that of Ulysses, or rather of Plato"?

(A) Thomas More

(B) **Peter Giles**

(C) The Lawyer

(D) The Fool

460) What theme encapsulates the initial debate between More, Giles, and Hythloday?

(A) Exploration

(D) **Political Philosophy**

(C) Wealth

(D) Pride

John Webster's The White Devil

461) Webster's plays belong to a group of dramas called

(A) Elizabeth

(B) Classical

(C) **Jacobean**

(D) Neo-classical

462) As a revenge tragedy Webster's 'The Duchess of Malfi' can be reckoned with.....

(B) He is his brother

(D) He is his son

506) According to Francisco, what will happen to Brachiano because he slept with Vittoria?

(A) He will get venereal disease

(C) He will find great happiness

(B) He will have unwanted children

(D) Camillo will kill him

507) What weapon does Giovanni ask for?

(A) A shield

(C) A pike

(B) A mace

(D) A sword

508) What about Isabella physically disgusts Brachiano?

(B) Her body odor

(C) Her breath

(A) Her stringy hair

(D) Her sexual diseases

509) Which of Brachiano's actions does Isabella take responsibility for?

(A) His murder of Camillo

(C) His pirating

(B) His neglect of his son

(D) His divorce

510) How does Isabella convince Francisco that the divorce was her idea?

(A) The divorce papers are written in her handwriting

(B) She pretends to be jealous

(C) She physically attacks Brachiano

(D) She leaves a note and runs away

William Langland's Piers the Plowman

511) Who of the following was the closest contemporary of Chaucer?

A) John Gower **B) William Langland** C) Wyclif D) John Barbour

512) Which of the following dream visions, the poem Piers Plowman consists of?

A) Holy Church and Lady Meed woo the dreamer

B) Piers leads a crowd of penitents in search of St. Truth

C) The vision of Do-well, Do-bet and Do-best

D) All the above

513) Which of the following is not characteristic feature of Piers the Plowman?

A) It is a graphic picture of contemporary life and manners

B) It is a penetrative satire on social and ecclesiastical follies and vices

C) It is a powerful allegory of human life and morality

D) It is an elegy on the death of Duchess Blanche of Lancaster

514) Langland's narrator receives his first vision while sleeping in thebetween Herefordshire and Worcestershire.

A) The Chilterns

C) The Malverns

B) The Quantocks

D) The Mendips

515) What is William Langland's most popular work of literature?

A) 'Richard the Redeless'

C) The Vision of Piers Plowman

B) Richard 1

D) None of the above

516) From which work, did the peasants use phrases from this work in their revolt rhetoric in 1381?

A) Everyman

B) The Second Shepherd's Play

C) Noah's Flood

D) Piers Plowman

517) Who is the author of Piers Plowman?

A) Sir Thomas Malory

B) Margery Kempe

C) Geoffrey Chaucer

D) William Langland

518) What is the first vision that William Langland saw in 'Piers the Plowman'?

A) The Vision of Seven Deadly Sins

533) Will goes looking for Piers and meeting Abraham, who is himself searching for.....

- A) Father B) Raphael **C) Christ** D) Mary

534) Will meets..... characterised by the tablets of law and is also in search of Christ.

- A) Moses** B) Fortune C) Need D) Reason

535) Will witnesses Holy Church undermined by a hypocritical.....

- A) Summoner B) Pardoner **C) Friar** D) Monk

William Shakespeare's The Comedy of Errors

536) In Ephesus, Antipholus of Syracuse is mistaken for:

- A) His twin brother** C) His father
B) The Duke D) His slave, Dromio

537) Adriana suspects her husband, Antipholus of Ephesus, of:

- A) Having lost all his money through poor business dealings
B) Being unfaithful to her
C) Concealing the existence of his brother

D) Having his slave, Dromio, spy on her

538) Luciana accuses her sister of ruining her marriage by being too:

A)Jealous

C) Unfaithful

B) Docile

D) Generous

539) After dining at his brother's home, Antipholus of Syracuse declares

his love for:

A) Adriana

C) The maid, Luce

B) The Courtesan

D) Luciana

540) Antipholus of Ephesus is locked out of his own home because:

A) His wife believes he is already inside.

B) The Duke ordered him kept out.

C) His wife believes him to be unfaithful

D) Dromio of Syracuse falls asleep and does not hear the knock.

541)After having been locked out, Antiphotus of Ephesus dines at the

home of:

A) Angelo the Goldsmith

C) The Duke

B) Balthasar the Merchant

D) The Courtesan

Shakespeare's A Midsummer Night's Dream

581) Who is chosen to play the lion in the craftsmen's play?

- A) Bottom
B) Quince
C) Peaseblossom
D) Snug

582) Which of the young Athenians is first affected by the love potion?

- A) Lysander**
B) Helena
C) Hermia
D) Demetrius

583) Which man does Hermia's father want her to marry?

- A) Lysander
B) Demetrius
C) Theseus
D) Philostrate

584) Where do Lysander and Hermia plan to be married?

- A) Theseus's palace
B) Lysander's aunt's house
C) The temple of Diana
D) A forest glade

585) What part of her appearance does Hermin believe Helena has exploited to win Lysander's love?

- A) Her hair
B) Her face
C) **Her height**
D) Her legs

586) What does Oberon want that Titania refuses to give him?

- A) Her attendant, an Indian prince B) Her magic wand
C) Her maid-in-waiting D) Her love

587) Why does Pyramus, in the craftsmen's play, kill himself?

- A) This be does not love him.
B) This be has been killed by a lion.
C) This be has been killed by her father
D) Pyramus believes Thisbe has been killed by a lion because he finds her tattered garment at their meeting place.

588) Who brings the complaint against Hermia to Theseus in Act I?

- A) Aegean C) Hippolyta
B) Bottom D) Egeus

589) Of whom is Hippolyta the queen?

- A) The Pygmies C) The Amazons
B) The Centaurs D) The Babylonians

590) How does Puck prevent Demetrius and Lysander from fighting?

- A) By freezing them

629) Why does Pyramus kill himself in the end of the play within a play?

A) He found Thisbe slain by a lion

B) He found Thisbe's bloody mantle

C) Thisbe ran off with someone else D) He was in love with Hermia

630) Who ends up married at the end of the play?

A) Demetrius and Helena B) Theseus and Hippolyta

C) All three couples D) Lysander and Hermia

Shakespeare's Hamlet

631) Whom does Polonius send to France to spy on Laertes?

A) Reynaldo C) Guido

B) Ophelia D) Marcellus

632) Where does the ghost appear during the play?

A) The castle ramparts and the great hall of Elsinore

B) Fortinbras's tent and Hamlet's bedchamber

C) The castle ramparts and Gertrude's bedchamber

D) Gertrude's bedchamber and the great hall of Elsinore

633) How did Claudius murder King Hamlet?

A) By stabbing him through an arras **B) By pouring poison into his ear**

C) By ordering him to be hanged D) By poisoning his wineglass

634) Where is the university at which Horatio and Hamlet studied?

A) Paris C) Constantinople

B) Oxford **D) Wittenberg**

635) Whose skull does Hamlet discover in the churchyard?

A) The former court jester's C) Ophelia's

B) Reynaldo's D) His father's

636) Which of the following characters cannot see the ghost?

A) Marcellus **C) Gertrude**

B) Hamlet D) Horatio

637) Who escorts Hamlet on the voyage to England?

A) Cornelius and Voltimand

B) Rosencrantz and Guildenstern

C) Marcellus and Bernardo

D) Captain Vicissus and the one-eyed thief

638) Where do Hamlet and Laertes fight during Ophelia's funeral?

680) Who storms Elsinore Castle with a group of armed followers?

- (A) Hamlet (B) **Laertes**
(C) Fortinbras (D) Rosencrantz and Guildenstern

Shakespeare's Henry VIII

681) Who is the first to criticize Cardinal Wolsey?

- A) The king B) Norfolk C) **Buckingham** D) The queen

682) What happens after this person criticizes Wolsey?

- A) He is banished C) He is ignored
B) He is knighted D) **He is arrested**

683) Where does the king first meet Anne?

- A) **Wolsey's dinner party** C) In France
B) At court D) In the street

684) How do the commoners feel about Wolsey after Buckingham's sentencing?

- A) They think he is a good man
B) **They hate him**
C) They think he is a bad speaker

D) They wish he had been promoted

685) What does Anne think about the idea of being queen?

A) She is not sure what the job entails

B) She is totally indifferent

C) She longs for the position

D) She says she would not want to be queen

686) The king wants a divorce; whom does he ask for it?

A) The Pope

C) Wolsey

B) His lords

D) His wife

687) How does the queen respond to Henry's desire for a divorce?

A) She is glad and prepares to leave for Spain.

B) She's surprised but likes Anne, so she steps down.

C) She refuses to be judged by Wolsey and storms out.

D) She is upset but acquiesces.

688) What does Wolsey hope will result from the divorce?

A) Henry's marriage to Anne

B) Henry's marriage to his sister

C) Its witches and sorcerers

D) Its beautiful architecture

Shakespeare's Love's Labour's Lost

711) Costard has to deliver two notes...one is a love letter, and the other is

A) a marriage proposal

B) a request for a loan of gold

C) Can invitation to a dance.

D) another love letter

712).....is a sharp-tongued page who serves Armado.

A) Moth

C) Sir Nathaniel

B) Jaquenetta

D) Dull

713) The King of Navarre took a temporary vow of celibacy in order to

become a.....

A) better king

C) monk

B) hermit

D) scholar

714) The part of Don Adriano de Armado lampoons

A) a type of literary character, the highly educated snob..

B) another literary character, Don Quixote:

C) England's archrival, Spain.

D) England's archrival, Italy.

715) The Princess of France is in Navarre fo

A) find a husband.

B) find her brother.

C) negotiate a debt for her father.

D) seek a loan of gold for her father.

716) Which form of poetry does this play focus on?

A) Elegiac

C) Haiku

B) Epic

D) Sonnet

717) Who said the following: "A woman I foreswore, but I will prove, /

Thou being a goddess, I foreswore not thee."

A) Biron

C) King of Navarre

B) Dumain

D) Longaville

718) Who said the following: "Beauty is bought by judgment of the eye, /

Not utt'ered by base sale of chapmen's tongues."

A) Katherine

C) Rosaline

B) Moria

D) the Princess

719) Who said the following: "Shall I command thy love? I may. Shall I

enforce thy love? I could. Shall I entreat they love? I will."

C) As Egyptians

D) As Bohemians

749) Armado attempts to arrange a play in honor of the Princess. Each actor presents a famous general. Who plays Alisander?

A) Custard

B) Holofernes

C) Dull

D) Sir Nathaniel

750) The ladies announce they will one day return to rekindle their romance. When do they say they'll be back?

A) In one month

B) In one year

C) In six months

D) In three years

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