

TRB POLYTECHNIC

ENGLISH-UNIT-2

Registration No :23PG198

IMPORTANT QUESTIONS

UNIT -2-TEST-2-PART-1

WITH KEYS

JACOBAN TO AUGUSTAN AGE

- The Shoemaker's Holiday (1600) by Thomas Dekker is based in
 - Ancient Rome
 - Modern London
 - Ancient Athens
 - Modern Paris
- The Author of A Mad World, My Masters(1608) was
 - Thomas Dekker
 - John Ford
 - Thomas Middleton
 - John Fletcher
- Philip Massinger wrote which of the following plays?
 - The City Madam
 - A Chaste Maid in Cheapside
 - A King and No King
 - The Faithful Shepherdess
- Who among the following is called the father of classical comedy in England?
 - Shakespeare
 - Lyly
 - Webster
 - Ben Jonson
- The subtitle of Jonson's Volpone (1605) is
 - The Vulture
 - The Fox
 - The Crow
 - The Tiger

6. The Silent Woman is the subtitle of which of the following plays of Ben Jonson?

- (a) The Devil is an Ass (b) The Staple of News
(c) Epicoene (1609) (d) The Masque of Beauty

7. The Alchemist (1610) is a

- (a) Play by Ben Jonson (b) Novel by H.G. Wells
(c) Poem by Shelley (d) Epic by Ariosto

8. "Drink to me only with thine eyes" figures in

- (a) Shakespeare (b) Keats (c) Byron (d) Jonson

9. Johnson's Timber or Discoveries (1640) is a

- (a) Comic play (b) Tragic drama
(c) Philosophic treatise (d) Collection of notes and reflection

10. Who said that "the moving of laughter" was not essential to comedy whereas "equity, truth, perspicuity, and candour" were?

- (a) Ben Jonson (b) John Dryden
(c) Samuel Johnson (d) Alexander Pope

11. "Discoveries Made Upon Men and Manners" is a sub-title to which of the following works of Johnson?

- (a) Sejanus (b) Bartholomew Fair (c) Timber (d) Catiline

12. Caesar and Pompey was written by

- (a) Shakespeare (b) Chapman (c) Marlowe (d) Jonson

13. Thomas Heywood's A Woman Killed With Kindness (1603) is a

- (a) Tragedy of blood (b) Comedy of manners
(c) Musical comedy (d) **Revenge play without revenge**

14. Beaumont and Fletcher's The Maid's Tragedy (1610) is

- (a) **Neo-Greek drama** (b) Romantic comedy
(c) Neo-Roman drama (d) Senecan tragedy

15. The Jacobean tragedy is called

- (a) **Tragedy of blood** (b) Sober tragedy
(c) Love tragedy (d) Historical tragedy

16. The Jacobean villain is essentially

- (a) Epicurian (b) **Machiavellian** (c) Heroic (d) Noble

17. The author of The Atheist's Tragedy (1607-11) and The Revenger's Tragedy (1600) is

- (a) Marston (b) Marlowe (c) **Tourneure** (d) Messinger

18. Which of the following plays has been variously described as a satirical comedy, a tragic-comedy, as well as a tragedy?

- (a) The Changeling (b) Antonio and Mellida
(c) The Revenger's Tragedy (d) **The Malcontent**

19. Flamineo in The White Devil is a

- (a) Noble character (b) **Machiavellian villain**
(c) Heroic character (d) Brooding hero

20. In which of the following plays of Webster does Bosola figure?

- (a) **The Duchess of Malfi (1613-14)** (b) The White Devil (1609-12)

(c)The Devil's Law Case (1623) (d) The Malcontent (1604)

21. Who wrote the following? "Cover her face .My eyes dazzle. She died young."

(a) Shakespeare (b) Marlowe (c) Webster (d) Jonson

22. Which of the following plays of Middleton does Lamb admire most?

(a) The Witch (1609-16) (b) Women Beware Women(1622)

(c)The Spanish Gipsy (1623) (d) The Changeling (1624)

23. Which of the following plays of Chapman is based on the tragedies of Marlowe?

(a) Charles, Duke of Byron(1608)

(b) The Blind Beggar Of Alexandria (1596)

(c)All Fools (1605) (d) Eastward Hoe! (1605)

24. King James's Bible or The Authorized Version is dated

(a) 1601 (b) 1575 (c) 1611 (d) 1633

25. In which of the following essays of Bacon do we have the jesting pilete

(a) Of Truth (b) Of Revenge (c) Of Books (d) Of Gardens

26. Which of the following books of Bacon is incomplete?

(a) The Advancement of Learning (1605)

(b) The History Of Henry VII (1622)

(c) Apophthegms(1625)

(d) The New Atlantis (1627)

(C) Arameans

(D) Assyrians

117) Milton's 'Lycidas' is.....

(B) a masque

(C) a comedy

(A) an epic

(D) an elegy

118) Milton's only prose writing, 'Areopagetica' is about.....

(A) Freedom of religion

(B) Freedom of individual expression

(C) Freedom of political affinity

(D) Freedom of choosing one's domicile

119) The Civil War brokered in the year.....

(A) 1632 **(B) 1642** (C) 1989 (D) 1652

120) Milton's Lycidas is on the death of.....

(A) Edward King

(B) Cromwell

(D) Shakespeare

(D) King Edward

John Dryden's All for Love

121) Who first used the term "Metaphysics?"

(A) Dryden

(B) Milton

(C) Pope

(D) John Donne

122) Dryden's a Essay on Dramatic Poesie is cast in the form of.....

(A) Poem

(C) Play

(B) Address

(D) Dialogue

123) Dryden admires..... but he loves Shakespeare

(A) Pope

(C) Milton

(B) Virgil

(D) Jonson

124) Who among the following writers was a member of the royal society which was founded in 1662 to fix English spelling?

(A) Beckett

(C) Skinner

(B) James Boswell

(D) Dryden

125) Who used the term 'biography' for the first time?

(A) Dr Johnson

(C) Dryden

(B) Carlye

(D) Boswell

126) "The true end of satire is the amendment of vices by correction". This observation is by.....

(A) Dryden

(C) Swift

(B) Pope

(D) Sidety

127) Restoration enthroned.....

(A) James I

(C) Charles 11

(B) Charles I

(D) James II

128) A Song for St. Cecilia's Day' is written by.....

(A) Shakespeare

(B) Milton

(C) John Donne

(D) John Dryden

129) What is the other name given to the play All for Love" by John Dryden?

(A) As You Like I

(B) World Well Lost

(D) The old general of Octavius

151) The Romans camp all around Alexandria under the leadership of.....

(A) Octavius Caesar

(B) Antony

(C) Dolabella

(D) Octavius

152) Who informs Serpion that Ventidius is deadly enemy of Egypt and that coming is not good sign?

(B) Antony

(D) Octavius

(C) Dolabella

(A) Alexax

153) Who Serapion in the play?

(A) Priest

(C) General

(B) Soldier

(D) Doctor

154) "But I have lost my reason, have disgraced". Who says to whom?

(A) Antony to Ventidius

(C) Alexis to Sempion

(B) Authorship to Venus

(D) Cleopatra to Alexas

155) Charmion and Iras are the..... in the paly?

(A) Maids of Cleopatra

(C) Teachers

(B) Doctors

D) Soldiers of Cleopatra

156) Who is conflict between his passion for Cleopatra and the pressure of others?

(A) Julius Caesar

(C) Octavius Caesar

(B) Dolabella

(D) Antony

Alexander Pope's The Rape of the Lock

1. The Augustan age known as the.....age.

(A) Romantic B) Classical **(C) Neo- Classical** (D) Middle

2) Pope's The Rape of The Lock is a satire on the ofmen and women of London.

(A) Fashion

(B) Morality

(C) Spirituality

(D) Education

3) The Rape of the Lock is based on an amorous prank played by upon Arabella Fermor.

(A) Lord Richard (B) Lord James **(C) Lord Petre** (D) Lord Douglas

4) Clubs and Coffee houses became centres of social life during the reign of

(A) Queen Anne

(B) Queen Elizabeth

(C) Queen Elizabeth 11

(D) Henry VIII

5) The Rape of the Lock

(A) an epic **(C) a mock epic** (D) a satire (B) an ode

6) "The proper study of mankind is man". Whose statement is this?

(A) Alexander Pope (B) John Dryden (C) Ruskin (D) TS.Eliot

157) Pope's..... is the best example of mock-epic.

(A) Rape of the Lock

(C) Gulliver's Travels.

(B) Battle of Frugs and Mice

(D) Paradise Regained

158) The eighteenth century is the age of

(A) Prose and reason

(C) Dramatic Monologue

(B) Heroic drama

(D) Classical influence

159) Who said "If Poetry be not a poet, where poetry to be found?"

(A) John Dryden

(D) Dr. Samuel Johnson

(B) ST. Coleridge

(C) TS Eliot

160) The Age of is called the classical Age of England.

(A) Augustus (B) Queen Elizabeth **(C) Queen Anne** (C) Louis XIV

161) Who among the following was not a member of the Scriblerus Club?

(d) Thomas Parnell

(8) Alexander Pope

(C) Joseph Addison

(D) John Gay

162) The Age of Pope is called.....

(B) Victorian Age

(C) Augustan Age

(A) Elizabethan Age

(D) Georgian Age

163) Who among the following translated Homer?

(A) Thomas Gray

(B) Samuel Johnson

(C) Oliver Goldsmith

(D) Alexander Pope

164) Which of the following is not a common feature of neoclassical poetry?

(A) Fantastic comparisons

(B) Use of the rhymed couplets

(C) Imitation of classical forms and allusion to mythology

(C) Air effort in represent human nature

194) Whither does Umbriel journey?

A) Hades

B) The Cave of Spleen

C) The Cave of Despair

D) The Cave of Envy

195) What effect does Sir Hume's speech have on the Baron?

A) It convinces him to turn the luck

B) It makes him feel go for what he has done

C) I encourages him purpose to Belinda

D) It has no effect

196) What happens to the lock of hair at the end of the poem?

A) It is returned to its right owner

B) It is set into a ring

C) It is offered to the poet as a token of gratitude

D) It is turned into a constellation

Marvell's Garden

1. Which poet helped Milton is Writing when he became blind?

(A) Pope

(C) Andrew Marvell

(B) John Donne

(D) none of the above

2. Who among the following is metaphysical poet?

(A) Marvell

(C) Gray

(B) Pope

(D) Collins

3. But at my back I always hear Time's Winged Chariot hurrying

near" Who wrote the above lines ?

(A) Donne

(B) Shakespeare

(C) Milton

(D) Marvell

4) To His Coy Mistress' uses the ancient theme of.....

- (A) Tempus fugit (C) Memento Mori
(B) Carpe Diem (D) Aphorism

5) What are the rivers mentioned in Andrew Marvell's 'To His Coy Mistress'?

- (A) Ganges and Humber** (C) Ganges and Indus
 (B) Avon and Thames (D) Humber und Indus

197) Which is the best garland?

- a) A garland made of rose flowers
b) A garland produced by collective shades of trees and flowers
 c) A garland made of olive leaves
 d) A garland made of neem flower

198) Who is the sister of Silence?

- a) Patience b) Obedience c) good attitude **d) innocence**

199) What do the lovers carve on the trees?

- a) Names of Gods
b) Names of their sweethearts
 c) Names of friends
 d) Names of sister

200) With what and where do the lovers carve on the trees?

- a) With knife on the bark** c) With axe on the bark
 b) With blade on the bark d) With scissors on the bark

a) **John Milton**

c) his evil twin Icarus

b) William Shakespeare

d) Edgar Allen Poe

225) Marvell lived through what famous event in English history?

a) World War II

c) The Battle of the 5 Kings

b) the reign of King Arthur

d) The English Civil Wars

226) The poem 'Garden' was written in what meter?

a) **iambic tetrameter**

c) iambic hexameter

b) rhyming octaves

d) blank verse

227) Which of the following things are personified in the poem?

a) **Love**

c) Apollo and Daphne

b) the Sundial

d) Andrew Marvell

Thomas Gray's Elegy Written in the Country Churchyard

1. Find out who is not the precursor of Romanticism:

(A) Gray

(B) Collins

(C) Thomson

(D) Donne

2. The rough span of period of the precursors of Romantic Revival is ---

(A) 1600 – 1650

(B) 1650 – 1700

(C) 1750 – 1800

(D) 1800 – 1850

3. Who wrote the following lines: "Where ignorance is Bliss, 'Tis folly to be wise"?

(A) Pope

(B) Gray

(C) Collins

(D) Southey

4.Which one of the following poets is not a precursor of Romantics?

- (A) **Byron** (B) Gray (C) Collins (D) Blake

5.Name the neoclassical poet who wrote on profound themes such as death, but he also had a lighter side. He once wrote *an ode to a cat drowned in a tub of gold fishes*.

- (A) **Thomas Gray** (B) Ben Jonson
(C) William Collins (D) Alexander Pope

6.Where was Thomas Gray buried?

- (A) Westminster Abbey
(B) The churchyard at Grantchester
(C) **Stoke Poges churchyard**
(D) Winchester Cathedral churchyard

7.Which one of these is not one of the "Graveyard Poets"?

- (A) Thomas Gray (B) Christopher Smart
(C) Oliver Goldsmith (D) **Samuel Taylor Coleridge**

228.When was Thomas Gray born?

- (A) 3 June 1688 (B) 1 January 1701

270.The poet reflects that perhaps in the neglected grave is laid the body of.....

(A) a person who has full of celestial fire

(B) a person who ruled an empire

(C) a person who has played a lyre

(D) All the above

Jonathan Swift's A Tale of a Tub

271) Whose epitaph reads thus: "One who strove with all his might to champion liberty"

(A) Alexander Pope

(C) Daniel Defoe

(B) Henry Fielding

(D) Jonathan Swift

272) Swift is best known for his.....

(A) epics

(C) sonnets

(B) lyrics

(D) satires

273) Swift's style of writing is:

(A) Ornamental

(C) Classic

(B) Colloquial

(D) None of these

274).....in Gulliver's Travels represent the European race.

(A) The Lilliputians

(B) The Houyhnhnms

(C) The Yahoos

(D) The Laputians

275) Gulliver's Travels consists of books.....

(A) 3

(C) 5

(B) 4

(D) 2

6) Which of the following works of Swift is a religious allegory?

(A) Gulliver's Travels

(C) Political Conversation

(B) Journal to Stella

(D) A Tale of a Tub

277) Verses on the Death of Dr. Swift' was written by.....

(A) Jonathan Swift

(B) Alexander Pope

(C) Samuel Johnson

(D) James Boswell

278) The last of 'Gulliver's Travels' is to.....

(A) The Land of the Houyhnhnms

(C) The Land of the Hurricanes

(B) The Land of Homosapiens

(D) The Newfound Land

279) In a letter to Pope, Swift wrote: "I heartily hate und detest that animal called man". This is central theme of his work.....

(A) Gulliver's Travels

(C) A Tale of Tub

(B) The Battle of the Books

(D) Journal to Stella

280) The letters of which poet are called Journal to Stella"?

(A) John Keats

(C) Wilfred Owen

(B) Wordsworth

(D) Jonathan Swift

281) Which of the following was not written by Swift?

(A) A Tale of Tub

(B) A Modest Proposal

(C) The Battle of the Books

(D) Preface to the Fables

296) 'A Tale of a Tub' is regarded as.....

- (A) epic on God (C) satire on religion
(B) ballad on Jesus (D) criticisms on king

297) Which of the following 'Oratorical Machines' is not mentioned in 'A Tale of Tub'?

- (A) the pulpit (C) the stage itinerant
(B) the ladder **(D) the pillow**

298) Who is the Greek God of ridicule?

- (A) Apollo (C) Athena
(B) Momus (D) Dionysus

299) Who was the founder of the sect of Acolists?

- (A) Martin (C) paul
(B) Peter **D) Jack**

300) Who believe in wind or spirit to be the origin of all things?

- (A) Calvinists **(C) Aeolists**
(B) Absurdities (D) Naturalists

Addison and Steele's The Spectator and Coverlev Papers

(1- 10)

301) The rise of the periodical can be attributed to the emergence of.....in England.

- (D) women's suffrage **(B) coffee houses**
(A) printing presses (C) universities

302) The Spectator Papers has in them the germ of modern.....

(A) Drama

(C) Novel

(B) Poetry

(D) None of these

303) Name the book that contains all the elements of social plot:

(A) The Spectator

(C) The Tatler

(B) Tom Janes

(D) The Rambler

304) Sir Richard Steele founded a periodical called.....

(A) the Tatler

(B) the Spectator

(C) the Freeholder

(D) the Rambler

305) Grecian, Rainbow, Wills, Covent Garden etc. were the names of.....

(A) Coffee houses

(B) Theatres

(C) Rivers

(D) Cities

306) Addison and Steele are pioneers in.....

(A) the field of Drama

(B) the field of poetry

(C) the field of journalism

(D) the field of criticism

307) Addison and Steele are associated with.....

(A) The Spectator

(B) The Rambler

(C) The Bee

(D) The Public Ledger

308) Who edited 'The Tatler'?

(A) Steele and John Locke

(B) Addison and Dryden

(C) Addison and Blackmore

(D) Addison and Steele

309) Who claimed, "I have not published a single paper that is not written in a spirit of benevolence and with a love of mankind"?

361.AS According to Steele, Who is afraid of poverty?

- (A)Laertes **(B)Irus** (C) Cowley (D) None of the base

362) The gay 'Character of Will Wimble was published on.....

- (A) 4 July 1711** (A) 5 July 1711

- (C) 6 July 1711 (D) 9 July 1711

363) Who is the author of the essay entitled "On the Shame and Fear of Poverty"?

- (A) Addison **(B)Steele** (C) Horace (D) Sir Roger

364) The Spectator frequently visits the theatres.....

- (A) Drury Lane (B) Hay- Marker
(C)Both A and B (D) None of the above

365) The epigraph is taken from..... for the essay 'Of the club'?

- (A) Horace Ars Poetica **(B)Juvenal's Satires**
(C) Pythagoras (D) Phaedra

366)The student of Law goes to the tavern called.....

- (A)The Rose** (C) The White Cross
(B) The Grapes (D) The Bull's lead

Over Goldsmith's The Deserted village

1) Oliver Goldsmith's Citizen of the World" is.....

- (A) a Chinese observer of British manners and customs**
(B) an Indian observer of British manners and customs
(C) a French observer of British manners and customs
(D) a German observer of British manners and customs

2) When was Oliver Goldsmith born?

(A) 2 February 1744

(B) 18 May 1742

(C) 8 August 1736

(D) 10 November 1730

3) Which is a philosophic poem that expresses the conventional ideas of Goldsmith's age as the pride of human wishes and despair in the search for happiness?

(A) The Deserted Village

(B) The Traveller

(C) The Hermit

(D) The vanity of human wishes

4) Which college did Oliver Goldsmith attend?

(A) William and Mary College

(D) Trinity College

(B) Pembroke College

(C) Rhodes College

5) What is the periodical was started by Goldsmith?

(A) The Bee

(C) The Adventurer

(B) The Rambler

(D) The Idler

6) What is the pseudonym..... used by Goldsmith to publish his translation of the autobiography of the Huguenot Jean Marteilhe?

(A) James Bridie

(B) James Willington

(C) Nicholas Blake

(D) Henry Green

367) Who gave Oliver Goldsmith the epithet "inspired idiot" due to the combination of his literary work and his dissolute lifestyle?

(A) Horace Walpole

(C) David Garrick

(B) Dr. Johnson

(D) R.B.Sheridan

C) joy and monotonous

D) barren and deserted**Henry Fielding's Joseph Andrews**

391. To which period in the history of English literature can you attribute the rise of the novel literary form?

(A) Twentieth Century

(C) Twenty-first Century

(B) Nineteenth Century

(D) Eighteenth Century

392) Fielding's approach to his novels are.....

(A) Dull and sober

(C) Worldly-wise and genial

(D) Realistic

(B) Serious and impractical

393) Who is the father of English novel?

(A) Defoe

(C) Fielding

(B) Bunyan

(D) Richardson

394) Which one of the following writers is not included in the 'Four wheels of the English novel'?

(A) Richardson (B) Henry Fielding **(C) Walter Scott** (D) Smollett

395) "I describe not men but manners not an individual but the species". Who said the above lines?

(A) Addison

(C) Henry Fielding

(B) Dickens

(D) Jonathan Swift

396) Whom did Henry Fielding ridicule in his play Historical Register, For the Year 1736?

(A) Benjamin Disraeli

(B) Henry Asquith

(C) William Pitt

(D) Robert Walpole

397) Which newspaper did Henry Fielding start to improve relations between the law and the public?

- (A) **The Covent Garden Journal** (C) The True Patriot
(B) Champion (D) The Jacobite's Journal

398) Which novel was based on Henry Fielding's first wife Charlotte Cradock?

- (A) Junathan Wild (B) **Amelia**
(C) Shamela (D) British Mercury

399) Who called Henry Fielding as the "Father of English Novels?"

- (A) **Sir Walter Scott** (B) Samuel Richardsan
(C) Samuel Johnson (D) Smollett

400) Which of following is a parody of the popular novel Pamela Or Virtue Rewarded by Samuel Richardson?

- (A) **Shamela** (A) Tom Jones (C) Amelia (D) Jonathan Wild

401) What is Joseph's in the Booby household?

- (a) **Scaring birds** (c) Waiting at the table
(b) Tending hugs (d) Weeding the garden

402) What is Joseph's job when Lady Booby first notices him?

- (A) Attending the hunting dogs
(B) Driving the couch
(C) Sweeping the stable

(D) **Racing Sir Thomas's horse**

403) What is Joseph's job when Mr. Adams first notices him?

(C) Out of spite for Mrs. Low-wouse

(D) She is afraid of losing her job

423) Why does Joseph head for the Booby country seat after losing his job in London?

(A) To study Latin with Mr. Adams

(B) To find employment

(C) To reunite with Funny

(D) To seek charity

424) Why does Adams turn around before reaching London?

(A) Joseph wants a companion

(B) He has left his sermons at home

(C) He misses his family

(D) He has run out of money

Sir Thomas Brown's The Garden of Cyrus

425) Sir Thomas Browne was born in.....

A) 1603

C) 1609

B) 1605

D) 1611

426) Sir Thomas Browne's writings display a deep curiosity towards the natural world, influenced by the scientific revolution of.....

A) Baconian theory

C) Spenserian theory

B) Chaucerian theory

D) Shakespearian theory

427) Sir Thomas Browne was knighted by.....

A) James I

B) James II

434) The Garden of Cyrus' depicts that God is viewed as a.....

A) celestial goldsmith

C) art designer

B) cosmic alchemist

D) ceramics artist

435)..... supplies his reader with proof of the higher geometry of nature via the closely related symbols of the number five, the Quincunx pattern, the figure X and the network lozenge shape in art, nature and finally, mystically.

A) The Garden of Cyrus

C) Complaint of Rosamond

B) Religio Medici

D) Hydriotaphia, Urn Burial

William Blake's Songs of Experience

1) Who engraved all his poem into beautiful water-colour illustrations?

(A) William Collins

(C) Land Byron

(B) G.M.Hopkins

(D) William Blake

2) William Blake described the ideas of 'Prolifics' and 'Devourers' in...

(A) Jerusalem

(B) Milton

(C) Marriage of Heaven and Hell

(D) Songs of Innocence and Songs of Experience

3) The Marriage of Heaven and Hell is.....by.....

(A) novel, Nathaniel Hawthorne

(B) poem, William Blake

(B) play, Mrs. Radcliffe

(D) sermon, Laurence Sterne

4) Which of the following was not written by William Blake?

(A) Songs of Innocence

(B) Songs of Experience

(C) Oriental Eclogues

(D) Poetical Sketches

475) Who is the "little girl" in the poem wanders out into the wilderness in the poem 'The Little Girl Lost'?

(A) Cassca

(C) Stella

(B) Mary

(D) Lyca

476. Which of the following characters is not mentioned in the 'A Dream'?

(A) The Emmer

(C) The glow-worm

(B) An Owl

(D) The beetle

477. Which is pure and white, enjoys love and has no thorn or flow to show the world?

(A) The Lilly

(C) The Jasmine

(B) The Rose

(D) The Lotus

478. In the poem 'The School Boy' a child in school is compared to a.....

(A) bird in a cage

(C) convict in prison

(B) animal in c cage

(D) flower in a garden

479. Blake therefore took the name to be a symbolic reference to worldly materialism, as opposed to the spiritual realm of Jerusalem.

(A) Tarzan

(C) Torah

(B) Tirzah

(D) Tiran

480. The poem 'A Little Boy Lost' focuses on the theme of.....

(A) political corruptions in the country

(C) dogmatic Church teachings

(B) religious persecution

(D) economic crisis

Daniel Defoe's Robinson Crusoe

481) Which among the following works by Daniel Defoe landed him in Prison.....

(A) The True-Born Englishman

(B) Captain Singleton

(D) Moll Flanders

(D) The Shortest Way with Dissenters

482) Which of the following not written by Daniel Defoe?

(A) Colonel Jack

(B) Pamela

(C) Robinson Crusoe

(D) A Journal of the Plague Year

483) Daniel Defoe's Moll Flander is the story of.....

(A) a female rogue

(B) a male rogue

(C) a powerful Queen

(D) a dictator King

484) Who is regarded as the virtual founder of British Novel?

(A) Richardson

(B) Daniel Defoe

(C) Smollett

(D) Sterne

485) Daniel Defoe's A Journal the Plague Year is a.....novel.

(A) political

(B) adventure

(C) epistolary

(D) historical

486) In which rebellion was Daniel Defoe involved?

(A) Boxer

(B) Monmouth

(C) Gun Powder

(D) Cious

487) Which poem written by Daniel Defoe made him popular with William III?

- (A) Hymn to the Pillory (B) Moll Flanders
(C) Captain Jack **(D) The True Born Englishman**

488) Which of following was not a pen name of Daniel Defoe?

- (A) Eye Witness (B) Andrew Morton
(C) Robin Hyde (D) T. Tacor

489) Who is called as Father of Periodicals?

- (A) Daniel Defoe** (B) Dr. Johnson
(C) Goldsmith (D) Henry Fielding

490) Which of following periodicals was not contributed by Daniel Defoe?

- (A) The Idler** (B) Review (C) Mercator (D) Applebee

491) Which of the following works of Daniel Defoe offered his readers as a collection strange surprising adventures"?

- (A) Moll Flanders **(B) Robinson Crusoe**
(C) Roxana (D) Captain Surgic

492) Pall is the pet name of Robinson's Crusoe's:

- (A) Parrot** (B) Dog (C) Cat (D) Sea Fowl

493) How did Crusoe acquire a servant?

- (A) He rescued him from Combats**
(B) He merhuman Island
(C) He served him fo

533) When the Turkish Rover takes over Crusoe's ship, Crusoe becomes.....

- (A) a capitalist (B) loyal to the Moor
(C) second in command to the shipmaster

(D) slave of the shipmaster

534) How did Crusoe mark the one-year anniversary of his shipwreck on the island?

(A) He invited the neighbouring cannibals to a feast in his honor

(B) He spent the day in prayer, fasting, and asking God for forgiveness of his sins

(C) He built a boat and tried to get off the island

(D) He had no idea he had even been on the island for that long

Jonathan Swift's Gulliver's Travels

535) What is Gulliver's role on his first voyage?

- A) Sailor **B) Surgeon** C) Captain D) Passenger

536) Which of the following is not one of the reasons Gulliver is convicted of treason in Lilliput?

A) He encouraged the Blefuscadians in their peace proposal

B) He ate too much, causing a famine

C) He refused to continue fighting for Lilliput

D) He urinated on the Empress's bed chamber

537) Who is Gulliver's enemy in Lilliput?

- A) Frank B) Redresul

C) Flimnap**D) Himnapuude**

538) How does Gulliver arrive on Lilliput?

A) He can't remember

B) He is dropped off there by a bird

C) He and his crew land there

D) He swims ashore after a shipwreck

539) How do the Lilliputians decide who will take a high position in the court?

A) Foot races

B) Thumb wrestling

C) A light rape jumping contest

D) Elections are held

540) What is Gulliver's sentence after he is found guilty of treason in Lilliput?

A) Having his eyes put out

B) Execution

C) Solitary confinement

D) Tickling

541) Gulliver was hailed as a hero because he

A) made the army of Blefuscu giddy

B) fought with the army of Blefuscu.

C) drowned the army of Blefuscu in the water.

D) defeated the emperor of Blefuscu.

542) What was Gulliver schooled to become?

A) a surgeon

C) a sailor

B) a carpenter

D) a teacher

583) Gulliver managed to reach the land as he was.....

- A) A doctor
- C) a swimmer**
- B) One of the crews
- D) the captain

584) Gulliver was set free because the emperor.....

- A) was afraid of him
- B) confirmed that he was not harmful.**
- C) was a kind hearted person.
- D) wanted to get something from him.

585) What washes up on the shore of Lilliput?

- A) Gulliver's boat
- B) Gulliver's gunpowder
- C) Gulliver's gunpowder pick
- D) Gulliver's hat**

586) How does Gulliver put out the fire in the Empress's bed chamber?

- A) With thimbles of water
- B) He doesn't
- C) With a hose
- D) He urinates on it**

Henry Vaughan's Regeneration

587) Which of the following was NOT a metaphysical poet?

- A) Abraham Cowley
- B) George Herbert

C) John Dryden

D) Henry Vaughan

588) Henry Vaughan was born.....

A) Wales

B) Ireland

C) Scotland

D) England

589) Henry Vaughan studied at.....University.

A) Cambridge

B) Oxford

C) Melbourne

D) Edinburgh

590) Which of the following is not associated with Henry Vaughan?

A) Civil War poet

B) Metaphysical poet

C) Anglo-Welsh poet

D) Neo classical poet

591) Which of the following works was not written by Henry Vaughan?

A) The Temple

B) Silex Scintillans

C) Flores Solitudinis

D) Elermetical Physics

596) According Henry Vaughan..... comes to give both spiritual birth and understanding.

A) Holy Spirit

B) Angel

C) Father

D) Mary

*****ALL THE BEST*****

Courier- வழியாக

வாங்க விரும்பும் நண்பர்கள் கீழே உள்ள

கைபேசியை தொடர்புகொள்க

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