UNIT TEST-4A

(Transition and Inner Transition Elements)

CLASS: XII MARK: 35

SUB: CHEMISTRY (Page no 101 to 112) **TIME: 1.30 HRS**

`PART-I

I. Choose and write the correct answer:

5 X 1=5

 $1. \text{ CH}_3 - \text{CHO} + \text{CO}$

(a) Poly propylene

(b) Butan-1-al

(c) Acetic acid

- (d) Acetate
- 2. The alloy of copper that contain zinc is
 - (a)Monel metal
- (b)Bronze
- (c)Bell metal
- (d) none of these
- 3. Which of the following d block element has half filled penultimate d sub shell as well as half filled valence sub shell?
 - (a) Cr

- (b) Pd
- (c) Pt
- (d) none of these
- 4. The catalytic behaviour of transition metals and their compounds is ascribed mainly due to
 - (a) their magnetic behaviour

- (b) their unfilled d orbitals
- (c) their ability to adopt variable oxidation states (d) their chemical reactivity
- 5. The transition element which has only +3 oxidation state is
 - (a) Ni
- (b) Mn
- (c) Cr
- (d) Sc

PART-II

II. Answer any three questions (q.no.10 is compulsory)

 $3 \times 2 = 6$

- 6. What are interstitial compounds? Give examples .
- 7. Which is more stable Fe^{2+} or Fe^{3+} ? why?
- 8. Calculate the spin only magnetic moment of Ti³⁺ and Mn²⁺.
- 9. Write a note on zeigler –Natta catalysis .Give its use
- 10. Which is stronger reducing agent Cr²⁺ or Fe²⁺?

PART-III

III. Answer any three questions

 $3 \times 3 = 9$

- 11. Explain the properties of interstitial compounds
- 12. Explain: Zirconium and Hafmium exhibit similar properties
- 13. Why most of the d-block elements and their compounds used as a catalyst? Give examples
- 14. Describe the variable oxidation state of 3d series elements
- 15. Explain why most of the d-block elements form complexes?

PART-IV

IV. Answer any three questions.

 $3 \times 5 = 15$

- **16.** i) Explain hume –rothery rule for formation of alloys?
 - ii) Why first ionisation enthalpy of chromium is lower than that of zinc?
- **17.** i) Calculate the number of unpaired electrons and spin only magnetic moment Of Cr^{3+} , Co^{2+} and Fe^{3+} ?
 - ii) Which metal in the 3d series exhibit +1 oxidation state most frequently and why?
- **18.** i) Transition metals show high melting points why?
 - ii) A substance is found to have a magnetic moment of 3.9 BM . how Many unpaired electrons does it contain?
- **19.** Describe the preparation of $K_2Cr_2O_7$?
- **20.** i) What is meant by transition elements? give two example
 - ii) Why Mn²⁺ is more stable than Mn³⁺?
