

FM

## FIRST MID TERM TEST - 2023

CLASS :7

SOCIAL SCIENCE

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TIME : 1.30 Hrs.

MARKS :50

**I Choose the correct answer.**

5 X 1 = 5

- ..... period was known as the period of devotional literature.  
a) Chola                      b) Pandya                      c) Rajput                      d) Vijayanagara
- The magnitude of an earthquake is measured by .....  
a) Seismograph              b) Richter scale                      c) Ammeter              d) Rotameter
- ..... is a deposition of river sediments along the foot hills  
a) Plunge pool              b) Alluvial fan              c) Flood plain              d) Delta
- In India right to vote is given to all the citizens at the age of .....  
a) 21                      b) 18                      c) 25                      d) 31
- Production refers to .....  
a) Destruction of utility              b) Creation of utilities  
c) Exchange value                      d) None of these

**II Fill in the blanks.**

5 X 1 = 5

- An Italian traveller ..... visited Vijayanagar Empire in 1420.
- Arabs conquered sind in .....
- Seismology is the study of .....
- The longest beach in the world is .....
- Civil equality implies equality of all before .....

**III Match the following.**

5 X 1 = 5

- |                              |   |                 |
|------------------------------|---|-----------------|
| 11. Virupaksha               | - | Glacier         |
| 12. Pacific Ring of fire     | - | Fishing, mining |
| 13. Large body of moving ice | - | World volcanoes |
| 14. Primary production       | - | Japanese term   |
| 15. Tsunami                  | - | Hampi           |

**IV State True or False.**

5 X 1 = 5

- The composition of metal coins gives us information on the political condition of the empire.
- Raksha Bandan is the festival of brotherhood.
- Domingo paes, a Portuguese traveller visited the Chola Empire in 1522.
- 'Rajputra' is a Latin word.
- Pallichandam was the land donated of the Jaina institution.

**V Circle the odd one.**

5 X 1 = 5

- Inscriptions, Travelogues, Monuments, Coins.
- Crust, magma, core, mantle.
- Uttar kashi, chamoli, koyna, krakatoa.
- Lava, caldera, silica, crater.
- Focus, epicenter, vent, seismic waves.

**VI Answer the following in one or two sentences.**

5 X 1 = 5

- Name the two different types of sources for the study of History?
- Name the outer most Layer of the Earth?
- Name the major landforms formed by glacial erosion?
- What is Equality?
- What is Production?

**VII Answer the following in detail.**

5 X 3 = 15

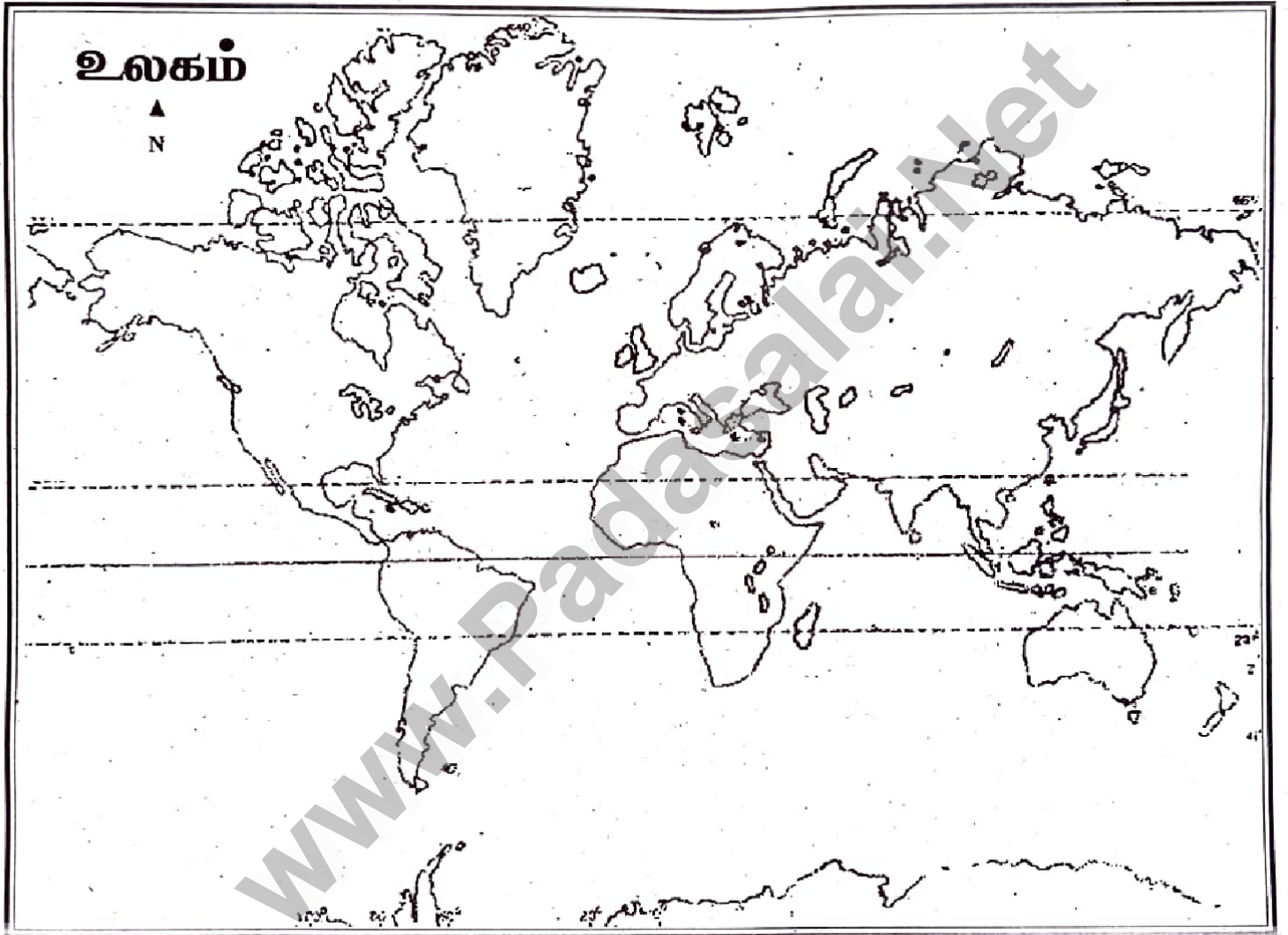
- Describe the different types of coins introduced by the rulers of Delhi Sultanate?
- What was the impact of Arab conquest of Sind? (Point out any five?)
- Write about the effects of an earthquake?
- How are aretes formed?
- How does the constitution of India protect the Right to Equality?
- Write about the importance of Equality?
- Explain the merits and demerits of division of Labour.

**VIII On the map of India, mark the following places.**

5 X 1 = 5

1. Pratiharas              2. Chauhans              3. Palas                      4. Paramaras              5. Bay of Bengal.

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