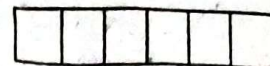


FTS  
10 - STD

QUARTERLY EXAMINATION - 2023  
MATHEMATICS



Marks : 100

Time : 3.00 Hrs

**I Answer all the questions.**

14 X 1 = 14

- $A = \{a, b, p\}$ ,  $B = \{2, 3\}$ ,  $C = \{p, q, r, s\}$  then  $n[(A \cup C) \times B]$  is  
a) 8                      b) 20                      c) 12                      d) 16
- Domain of the function  $f(x) = \frac{1}{x+1}$  is  
a)  $Z - \{1\}$               b)  $R - \{1\}$               c)  $R - \{-1\}$               d)  $Z - \{-1\}$
- $f(x) = (x+1)^3 - (x-1)^3$  represents a function which is  
a) linear                  b) cubic                      c) reciprocal              d) quadratic
- Using Euclid's division lemma, if the cube of any positive integer is divided by 9 then the possible remainders are  
a) 0, 1, 8                  b) 1, 4, 8                  c) 0, 1, 3                  d) 1, 3, 5
- If  $m = ab$ ,  $n = am^2$  then the GCD and LCM of  $(m, n)$  are  
a)  $(m, m)$                   b)  $(n, n)$                   c)  $(n, m)$                   d)  $(m, n)$
- An A.P consists of 31 terms. If its 16<sup>th</sup> term is  $m$ , then the sum of all the terms of this A.P is  
a)  $16m$                   b)  $62m$                   c)  $31m$                   d)  $\frac{31}{2}m$
- The value of  $(1^3 + 2^3 + 3^3 + \dots + 15^3) - (1 + 2 + 3 + \dots + 15)$  is  
a) 14400                  b) 14200                  c) 14280                  d) 14520
- If  $(x - 6)$  is the HCF of  $x^2 - 2x - 24$  and  $x^2 - kx - 6$  then the value of  $k$  is  
a) 3                          b) 5                          c) 6                          d) 8
- The solution of  $(2x - 1)^2 = 9$  is equal to, a) -1    b) 2    c) -1, 2    d) none of these
- The number of points of intersection of the quadratic polynomial  $x^2 + 4x + 4$  with the x axis is  
a) 0                          b) 1                          c) 0 or 1                  d) 2
- All the non - diagonal elements in any unit matrix are  
a) 1                          b) 0                          c) positive                  d) negative
- The perpendicular bisector of a side of a triangle and the angle bisector of the angle opposite to that side meets at  
a) circum circle          b) in circle                  c) ortho centre              d) centroid
- Two poles of heights 6m and 11 m stand vertically on a plane ground. If the distance between their feet is 12m, what is the distance between their tops?  
a) 13 m                      b) 14 m                      c) 15 m                      d) 12.8 m
- The two tangents from an external points P to a circle with centre at O are PA and PB. If  $\angle APB = 70^\circ$  then the value of  $\angle AOB$  is  
a)  $100^\circ$                   b)  $110^\circ$                   c)  $120^\circ$                   d)  $130^\circ$

**II Answer any 10 of the following. Question No. 28 is compulsory.**

10 X 2 = 20

- Represent the relation  $\{(x, y) / y = x + 3, x, y \text{ are natural numbers } < 10\}$  by  
i) an arrow diagram    ii) a set in roster form
- If  $A = \{-2, -1, 0, 1, 2\}$  and  $f: A \rightarrow B$  is an onto function defined by  $f(x) = x^2 + x + 1$  then find B.
- Prove that two consecutive positive integers are always coprime.
- The general term of a sequence is defined as  $a_n = \begin{cases} n(n+3); & n \in N \text{ is odd} \\ n^2 + 1; & n \in N \text{ is even} \end{cases}$  find the eleventh and eighteenth terms.
- If  $1^3 + 2^3 + 3^3 + \dots + k^3 = 44100$  then find  $1 + 2 + 3 + \dots + k$ .
- Reduce the rational expression  $\frac{x^2 - 11x + 18}{x^2 - 4x + 4}$  to its lowest form.
- Determine the nature of roots for the following quadratic equation  $2x^2 - 2x + 9 = 0$ .
- Write the following expression in terms of  $\alpha + \beta$  and  $\alpha\beta$   $\frac{\alpha}{3\beta} + \frac{\beta}{3\alpha}$ .



23. Find the value of a, b, c, d from the equation  $\begin{pmatrix} a-b & 2a+c \\ 2a-b & 3c+d \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 5 \\ 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$ .
24. If  $A = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 4 & 9 \\ 8 & 3 & 7 \end{pmatrix}$   $B = \begin{pmatrix} 7 & 3 & 8 \\ 1 & 4 & 9 \end{pmatrix}$  find the value of B-5A.
25. If  $\triangle ABC$  is similar to  $\triangle DEF$  such that BC = 3 cm, EF = 4cm and area of  $\triangle ABC = 54\text{cm}^2$ . Find the area of  $\triangle DEF$ .
26. A man goes 18m due east and then 24m due north. Find the distance of his current position from the starting point?
27. State : Alternate segment theorem.
28. If  $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$  and  $B = \{6, 9\}$  write the function f from A to B such that  $f = \{(x, y) / \text{difference between } x \text{ and } y \text{ is odd, } x \in A, y \in B\}$  in roster form
- III Answer any 10 of the following. Question No. 42 is compulsory.**  $10 \times 5 = 50$
29. Let  $A = \{x \in W / x < 2\}$ ,  $B = \{x \in N / 1 < x \leq 4\}$  and  $C = \{3, 5\}$  verify that  $A \times (B \cup C) = (A \times B) \cup (A \times C)$ .
30. If the function f is defined by  $f(x) = \begin{cases} x+2; & x > 1 \\ 2; & -1 \leq x \leq 1 \\ x-1; & -3 < x < -1 \end{cases}$  find the values of
- i) f(3) ii) f(0) iii) f(-1.5) iv) f(2) + f(-2)
31. If  $f(x) = 2x + 3$ ,  $g(x) = 1 - 2x$  and  $h(x) = 3x$ . Prove that  $fo(goh) = (fog)oh$ .
32. Find the greatest number consisting of 6 digits which is exactly divisible by 24, 15, 36 ?
33. The sum of first n, 2n and 3n terms of an A.P. are  $S_1$ ,  $S_2$  and  $S_3$  respectively. Prove that  $S_3 = 3(S_2 - S_1)$ .
34. Find the sum of the Geometric series  $3 + 6 + 12 + \dots + 1536$ .
35. Solve the following system of linear equations in three variables.  
 $x + y + z = 5$ ;  $2x - y + z = 9$ ;  $x - 2y + 3z = 16$ .
36. Find the square root of  $64x^4 - 16x^3 + 17x^2 - 2x + 1$ .
37. A bus covers a distance of 90km at a uniform speed. Had the speed been 15km / hour more it would have taken 30 minutes less for the journey. Find the original speed of the bus.
38. Solve for x, y :  $\begin{pmatrix} x^2 \\ y^2 \end{pmatrix} + 2 \begin{pmatrix} -2x \\ -y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 8 \end{pmatrix}$ .
39. If  $A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 2 & -1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$ ,  $B = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 \\ -1 & 4 \\ 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$  show that  $(AB)^T = B^T \cdot A^T$ .
40. State and prove Thales theorem.
41. Show that the angle bisectors of a triangle are concurrent.
42. If 5<sup>th</sup>, 12<sup>th</sup> and 15<sup>th</sup> terms of an A.P are x, y, z respectively then find the value of  $3x - 10y + 7z$ .
- IV Answer all the questions.**  $2 \times 8 = 16$
43. a) Draw the two tangents from a point which is 5cm away from the centre of a circle of diameter 6cm. Also measure the lengths of the tangents. (OR)  
b) Construct a  $\triangle PQR$  which the base PQ = 4.5cm,  $\angle R = 35^\circ$  and the median from R to PQ is 6cm.
44. a) Discuss the nature of solution of the following quadratic equation  $x^2 - 9x + 20 = 0$ . (OR)  
b) A garment shop announces a flat 50% discount on every purchase of items for their customers. Draw the graph for the relation between the marked price and discount.  
i) the marked price when a customer gets a discount of Rs. 3250 (from graph)  
ii) The discount when the marked price is Rs. 2500.