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| COMMON QUARTERLY EXAMINATION - 2023 | | Reg. No. | | | | |
| XI - HISTORY | | | | | | |
| Time Allowed : 3.00 Hrs. | | | | Maximum Marks: 90 | | |

Part - I**20 x 1 = 20**

- I. Choose the correct answer:**
- The first palaeolithic tools were identified in
a) 1860 b) 1863 c) 1873 d) 1883
 - The site Mehrgarh has been associated with
a) palaeolithic b) neolithic c) mesolithic d) chalcolithic
 - Adichanallur is situated in _____ district.
a) Coimbatore b) Tirunelveli c) Thotukudi d) Vellore
 - Consider the following.
i) Senani - Chief of the Army
ii) Gramani - Village head
iii) Bali - Voluntary contribution
iv) Purohita - Governor
Which one of the pair is incorrect?
a) i b) ii c) iii d) iv
 - Among the 16 Mahajanapadas _____ emerged as the most powerful in Northern India.
a) Kosala b) Avanthi c) Magadha d) Kuru
 - The _____ was a prescriptive text for Good administration.
a) Arthashastra b) Indica
c) Rajatharangini d) Mudrarakshasa
 - _____ performed Rajasuya sacrifice
a) Perunarkilli b) Mudukudumi Peruvazhuthi
c) Simuka d) Athiyaman
 - The most famous saka kshatrap was
a) Moga b) Rudradaman
c) Azes d) Yesovarman
 - Roman coins have been excavated at _____.
a) Arikamedu b) Adhichanallur c) Puhar d) Pallavaram
 - _____ a Chinese traveller, presented idyllic picture of Indian society the fifth century CE.
a) Itsing b) Hieun-Tsan
c) Fahien d) Wang-Hiewn-Tse
 - _____ was given the title "KAVI RAJA"
a) Chandragupta I b) Samudragupta
c) Chandragupta II d) Srigupta
 - Harsha accepted the throne of Kanauj on the advice of
a) Grahavarman b) Avalokitesvara Bodhisatva
 - _____ was the minister for foreign relations and war.
a) Kuntala b) Banu c) Avanti d) Sarvagata
 - Kambuja is modern _____.
a) Assam b) Sumatra c) Annam d) Cambodia
 - _____ is the doctrine propounded by Adi Sankara.
a) monism b) visistatvaita
c) siva siddhantha d) vedanata
 - Mahmud of Ghazni conducted as many as _____ military campaigns into India.
a) 15 b) 17 c) 18 d) 19

17. Mamluk is the term for the Arabic designation of a _____.
 a) slave b) king c) queen d) soldier
18. The Palam Booli inscription is in _____ language.
 a) Sanskrit b) Persian c) Arabic d) Urdu
19. _____ was the first capital of Pandyas.
 a) Madurai b) Kayalpattinam c) Korkai d) Puhar
20. Manur inscription dating to 800 CE provides an account of _____ administration.
 a) central b) village c) dams d) tanks

Part - II**II. Answer any 7 questions. (Q.No.30 is compulsory)****7 x 2 = 14**

21. Write a short note on hominin.
 22. Write a short note on the Great Bath.
 23. List out the literature of Vedic age.
 24. Explain the core of Mahavira's teachings.
 25. Give a brief note on the literary sources for the study of Mauryan state.
 26. Explain Barter system.
 27. What is meant by the term yavana?
 28. Discuss the importance of Allahabad pillar inscription.
 29. Point out the significance of the Battle of Takkolam.
 30. Attempt a brief account of Aihole inscription.

Part - III**III. Answer any 7 questions. (Q.No.40 is compulsory)****7 x 3 = 21**

31. What are the border settlements of the The Indus Civilization?
 32. Analyse the characteristics of a pastoral society.
 33. Write a note on the use of iron in clearing the forest critically.
 34. Highlight the impact of the invasion of Alexsander the Great on India.
 35. The five eco-zones of Tamil land during Sangam age.
 36. What do you know of Menandar?
 37. Comment on the scientific advertisement made during Gupta period.
 38. Shrines of Elephanta and at Ellora.
 39. Famous trio of saiva saints.
 40. Write briefly about the South Indian campaigns of Malik Kafur.

Part - IV**IV. Answer all the questions.****7 x 5 = 35**

41. a) describe pre-historic India. (OR)
 b) What were the contributions of Palas to Buddhism?
42. a) Discuss the megalithic Iron Age sites discovered in Tamilnadu. (OR)
 b) List out the eight fold path of Buddha.
43. a) Give an account of the edicts of Ashoka. (OR)
 b) Who were the Kalabhras? What do we know about them from Pulankurichi inscriptions.
44. a) Discuss the contribution of kanishka to art and literature. (OR)
 b) Gupta period is called the "Golden Age of Ancient India" - Give reasons.
45. a) Account for the greatness of Rastrakutas. (OR)
 b) Describe the architectural excellence of shore temples at Mamallapuram.
46. a) Discuss the Economic reforms of Ala-ud-din Khalju. (OR)
 b) **Mark the following places of Gupta Empire in India map.**
 a) Ayyodya b) Mathura c) Vallabi
 d) Prayagari e) Ujjain
47. a) Highlight the architectural excellence of Cholas. (OR)
 b) Mark any five incidents of Delhi Sultanate in the *timeline*.