CHAPTER 1 TO 14 ONE WORD TEST SEP-2023-24 STD:XII COMPUTER SCIENCE **MARKS: 150** I CHOOSE THE BEST ANSWER: (ANSWER ANY 150 QUSTIONS ONLY) Which of the following are mandatory to write the type annotations in the function definition? 22. What is another name for Binary search? (A) {} (B)() (C) [] $(D) \Leftrightarrow$ (A) Linear (B) Half interval (C) Decimal (D) Boolean A function definition which call itself-----23. Which is measured by counting the number of key operation? (C) Normal (A) Pure (B) Impure (D) Recursive (A) time (B) space (C) fixed time (D) variable part are the basic building blocks of computer programs. 24. Space is measured by the ----memory space required by the algorithm. (A) Subroutines(B) Variables (C) Classes (D) Arrays (B)minimum (A) zero (C) average (D) maximum ---- are not treated as definition 25. The complexity of linear search algorithm is (A) Subroutines (B) Expression (C) Statement (D) Algorithm (A) O(n) (B) $O(\log n)$ (C) O(n2) (D) $O(n \log n)$ ----- function remove the redundant extra calls. 26. From the following sorting algorithms which has the lowest worst case complexity? (A) pure (B) impure (C) friend (D) none (B) Quick sort (C) Merge sort (D) Selection sort (A) Bubble sort In object oriented programming ----- are the interface. 27. Which of the following is not a stable sorting algorithm? (A) function (B) classes (C) structures (D) pointer (B) Selection sort (C) Bubble sort (A) Insertion sort (D) Merge sort 7. ---- are expressed using statements of a programming language. 28. Time complexity of bubble sort in best case is (PTA 1) (A) function (B) subroutine (C) algorithm (D) structure $(A) \theta (n)$ (B) θ (nlogn) (C) θ (n2) (D) θ (n(logn) 2 The process of providing only the essentials and hiding the details is known as----29. Expand IDLE (B) Abstraction (C) Providing (A) Hiding (D) Calling (A) Integrated Design Learning Environment 9. := is called -----(B) Insert Development Learning Environment (B) colon operator (C) assigned as (A) Equal (D) Same (C) Integrated Develop Learning Environment 10. A variable which is declared inside a function which contains another function definition (D) Integrated Development Learning Environment (A) Local (B) Global (C) Enclosed (D) Build-in 30. This symbol is used to print more than one item on a single line? 11. Which are loaded as soon as the library files are imported to the program? (A) Semicolon (;) (B) Dollar (\$) (C) Comma (,) (D) Colon (:) (A) Build-in (B) Enclosed (C) Global (D) Local 31. Which key is pressed to execute python script? 12. Which of the following is not the example of modules? (A) F5 (B) F2 (C) F1 (D) F3 (A) Procedures (B) Subroutines (C) Class (D) functions 32. In how many ways programs can be written in python? 13. The Kind of scope of the variable 'a' used in the pseudo code given below (A) Two (B) Three (C) Four (D) Five Disp(): a := 7Print a Disp() 33. Which of the following is the valid python program file name? (A) Local (D) Build-in (B) Global (C) Enclosed (A) pycpp.py (B) pycpp.cpp (C) pycpp.c (D) pycpp.js 14. Which scope has the higher priority? 34. The floor division operator in Python. (A) local (B) enclosed (C) global (D) built in (B) % (A) / (C) % % (D) // 15. Which scope is widest scope? 35. Extension of python files is (B) enclosed (D) built in (A) local (C) global (C) .Odm (A) .pyt (D) .Py 16. ----- programming debug pieces of the program independently. ---- separation is necessary between tokens. 36. (A) low level (B) high level (C) modular (D) basic (B) Delimiter (C) White Space (D): (A); 17. Which of the following is a finite set of instructions to accomplish a particular task? 37. Python language was released in (A) Flow char (B) Flow (C) Algorithm (D) Syntax (A) 1992 (B) 1991 (C) 1994 (D) 2001 18. Step by step procedure for solving a given problem: 38. Which of the following is the command prompt symbol of Python? (A) Program (B) Pseudo code (C) flow chart (D) Algorithm (B) <<(C) >>> (A) >>(D) <<< 19. Which of the following is not a characteristic of an algorithm? 39. Which of the following python built-in function is used to display result on the screen? (A) Input (B) Program (C) Finiteness (D) Simplicity (A) display() (B) show() (C) output() (D) print() 20. This is a theoretical performance analysis of an algorithm. 40. Python supports ---- programming approaches. (A) Priori estimates(B) Posteriori (C) Space factor (D) Time factor (A) procedural (B) object oriented (C) both (D) assembly 21. Which of the following algorithmic approach is similar to divide and conquer approach? (A) Insertion (B) Dynamic (C) Selection (D) Bubble 1

4.1		C"1			~1	TT			
41.	A script is a -		(0) 1		61.	How many spaces are the	-		(T) 0
	(A) binary	` /	(C) html	(D) text		` '	` /		(D) 8
42.	if $a = 100, >>>$				62.	A variable, with scope		1 0	
	(A) 3	(B)10	(C)3.33	(D) 3000				(C) Default	(D) Required
43.	Numeric litera	ls are of types			63.	The -Statement causes yo	our function to exit	and returns a value t	o its caller.
	(A) 4	(B) 3	(C)8	(D)5				(C) return	(D) define
44.	Numeric litera	ıls			64.	Evaluate the following fu			nt (math .floor(X))
	(A) mutable	(B) immutable	(C) both	(D)none		(A)13	(B) 14	(C) 15	(D) 14.3
45.	In Python, for loop uses the function in the sequences to specify the initial, final				65.	Which function is called a	anonymous function	1?	
	and increment /decrement values.					(A) Lambda	(B) Recursion	(C) Function	(D) define
	(A) range ()	(B) input ()	(C) Stop	(D) Print ()	66.	Which of the following spec	ial character is used to	define variable length	arguments?
46.	In python progra			is used as a place holder.		(A) &	(B) \$	(C) *	(D) #
	(A) break	(B) continue	(C) Pass	(D) None	67.	Which keyword to be use	d to define a function	on in Python?	
47.	What is the outp	out of the following sni	ppet? For i in range (2,	,10,2): Print (i ,end = ' ')		(A) def	(B) local	(C) rec	(D) global
	(A)8 6 4 2	(B) 2 4 6 8 10	(C) 2 4 6 8	(D) 2 4 6	68.	Non-keyword variable ar	guments are called	as	
48.	Which is the n	nost comfortable loo	p?					(C) Tuples	(D) Dictionary
	(A) dowhile	(B) while	(C) for	(D) ifelif	69.	Which of the following is			
49.	is used to s	kip the remaining pa	art of the loop and st	art with next iteration?			•	(C) Keyword	(D) Fixed length
	(A) break		(C) continue			The bin() function returns			()
50.	Match the foll	owing:				"		(C) 0b	(D) 1b
	(A) If elif – (i		(B) While – (ii) blo	ck	71.	What is the output of the			
	(C) Pass - (iii		(D) indentation – (i					(C) none	(D) C
		b)- (iii), (c)- (i), (d)-			72	What is the output of the			(2) 0
		b)- (i), (c)- (iii), (d)-		i), (b)- (iv), (c)- (ii), (d)- (iii)					(D) B
51.		parameter of range (73	Evaluate the following fu			
				(D) slice					(D) –37
52		following is not a ju				How many methods are t			
				(D) break	<i>,</i>	-		(C) 4	(D) 5
53.					75	The condition that is appl			
	A program statement that causes a jump of control from one part of the program to another is called (A) Control Statements (B) Control Structure				13.			(C) base condition	
	(C) Either (A)		(D) Neither (A) nor		76	The arguments are a			(D) find condition
54				of statements multiple times	70.				(D) keyword
·					77	Which provide better mod			(D) Keywold
55.	` '	the Segment. for in		rint(i)	//.		• • •		(D) none
					70	character is used to d	` /	(C) statement	(D) none
		onal part in range () i		(B) Elitor	70.			(C) Triple	(D) All of those
50.	(A) End	(B) step		(D) start	70			(C) Triple	(D) All of these
57	` '	\ / I	· / I	a loop and start with next	79.	What will be output of the		\ \	
57.		oreak (B) continue		(D) goto		str1="SCHOOL" Print(st			(D) GGHOOLHH
58	, ,	` '	1 / /		00	. ,		(C) SCHL	(D) SCHOOUUL
50.	(A) Else	In if statement which statement has no limit? (A) Else (B) elif (C) nested if (D) nested else				What will be output of the			
50	(A) Else (B) elif (C) nested if (D) nested else. Which statement is null statement?			(D) HESICU EISE	Str1="hello" Print(str1.replace("e","a"))			(D) II II	
39.	(A) break	(B) continue		(D) all of these		` '	` '	(C) Hell	(D) Hallo
60	()	ates block and sub bl	` / I	(D) an or these	81.	In Python, data type ca	•	•	(T) (M
ω.	•			(D) indentation		(A) Numeric ((B) character	(C) string	(D) float
	(A) tokens	(B) keywords	(C) operators	(D) indentation					
		₩/							

82.	What will be the output of the following code?	104. List is an ordered collection of values enclosed within				
	$str = "NEW DELHI"$ $str 3 = "_"$	$(A) [] \qquad (B) () \qquad (C) \Leftrightarrow \qquad (D) \{ \}$				
	(A)NEW-DELHI (B) NE-DELHI (C) NEW DELHI (D) Type error	105. The elements of list can be				
83.	Which command can be used to remove entire string variable in Python?	(A) replaced (B) added (C) removed (D) all of these				
	(A) rem (B) remove (C) del (D) delete	106. Choose odd one out:				
84.	In python, which operator is used to display a sting multiple number of times?	(A) append() (B) range() (C) extend() (D) insert()				
	(A) * (Multiplication) (B) + (Addition) (C) –(Subtraction) (D) $/$	107. What is the output of the snippet?				
85.	What will be the output of the following snippet? str1="COMPUTER"print(str1[::2])	>>>Mylist=[34,45,48]>>> Mylist.append(90)>>> print(Mylist)				
	(A) ER (B) CO (C) OPTR (D) CMUE	(A) [90,34,45,48] (B) [34,48,90,45] (C) [34,90,45,48] (D) [34,45,48,90]				
86.	The positive and negative index values of 'P' in the string Str1='COMPUTER' are	108. What is the output of the snippet?				
	(A) $3, -4$ (B) $4, -4$ (C) $3, -5$ (D) $4, -5$	>>>Mylist=[34,45,48				
87.	Which operator is used for string appending?	(A) [34,45,48,71,32,29] (B) [71,32,29,34,48,90,45]				
	(A) + (B) + = (C) - (D) *	(C) [29,32,34,90,45,48,71] (D) [71,48,45,34,32,29]				
88.	Escape sequence starts with a symbol.	109. What is the output of the snippet?				
	$(A) / \qquad (B) \setminus \qquad (C) * \qquad (D) +$	>>>Mylist=[34,45,48]				
89.	Which function is used to include an element your desired position in a list	(A) [90,34,45,48] (B) [2,90,34,48,45] (C) [34,45,48,2,90] (D) [34,45,90,48]				
	(A) append () (B) Extend (C) insert () (D) add ()	110. Which is used to delete unknown elements?				
90.	is an ordered collection of values enclosed within square brackets.	(A) del() (B) remove() (C) erase () (D) clear()				
	(A) Tuple (B) Set (C) List (D) Dictionary	111. Which function delete an elements using the index value?				
91.	The –function in python is used to find the length of a list.	(A) remove () (B) pop () C) clear() (D) del statement				
	(A) count () (B) find (C) len () (D) index	112. When clear() function is executed the screen displays				
92.	Marks = [20,40, 60, 80,100] Print(Marks[-2]) What will be the output?	(A) () (B) 0 (C) [] (D) {}				
	(A) 60 (B) 100 (C) 40 (D) 80	113. Tuples are enclosed within				
93.	The keys in Python, dictionary is specified by	$(A)()$ $(B) \Leftrightarrow (C)[]$ $(D) \{\}$				
	(A) = (B); (C)+ (D):	114. Creating a tuple with one element is called tuple				
94.	What is the positive index value of 56 in the list given below? MyList=[45, 85, 36, 56]	(A) single (B) one (C) singleton (D) only one				
	(A) 4 (B) -4 (C) 3 (D) -1	115. A set is a				
95.	The function used to create a tuple from a list	(A) mixed datatype(B) none data type (C) collection data type (D) fixed data type				
	(A) tuple.list() (B) list.tuple() (C) tuple() (D) list()	116. Class members are accessed through which operator?				
96.	Which function is used to find length of a list in Python?	(A) & (B) .(Dot) (C) # (D) %				
	(A) for() (B) range() (C) len() (D) length	117. In Python the class method must have which named argument as first argument?				
97.	Which Function is used to generate a series of values in Python?	(A) self (B) rec (C) global (D) key				
	(A) series() (B) range() (C) list() (D) tuple()	118. The function defined inside a class is called as				
98.	Which is a mutable and unordered collection of elements without duplicates?	(A) Attribute (B) Parameter (C) Arguments (D) Methods				
	(A) List (B) Tuple (C) Set (D) Dictionary	119. The symbol of project in relational algebra of DBMS:				
99.	How many elements are in the list given below? MyList=[78, 91, 34, [32, 61, 85], 65]	(A) σ (B) Π (C) \cap (D) \cup				
	(A) 3 (B) 4 (C) 5 (D) 7	120. A variable prefixed with double underscore is				
100	. Which command deletes the elements and it retains list.	(A) private (B) public (C) protected (D) static				
	(A) remove() (B) del() (C) Clear() (D) Pop()	121. The class method must have first argument named as				
101	is the mixed collection of elements.	(A) self (B) variable (C) class (D) function				
	(A) Lists (B) Sets (C) Dictionary (D) Tuples	122. Which operator refers the protected members?				
102	. The keys in python, dictionary is specified by	(A) dot (B) single underscore (C) double (D) comma				
	(A) = (B); (C) + (D):	123. A column in database table is known as an:				
103	. How many data type are there in python?	(A) Attribute (B) Relation (C) Tuple (D) Data				
	(A) 2 (B) 4 (C) 6 (D) 5	124. Which is the entire collection of related data in one table?				
		(A) tuple (B) attribute (C) table (D) software				
		()				
	3					
	DDED A DED DV D MOJI A MED VOLICUE M.C. A. D.E.L. (020 A	AGAIGN (DC A CCT IN COMPUTED COTENCE)				

(D) none of these

125. The data model developed by IBM is	S		146. How many types are D	ML?		
* *	C) Network	(D) ER	(A) 2	(B) 4	(C) 6	(D) 8
126. The DBMS can be divided into	major component	ts.	147. Choose odd one out:			. ,
(A) 4 (B) 5 (C)	C) 6	(D) 7	(A) commit	(B) rollback	(C) save point	(D) create
127. Each column represents a			148 constraint apply	only to individual col	umn.	. ,
(A) table (B) row (C	C) attribute	(D) record	(A) column	(B) table	(C) row	(D) none
128. Hierarchical model was developed by	y		149. Which constraint helps		laced for a field?	, ,
(A) Microsoft (B) IBM C) Bell labs	(D) none	(A) check	(B) unique	(C) key	(D) constant
129. Which model is faster to access data'	?		150. Which keyword retains		. , ,	` '
(A) relational (B) network (C	C) ER model	(D) object	(A) DISTINCT	(B) ALTER	(C) NOT IN	(C) HAVING
130. Which function eliminates duplicates	s?		151. Sorting can be done on			
(A) Selection (B) union (C	C) intersection	(D) projection	(A) single	(B) double	(C) multiple	(D) none of these
131command is used to remove a ta	able from the data	base	152. Earlier version of SQL	name is	. , 1	,
(A) DELETE ALL(B) DROP TABLE (C	C) ALTER TABLE	(D) DELETE	(A) Dbase	(B) Foxpro	(C) Wordstar	(D) Sequel
132. SQLite falls under which database			153. The module which allo	` / I	` '	•
(A) Hierarchical database system (E	B) Flat Database syst	tem	(A) csv module	(B) OS module	(C) getopt module	•
	D) Relational Databa	ase system	154. The human readable text f	` /		
133. Which is Data Control language com			(A) txt files	(B) py files	(C) csv files	(D) doc file
	C) Truncate	(D) Commit	155. The file extension of E			` '
134. What symbol is used for SELECT sta			(A) exl	(B) xls	(C) cel	(D) Ecl
	C) X	$(D) \Omega$	156. The python file mode of	pens a file for exclus	ive creation:	, ,
135. Pick odd one.			(A) w _	(B) x	(C) b	(D) a
	C) Save point	(D) Revoke	157. To read a CSV file into	a dictionary can be o	done by using	
136. Pick Odd one.			(A) Reader	(B) DictReader	(C) CSVReader	(D) FileReader
	C) UPDATE	(D) TRANCATE	158. How many ways are re-			,
137. The TCL command used to restores			(A) 2	(B) 4	(C) 6	(D) 8
	C) Insert	(D) Rollback	159. The default is reading i			() -
138. The statement in SQL is used to retri			(A) binary	(B) text	(C) xlsx	(D) csv
. ,	C) DISTINCT	(D) ORDER BY	160. What is the csv files de		(=)	(-)
139. The SQL command 'Truncate' comes	s under.		(A) Quotation	(B) Parenthesis	(C) comma	(D) square
$(A) DDL \qquad (B) DML \qquad (C)$	C) TCL	(D) DQL	161. Which of the following	` '	` '	() · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
140. Match the following.			(A) Ruby	(B) DBMS	(C) Perl	(D) JavaScript
	B) DROP - (ii) DQ			riable which evaluat		
	D) COMMIT- (iv)		(A) name	(B)main	(C)mode	(D)init
(A) a-iv, b-iii, c-ii, d-i (E	B) a-iv, b-i, c-ii, d	-iii	()	· / · ·	(4)	· / ·
(C) a-i, b-iv, c-iii, d-ii (I	D) a-i, b-iii, c-iv, c	1-ii				
141. Pick odd one.	7					
(A) CREATE (B) UPDATE (C	C) ALTER	(D) DROP				
142. Which command saves any transaction		rmanently?				
	C) commit	(D) roll back				
143. The original version of SQL is releas	sed in the year					
	C) 1986	(D) 1992				
144. Which of the following is not a Relat	// *					
	C) > =	(D) <=				
145. SQL commands are divided into						
(A) 4 (B) 5 (C	C) 6	(D) 8				