



Standard 11

PHYSICS

Time: 1.30 Hrs.

Marks: 50

Part - I

Note: i) Answer all the questions.**10×1=10****ii) Choose the most appropriate answer from the given four alternatives and write the option code and the corresponding answer.**

- 1) If the masses of the Earth and Sun suddenly double, the gravitational force between them will
 - a) remain the same
 - b) increase 2 times
 - c) increase 4 times
 - d) decrease 2 times
- 2) An object of mass 10 kg is hanging on a spring scale which is attached to the roof of a lift. If the lift is in free fall, the reading in the spring scale is
 - a) 98N
 - b) zero
 - c) 49N
 - d) 9.8N
- 3) If the distance between the Earth and Sun were to be halved from its present value, the number of days in a year would be
 - a) 645
 - b) 129
 - c) 182.5
 - d) 730
- 4) The time period of a satellite orbiting earth in a circular orbit is independent of
 - a) Radius of the orbit
 - b) The mass of the satellite
 - c) Both the mass and radius of the orbit
 - d) Neither the mass nor the radius of its orbit
- 5) The young's modulus for a perfect rigid body is
 - a) 0
 - b) 1
 - c) 0.5
 - d) infinity
- 6) With an increase in temperature, the viscosity of liquid and gas, respectively will
 - a) increase and increase
 - b) increase and decrease
 - c) decrease and increase
 - d) decrease and decrease
- 7) The Wettability of a surface by a liquid depends primarily on
 - a) viscosity
 - b) surface tension
 - c) density
 - d) angle of contact between the surface and the liquid
- 8) The efficiency of a heat engine working between the freezing point and boiling point of water is
 - a) 6.25%
 - b) 20%
 - c) 26.8%
 - d) 12.5%
- 9) According to Bernoulis principle, when a fluid pressure increases, what happens to the speed of the fluid
 - a) it's stay the same
 - b) it increases more
 - c) decreases
 - d) none of these

- 10) What is the thermodynamic principle of working of refrigerator?
 a) zeroth law of thermodynamics b) first law of thermodynamics
 c) second law of thermodynamics d) all the above

Part - II

Note: Answer any six questions. Question No. 18 is compulsory. $6 \times 2 = 12$

- 11) State Newton's Universal law of gravitation.
- 12) What is geostationary satellite?
- 13) State Hooke's law of elasticity.
- 14) Define Poisson's ratio.
- 15) Distinguish between streamlined flow and turbulent flow.
- 16) What is meant by 'Thermal equilibrium'?
- 17) Draw the PV diagram for Isothermal process.
- 18) Let 2.4×10^{-4} J of work is done to increase the area of a film of soap bubble from 50 cm^2 to 100 cm^2 . Calculate the value of surface tension of soap solution.

Part - III

Note: Answer any six questions. Question No. 26 is compulsory. $6 \times 3 = 18$

- 19) State Kepler's three laws.
- 20) Explain the variation of g with altitude.
- 21) Explain Young modulus of elasticity.
- 22) The reading of pressure meter attached with a closed pipe is $5 \times 10^5 \text{ Nm}^{-2}$. On opening the valve of the pipe, the reading of the pressure meter is $4.5 \times 10^5 \text{ Nm}^{-2}$. Calculate the speed of the water flowing in the pipe.
- 23) State Pascal's law in fluids.
- 24) Obtain an ideal gas law from Boyle's and Charle's law.
- 25) Define specific heat capacity and give its unit.
- 26) There are two carnot engines A and B operating in two different temperature regions. For engine A the temperatures of the two reservoirs are 150°C and 100°C . For engine B the temperatures of the reservoirs are 350°C and 300°C . Which engine has lesser efficiency?

Part - IV

Note: Answer all questions. $2 \times 5 = 10$

- 27) State and prove Bernoulli's theorem for a flow of incompressible, non-viscous, and streamlined flow of fluid. (OR)
 Explain in detail Newton's law of cooling.
- 28) Derive Mayer's relation for an ideal gas. (OR)
 Derive an expression for escape speed.