



Standard 9 MATHEMATICS

Time: 1.30 Hrs.

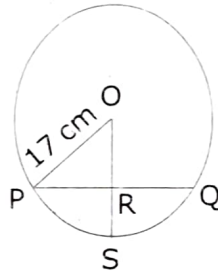
Marks: 50

Part - I

Answer the following:

7×1=7

- 1) If the diagonal of a rhombus are equal, then the rhombus is a
 - a) Parallelogram but not a rectangle
 - b) Square
 - c) Rectangle but not a square
 - d) Parallelogram but not a square
- 2) A chord is at a distance of 15 cm from the centre of the circle of radius 25 cm. The length of the chord is
 - a) 25 cm
 - b) 20 cm
 - c) 40 cm
 - d) 18 cm
- 3) In the given figure, If $OP = 17$ cm, $PQ = 30$ cm and OS is perpendicular to PQ , then RS is



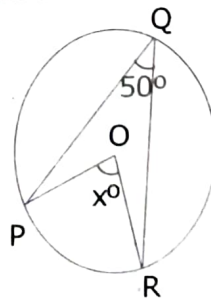
- a) 10 cm
 - b) 6 cm
 - c) 7 cm
 - d) 9 cm
- 4) The point whose ordinate is 4 and which lies on the x-axis is
 - a) (4, 0)
 - b) (0, 4)
 - c) (1, 4)
 - d) (4, 2)
 - 5) In what ratio does the y-axis divides the line joining the points $(-5, 1)$ and $(2, 3)$ internally.
 - a) 1:3
 - b) 2:5
 - c) 3:1
 - d) 5:2
 - 6) If $(x+2, 4) = (5, y-2)$ then the co-ordinates (x, y) are
 - a) (7, 12)
 - b) (6, 3)
 - c) (3, 6)
 - d) (2, 1)
 - 7) If the co-ordinates of one end of a diameter of a circle is $(3, 4)$ and the co-ordinates of its centre is $(-3, 2)$ then the coordinate of the other end of the diameter is
 - a) (0, -3)
 - b) (0, 9)
 - c) (3, 0)
 - d) (-9, 0)

Part - II

Answer ANY FIVE of the following questions:
(Q.No. 14 is compulsory)

5×2=10

- 8) Find the value of
- x°
- in the figure.



- 9) A chord is 12 cm away from the centre of the circle of radius 15 cm. Find the length of the chord.
- 10) The angles of a quadrilateral are in the ratio 2:4:5:7. Find all the angles.
- 11) Calculate the distance between the points A $(7, 3)$ and B which lies on the x-axis whose abscissa is 11.

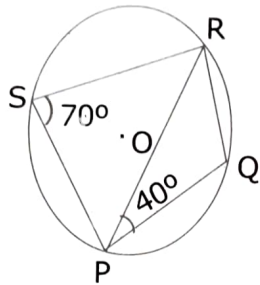
- 12) In which quadrant does the following points lie?
 (i) $(-5, 3)$ (ii) $(-30, -30)$ (iii) $(12.5, 10)$ (iv) $(4, -1)$
- 13) The centre of a circle is $(-4, 2)$. If one end of the diameter of the circle is $(-3, 7)$, then find the other end.
- 14) If the centroid of a triangle is at $(4, -2)$ and two of its vertices are $(3, -2)$ and $(5, 2)$ then find the third vertex of the triangle.

Part - III

Answer ANY FIVE in the following questions:
(Q.No. 21 is compulsory)

5 × 5 = 25

- 15) In a parallelogram ABCD the bisectors of the consecutive angles $\angle A$ and $\angle B$ intersect at P show that $\angle APB = 90^\circ$.
- 16) If PQRS is a cyclic quadrilateral in which $\angle PSR = 70^\circ$ and $\angle QPR = 40^\circ$, then find $\angle PRQ$.



- 17) Two circles of radii 5 cm and 3 cm intersect at two points and the distance between their centres is 4 cm. Find the length of the common chord.
- 18) $(7, -2), (5, 1), (3, 4)$ whether the given set of points are collinear or not.
- 19) The mid points of the sides of a triangle are $(5, 1), (3, -5)$ and $(-5, -)$. Find the co-ordinates of the vertices of the triangle.
- 20) Find the co-ordinates of the points of trisection of the line segment joining the points $A(-5, 6)$ and $B(4, -3)$.
- 21) Find the value of 'a' such that $PQ = QR$ where P, Q and R are the points whose co-ordinates are $(6, -1), (1, 3)$ and $(a, 8)$ respectively.

Part - IV

Answer ANY ONE of the following:

1 × 8 = 8

- 22) Use graphical method to solve the following system of equations:
 $x + y = 5; 2x - y = 4$ **(OR)**

Draw the graph for the following: $y = \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)x + 3$
