SCHOOLS AND MOVEMENTS, TEACHING OF ENGLISH IN INDIA

1)	Indians came in contact with the English language since the establishment of East India Company in the
	year
	a) 1605
	b) 1600
	c) 1612
	d) 1616
2)	According to Postmodernists, truth is
	a) Objective
	b) Universal
	c) Absolute
	d) Socially Constructed
3)	Wide variety of exercises, activities, or devices that are used in the language classroom for realizing
	lesson objectives is called .
	a) Syllabus
	b) Techniques
	c) Methods
	d) Approaches
4)	English language was introduced as a medium of instruction at all the levels of education in .
-,	a) 1798
	b) 1802
	c) 1813
	d) 1815
5)	precisely introduced a 'three language formula'.
3)	a) University Education Commission (1948-49)
	b) Kothari Commission (1964-66)
	c) Secondary Education Commission (1952-53)
	d) National Knowledge Commission (2009)
6)	desired to produce through English education "a class of persons Indian in blood and colour
0)	but English in taste, in opinion, in morals and in intellect".
	a) Lord Wellington
	b) Rajaram Mohan Roy
	c) Queen Victoria
	d) Rajaram Mohan Roy
7)	English was adopted as the Associate Official language by an Act of parliament in
')	a) 1963
	b) 1950
	c) 1947
	d) 1919
8)	The objective of direct method is
0)	a) to increase power of comprehension
	b) to increase communicative power
	c) to develop a command over the target language
0)	d) to develop personality
"	Realism sought to
	a) Symbolically portray reality b) Provide colutions to problems greated by WWI & II.
	b) Provide solutions to problems created by WWI & II

c) Explore psychological problems	
d) Portray life as it is	
10) In the direct method gave importance to	
a) The mother tongue	
b) English	
c) Vernacular	
d) Colloquial	
11) University Education Commission (1948-49) is also known as	
a) The Kothari Commission	
b) The Radhakrishnan Commission	
c) Secondary Education Commission	
d) Higher Education Commission	
12) Which of the following methods is also called the Classical Method?	
a) Direct Method	
b) Bilingual Method	
c) Audio-lingual method	
d) Grammar Translation Method	
13) Theoretical positions and beliefs about the nature of language, the nature of language learning, and t	he
applicability of both to pedagogical settings is called	
e) Syllabus	
f) Techniques	
g) Methods	
h) Approaches	
14) Modernism is known for	
a) conformity	
b) experimentation	
c) limited options	
d) lack of creativity	
15) In method the focus is on using the language rather than analysis of the language and	
grammar is taught implicitly rather than explicitly.	
a) Direct approach	
b) Communicative approach	
c) Grammar – translation method	
d) Structural method	
16) The Bilingual method was first adopted by	
a) Dr. C. J. Dodson	
b) A.C. Wards	
c) F.G. French	
d) Otto Jespersen	
17) Which of the following methods is also called the Natural Method or the Reformed Method?	
a) Direct Method	
b) Bilingual Method	
c) Audio-lingual method	
d) Grammar Translation Method	

- 18) Grammar-Translation Method does not
 - a) Encourage learning through mother tongue
 - b) Give importance to grammar
 - c) Enhance a student's communicative skill

- d) Enable the student too use the language fluently
- 19) Which of the following methods is also known as 'New Approach' or 'Aural-Oral Approach'?
 - a) Direct Method
 - b) Bilingual Method
 - c) Audio-lingual method
 - d) The Structural Approach
- 20) ______ teaching method was experimented upon at the Central Institute of English Language, Hyderabad by Dr. Shastri.
 - a) Direct Method
 - b) Bilingual Method
 - c) Audio-lingual method
 - d) The Structural Approach
- 21) Metaphysical poets were perversely strange and strained, was an observation by
 - a) Herrick
 - b) Dr. Johnson
 - c) Ben Johnson
 - d) Dryden
- 22) Harold Palmer and Michael West project of ______ in India and this stresses on the pleasure of reading.
 - a) Intensive Reading
 - b) Extensive reading
 - c) Close Reading
 - d) Selective Reading
- 23) What is the UK version of ecocriticism called?
 - a) Ecology
 - b) Ecosophy
 - c) Green Studies
 - d) Environment Studies
- 24) Grammar-Translation Method is basically used to teach
 - a) Grammar
 - b) Foreign language
 - c) Rules of any language usage
 - d) Classical language
- 25) Since language is taught through demonstrations the direct method makes use of
 - a) Audio-visual aids
 - b) Maps
 - c) Pointer
 - d) Flash Cards
- 26) ______ is the term used to describe punctuation, spelling, and grammar.
 - a) "Style"
 - b) "Phonology"
 - c) "Mechanics"
 - d) "Graphology"
- 27) _____ came into existence as response to dissatisfaction with the grammar-translation method.
 - a) Direct Method
 - b) Bilingual Method
 - c) Audio-lingual method
 - d) Grammar Translation Method

28) In the grammar-translation method, the teaching of language starts with the teach	ing of
a) Reading	
b) Writing	
c) Speaking	
d) Proficient	
29) Anne Sexton (1928-1967) and Sylvia Plath (1932-1963) belong to	
a) Confessional School of Poetry	
b) The Beat Generation	
c) The Lost Generation	
d) Sexist Movement	
30) The teaching method where teacher names the subject and the students mimic ass	sociated behaviour and
sounds is called	
a) Communicative Language Teaching	
b) Grammar Translation Method	
c) Total Physical Response	
d) Silent Way	
31) Who defined ecocriticism as "the study of the relationship between literature and	the physical
environment"?	
a) Peter Barry	
b) Cheryll Glotfelty	
c) William Rueckert	
d) Bate	
32) Which of the following methods is also called Berlitz Method?	
a) Direct Method	
b) Bilingual Method	
c) Audio-lingual method	
d) Grammar Translation Method	
method was developed by the Bulgarian psychiatrist-educator Georgi	Lozano v
a) Direct Method	
b) Bilingual Method	
c) Audio-lingual method	
d) Suggestopedia	
34) Which of the following methods gives importance to learning through choral rep	etition and drilling?
a) Direct Method	
b) Bilingual Method	
c) Audio-lingual method	
d) Suggestopedia	
35) Oikos is a word	
a) Greek	
b) Latin	
c) Tami	
d) Roman	
36) In the grammar-translation method of the pupils is neglected.	
a) Speech	
b) Skill	
c) Writing	
d) Hearing	

37)	The	e teaching method that encourages students to work with language tasks in groups and encourages
	exc	change of ideas in the process of find solution is
	a)	Communicative Language Teaching
		Grammar Translation Method
	c)	Total Physical Response
		Silent Way
38)		e Oxford Movement was basically a .
)		Religious Movement
		Political Movement
		Social Movement
		Literary Movement
39)		made the famous assertion that "God Is Dead".
,		Frederich Nietzsche
		Michel Foucault
		Richard Rorty
	-	JeanFrancis Lyotard
40)		ammar-Translation Method stresses on
1 0)		Accuracy
		Fluency
		Appropriateness
		Listening skill
<i>1</i> 1)		S Company of the comp
41)		rell and Krashen published <i>The Natural Approach</i> in
		1980 1981
	c)	1983
42)		1985
42)		oup work, role-play, interviews, information gap, opinion sharing scavenger hunt are activities that
		involved in method.
		Natural Approach
	_	Communicative Language Teaching
		Total Physical Response
42)		Silent Way
43)		developed Total Physical Response (TPR).
		Krashen
		James Asher
		C.J. Dodson
		None of the above
44)		had been developed from the 1930s to the 1960s by British Applied Linguists, Harold
		mer and A.S. Hornsby.
		Communicative Language Teaching
	b)	Total Physical Response
	c)	Silent Way
		The situational approach
45)	Au	dio-lingual Method emerged as a response to
	a)	Direct Method
	b)	Bilingual Method
	c)	Structural Method
	d)	Grammar Translation Method

- 46) Which movement is a reaction the belief in science? a) Post-Modernism b) Modernism c) Magical Realism d) Naturalism specifically emphasizes poems written in the "real language" of men and about common life. a) Metaphysical poetry b) Augustan Poetry c) Romanticism d) Modernism served as a link between romanticism and modernism. 47) a) Naturalism b) Symbolism c) Imagism d) Dadaism emerged in the first half of the 20th century, after World War I, during the movement of African Americans to northern industrial cities (called the Great Migration). a) Postmodernism b) Modernism c) Harlem Renaissance d) The Beat 49) Lawrence Ferlinghetti (1919-), Allen Ginsberg (1926-1997), Gregory Corso (1930-2001) and Gary Snyder (1930-) belong to a) Postmodernism b) Modernism c) Harlem Renaissance d) The Beat 50) Early feminist approaches to development have been criticised for . .
 - a) Only looking at women
 - b) Not engaging with development agencies
 - c) Having unrealistic aims
 - d) Ignoring women's roles in production