

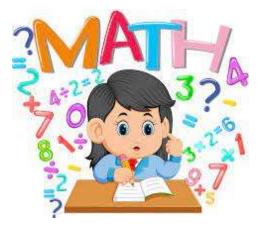
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How to Develop Student's Interest in Mathematics







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## TEST NO : 1K.M.K.A. MATRIC. HR. SEC. SCHOOL, THIRUTHANGAL.STD : XEXERCISES 2.6 - 2.7 (with Examples)Marks : 50

I) Answer the following question : (Any 10)  $10 \times 5 = 50$ 

- 1) Determine the general term of an A.P., whose 7<sup>th</sup> term is -1 and 16<sup>th</sup> term is 17.
- 2) If  $l^{\text{th}}$ ,  $m^{\text{th}}$  and  $n^{\text{th}}$ , terms of an A.P are x, y, z respectively. Then show that, i) x(m-n) + y(n-l) + z(l-m) = 0. ii) (x-y)n + (y-z)l + (z-x)m = 0.
- 3) If an A.P sum of four consecutive terms is 28 and their sum of their squares is 276. Find the four numbers.
- 4) The sum of three consecutive terms that are in A.P is 27 and their product is 288. Find the three terms.
- 5) The ratio of 6<sup>th</sup> and 8<sup>th</sup> term of an A.P. is 7 : 9. Find the ratio of 9<sup>th</sup> term to 13<sup>th</sup> term.
- 6) Priya earned Rs.15,000 in the first month. There after her salary in creased by Rs.1500 per year. Her expenses are Rs.13,000 during the first year and the expenses increases by Rs.900 per year. How long will it take for her to save Rs.20,000 per month.
- Find the sum of all natural numbers between 300 and 600, which are divisible by 7.
- 8) The sum of first n, 2n and 3n term of an A.P are S1, S2 and S3 respectively. Prove that  $S_3 = 3 (S_2 S_1)$ .
- 9) Find the Sum of all natural numbers between 602 and 902, Which are not divisible by 4.

- 10) If  $S_1$ ,  $S_2$ ,  $S_3$  ...... Sm are the sums of n terms of M A.P's whose first terms are 1, 2, 3..... m and whose common difference are 1, 3, 5 ...... (2m-1) respectively, then Show that  $S_1+S_2+S_3+....+SM = \frac{1}{2} Mn (Mn + 1)$ .
- 11) Find the sum  $\left[\frac{a-b}{a+b} + \frac{3a-2b}{a+b} + \frac{5a-3b}{a+b} + \cdots \text{ to } 12\right]$
- 12) The product of three consecutive terms of a Geometric Progression is 343 and their sum is 91/3. Find the three terms.
- 13) The present value of a machine is Rs.40,000 and its value depreciates each year by 10%. Find the estimated value of the machine in the  $6^{th}$  year.
- 14) In a G.P. the product of three consecutive terms is 27 and the sum of the product of two terms taken at a time is 57/2. Find the three terms.
- 15) If a, b, c are three consecutive terms of an A.P and x,y,z are three consecutive terms of a G.P. Then Prove that  $x^{b-c} \ge y^{c-a} \ge z^{a-b} = 1$ .

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Presentation : Mr. M. VIJAYAKUMAR., B.Sc.,M.Ed., 9600545700 Design : Mr. K. VIJAYAMANIKANDAN., BBA.,PGDIT.,CTTC., 9994011074

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#### **TEST NO : 2** K.M.K.A. MATRIC. HR. SEC. SCHOOL, THIRUTHANGAL. EXERCISES 2.8 – 2.9 (with Examples) STD : X **Marks : 50**

I) Answer the following question :  $10 \ge 5 = 50$ 

- 1) Find the least positive integer n such that  $1+6+6^2 + \dots + 6^n > 500$ .
- 2) A person saved money every years, half as much as he could in the previous year. If he had totally saved Rs.7875 in 6 years then how much did he save in the first year.
- 3) Find the sum to n terms of the series  $0.4 + 0.44 + 0.444 + \dots$  to n terms.
- 4) Find the sum of the Geometric series  $3 + 6 + 12 + \dots + 1536$ .
- 5) If  $S_n = (x+y) + (x^2+xy+y^2) + (x^3+x^2y+y^3) + \dots + n$  terms, then prove

that (x-y) 
$$S_n = \left[\frac{x^2(x^n-1)}{x-1} - \frac{y^2(y^n-1)}{y-1}\right]$$

- 6) Find the sum of the series  $10^3 + 11^3 + 12^3 + \dots + 20^3$ .
- 7) How many terms of the series  $1^3 + 2^3 + 3^3 + \dots$  should be taken to get the sum 14,400?
- 8) The sum of the cubes of the first 'n' natural numbers is 2025, then find the value of **n**.
- 9) Reka has 15 square colour papers of sizes 10cm, 11cm, 12cm ...... 24cm. How much area can be decorate with these colour papers.
- 10) Find the sum of the series  $(2^3-1^3) + (4^3-3^3) + (6^3-15^3) + \dots$  to

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i) 'n' terms

ii) 8 terms

Presentation : Mr. M. VIJAYAKUMAR., B.Sc., M.Ed., 9600545700 Design : Mr. K. VIJAYAMANIKANDAN., BBA., PGDIT., CTTC., 9994011074

#### TEST NO: 3 K.M.K.A. MATRIC. HR. SEC. SCHOOL, THIRUTHANGAL. STD : X EXERCISES 3.2, 3.6, 3.8, 3.13 (with Examples) Marks : 50

1) Answer the following question :
 10 x 5 = 50

 1) Find the G.C.D of 
$$3x^4 + 6x^3 - 12x^2 - 24x$$
 and  $4x^4 + 14x^3 + 8x^2 - 8x$ .

 2) Find the G.C.D of  $6x^3 - 30x^2 + 60x - 48$  and  $3x^3 - 12x^2 + 21x - 18$ .

 3) If  $A = \frac{2x+1}{2x-1}$ ,  $B = \frac{2x-1}{2x+1}$ , find  $\frac{1}{A-B} - \frac{2B}{A^2-B^2}$ .

 4) If  $A = \frac{x}{x+1}$ ,  $B = \frac{1}{x+1}$ , prove that  $\frac{(A+B)^2 + (A-B)^2}{A \div B} = \frac{2(x^2+1)}{x(x+1)^2}$ .

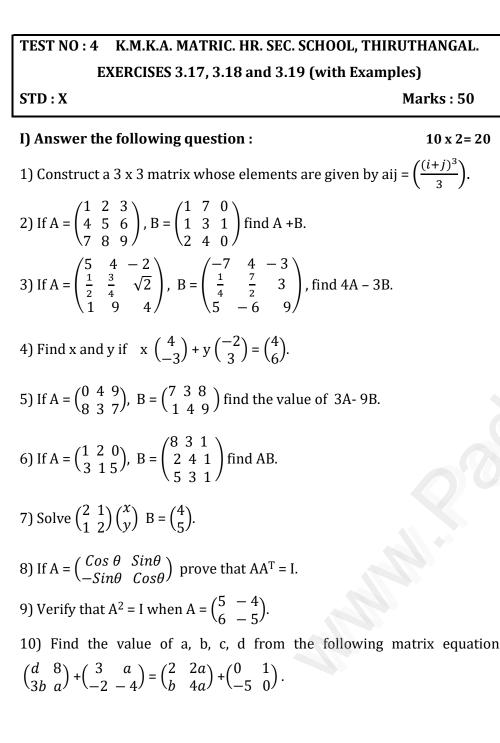
 5) If  $9x^3 + 12x^3 + 28x^2 + ax + b$  is a perfect square, find the value of 'a' and 'b'.

- 6) Find the value of 'a' and 'b'  $ax^4 + bx^3 + 361x^2 + 220x + 100$ .
- 7) Find the value of 'm' and 'n'  $x^4 8x^3 + mx^2 + nx + 16$ .
- 8) If the roots of  $(a b) x^2 + (b c)x + (c a) = 0$  are real and equal, then prove that b, a, c are in A.P.
- 9) If a, b are real then show that the roots of the equation  $(a - b) x^{2} - 6 (a + b) x - 9 (a - b) = 0$  are real and unequal.
- 10) If the roots of the equation  $(c^2 ab)x^2 2(a^2 bc)x + b^2 ac = 0$  are real and equal P.T either a = 0, (or)  $a^3 + b^3 + c^3 = 3abc$ .

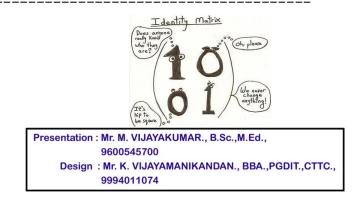
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II) Answer the following question : (Any 6)  $6 \times 5 = 30$ 11) If A =  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 8 & 3 \\ 3 & 5 & 0 \\ 0 & 7 & 6 \end{bmatrix}$ , B =  $\begin{bmatrix} 8 & -6 & -4 \\ 2 & 11 & -3 \\ 0 & 1 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$ , C =  $\begin{bmatrix} 5 & 3 & 0 \\ -1 & -7 & 2 \\ 1 & 4 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$  then find 3A + 2B – C. 12) Find x and y, If  $x + y = \begin{pmatrix} 7 & 0 \\ 3 & 5 \end{pmatrix}$  and  $x - y = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$ . 13) If A =  $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ -1 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$ , B =  $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ -4 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$ , C =  $\begin{pmatrix} -7 & 6 \\ 3 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$  verify that A(B+C) = AB + AC14) If  $A = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$  Show that  $A^2 - 5A + 7I2 = 0$ . 15) If A =  $\begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix}$  and I =  $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$  Show that A<sup>2</sup> – (a + d) A = (bc – ad) – I<sup>2</sup>. 16) Let  $A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$ ,  $B = \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 0 \\ 1 & 5 \end{pmatrix}$ ,  $C = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$  Show that  $(A - B)^{T} = A^{T} - B^{T}$ . 17) If  $A = \begin{pmatrix} 5 & 2 & 9 \\ 1 & 2 & 8 \end{pmatrix}$ ,  $B = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 7 \\ 1 & 2 \\ r & 1 \end{pmatrix}$  verify that  $(AB)^{T} = B^{T} A^{T}$ . 18) If A =  $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 3 \\ 5 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$ , B =  $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 2 \\ 3 & 5 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$ , C =  $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 3 & 2 \\ -4 & 1 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$  verify that A(B+C) = AB + BC.



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TEST No : 7	K.M.K.A. MATRIC. HR. SEC. SCHOOL,	THIRUTHANGAL.
STD : X	Exercise - 8.1& 8.2	<b>Marks : 20</b>

I) Answer the following questions : (2 Marks) 10 x 2 = 20

- 1) Find the range and CO-efficient of range 25, 67, 48, 53, 18, 39, 44.
- 2) Find the S.D of first 21 Natural Numbers.
- 3) If n = 5, x = 6,  $\sum x^2$  = 765, then calculate the Co-efficient of variation.
- 4) The S.D and meen of the data is 6.5 and 12.5 respectively. Find the Co efficient of variation.
- 5) The range of a set of data is 13.67 and the largest value is 0.08. Find the smaller value.

6) Calculate the following range :

Income	400 - 450	450 - 500	500 - 550	550 - 60	600 - 650
No. of Workers	8	12	30	21	6

- 7) The men and C.V of a data are 15 ad 48 respectively. Find the Standard deviation.
- 8) The S.D and C.V of a data are 1.2 and 25.6 respectively. Find the value of Meen.
- 9) If the range and the smallest value of a set of data are 36.8 and 13.4 respectively then find the largest value.
- 10) IF the S.D of data is 3.6 and each value of the data is divided by 3, then find the new variance and new S.D.

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TEST No:8	K.M.K.A. MATRIC. HR. SEC. SCHOO	OL, THIRUTHANGAL.
STD : X	Exercise – 8.3 & 8.4	<b>Marks : 20</b>

- I) Answer the following questions : (2 Marks)  $10 \times 2 = 20$
- 1) In a two a children family, find the probability that there is at least one girl in a family.
- 2) If P(A) = 0.37, P(B) = 0.042,  $P(A \cap B) = 0.09$  then find  $P(A \cup B)$ .
- 3) What is the probability of drawing either a king (or) a queen in a single draw from a well shuffled pack of 52 cards?
- 4) If P(A) = 2/3, P(B) = 2/5, P(AUB) = 1/3 then find the  $P(A \cap B)$ .
- 5) If A and B are two mutually exclusive events of a random experiment and P(not A) = 0.45, P(AUB) = 0.65 then find P(B)?
- 6) A coin is tossed thrice. What is the probability of getting two consecutive tails?
- 7) Write the sample space for tossing three coins using the diagram.
- 8) What is the probability that a leap year selected at random will contain 53 Saturday.
- 9) Two coins are tossed together. What is the probability of getting different face on the coins?
- 10) A die is rolled and a coin is tossed simultaneously. Find the probability that the die show an odd number and the coin shows a head.

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# TEST NO : 9K.M.K.A. MATRIC. HR. SEC. SCHOOL, THIRUTHANGAL.STD : XEXERCISES 2.1 - 2.5Marks : 50

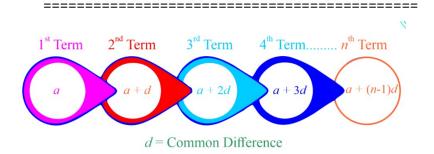
I) Answer the following question : (Any 10)  $10 \times 5 = 50$ 

- 1) Find the H.C.F of 396, 504, 636.
- 2) Prove that two consecutive positive integers are always Co prime.
- 3) If d is the height common factor of 32 and 60, find x and y satisfying d = 32x+60y.
- 4) If the H.C.F of 210 and 55 is expressible in the form 55x-325, then find x.
- 5) Find the largest number which divides 1230 and 1926 leading remainder 12 in each case.
- 6) Find the H.C.F of 252525 and 363636.
- 7) If  $13824 = 2^a \times 3^b$  then find "a" and "b".
- 8) Find the L.C.M and H.C.F of 408 and 170 by applying the fundamental theorem of arithmetic.
- 9) Find the greatest number consisting of 6 digit which is exactly divisible by 24, 15, 36.
- 10) Find the H.C.F of 84, 90 and 120.
- 11) Find the least positive value of x such that  $98 \equiv (x+4) \pmod{5}$ .
- 12) Find the number of integer solution of 3x=1 (mod 15).
- 13) What is the time 100 hours after 7 am?
- 14) Today is Tuesday. My uncle will come after 45 days in which day my uncle will be coming.
- 15) Compute x, such that  $10^4 = x (Mod 19)$ .
- 16) The general term of a sequence s defined as

an =  $\begin{cases} n(n+3); n \in N \text{ is odd} \\ n^2 + 1; n \in N \text{ is even} \end{cases}$ 

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- 17) Find the first four terms of the sequence whose  $n^{th}$  terms are an = (-1)<sup>n+1</sup> n(n+1).
- 18) Find the nth terms of the sequence 3, 8, 13, 18.....
- 19) Find the indicated terms of the sequence whose n<sup>th</sup> terms are given by an =  $\frac{5n}{n+2}$ ; a<sub>6</sub> and a<sub>13</sub>.
- 20) If  $a_1 = 1$  and  $a_n = 2a_{n+1} + a_{n-2}$ ,  $n \ge 3$ , then find the first six terms of the sequence.
- 21) Find the number of terms in the A.P 3, 6, 9, 12 ...... 111.
- 22) If 3+k, 18-k, 5k+1 are in A.P then find K.
- 23) Find the middle terms (s) of an .P 9, 15, 21, 27......183.
- 24) Find the 19<sup>th</sup> term of an A.P 11, –15, –19......
- 25) If nine times ninth term is equal to the fifteen times fifteenth term.Show that six times twenty fourth term is zero.



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TEST No : 10 STD : X	K.M.K.A. MATRIC. HR. SEC. SCHOOL, EXERCISES 2.6 – 2. 9	THIRUTHANGAL. Marks 50
I) Answer the	following question :	25 x 2 = 50
1) Find the sur	m of 3 + 6 + 9 +	
2) Find the sur	m of $9^3 + 10^3 + \dots 21^3$ .	
3) If 1 + 2 + 3	+ + n = 666 then find n.	
4) If 1 + 2 + 3 ·	++ k = 325, then find $1^3 + 2^3 + 3^3$	$^{3}$ + + k <sup>3</sup> .
5) If the first to	erm of an infinite G.P is 8 and its sum of i	infinity is $\frac{32}{3}$ then
find the cor	nmon ratio.	
6) Find the rat	ional form of the number of 0.123.	
7) How many	terms of the series $1 + 4 + 16 + \dots$	make the sum 1365.
8) Find the sur	m of 8 terms of the G.P 1, -3, 9, -27	
9) Find the firs	st term of a G.P in which $S_6 = 4095$ and r	= 4.
10) Find the s	um of first six terms of the G.P 5, 15, 45 .	
11) In a G.P 72	9, 243, 81, Find t7.	
12) Find so the progression	at x+6, x+12 and x+15 are consecutive te n.	erms of a Geometric
13) If a, b, c ar	e in A.P then show that 3 <sup>a</sup> , 3 <sup>b</sup> , 3 <sup>c</sup> are in (	G.P.
14) Find the 1 common ra	0 <sup>th</sup> term of a G.P whose 8 <sup>th</sup> term is 768 at tio is 2.	nd the
15)In a G.P the	$e^{9th}$ term is 32805 and $6^{th}$ term is 1215.	Find the 12 <sup>th</sup> term?
16) Find the 8	<sup>th</sup> term of G.P 9, 3, 1	
17) How man-	consecutive odd integers beginning wit	h E

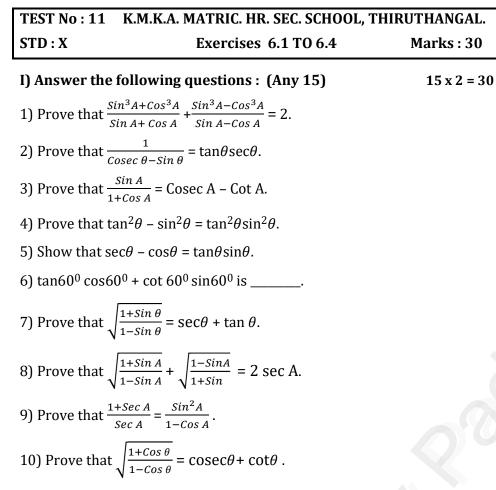
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- 18) Find the sum of the 102, 97, 92 ..... upto 27 terms.
- 19) Find the sum of first 28 terms of an A.P whose  $n^{th}$  term is 4n 3.
- 20) Find the sum of all odd positive integers less than 450.
- 21) Find the sum of first 15 terms of the A.P. 8, 7<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>, 6<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>, 5<sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub> .....
- 22) Find the sum of 0.40 + 0.43 + 0.46 + ...... +1.
- 23) How many terms of the series  $1 + 5 + 9 + \dots$  must be taken so that their sum is 190

24) In an A.P the sum of first n terms is  $\frac{5n^2}{2} + \frac{3n}{2}$ . Find the 17<sup>th</sup> term.

25) The sum of first n terms of a certain series is given as  $2n^2 - 3n$ . Show that the series is an A.P.

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11) Prove that  $\cot \theta + \tan \theta = \sec \theta \csc \theta$ .

- 12) From the op of a building 12 m high the angle of depression of a car on the ground is observed to be  $30^{0}$ . Find the distance of the car from the building.
- 13) Find the angle of elevation of the top of a tower from a point on the ground which is 30 m away from the foot of a tower of height  $10\sqrt{3}$  m.

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- 14) A tower stands vertically on the ground. From a point on the ground which is 48 m away from the foot of the tower, the angle of elev of the top of the tower is  $30^{0}$ . Find the height of the tower.
- 15) From the top of a rock  $50\sqrt{3}$  m high, the angle of depression of on the ground is observed to be  $30^{0}$ . Find the distance of the car the rock.
- 16) A Kite is flying at a height of 75 m above the ground the string att to the kite is temporarily tied to a point on the ground the inclin of the string with the ground is  $60^{\circ}$ . Find the length of the assuming then there is no slack in the string.
- 17) A Player sitting on the top of a tower of height 20 m observe angles of depression of a ball lying on the ground as  $60^{\circ}$ . Fin distance between the foot of the tower and the ball ( $\sqrt{3}$  =1.732).
- 18) The horizontal distance between two building is 70 m. the an depression of the top of the first building when seen from the the second building is 45<sup>0</sup>. If the height of the second build 120 m. Find the height of the first building.

19) Prove that 
$$\frac{Sin A}{1+Cos A} = \frac{1-Cos A}{Sin A}$$
.  
20) Prove that  $\frac{Sec \theta}{Sin \theta} - \frac{Sin \theta}{Cos \theta} = \cot$ 

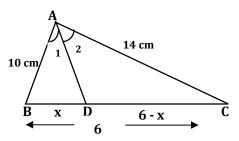
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	9600545700
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TEST No : 12K.M.K.A. MATRIC. HR. SEC. SCHOOL, THIRUTHANGAL.STD : XUNIT - 4 (2 Marks)Marks : 40

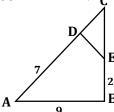
I) Answer the following questions : (Any 20)  $20 \times 2 = 40$ 

- 1) In two concentric circles, a chord of length 16 cm of larger circle becomes a tangent to the smallest circle whose radius is 6 cm. find the radius of the larger circle.
- 2) In the figure AD is the bisector of BAC, If AB = 10 cm, AC = 14 cm and BC = 6 cm find BD and DC.



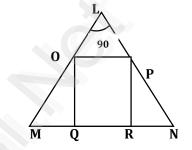
- 3) The perimeters of two similar triangles ABC and PQR are respective 36 cm and 24 cm. if PQ = 10 cm find AB.
- 4) In figure A = CED. Prove that  $\Delta CAB \simeq \Delta CED$ . Also find the value of x.

5) State menelaus theorm :

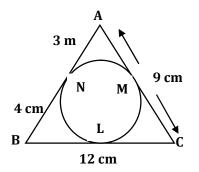


- 6) The length of the tangent to a circle from a point P. Which is 25 cm away from the centre is 24 cm. What is the radius of the circle.
- 7) In  $\triangle$  ABC If DE || BC AD = x, BD = x 2, AE = x + 2 and EC = x 1 then find the length of the sides AB and AC.
- 8) A man goes 18 m due east and then 24 m due north find the distance of his current position from the starting point.

- 9) What length to ladder is needed to reach a height of 7m along the wall when the base of the ladder is 4m from the wall?
- 10) PQ is a tangent drawn from a point P to a circle with centre O and QOR is a diameter of the circle such that  $PQR = |120^{\circ}|$  find OPQ.
- 11) In figure OPRQ is a square and MLN =  $90^{\circ}$  prove that QR<sup>2</sup> = MQ x RN.



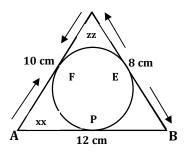
- 12) In  $\triangle$  ABC, D and E are points on the sides AB and AC respectively such that DE || BC if  $\frac{AD}{DB}$  =  $\frac{3}{4}$  and AC = 15 cm, find AE.
- 13) In figure  $\Delta$  ABC is circumscribing a circle, find the length of BC.



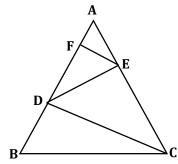
- 14) Find the length of the length of the tangent drawn from a point whose distance from the center of a circle is 5 cm and radius of the circle is 3 cm.
- 15) If radii of two concentric orders are 4 cm and 5 cm then find the length of the chord one circle which is tangent t other circle.
- 16) State Ceva's theorem :
- 17) If  $\triangle$  ABC, D and E points on the sides AB and AC respectively for each of the following cases. Show that DE || BC. AB = 5.6 cm, AD = 1.4 cm, AC = 7.2 cm, AE = 1.8 cm.

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18) A circle is inscribed in  $\Delta$  ABC having sides 8 cm, 10 cm and 12 cm as shown in the figure. Find AD, BE and CF.

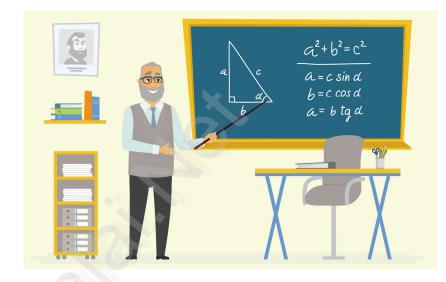


19) In figure DE || BC and CD || EF. Prove that  $AD^2 = AB \times AF$ .



- 20) Check whether AD is bisector of A of  $\triangle$  ABC is AB = 5 cm, AC = 10 cm, BD = 1.5 cm and CD = 3.5 cm.
- 21) A boy of height 90 cm is walking away from the base of a lamp post at a speed of 1.2 / sec. if the lam post is 3.6 cm.
- 22) If  $\triangle$  ABC is similar to  $\triangle$  DEF such that BC = 3 cm, EF = 4 cm and area of  $\triangle$  AB = 54 cm<sup>2</sup>. Find the area of  $\triangle$  DEF.
- 23) The perimeter of two similar triangle ABC and PQR are respectively36 cm and 24 cm. If PQ = 10 cm. Find AB.

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Presentation : Mr. M. VIJAYAKUMAR., B.Sc.,M.Ed., 9600545700 Design : Mr. K. VIJAYAMANIKANDAN., BBA.,PGDIT.,CTTC., 9994011074

# TEST No : 13K.M.K.A. MATRIC. HR. SEC. SCHOOL, THIRUTHANGAL.STD : XExercises 7.1 TO 7.4Marks : 50

I) Answer the following questions : (Any 25)  $25 \times 2 = 50$ 

- The curves surface area of a right circular cylinder of height 14 cm is 88 cm<sup>2</sup>. Find the diameter of the cylinder.
- If the total surface area of a cone of radius 7 cm is 704 cm<sup>2</sup> then find its slant height.
- 3) Find the diameter of a sphere whose surface area is  $154 \text{ m}^2$ .
- 4) If the base area of a hemispherical solid is 1386 Sq. meters then find its total surface area.
- 5) The slant height of a frustum of a cone is 5 cm and the radii of its ends are 4 cm and 1 cm. find the curved surface area.
- 6) Find the volume of a cylinder whose height is 2 m and whose base area is 250 m<sup>2</sup>.
- 7) The volume of a solid right circular cone is 5 cm and the radii of its ends are 4 m and 1 cm. find the curved surface area.
- 8) The ratio of the volumes of two line is 2 : 3. Find the ratio of their radii if the height of the second cone is double the height of the first.
- 9) If the radii of their circular ends of a frustum which is 45 cm height are 28 m and 7 cm. find the volume of the frustum.
- 10) A metallic sphere of radius 16 cm is melting and recase into small spheres each of radius 2 cm. How many small spheres can be obtained?
- 11) A cone of height 24 cm is made up of modeling clay. A child resphapes it in the form of a cylinder of same radius as cone. Find the height of the cylinder.
- 12) An aluminium sphere of rdius 12 cm is melted to make a cylinder of radius 8 cm. find the height of the cylinder.
- 13) A solid sphere and a solid hemisphere have equal total surface area. Prove that the ratio of their volume is  $3\sqrt{3}$ : 4.

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- 14) If the volume of a sphere is  $36 \pi$  cm<sup>3</sup>. Find the volume of a cone with same radius and height of a sphere.
- 15) If the circumference of a conical wooden piece is 484 cm then find its volume when its height is 105 cm.
- 16) If the ratio of radii of two spheres is 4 : 7 find the ratio of their volumes.
- 17) The radius and height of a cylinder are in the ratio 5 : 7 and its C.S.A is 5500 Sq.cm. find its radius and height.
- 18) Four per son like a conical tent start height is 19 cm. if each person require 2209 cm of the floor area, then find the height of the tent.
- 19) A garden is leveled by a cylinder of length 3 m and diameter 2.8 m.Find the area of the ground for 8 revolution.
- 20) Find the maximum volume of a cone that can be carved out of a solid hemisphere of radius "r" units.
- 21) A vessel is in the form of a hemispherical bowl mounted by a hollow cylinder the diameter is 64 cm and the height of the vessel is 13 cm. Find the capacity of the vessel.
- 22) The radius of a sphere increases by 25 % find the percentage increase in its surface area.
- 23) A cone of height 24 cm is made up of modeling clay. A child reshapes it in the form of a cylinder of same radius as come. Find the height of the cylinder.
- 24) If the base area and the T.S.A of a cylinder are 154 Sq. cm and 748 Sq. cm respectively then find the C.S.A of the cylinder.
- 25) The volume of a cone is  $1000\frac{5}{7}$  cube cm the area of its base is

 $201\frac{1}{7}$  Sq. cm. Find the slant height of the cone.

- 26) A hollow sphere of internal and external diameters are 4 cm and 8 cm. find its volume.
- 27) The volumes of two cones of same base radius are 3600 cm<sup>3</sup> and 5040 cm<sup>3</sup>. Find the ratio of heights.



# TEST No : 14K.M.K.A. MATRIC. HR. SEC. SCHOOL, THIRUTHANGAL.STD : XExercises 5.1 TO 5.4Marks : 50

I) Answer the following questions :  $25 \times 2 = 50$ 

- 1) Find the area of the triangle whose vertices are (-3, 5), (5,6) and (5, -2).
- 2) If the area of the triangle formed by the vertices A(-1,2), B(k, -2) and C(7, 4) (take in order)
- 3) (a, b+c), (b, c+a) and (c, a+b) determine whether the points are collinear?
- 4) Show that the points (-2, 5), (6, -1) and (2, 2) are collinear.
- 5) The line through the point (-2, a) and (9, 3) has slope -1/2. Find the value of a.
- 6) Find the slope of a line joining the its points  $(5, \sqrt{5})$  with the orgin.
- 7) Calculate the slope and y intercept of the straight line 8x 7y + 6 = 0.
- Find the equation of a line passing through the points (3, -4) and having slope - 5/7.
- 9) Find the intercepts made by the line 4x 9y + 36 = 0 on the coordinate axes.
- 10) Find the slope and y intercept of  $\sqrt{3} + (1-\sqrt{3}) y=3$ .
- 11) Find the equation of the straight line which has slope -5/4 and passing through the point (-1, 2).
- 12) Find the equation of the straight line passing through (1, -4) and has intercepts which are in the ratio 2 : 5.
- 13) Find the slope of the straight line 6x + 8y + 7 = 0.
- 14) Find the slope of the line which is perpendicular to 2x 3y + 8 = 0.

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- 15) Show that the straight line 2x + 3y 8 = 0 and 4x + 6y + 18 = 0 are parallel.
- 16) Show that the straight line x 2y + 3 = 0 and 6x + 3y+8 = 0 are perpendicular.
- 17) If the straight line 12y = -(p+3) x+12, t12x-7y=16 are perpendicular then find "p".
- 18) 5x+23y+14=0 and 23x-5y+9=0 check whether the given lines are parallel (or) perpendicular.
- 19) Find the equation of a straight line perpendicular to the line  $y=4/3 \times 7$ and passing through the point (7, -1).
- 20) Find the equation of a line through the given pairs of points (2, 2/3) and  $(-\frac{1}{2}, 2)$ .
- 21) Find the equation of the straight line passing thorough (5, -3) and (7, -4).
- 22) Find the equation of a straight line whose.,
  - i) Slope is 5 and y intercept is 9
  - ii) Inclination is  $45^0$  and y intercept is 11.
- 23) If the three points (3, -1), (a, 3) and (1, -3) are collinear, find the value of a.
- 24) Find the slope of a line joining the given points.  $(-1/3, \frac{1}{2})$  and (2/7, 3/7).
- 25) i) What is the slope of a line whose inclination is 30)
  - ii) What is the inclination of a line whose slope is  $\sqrt{3}$ .



TECT No. 15 IV	MIZA MATDIC I		THIDUTHANCAL
TEST No : 15       K.M.K.A. MATRIC. HR. SEC. SCHOOL, THIRUTHANGAL.         CTD       N			
STD : X	Exercis	e – 8.3 & 8.4	Marks : 50
I) Answer the fo	llowing questions	s : (5 Marks)	10 x 5 = 50
1) In a class of 50	students 28 opted	for NCC, 30 opte	ed for NSS and 18
opted both NC	C and NSS. One of	the students is se	elected at random.
Find the proba	ability that		
i) The stud	lents opted for NC	C but not NSS.	
ii) The stu	dents opted for NS	S but not NCC.	
iii) The stu	udents opted exact	ly one of them.	
2) Two dice are r	olled. Find the pro	bability that the	sum of outcomes is
i) The sum as	a prime number	ii) Equal to 4	iii) Greater than 10
iv) Less than 1	0	v) a doubled	
3) From a well sh	uffled pack of 52 c	ards. One card is	drawn at random.
Find the proba	ability of getting	i) Red Card	ii) Heart Card
iii) Red King	iv) Jack Card	v) Numbe	r Card
4) Three fair coin	s are tossed togeth	ner. Find the prol	bability of getting
a) all heads	b) at lea	ast one tail	
c) at most one	head d) at mo	ost two tail	
5) The king and q	ueen of diamonds,	queen and jack	and king of spades are
removed from	a deck of 52 playing	ng cards and the	n well shuffled. Now
	awn at random froi	-	
i) a clavor			a king of black card
6) A card is draw	2		probability of getting

a king (or) a heart (or) a red card.

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- 7) Three unbiased coins are tossed once. Find the probability of gettin most 2 tails (or) at least 2 heads.
- 8) From a well shuffled pack of 52 cards, a card is drawn at random Find the probability of it being either a red king (or) a black queen
- 9) A coin is tossed thrice. Find the probability of getting exactly two h(or) at least one tail (or) two consecutive heads.
- 10) Two dice are rolled once. Find the probability of getting an even number on the first die (or) a total of face sum 8.



Presentation : Mr. M. VIJAYAKUMAR., B.Sc.,M.Ed., 9600545700 Design : Mr. K. VIJAYAMANIKANDAN., BBA.,PGDI 9994011074

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TEST No: 16 K.M.K.A. MATRIC. HR. SEC. SCH	HOOL, THIRUTHANGAL.
STD : X	Marks : 50
I) Answer the following questions : (5 Mark	s) $10 \ge 5 = 50$
1) If $f(x) = x - 1$ , $g(x) = 3x + 1$ and $h(x) = x^2$ the	en show the
$(f \circ g) \circ h = f \circ (g \circ h).$	
2) If f : R $\rightarrow$ and g : R $\rightarrow$ R are defined by f (x) =	$x^5$ , g (x) = $x^4$ then check if
F, g are one – one and f o g is one – one?	
3) Let A = The set of all natural numbers less th	1an 8,
B = The set of all prime numbers less tha	ın 8,
C = The set of even prime number.	
Verify that, i) $(A \cap B) \ge C = (A \ge C) \cap (B \ge C)$	]
ii) $A \times (B - C) = (A \times B) - (A \times C)$	])
4) If A ={x $\in$ N   1 < x < 4 }, B = {x $\in$ W   0 $\leq$ x <	2} and C = $\{x \in N \mid x < 3\}$ .
Verify that i) $A \times (B \cup C) = (A \times B) \cup (A \times C)$	
ii) A x (B $\cap$ C) = (A x B) $\cap$ (A x C	.)
5) Let A = {1, 2, 3, 7} and B = {3, 0, -1, 7}, which	of the following are
relation from A to B?	
i) $R_1 = \{(2, 1), (7, 1)\}$ ii) $R_2 = \{-1, -1\}$	1}
iii) $R_3 = \{(2, -1), (7, 7), (1, 3)\}$ iv) $R_4 = \{(7, -1), (7, 7), (1, 3)\}$	, -1), (0, 3), (3, 3), (0, 7)}
6) Represent each of the given relation by a	a) an arrow diagram
b) a graph and c) a set in roster form, w	herever possible.
i){(x, y   x = 2y, x $\in$ {2, 3, 4, 5}, y $\in$ {1, 2	, 3, 4}
ii){(x, y   y = x + 3, x, y are natural numb	ers < 10}

7) A function f : [-5, 9]	$\rightarrow$ R is defined as follows.

$f(x) = \begin{cases} 6x + 1 & -5x^2 - 1 \\ 3x - 4 \end{cases}$	$\begin{array}{l} -5 < x < 2\\ 2 < x < 6\\ 6 < x < 9 \end{array}$ Find the follows
i) f (- 3) + f (2)	ii) f (7) – f (1)
iii) 2f (4) + f (8)	iv) $\frac{2f(-2)-f(6)}{f(4)+f(-2)}$

8) Let  $f : A \rightarrow B$  be a function defined by  $A = \{2, 4, 6, 10, 12\},\$ 

B = {0, 1, 2, 4, 5, 9} Represent f by

i) set of ordered pairs	ii) a table
iii) an arrow diagram	iv) a graph

9) A function f is defined by f(x) = 2x - 3.

i) find  $\frac{f(0)+f(1)}{2}$  ii) find x such that f(x) = 0

iii) find x such that f(x) = x iv) find x such that f(x) = f(1-x)

- 10) The data in the adjacent table depicts the length of a person forehand and their corresponding height. Based on this data, a student finds a relationship between the height (y) and the forehand length (x) as y = ax + b, where a, b are constants.
  - i) Find a and b
  - ii) Find the height of a person whose forehand length is 40 m

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iii) Find the length of forehand of a person if the height is53.3 inches.

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TEST No: 17 K.M.K.A. MATRIC. HR. SEC. SCHOOL,	THIRUTHANGAL.
STD : X	Marks : 50
I) Answer the following questions :	25 x 2 = 50
1) Let X = {3, 4, 6, 8}. Determine whether the relation.	
$R = \{(x, f(x) \mid x \in X, f(x) = x^2 + 1\}$	
2) Let $f(x) = 2x + 5$ . If $x \neq 0$ then find $\frac{f(x+2) - f(2)}{x}$ .	
3) Function f is defined by $f(x) = 3 - 2x$ . Find x such that	at $f(x^2) = (f(x))^2$ .
4) Define : Function.	
5) Let X = {1, 2, 3, 4} and Y = {2, 4, 6, 8, 10} and R = {(1,	2), (2, 4), (3, 6),
(4, 8)}. Show that R is a function and find its domain range.	ı. Co-domain and
6) If A = $\{2, -2, 3\}$ and B= $\{1, -4\}$ then find A x B, A and	B x A.
7) Let B x A = {(-2, 3), (-2, 4), (0, 3), (0, 4), (3, 3), (3, 4)}	then find A and B.
8) If A x B = {(3, 2), $(3, 4)$ , $(5, 2)$ , $(5, 4)$ } then find A and	В.
9) If A = {1, 2, 3} and B = {x   x is a prime number less th A x B and B x A.	han 10} then find
10) A = {1, 3, 5}, B = {2, 3} then i) Find A x B and B x A	ii) Is $A \times B = B \times A$ ?
11) Find fog and go f when $f(x) = 2x + 1$ and $g(x) = x^2$	2 _ 2

11) Find f o g and g o f when f(x) = 2x + 1 and  $g(x) = x^2 - 2$ .

12) If f (x) = 2x - 1, g (x) = 
$$\frac{x+1}{2}$$
 show that f o g = g o f = x  
13) If f (x) =  $x^2 - 1$ , g (x) = x - 2 find a, if g o f (a) = 1.

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- 14) Find k, if f o f (k) = 5, where f (k) = 2 k 1.
- 15). Let  $f(x) = x^2 1$  find, f o f o f.
- 17) A Relation R is given by the set  $\{x, y\} / y = x+3, x \in \{0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$ . Determine its domain and range.
- 18) Define : Null relation.
- 19) The arrow diagram shows a relationship between the sets P and Q.Write the relation in i) Set bullder form ii) Roster formiii) What is the domain and range of R?
- 20) Let A = {3, 4, 7, 8} and B = {1, 7, 10} which of the following sets are relations from A to B?

i)  $R_1 = \{(3, 7), (4, 7), (7, 10), (8, 1)\}$  ii)  $R_2 = \{(3, 1), (4, 12)\}$ 

- 21) Represent the function f = {(1,2), (2,2), (3,2), (4,3), (5,4)} through
  i) an arrow diagram ii) a table form iii) a graph
- 22) Let A = {1, 2, 3, 4} and B = N, Let  $f : A \rightarrow B$  defined by  $f(x) = x^3$  then, i) find the range of f ii)Identify the type of function.
- 23) Let A = {-1, 1}, B = {0, 2}. If the function  $f : A \rightarrow B$  defined by f(x) = ax + b is an onto function. Find **"a"** and **"b"**.
- 24) A = {-2, -1, 0, 1, 2} and f : A  $\rightarrow$  B is an onto function defined by f (x) = x<sup>2</sup> + x + 1, then find B.

25) Let f be the function from R to R defined by f () = 3x - 5. Find the values of "a" and "b" given that (a, 4) and (1, b) belongs to f.

Presentation : Mr. M. VIJAYAKUMAR., B.Sc., M.Ed.,

Design : Mr. K. VIJAYAMANIKANDAN., BBA., PGDIT., CTTC.,

9600545700

9994011074



K.M.K.A. MATRIC. HR. SEC. SCHOOL, THIRUTHANGAL. STD : X UNIT - 2.9, 3.7, 3.8, 3.17, 3.18, 3.19 & 8.3 Marks : 50 MODEL TEST I		
I) Answer the following questions : 5 x 2		
1) Find the sum of $6^2 + 7^2 + 8^2 + 21^2$ .		
2) Find the sequence root of $\frac{400 x^4 y^{12} z^{16}}{100 x^8 y^4 z^4}$		
3) If A $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 0 \\ 3 & 1 & 5 \end{pmatrix}$ , B $\begin{pmatrix} 8 & 3 & 1 \\ 2 & 4 & 1 \\ 5 & 3 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$ find AB.		
4) If A $\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 4 & 9 \\ 8 & 3 & 7 \end{pmatrix}$ , B $\begin{pmatrix} 7 & 3 & 8 \\ 1 & 4 & 9 \end{pmatrix}$ find the value of 3A – 9B.		
5) If A is an event of random experiment such that P(A) : P(A) = 17 : 15		
and $n(S) = 640$ then find i) $P(A)$ ii) $n(A)$		
II) Answer the following questions : $8 \times 5 = 40$		
6) Three fair coins are tossed together. Find the probability of getting		
i) All heads ii) at least one tail		
iii) at most one head iv) at most two tails		
7) From a well shuffled pack of 52 cards. One card is drawn at random.		
Find the probability of getting i) red card ii) heart card		
iii) red king iv) face card v) number card		
8) If A = $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ -1 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$ , B = $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ -4 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$ , C = $\begin{pmatrix} -7 & 6 \\ 3 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$ verify that		
A (B++C) = AB + AC.		
9) $A = \begin{pmatrix} 5 & 2 & 9 \\ 1 & 2 & 8 \end{pmatrix}$ , $B = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 7 \\ 1 & 2 \\ 5 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$ verify that $(AB)^{T} = B^{T} A^{T}$ .		

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- 10) If x<sup>4</sup>-8x<sup>3</sup>+mx<sup>2</sup>+nx+16 is a perfect square. Find the values of
  "m" and "n".
- 11) Find the square root of  $(2x^2 + \frac{17}{6}x + 1)(\frac{3}{2}x^2 + 4x + 2)(\frac{4}{3}x^2 + \frac{11}{3})$
- 12) Rekha has 15 square colour papers of sizes10 cm, 11 cm, 12 cm ..... 24 cm. How much area can be decorated these colour papers.
- 13) Find the sum of the series  $(2^3 1^3) + (4^3 3^3) + (6^3 15^3) + \dots$

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to i) n terms ii) 8 terms



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K.M.K.A.	MATRIC. HR. SEC. SCHOOL, THIRU	THANGAL.
UNIT -	- I, UNIT - II (2.1 to 2.5 & 2.9),	
UNIT – III	(3.2, 3.8, 3.17 to 3.19), UNIT – V	(5.1 & 5.2)
	UNIT – VIII (8.3 & 8.4)	
STD : X	MODEL TEST II	Marks : 10(
I) Answer the foll	owing questions : (Any 13)	13 x 2 = 26
1) A = $\{2, -2, 3\}$ and	$B = \{1, -4\}$ find A x B, A x A and B x	А.
2) Show that the function $f: N \rightarrow N$ define by $f(x) = 2x-1$ is one – one but		
not onto.		
3) Find k if fof (k)	= 5 where f(k) = 2k – 1.	
4) Find the H.C.F o	f 396, 504, 636 (using euclids divisio	on Algorithm).
5) If 3+k, 8 – K, 5k	+1 are in A.P then find k.	
6) Find the greates	t number that will divide 445 and 57	72 using
remainders 4 ar	d 5 respectively.	
7) If 13824 = 2a x	3b find "a and b".	
8) Compute x, such	n that 104 <u>=</u> x (Mod19).	
9) Construct a 3x 3	matrix whose elements are aij = $1^2$ j	2.

10) If 
$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 4 & 9 \\ 8 & 3 & 7 \end{pmatrix}$$
,  $B = \begin{pmatrix} 7 & 3 & 8 \\ 1 & 4 & 9 \end{pmatrix}$  value of  $B - 5 A$ .

11) If  $A = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$ ,  $B = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 1 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$  find AB and BA then verify AB = BA.

- 12) Show that the points P(-1.5, 3), Q (6, -2), R (-3, 4) are collinear.
- 13) The line through the points (-2, a) and (9, 3) has slope  $-\frac{1}{2}$ . Find the value of a.
- 14) What is the probability of drawing either a king (or) queen in a single draw from a well shuffled pick of 52 cards.
- 15) If A and B are two events such that  $P(A) = \frac{1}{4}$ ,  $P(B) = \frac{1}{2}$  and
  - P(A and B)=1/8. Find i) P (A or B), ii) P (not A and not B)
- 16) What is the probability that a leap year select at random will contain53 Saturdays.

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## II) Answer the following questions : (Any 10) $10 \times 5 = 50$

17) Let A = {x,  $\in \frac{W}{x} < 2$ }, B={x $\in N/1 < x \le 4$ } and c = {3,5} then (AUB) x C = (A x C) U (B x C).

18) f(x) = x - 4,  $g(x) = x^2$  and b(x) = 3x - 5. Show that (fog) oh = fo(goh).

- 19) If (x) = 2x+3, g(x) = 1 2x and b(x) = 3x, prove that fo(goh) = (fog)oh.
- 20) In an A.P sum of four consecutive terms is 28 and their sum of their square is 276. Find the four numbers.
- 21) The ratio of 6<sup>th</sup> and 8<sup>th</sup> term of an A.P is 7 : 9. Find the ratio of 9<sup>th</sup> term to 13<sup>th</sup> term.
- 22) Find the G.C.D of  $6x^3 30x^2 + 60x 48$  and  $3x^3 12x^2 + 21x 18$ .
- 23) If 9x<sup>4</sup> + 12x<sup>3</sup> + 28x<sup>2</sup> + ax + b is a perfect square then find the values of "a" and "b".

24) If A = (1 - 1 2), B = 
$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$
 and C =  $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 2 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$  then show that  
(AB) C = A (BC).

25) If A = 
$$\begin{pmatrix} 5 & 2 & 9 \\ 1 & 2 & 8 \end{pmatrix}$$
 and B =  $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 7 \\ 1 & 2 \\ 5 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$  then verify that (AB) <sup>T</sup> = B<sup>T</sup>A<sup>T</sup>.

- 26) A Coin is tossed trice. Find the probability of getting exactly two heads (or) at least one tail (or) two consecutive heads.
- 27) A card is drawn from a pack of 52 cards. Find the probability of getting a king (or) a heart (or) a red card.
- 28) Two dice are rolled. Find the probability that the sum of outcomes is i)equal to 4, ii) greater than 10, iii) less than 13, iv) The sum as a prime number, v) the product as a prime number
- III) Answer the following questions :  $4 \times 6 = 24$
- 29) Construct triangle similar to give triangle ABC with its sides equal to 6/5 of the corresponding sides of the triangle ABC (Scale factor 6/5 >1).
- 30) Construct a  $\triangle$  ABC such that AB = 5.5 cm, C = 25<sup>0</sup> and the altitude from C to AB is 4 cm.

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- 31) Draw the graph of  $y = 2x^2 3x 5$  and hence solve  $2x^2 4x 6 = 0$ .
- 32) Solve  $x^2 6x + 9 = 0$  state their nature of solution.

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- K.M.K.A. MATRIC. HR. SEC. SCHOOL, THIRUTHANGAL. STD : X UNIT - 2, 3, 5 & 7 Marks : 100 TYPE - I **MODEL TEST III**
- I) Answer the following questions : (Any 13)  $13 \times 2 = 26$
- 1) Find the H.C.F. of 396, 504, 969 (Using Euclid's division Algorithm).
- 2) "a" and "b" are two positive integers such that  $a^b + b^a = 800$ . Find "a" and "b".
- 3) If 3+k, 18-k, 5k+1 are in A.P, then find K.
- 4) Find the sum of first 28 terms of an A.P whose nth term is 4n 3.
- 5) In a G.P the 9<sup>th</sup> term is 32805 and 6<sup>th</sup> term is 1215. Find `the 12<sup>th</sup> term.
- 6) Find the excluded value of  $\frac{x^2+6x+8}{x^2+x-2}$ .
- 7) Simply  $\frac{P^2 10P + P^2 10P}{P 7} \times \frac{P^2 + P 21}{(P 3)^2}$ .
- 8) Solve  $2x^2 2\sqrt{6}x + 3 = 0$ .
- 9) Find the values of "k" for which the quadratic equation
- $Kx^2 (8k+4)x+81=0$  has real and equal roots.
- 10) Without using Pythagoras theorem, show that the points (1, -4) (2, -3), (4, 7) from a right angled triangle.
- 11) Find the equation of a straight line perpendicular to the line  $y = \frac{4}{3}x 7$ and passing through the point (7, -1).
- 12) Show that the straight lines 2x+3y-8=0 and 4x+6y+18=0 are parallel.
- 13) If the T.S.A of cone of radius 7 cm is 704  $cm^2$  then find its slant eight.
- 14) The volume of a solid right circular cone is 11088 cme<sup>3</sup>. If its height is 24 cm then find the radius of the cone.
- 15) A cone of height 24 cm is made up of modeling clay. A child reshapes it in the form of a cylinder of same radius as cone. Find the height of the cylinder.
- 16) The volume of a cylindrical water tank is 1.078x10<sup>6</sup> litres. If the diameter of the tank is 2m. Find its height.  $10 \ge 5 = 50$
- II) Answer the following questions : (Any 10)
- 17) The internal and external diameter of a hallow hen's Spherical shell are 6cm and 10 cm respectively. If it is melted and recase into a solid cylinder of a diameter 14 cm, then find the height of the cylinder.

- 18) A Capsule is in the shape of a cylinder with the hemisphere stuck each of its ends. If the length of the entire capsule is 12 mm and the capsule is 3 mm, how much medicine it can hol diameter of the
- 19) A girl wishes to prepare birthday caps in the form of right circula cones for her birthday party, using a sheet of paper whose area is 5720 cm<sup>2</sup>. How many caps can be made with radius 5 cm and heig 12 cm.
- 20) Find the equation of a straight line through the intersection of lin 5x-6y=2, 3x+2y=10 and perpendicular to the line 4x-7y+13=0.
- 21) Prove analytically that the line segment joining the mid points of sides of a triangle is parallel to the third side and is equal to half of length.
- 22) A line makes positive intercepts on coordinate axes whose sum is and it passes through (- 3, 8). Find its equation.
- 23) The product of three consecutive terms of Geometric progression 343 and their sum is  $\frac{91}{3}$ . Find the three terms.
- 24) The sum of first n, 2n and 3n terms of an A.P are S<sub>1</sub>, S<sub>2</sub>, ....... S<sub>3</sub> respectively prove that  $S_3 = 3(S_2 - S_1)$ .
- 25) If an A.P sum of four consecutive terms is 28 and their sum of the squares is 276. Find the four terms.

26) 
$$\frac{1}{x^2 - 5x + 6} + \frac{1}{x^3 - 3x + 2} - \frac{1}{x^2 - 8x + 15}$$
 Simplify.

- 27) Solve  $\frac{x}{x-1} + \frac{x-1}{x} = 2\frac{1}{2}$ .
- 28) Solve  $pqx^2 (p+q)^2x + (p+q)^2 = 0$ .
- 29) Prove that the equation  $x^2(p^2+q^2)+2x(pr+qs) + (r^2+s^2)=0$  has no roots. If ps = pr, then show that roots are real and equal.
- **III)** Answer the following questions :  $4 \times 6 = 24$
- 30) Draw the graph of  $y = x^2+3x+2$  and use it to solve  $x^2+2x+1=0$ .
- 31) Solve  $x^2 9x + 20 = 0$  (State their nature of solution).
- 32) Construct a triangle similar to a given triangle PQR with its sides to  $\frac{7}{3}$  of the triangle PQR (Scale factor  $\frac{7}{3} > 1$ ).
- 33) Construct a  $\triangle$  PQR such that QR = 6.5 cm, P =  $60^{\circ}$  and the altitude from P to QR is of length 4.5 cm.

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K.M.K.A. MATRIC. HR. SEC. SCHOOL, THIRUTHANGAL.			
STD : X         UNIT - 3 (3.1, 3.2, 3.6, 3.8, 3.13, 3.14)         Marks : 50           TYPE - II         MODEL TEST IV			
I) Answer the following questions : (5 Marks) $10 \times 5 = 50$			
1) Solve $\frac{1}{2x} + \frac{1}{4y} - \frac{1}{3x}$ ; $\frac{1}{x} = \frac{1}{3y}$ ; $\frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{5y} + \frac{4}{z} = 2\frac{2}{5}$ .			
2) Find the GCD of $6x^3 - 30x^2 + 60 - 48$ and $3x^3 - 12x^2 + 21x - 18$ .			
3) If A = $\frac{x}{x+1}$ , B = $\frac{1}{x+1}$ , prove that $\frac{(A+B)^2 + (A-B)^2}{A \div B} = \frac{2(x^2+1)}{x(x+1)^2}$ .			
4) Find the value of "a" and "b" $ax^4+bx^3+361x^2+220x+100$ .			
5) If the roots of the equation $(c^2 - ab)x^2 - 2(a - bc)x + b^2 - ac = 0$ are real			
and equal. Prove that either $a = 0$ (or) $a^3 + b^3 + c^3 = 3abc$ .			
6) If $\propto$ , $\beta$ are the roots of the equation $2x^2 - x - 1 = 0$ then form the			
equation whose roots are i) $\propto^2 \beta$ , $\beta^2 \propto$ i) $2 \propto + \beta$ , $2\beta + \propto$ .			
7) If $\propto$ and $\beta$ are the roots of $x^2 + 7x + 10 = 0$ . Find the value of			
i) $\frac{\alpha}{\beta} + \frac{\beta}{\alpha}$ ii) $\alpha^3 - \beta^3$ iii) $\frac{\alpha^2}{\beta} + \frac{\beta^2}{\alpha}$ .			
8) The sum of the digit of a three digit number is 11 If the digits are			
reversed, the new number is 46 more than five times the former			
number. If the hundreds digit puls twice the tens digit is equal to the			
units digit then find the original three digit number.			
9)Find the G.C.D. of $3x^4 + 6x^3 - 12x^2 - 24x$ , $4x^4 + 14x^3 + 8x^2 - 8x$ .			
10) If the roots of $(a - b)x^2 + (b - c)x + (c - a) = 0$ are real and equal then			
P.T b, a, c are in A.P.			
Presentation : Mr. M. VIJAYAKUMAR., B.Sc.,M.Ed., 9600545700			
Design : Mr. K. VIJAYAMANIKANDAN., BBA., PGDIT., CTTC., 9994011074			

K.M.K.A. MATRIC. HR. SEC. SCHOOL, THIRUTHANGAL. STD : X UNIT – 1.1, 3.2, 3.8, 8.3 & 8.4 Marks : 50 TYPE - III MODEL TEST V			
I) Answer the following questions : (5 Marks) 10 x 5 = 50			
1) Find the GC.D. of $3x^4 + 6x^3 - 12x^2 - 24$ , $4x^4 + 14x^3 + 8x^2 - 8x$ .			
2) $x^4 - 1 = x^3 - 11x^2 + x - 11$ find the G.C.D.			
3) Find the values of "a" and "b" $4x4 - 12x^3 + 37x^2 + bx + a$ .			
4) Find the values of " <b>m</b> " and " <b>b</b> " $36x4 - 60x^3 + 61x^2 - mx + n$ .			
5) A card is drawn from a pack of 52 cards . Find the probability of getting a king (or) heart (or) a red card.			
6) A coin is tossed thrice. Find the probability of getting exactly two heads			
(or) at least one tail (or) two consecutive heads.			
7) Three fair coins are tossed together. Find the probability of getting			
i)all heads ii) at least one tail			
iii) at most one head iv) at most two tails			
8) From a well shuffled pack of 52 cards, one card is drawn at random.			
Find the probability of getting			
i) red card ii) heart card iii) red king			
iv) face card v) number card			
9) Let A = {x $\in$ W/ x < 2 }, = {x $\in$ N / 1 < x $\leq$ 4 } and C = {3, 5}, verify that			
$A \ge (B \cap C) = (A \ge B) \cap (A \ge c).$			
10) Let A = The set of all Natural number less than 8			
B = The set of all Prime numbers less than 8			
C = The set of Even Prime number, verify that			
$A \ge (B - C) = (A \ge B) - (A \ge C).$			
Presentation : Mr. M. VIJAYAKUMAR., B.Sc.,M.Ed., 9600545700 Design : Mr. K. VIJAYAMANIKANDAN., BBA.,PGDIT.,CTTC., 9994011074			