Time: 3.00 Hours

## Standard 12. CHEMISTRY <br> Part - A

I. Choose the best answer.

Marks: 70

1) Which one of the following is used as acidic flux
a) FeO
b) CaO
c) $\mathrm{SiO}_{2}$
d) $\mathrm{FeSiO}_{3}$
2) The elements belongs to Group 17 and 18 are
a) metallords
b) metals
c) Nonmetals
d) Both a \& b
3) i) $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$ Dibasic acid
ii) $\mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{PO}_{3} \quad-\quad$ tribasic acid
iii) $\mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{PO}_{4} \quad-\quad$ mono basic acid
iv) $\mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{PO}_{3} \quad$ - Mono base acid, Which statements are correct?
a) (i) \& (ii)
b) (ii) \& (iii)
c) (iii) \& (iv)
d) (i) \& (iv)
4) Transition elements having +3 oxidation state is
a) Ni
b) Mn
c) Cr
d) Se
5) Isomerism exhibited by the compound is [pt $\left(\mathrm{NH}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ ]
a) Co-oxtination isomerism
b) Linkage isomerism
c) optical isomerism
d) Geometrical isomerism
6) Which of the following crystal conduct heat and electricity
a) molecular crystal
b) Ionic Crystal
c) Metallic crystal
d) all of these
7) $75 \%$ of a order reaction completes in 60 ming, then the time require to complete $50 \%$ is
a) 20 mints
b) 30 mints
c) 35 mints
d) 75 mints
8) If the solubility product of lead iodide is $3.2 \times 10^{-8}$ its solubility will be
a) $2 \times 10^{-3} \mathrm{M}$
b) $4 \times 10^{-4} \mathrm{M}$
C) $1.6 \times 10^{-5} \mathrm{M}$
d) $1.8 \times 10^{-5} \mathrm{M}$
9) Which is not Lewis base?
a) $\mathrm{BF}_{3}$
b) $\mathrm{PF}_{3}$
c) Co
d) F
10) When $\Delta S<0$ \& $T \Delta S$ gets negative sign then
a) adsorption is exothermic
b) absorption is exotheric
c) adsorption is endothermic
d) absorption is endothermic
11) IUPAC name of acrolein
a) Prop-2 anal
b) prop-1 anal
c) prop-2enrl
d) prop 1-enol
12) Which of the following carboxylic acid cannot be prepared from grignard Reagent?
a) $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{COOH}$
b) $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{COOH}$
c) HCOOH
d) $\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{COOH}$
13) Aniline + BenzoylChloride $\xrightarrow{\mathrm{NaOH}} \mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{NHOC}-\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{5}$. This reaction is known as
a) Fredel - Craff's reaction
b) HVZ reaction
c) Schotten - Bauman reaction
d) Cannizero Reaction
14) The Pyrimidine bases present in DNA are,
a) Cytosine and Adenine
b) Cytosine and Vinane
c) Cytosine and Thiamine
d) Cytosine and Uracil
15) Nylon is an example of
a) poly amide
b) polythene
c) polyester
d) polysaccharide

## Part - B

II. Answer any six. Q. No. 24 is compulsory.
$6 \times 2=12$
16) Distinguish Ore and Minerals
17) What are inter halogen compounds? Give two examples.
18) What is double salt? Give example.
19) What is coordination number? What is the co-ordination number of atoms in a bcd structure
20) Derive the relation between half - life period and First order rate constant.
21) Conductivity decreases, when dilution increases. Why?
22) Write the IUPAC Names
i)

ii)

23) How will you prepare Nylon $_{6}$.
24) Complete the reaction $\mathrm{P}_{4}+\mathrm{NaOH}+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O} \rightarrow$

## Part - C

III. Answer any six. Q. No. 33 is compulsory.
$6 \times 3=18$
25) Define the following.
i) Roasting
ii) Calcination
26) Write note on Fisher - Tropsch synthesis.
27) $\left[\mathrm{Ti}\left(\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)_{6}\right]^{3+}$ is coloured, while $\left[\mathrm{Se}\left(\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)_{6}\right]^{3+}$ is colourless. Why?
28) Explain Frenkal defect
29) Derive Ostwald dilution law
30) Complete the following reactions.
i)

ii)


I
OH
31) There are two isomers with the formula $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{NO}_{2}$. How will you distinguish bewteen them?
32) What are drugs? How they are classified?
33) Aluminium Cryștalizes in cubic close packed structure. Its metallic radius is 125 pm . Calculate the Edge length of the unit cell.

## Part - D

## IV. Answer all the questions

34) a) Explain Zone refining process.
(OR)
b) i) Write any two conditions for catenation.
ii) Why HF cannot be stored in glass bottles?
35) a) Explain Werner's theory.
(OR)
b) i) What is Fardays' First Law.
ii) Derive Henderson Equation
36) a) i) Derive the integrated rate equation for zero order reaction.
ii) Explain the types of coagulation.
(OR)
b) Derive Nernst Equation
37) a) From Phenol how will you obtain
(i) Phenol phthalein
(ii) Saliaslic and (iii) Benzene
(OR)
b) i) Write the mechanism of Cannizaro's Reaction
ii) What is trans Esterification.
38) a) Write note on (i) Gabriel Pthalimide syntheses
(ii) What is diazotisation
(OR)
b) i) Write any three dist b/w DNA \& RNA
ii) What are antibodies.

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Kindly send me your answer keys to us - padasalai.net@gmail.com

