AADHITHYA UG TET- TRB COACHING CENTRE – KANCHEEPURAM UG -TRB - ENGLISH - REVISION TEST - (UNIT 8,9 &10) 07.01.2024 PART – B 1. Language might be started by the imitation of sounds which early men and women heard around them. This describes: A. Ye-heave-ho theory B. Bow-wow theory C. Oral-gesture theory D. Divine source theory 2. The sounds of a person involved in physical effort could be the source of our language describes: A. Ye-heave-ho theory B. Bow-wow theory C. Oral-gesture theory D. Divine source theory 3. The biological basis of formation and development of human language is called: A. Glossogentics **B.** Biogenetics C. Physogenitcs D. Morphology 4. Human beings can talk about their present, past and future. This property of language is called A. Duality **B.** Arbitrariness d: C. Displacement **D.** Productivity There is no connection between a linguistic form and its meaning 5. describes: **B.** Arbitrariness A. Duality C. Displacement **D.** Productivity We can utter new and novel words and sentences but animal can't. It 6. describes which property? A. Duality **B.** Arbitrariness C. Displacement D. Productivity 7. A little change in the sound can change the meaning describes which property of human language? A. Duality B. Displacement C. Discreetness D. Cultural Transmission 8. The study of rules of a language covers: A. Grammar B. Syntax C. Semantics **D.** Pragmatics AADHITHYA UG/PG TRB COACHING CENTRE, KANCHEEPURAM, Cell - 9786851468, 9944395296

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9.	English is derived from which A. Latin C. German	of the following major language? B. Greek D. French
10.		s the expression of thought by the means of the language in these words? B. Skinner D. De Saussure
11.	The study of movement of sy study of how the speech sour A. Phonetics C. Articulatory Phonetics	peech organs in articulation of speech or the ids are made is called: B. Phonology D. Auditory Phonetics
12.	The study of physical propert A. Phonetics C. Articulatory Phonetics	B. Phonology
13.	The study of perceptions of sp A. Phonetics C. Articulatory Phonetics	Deech sounds is called: B. Phonology D. Auditory Phonetics
14.	The study of sounds involv recorded utterances is called: A. Forensic phonetics C. Articulatory Phonetics	B. Acoustic Phonetics
15.		read apart and the air from the lungs passes thout any stoppage) the sound is called: B. Voiceless D. Voiced
16.	When there is some vibration sound will be: A. Voiced C. Voiceless	on in vocal cord while producing sound, the B. Unvoiced D. None
17.	There are totally sounds A. 42 C. 46	s in English Language? B. 44 D. 48
18.	Alveolar etc it is according to	nguage are classified as Bilabials, Dentals, their B. Manner of Articulation D. None of the Above
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19.	The sounds which are form /b/,/w/) are called: A. Bilabials C. Dentals	ned using both upper and lower lips (/m/, B. Labiodentals D. Alveolar	
20.	/f/ and /v/ are: A. Bilabials C. Dentals	B. Labiodentals D. Alveolar	
21.	The sounds formed with tong (0, 0] are called: A. Bilabials C. Dentals (interdentals)	gue tip behind (between) the upper front teeth B. Labiodentals D. Alveolar	
22.	/t/, /d/, /s/, /n/ and /z/ the front part of the tongue of A. Bilabials C. Dentals	are called because they are pronounced with n the alveolar ridge. B. Labiodentals D. Alveolar	
23.	/k/ and /g/ are called: A. Bilabials C. Dentals	B. Velars D. Alveolar	
24.	There a sound that is produ the other parts of the mouth. A. Bilabials C. Glottal	ced without the active use of the tongue and What is it called? B. Velar D. Alveolar	
25.	IPA stands for: A. International Phonetic Ass B. International Phonetic Aut C. International Phonetic Aca D. International Phonic Assoc	hority demy	
26.	The consonants sounds resu called: A. Nasals C. Fricatives	ulting from a blocking effect on air stream is B. Affricates D. Plosives or Stops	
27.	Originally, morphology is a? A. Linguistic term C. Biological term	B. Literary termD. Mathematical term	
28.	word is called: A. Phoneme	r grammatical function or a minimum unit of B. Morpheme D. Phone	
AA	C. Lexeme D. Phone AADHITHYA UG/PG TRB COACHING CENTRE, KANCHEEPURAM, Cell - 9786851468, 9944395296		

29.	A word or a group of word which has one meaning is called: A. Phoneme B. Morpheme C. Lexeme D. Phone	
30.	The morphemes which are independent to give meaning and they can stand by as single words are called: A. Free morphemes B. Bound morphemes C. Inflectional morphemes D. Derivational morphemes	
31.	The morphemes which are dependent to other words give meaning and they cannot stand by as single words are called: A. Free morphemes B. Bound morphemes C. Lexical morphemes D. Derivational morphemes	
32.	All the affixes in English are:A. Free morphemesB. Bound morphemesC. Lexical morphemesD. Independent morphemes	
33.	The word to which affixes are attached is technically known as:A. PhonemeC. StemD. Lexeme	
34.	Lexical and functional morphemes are two types of A. Free morphemes B. Bound morphemes C. Derivational morphemes D. Inflectional morphemes	
35.	Nouns, verbs and adjectives come under? A. Lexical morphemes B. Functional morphemes D. Derivational morphemes D. Inflectional morphemes	
36.	Articles, pronouns and prepositions cover?A. Lexical morphemesB. Functional morphemesC. Derivational morphemesD. Inflectional morphemes	
37.	Which of type of morphemes is used to indicate the grammatical function of a word?A. Lexical morphemesB. Functional morphemes.C. Derivational morphemesD. Inflectional morphemes	
38.	There are total inflectional morphemes in English language.A. 5B. 6C. 8D. 10	
39.	'Unhate' 'unlove' 'untrodden' are the examples ofA. Syntactical DeviationC. Graphical DeviationD. Grammatical Deviation	
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40.	A. RP	itax and morphology is referred is. B. AP	
	C. All of these	D. None of these	
41.	involves copying a wor another language.	rd that originally belonged in one language into	
	A. Borrowing	B. Blending	
	C. Conversions	D. Coinage	
42.	What is Phonology A. The Study of Sounds B. The Study of Meaning		
	C. The Study of Sound Syster	ms	
	D. All of these		
43.	The study of speech pottom		
43.	The study of speech patterns A. Phonetics	B. Phonology	
	C. Morphology	D. Pragmatics	
		TT TDD CO.	
44.	The smallest unit of speech s		
	A. Morpheme	B. Phoneme	
	C. Lexeme	D. Allophone	
45.	A sound pronounced with on	e puff of air is called (a sound with one vowel	
	sound)		
	A. Vowel	B. Consonant	
	C. Syllable	D. Coda	
46.	Syllable consists of onset and	1 rime while rime is further divided into:	
	A. Onset and nucleus	B. Onset and coda	
	C. Nucleus and the onset	D. Nucleus and coda	
A 17	TT1	1	
47.	The consonants after the nuc A. Rime	B. Onset	
	C. Coda	D. Syllable	
48.	The versions of one phone ar		
	A. Morpheme	B. Phoneme	
	C. Lexeme	D. Allophone	
49.	A sound pronounced with one puff of air is called (a sound with one vowel sound)		
	A. Vowel	B. Consonant	
	C. Syllable	D. Coda	
50.	The syllables having onset ar	nd nucleus but not coda are called:	
	A. Open syllables	B. Closed syllable	
	C. Light syllable	D. Heavy syllable	
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51.	The syllables having nucleus A. Open syllables C. Light syllable	and coda but no onset are called: B. Closed syllable D. Heavy syllable
52.	There are one or more consor A. Consonant Cluster C. Assimilation	nants before or after nucleus which describes: B. Elision D. Syllable
53.	1	ring in a sequence, and some aspect of one by other phoneme, this process is called: B. Elision D. Syllable
54.	The omission or deletion of se A. Consonant Cluster C. Assimilation	ome sound from a word is known as: B. Elision D. Syllable
55.	Omission of a word or more f A. Elision C. Assimilation	rom a sentence is called: B. Ellipsis D. Analogy
56.	give/s unique charact A. Intonation C. Amplitude	er to each vowel. B. Pitch D. Overtones
57.	Two-sound segments are call A. Allophone C. Diphone	ed? B. Unicode D. Bytes
58.	The graph which is used to recalled?	epresent the frequencies of speech over time is
	A. Oscillogram C. Measuring graph	B. Spectrogram D. Frequency graph
59.	The rise and fall in pitch are	called?
	A. Pitch	B. Frequency
	C. Intonation	D. Sound wave
60.	is the classifying sound	l waves into individual speech sounds.
	A. Loudness	B. Amplitude
	C. Pitch	D. Frequency
61.	A system of more or less perr is:	nanent marks used to represent an utterance
	A. Writing system	B. Alphabetic system
	C. Human language system	D. None of these
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62.	The study of possible Phoneme combinations in a language is called asA. PhonologyB. PhonotacticsC. ProsodyD. Polyphonemic	
63.	The word that contain many syllables are called as.A. Mono-syllableB. Di - syllableC. Poly-syllableD. Tri-syllable	
64.	are considered as the building blocks of words.A. SyllableB. PhonemeC. MorphemeD. All of the Above	
65.	That branch of etymology which treats of the division of words into syllables is called asA. OrthogenyB. MorphologyC. SyllabicationD. None of the Above	
66.	That science which treats of the classification of words into parts of speech is called as A. Orthogeny B. Etymology C. Syntax D. Prosody	
67.	The letters whose sound cannot be prolonged are called asA. CognateB. ExplodentsC. QuiescentD. Silent	
68.	 Which of the Following two languages are considered Classical languages? A. Arabic and Greek B. Greek and Latin D. Latin and Dutch 	
69.	English followed language for making rules of grammar?A. GreekB. LatinC. DutchD. Scottish	
70.	 Which of the following approaches deals with the set of grammar rules and focuses on the teaching of grammar rules? A. Descriptive Approach B. Prescriptive Approach D. Mystic approach 	
71.	 Mention the approach which discourages the too much focus on rules of language, according to it, how language is used is important rather than how language should be used. A. Descriptive Approach C. Generative approach D. Mystic approach 	
72.	Syntax is originally taken from a word. A. Greek B. Latin C. Germen D. Russian	
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73.	The word criticism is derived (A) To judge (C) To criticize	l from the Greek word "Kritikos" meaning: (B) To enjoy (D) To praise
74.	Who says "Criticism the exer literature?" (A) Plato	ccise of Judgement in the province of art and (B) Aristotle
	(C) Horace	(D) Worsfold
75.	The term "Judgement" was f	irst used in this special sense (Criticism) by:
	(A) Plato	(B) Horace
	(C) Alexandrian Scholars	(D) Johnson
76.	e e i	ticism is often described with:
	(A) Plato (C) Dante	(B) Aristotle (D) John Dryden
	(C) Dante	(D) oonn Dryden
77.	°	eer of the movement (Criticism)?
	(A) Aristotle (C) Sidney	(B) Plato (D) Johnson
	(c) blancy	
78.	Who calls Plato "the great pa	
	(A) Aristotle (C) Atkins	(B) Dryden (D) Sidney
	(C) Atkins	(D) Sidney
79.	In the light of social standar poetry?	ds of morality who does frame charges against
	(A) Plato	(B) Homer
	(C) Hesiod	(D) Aristotle
80.	Who is known as the first sc	ientific critic?
	(A) Plato	(B) Horace
	(C) T. S. Eliot	(D)Aristotle
81.	Who says "tragedy attempts revolution of the Sua?"	as far as possible to remain within one
	(A) Aristotle	(B) Pope
	(C) Wordsworth	(D) Arnold
82.	The famous concept of 'Cath	arsis' is mentioned in the poetics by:
	(A) Aristotle	(B) Plato
	(C) Homer	(D) Heziod
83.	"How many parts there are i	n poetics?"
	(A) Six	(B) two
	(C) Five	(D) Four
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84.		y significant place in tragedy?
	(A) Plot (C) Diction	(B) Character (D) Thought
	(-)	
85.	How many clements are there	
	(A) Six (C) Five	(B) Two (D) Four
	(0) 110	(2) 1 0 01
86.	Who says "Without action the	
	(A) Plato (C) Aristotle	(B) Homer (D) Johnson
87.	What is the first principle and	
	(A) Plot	(B) Thought
	(C) Character	(D) Diction
88.	What is the most important p	
	(A) Catharsis	(B) Character
	(C) Action	(D) Diction
89.	Aristotle's Ideal tragic hero is	essentially a man of:
	(A) Action	(B) Idleness
	(C) Hopelessness	(D) Weak in decision
90.	Who is called the first roman	tic critic?
	(A) Longinus	(B) Sidney
	(C) Samuel Johnson	(D) Horace
91.		of style is the last and crowing fruit of long
	experience?" (A) Ben Jonson	(B) Longinus
	(C) Aristotle	(D) Plato
92.	Who is against 'bombast' pue (A) Longinus	eritily, affection, and frigidity in style? (B) Plato
	(C) Homer	(D) Aristotle
93.	"Sublimity is a certain distince defines it?	ction and excellence of expression." Who
	(A) Longinus	(B) Aristotle
	(C) John Dryden	(D) Johnson
94.	A critical treatise, 'on Sublim	e.' was written by
	(A) Longinus	(C) Arnold
	(B) Pope	(D) Horace
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95.	Who is considered the pionee: (A) Longinus (C) Eliot	r in the field of analytical criticism? (B) Atkins (D) Aristotle
96.	How many principal sources ((A) Five (C) Four	does Longinus trace? (B) Six (D) Seven
97.	Sir Philip Sidney's 'The Defen (A) Gosson (B) Sidney	ce of Poesie was a response to a pamphlet by- (C) Horace (D) Johnson
98.	Who believes - "Nature's world (A) Sir Philip Sidney (C) Arnold	d is brazen the poet delivers a golden age?" (B) Wordsworth (D) Keats
99.	"Poetry is a speaking picture (A) Sir Philip Sidney (C) Horace	with the ends to teach au "light" who says? (B) Longinus (D) Aristotle
100.	Who is regarded both the clas (A) Wordsworth (C) Keats	ssicist and the Romanticist? (B) Sidney (D) Johnson
101.	Sir Philip Sidney's critical app (A) Philosophical (C) Technical	oroach may be said to be: (B) Romantic (D) Abstract
102.		ends up the joyous firework of the Italian enthusiastic; Neo-Platonic and Ideal." (B) Wimsatt (D) Dryden
103.	Who is the writer of the 'India (A) John Dryden (C) Johnson	n Emperor' Heroic Play? (B) Longinus (D) Horace
104.	Who wrote the prose comedy (A) Dr. Johnson (C) Philip Sidney	of humour - "The Wild Gallant": (B) Dryden (D) Plato
105.	Dryden pioneered the: (A) Historical Criticism (C) Theoretical Criticism	(B) Descriptive Criticism(D) Comparative Criticism
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106.	Who justly deserves to be call	ed "the father of English Criticism because of
	his many-sided critical achiev	vements?
	(A) Johnson	(B) Plato
	(C) Dryden	(D) Horace
107.	Who was the first to used the	word diction in the Neo-classical age?
	(A) Dryden	(B) Johnson
	(C) Wordsworth	(D) Plato
108.	Who is regarded as one of the	advocates of Neo-classicism?
	(A) Dr. Johnson	(B) Dryden
	(C) Sidney	(D) Pope
109.	Who is regarded merely as a j	udicial critic?
	(A) Dryden	(B) Pope
	(C) Philip Sidney	(D) Dr. Johnson
110.	Dr. Johnson's poem "The Van	ity of Human Wishes" was published in:
	(A) 1840	(B) 1949
	(C) 1950	(D) 1845
111.	In which year Johnson wrote	the admirable prologue for the opening
	performance of new season of	
	(A) 1720	(B) 1747
	(C) 1718	(D) 1745
112.	Who is regarded the founder of	of biographical criticism English Literature?
	(A) Dryden	(B) Dr. Johnson
	(C) Plato	(D) Sidney
113.	Who called Dryden the father	of English Criticism?
	(A) Dr. Samuel Johnson	(B) Dryden
	(C) Sidney	(D) Aristotle
114.	Who thinks that the origin in	tranquillity?" of poetry is in "emotions re-
	collected	
	(A) Shelley	(B) Wordsworth
	(C) Keats	(D) Coleridge
115.		f poetry should be "a selection of language
	really used by men?"	
	(A) Shelley	(B) Wordsworth
	(C) Keats	(D) Coleridge
11 6 .		tic life as the themes of the poetry?
	(A) Wordsworth	(B) Coleridge
	(C) Keats	(D) Pope

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117	Ivrical Rollada was the joint v	vorte of	
117.	Lyrical Ballads was the joint v (A) Wordsworth and Coleridge		
	(C) Shelley and Coleridge		
118.	Who is the view that "Poetry d	livorced from morality is valueless?"	
	(A) Wordsworth	(B) Shelley	
	(C) Coleridge	(D) T. S. Eliot	
119.	Who was the first to protest a	gainst the neo-classical poetic diction?	
	(A) Keats	(B) Wordsworth	
	(C) Shelley	(D) Coleridge	
120.	"The spontaneous over-flow of	f powerful feelings," who defines poetry like	
	this?		
	(A) Wordsworth(C) Keats	(B) Shelley(D) Coleridge	
	(C) Mats	(D) Coleffage	
121.		"Poet and Philosopher wrecked in mist of	
	opium." (A) Wordsworth	(B) T. S. Coleridge	
	(C) Shelley	(D) Keats	
100	When this has the to Charidan	i frank "Of the Medera Coince	- f
122.	Semantics?"	is forerunner "Of the Modern Science	of
	(A) Richards	(B) Wordsworth	
	(C) Aristotle	(D) Keats	
123.		t does so only through pleasure?"	
	(A) Coleridge	(B) Wordsworth	
	(C) Shelley	(D) T. S. Eliot	
124.	Who claimed that Lyrical Balla	ads is "half a child of my own brain?"	
	(A) Wordsworth	(B) Shelley	
	(C) Coleridge	(D) Keats	
125.		poet lies in his powerful and beautiful	
	application of ideas to life?""		
	(A) Matthew Arnold(C) Coleridge	(B) T. S. Eliot(D) Wordsworth	
126.	Arnold wrote "Poetry is at bott which was on	tom a criticism of life in 1879 in his essay	
	(A) Wordsworth	(B) Shelley	
	(C) Keats	(D) Eliot	
127.	Matthew Arnold called the Ari	stocrate a:	
141,	(A) Barbarian	(B) Selfish	
	(C) Great	D Hateful	
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128. In which essay Matthew Arnold lays down that the true critic can fulfill his obligation to society and literature: (B) On Shellev (A) The function of Criticism (C) On Wordsworth (D) In Society and Literature The critical writings of T. S. Eliot broadly fall into: 129. (A) Two Categories (B) Three Categories (C) Four Categories (D) Six Categories **130.** T. S. Eliot has emphasised the importance of intimate relationship between literature and: (A) Religion (B) Art (C) Science (D) Philosophy 131. In 1956 Eliot wrote an essay entitled: (A) The Function of Criticism (B) Literary Criticism (C) The Frontiers of Criticism (D) Critical Movement 132. T. S. Eliot's important Literary Criticism is contained in-(A) Fiction (B) Selected essays (D) The Function of Criticism (C) Stories In *Request To A Year* who is a legendary devotee of the arts? 133. (A) great- great- grandmother(B) The Poet (C) great- grandmother (D) All of the Above In Request To A Year The poet's great- great- grandmother, had _____ 134. (A) Twelve Children (B) Thirteen Children (C) Fifteen Children (D) Eight Children 135. In Request To A Year, Who had little opportunity for painting pictures (A) great- great- grandmother(B) The Poet (C) great- grandmother (D) All of the Above In Old Play House, the husband called the poet 136. (A) to break saccharine (B) To offer the vitamins (C) Both (A) and (B) (D) None of the Above 137. In Old Play House, the poet compares herself to (A) an old Playhouse (B) a dwarf (C) a swallow (D) All of the Above In *Old Play House*, the poet compares ______ to Narcissus at the water's edge. 138. (A) Love of the poet (B) Love of her Husband (C) Both (A) and (B) ((D) None of the Above AADHITHYA UG/PG TRB COACHING CENTRE, KANCHEEPURAM, Cell - 9786851468, 9944395296

139.	In <i>Old Play House</i> , which of the (A) artificial lights (C) The cut flowers	e following gives the smell of human sweat. (B) air-conditioner (D) All of the Above
140.	In the poem <i>Still I'll rise</i> , the p (A) The moon (C) Both (A) and (B)	poet says that she just rise like (B) The sun (D) None of the Above
141.	In which poem the Poet compar (A) <i>Still I'll rise</i> (C) Sunset of the City	res herself to a black Ocean? (B) Combing (D) Request to A Year
142.	The poet combed her grandmot (A) ivory (C) Bone	her Mathilda's hair using a comb made out of (B) Skin (D) None of the Above
143.	The poet tells that her daughte (A) marbles and dolls (C) Both (A) and (B)	rs and sons have put her away with (B) Pianos (D) black ocean
144.	Sylvia Plath Compares her Mor (A) A Communion wafer (C) Ghastly Vatican	ther to (B) Blubbery Mary (D) All of the Above
145.	flower bloomed in a different (A) Summer (C) Winter	has his own Subhadra, Ulupi, Chitrangada- each
146.		dication with a proposal to establish women
147.	subject of women's education.	iques several eighteenth-century writers on the Her most detailed critique is ofwho to be educated inasmuch as it prepares them to (B) Jean-Jacques Rousseau (D) Thomas Paine
148.	Mary Wollstonecraft writes A V French politician pa (A) Talleyrand-Périgord's (C) Edmund Burke's	(B) Jean-Jacques Rousseau's

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149.	is a common symbo	l of the oppression of women.				
	(A) Quilt	(B) The Canning Jars				
	(C) The caged bird	(D) The Kitchen				
150.	-	at the Wharf Theater in Provincetown				
	Massachusetts in August of 1916. The author, Glaspell herself performe					
	as (A) Mus Determ					
	(A) Mrs. Peters (C) Mrs. John Wright	(B) Mrs. Hale (D) Minnie				
	(C) MIS. John wright	(D) minine				
151.	Glaspell's inspiration was the	ne true crime story of the murder of John				
		er. Working as a journalist at the time of the				
	incident in 1900, Glaspell cov					
	(A) The Courier	(B) The Manchester Gaurdian				
	(C) The Daaily Telegraph	(D) Des Moines Daily News				
	TT71 · , , , 1 · · · .					
152.		not visiting Minnie Wright more frequently to				
		enges of living with her cruel husband.				
	(A) Mrs. Peters (C) John Wright	(B) Mrs. Hale(D) George Henderson				
	(c) boim wright	(D) George menderson				
153.	Who recalls Minnie's youthful	innocence and happiness before her				
	marriage.					
	(A) Mrs. Peters	(B) Mrs. Hale				
	(C) John Wright	(D) George Henderson				
154.		(D) Determ				
	(A) Mrs. Hale (C) Lewis Hale	(B) Peters(D) George Henderson				
	(C) Lewis Hale	(D) debige fielderson				
155.	Who is confident in his ability	to find and present evidence against Minnie				
	Wright and is certain of her g	uilt.				
	(A) Peters	(B) Lewis Hale				
	(C) George Henderson	(D) Mrs. Hale				
156	Though loss outenclion and a	wantly confident then Henderson is				
150.	equally prejudiced against an	vertly confident than Henderson, is				
	(A) Mrs. Hale	(B) Peters				
	(C) Lewis Hale	(D) George Henderson				
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
157.		mer, who discovered John Wright's body.				
	(A) Mrs. Hale	(B) Peters				
	(C) Lewis Hale	(D) George Henderson				
158.	Mrs Hale and Mrs Datars day	scribe John Wright as a decent man because				
100.	he refrained from	series oomin wright as a uccent man because				
	(A) drinking	(B) going into debt				
	(C) Both (A) and (B)	(D) None of the Above.				
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159.	, was a farmer befor	re John Wright's death.			
	(A) Lewis Hale	(B) Mrs. Hale			
	Č John Wright	D George Henderson			
160.		the Wrights and describes Minnie Wright's			
	peculiar demeanor as she sat in her rocking chair and told him the				
	husband had died by strang (A) Peters	(B) Lewis Hale			
	(C) George Henderson				
	(c) deorge frenderson				
161.	The play's title Trifles, refers	to the women's concerns, which the men			
	dismiss as mere "trifles." The	ese include			
	(A) canning jars of fruit				
	(C) Both (A) and (B)	(D) None of the Above.			
162	The dead songhird that Mrs	Hale and Mrs. Peters find reveals			
102.	(A) Minnie Wright's motive for				
		s oppressive treatment of his wife.			
	(C) Both (A) and (B)	WT TDP CO.			
	(D) None of the Above.	ALTIAD UACHD			
160	The class limber the set floor				
163.		tting a quilt to the act of killing a man using a			
	(A) tie (C) open circuit	(B) noose (D) unwire			
	(c) open encuit				
164.	The play concludes with	asking about the quilt's completion.			
	(A) Richards	(B) George Henderson			
	(C) Aristotle	(D) Keats			
165	Whose confident response th	at Minnie would "knot it" signifies the women's			
105.	-	while the men, whose arrogance prevents them			
		rns as anything but "trifles,"fail to catch this			
	significance.	5 6 /			
	(A) Mrs. Peters'	(B) Mrs. Hale's			
	(C) Minnie's	(D) Mrs. John Wright's			
166	In The Vellow Wallnaper th	e narrator's brother is also and also of			
100.	high standing, and he says t				
	(A) a musician	(B) a physician			
	(C) a Teacher	(D) a Lawyer			
	T /11 T7 11 TT7 11				
167.		e most beautiful mansion in the country house			
	for summer is quite alone, standing well back from the road, mile from the village.				
	(A) Four	(B) Three			
	(C) Five	(D) Six			
	(- <i>)</i>	()			
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168.	In <i>The Yellow Wallpaper</i> , committing every artistic sin. (A) flamboyant (C) simple	one of those sprawling patterns (B) modest (D) Sober			
169.	The color of the wallpaper is repellant, almost revolting; a smouldering unclean yellow, strangely faded by the slow-turning sun-light. It is a dull yet lurid in some places, a sickly sulphur tint in others. (A) Blue (B) Yellow (C) Red (D) Orange				
170.	Who is fortunate and good wir (A) Cousin Henry (C) Mary	th the narrator's baby. (B) Julia (D) Jennie			
171.	Who is a perfect and enthusia profession. (A) Cousin Henry (C) Mary	astic house-keeper, and hopes for no better (B) Julia (D) Jennie			
172.		ibe as good as gymnastics, a kind of " <i>debased</i> <i>emens</i> - go waddling up and down in isolated (B) The Bed (D) Window			
173.	string of toadstools, budding	, reminding one of a fungus, an interminable and sprouting in endless convolutions. (B) every piece of furnitnre (D) The outside pattern of a Wallpaper			
174.	What official document de Department? (A) A permit for hunting (B) A letter of permission to st (C) A guidebook for forest exp (D) A map of the forest trails				
175.	How does Lakshmana defend his purity when questioned by Rama?(A) By invoking the sun as a witness(B) By appealing to the moon's testimony(C) By submitting to the test of Fire(D) By displaying his radiant body				
176.	Who does Sita encounter as s (A) Lakshmana (C) Rama	he finishes writing on the palm-leaf? (B) Valmiki (D) A forest dweller			
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		18		
177.	What does Ravana hear when (A) The rustling of leaves (C) The croaking of frogs			
178.	What object does Kosalai m	ake with the deer's skin for her baby boy		
	(Rama)? (A) A blanket (C) A toy sword	(B) A musical instrument (kanjira)(D) A pair of shoes		
179.	Who wades into the pond to p			
	(A) Ravana (C) Lakshmana	(B) Rama (D) Hanuman		
	(c) Latomiana			
180.		the Forestry Department written on?		
	(A) White paper(C) Yellow paper	(B) Cowdung-colored paper(D) Blue paper		
	(c) renow paper	(D) Dide paper		
181.	<i>Top Girls</i> begins on a			
	(A) Sunday Morning	(B) Sunday Night		
	(C) Saturday night	(D) Monday Morning		
182.	people at a London restaurant.	Marlene, is hosting a celebratory dinner for six They drink several bottles of and order conversation becomes more animated. (B) Frascati wine (D) Sherry		
183.		ve to dinner. Marlene describes her life as "like		
	a fairy-story". (A) Griselda	(B) Isabella Bird		
	(C) Dull Gret	(D) Lady Nijo		
104				
184.	-	owned travel writer from the 19th century who of the globe, despite her extreme physical		
	limitations.			
	(A) Dull Gret	(B) Joan		
	(C) Lady Nijo	(D) Isabella Bird		
185.	halves - first, she lived as a cou became a Buddhist nun,	has lived a life that can be divided into two clear artesan for the Emperor of Japan, and later, she		
	(A) Dull Gret (C) Lady Nijo	(B) Joan (D) Isabella Bird		
	(C) Lady Nijo	(D) Isabella Bird		
186.	_	ne Middle Ages with a determined spirit and a		
	brash manner. She led the w soldiers,	vomen of her village against the the Spanish		
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(B) Isabella Bird (D) Lady Nijo
y and culturally sophisticated, with a brilliant mind for sics, poetry, and theology. (B) Isabella Bird (D) Lady Nijo
ying for a position, who started as a typist and only wants to make more money so she can save up to get
(B) Jeanine (D) Mrs. Kidd
wants to see a movie called The Exterminator, which is
(B) U (D) U/A
. Kit pricks her finger to show Angie she isn't scared, and from the finger, calling herself a (B) Humanitarian (D) headhunter
orries about the outbreak of war, and wonders what would hide. Angie thinks thatwould be the best place. (B) Austria (D) New Zealand
and surprises the girls, telling Kit to go home. Kit tells vant to go to theto see a movie, but Joyce insists n her room first, and Angie goes inside alone. (B) Cineplex (D) UCI Cinemas
 because she's clever. When Angie comes back out, dress that is slightly small for her. (B) nuclear physicist (D) Space Scientist
ona who claims to be twenty-nine and has been working at for four years, earning good money. (B) Nell (D) Jeanine

195. Who delivers a far-fetched story about driving a Porsche to cities outside of London, selling dishwashers, washing machines, fridges, etc. and staying in hotels on the company's expense account. (A) Louise (B) Jeanine (C) Shona (D) Mrs. Kidd In *Heat and Dust* What is the real name of wife of the Nawab? 196. (A) Sandy (B) Zahira (C) Ritu (D) Minnies 197. In *Heat and Dust*, who is married with Douglas and stays mostly in Stipur because of him, Beth's sister and the grandmother of narrator. (A) Tessie (B) Olivia (C) Begum (D) Marcia Harry lives with his mother in _____, then moves with his friend Ferdie. 198. (A) Town X (B) London (C) Satipur (D) Kensington Who is Olivias sister, talkative, nervous and has twice taken an overdose of 199. sleeping tablets, lived in France, because of the marriage with a Frenchman (A) Tessie (B) Maji (C) Minnie (D) Marcia The narrator concludes her journey in 200. , the small village where Olivia had lived the rest of her life. (B) London (A) Town X (D) Kensington (C) Satipur **PF**

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		ANSWER K	KEY	
1.	41	81.	121.	161.
2.	42	82.	122.	162.
3.	43	83.	123.	163.
4.	44	84.	124.	164.
5.	45	85.	125.	165.
6.	46	86.	126.	166.
7.	47	87.	127.	167.
8.	48	88.	128.	168.
9.	49	89.	129.	169.
10.	50	90.	130.	170.
11.	51	91.	131.	171.
12.	52	92.	132.	172.
13.	53	93.	133.	173.
14.	54	94.	134.	174.
15.	55	95.	135.	175.
16.	56	96	136.	176.
17.	57	97.1111000	137.	177.
18.	58	98.	138.	178.
19.	59	99.	139.	179.
20.	60	100.	140.	180.
21.	61	101.	141.	181.
22.	62	102.	142.	182.
23.	63	103.	143.	183.
24.	64	104.	144.	184.
25.	65	105.	145.	185.
26.	66	106.	146.	186.
27.	67	107.	147.	187.
28.	68	108.	148.	188.
29.	69	109.	149.	189.
30.	70	110.	150.	190.
31.	71	111.	151.	191.
32.	72	112.	152.	192.
33.	73	113.	153.	193.
34.	74	114.	154.	194.
35.	75	115.	155.	195.
36.	76	116.	156.	196.
37.	77	117.	157.	197.
38.	78	118.	158.	198.
39.	79	119.	159.	199.
40.	80	120.	160.	200.
40.	00	120.	100.	200.

ANSWER KEY

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