



Standard - 11

MATHEMATICS

Maximum Marks: 90

Time Allowed: 3.00 Hours

PART - I

Note: 1. Answer all the questions.

20 × 1 = 20

2. Choose the correct or the most suitable answer.

- 1) The number of constant functions from a set containing m elements to a set containing n elements is
 - a) mn
 - b) m
 - c) n
 - d) $m+n$
- 2) The number of roots of $(x+3)^4 + (x+5)^4 = 16$ is
 - a) 4
 - b) 2
 - c) 3
 - d) 0
- 3) The value of $(3^{-6})^{\frac{1}{3}}$ is =
 - a) 9
 - b) $\frac{1}{9}$
 - c) 3
 - d) $\frac{1}{6}$
- 4) $\frac{\cos 6x + 6 \cos 4x + 15 \cos 2x + 10}{\cos 5x + 5 \cos 3x + 10 \cos x} =$
 - a) $\cos x$
 - b) $\cos 2x$
 - c) $\cos 3x$
 - d) $2 \cos x$
- 5) Convert 18° to radians
 - a) -10
 - b) 30
 - c) 10
 - d) $\frac{\pi}{10}$
- 6) If P_r stands for rP_r , then the sum of the series $1 + P_1 + 2P_2 + 3P_3 + \dots + nP_n$ is ...
 - a) P_{n+1}
 - b) $P_{n+1} - 1$
 - c) $P_{n+1} + 1$
 - d) $n + 1P_{n-1}$
- 7) The remainder when 38^{15} is divided by 13 is
 - a) 12
 - b) 1
 - c) 11
 - d) 5
- 8) The length of \perp from the origin to the line $\frac{x}{3} - \frac{y}{4} = 1$ is
 - a) $\frac{11}{5}$
 - b) $\frac{5}{12}$
 - c) $\frac{12}{5}$
 - d) $\frac{5}{7}$
- 9) If $A = \begin{bmatrix} a & x \\ y & a \end{bmatrix}$ and if $xy = 1$ then $\det(AA^T) =$
 - a) $(a-1)^2$
 - b) $(a^2+1)^2$
 - c) (a^2-1)
 - d) $(a^2-1)^2$
- 10) If $\lambda \vec{i} + \lambda 2 \vec{j} + \lambda 2 \vec{k}$ is a unit vector then the value of λ is
 - a) $\frac{1}{3}$
 - b) $\frac{1}{4}$
 - c) $\frac{1}{9}$
 - d) $\frac{1}{2}$
- 11) The sum of the squares direction cosines of \vec{r} is
 - a) 1
 - b) 2
 - c) $\sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}$
 - d) π
- 12) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x}{\sqrt{x^2}} = \dots$
 - a) -1
 - b) 1
 - c) 0
 - d) ∞
- 13) If $Pv = 81$ then $\frac{dp}{dv}$ at $v = 9$ is
 - a) 1
 - b) -1
 - c) 2
 - d) -2

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- 14) The slope of the tangent lines to the graph $x^2 + y^2 = 4$ at the points corresponding to $x = 1$ is
- a) $-\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$ b) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$ c) $\sqrt{3}$ d) $-\sqrt{3}$
- 15) $\int \frac{\sec x}{\sqrt{\cos 2x}} dx = \dots\dots$
- a) $\tan^{-1}(\sin x) + c$ b) $2\sin^{-1}(\tan x) + c$ c) $\tan^{-1}(\cos x) + c$ d) $\sin^{-1}(\tan x) + c$
- 16) $\int e^{3x} dx = \dots\dots$
- a) $\frac{e^{3x}}{3} + c$ b) $\frac{e^{3x}}{-3} + c$ c) $e^{3x} + c$ d) $\frac{1}{e^{3x}} + c$
- 17) Ten coins are tossed. The probability of getting at least 8 heads is
- a) $\frac{7}{64}$ b) $\frac{7}{32}$ c) $\frac{7}{16}$ d) $\frac{7}{12}$
- 18) The area of the triangle formed by the lines $x^2 - 4y^2 = 0$ and $x = a$ is
- a) $2a^2$ b) $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} a^2$ c) $\frac{1}{2} a^2$ d) $\frac{2}{\sqrt{3}} a^2$
- 19) The number of relations on a set containing 3 elements is
- a) 9 b) 81 c) 512 d) 1024
- 20) In 3 fingers, the number of ways four rings can be worn is
- a) $4^3 - 1$ b) 3^4 c) 68 d) 64

PART - II

Answer any seven questions. Question No. 40 is compulsory.

7 × 2 = 14

- 21) Find the domain of $f(x) = \frac{1}{1 - 2 \cos x}$
- 22) Rationalize the denominator of $\frac{\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{6} + \sqrt{2}}$
- 23) Write $\cos 5\theta \cos 2\theta$ of product as a sum or difference.
- 24) A trust has 25 members (i) How many ways 3 officers can be selected?
(ii) In how many ways can a President, Vice President and a Secretary be selected?
- 25) Find the distance between the parallel lines are $12x + 5y = 7$ and $12x + 5y + 7 = 0$
- 26) Find the area of the triangle whose vertices are $(-2, -3)$ $(3, 2)$ and $(-1, -8)$
- 27) Write the direction ratios and direction cosines of the vectors $3\vec{i} - 4\vec{j} + 8\vec{k}$
- 28) Differentiate: $y = \frac{\sin x}{1 + \cos x}$
- 29) If $f'(x) = 4x - 5$ and $f(2) = 1$ find $f(x)$
- 30) If two coins are simultaneously, then find the probability of getting (i) one head and one tail (ii) at most two tails.

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PART - III

7×3=21

Answer any seven questions. Question No. 40 is compulsory.

- 31) Let $X = \{a, b, c, d\}$ and $R = \{(a, a) (b, b) (a, c)\}$ write down the minimum number of ordered pairs to be included to R to make it. (i) reflexive (ii) symmetric (iii) transitive (iv) equivalence
- 32) If α and β are roots of the quadratic equation $x^2 + \sqrt{2}x + 3 = 0$ form a quadratic polynomials with Zeroes $\frac{1}{\alpha}$ and $\frac{1}{\beta}$
- 33) Prove that $\sin(45^\circ + \theta) + \sin(45^\circ - \theta) = \sqrt{2} \sin \theta$.
- 34) Find the coefficient of x^{15} in the expansion $\left(x^2 + \frac{1}{x^3}\right)^{10}$
- 35) Find the equation of the straight line passing through $(8, 3)$ and having intercepts whose sum is 1.
- 36) If G is the centroid of the triangle ABC , Prove that $G\vec{A} + G\vec{B} + G\vec{C} = 0$
- 37) Evaluate: $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{x^2 - 9}{x^2 - 6x + 9}$
- 38) Integrate: $x^3 \sin x$
- 39) Suppose the chances of hitting a target by a person X is 3 times in 4 shots, by Y is 4 times in 5 shots, and by Z is 2 times in 3 shots. They are simultaneously exactly one time. What is the probability that the target is damaged by exactly 2 hits?

40) Prove that
$$\begin{vmatrix} 1 & x & x^2 \\ x & 1 & x \\ x & x & 1 \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 1 - 2x^2 & -x^2 & -x^2 \\ -x^2 & -1 & x^2 - 2x \\ -x^2 & x^2 - 2x & -1 \end{vmatrix}$$

PART - IV

Answer all the questions:

7×5=35

- 41) Write the values of $-3, 5, 2, -1, 0$ if $f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 + x - 5 & ; x \in (-\infty, 0) \\ x^2 + 3x - 2 & ; x \in (3, \infty) \\ x^2 & ; x \in (0, 2) \\ x^2 - 3 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$

(OR)

Integrate: $\int \frac{2x+3}{\sqrt{x^2+x+1}}$

- 42) In ΔABC prove that $\frac{a^2 + b^2}{a^2 + c^2} = \frac{1 + \cos(A - B) \cos C}{1 + \cos(A - C) \cos B}$

(OR)

- (i) Find $\sqrt[3]{65}$. (ii) Find the sum $1 + \frac{4}{5} + \frac{7}{25} + \frac{10}{125} + \dots$

- 43) Prove that for any natural number n , $a^n - b^n$ is divisible by $a - b$ where $a > b$.
(OR)

Find the value of K , if the following equation represents a pair of straight lines. Further find whether these lines are parallel or intersecting
 $12x^2 - 7xy - 12y^2 - x + 7y + K = 0$

- 44) Prove that $\log_{10} 2 + 16 \log_{10} \frac{16}{15} + 12 \log_{10} \frac{25}{24} + 7 \log_{10} \frac{81}{80} = 1$
(OR)

If $A+B+C = \frac{\pi}{2}$ prove that $\cos 2A + \cos 2B + \cos 2C = 1 + 4 \sin A \sin B \sin C$

- 45) Using factor theorem prove that $\begin{vmatrix} b+c & a & a^2 \\ c+a & b & b^2 \\ a+b & c & c^2 \end{vmatrix} = (a+b+c)(a-b)(b-c)(c-a)$
(OR)

If $y = \frac{\sin^{-1} x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}$ prove that $(1-x^2)y_2 - 3xy_1 - y = 0$

- 46) i) For any vector \vec{a} prove that $|\vec{a} \times \vec{i}|^2 + |\vec{a} \times \vec{j}|^2 + |\vec{a} \times \vec{k}|^2 = 2|\vec{a}|^2$
ii) If $|\vec{a} + \vec{b}| = |\vec{a} - \vec{b}|$. Prove that \vec{a} and \vec{b} are perpendicular.

(OR)

A function f is defined as follows: $f(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{for } x < 0 \\ x & \text{for } 0 \leq x < 1 \\ -x^2 + 4x - 2 & \text{for } 1 \leq x < 3 \\ 4 - x & \text{for } x \geq 3 \end{cases}$

Is the function continuous?

- 47) The chances of x , y and z becoming managers of a certain company are 4:2:3. The probabilities that bonus scheme will be introduced if X , Y and Z became managers are 0.3, 0.5 and 0.4 respectively. If the bonus scheme has been introduced, what is the probability that Z was appointed as the manager?

(OR)

Prove by Vector method, A quadrilateral is a parallelogram if and only if its diagonals bisect each other.
