XII-Bio-Zoology

Do you know? - One marks test

1.	Which animal, when	macerated and squeez	ed through fine silk cl	oth, the cluster of cells			
	pass through, and these can regenerate new organism.						
	a. annelids	b. sponges	c. nematods	d. echinoderms			
2.	In this type only males are produced by parthenogenesis. eg: Apis (honeybee).						
	a) Arrhenotoky	b) Thelytoky	c) Amphitoky	d) none of the above			
3.	In this type only females are produced by parthenogenesis.eg: Solenobia						
	a) Arrhenotoky	b) Thelytoky	c) Amphitoky	d) none of the above			
4.	In this type parthenogenetic egg may develop into individuals of any sex. eg: Aphis						
	gossypii.						
	a) Arrhenotoky	b) Thelytoky	c) Amphitoky	d) none of the above			
5.	Female contains one of the strongest muscles of the human body.						
	a) stomach	b) intestine	c) uterus	d) fallopian tube			
6.	Out of the million eggs women possess during birth, only about will ovulate						
	before menopause.						
	a) 500 to 600	b) 400 to 500	c) 300 to 400	d) 100 to 200			
7.	On the other hand, males produce more than 500 billion sperms in their life time.						
	a) 500 billion	b) 400 billion	c) 300 billion	d) 100 billion			
8.	is the smallest	is the smallest human cell.					
	a) nerve cell	b) sperm	c) ovum	d) epithelial cell			
9.	is the largest h	uman cell.					
	a) nerve cell	b) sperm	c) ovum	d) epithelial cell			
10.	A female is n	ormally about 3 inche	s long and 2 inches w	vide but can expand 20			
	times during pregnand	cy.					
	a) stomach	b) intestine	c) uterus	d) fallopian tube			
11.	Globally, about	women die every day	y of preventable cause	es related to pregnancy			
	and childbirth.						
	a) 600	b) 200	c) 500	d) 800			
12. India's infant mortality rate was per 1,000 live.							
	a) 44	b) 30	c) 55	d) 68			
13.	According to World	Health Organization ((WHO), 2017 more th	nan one million people			
	globally acquires a se	xually transmitted infe	ection every day.				

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	a) one million	b) two million	c) three million	d) four million				
14.	has the third lar	gest HIV epidemic	in the world, with 2.1 mi	llion people living with				
	HIV.							
	a) India	b) South Africa	c) China	d) Russia				
15.	TNHSP (Tamilnadu	health systems pro	oject), a unit of the Hea	alth and family welfare				
	department of the Government of Tamilnadu does free screening for							
	a) diabetes and brain tumour b) blood pressure and blood cancer							
c) cervical and breast cancer d) stroke and hypertension								
16.	6. Antigens similar to those found among human beings have been recognized in the blood							
	of other organisms. A	A-type antigens hav	ve been found in, A	A, B and AB antigen in				
	<u> </u>							
	a. Chimpanzees and in Gibbons, Orangutans b. Cats, Orangutans							
	c. Dogs and Cattle's	d. C	Chimpanzees and in Gibb	ons and Dogs				
17.	New world monkeys	(Platyrrhina) and L	emurs have a substance	similar but not identical				
	with in humans.			•				
	a) B antigen	b) A antigen	c) O antigen	d) AB antigen				
18.	Three blood groups	have been distingui	ished in with a ge	netic system similar to				
	those in humans.							
	a. Chimpanzees	b. Cats	c. Dogs	d. Gibbons				
19.	The human Y chromo	osome is only	in size with 60 functional	I genes.				
	a. 50 Mb	b. 60 Mb	c. 70 Mb	d. 80 Mb				
20.	X chromosomes are 1	65 Mb in size with	about genes.					
	a. 500	b. 750	c. 900	d. 1000				
21.	is the study	of how genes affect	a person's response to d	rugs.				
	a. Pharmacogenomics	b. Pharmacology	c. Genomics	d. Bioinformatics				
22.	was first reco	gnised in the 1919	pandemic and still circu	ulates as a seasonal flu				
	virus.							
	a. Malaria	b. Dengue	c. Swine flu	d. Chicken pox				
23.	23 is caused by the H1N1 virus strain. Symptoms include fever, cough, sore throat,							
	chills, weakness and body aches. Children, pregnant women and the elderly are at risk							
	from severe infection.							
	a. Malaria	b. Dengue	c. Swine flu	d. Chicken pox				
24.	24. In malaria, the only approved vaccine as of 2015 is							
	a. ATS,S	b. RTS,S	c. BTS,S	d. DTS,S				

25. The process of production of blood cells in the bone marrow is called						
a. haematopoiesis b. erythroblastosis c. chemosynthesis d. erythroformation						
26 are glands located in the roof of the mouth, behind the soft palate where the nos						
connects to the throat and produce antibodies that help to fight infections. Typically, the						
adenoids shrink during adolescence and may disappear by adulthood.						
a. Adenoids b. lymph node c. MALT d. Spleen						
27. Typically, the shrink during adolescence and may disappear by adulthood.						
a. Adenoids b. lymph node c. MALT d. Spleen						
28 is the property of a substance (antigen) that allows it to react with the products of						
the specific immune response.						
a. Antigenicity b. Immunity c. Hapten d. Histocompatibility						
29 antigens are cell surface antigens that induce an immune response leading t						
rejection of allografts.						
a. Antigenicity b. Immunity c. Hapten d. Histocompatibility						
30 is the method of use of vaccine for treatment of disease.						
a. Vaccino therapy b. immunotherapy c. chemotherapy d. radiotherapy						
31. Dr. Edward Jenner prepared first vaccine for in 1796.						
a. small pox b. Polio vaccine c. rabies, anthrax d. malaria						
32 was developed by Dr. Jonas Salk (vaccine consists of inactivate						
microorganism).						
a. small pox b. Polio vaccine c. rabies, anthrax d. malaria						
33. Louis Pasteur (1885) discovered vaccine against						
a. small pox b. Polio vaccine c. rabies, anthrax d. BCG vaccine						
34 was developed by Calmette and Guerin against tuberculosis in France in the year						
1908.						
a. small pox b. Polio vaccine c. rabies, anthrax d. BCG vaccine						
35 are compounds in food (fibers) that induce the growth or activity of beneficia						
microorganisms.						
a. Prebiotics b. Probiotics c. Antibiotics d. None of the above						
36 are live microorganisms intended to provide health benefits when consumed,						
generally by improving or restoring the gut flora.						
a. Prebiotics b. Probiotics c. Antibiotics d. None of the above						
37. The is the inhibiting effect of oxygen on the fermentation process.						
a. Pasteur effect b. Genner effect c. Raman effect d. Robert effect						

38.	World biofuel day is observed every year on to create awareness about the					
	importance of renewable bio-fuels as an alternative to conventional non-renewable fossil					
	fuels.					
	a. 10 th July	b. 10^{th} August	c. 10 th September	d. 10 th October		
39.	Rosie, the first transgenic cow produced human protein enriched milk, which contained					
	the human					
	a. alpha lactalbumin	b. alpha insulin	c. beta lactalbumin	d. alpha glucagon		
40.	Rainfall is lowest in t	he of Chile, who	ere it averages less tha	n 15 mm.		
	a. Atacama Desert	b. Sahara Desert	c. Thar Desert	d. American Deserts		
41.	Rainfall in is h	igher - almost 280 mm	n a year.			
	a. Atacama Desert	b. Sahara Desert	c. Thar Desert	d. American Deserts		
42.	Sameer, an App provi	ides hourly updates on	the publi	shed by CPCB.		
	a. National Air Qualit	ty Index (AQI)	b. National Water Qu	ality Index (WQI)		
	c. National Soil Quali	ty Index (SQI)	d. National Rainfall I	ndex (RI)		
43.	Average human consu	umption of Oxygen per	r day =	•		
	a. 350 L	b. 400 L	c. 600 L	d. 550 L		
44.	Oxygen production by	y one healthy tree per	year =			
	a. 1,00,000 L	b. 1,50,375 L	c. 1,10,575 L	d. 1,00,375 L		
45.	Which are nuclear dis	sasters the world has se	een in the recent period	l.		
	a. The Three Mile Isla	and b. Chernobyl	c. Fukushima Daiichi	d. All the above		
46.	A female uterus is no	ormally about 3 inches	s long and 2 inches wi	de but can expand		
	during pregnancy.					
	a) 5 times	b) 10 times	c) 15 times	d) 20 times		
47.	of embryos	is often used when the	re are more embryos th	nan needed for a single		
	IVF transfer.					
	a) Cryopreservation	b) pasteurization	c) drying	d) salting		
48.	The human Y chromo	osome has function	onal genes.			
	a. 50	b. 60	c. 70	d. 80		
49.	The human X chromo	osomes are in size	e.			
	a. 155 Mb	b. 65 Mb	c. 165 Mb	d. 200 Mb		
50.	In which year Rosie	, the first transgenic	cow produced with h	uman protein enriched		
	milk.					
	a. 1996	b. 2000	c. 1997	d. 1990		

