STD:12 EM BIOLOGY – TEST SERIES Max Mark :25 C5-MOLEOUVARIBASISION (NHERITANCE Trb Tripsc.com of 2.

I. CHOOSE THE CORRECT ANSWERS

5 x1=5

- 1. Which of the following is the correct sequence of event with reference to the central dogma?
 - a) Transcription, Translation, Replication
 - b) Transcription, Replication, Translation.
 - c) Duplication, Translation, Transcription
 - d) Replication, Transcription, Translation
- 2. Which of the following statements is not true about DNA replication in eukaryotes?
 - a) Replication begins at a single origin of replication.
 - b) Replication is bidirectional from the origins.
 - c) Replication occurs at about 1 million base pairs per minute.
 - d) There are numerous different bacterial chromosomes, with replication ocurring in each at the same time.
- 3. What is the basis for the difference in the synthesis of the leading and lagging strand of DNA molecules?
 - a) Origin of replication occurs only at the 5' end of the molecules.
 - b) DNA ligase works only in the 3' --> 5' direction.
 - c) DNA polymerase can join new nucleotides only to the 3' end of the growing stand.
 - d) Helicases and single-strand binding proteins that work at the 5' end.
- 4. E. coli cell grown on 15N medium are transferred to 14N medium and allowed to grow for two generations. DNA extracted from these cells is ultracentrifuged in a cesium chloride density gradient. What density distribution of DNA would you expect in this experiment?
 - a) One high and one low density band.
 - b) One intermediate density band.
 - c) One high and one intermediate density band.
 - d) One low and one intermediate density band.
- 5. An operon is a:
 - a) Protein that suppresses gene expression
 - b) Protein that accelerates gene expression
 - c) Cluster of structural genes with related function
 - d) Gene that switched other genes on or off

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- If the coding sequence in a transcription unit is written as follows:
 TGCATGCATGCATGCATGCATGC 3'.
 Write down the sequence of mRNA.
- Differentiate Leading stand and lagging strand.
- 8. Why tRNA is called an adapter molecule?

III SHORT ANSWERS

 $3 \times 3 = 9$

- 9. Distinguish between structural gene, regulatory gene and operator gene.
- 10. State any three goals of the human genome project.
- 11. What are the three structural differences between RNA and DNA?

IV LONG ANSWERS

Pollachi

 $1 \times 5 = 5$

12. From their examination of the structure of DNA, What did Watson and Crick infer about the probable mechanism of DNA replication, coding capability and mutation?

