

Tsl12CS

**Tenkasi District
Common Second Revision Test - 2024**



**Standard 12
COMPUTER SCIENCE**

Time Allowed: 3.00 Hours

Maximum Marks: 70

Part - I **$15 \times 1 = 15$** **Choose the correct answer:**

- 1) The variables in a function definition is called as
 a) Parameters b) Variables c) Definition d) Subroutines
- 2) Which keyword is used to exit a function block?
 a) define b) def c) return d) end
- 3) How many spaces does Indentation have in Python?
 a) 5 b) 4 c) 3 d) 6
- 4) What is the output of the following program?

```
setA = {3, 6, 9}
setB = {1, 3, 9}
print(set A | setB)      (Set | Set B)
```

 a) {3, 9} b) {3, 6, 9, 1, 3, 9} c) {1, 3, 6, 9} d) {1, 6}
- 5) In which arguments the correct positional order is passed to a function?
 a) Default b) Required c) Keyword d) Variable-length
- 6) Which of the following is a string used to terminate lines produced by writer() method of csv module?
 a) Data Terminator b) Form Feed c) Enter Key d) Line Terminator
- 7) What is the positive subscript and negative subscript of the character 'N' in the below string → str1 = "Tamil Nadu".
 a) 7, -3 b) 5, -4 c) 6, -3 d) 6, -4
- 8) What is the name of the data model developed by IBM?
 a) Relational b) Hierarchical c) Network d) ER
- 9) The keys in python, dictionary is specified by
 a) : b) ; c) + d) =
- 10) A framework for interfacing Python and C++ is
 a) Ctypes b) SWIG c) Cython d) Boost
- 11) Which of the following are mandatory to write the type annotations in the function definition?
 a) {} b) () c) [] d) < >
- 12) Which symbol is used to print more than one item on a single line?
 a) Semicolon (;) b) Dollar (\$) c) Comma (,) d) Colon (:)
- 13) A private class variable is prefixed with
 a) _ _ b) && c) ## d) **
- 14) Which statement is generally used as a placeholder?
 a) continue b) break c) pass d) goto
- 15) _____ is a type of chart which displays information as a series of data points connected by straight line segments.
 a) Line chart b) Pie chart c) Bar chart d) All the above

Part - II**Answer any 6 questions. Q.No. 24 is compulsory:** **$6 \times 2 = 12$**

- 16) Define a function with respect to programming language.
- 17) Write the general categories of SQL commands.
- 18) What is algorithmic solution?
- 19) Define - Pass statement.
- 20) What is normalization?
- 21) Write the syntax of While Loop.

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- 22) What is the difference between del and remove() function in List?
- 23) What is the purpose of destructor?
- 24) What is the value of X in the following python code?
- List1=[2, 4, 6, [1, 3, 5]]
X=len(List1) **C List D**

Part - III

Answer any 6 questions. Q.No. 33 is compulsory:

6x3=18

- 25) Differentiate Concrete Data type and Abstract Data type.
- 26) How will you access the elements in a list using for loop?
- 27) Write a note on Escape sequence.
- 28) Write the Syntax of csv.writer() and explain it.
- 29) What is string concatenation? Give example.
- 30) What are the applications of scripting language?
- 31) Explain the enclosed scope with example.
- 32) List the types of visualization in Matplotlib.
- 33) Write the output of the following python code.
 str="Thinking with Python"
 i) print(str[:3])
 ii) print(str[-4])
 iii) print(str[9 : 13])

Part - IV

5x5=25

Answer all the questions:

- 34) a) What is Binary search? Discuss with example.
(OR)
 b) Differentiate DBMS and RDBMS.
- 35) a) How will you facilitate data abstraction? Explain it with suitable example.
(OR)
 b) Write in brief about SQLite and the steps used to use it.
- 36) a) List out the Python File mode with its meaning while using csv.
(OR)
 b) Write the syntax. Description with example of the following Built-in string functions.
 (i) isdigit() (ii) islower() (iii) ord() (iv) chr() (v) title()

- 37) a) Explain the clauses in SQL.

(OR)

- b) Explain the while loop with suitable example.

- 38) a) Explain the various buttons in a Matplotlib windows.
(OR)

- b) What is the output of the following code.

```
class sample:  

    num=0  

    def __init__(self, var):  

        sample.num+=1  

        self.var=var  

        print("The object value is=", var)  

        print("The count of object created=", sample.num)  

s1=sample(15)  

s2=sample(35)  

s3=sample(45)  

-----
```

TenKasi DistrictSecond Revision Test - 2024Answer keyPart-I

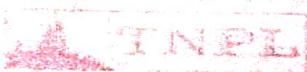
1. a) Parameters
2. c) return
3. b) 4
4. c) {1,3,6,9}
5. b) Required
6. d) Line Terminator
7. d) 6, - 4
8. b) Hierarchical
9. a) :
10. d) Boost
11. b) ()
12. a) --
13. c) comma (,)
14. c) Pass
15. a) Line Char

Tamil nadu
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

6

Part-II

16. A function is a unit of code that is often defined with in a greater code structure (1) MARKS
A functions contains a set of code that works on many kinds of inputs, like variants, expressions and produces a concrete output (0 MARKS)
17. DDL, DML, DCL, TCL, DQL - 2 MARKS
18. An algorithm that yields expected output for a valid input is called an algorithmic Solution - 2 MARKS
19. Pass Statement is a null statement, it is generally used as place holder.
When executed by interpreter it is completely ignored - 3 MARKS



20. Normalization which divides the data in such a way that repetition is minimum.

(C.R.D)

Normalization reduces data redundancy and improves data Integrity.

— 2 marks

21. While <condition>
 Statements block 1
 Else
 Statements block 2

— 2 marks

22. del

1. It is used to delete known elements.
2. del statement can also be used to delete entire list.

remove

It is used to delete elements of a list if its index is unknown. remove function is used to delete a particular element.

— 2 marks

23. Destructor is also a special method to destroy the objects.

It is just opposite to constructor.
In Python __del__ method is used as destructor.

— 2 marks

24. 4 / Error

Part - III

25) Concrete Data type

1. Concrete datatypes are direct implementations of a relatively simple concept.

Abstract Prototype
Abstract Datatypes offer a highlevel view of a concept independent of its implementation.

2. The datatype whose representation is known are called Concrete Datatype.

The datatype whose representation is unknown are called Abstract Datatypes.

— 3 marks

- 26) *for loop is used to access all elements in a list one by one. → 1 marks
- Syntax → 1 marks
- ```
for index_var in list:
 print(index_var)
```
- Any Example → 1 marks
27. The backslash "\ " is a special character, also called the escape character. → 3 marks
- It is used in representing certain whitespace characters.
- \t - tab \n - new line \r - carriage return.
- Any suitable Example → 3 marks
- optional parameter
28. CSV writer (file object, delimiter, fnt params) → 3 marks
- It returns ↓ mode of the file → override default values
29. \*Joining of two or more strings is called as concatenation. → 3 marks
- The plus (+) operator is used to concatenate strings in Python. → 2 marks
- Any suitable Example → 1 marks
- 30) 1. To automate certain tasks in a program.
2. Extracting information from a dataset.
3. Less code intensive as compared to traditional programming languages.
4. Can bring new functions to applications and glue complete systems together. (Any three points) → 3 marks
- 31) A variable which is declared inside a function which contains another function definition with in it, the inner function can also access the variable of the outer function. → 1/2 marks
- Any valid example → 1/2 marks
- 32) Line Plot Bar chart and → 3 marks
- Scatter plot Histogram pie chart
- Box plot

- 23) i) Output:  
 ii) ~~Two why not take my next go~~  
 iii) Width

Part-IV

- a) Binary search also called half interval search algorithms  
 It finds the position of a search element with in a sorted array.  
 The binary search algorithm can be done on divide and conquer search algorithm and executes in logarithmic time — 3marks  
 Any valid example — 3marks
- b) Expansion, Database, Data redundancy / Normalization  
 Data access, keys & Indexes, Transaction management,  
 Distributed databases / Example  
(Explain Any 5) — 5marks

- 35) a) Constructors  
 Selectors Definition — 3 marks

Example — 2marks

- b) SQLite Definition  
 Steps — 3marks

- 36) a) 'j', 'N', 'x', 'a', 't', 'b', '+' — Explain any 5 modes — 5marks

- b) Definition of Any suitable Example — 5marks

- 37) a) Explain following headings.

DISTINCT, WHERE, GROUP BY, ORDER BY, HAVING — 5marks

- b) Definition — 2 marks Example — 2marks

Syntax — 2 marks

- 38) a) Explain ANY 5 Buttons (Home Button, forward  
 Buttons / Pan axis / Zoom, Configure subplots, save figure) — 5marks

- b) Error / The object value is = 15

The count of object is created = 1

The object value is = 35

The count of object created = 2

The object value is = 45

The count of object created = 3

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