

UNIT – 1

- 1) In which play did Shakespeare introduce the world of fairies, with the roguish imp of folklore, Puck?
- The Tempest
 - As You Like It
 - Twelfth Night
 - A Midsummer Night's Dream**
- 2) _____ according to Chaucer is a symptom of insomnia in *The Book of the Duchess*.
- Fatigue
 - Melancholy
 - depression
 - sorrow**
- 3) The Duke of Norfolk tells Buckingham of the meeting between Henry VIII and Francis I of France at the Field of _____.
- the Cloth of Gold**
 - Buckinghamshire
 - Yorkshire
 - Bosworth Field
- 4) Alcyone prays to the goddess Juno to send her a/ an _____.
- messenger
 - helper
 - Angelic companion
 - dream vision**
- 5) Shakespeare depended primarily on two sources for his legendary and historical plays. Which is the most important one among the following?
- King Arthur's legend
 - Holinshed's Chronicles**
 - Plutarch Lives
 - Legends of Charlemagne
- 6) The narrator of the poem *The Book of the Duchess* wishes _____ like Alcyone.
- to cry
 - to mourn
 - to sleep**
 - to toil
- 7) Raphael Hythloday from _____.
- Spain
 - Portugal**
 - Greece
 - Rome
- 8) The narrator of the poem *The Book of the Duchess* promised gift of _____ to Morpheus for the fulfillment of his wish.
- cake
 - gold & diamond
 - dinner
 - bed**
- 9) The knight in *The Book of the Duchess* was _____ in the game of chess.
- defeated
 - chased
 - followed
 - checkmated**
- 10) *The Shepherdes Calender* consists of _____.
- 12 eclogues**
 - 12 odes
 - 12 sonnets
 - 12 lyrics
- 11) Identify the play where the following song by a character – Woman occur:
 “Orpheus, with his lute made trees,
 And the mountain tops that freeze,
 Bow themselves when he did sing”
- A Mid Summer's Night's Dream
 - Love's Labour's Lost
 - Comedy of Errors
 - Henry VIII**

12) The *Epithalamion* contains _____ stanzas.

- a) 12
- b) 16
- c) 18
- d) 24**

13) Who uttered the following in *Love's Labour's Lost*?

“Study is like the heaven's glorious sun,
That will not be deep-searched with saucy looks;
Small have continual plodders ever won,
Save base authority from others' books.”

- a) Longaville
- b) Brion**
- c) Ferdinand
- d) Dumaine

14) *Epithalamion* _____ is connected with the encompassing harmonies of the universe, and the cyclical processes of change and renewal.

- a) dating
- b) engagement
- c) mating
- d) marriage**

15) *Epithalamion* was published in _____.

- a) 1515 A.D
- b) 1545 A.D
- c) 1595 A.D**
- d) 1605 A.D

16) At the beginning of the play *Henry VIII*, _____ is arrested and charged with high treason.

- a) The Duke of Norfolk
- b) Buckingham**
- c) Suffolk
- d) Cranmer

17) Orpheus sang his song to _____, the wife of Pluto who was the king of Hades.

- a) Athena

b) **Persephone**

- c) Selene
- d) Rhea

18) Orpheus loved _____.

- a) Euridice**
- b) Eris
- c) Cybele
- d) Circe

19) _____ technique used in *Utopia* gives verisimilitude to the work.

- a) Eyewitness technique**
- b) Foreshadowing technique
- c) Personification technique
- d) Suspense technique

20) *Bring with you all the _____ that you can heare*

*Both of the rivers and the forrests greene,
And of the sea that neighbours to her neare:
Al with gay girlands goodly wel beseene.*

The following lines are addressed to

- a) goddess of love
- b) nymphs**
- c) learned sisters
- d) maids

21) *The Rosy Morne long since left Tithones bed,
All ready to her silver coche to clyme,
And Phoebus 'gins to shew his glorious head.*
“The Rosy Morne” referred to in the quoted lines is _____.

- a) bright light
- b) Aurora**
- c) dusk
- d) twilight

22) The twin sister of Phoebus is _____.

- a) Titan
- b) Phoebe**
- c) Diana
- d) None of the above

23) Boyet overhears the ladies and tell the men that the ladies were planning to visit them disguised as _____.

- a) Germans
- b) Russians**
- c) Spaniards
- d) Indians

24) *My love is now awake out of her dreame,
And her fayre eyes, like stars that dimmed were
With darksome cloud, now shew they goodly
beams*

*More bright then Hesperus his head doth rere.
"Hesperus" is _____.*

- a) mate
- b) morning star
- c) evening star**
- d) brightest star

25) Shakespeare in Sonnet 24 states describes _____ as the painter and _____ as the painter's best art.

- a) eyes, perspective**
- b) eyes, images
- c) hands, perspective
- d) eyes, imagination

26) "Those about her
From her shall read the perfect ways of honour."
The utterance given above by Cranmer is about _____.

- a) Katherine
- b) Victoria
- c) Anne Boleyn
- d) Elizabeth**

27) In Sonnet 37, Shakespeare says that he was made _____ by fortune.

- a) immortal
- b) lame**
- c) eunuch
- d) inactive

28) _____ debates the merits of the heart's and the eyes' claim to be the sole possessor of the beloved.

- a) Sonnet 8
- b) Sonnet 15

c) Sonnet 46

d) Sonnet 80

29) Surely, I will never eat one crumb of bread, I make a vow to my god here, unless I might hear of my lord!".
Who is the lady referred to here?

- a) Euridice
- b) Cybele
- c) Cyclopes
- d) Alcyone**

30) In *Love's Labour's Lost*, Costard has to deliver two notes - one is a love letter, and the other is

- a) a marriage proposal
- b) a request for a loan of gold
- c) an invitation to a dance
- d) another love letter**

31) Phoebus is the _____.

- a) Sun - God**
- b) Sea God
- c) God of Hunting
- d) God of agriculture

32) The King of Navarre took a temporary vow of celibacy in order to become a _____.

- a) better king
- b) hermit
- c) monk
- d) scholar**

33) Artemis is the Goddess of _____.

- a) Moon**
- b) Sea
- c) Farm
- d) Jungle

34) _____ are the mercenaries hired by Utopians to fight their wars.

- a) Napoletes
- b) Zapoletes**
- c) Dapoletes
- d) Sapoletes

35) Who said the following: "Beauty is bought by judgment of the eye, / Not utt'red by base sale of chapmen's tongues."

- a) Katherine

- b) Maria
c) Rosaline
d) **the Princess**
- 36) Who said the following: "Shall I command thy love? I may. Shall I enforce thy love? I could. Shall I entreat thy love? I will."
a) **Armado**
b) Boyet
c) Costard
d) Cupid
- 37) What is the subject of the play-within-the-play in *A Mid Summer Night's Dream*?
a) **Pyramus and Thisbe**
b) Queen Elizabeth
c) Richard II
d) Romeo and Juliet
- 38) In *A Mid Summer Night's Dream*, what element in the play do the craftsmen think will frighten the women and perhaps result in the actors being hanged?
a) The demons and goblins
b) The fireworks at the end
c) **The lion's roar**
d) The violent death of the hero
- 39) Name the play in which Shakespeare and Fletcher collaborated.
a) **Henry VIII**
b) Griselda
c) The Two Noble Kinsmen
d) The Maid's Tragedy
- 40) Who placed his/her handkerchief so that Volpone may rub some potion on it?
a) Mosca
b) Nano
c) **Celia**
d) Corvino
- 41) Why are Oberon and Titania fighting at the beginning of the play *A Mid Summer Night's Dream*?
a) He is tired of her using Puck for her own errands.
b) **He wants custody of the Indian boy.**
- c) She is angry that he is always meddling in human affairs.
d) She is secretly in love with Bottom.
- 42) Where was Faustus born in?
a) Wittenberg
b) Heidelberg
c) **Rhode**
d) Isle of man
- 43) "Amaurot", Utopia's capital city literally means _____.
a) **Castle in the air**
b) Castle of love
c) Castle in the sea
d) Castle of paradise
- 44) Who says the following in *A Mid Summer Night's Dream*: "Your wrongs do set a scandal on my sex. We cannot fight for love, as men may do; we should be woo'd and were not made to woo."
a) **Helena**
b) Hippolyta
c) Lysander
d) Titania
- 45) When the play *A Mid Summer Night's Dream* begins Lysander and Demetrius are both in love with
a) Helena
b) **Hermia**
c) Hippolyta
d) Titania
- 46) _____ is the goddess of literature, science and the arts in Greek mythology.
a) **Muses**
b) Urania
c) Apollo
d) Titan
- 47) _____ number of candidates would contest to the Prince of Utopia.
a) 3
b) **4**
c) 5
d) 6

- 48) Antipholus of Ephesus gets arrested because he refuses to pay for a
a) **gold chain.**
b) gold ring.
c) gold watch.
d) Gold wristband.
- 49) Which of the following characters sees the ghost of Hamlet's father first in *Hamlet*?
a) Claudius
b) Hamlet
c) Horatio
d) **Marcellus**
- 50) Choose the correct options
i. Volpone - fox
ii. Mosca - fly
iii. Voltaire - Vulture
iv. Corvino - the Carrion Crow
v. Corbaccio - the Raven
a) Options I and ii are correct
b) Options iii and iv are correct
c) Options iv and v are correct
d) **All the options are correct**
- 51) Who says, "Good night, sweet prince,/ And flights of angels sing thee to thy rest."?
a) Fortinbras
b) Marcellus
c) Chorus
d) **Horatio**
- 52) The poem, Epithalamion describes in detail _____ day of Spenser awaiting to marry Boyle.
a) **1**
b) 2
c) 3
d) 4
- 53) Who poses a military threat to King Claudius at the beginning of *Hamlet*?
a) **Fortinbras**
b) Hamlet
c) Old Norway
d) Poland
- 54) According to the Princess in Love's Labour's Lost, _____ is bought by the judgement of the eyes.
a) Love
b) Heart
c) **Beauty**
d) Envy
- 55) What gift did Voltaire give to Volpone so that he can win Volpone's favor in getting Volpone's property written to him?
a) Pearl and diamond
b) **An antique gold plate**
c) Jewels
d) Cecchines (Venetian coins)
- 56) _____ is the only survivor at the end of *Hamlet*.
a) Gertrude
b) **Horatio**
c) Ophelia
d) Rosencrantz and Guildenstern
- 57) Why is Hamlet sent to England?
a) Claudius knows that Hamlet is insane.
b) **Claudius wants the King of England to have Hamlet killed.**
c) Gertrude fears someone will harm Hamlet for killing Polonius.
d) Ophelia tells the queen that Laertes has sworn to kill Hamlet.
- 58) Who spread false rumours against Scoto Mantua?
a) Mosca
b) Nano
c) Volpone
d) **Alessandro Buttone**
- 59) Who utters the following in *Hamlet*?:
"Neither a borrower nor a lender be; For loan oft loses both itself and friend, and borrowing dulls the edge of husbandry."
a) Fortinbras
b) Claudius
c) Getrude
d) **Polonius**

60) Who utters the following in the beginning of the play *Hamlet*?: "Something is rotten in the state of Denmark."

- a) **Marcellus**
- b) Horatio
- c) Hamlet
- d) Polonius

61) _____ is the name given to the Governor that 30 Utopian household elect every year.

- a) Syphogrint
- a) Syphogrent
- b) Syphogrun
- c) **Syphogrant**

62) _____ is the name of the play-within-the play in *Hamlet*.

- a) **The Mouse Trap**
- b) *The Murder of Gonzago*
- c) *The Murder of the King*
- d) *The Conspiracy*

63) "Though this be madness, yet there is method in't." is uttered by _____.

- a) Claudius
- b) Horatio
- c) Leartes
- d) **Polonius**

64) Who utters the following in *The Comedy of Errors*?:

Try all the friends thou hast in Ephesus; Beg thou, or borrow, to make up the sum, And live; if no, then thou art doomed to die.

- a) Egeon
- b) **Solinus**
- c) Adriana
- d) Emilia

65) Faustus promised to give his soul to the devil if Mephistopheles becomes his servant for

- a) Twenty years
- b) **Twenty four years**
- c) Twenty five years
- d) Thirty years

66) _____ utters the following in *The Comedy of Errors*.

Not know my voice! O time's extremity,

Hast thou so crack'd and splitted my poor tongue

In seven short years that here my only son Knows not my feeble key of untuned cares?

- a) **Egeon**
- b) Dromio
- c) Solinus
- d) Antipholus of Ephesus

67) Shakespeare used the 13 syllable word *honorificabilitudinitatibus* in which of the following plays?

- a) *Hamlet*
- b) *Comedy of Errors*
- c) *A Mid Summer Night's Dream*
- d) ***Love's Labour's Lost***

68) _____ is Shakespeare's romantic comedy, a celebration of idealism and young love.

- a) ***Love's Labour's Lost***
- b) *A Mid Summer Night's Dream*
- c) *Comedy of Errors*
- d) *Winter's Tale*

69) What gift did Corbaccio give to Volpone so that he can win Volpone's favor in getting Volpone's property written to him?

- a) Pearl and diamond
- b) An antique gold plate
- c) Jewels
- d) **Cecchines (Venetian coins)**

70) The play _____ ends on a poignant note with the song by Nathaniel and Holofernes: a musical dialogue between the cuckoo (spring) and the owl (winter).

- a) Henry VIII
- b) Hamlet
- c) *A Mid Summer's Night's Dream*
- d) ***Love's Labour's Lost***

71) How Faustus did write the deal with Lucifer for selling his soul to him?

- a) He signed the deed with a pen
- b) He signed the deed with a bible
- c) He signed the deed on leather
- d) **He signed the deed with his blood**

- 72) *Satis magnum alter alteri theatrum sumus* is a statement made by
- Aristotle
 - Plautus
 - Empedocles
 - Epicurus**
- 73) Bacon's style is known for:
- pathos
 - humour
 - paradox
 - aphorisms**
- 74) In Book 1, in which city does More meet Peter Giles?
- Antwerp**
 - Antoing
 - Aubel
 - Anderlecht
- 75) Elegy written in a Country Churchyard is published in the year, _____.
- 1745
 - 1751**
 - 1763
 - 1770
- 76) Love can find entrance, not only into an _____, but also into a heart well fortified.
- open** heart
 - good heart
 - great heart
 - loving heart
- 77) _____ causeth poverty, and inconvenience in a state.
- Tyrannous nobility
 - A numerous nobility**
 - Unkind nobility
 - Uncouth nobility
- 78) The poem, Epithalamion was written for the bride, _____.
- Elizabeth Boyle**
 - Queen Elizabeth
 - Catherine
 - A peasant girl
- 79) _____ counseled Augustus regarding Agrippa whom he raised as friend.
- Medea
 - Maecenas**
 - Meniscus
 - Manus
- 80) Who was to be rowed through the canals of Venice, wearing donkey's ears?
- Mosca
 - Voltaire
 - Corvino**
 - Corbaccio
- 81) _____ forced his eldest son to marry the daughter of Plautianus.
- Augustus
 - L. Sylla
 - Empedocles
 - Septimius Severus**
- 82) Who in Shakespeare's Hamlet mumbles a song from the "Book of Songs and Sonnets" known as Total's Miscellany?
- Hamlet himself
 - One of the two clowns, a grave-digger**
 - Polonius
 - Gertrude
- 83) According to Bacon, Counsel is of _____ sorts.
- Two**
 - Three
 - Four
 - Five
- 84) Identify the speaker of the following lines:
Was this the face that launch'd a thousand ships,
/ And burnt the topless towers of Ilium."
- Duke of Vanholt
 - The German Emperor
 - The scholars
 - Faustus**
- 85) What is the name of the son of Corbaccio who rescues Celia from Volpone?
- Bonario**
 - Benvolio
 - Valdes

- d) None of the above
- 86) If a man have _____ , he may rest almost secure that the care of those things will continue after him.
- a true colleague
 - a true friend**
 - a true companion
 - a true mate
- 87) What gift did Corvino give to Volpone so that he can win Volpone's favor in getting Volpone's property written to him?
- Pearl and diamond**
 - An antique gold plate
 - Jewels
 - Cecchines (Venetian coins)
- 88) Who convinces Corbaccio to disinherit his own son in favor of Volpone?
- Corvino
 - Mosca**
 - The fool
 - Voltore
- 89) The pageant of the Nine Worthies was created by _____.
- Costard
 - Brian
 - Dumaine
 - Don Armado**
- 90) Which character in *Voltore* is perceived as the "good one" in *Volpone*?
- Bonario**
 - Corvino
 - Peregrine
 - Sir Politic
- 91) _____ and _____ is personified in The Elegy Written in the country churchyard.
- Nature and death
 - Happiness and Sorrow
 - Ambition and grandeur**
 - None of the above
- 92) Who was the German emperor who invited Faustus to his palace?
- Charles I
 - Charles V**
 - Wilhelm
 - Fredrick
- 93) Utopians consider the following to be immoral:
- Animalism
 - Atheism**
 - hero - worship
 - Worship of Stars
- 94) From what animal does the play, *Volpone, take its name*?
- Fox**
 - Gadfly
 - Vulture
 - Wolf
- 95) At the play's beginning, Faustus feels that he has accomplished all he can in which field?
- Law
 - Medicine
 - Theology
 - All of the above**
- 96) The meaning of the Latin expression "Que sere, sere" is?
- What will be, shall be**
 - What is that is
 - What has been has been right
 - What is what is to be
- 97) What gift does Faustus use his magic to acquire for the Duchess of Vanholt?
- A dish of ripe grapes**
 - A horse, made from a haystack
 - Golden thread
 - Hasenpfeffer
- 98) Who utters the following in *Love's Labour Lost*?:
"A jest's prosperity lies in the ear
Of him that hears it, never in the tongue
Of him that makes it."
- Princess
 - Rosaline**
 - Browne
 - Brion

99) Thomas Gray declined the position of _____.

- a) Teacher
- b) Nobel Laureate
- c) **Poet Laureate**
- d) None of the above

100) In the Prologue, who introduces the story of Doctor Faustus?

- a) Wagner
- b) The spirit of Faustus
- c) Good angel
- d) **Chorus**

101) What is the meaning of the words that appear on Faustus's arm in Latin?

- a) **"Fly, man"**
- b) "Fly, Faustus"
- c) "Run, man"
- d) "Flee, man"

102) Which character is publicly skeptical of Faustus's powers in *Dr. Faustus*?

- a) **Benvolio**
- b) Bruno
- c) Raymond
- d) Adrian

103) Scoto Mantua is _____ in disguise.

- a) Mosca
- b) Nano
- c) **Volpone**
- d) Corvino

104) Who did Faustus rescue from the Pope?

- a) Benvolio
- b) Martino
- c) **Bruno**
- d) Frederick

105) _____ tries to persuade Faustus to repent just before he reseals his pact with Lucifer.

- a) **An old man**
- b) Good Angel
- c) Bad Angel
- d) Wagner

106)

_____ is Vittoria's maid in *The White Devil*.

- a) Cornelia
- b) **Zanche**
- c) Coriola
- d) Isabella

107)

The play *All for Love* opens with the utterance of _____.

- a) Alexas
- b) Cleopatra
- c) **Serapion**
- d) Ventidius

108)

In Pope's *The Rape of the Lock*, the baron obtains the "fatal engine" from

- a) Ariel.
- b) **Clarissa.**
- c) Sir Plume.
- d) Sir Fopling.

109) In *The Rape of the Lock*, Pope satirizes

- a) English military ambitions.
- b) rivalry between Whigs and Tories.
- c) **preoccupation with upper-class trivialities**
- d) conflicts between commoners and aristocrats.

110) The word *honorificabilitudinitatibus* (13 syllables) means _____.

- a) "the state of happy existence"
- b) **"the state of being able to achieve honors"**
- c) "the state of coexistence"
- d) "the state of being able to solve puzzles"

111) Who was brought by Mosca as the prime witness that confesses Celia as a prostitute?

- a) Bonario
- b) **Lady Politic Would-be**
- c) Corvino
- d) Peregrine

112) Chaucer's works can be categorized in to _____ periods.

- a) Two – French and English
b) Three – French, English and Italian
c) Four – French, English, Italian and Latin
d) One – English only
- 113) William Shakespeare was born on _____.
a) 26 April 1563
b) 23 April 1564
c) 23 April 1563
d) 3 May 1564
- 114) The Elegy written on the country churchyard is written in _____.
a) Blank verse
b) Iambic pentameter
c) Free verse
d) Rhyming couplet
- 115) What did Volpone tried to sell for just six pence?
a) Food
b) Potion
c) Handkerchief
d) Diamond
- 116) Whom did the German emperor want to see?
a) The Pope
b) Helen of Troy
c) Aeneas and Dido
d) Alexander and his wife
- 117) Faustus sold his horse to a man and told not to ride the horse on water. What happened to the horse when the man actually rode it on water?
a) It died
b) It drowned
c) It turned into a heap of straw
d) It turned into a deer
- 118) John Webster's The White Devil is a/ an _____.
a) Elizabethan Tragedy
b) Tragicomedy
c) **Dark Jacobean tragedy**
d) Monody
- 119) _____ is Francisco's name in disguise in Padua.
- a) Mohammad
b) Mulinassar
c) Mir
d) Moor
- 120) Who translated Utopia into English in 1551?
a) Ralph Robertson
b) Ralph Richardson
c) Ralph Rowlandson
d) Ralph Robinson
- 121) Dr Faustus orders Mephostophilis to change its appearance into _____.
e) Monk
f) Franciscan friar
g) Helen of Troy
h) Mendicant
- 122) An elected Prince in *Utopia* can rule for _____.
a) 5 years
b) 10 years
c) 20 years
d) Life time
- 123) *The Vision of William Concerning Piers* _____ is compared to a knight ready to joust for men's souls.
a) Lady Mede
b) Piers
c) Goodwill
d) Christ
- 124) Who utters the following?
Let me play the lion too: I will roar, that I will do any man's heart good to hear me; I will roar, that I will make the duke say 'Let him roar again, let him roar again.'
a) Quince
e) Snug
f) Snout
g) Bottom
- 125) Only under this circumstances divorce permitted in Utopia:
a) Adultery
b) Infertility
c) Drunkenness

- d) Swearing
- 126) The stanzas of "Elegy Written in a County Churchyard" are called _____.
- ballad meter
 - quartets
 - heroic quatrains**
 - octaves
- 127) The word "Utopia" derives its meaning from the Greek language and has double meaning _____ and _____.
- Every place; new place
 - No place; good place**
 - Hidden place; perfect place
 - Possible place; impossible place
- 128) *Nothing can make my sorrows slide away, not all the remedies of Ovid, nor Orpheus, the god of music, nor Daedalus with his ingenious inventions; no physician may heal me, not Hippocrates nor Galen.*
Who utters the following in *The Book of the Duchess*?
- The narrator
 - Ocativian
 - Ceyx
 - The Knight in Black**
- 129) *The Vision of William Concerning Piers, the Plowman* is the only extant poem of
- John Gower
 - Lydgate
 - W. Langland**
 - Higden
- 130) *Taxation!*
Wherein? and what taxation? My lord cardinal,
You that are blamed for it alike with us,
Know you of this taxation?
Who is the Cardinal mentioned here?
- Suffolk*
 - Norfolk
 - Wolsey**
 - Sands
- 131) There are two groups of people in Lilliput who argue about _____.
- Which color shoes to wear
 - Which end to break their eggs**
 - Which language to speak
 - Which king and queen to choose
- 132) _____ is Vittoria's brother who plans to advance his career.
- Camillo
 - Flamineo**
 - Fransisco
 - Monticelso
- 133) Which of the following is not a reason to become a slave in Utopia?
- Being captured by the Utopians in battle
 - Committing a terrible crime within Utopia such as adultery
 - Taking food from the communal store**
 - Being condemned to death in another country and saved by the Utopians
- 134) *Was this the face that launched a thousand ships and burnt the topless towers of Ilium?*
What is the figure of speech employed here?
- Hyperbole
 - Personification
 - Metalepsis**
 - Metonymy
- 135) The island of Utopia is _____ shaped as described in Book 2.
- Crescent moon**
 - Star
 - Circle
 - Diamond
- 136) At the end of *Hamlet*, Fortinbras comes to Denmark victorious of the _____ ?
- Polish wars**
 - Kentish Wars
 - War of Roses
 - Spanish Wars
- 137) More thought that a perfect world would be better off without which professionals?
- Teachers
 - Lawyers**
 - Chefs
 - Writers

- 138) Utopians who are terminally ill and suffering are urged to do what?
- Write a will
 - Let themselves die**
 - Impart their knowledge to the young
 - Write their memoirs
- 139) Shakespearean characters speaks thus:
- Not so, my lord; a twelvemonth and a day
I'll mark no words that smooth-faced wooers say:
Come when the king doth to my lady come;
Then, if I have much love, I'll give you some.*
- Cordilia
 - Emilia
 - Katherine**
 - Cleopatra
- 140) Farewell, sweet, my world's bliss! I pray to God to lessen your sorrow. Our bliss lasts for so short a time!?"
- Who is referred to as "sweet, my world's bliss!?"
- Blanche
 - Lady White
 - Helen of Troy
 - Alcyone**
- 141) Raphael Hythlodoy believes that scholars should avoid doing ____.
- Socializing with those of inferior intelligence
 - Travelling to countries further than 1000 miles from their own
 - Discussing politics with other scholars
 - Advising and offering services to those in power**
- 142) Which of the following lines from Gray's "Elegy" has an example of alliteration?
- "The curfew tolls the knell of parting day"
 - "The plowman homeward plods his weary way"**
 - "And leaves the world to darkness and to me"
 - "Molest her ancient solitary reign"
- 143) The river in Utopia with a name meaning "without water" is it called?
- Anyder**
 - Anoder
 - Aneder
 - Anuder
- 144) In *A Mid Summer Night's Dream*, _____ is transformed into a donkey-headed man.
- Cobweb
 - Bottom**
 - Francis Flute
 - Mote
- 145) In *Epithalamion* the lady's posture before the altar is considered to be _____.
- proud
 - humble
 - modest**
 - gloomy
- 146) The speaker in *Epithalamion* wanted _____ to be opened for his lady to enter in
- Church gates
 - Temple gates**
 - Bedroom door
 - Front door
- 147) "Amaurot", Utopia's capital city literally means _____.
- Castle in the air**
 - Castle of love
 - Castle in the sea
 - Castle of paradise
- 148) How does Queen Gertrude die?
- Accidentally stabbed by Laertes
 - Drowns in the river outside the castle
 - Suffers a fatal heart attack while watching Hamlet fight Laertes
 - Poisoned by drinking from Hamlet's cup**
- 149) *This old moon wanes! she lingers my desires,
Like to a step-dame or a dowager
Long withering out a young man revenue.*
Identify the speaker of the above lines:

- a) Philostrate
b) Egeus
c) **Theseus**
d) Lysander
- 150) In Book 1, in which city does More meet Peter Giles?
a) **Antwerp**
b) Antoing
c) Aubel
d) Anderlecht
- 151) Which Shakespearean play contains the line: "...there is a special providence in the fall of a sparrow"?
a) King Lear
b) **Hamlet**
c) Coriolanus
d) Macbeth
- 152) More's *Utopia* displays strong influence of
I. The Arthurian legends
II. Plato's Republic
III. Amerigo Vespucci's account of the travels
IV. The teachings of John Wycliffe
The correct combination according to the code is
a) I and III are correct.
b) **II and III are correct.**
c) II and IV are correct.
d) I and IV are correct.
- 153) Geoffrey Chaucer was born in _____ A.D.
a) 1335
b) 1337
c) **1340**
d) 1342
- 154) *The Book of the Duchess* is a _____ line long poem.
a) 1,324
b) 1,330
c) 1,333
d) **1,334**
- 155) *The Book of the Duchess* is written in _____.
a) Tetra syllabic rhyming couplets
b) iambic pentameter
c) Unrhymed iambic pentameter
d) **Octosyllabic rhyming couplets**
- 156) *The Book of the Duchess* is a/ an _____ for Blanche, Duchess of Lancaster who died 12 September 1368 of plague.
a) **elegy**
b) epic
c) ode
d) lyric
- 157) *Sleep, and am so melancholy
That I'm afeard I may die;
Default of sleep, and heaviness
Have killed my spirit's liveliness,
So that I lose all life instead.*
The speaker in the above lines suffer from _____.
a) fear of death
b) depression
c) melancholy
d) **insomnia**
- 158) _____ is the messenger of Juno in *Ceyx and Alcyone*.
a) Hermes
b) **Morpheus**
c) Dionysius
d) Eugenius
- 159) 'Alas,' quoth she, 'that I was wrought!
And is my lord, my love, now dead?
I swear I shall never eat bread,
I make this vow to my god, here,
Unless I of my lord shall hear!'
The speaker addresses _____ regarding her husband. Who is the god mentioned here?
a) Jupiter
b) **Juno**
c) Venus
d) Apollo
- 160) *For all the whole story of Troy
Was in the glass wrought thus,
Of Hector and King Priamus,
Of Achilles and King Lamedon,
Of Medea and of Jason,
Of Paris, Helen, Lavinia, mine,*

*And all the walls with colours fine
Were painted, text and gloss disclosed,
All of the _____.*

- a) **Romance of the Rose**
- b) Ceyx and Alcyone
- c) Pyramus and Thisbe
- d) Soliman and Perseda

161) *I asked one lad, a tracker,
'Say, fellow, who does hunt here?'
Quoth I and he answered again;
'Sir, the _____,'
Quoth he, 'and he is here fast by.'
Whose hunt is mentioned in the poem *The Book of Duchess*?*

- a) Emperor Augustus
- b) Emperor Tiberius
- c) Emperor Alexander
- d) **Emperor Octavian**

162) *Alas, _____, what ails thee
That you could not have taken me
When you took my lady sweet
Who was so fair, so fresh, so free,
So good, as all men might see here,
Of all goodness she had no peer!'
Who took away the sweet lady?*

- a) Fortuna
- b) Death
- c) Juno
- d) Zeus

163) *Naught can keep my sorrows hid,
Not all the remedies of Ovid,
Nor Orpheus, _____,
Nor Daedalus, his artistry;
No help for me from the physician,
Neither Hippocrates nor Galen;
Woe is me that I live hours twelve.
Who is Orpheus?*

- a) god of carpentry
- b) god of garden
- c) god of hunters
- d) **god of music**

164) _____ called Spencer *Poet's Poet*.

- a) Sir Philip Sidney
- b) Dryden
- c) **Lamb**

d) Sir Samuel Johnson

165) *My Love is now awake out of her Dreams,
And her fair Eyes, like Stars that dimmed were
With darksome Cloud, now shew their goodly
Beams,
More bright than _____ his Head doth rere.
In the above lines, the speaker compares his lady
love to be brighter than _____.*

- a) Nymphs
- b) Stella
- c) **Hesperus**
- d) Mona

166) *O fairest _____, Father of the Muse,
If ever I did honour thee aright,
Or sing the thing that mote thy Mind delight,
Do not thy Servant's simple Boon refuse,
But let this Day, let this one Day be mine,
Let all the rest be thine.*

Who is the father of the Muse?

- a) Hesperus
- b) **Phoebus**
- c) Paeon
- d) Artemis

167) *There dwells sweet Love and constant
Chastity,
Unspotted Faith, and comely Womanhood,
Regard of Honour, and mild Modesty;
There Vertue reigns as Queen in Royal Throne,
What are the qualities celebrated by the author in
the above lines?*

- a) **Love, Chastity**
- b) Faith, Chastity
- c) Love, Charity
- d) Love, Charity

168) _____ have drawn thy shape, and thine
for me
*Are windows to my breast, where-through the
sun
Delights to peep, to gaze therein on thee;
According to Shakespeare _____ has
drawn the shape of the loved one.*

- a) Heart
- b) Mind
- c) **Eyes**

- d) Brain
- 169) *That I in thy abundance am sufficed,
And by a part of all thy glory live.
Look what is best, that best I wish in thee:
This wish I have; then _____ happy me!*
How much does Shakespeare want to be happy?
- a) five times
 - b) seven times
 - c) **ten times**
 - d) twelve times
- 170) _____ is a quick-thinking but parasitic servant who succumbs to personal greed and attempts to steal his master's fortune.
- a) **Mosca**
 - b) Voltore
 - c) Corvino
 - d) Corbaccio
- 171) *Settle thy studies, Faustus, and begin
To sound the depth of that thou wilt profess:
Having commenc'd, be a divine in show,
Yet level at the end of every art,
And live and die in _____ works.*
Dr Faustus feels that all disciplines lead to _____'s works.
- a) Socrates
 - b) Plato
 - c) **Aristotle**
 - d) Cicero
- 172) *A sound _____ is a demigod:
Here tire, my brains, to gain a deity.*
According to Dr Faustus _____ is a demigod.
- a) Dr Faustus
 - b) Doctor
 - c) Engineer
 - d) **Magician**
- 173) The stage is more beholding _____, that the life of man.
- a) to live
 - b) **to love**
 - c) to speak
 - d) to listen
- 174) Nuptial love maketh mankind; _____ love perfecteth it; but wanton love corrupteth, and embaseth it.
- a) Conjugal
 - b) **friendly**
 - c) heavenly
 - d) Motherly
- 175) A great and potent _____ adds majesty to a monarch.
- a) **nobility**
 - b) gentry
 - c) Soldier
 - d) Guide
- 176) Travel, in the younger sort, is a part of education; in the elder a part of experience.
- a) education, eminence
 - b) **education, experience**
 - c) experience, education
 - d) experience, erudition
- 177) The principal fruit of friendship is _____.
- a) to counsel
 - b) healthful and sovereign for the understanding
 - c) **discharge of the swelling of the heart**
 - d) peace in the affections
- 178) Why does Lodovico give Gasparo and Antonelli money?
- a) **To get his sentence repealed**
 - b) To donate to the poor
 - c) To take care of his family
 - d) To secure prayers for him
- 179) Who is the narrator of Thomas More's *Utopia*?
- a) Thomas More himself
 - b) Peter Giles
 - c) **Raphael Hythloday**
 - d) Amerigo Vespucci
- 180) Which of the following is not one of Peter Giles' professional occupations?
- a) **editor**
 - b) clerk
 - c) lawyer
 - d) printer

- 181) In *Utopia*, women marry at the age of _____.
- a) 15
 - b) 18**
 - c) 21
 - d) 23

- 182) William Langland's *Vision of Piers Plowman* is structured in _____ visions containing _____ passus.
- a) 5, 14
 - b) 6, 17
 - c) 8, 16
 - d) 8, 20**