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PUBLIC EXAMINATION- MARCH- 2024

STD: XII **TENTATIVEANSWER KEY- 08 – 03-2024**

SUBJECT: COMPUTER APPLICATIONS **MARKS :70**

Q. NO	CONTENT	MARK
	PART-I	**15X1=15**
	CHOOSE THE CORRECT ANSWER:	
1	a) Apple Inc	1
2	c)select	1
3	d) echo	1
4	b)break	1
5	d)54321	1
6	b)mysqli_close("Connection object");	1
7	b) cells	1
8	a)128	1
9	d)RJ21	1
10	b)File	1
11	b)Small and Medium-sized Enterprises	1
12	d)Debit card-Pay now	1
13	d)ICANN	1
14	a)Phishing	1
15	b)function	1
	PART - II	**6X2=12**
16	❖ WAV (Waveform Audio File Format) ❖ MP3 (MPEG Layer-3 Format) ❖ OGG ❖ AIFF (Audio Interchange File Format) ❖ WMA (Windows Media Audio) ❖ RA (Real Audio Format)	**2**
17	❖ It is defined as the number of items that must be included in a relationship.(i.e) number of entities in one set mapped with the number of entities of another set via the relationship. Three classifications in Cardinality are	**2**

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	❖ **One-to-One** ❖ **One-to-Many** ❖ **Many-to-Many**	
18	❖ Calling a function is another name for executing the function. A function is called simply by using the function name, along with an argument list, as a statement. **Syntax** function Name( ); **(or)** functionName(argument list);	**2**
19	❖ Communication ❖ Resource sharing ❖ Information sharing	**2**
20	❖ NS2 is the abbreviation of NETWORK SIMULATOR version 2. ❖ Itwas considered explicitly for explorationin network communication and eventdrivenopen-source simulator incomputer.	**2**
21	**DDL Commands:** ❖ **CREATE** - Used to create database or tables **Syntax:** CREATE database database name; ❖ **DROP** - Deletes a database or table. **Syntax:** DROP database database name; **DML Commands:** ❖ **INSERT** - Adds new rows into database table. **Syntax:**INSERT INTO table name VALUES (value1, value2, value3); ❖ **DELETE** - Deletes the records from the table. **Syntax:** DELETE from table name;	**2**
22	❖ Network Access Layer ❖ Internet Layer ❖ Transport Layer ❖ Application Layer	**2**

23	**while loop**	**do ... while loop**	
	while loop is called as the entry-check loop.	do….while loop' is called as the exit -check loop.	
	The while loop first evaluates the condition before executing the code block. If the condition is true, the code block is executed. If the condition is false, the loop is terminated.	On the other hand, the do..while loop first executes the code block and then evaluates the condition. If the condition is true, the code block is executed again. If the condition is false, the loop is terminated.	**2**

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	The while loop may not execute the code block at all if the condition is false from thebeginning.	The do..while loop, on the other hand, guarantees that the code block will be executed at least once, even if the condition is false. **(any two points)**	
24	**Syntax:** **<?php** $file_Object= fopen("FileName","Read/WriteMode") or die("Error Message!"); ?> **Example:** <?php $myfile = fopen("Student.txt""r") or die("Unable to open file!"); ?>		**2**
	PART – III		**6X3=18**
25	❖ Delivery notes ❖ Invoices ❖ Purchaseorders ❖ Advance ship notice ❖ Functional acknowledgements		**3**
26	❖ In B2B E-Commerce, commercial transactions take place between different business organizations, through the Internet. ❖ For example, a cycle company may buy tyres from another company for their cycles. When compared to other models, the value per transaction in B2B transaction is high, because of bulk purchases. ❖ The company also might get the advantage of discounts on bulk purchases. ❖ Out-sourcing and Off-shoring are generally associated with B2B E-Commerce.		**3**
27	❖ Information leakage ❖ Tampering ❖ Payment frauds ❖ Malicious code threats ❖ Distributed Denial of Service(DDOS) attacks ❖ Cyber Squatting ❖ Typopiracy **Explain any two of the above**		**3**

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28	❖ A cable interconnecting two devices directly is known as a null modem cable. ❖ The Crossover Ethernet cable is an example of the Null modem Cables. ❖ This cable is used to join two PCs or two network devices of the same type. Example: Crossover Ethernet cable,RS232 cable, Roll over wiring.	3
29	**1.**Place the cursor on the bottom handle of the second text block, click and drag the bottomhandle up to the top. **2.** Then place the cursor on the bottom handle of the first text block, and click and dragthe bottom handle down if necessary.	3
30	❖ **Stored value card:** It is a type of debit card that is preloaded with certain amount (value), with which a payment is made. The major advantage of stored value card is that customers don't need to have a bank account to get prepaid cards. • **Closed loop (single purpose)** • **Open loop (multipurpose)**	3
31	❖ Semantic layer ❖ Standards translation layer ❖ Transport layer ❖ Physical layer	3
32	**Syntax:** <?php mysqli_connect("Server Name","User Name","Password","DB Name"); ?> **Example:** <?php $con = mysqli_connect("localhost", "my-user", "my-password,"my-db"); ?>	3
33	**OUTPUT** **a=>10** **b=> 20** **c=> 30**	3
	PART - IV	**5X5=25**
34 (a)	1.Click on the **Polygon tool** from thetoolbox.The cursor changes to a **crosshair**. 2.Click and drag anywhere on thescreen. As you drag, a Polygonappears.	5

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	3.Release the mouse button when thePolygon is of the desired size. 3.Choose**Element → Polygon** Settingsin the menu bar. Now Polygon Settings dialogue boxappears. 4.Type 5 in the Number of sides textbox. 5.Type 50% in Star inset textbox. 6.Click OK. Now the required starappears on the screen.	
(b) **(OR)**	The types of EDI were constructed based on how EDI communication connections and the conversion were organized. Thus based on the medium used for transmitting EDI documents the following are the major EDI types. ❖ Direct EDI ❖ EDI via VAN ❖ EDI via FTP/VPN, SFTP, FTPS ❖ Web EDI ❖ Mobile EDI **Direct EDI/Point-to-Point:** ❖ It is also called as Point-to-Point EDI. Itestablishes a direct connection betweenvarious business stakeholders andpartners individually. ❖ This type of EDIsuits to larger businesses with a lot of dayto day business transactions. **EDI via VAN:** ❖ EDI via VAN (Value Added Network) is where EDI documents are transferred with the support of third party network service providers. ❖ Many businesses prefer this network model to protect them from the updating ongoing complexities of network technologies. **EDI via FTP/VPN, SFTP, FTPS:** ❖ When protocols like FTP/VPN, SFTPand FTPS are used for exchange of EDIbased documents through the Internet orIntranet it is called as EDI via FTP/VPN,SFTP, FTPS. **Web EDI:** ❖ Web based EDI conducts EDI using anweb browser via the Internet. Here thebusinesses are allowed to use any browserto transfer data to their business partners. ❖ Web based EDI is easy and convenient forsmall and medium organizations. **Mobile EDI:** ❖ When smart phones or other suchhandheld devices are used to transferEDI documents it is called as mobile EDI.	**5**

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	❖ Mobile EDI applications considerably increase the speed of EDI transactions	
35 (a)	❖ Patch Cable (Twisted pair) ❖ RJ45 Connector ❖ Ethernet Ports ❖ Crimping Tool **Patch Cable (TwistedPair):** ❖ These Cables are generally made up of 8wires in different colors. Four of them are solid colours, and the others are striped. ❖ The eight colors are white green, green,white orange, blue, white blue, orange,white brown and brown. **RJ45 Connector:** ❖ The RJ45 connector is a small plastic cup, which will be used to connect the wire inside the connector and ready to connect the Internet. ❖ The RJ45 connector looks similar like a telephone jack but it looks a slightly wider. The Ethernet cables are sometimes called as RJ45 cables. ❖ In RJ45 the "RJ" stands for the Registered Jack and the "45" simply refers to the number of interface standard in the cable. Each RJ45 connector has eight pins and connected to each end of the Ethernet cable. ❖ since it has 8-position, 8-contact (8P8C) modular plug, It is also known as 8P8C connector. **Ethernet card and Port:** ❖ Ethernet card is a Network Interface Card (NIC) that allows computers to connect and transmit data to the devices on the network. It may be an expansion card or built-in type. ❖ The Ethernet port is the jack where the Ethernet cable is to be connected. ❖ This port will be there in both the computers and the LAN port. **Crimping Tool:** ❖ Crimping is the process of joining two or more pieces of metal or wire by deforming one or both of them to hold each other. ❖ The crimping tool is a physical tool which is used to connect the patch wire and the Ethernet connector.	5

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(b)	**Proprietary Software**	**Open Source Software**	
	It is developed and tested through open collaboration.	It is owned by the individual or the organization that developed it.	
	Anyone with the academic knowledge can access, inspect, modify and redistribute the source code.	only the owner or publisher who holds the legal property rights of the source code can access it.	
	The project is managed by an open source community of developers and programmers	The project is managed by a closed group of individuals or a team that developed it	
	They are not aimed at unskilled users outside of the programming community.	The y are focused on a limited market of both skilled and unskilled end users	5
	It provides better flexibility	There is a limited scope of innovation with the restrictions and all	
	Example: Android, firefoxetc	**Example:** Windows, MacOS	
36 (a)	**ER models Basic concepts:** **1.** Entity or Entity type **2.** Attributes **3.** Relationship These are the general concepts which helpto create an ER diagram and produce an ER model. With the help of these any databasedesign can be created and viewed to knowthe concept in that database design. **Entity or Entity type:** An Entity can be anything a real-worldobject or animation which is easilyidentifiable by anyone even by a commonman. Eg: In a company's database Employee, HR,Manager are considered as entities, whereeach of these entity will be having theirown attributes. An entity is represented bya rectangular box.		

		5

Types of Entity:

1. Strong Entity

2. Weak Entity

3. Entity Instance

Strong Entity: A Strong entity is the one which doesn'tdepend on any other entity on the schemaor database and a strong entity will havea primary key with it (i.e. a unique idwhich other entities will not have intheir attributes).It is represented by one rectangle.

Weak Entity: A weak entity is dependent on otherentities and it doesn't have any primarykey like the Strong entity. It is representedby double rectangle.

Entity Instance: Instances are the values for the entityif we consider animals as the entity theirinstances will be dog, cat, cow… Etc.

Example: Human Male, Female

Attributes: An attribute is the information about thatentity and it will describe, quantify, qualify,classify, and specify an entity. An attributewill always have a single value, that valuecan be a number or character or string.

Types of attributes:

1. Key Attribute

2. Simple Attributes

3. Composite Attributes

4. Single Valued Attribute

5. Multi Valued Attribute

Relationship Type: In ER Model, relationship exists between two entities.

Types:

- One-to-One relationship
- One-to-Many relationship
- Many-to-Many relationship

(b) (OR)	❖ When the user enters the URL (consists of protocol, domain name, folder name, file name) in the browser, the system first checks its DNS cache for the corresponding IP address. ❖ If the IP address is found in the cache then the information is retrieved from cache. If not, then the system needs to perform DNS query i.e., the system needs to query the resolver about the IP address from Internet Service Provider (ISP). ❖ Each resolver has its own cache and if it is found in that then that information is retrieved. If not, then the query is passed to next domain server i.e., TLD (Top Level Domain) which reviews the request and direct the query to name servers	5

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associated with that specific domain.

- Until the query is solved it is passed to next level domains. At last the mapping and the record are returned to the resolver who checks whether the returned value is a record or an error.
- Then the resolver returns the record back to the computer browser which is then viewed by the user.

37 (a)

At present, there are two kinds of security authentication protocols widely used in E-Commerce, namely Secure Electronic Transaction (SET) and Secure Sockets Layer (SSL).

Secure Electronic Transaction

- Secure Electronic Transaction (SET) is a security protocol for electronic payments with credit cards, in particular via the Internet. SET was developed in 1996 by VISA and MasterCard, with the participation of GTE, IBM, Microsoft and Netscape.
- The implementation of SET is based on the use of digital signatures and the encryption of transmitted data with asymmetric and symmetric encryption algorithms. SET also use dual signatures to ensure the privacy.

Secure Sockets Layers

- The most common Cryptographic protocol is Secure Sockets Layers (SSL). SSL is a hybrid encryption protocol for securing transactions over the Internet. The SSL standard was developed by Netscape in collaboration with MasterCard, Bank of America, MCI and Silicon Graphics.
- It is based on a public key cryptography process to ensure the security of data transmission over the internet. Its principle is to establish a secure communication channel (encrypted) between a client and a server after an authentication step.

Example:

Figure 17.3 Difference between http and https

5

(b) (OR)

We can define a user defined function by using the function' keyword, followed by the name of the function and a set of parentheses.

Here is the general syntax for creating a function in PHP:

Function definition (or declaration)

5

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Syntax

```
function functionName([parameter list])
{
        //  code to be executed
}
```

Let's break this down

- ❖ The function' keyword is used to define a function.
- ❖ function Name is the name of the function. It can be any valid PHP identifier, as long as it is not a reserved word.
- ❖ Parameter list is a comma-separated list of variables. These parameters are optional and we can have as many or as few as we like.
- ❖ Inside the curly braces, we can put any code we want the function to execute. This can include PHP statements, loops, conditions, and so on.

Examples:

(a) Function with no parameters:

```
<?php
    function printGreeting ()
    {
        echo "Hello, world! ";
    }
    printGreeting( ) ;
?>
```

Output : “Hello, world!”.

38 (a)

- ❖ Production Manager
- ❖ Content Specialist
- ❖ Script Writer
- ❖ Text Editor
- ❖ Multimedia Architect
- ❖ Computer Graphic Artist
- ❖ Audio and Video Specialist
- ❖ Computer Programmer
- ❖ Web Master

Explain any 5 — **5**

(b)

- ❖ **for loop’** is called as the **entry-check loop.**
- ❖ The **for loop** is used to to execute a block of code a specific number of times.

Syntax:

```
for (initialization;condition; increment/decrement)
{
        //code to be executed;
}
```

5

(OR)

- ❖ The **initialization** part is executed only once at the beginning of the loop. It is used initialize variables.
- ❖ The **condition** is evaluated before each iteration of the loop.If it is true, the code block is executed. If it is false, the

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loop is terminated.

- The **increment/decrement** part is executed after each iteration of the loop. It is used to update variables,

Example program:

```
<?php
        for ($i= 1;$i<=10;i++)
        {
                echo $i. ”<br>”;
        }
?>
```

OUTPUT

```
1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
```

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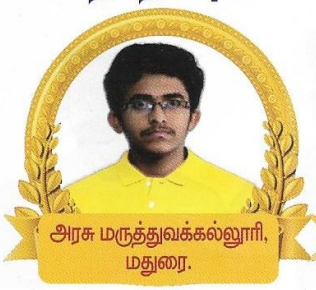

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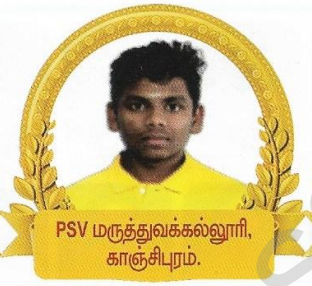

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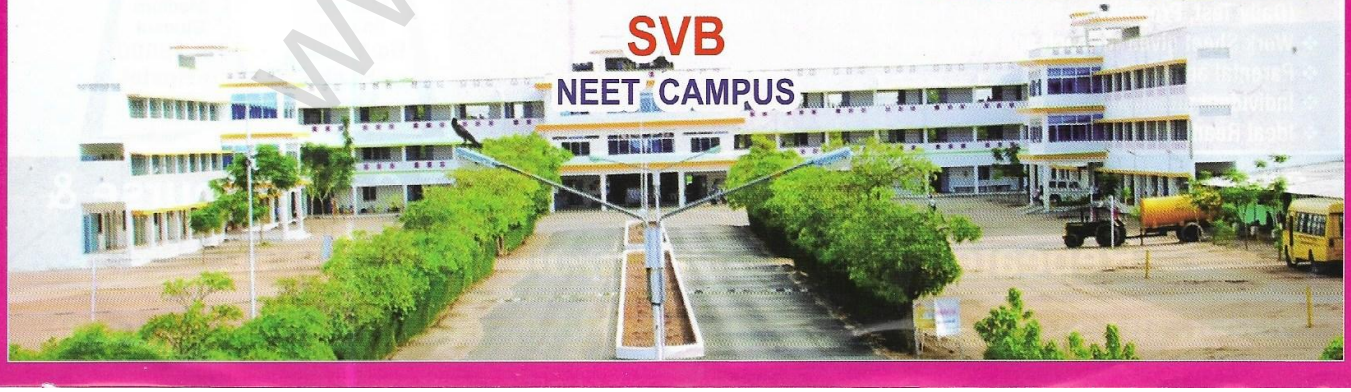
2017-2018 ம் ஆண்டில் நடைபெற்ற முதல் மருத்துவ கலந்தாய்வில் நமது NEET Centre ல் பயின்ற மாணவி முதல் மாணவியாக தேர்ந்தெடுக்கப்பட்டார்.

- ☑ 15 ஆண்டுகள் அனுபவமிக்க ஆசிரியர்களைக் கொண்டு பயிற்சி அளிக்கப்படுகிறது.
- ☑ அனைத்துப் பாடங்களுக்கும் முழுமையான பாடக்குறிப்புகள் தமிழிலும் வழங்கப்படும்.
- ☑ தினந்தோறும் ஒரு பாடத்தில் Slip Test- ம் வாரம்தோறும் ஒரு Cumulative Test-ம் நடத்தப்படுகிறது.
- ☑ அனுபவமிக்க ஆசிரியர்களைக் கொண்டு தயாரிக்கப்பட்ட பயிற்சி ஏடுகள் Study Material மற்றும் Previous Year Question Bank தமிழிலேயே வழங்கப்படுகிறது.
- ☑ நீட் நுழைவுத் தேர்வில் குறைவான மதிப்பெண் பெற்ற மாணவர்களை அதிக மதிப்பெண் பெற ஒரு ஆண்டு சிறப்புப் பயிற்சி அளிக்கப்படும்.
- ☑ ஆண், பெண் இருபாலருக்கும் தனித்தனி விடுதி வசதி உண்டு.



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தமிழ்மொழி இலக்கியத் திறனறித் தேர்வு - அக்டோபர் - 2023

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98	97	97	97	96	96	95	94
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94	94	93	93	93	93	93	92
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