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 21UMB1 UNIT TEST - I EXAM NO-1| TIME : $1.30 \quad$ MATHEMATICS |  | MARKS : 50 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| I Choose the correct answer : | $10 \times 1=10$ |  |

1. If $A=\{a, b, p\} \quad B=\{2,3\}$ and $C=\{p, q, r, s\}$ then $n[(A \cup C) \times B]$ is
$\qquad$ a) 8
b) 20
c) 12
d) 16
2. If the range of the relation $R=\left\{\left(x, x^{2}\right) / x\right.$ is a prime number $\left.<13\right\}$ is $\qquad$
a) $\{2,3,5,7\}$
b) $\{2,3,5,7,11\}$
c) $\{4,9,25,49,121\}$
d) $\{1,4,9,25,49,121\}$
3. If $n(A \times B)=6$ and $A=\{1,3\}$ then $n(B)$ is $\qquad$ $\begin{array}{llll}\text { a) } 1 & \text { b) } 2 & \text { c) } 3 & \text { d) } 6\end{array}$
4. If the ordered pairs $(a+2,4)$ and $(5,2 a+b)$ are equal then $(a, b)$ is __
a) $(2,-2)$
b) $(5,1)$
c) $(2,3)$
d) $(3,-2)$
5. If $A=\{1,2\}, B=\{1,2,3,4\}, C=\{5,6\}$ and $D=\{5,6,7,8\}$ then state which of the following? $\qquad$ a) $(\mathrm{A} \times \mathrm{C}) \subset(\mathrm{B} \times \mathrm{D})$
b) $(\mathrm{BxD})$
$\subset\left(\begin{array}{l}\mathrm{A} \times \mathrm{C}) \\ \mathrm{c})\end{array}(\mathrm{A} \times \mathrm{B}) \subset(\mathrm{A} \times \mathrm{D}) \mathrm{d}\right)(\mathrm{D} \times \mathrm{A}) \subset(\mathrm{B} \times \mathrm{A})$
6. Let $n(A)=m$ and $n(B)=n$ then the total number of non-empty relations that can be defined from $A$ to $B$ is $\qquad$ -
a) $\mathrm{m}^{\mathrm{n}}$
b) $\mathrm{n}^{\mathrm{m}}$
c) $2^{\mathrm{mn}}-1$
d) $2^{\mathrm{mn}}$
7. If there are 1024 relations from a set $A=\{1,2,3,4,5\}$ to a set $B$, then the number of elements in B is $\qquad$ a) 3 b) $2 \quad$ c) d) 8
8. If $n(A \times B)=20$ and $n(A)=5$ then $n(B)$ is ___ a) 4 b) 5 c) 9 d) 20
9. A relation which contains no element is called a $\qquad$ .
a) subset
b) ordered pairs
c) null relation
d) none of these
10. If $n(A)=p, n(B)=q$ then the total number of relations that exist from $A$ to $B$
is $\qquad$ a) $2^{\mathrm{pq}}$
b) $2^{\mathrm{pq}}-1$
c) $p^{q}$
d) $q^{p}$

II Answer the following :
$6 \times 2=12$
11. If $B \times A=\{(-2,3),(-2,4),(0,3),(0,4),(3,3),(3,4)\}$ find $A$ and $B$.
12. If $A=\{1,3,5\}$ and $B=\{2,3\}$ then find $A \times B$ and $B \times A$.
13. Define : Relation
14. Let $A=\{1,2,3\}$ and $B=\{x / x$ is a prime number $<10\}$

Find $\mathrm{A} \times \mathrm{B}$ and $\mathrm{B} \times \mathrm{A}$.
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15. A relation $R$ is given by the set $\{(x, y) / y=x+3, x \in\{0,1,2,3,4,5\}\}$ Determine its domain and range.
16. Let $\mathrm{A}=\{1,2,3,4$, $\qquad$ 45 and R be the relation defind as "is square of" on A. Write R as a subset of AxA . Also find the domain and range of $R$.
III Answer the following : $4 \times 5=20$
17. If $A=\{5,6\}, B=\{4,5,6\}, C=\{5,6,7\}$ show that $A \times A=(B \times B) \cap(C \times C)$
18. Given $A=\{1,2,3\} \quad B=\{2,3,5\}, C=\{3,4\}$ and $D=\{1,3,5\}$ check if $(\mathrm{A} \cap \mathrm{C}) \times(\mathrm{B} \cap \mathrm{D})=(\mathrm{A} \times \mathrm{B}) \cap(\mathrm{C} \times \mathrm{D})$ is true ?
19. Let $\mathrm{A}=$ The set of all natural numbers less than 8 , $\mathrm{B}=$ The set of all prime numbers less than 8 , $C=$ The set of even prime number

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\text { Verify that, }(\mathrm{A} \cap \mathrm{~B}) \times \mathrm{C}=(\mathrm{A} \times \mathrm{C}) \cap(\mathrm{B} \times \mathrm{C})
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20. Let $A=\{3,4,7,8\}$ and $B=\{1,7,10\}$ which of the following sets are relations from A to B ?
i) $\mathrm{R}_{1}=\{(3,7),(4,7),(7,10),(8,1)\}$
ii) $\mathrm{R}_{2}=\{(3,1),(4,12)\}$
21. Draw a circle of diameter 6 cm from a p oint $P$, which is 8 cm away from its centre, Draw the two tangents PA and PB to the circle and measure their lengths.
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