Time: 3hrs

Marks: 100

BHARATHIYAR MATRICULATION SCHOOL

Social Science Exam - 23.04.2020

Department of Social Science

Lesson – His 5 to 8, Geo 4 to 7

I. Choose the Correct Answer		14X1=14
1. Whose voice was Rast Goftar?		
a) Parsi Movement	b) Aligarh Moveme	ent
c) Ramakrishna Mission	d) Dravida Mahaja	
2. Who was the founder of Widow Remarriage As		60
a) M.G. Ranade b) Devendranath Tagore		Phule d) Ayyankali
3. When did the Vellore Revolt breakout?	, 5	
a) 24 May 1805 b) 10 July 1805	c) 10 July 1806	d) 10 September 1806
4. Where was Sivasubramanianar executed?	o, 10 0 diag 1000	
a) Kayathar b) Nagalapuram	c) Virupachi	d) Panchalamkurichi
5. Who declared that "Land belongs to God" and		
divine law?		
a) Titu Mir b) Sidhu	c) Dudu Mian	d) Shariatullah
6. What was the context in which the Chotanagr		,
a) Kol Revolt b) Indigo Revolt c) Mu		
7. Which Act introduced Provincial Autonomy?		2, 2 00002 12000
· ·	b) Indian Councils	s Act. 1909
c) Government of India Act, 1919	d) Government of	
8.When was the first Forest Act enacted?		
a) 1858 b) 1911	c) 1865	d) 1936
9. The first Jute mill of India was established at	,	,
a) Kolkata b) Mumbai	c) Ahmedabad	d) Baroda
10. The length of Golden Quadrilateral superhighways in India is		
a) 5846 km b) 5847 km		d) 5800 km
11. Which of the following is associated with helicopter service?		
	c) Vayudoot	d) Pavan Hans
12.Retreating monsoon wind picks up moisture from		
a) Arabian sea b) Bay of Bengal	c) Indian Ocean	d) Timor sea
13. The district which has the largest forest cover	•	,
a) Dharmapuri b) Vellore	c) Dindigul	d) Erode
14. A major hydro-electric power project of Tami		,
a) Mettur b) Papansam		d) Thungabahdra
	,	, -
II. Fill in the Blanks		5X1=5
16. Oru paisa Tamilan was started by		
17. Velunachiyar and her daughter were under t	the protection of	for eight years
18. The Act, restricted the entry of non-tribal people into the tribal land		
19. Gandhi regarded as his political guru.		
20. Agriculture of Tamil Nadu constitutes % of its economy.		

III. Answer in brief 10X2=20

Part - A - History Any Five

- 21. What was the impact of Swami Vivekananda's activist ideology?
- 22. Assess the role of Ayyankali in fighting for the cause of "untouchables."
- 23. What was the significance of the Battle of Kalakadu?
- 24. Point out the importance of the Treaty of 1801.
- 25. How are the peasant uprisings in British India classified?
- 26. Highlight the objectives of Home Rule Movement.
- 27. Describe the Jallianwala Bagh Massacre.
- 28. What is Poorna Swaraj?

Part - B - Geography Any Five

- 29. State the uses of magnesium.
- 30. Mention the major areas of jute production in India.
- 31. Write a note on Pipeline network transport in India
- 32. What is communication? What are its types?
- 33. Define: Disaster Risk Reduction.
- 34. How is coastal plain formed?
- 35. Why is Coimbatore called the Manchester of Tamil Nadu?
- 36. Name the important multipurpose projects of Tamil Nadu.

IV. Answer all the questions under each caption

3X4=12

37. Ramalinga Adigal.

- a) What is Jeevakarunya?
- b) What are the Songs of Grace?
- c) Point out the major contribution of Samarasa Vedha Sanmarga Sathya Sangam?
- d) Where did he establish his free feeding house?

38. Dheeran Chinnamalai

- a) When was Dheeran Chinnamalai born?
- b) How did he earn the title "Chinnamalai"?
- c) Name the Diwan of Tipu Sultan?
- d) Why and where was he hanged to death?

39. Indian National Congress

- a) What were the techniques adopted by the Congress to get its grievances redressed
- b) What do you know of Lal-Bal-Pal triumvirate?
- c) Where was the first session of Indian National Congress held?
- d) How did the British respond to the Swadeshi Movement?

40. Subhas Chandra Bose and INA

- a) How did Subhas Chandra Bose reach Japan?
- b) Who headed the women wing of Indian National Army?
- c) How did Subhas Chandra Bose reorganize the INA?
- d) Name the slogan provided by Subhas Chandra Bose

V. Distinguish between the Following [Any Four]

- 41. Renewable and non-renewable resources.
- 42. Agro based industry and mineral based industry.
- 43. Roadways and Railways.
- 44. Internal trade and International trade.
- 45. Tropical evergreen and Tropical deciduous forests.
- 46. Southwest monsoon and Northeast monsoon.
- 47. Food crops and non- food crops
- 48. Surface water and ground water

VI. Give Reasons

[Any Four]

4X2=8

4X2 = 8

- 49. Eastern Ghats are not a continuous range.
- 50. Tamil Nadu receives low rainfall during southwest monsoon.
- 51. Alluvial soil is fertile.
- 52. Cuddalore is a multiprone disaster zone.
- 53. Farmers switch over from inorganic to organic farming.
- 54. Cities are densely populated than the villages.
- 55. Karur is Called the Textile Capital of Tamil Nadu.

VII. Answer in a paragraph

4X5=20

Part - A - History any Two

- 56. Write an essay on the role played by the 19th century reformers towards the cause of Women?
- 57. Account for the outbreak of Vellore Revolt in 1806.
- 58. Examine the factors that led to the transformation of Gandhi into a mass leader.

Part - B - Geography any Two

- 59. Write about the distribution of cotton textile industries in India.
- 60. What is desertification and write about the areas affected by it in Tamil Nadu.
- 61. State the densely populated regions of Tamil Nadu and account for its high density.

VIII. a) Mark the following in the outline map of World

 $10X_{1/2}=5$

i) Barrackpore
ii) Gwalior
iii) Amritsar
iv) Sabarmati Ashram
v) Dandi
vi) Wardha
vii) Jhansi
viii) Delhi
ix) Chittagong
x) Champaran

b) Mark the following in the outline map of India and Tamil Nadu maps 16X1/2=8

- i) Iron ore production centre
- iii) Coal mining centre
- v) National Highway NH-7
- vii) Densely populated state of India
- ii) Centres of Natural Gas production.
- iv) Iron and Steel industries.
- vi) Major seaports in India.
- viii) State of highest literacy in India

Tamil Nadu maps

- i) Major Sea port
- iii) Vaigai Dam
- v) Paddy
- vii) Makur Lake

- ii) Electrical and Electronic
- iv) Amaravathi Dam
- vi) Alluvial soil
- viii) Palani Hill