

10 SS

## Public Exam Question Paper – MAY 2022

## PART – I

14×1=14

Choose the correct answer.

1. Who was the first president of the Madras Mahajana Sabha?

- a) T.M. Nair      b) P. Rangaiah      c) G. Subramaniam      d) G.A. Natesan

2. In Tamil nadu, who led a salt March from Tiruchirapalli to Vedaranyam?

- a) C.R. Dos      b) Motilal Nehru      c) C. Rajaji      d) M.N. Roy

3. Who said “imperialism is the highest stage of capitalism”?

- a) Lenin      b) Marx      c) Sun-Yat-Sen      d) Mao Tsetung

4. When did the Vellore Revolt breakout?

- a) 24 May 1805      b) 10 July 1805      c) 10 July 1806      d) 10 September 1806

5. Find the correct statements.

- i) The Palayakkarars system was in practice in the Kakatiya Kingdom.  
 ii) Puli Thevar recaptured Nerkattumseval in 1764 after the death of Khan Sahib.  
 iii) Yusuf Khan who was negotiating with the palayakkarars, without informing the company administration was charged with treachery and hanged in 1764.  
 iv) Ondiveeran led one of the army units of Kattabomman.
- a) (i), (ii) and (iv)      b) (i), (ii) and (iii)      c) (iii) and (iv) only      d) (i) and (iv) only

6. Pick the odd one out.

- a) Khadar      b) Bhangar      c) Alluvial Soil      d) Black Soil

7. Manganese is used in \_\_\_\_\_.

- a) Storage batteries      b) Steel making      c) Copper smelting      d) Petroleum refining

8. Which of the following passes is not located in the Western Ghats of Tamil nadu?

- a) Palghat      b) Shencottah      c) Bhorphat      d) Achankoil

9. \_\_\_\_\_ is known as “The Textile Capital of Tamil nadu”.

- a) Chennai      b) Trichy      c) Salem      d) Karur

10. The Palk Strait and Gulf of Mannar separates India from \_\_\_\_\_.

- a) Goa      b) West Bengal      c) Sri Lanka      d) Maldives

11. Under which Article financial emergency can be proclaimed?

- a) Article 352      b) Article 356      c) Article 360      d) Article 368

12. The minimum age for the membership of Legislative Council is \_\_\_\_\_.

- a) 25 years      b) 21 years      c) 30 years      d) 35 years

13. Indian government was introduced----- - - in 1991

- a) Globalization      b) World Trade Organisation      c) New Economic Policy      d) none

14. Which of the following statement is correct about GST?

- (i) GST is the ‘one point tax’.  
 (ii) This aims to replace all direct taxes levied on goods and services by the Central a State governments.  
 (iii) It will be implemented from 1 July 2017 throughout the country.  
 (iv) It will unified the tax structure in India.
- a) (i) and (ii) are correct      b) (ii), (iii) and (iv) are correct  
 c) (i), (iii) and (iv) are correct      d) All are correct

## PART III

29. Fill in the blanks.

- I. The new state of Albania was created according to the Treaty of ----- signed in May 1913  
 II. The soil which is rich in on oxides is -----  
 III. The most abundant source of energy is -----  
 IV. ----- is a buffer country between India and China  
 V. ----- is an important indicator of nutrition deficiency,

## PART – I

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Choose the correct answer.

1. Who initiated the formation of League of Nations?

- a) Roosevelt                      b) Chamberlin                      c) Woodrow Wilson                      d) Baldwin

2. Who issued the Tiruchirappalli Proclamation of Independence?

- a) Marudhu Brothers                      b) Puli Thevar                      c) Veerapandya Kattabomman                      d) Gopala Nayak

3. What was the context in which the Chota Nagpur Tenancy Act was passed?

- a) Kol Revolt                      b) Indigo Revolt                      c) Munda Rebellion                      d) Deccan Riots

4. \_\_\_\_\_ established a full fledged printing press in 1709 at Tranquebar.

- a) Caldwell                      b) F.W. Ellis                      c) Ziegen balg                      d) Meenakshi Sundaram

5. Locarno Treaty was signed in the year \_\_\_\_\_.

- a) 1927                      b) 1925                      c) 1825                      d) 1952

6. Pulicat Lake is located between the states of \_\_\_\_\_.

- a) West Bengal and Odisha                      b) Karnataka and Kerala  
c) Odisha and Andhra Pradesh                      d) Tamil nadu and Andhra Pradesh

7. \_\_\_\_\_ is a line joining the places of equal rainfall.

- a) Isohytes                      b) Isobar                      c) Isotherm                      d) Latitudes

8. \_\_\_\_\_ is called the 'Granary of Tamil nadu'.

- a) Tiruvarur                      b) Thanjavur                      c) Salem                      d) Trichy

9. Which of the following passes is not located in the Western Ghats of Tamil nadu?

- a) Palghat                      b) Shencottah                      c) Bhorghat                      d) Achankoil

10. The scientific study of different aspects of population is called \_\_\_\_\_.

- a) Cartography                      b) Demography                      c) Anthropology                      d) Epigraphy

11. Which of the following sequences is right regarding the preamble?

- a) Republic, Democratic, Secular, Socialist, Sovereign  
b) Sovereign, Socialist, Secular, Republic, Democratic  
c) Sovereign, Republic, Secular, Socialist, Democratic  
d) Sovereign, Socialist, Secular, Democratic, Republic

12. The State Council of Ministers is headed by \_\_\_\_\_.

- a) The Chief Minister                      b) The Governor                      c) The Speaker                      d) The Prime Minister

13. ----- is the process of providing or obtaining the food necessary for health and growth.

- a) Health                      b) Nutrition                      c) Sanitation                      d) Security

14. Primary sector consists of -----

- a) Agriculture                      b) Automobiles                      c) Trade                      d) Banking

## PART III

29. Fill in the blanks.

- I. Kattabomman was hanged to death at -----
- II. ----- established Congress Radio Underground during the 'Quit India Movement'.
- III. The plateau which lies between the Nilgiris and Dharamapuri district is -----
- IV. Sathanur dam is constructed across the river -----
- V. Secondary sector is otherwise called as -----

10 SS Public Exam Question Paper – May - 2022

Answers

PART - I

1. b) P. Rangaiah
2. c) C. Rajaji
3. a) Lenin
4. c) 10 July 1806
5. b) (i), (ii) and (iii)
6. d) Black Soil
7. a) Storage batteries
8. c) Bhorghat
9. d) Karur
10. c) Sri Lanka
11. c) Article 360
12. c) 30 years
13. c) New Economic Policy
14. c) (i), (iii) and (iv)

PART - III

- I. London
- II. Red
- III. Sun
- IV. Nepal
- V. Under weight

10 SS Public Exam Question Paper – August - 2022

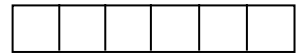
Answers

PART - I

1. c) Woodrow Wilson
2. a) Marudhu Brothers
3. c) Munda Rebellion
4. c) Ziegen Balg
5. b) 1925
6. d) Tamil nadu and Andhra Pradesh
7. a) Isohytes
8. b) Thanjavur
9. c) Bhorghat
10. b) Demography
11. d) Sovereign, Socialist, Secular,  
Democratic, Republic - **OV,OC,EC,D,R**
12. b) The Governor
13. b) Nutrition
14. a) Agriculture

PART - III

- I. Kayathar
- II. Usha Metha
- III. Coimbatore Plateau
- IV. Thenpennai
- V. Industrial Sector



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## PART II

Answer any 10 questions Question No 28 is Compulsory

10 × 2 = 20

15. How did Great Depression impact on the Indian Agriculture?  
 16. List the social evils eradicated by Brahma Samaj  
 17. Name the territories annexed by the British under the Doctrine of Lapse.  
 18. Estimate Periyar as a feminist.  
 19. Describe the Pearl Harbour incident.  
 20. Explain the island group of Lakshadweep.  
 21. Explain the cropping seasons of Tamil Nadu.  
 22. Name the areas which receive heavy rainfall in India.  
 23. State the boundaries of Tamil Nadu.  
 24. What are the qualifications of judges of the Supreme Court?

25. List out the member countries of SAARC.

[www.Trb TnpSC.com](http://www.Trb TnpSC.com)

26. Write the importance of Gross Domestic Product.

27. Write some names of the nutrition programmes in Tamil Nadu.

28. What is Corporate tax ?

### PART III

Answer any 10 questions Question No 42 is Compulsory

10 × 5 = 50

29.

VI. The new state of Albania was created according to the Treaty of **London** ----- signed in May 1913

VII. The soil which is rich in iron oxides is -----**red**

VIII. The most abundant source of energy is -----**sun**

IX. **Nepal** ----- is a buffer country between India and China

X. **Under weight**----- is an important indicator of nutrition deficiency,

30. Discuss the main causes of the First World War

31. Write an essay on the role played by the 19<sup>th</sup> century reformers towards the cause of women.

32. (a) **Distinguish between** :

(i) Weather and Climate (ii) Alluvial Soils and Black Soils

b) **Give Reasons** : Himalayas are called young fold mountains

33. Mention the differences between Fundamental Rights and Directive Principles of State Policy

34. Discuss the reasons behind the partition of India.

35. Write about South West Monsoon.

36. What are the major issues faced by farmers in India?

37. What are the duties and functions of Prime Minister of India?

38. What are the powers and functions of the Chief Minister?

39. Write about the positive impact and negative impact of Globalization.

40. What is black money ? Write the causes of black money.

41. **Draw a Time line for the following:**

Write any five important events between 1920 and 1940.

42. **Mark the following places on the Map of India.**

i) Delhi ii) Gwalior iii) Jhansi iv) Banaras v) Barrackpore

### PART - IV

Answer the following questions.

2 × 8 = 16

43. a) i) Explain about structure and composition of League of Nations.

ii) Write the programme of Non-cooperation movement. (OR)

b) Write in detail about women's movements.

44. **Mark the following places on the given outline map of India . / Tamil Nadu .**

a)

- I. Palk Strait
- II. Ganga
- III. Western Ghats
- IV. Alluvial Soil region (1)
- V. Karakoram
- VI. Direction of South West Monsoon wind
- VII. Paddy growing region (1)
- VIII. Mountain forests.

OR

b)

- I. Gulf of Mannar
- II. Salem
- III. Nilgiris
- IV. River Kaveri
- V. Bay of Bengal
- VI. Chennai
- VII. Birds Sanctuary (1)
- VIII. Paddy growing region (1)

GGHSS PORUR CHENNAI THIRUVALLUR DIST. B. ABIRAMI THIRUMAL M.A., B.ED. M.PHIL., DCA

kindly send me your key Answers to our email id - [padasalai.net@gmail.com](mailto:padasalai.net@gmail.com)

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14. Primary sector consists of -----

- a) Agriculture                      b) Automobiles                      c) Trade                      d) Banking

## PART II

Answer any 10 questions. Question No 28 is Compulsory.

10 × 2 = 20

15. How are the peasant uprisings in British India classified?

16. Name the countries in the Triple Entente

17. What is the Poorna Swaraj?

18. What were the duties of the Palayakkarars?

19. What do you know of the Terror in Indo- China?

20. Give the importance of IST.

21. Define Agriculture.

22. Name the tributaries of river Thamirabarani

23. Name the important multipurpose projects of Tamil Nadu

24. What are the classical languages in India?

25. What are the basic three components of food and nutrition security?

kindly send me your key Answers to our email id - padasalai.net@gmail.com

**PART III**

**Answer any 10 questions Question No 42 is Compulsory**

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- 29. VI. Kattabomman was hanged to death at -----
- VII. ----- established Congress Radio Underground during the 'Quit India Movement'.
- VIII. The plateau which lies between the Nilgiris and Dharamapuri district is -----
- IX. Sathanur dam is constructed across the river -----
- X. Secondary sector is otherwise called as -----

- 30. Account for the outbreak of Vellore Revolt in 1806.
- 31. Analyze the effects of the World War II
- 32. Critically examine the 'Civil Disobedience Movement' as the typical example of Gandhian Movement.
- 33. What is urbanization? Explain its problem.
- 34. Explain the divisions of Himalayas and its importance to India.
- 35. (a) **Distinguish between :**
  - i) Marine fishing and inland fishing ii) Western Ghats and Eastern Ghats
- b) **Give Reasons :** Agriculture is the backbone of India.
- 36. Explain the salient features of the Constitution of India.
- 37. Explain any two basic concepts followed by India to maintain friendly relations with its neighbours.
- 38. Discuss the core determinants of India's Foreign Policy.
- 39. What are the methods of calculating Gross Domestic Product? Explain them.
- 40. Elaborate the Public Distribution System.
- 41. **Draw a Time line for the following:**  
Write any five important events between 1930 and 1950.
- 42. **Mark the following places on the Map of India.**
  - i) Bombay ii) Dandi iii) Meerut iv) Chauri Chaura v) Calcutta.

**PART - IV**

**Answer following questions.**

**2x8=16**

- 43. a) Highlight the tragic fall of Sivagangai and its outcome. **(OR)**
- b) How did the people of Bengal respond to the partition of Bengal (1905)?
- 44. **Mark the following places on the given outline map of India / Tamil Nadu .**
  - a)
    - I. Mt. Everest
    - II. Gulf of Kumbhat
    - III. Thar desert
    - IV. Direction of North East Monsoon wind
    - V. Tea growing region **(any one)**
    - VI. Coal producing region **(any one)**
    - VII. Cochin
    - VIII. Malabar coast
  - b)
    - I. Kanyakumari
    - II. Coffee growing region **(any one)**
    - III. Vaigai dam
    - IV. One region of automobile industry
    - V. Servarayan hills
    - VI. Ennore port
    - VII. Mangrove forest
    - VIII. Thanjavur.