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## V.M.G.R.R SRI SARADA SAKTHI MAT. HR. SEC. SCHOOL REVISION TEST-3(LESSON-3, 10) BOOK BACK ONE WORD& 2 MARK STD: XI-B ECONOMICS MARKS:50

\_\_\_\_\_ I. CHOOSE THE CORRECT ANSWER 30X1=30 1. Who has given Scarcity definition of Economics? a. Adam Smith b. Marshall c. Robbins d. Robertson 2. 'Economics is a study of mankind in the ordinary business of life'- It is the statement of a. Adam Smith b. Lionel Robbins c. Alfred Marshall d. Samuelson 3. The concept of consumer's surplus associated with a. Adam Smith b. Marshall c. Robbins d. Ricardo 4.Ordinal Utility can be measured by a. Ranking b. Numbering c. Wording d. None of these. 5.Formula for calculating AP is \_ a.  $\Delta TP/N$  b. $\Delta TP/\Delta N$  c.TP/MP d.TP/N6.Modern Economists have propounded the law of \_\_\_\_\_ a. Increasing returns b. Decreasing returns c. Constant returns d. Variable proportions. 7.The costs of self-Owned resources are termed as \_\_\_\_\_ cost. a. Real b. Explicit c. Money d. Implicit 8.When Price remains constant, AR will be\_\_\_\_\_ MR. a. Equal to b. Greater than c. Less than d. Not related to 9.Another Name of Price is \_\_\_\_\_ a. Average Revenue b. Marginal Revenue c. Total Revenue d. Average cost 10.In Monopolistic Competition, The essential feature is \_\_\_\_\_ a. Same Product b. Selling Cost c. Single Seller d. Single buyer 11.Money wages are also known as a. Real wages b. Nominal wages c. Original wages d. Transfer wages 12.Innovation Theory of profit was given by a. Hawley b. Schumpeter c. Keynes d. Knight 13.Amartya kumara Sen received the Nobel Prize in economics in the year . a. 1998 b. 2000 c. 2008 d.2010 14.In which year the population of India crossed one billion mark? a. 2000 b.2001 c.2005 d. 1991 15.Ryotwari system was initially introduced in \_\_\_\_\_. a. Kerala b. Bengal c. Tamil Nadu d. Maharastra 16.Tenth Five year plan period was a. 1992-1997 b. 2002-2007 c. 2007-2012 d. 1997-2002 17.Goods & Service Tax is a. A multi-point tax b. having cascading effects c. Like Value added tax d. A single point tax with no cascading effects. 18.Foreign investment includes FDI only b. FPI & FFI c. FDI & FPI d. FDI & FFI a. 19.Identify an example for rural industries? a. Sugar Factory b. Mat making industry c. Cement factor d. Paper industry 20.Which is considered as the basic unit for rural area? a. Panchayat b. Village c. Town d. Municipality 21. Utility means (a) Equilibrium point at which demand and supply are equal (b) Want-satisfying capacity of goods and services (c) Total value of commodity (d) Desire for goods and services 22. Growth definition takes into account \_\_\_\_\_ (a) The problem of choice in the dynamic framework of Economics

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- (b) The problem of unlimited means in relation to wants
- (c) The production and distribution of wealth (d) The material welfare of human beings 23. Elasticity of demand is equal to one indicates \_\_\_\_\_.
  - (a) Unitary Elastic Demand (b) Perfectly Elastic Demand
  - (c) Perfectly Inelastic Demand (d) Relatively Elastic Demand
- 24. The indifference curve are \_\_\_\_\_
- (a) vertical (b) horizontal (c) positive sloped (d) Negatively sloped
- 25. The year 1961 is known as \_\_\_\_\_
  - (a) Year of small divide (b) Year of Population Explosion
  - (c) Year of Urbanisation (d) Year of Great Divide
- 26. Indicate the cause for rural poverty \_
  - (a) Lack of non-farm employment (b) High employment
  - (c) Low inflation rate (d) High investment
- 27. "An Indian farmer is born in debt, lives in debt, dies in debt and bequeaths debt"- who said this?
  - (a) Adam Smith (b) Gandhi (c) Amartya Sen (d) Sir Malcolm Darling
- 28. In which year, Regional Rural Banks came into existence?
  - (a) 1965 (b) 1970 (c) 1975 (d) 1980
- 29. Which Union Territory has the highest sex ratio?
  - (a) Chandigarh (b) Pondicherry (c) Lakshadeep (d) Andaman Nicobar
- 30. The Headquarters of Southern Railway is at \_\_\_\_
  - (a) Tiruchirappalli (b) Chennai (c) Madurai (d) Coimbatore

## II. ANSWER THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS (ANY 10)

- 31. What is ISO cost Line?
- 32. Classify the factors of production.
- 33. What are the reasons for the upward-sloping supply curve?
- 34. Define Labour.
- 35. Define Cottage Industry.
- 36. Define Rural Economy.
- 37. Define Open Unemployment.
- 38. What is meant by Disguised Unemployment?
- 39. What do you mean by microfinance?
- 40. Rural poverty –Define
- 41. State any two factors hindering Rural Electrification in India.
- 42. What do you mean by Rural Development?
- 43. State any two causes of housing problems in rural areas.

"Learn from yesterday. Live for today. Hope for tomorrow."



10X2=20

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