STD: XII

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MARKS-70

BIO-BOTANY

I.CHOOSE THE CORRECT ANSWER:

8X1=8

1.A free living nitrogen fixing cyanobacterium which can also form symbiotic association with the water fern Azolla

a) *Nostoc*

b) Anabaena

c) chlorella

d) Rhizobium

2. In a fresh water environment like pond, rooted autotrophs are

a) Nymphaea and typha

b) Ceratophyllum and Utricularia

c) Wolffia and pistia

d) Azolla and lemna

3. The plant of this group are adapted to live partly in water and partly above substratum and free from water

a) Xerophytes

b) Mesophytes

c) Hydrophytes

d) Halophytes

4. Which of the following ecosystem has the highest primary productivity?

a) Pond ecosystem

b) Lake ecosystem

c) Grassland ecosystem d)Forest ecosystem

5. Which of the following is / are not a natural ecosystem?

a) Forest ecosystem b) Rice field

c) Grassland ecosystem d) Desert ecosystem

6. Significance of food web is / are

a) it does not maintain stability in nature

b) it shows patterns of energy transfer

c) it explains species interaction

d) b and c

7. Depletion of which gas in the atmosphere can lead to an increased incidence of skin cancer?

a) Ammonia

b) Methane

c) Nitrous oxide d) Ozone

8.One of the chief reasons among the following for the depletion in the number of species making endangered is

a) over hunting and poaching

b) green house effect

c) competition and predation

d) habitat destruction

II. ANSWER ANY FOUR OF THE FOLOWING:

4X2 = 8

9. What are ecological equivalents? Give one example.

10. Distinguish habitat and niche

11. Pyramid of energy is always upright. Give reasons

12. Construct the food chain with the following data. Hawk, plants, frog, snake, grasshopper.

13. Give four examples of plants cultivated in commercial agroforestry.

14. Expand CCS.

III. ANSWER ANY THREE OF THE FOLLOWING:

3X3=9

15. Lichen is considered as a good example of obligate mutualism. Explain.

16. How is rhytidome act as the structural defence by plants against fire?

17. Name of the food chain which is generally present in all type of ecosystem. Explain and write their significance.

18. Draw a pyramid from following details and explain in brief. Quantities of organisms are given-Hawks-50, plants-1000.rabbit and mouse-250 +250, pythons and lizard- 100 + 50 respectively

19. Which one gas is most abundant out of the four commonest greenhouse gases? Discuss the effect of this gas on the growth of plants?

IV.ANSWER ALL THE QUESTIONS:

2X5=10

20. What is soil profile? Explain the characters of different soil horizons.

a. Explain Raunkiaer classification in the world's vegetation based on the temperature.

b. List out the effects of fire to plants.

21. Various stages of succession are given bellow. From that rearrange them accordingly. Find out the type of succession and explain in detail. Reed-swamp stage, phytoplankton stage, shrub stage, submerged plant stage, forest stage, submerged free floating stage, marsh medow stage.

OR

a. Suggest a solution to water crisis and explain its advantages.

b. Explain afforestation with case studies.

BIO-ZOOLOGY

MARKS-35

8X1=8

I.CHOOSE THE CORRECT ANSWER:

1. Choose the correctly match pair.

- a) Amphetamines Stimulant
- b) LSD Narcotic
- c) Heroin Psychotropic

d) Benzodiazepine - Pain killer

2. A 30 year old woman has bleedy diarrhoea for the past 14 hours, which one of the following organisms is likely to cause this illness?

- a) Streptococcus pyogens
- b)Clostridium difficile
- c)Shigella dysenteriae

d)Salmonella enteritidis

3. B cells that produce and release large amounts of antibody are called

- a) Memory cells
- b) Basophils
- c) Plasma cells
- d) killer cells

4.Cry toxins obtained from *Bacillus thuringiensis* are effective against for

- a) Mosquitoes
- b) Flies
- c) Nematodes
- d) Bollworms

5. Cyclosporin – A is an immunosuppressive drug produced from ___

- a) Aspergillus niger

- b) Manascus purpureus c) Penicillium notatum d) Trichoderma polysporum

6. The genetic defect adenosine deaminase deficiency may be cured permanently by

- a) Enzyme replacement therapy
- b) periodic infusion of genetically engineered lymphocytes having ADA cDNA
- c) administering adenosine deaminase activators
- d) introducing bone marrow cells producing ADA into embryo at an early stage of development.
- 7. The first clinical gene therapy was done for the treatment of
 - a) AIDS
- b) Cancer
- c) Cystic fibrosis
- d) SCID

8. Recombinant Factor VIII is produced in the ----- cells of the Chinese Hamster

- a) Liver cells
- b) blood cells
- c) ovarian cells
- d) brain cells.

II. ANSWER ANY FOUR OF THE FOLOWING:

4X2 = 8

- 9. What are interferons? Mention their role.
- 10. List out chemical alarm signals produced during inflammation.
- 11. Write short notes on Brewer's yeast
- 12. Give any two bioactive molecules produced by microbes and state their uses.
- 13. What are DNA vaccines?
- 14. Differentiate between Somatic cell gene therapy and germline gene therapy

III. ANSWER ANY THREE OF THE FOLLOWING:

3X3=9

- 15.List the causative agent, mode of transmission and symptoms for Diphtheria and Typhoid.
- 16. Differentiate between active and passive immunity.
- 17. Justify the role of microbes as a bio-fertilizer.
- 18. What are transgenic animals? Give examples.
- 19. If a person thinks he is infected with HIV, due to unprotected sex, and goes for a blood test. Do you think a test such as ELISA will help? If so why? If not, why?

IV.ANSWER ALL THE QUESTIONS:

2X5=10

20.Explain the structure of immunoglobulin with suitable diagram.

Explain the role of cry-genes in genetically modified crops.

21. Mention the advantages and disadvantages of cloning.

OR

PCR is a useful tool for early diagnosis of an Infectious disease. Elaborate