



- II. Read the following sets of poetic lines and answer any two sets:- $2 \times 2 = 4$
11. "Life is a sort loam; be gentle: go easy"
And this too might serve him.
i) How can he guide? ii) What is life compared to?
12. Tell him time as a stuff can be wasted
Tell him to be a fool ever so often.
i) Identify the figure of speech in the above lines.
ii) What does one learn from every folly?
13. "Tell him too much money has killed men".
i) Which has killed men? ii) What does money do men?
- III. Do as directed (any three) $3 \times 2 = 6$
14. Change the direct speech into Reported form.
Geetha said to Vimal, "How did you manage to locate my house?"
15. Change into other voice form. Shalini won the prize,
Her teacher congratulated her.
16. 'If' clause
I had more money, I buy a car.
17. Change in to simple sentence.
He is poor but he helps other.
- IV. Explain the following with reference to the context. $1 \times 3 = 3$
18. "has twisted good enough men sometimes in to dry thwarted worms".
- V. Answer any two of the following questions:- $2 \times 3 = 6$
19. What does 'the rule of the road' mean?
20. Who visited the family?
21. Why were the two chairs compared to Rama- Lakshmana?
- VI. Spot the errors and rewrite the sentences correctly:- (6)
22. a) Earth revolves around the sun. b) One of my uncle lives in canada
c) Though he is rich but he is unhappy d) He joined an European University.
e) The team are performing well. f) We speak the English.
- VII. Answer the followings:- $3 \times 5 = 15$
23. What do you infer from Gardiner's essay 'On the rule of the road'?
24. Explain how the poet guides his son who is at the threshold of manhood, to face the challenges of life.
25. How do the children react to the long- a waited event in the story?
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