## Sample Question Paper

Class- X Session- 2021-22
TERM 1
Subject- Mathematics (Basic)
Time Allowed: 90 minutes
Maximum Marks: 40

## General Instructions:

1. The question paper contains three parts $A, B$ and $C$.
2. Section $A$ consists of $\mathbf{2 0}$ questions of 1 mark each. Attempt any 16 questions.
3. Section $B$ consists of $\mathbf{2 0}$ questions of 1 mark each. Attempt any 16 questions.
4. Section C consists of 10 questions based on two Case Studies. Attempt any 8 questions.
5. There is no negative marking.

|  | SECTION A |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Section A consists of $\mathbf{2 0}$ questions. Any 16 questions are to be attempted |  |
| Q.NO. |  | MARKS |
| 1 | A box contains cards numbered 6 to 50. A card is drawn at random from the box. The probability that the drawn card has a number which is a perfect square like 4,9....is <br> (a) $1 / 45$ <br> (b) $2 / 15$ <br> (c) $4 / 45$ <br> (d) $1 / 9$ | 1 |
| 2 | In a circle of diameter 42 cm , if an arc subtends an angle of $60^{\circ}$ at the centre where $\Pi=22 / 7$, then the length of the arc is <br> (a) $22 / 7 \mathrm{~cm}$ <br> (b) 11 cm <br> (c) 22 cm <br> (d) 44 cm | 1 |
| 3 | If $\sin \theta=x$ and $\sec \theta=y$, then $\tan \theta$ is <br> (a) $x y$ <br> (b) $x / y$ <br> (c) $y / x$ <br> (d) $1 / x y$ | 1 |
| 4 | The pair of linear equations $y=0$ and $y=-5$ has <br> (a) One solution <br> (b) Two solutions <br> (c) Infinitely many solutions <br> (d) No solution | 1 |
| 5 | A fair die is thrown once. The probability of even composite number is <br> (a) 0 <br> (b) $1 / 3$ <br> (c) $3 / 4$ <br> (d) 1 | 1 |
| 6 | 8 chairs and 5 tables cost Rs.10500, while 5 chairs and 3 tables cost Rs. 6450 . The cost of each chair will be <br> (a) Rs. 750 <br> (b) Rs. 600 <br> (c) Rs. 850 <br> (d) Rs. 900 | 1 |
| 7 | If $\cos \theta+\cos ^{2} \theta=1$, the value of $\sin ^{2} \theta+\sin ^{4} \theta$ is <br> (a) -1 <br> (b) 0 <br> (c) 1 <br> (d) 2 | 1 |


| 8 | The decimal representation of $\frac{23}{2^{3} \times 5^{2}}$ will be <br> (a) Terminating <br> (b) Non-terminating <br> (c) Non-terminating and repeating <br> (d) Non-terminating and non-repeating | 1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9 | The LCM of $2^{3} \times 3^{2}$ and $2^{2} \times 3^{3}$ is <br> (a) $2^{3}$ <br> (b) $3^{3}$ <br> (c) $2^{3} \times 3^{3}$ <br> (d) $2^{2} \times 3^{2}$ | 1 |
| 10 | The HCF of two numbers is 18 and their product is 12960 . Their LCM will be <br> (a) 420 <br> (b) 600 <br> (c) 720 <br> (d) 800 | 1 |
| 11 | In the given figure, DE II BC. Which of the following is true? <br> (a) $x=\frac{a+b}{a y}$ <br> (b) $y=\frac{a x}{a+b}$ <br> (c) $x=\frac{a y}{a+b}$ <br> (d) $\frac{x}{y}=\frac{a}{b}$ | 1 |
| 12 | The co-ordinates of the point $P$ dividing the line segment joining the points $A(1,3)$ and $B(4,6)$ internally in the ratio 2:1 are <br> (a) $\quad(2,4)$ <br> (b) $(4,6)$ <br> (c) $(4,2)$ <br> (d) $(3,5)$ | 1 |
| 13 | The prime factorisation of 3825 is <br> (a) $3 \times 5^{2} \times 21$ <br> (b) $3^{2} \times 5^{2} \times 35$ <br> (c) $3^{2} \times 5^{2} \times 17$ <br> (d) $3^{2} \times 25 \times 17$ | 1 |
| 14 | In the figure given below, $\mathrm{AD}=4 \mathrm{~cm}, \mathrm{BD}=3 \mathrm{~cm}$ and $\mathrm{CB}=12 \mathrm{~cm}$, then $\cot \theta$ equals <br> (a) $3 / 4$ <br> (b) $5 / 12$ <br> (c) $4 / 3$ <br> (d) $12 / 5$ | 1 |


| 15 | If $A B C D$ is a rectangle, find the values of $x$ and $y$ <br> (a) $X=10, y=2$ <br> (b) $X=12, y=8$ <br> (c) $X=2, y=10$ <br> (d) $X=20, y=0$ | 1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 16 | In an isosceles triangle $A B C$, if $A C=B C$ and $A B^{2}=2 A C^{2}$, then the measure of angle $C$ will be <br> (a) $30^{\circ}$ <br> (b) $45^{\circ}$ <br> (c) $60^{\circ}$ <br> (d) $90^{\circ}$ | 1 |
| 17 | If -1 is a zero of the polynomial $p(x)=x^{2}-7 x-8$, then the other zero is <br> (a) -8 <br> (b) -7 <br> (c) 1 <br> (d) 8 | 1 |
| 18 | In a throw of a pair of dice, the probability of the same number on each die is <br> (a) $1 / 6$ <br> (b) $1 / 3$ <br> (c) $1 / 2$ <br> (d) $5 / 6$ | 1 |
| 19 | The mid-point of $(3 p, 4)$ and $(-2,2 q)$ is $(2,6)$. Find the value of $p+q$ <br> (a) 5 <br> (b) 6 <br> (c) 7 <br> (d) 8 | 1 |
| 20 | The decimal expansion of $\frac{147}{120}$ will terminate after how many places of decimals? <br> (a) 1 <br> (b) 2 <br> (c) 3 <br> (d) 4 | 1 |
|  | SECTION B |  |
|  | Section B consists of $\mathbf{2 0}$ questions of 1 mark each. Any 16 questions are to be attempted |  |
| 21 | The perimeter of a semicircular protractor whose radius is ' $r$ ' is <br> (a) $\pi+2 r$ <br> (b) $\pi+r$ <br> (c) $\pi r$ <br> (d) $\pi r+2 r$ | 1 |
| 22 | If $P(E)$ denotes the probability of an event $E$, then <br> (a) $0<P(E) \leqslant 1$ <br> (b) $0<P(E)<1$ <br> (c) $0 \leq P(E) \leq 1$ <br> (d) $0 \leqslant \mathrm{P}(\mathrm{E})<1$ | 1 |


| 23 | In $\triangle A B C, \angle B=90^{\circ}$ and $B D \perp A C$. If $A C=9 \mathrm{~cm}$ and $A D=3 \mathrm{~cm}$ then $B D$ is equal to <br> (a) $2 \sqrt{ } 2 \mathrm{~cm}$ <br> (b) $3 \sqrt{ } 2 \mathrm{~cm}$ <br> (c) $2 \sqrt{ } 3 \mathrm{~cm}$ <br> (d) $3 \sqrt{ } 3 \mathrm{~cm}$ | 1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 24 | The pair of linear equations $3 x+5 y=3$ and $6 x+k y=8$ do not have a solution if <br> (a) $K=5$ <br> (b) $K=10$ <br> (c) $k \neq 10$ <br> (d) $k \neq 5$ | 1 |
| 25 | If the circumference of a circle increases from $2 \Pi$ to $4 \Pi$ then its area $\qquad$ the original area <br> (a) Half <br> (b) Double <br> (c) Three times <br> (d) Four times | 1 |
| 26 | Given that $\sin \theta=a / b$, then $\tan \theta$ is equal to <br> (a) $\frac{b}{\sqrt{a^{2}+b^{2}}}$ <br> (b) $\frac{b}{\sqrt{b^{2}-a^{2}}}$ <br> (c) $\frac{a}{\sqrt{a^{2}-b^{2}}}$ <br> (d) $\frac{a}{\sqrt{b^{2}-a^{2}}}$ | 1 |
| 27 | If $x=2 \sin ^{2} \theta$ and $y=2 \cos ^{2} \theta+1$ then $x+y$ is <br> (a) 3 <br> (b) 2 <br> (c) 1 <br> (d) $1 / 2$ | 1 |
| 28 | If the difference between the circumference and the radius of a circle is $37 \mathrm{~cm}, \Pi=22 / 7$, the circumference (in cm ) of the circle is <br> (a) 154 <br> (b) 44 <br> (c) 14 <br> (d) 7 | 1 |
| 29 | The least number that is divisible by all the numbers from 1 to 10 (both inclusive) <br> (a) 100 <br> (b) 1000 <br> (c) 2520 <br> (d) 5040 | 1 |
| 30 | Three bells ring at intervals of 4,7 and 14 minutes. All three rang at 6 AM. When will they ring together again? <br> (a) $6: 07 \mathrm{AM}$ <br> (b) $6: 14 \mathrm{AM}$ <br> (c) $6: 28 \mathrm{AM}$ <br> (d) 6:25 AM | 1 |
| 31 | What is the age of father, if the sum of the ages of a father and his son in years is 65 and twice the difference of their ages in years is 50 ? <br> (a) 40 years <br> (b) 45 years <br> (c) 55 years <br> (d) 65 years | 1 |
| 32 | What is the value of $(\tan \theta \operatorname{cosec} \theta)^{2}-(\sin \theta \sec \theta)^{2}$ <br> (a) -1 <br> (b) 0 <br> (c) 1 <br> (d) 2 | 1 |


| 33 | The perimeters of two similar triangles are 26 cm and 39 cm . The ratio of their areas will be <br> (a) $2: 3$ <br> (b) $6: 9$ <br> (c) $4: 6$ <br> (d) $4: 9$ | 1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 34 | There are 20 vehicles-cars and motorcycles in a parking area. If there are 56 wheels together, how many cars are there? <br> (a) 8 <br> (b) 10 <br> (c) 12 <br> (d) 20 | 1 |
| 35 | A man goes 15 m due west and then 8 m due north. How far is he from the starting point? <br> (a) 7 m <br> (b) 10 m <br> (c) 17 m <br> (d) 23 m | 1 |
| 36 | What is the length of an altitude of an equilateral triangle of side 8 cm ? <br> (a) $2 \sqrt{ } 3 \mathrm{~cm}$ <br> (b) $3 \sqrt{ } 3 \mathrm{~cm}$ <br> (c) $4 \sqrt{ } 3 \mathrm{~cm}$ <br> (d) $5 \sqrt{ } 3 \mathrm{~cm}$ | 1 |
| 37 | If the letters of the word RAMANUJAN are put in a box and one letter is drawn at random. The probability that the letter is $A$ is <br> (a) $3 / 5$ <br> (b) $1 / 2$ <br> (c) $3 / 7$ <br> (d) $1 / 3$ | 1 |
| 38 | Area of a sector of a circle is $1 / 6$ to the area of circle. Find the degree measure of its minor arc. <br> (a) $90^{\circ}$ <br> (b) $60^{\circ}$ <br> (c) $45^{\circ}$ <br> (d) $30^{\circ}$ | 1 |
| 39 | A vertical stick 20 m long casts a shadow 10 m long on the ground. At the same time a tower casts a shadow 50 m long. What is the height of the tower? <br> (a) 30 m <br> (b) 50 m <br> (c) 80 m <br> (d) 100 m | 1 |
| 40 | What is the solution of the pair of linear equations $37 x+43 y=123,43 x+37 y=117$ ? <br> (a) $x=2, y=1$ <br> (b) $x=-1, y=2$ <br> (c) $x=-2, y=1$ <br> (d) $x=1, y=2$ | 1 |
|  | SECTION C <br> Case study based questions |  |
|  | Section C consists of 10 questions of 1 mark each. Any 8 questions are to be attempted. |  |
| Pacific Ring of Fire Case Study -1 |  |  |



| 41 | The distance between the point Country A and Country B is <br> (a) 4 units <br> (b) 5 units <br> (c) 6 units <br> (d) 7 units | 1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 42 | Find a relation between $x$ and $y$ such that the point $(x, y)$ is equidistant from the Country $C$ and Country D <br> (a) $x-y=2$ <br> (b) $x+y=2$ <br> (c) $2 x-y=0$ <br> (d) $2 x+y=2$ | 1 |
| 43 | The fault line $3 x+y-9=0$ divides the line joining the Country $P(1,3)$ and Country $Q(2,7)$ internally in the ratio <br> (a) $3: 4$ <br> (b) $3: 2$ <br> (c) $2: 3$ <br> (d) $4: 3$ | 1 |
| 44 | The distance of the Country M from the x -axis is <br> (a) 1 units <br> (b) 2 units <br> (c) 3 units <br> (d) 5 units | 1 |
| 45 | What are the co-ordinates of the Country lying on the mid-point of Country A and Country D? <br> (a) $(1,3)$ <br> (b) $(2,9 / 2)$ <br> (c) $(4,5 / 2)$ <br> (d) $(9 / 2,2)$ | 1 |
|  | Case Study -2 <br> ROLLER COASTER POLYNOMIALS <br> Polynomials are everywhere. They play a key role in the study of algebra, in analysis and on the whole many mathematical problems involving them. Since, polynomials are used to describe curves of various types engineers use polynomials to graph the curves of roller coasters. <br> https://images.app.goo.gl/WfcM1aRTHjiqtyT27 <br> Based on the given information, answer the questions NO. 46-50. |  |
| 46 | If the Roller Coaster is represented by the following graph $y=p(x)$, then name the type of the polynomial it traces. | 1 |




