## MARKING SCHEME

## **CLASS XII**

## **HOME SCIENCE (2022-2023)**

S.No.	Value Points	Marks
1.	b. Increase in errors	1
2.	b. Value	1
3.	a. Public Service Announcement	1
4.	d. Child centered approach	1
5.	a. Equal wages for the same work	1
6.	c. Bamboo	1
	OR	
	d. Shola	
7.	d. Peak of popularity	1
8.	d. Seeks to describe the people at work in new projects	1
9.	c. i-C, ii-D, iii-B, iv-A	1
10.	c. i-C, ii-D, iii-B, iv-A	1
11.	a. i and ii	1
12.	b. ii and iv	1
13.	b. i, ii, iv	1
14.	c. Phytochemicals	1
15.	b. i,iii,v	1
16.	c. Hemoglobin level	1
17.	c. ii. iv,v	1
18.	d. Educating and prescribing medicines to the patients	1
19.	Feeding Route to be adopted: Tube feeding	1+1=2
	Advantage of tube advantage: It is nutritionally adequate.	
20.	a. France become the center of fashion in the 18th century:	1+1/2+1/2=2
	1. Due to support from the royal court.	
	2. Development of silk industry.	
	b. Male designer- couturier	
	Female designer- couturiere	
21.	Food based strategies: Food based strategies are preventive and	1+1=2
	comprehensive strategies that use food as a tool to overcome	
	nutritional deficiencies.	
	Strategies to tackle nutritional problems:	
	1. Dietary diversification	
	2. Horticulture interventions	
	Any other, Any two	
	OR	OR
	) ON	

	Hidden Hunger: Term used to refer to micronutrient deficiency.	
	Two Conditions:	1+1/2+1/2=2
	1. Vitamin A deficiency	
	2. Anaemia	
	3. Goiter	
	Any other, Any two	
22.	Factors he should consider while taking career related decision are-	½ x 4=2
	1. One's own aptitude	
	2. Talent	
	3. Personal preferences	
	4. Needs and aspirations	
	Any other, Any four	
	OR	
	Four essential soft skills she must adopt at her workplace are-	
	1. Communicating clearly	
	2. Thinking critically and creatively	
	3. Learning effectively	
	4. Working cooperatively	
	5. Working productively	
	Any other, Any Four	
23.	Four skills required to start Food Processing Unit:	½ x 4=2
	Knowledge of food preparation	72 / 2
	2. Knowledge of product specifications	
	3. Assessment by sensory methods	
	4. Labelling and packaging of products	
	5. Industrial practices	
	Any other, Any four	
24.	Four job opportunities for print journalist	½ x 4=2
24.	Interviewing people	/2 X 4-Z
	2. Attending press conferences	
	3. Making phone calls	
	4. Covering stories	
	5. Sending stories to editors	
	Any other slogan	OD
	OR	OR
	Importance of Language skills and Computer skills:	1/2 1 2
	It helps to write technical reports and documents.	1/2x4=2
	2. To interact with people.	
	3. Sending e-mails to create story	
	4. Sharing information with people	
	Any other, Any four	

25.	Sections of house	ekeeping department:	1/2x4=2
		ing control desk	_, _,
	•	ing management	
	3. Guestroom		
	4. Public area	<del>-</del>	
	5. Linen and u	_	
	Any other, Any fo		
26.		eating rhythm in school uniform-	1x3=3
	=	of embroidery, laces, buttons, piping, etc. at necklines	
		(Gradation) by increasing or decreasing of sizes of	
		es, buttons, etc.	
		of gathers in waist, puff sleeves, etc.	
		when elements lie parallel to each other. For	
		nife pleats in skirts.	
	Any other, Any th	ree	
		OR	
	Three ways each	of creating emphasis in a kurta/kurti-	
	1.Repetition -To	emphasize a colour repeatedly use it.	
	2.Unusual lines, s	shapes or textures like unusal shape of collars, sleeves	
	3.Placement of d	ecorations on necklines, waist, etc.	
	Any other, Any th	ree	
27.		iaget and Vygotsky in context to ECCE-	2+1=3
	PSYCHOLOGIST	VIEW POINT	
	PIAGET,	Young children need a supportive	
	developmental	environment to explore phenomenon in their	
	psychologist	own ways because they have different ways of	
		understanding the world	
		An institution must realize the importance of	
		cultural context within which it operates and	
		works along with family.	
	VYGOTSKY,	The children need a concerned and caring	
	psychologist	knowledgeable adult in early childhood for creating	
	and educator	optimal environment for easy, enjoyable and	
		meaningful learning according to the child's abilities	
		and temperament	
	b. Two role of ECCE professional-		
		•	
		children, their well-being and learning.	
		knowledge about their needs.	
	development.	providing opportunities for their growth and	
	LOEVEIODIDENT		

	4.professional training for a career in early childh	ood programs	
	5. providing favourable learning conditions.		
	Any two, Any other		
28.	a.Difference between Food infection and Food in		2+1=3
	FOOD INFECTION FOOD INTO		
	, ,	f toxicated food.	
	pathogenic organisms which		
	multiply in the body and cause disease.		
		period is short	
	b. Two ways by which salmonella bacteria spread	S.	
	1. It spread through cross – contamination (W	/hen same chopping	
	board is used for raw meat/poultry and sale	ad)	
	2. Inadequate cooking		
	Any other, Any two		
29.	a. Assistant manager of front office-		3x1=3
	1. Organizes and supervises front office in abs	ence of front office	
	manager		
	2. Ensures smooth functioning of the front off	ice	
	b.Chef de parties-		
	Supervision of some sections of kitchen		
	c.Floor supervisor of housekeeping department-		
	Responsible for cleanliness and maintenance of g	uest room	
	Any other, Any one role of each		
30.	a.HACCP- Hazard Analysis Critical Control Point (	HACCP)	1+3=4
	b. Three importance of HACCP		
	Preventive approach to ensure food safety		
	2. Helps to detect hazards at any stage of pro	=	
	in order to ensure a good quality end produ		
	appropriate action at the stage where the p		
	<ol><li>Enables producers, processors, distributors utilise resources efficiently</li></ol>	s and exporters to	
	Any other, Any three		
	OR		
	a.The new Food safety Act - Food Safety and Star	ndards Act	0.5
	b.Year -2006		OR 1+1+2=4
	c.Four functions of FSSA		1+1+2=4
	<ol> <li>Framing of regulations to lay down the star for articles of food and system of enforcing</li> </ol>	=	

	<ol> <li>Laying down mechanisms and guidelines for accreditation of certification bodies for certification of food safety management system for food businesses and accreditation of laboratories and notification of the accredited laboratories.</li> <li>To provide scientific advice and technical support to Central Government and State Governments for framing the policy and rules related to food safety and nutrition.</li> <li>Collect and collate data regarding food consumption, incidence and prevalence of biological risk, contaminants in food, residues of various contaminants in foods products, identification of emerging risks and introduction of rapid alert system.</li> <li>Any other, Any four</li> </ol>	
31.	<ul> <li>a. Reasons why youth is vulnerable-</li> <li>1. Biological changes in body have an impact on the person's sense of well-being and identity.</li> <li>2. Peer pressure and pressure to excel in an increasingly competitive world</li> <li>3. When the family/environment is unable to provide positive support to the adolescent</li> <li>4. Some adolescents may consume alcohol and drugs (also termed substance abuse)</li> <li>5. Health</li> <li>Any other, Any two</li> <li>b.National Service scheme- Involve college level students in programmes of social service and national development</li> <li>c.Two activities taken up under National Service Scheme</li> <li>1. construction and repair of roads, school buildings, village ponds, tanks.</li> <li>2. related to environmental and ecological improvement like tree plantation, removal of weeds from lakes, digging pits.</li> <li>Any other, Any two</li> </ul>	2+1+1=4
	OR a. Year of SOS children's village set up- 1964 b. Functioning of SOS children's Village- 1. Provide family-based, long-term care to children who can no longer grow up with their biological families. 2. In each SOS home there is a 'mother' who looks after 10-15 children. 3. This unit lives like a family and the children experience	OR 1+3=4

		gain, which helps children to recover	
	from traumatic experiences.		
		ner, forming a supportive 'village'	
	environment.		
	Any other, Any three	16.16.11	
32.	a. Difference between consumer for		2+2=4
	Consumer forum- A place or an orga		
	protection and help them address th	ieir problems faced regarding	
	products and services.	number of sustamors (sonsumors	
	Consumer footfalls- This means the		
	who visit any given space such as a s	_	
	consumption in a country, consumer	Tootrail increases.	
	b. Inadequate information given by r	manufacturer with two evamples	
	Labels are not factually correct     Labels are incomplete.	ι	
	2. Labels are incomplete	d or too small to road	
	3. Very often their print is blurre	d or too small to read	
33.	Any other, Any two Difference between commercial laur	adry and home laundry-	1x4=4
33.		HOUSEHOLD LAUNDRY	1,4-4
		Mostly small articles of daily use	
	-	are washed at home	
		Quantum of clothes is less(5-10	
		kg)	
		Clothes are washed by hand or	
		washing machines	
	System of code tag	No need of records	
	Any other, Any four		
34.	Three basic causes and two underlying causes at household level		2+2+1=5
	contributing to under nutrition in ou		
	Basic Causes	Causes at household or family level	
	1. Quantity and quality of actua		
	resources, e.g., human resources		
	(existence of services and the way		
	they are operated and controlled).		
	2. Political, cultural, religious	, 3.Inadequate maternal and child	
	economic and social systems. This	·	
	includes status of women	4. Inadequate education.	
	<ul><li>(existence of services and the way they are operated and controlled).</li><li>2. Political, cultural, religious economic and social systems. This</li></ul>	hygiene  3.Inadequate maternal and child care practices	

	allocation of funds for programmes to solve the problems, environmental degradation and biodiversity.  3. Potential resources: environment, technology and people	5.Inadequate health services and insufficient causes at access to health services 6 Inadequate and/or inappropriate knowledge and	
		discrimination against women, elderly and girl child.	
	Any three	Any two	
	OR		OR
	Changes (in normal diet) to meet the through modified diets	medical needs of the patient	1x5=5
	1. Change in consistency and/or textu Depending on the condition, patients regular diet	s may be advised liquid, soft or	
	2.An increase or decrease in the energy calories for pregnant/lactating/athlete	e	
	3. Include greater or lesser amounts of protein in case of surgery	of one or more nutrients-increased	
	4.Frequency-Serving meals during fev 5.Changing the feeding route-Tube fe Any other example		
35.	a.Four roles and responsibilities she was fashion merchandising 1.In <i>Manufacturing</i> -Makes significant to make a piece of clothing.	·	2+1+2=5
	<b>2. Buying</b> -Becomes part of fashion m buys fashion items to be presented in	a store.	
	<b>3. Promoting</b> -The designer's product merchandising skills, production skills		
	4.S <i>elling</i> -Responsible for selling fashion to consumers.	on items to stores, which then sell	
	b. Small single unit store different from <b>Small Single-unit Store</b> is a neighbour family operated single stores  Chain stores are retail outlets that shall	hood store. These are owner and	
	Chain stores are retail outlets that sha	are a pranu anu central	

practices.	ve standardised business methods and	
c.Two courses to have a care	er in fashion merchandising-	
Certificate or diploma	In fashion merchandising can usually	
degree programme	be completed in 6 months to 1 year	
Bachelors' degrees(4 year	In fashion design or fashion	
programme)	merchandising	
Master's programme(2	In fashion merchandising that combine	
year)	a certain amount of liberal arts	
Anv two		