

Time : 2 hrs

## VI – SOCIAL SCIENCE

Total Marks : 60

## I. Choose the best answer.

(5 x 1 = 5)

1. The rule of Pandyas was followed by .....

- a) Satavahanas                      b) Cholas  
c) Kalabhra                          d) Pallavas

2. Prayog Prashasti was composed by .....

- a) Kalidasa    b) Amarasimha    c) Harisena    d) Dhanvantri

3. Which of the following lines of longitude is considered for the Indian Standard Time?

- a) 82½° E    b) 82½° W    c) 81½° E    d) 81½° W

4. The total number of lines of latitude are .....

- a) 171        b) 161        c) 181        d) 191

5. The head of a corporation is called a .....

- a) Mayor                              b) Commissioner  
c) Chair Person                      d) President

## II. Fill in the blanks.

(5 x 1 = 5)

- ..... built Kallanai across the river Kaveri.
- ....., the Pallava king was defeated by Samudragupta.
- The river ..... passes through nine countries of Europe.
- The first among the democratic countries of the world is .....
- In our contry ..... democracy is in practice.

## III. State True or False.

(4 x 1 = 4)

- Puhar was the general term for city.
- Buddhacharita was written by Asvaghosha.
- The greatest king of the Rashtrakuta dynasty was Pulakesin II.
- The Virupaksha temple was built on the model of Kanchi Kailasanatha Temple.

## IV. Match the following.

(4 x 1 = 4)

- Thennar                      -    Indo-Parthians
- Gondophernes              -    Equator
- 0° latitude                  -    Permanent Unit
- Grama Sabha                -    Pandyas

## V. Circle the odd one:

(2 x 1 = 2)

- Pushyamitra, Vasudeva, Simuka, Kanishka
- Torrid Zond, Time Zone, Temperature Zone, Frigid Zone.

## VI. Answer in one (or) two sentences:

(4 x 1 = 4)

- Name any three poetic works of Kalabhra period.
- What was the most important and famous king of Sakas?
- Name the ruler of Kanva dynasty.
- Name a second order landform.

## VII. Answer in Breiefly: (any six)

(6 x 2 = 12)

- Name any two archaeological sites related to Sangam period.
- Given an account of the achievements of Kadphises I.
- What do the seals and inscriptions reveal about Gupta's military administration?
- What do you know of Gatika?
- Europ is called 'a giant peninsula'?
- What is local time?
- Define. Direct democracy.
- What are the representatives elected in a village Panchayat?

## VIII. Distinguish between (any only)

(1 x 4 = 4)

- Tundra and Taiga.
- Climate in Asia and Europe.

## IX. Answer in three detail questions:

(3 x 5 = 15)

- Discuss the status of women in the Sangam Society.  
(or)  
Who was considered the best known Indo- Greek king. Why?
- Mention the importance of Fahien's travel accounts.  
(or)  
Examine Pallavas' contributions to architecture.
- Describe the mineral sources found in Asia.  
(or)  
What are the special features of Panchayat Raj system?

## X. Map Work.

(1 x 5 = 5)

a) Mark the following places in river map.

- a. Korkai    b. Kaveripoompattinam    c. Musiri    d. Uraiyur    e. Madurai

(or)

b) Mark the following in the outline map of Asia and Europe

Asia : Ural mountain, Himalayas, Pamir knot, Gobi Desert, Arabian Peninsula, Deccan plateau, River Yangtze, River Ob, Aral Sea and Lake Baykal.

Europe : The Pyrenees, Black forest, Apennines, Hungarian Plain, Caucasus Mountain, River Volga, River Danube, Strait of Gibraltar, Lake Ladoga, North Sea