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## Time Management Tips

நிணைவுகொள்ளுங்கள் :
வினாக்களை கவனமாகப் படியுங்கள் :
"வினாத்தாளில் எண்ன கொடுக்கப்பட்டுள்ளது?"
"என்ன விடை எழுதச் சொல்லி கேட்கப்பட்டுள்ளது?"
"நீ என்ன விடையை எப்படி எழுதப்போகிறாய்?"
குறிப்பு :
> எழுத்துப் பியையின்றி எழுத முயற்சி செய்யுங்கள். (குறிப்பாக வினாத்தாளில் உள்ள வார்த்றதகளைப் பார்த்து எழுதும் போது எழுத்துப் பிழையின்றி எழுதவும்.)
100 மதிப்பெண்ககளுக்கான விடைகள் அணைத்தையும் எழுத முயற்சிக்கவும்.
வினா எண்ணைத் தவறாமல் குறிப்பிடவும்.
> அணைத்து வினா-விடைகளை எழுதும் விதமாக நேரத்றைத் திட்டமிடவும்.

| SSLC English Exam - 3 Hrs |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Part | Section | Qn.No. | No. of. Qns | Minutes | Total Mins. | Total Time |
| Question Paper Reading |  |  |  |  |  | 10.00 a.m.-10.10 a.m |
| Answer sheet check-up and signing procedure |  |  |  |  |  | 10.11 a.m.-10.15 a.m. |
| Part I |  | 1-14 | 14 | 20 minutes | 20 minutes | 10.16 a.m.-10.35 a.m. |
| Part II | Section I <br> Section II <br> Section III <br> Section IV | $\begin{gathered} 15-18 \\ 19-22 \\ 23-27 \\ 28 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3 \\ 3 \times 2=6 \\ 3 \\ 1 \end{gathered}$ | 9 minutes <br> 12 minutes <br> 12 minutes <br> 7 minutes | 40 minutes | 10.36 a.m.-11.15 a.m. |
| Part III | Section I <br> Section II <br> Section III <br> Section IV <br> Section V | $\begin{gathered} \hline 29-32 \\ 33-36 \\ 37-38 \\ 39-44 \\ 45 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 2 \\ 2 \\ 1 \\ 4 \\ 5 \text { Lines } \end{gathered}$ | 12 minutes <br> 12 minutes <br> 6 minutes <br> 35 minutes <br> 5 minutes | 70 minutes | 11.16 a.m.-12.25 p.m. |
| Part IV |  | 46-47 | 2 | 15 minutes | 30 minutes | 12.26 p.m. 12.55 p.m. |
| Revision |  |  |  |  | 20 minutes | 12.56 p.m.-01.15 p.m. |
| Total |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 5 \text { mins + } \\ & 180 \mathrm{mins} \end{aligned}$ | 15 minutes+3 hours |

## PROSE

| No | Prose | Author | Theme | Main Character / Speaker |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. | His First Flight | Liam O'Flaherty | Struggle of young seagull | Mother bird, Father bird, Two brothers, Sister, Young one |
| 2. | The Night the Ghost Got in | James <br> Grover <br> Thurber | Confusion in the house | Author's Grandfather, Author's mother, brother, Bodwell family, policemen |
| 3. | Empowered Women <br> Navigating The World | (A narrative) | Factors, Selection, training and expedition | Interviewer, Vartika Joshi, Pratibha Jamwal, Swathi Patarapalli, Aishwarya Boddapati, Payal Gupta |
| 4. | The Attic | Satyajit Ray | Aditya's returning the medal | Author, Aditya, Nagen uncle, Mr. Sanyal |
| 5. | Tech Bloomers | (A narrative) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Technology - A } \\ \text { boon } \end{gathered}$ | Kim, Alisha, David |
| 6. | The Last Lesson | Alphonse <br> Daudet | The last day of M.Hamel | M.Hamel, Prussian Soldiers, Author, Hauser, Postmaster, Mayor, Villagers |
| 7. | They Dying Detective | Arthur Canan Doyle | Holmes' plan to arrest Culverton Smith | Land lady, Sherlock Holmes, Dr. Watson, Dr. Ainstree, Mr. Culverton Smith, Inspector Morhen, Victor. |

## MEMORY POEM

## LIFE

Let me but live my life from year to year, With forward face and unreluctant soul; Not hurrying to, nor turning from the goal; Not mourning for the things that disappear In the dim past, nor holding back in fear From what the future veils; but with a whole And happy heart, that pays its toll To Youth and Age, and travels on with cheer.

So let the way wind up the hill or down, O'er rough or smooth the journey will be joy: Still seeking what I sought when but a boy, New friendship, high adventure, and a crown, My heart will keep the courage of the quest, And hope the road's last turn will be the best.

- Henry Van Dyke

I AM EVERY WOMAN

A woman is beauty innate,
A symbol of power and strength.
She puts her life at stake,
She's real, she's not fake!

The summer of life she's ready to see in spring.
She says, "Spring will come again, my dear.
Let me care for the ones who're near."
She's The Woman - she has no fear!

Strong is she in her faith and beliefs.
"Persistence is the key to everything," says she.
Despite the sighs and groans and moans,
She's strong in her faith, firm in her belief!

She's a lioness; don't mess with her.
She'll not spare you if you're a prankster.
Don't ever try to saw her pride, her self-respect.
She knows how to thaw you, saw you - so beware!

She's today's woman. Today's woman, dear. Love her, respect her, keep her near...

- Rakhi Nariani Shirke


## THE SECRET OF THE MACHINES

## NO MEN ARE FOREIGN

We were taken from the ore-bed and the mine, We were melted in the furnace and the pit We were cast and wrought and hammered to design, We were cut and filed and tooled and gauged to fit.

Some water, coal, and oil is all we ask, And a thousandth of an inch to give us play: And now, if you will set us to our task, We will serve you four and twenty hours a day!

We can pull and haul and push and lift and drive, We can print and plough and weave and heat and light,

We can run and race and swim and fly and dive, We can see and hear and count and read and write!

But remember, please, the Law by which we live, We are not built to comprehend a lie,
We can neither love nor pity nor forgive, If you make a slip in handling us you die!

Though our smoke may hide the Heavens from your eyes,
It will vanish and the stars will shine again, Because, for all our power and weight and size, We are nothing more than children of your brain!

Rudyard Kipling
Remember, no men are strange, no countries foreign
Beneath all uniforms, a single body breathes
Like ours: the land our brothers walk upon
Is earth like this, in which we all shall lie.

They, too, aware of sun and air and water, Are fed by peaceful harvests, by war's long
winter starv'd.
Their hands are ours, and in their lines we read A labour not different from our own.

Remember they have eyes like ours that wake Or sleep, and strength that can be won By love. In every land is common life That all can recognize and understand.

Let us remember, whenever we are told
To hate our brothers, it is ourselves
That we shall dispossess, betray,condemn.
Remember, we who take arms against each other

It is the human earth that we defile.
Our hells of fire and dust outrage the innocence Of air that is everywhere our own,
Remember, no men are foreign, and no countries strange.

- James Falconer Kirkup



## ABOUT THE AUTHOR

Liam O'Flaherty (1896-1981) was an Irish novelist and short story writer and a major figure in the Irish literary renaissance. He was a founding member of the Communist party of Ireland. A native Irish - speaker from the Gaeltacht, O'Flaherty wrote almost exclusively in English, except for a small number of short stories in the Irish language. He spent most of his time in travelling and lived comfortably and quietly outside the spotlight.

## PICTURES RELATED TO THE LESSQN



The parents and siblings were playing


They were catching fish


## PICTURES RELATED TO THE LESSON



## பாட்்் ச்யுக்க்ம்

* இப்பாடம் ஒரு இளங்கடற்பறவை முதன் முதலில் பறக்கக் கற்றுக்கொண்டதைப் படம் பிடித்துக் காட்டுக்கிறது. அப்பறவை மலலயில் ஒரு தட்டுப்போன்ற பகுதியில் தனியாக இருந்தது. அது பறக்கத் தைரியம் இல்லல. அதனுடைய பெற்றோர்கள் அதைப்பறக்கத் தூண்டியும் அது கேட்கவில்லை. அதனுடைய அம்மா அதன் வாயருகில் ஒரு மீண்துண்டைக் கொண்டு சென்றது. அது அதைப் பிடிக்க முயன்றபோது தடிமாறி கீழீநோக்கிச் செண்றது. அது இறகை அசைத்துப் பறக்க ஆரம்பித்தது. அதண் குடும்பத்தினர் அதன் களைப்பு நீங்க அதற்கு மீண் கொடுத்தன.


## TEXT TRANSLATION


#### Abstract

HIS FIREST FLIGHT The young seagull was alone on his ledge. His two brothers and his sister had already flown away the day before. He had been afraid to fly with them. Somehow, when he had taken a little run forward to the brink of the ledge and attempted to flap his wings, he became afraid. The great expanse of sea stretched down beneath, and it was such a long way down - miles down. He felt certain that his wings would never support him; so he bent his head and ran away back to the little hole under the ledge where he slept at night.


Even when each of his brothers and his little sister, whose wings were far shorter than his own, ran to the brink, flapped their wings, and flew away, he failed to muster up courage to take that plunge which appeared to him so desperate. His father and mother had come around calling to him shrilly, scolding him, threatening to let him starve on his ledge, unless he flew away. But for the life of him, he could not move.

That was twenty-four hours ago. Since then, nobody had come near him. The day before, all day long, he had watched his parents flying about with his brothers and sister, perfecting them in the art of flight, teaching them how to skim the waves and how to dive for fish. He had, in fact, seen his older brother catch his first herring and devour it, standing on a rock, while his parents circled around raising a proud cackle. And all the morning, the whole family had walked about on the big plateau midway down the opposite cliff,

## அக்கடல் பறணை முதலில் பறந்த விதம்

இளம் கடற்காகம் தணிமமமயில் தொங்கும் பாாறயில்ல் நிய்றது. அவனது இரு சகோதரர்களும் ஒரு சகோதரியும் Gநற்று முன்்திேமே பறந்துவிட்டார்கள். அவன் பறப்பதற்கு யயந்து கொண்்டிடுந்தான். அவன் எவ்வாறறறா சிறிது தொங்குபாாறபிி் விளிம்பிற்கு ஓடி சிறகுகணள அடிக்கும்போது அவன் பயந்து கொண்்டான்். பறந்து விரிந்த கடல் கீழே நீண்டு - மமல்கள் தூரய் கீழாக இருந்தது. அவனது சிறகுகள் அவனுக்கு உதவாது என 2 றுதியாக எண்ணினாான். ஆதலால் அவன் விளிம்பில் இருந்த சிறிய பொந்திற்குள் தமலமய மடக்கிக்கொண்்ட இரவில் 2 றங்கினாான்
அவயது இரு சகோதரர்களுக்கும் அவனது சிறிய சகோதரி்கும் இவணை விட மிகச் சிறிய சிறகுகள் இருந்தø. விளிம்பி்்கு ஓடி இறகுகணள அடித்து பறந்து விட்டø. அவன் மண 2 றுதிळய ஒன்று திரட்டி பாய்வதற்கு தவறியதால் அது அவனுக்கு நம்பிக்கை இழந்ததாக தோன்றியது. அவயது தந்ணதuும் தாயு|்் அவணை சூூ்ந்ந்து கொண்்டி உரத்த குரலில் அவணை திட்டியழேதாடு நீ பறக்கவில்மல எซ்றறா்் பசியuாடு இருக்க வேண்டிம் எண பயழுறுத்திணர். ஆணால் அவணால் நகரழுடியவில்ஸ๐.
இருபத்திநாண்கு மணிி நேரத்திற்கு பிறகும் யாருும் அவன் அருகில் வரவில்ணல. நேற்று முன்தின்் நாள் முழுவதும் அவன் அவனது மெற்றோர்கள் அவஞது சகோதரர்களுக்கும் சகோதரிக்கும் சரியாான பறக்கும் கமலணயயு|்் அவர்களுக்கு அயலகளூக்குள் குதித்து மீண் பிடிப்பதற்கும் கற்றுத்தருவळதயும் பார்த்துக் கொண்டிடருந்தான். அவன் உண்்மையில் பார்த்துக் கொண்டிடுந்்தது அவனது சகோதரணன மட்டுமே. அவன் ஹெரிங் மீணை பிடித்து வேகமாக விழுங்கி ஒரு பாணறயில் நிற்க அவனது பபற்றோர் பெருணமயுடன்் ஒலி எழுப்பி் கொணण்டட வட்டமடிப்பணத பார்த்தான். எதிரில் 2ள்ள
laughing at his cowardice.

வானில் சூரியன் இறங்கிக்கொண்டு தெற்கு நோக்கி உள்ள அந்த ழுயேயயில் எரிந்துகொண்டிடிர்த்து. மூந்ணதய நாள் இரவிலிருந்து ஒன்றும் சாப்படடவில்ணல. பிறகு மக்கெரேல் எண்றும் டீனின்் வால் வெகு தூர முயையில் காய்ந்து கிடப்பळதப் பார்த்தது. இப்பபாழுது அங்கு ஒரு சிறு துண்டு உணவு சூட இல்ணல. அவன் ஒவ்வொரு அங்குலத்திலும் அவனது சகோதரர்களும் ดொரிந்த கடின அழுக்கான யவக்கோல் சூடட்டுக்கு இணடயிலும் தேடினாா்். அவன் காய்ந்த முட்ணை ஓலிகணள துண்டு துண்டாக்கிஆான்். இது அவணணயே அவன் சாப்பிுவதற்கு சமமாகும்.
பிறகு ஒரு முணையில் இருந்து மறுமுயைக்கு மெதுவாக அழககாக ดபரிய கால்களாால் நடட்து அவமது ிெற்றோஜா தேடினான்். ஆனால் அவணுக்கு இரு முணையிலும் செங்குத்து குண்றுகளும் செங்குத்து சரிவுகளும் கீழே தடலும் இருந்தது. அது போல் அவனுக்கும் அவஞது தபற்றோர்க்கும் இாடயே ஆழாான பெரிய விரிச்் \$ருந்தது.

உறுதியாக அவனால் பறக்காமலேயே தெற்கு பக்கமாக அந்த சூரிய முணை வழியாக நகர்ந்தால் அவர்களை அடைய முடியுமா? ஆனால் பிறகு அவனால் நடக்க முடியுமா? அங்கு முணை இல்லை மற்றும் அவன் பறவை இல்லை. பிறகு அவனுக்கு மேல் அவனால் எதையும் பார்க்க முடியவில்லை. உயர்ந்த செங்குத்தான முனை மற்றும் அதன் உச்சி அடியில் இருக்கும் கடணல விட தூரமாக இருந்தது.
அவன் மெதுவாக அடி எடித்து ணைத்து முணையில் விஷிி்மப அயைந்தான்் மற்றும் ஒரு காலில் நின்றறவாறு மற்றறாரு காணல சிறகுக்கு அடியில் ஒளித்து அவன் ஒரு கண்ணண மூட அலித்து அலித்த கண்ணண பிறகு தூங்குவது போல் நடித்தாண். இப்பபாழுதும் அவர்கள் கண்டி கொள்ளவில்ணல. அவஞது சகோதரர்களும் சகோதரியும் சமவெ円ியில் தூக்கத்தில் இருப்பணத பார்த்தாா். அவனது தந்ணத அவாது வெள்ணள முதுகில் சிறகுகாை அவाது அலகால் சுத்தம் செய்துகொண்டிடுநுத்தார். அவஞது தாய் மட்டிம் அவணை பார்த்துக்கொண்்ட இருந்தார்.
அவள் சமவெளியில் ஒரு குன்றின்மேல் நின்று கொண்்டிருந்தாள் அவளது வெள்ணள மார்பு முன்தள்ளி இருந்தது. இப்போதும் அப்போதுமாக அவளது காாஷியில் இருந்த மீணன துண்டிகளாக கிழித்துக் கொண்டிடருந்தாள் மற்றும் அவளது அலகின் இருழுணぁணயயு|்் பாணறயில் சூர்மை ஆக்கிøாள். உணவில் டீதான பார்ணவ அவணை ๓பத்தியமாக்கியது. அவன் அப்பி உணாவ கிழிப்பதற்கும் அவனது அலணக தீட்டவும் ஆணைப்பட்டான்்
> 'Ga, ga, ga,' he cried, begging her to bring him over some food. 'Gawl-ool-ah,' she screamed back mockingly. But he kept calling plaintively, and after a minute or so, he uttered a joyful scream. His mother had picked up a piece of fish and was flying across to him with it. He leaned out eagerly, tapping the rock with his feet, trying to get nearer to her as she flew across. But when she was just opposite to him, abreast of the ledge, she halted, her legs hanging limp, her wings motionless, the piece of fish in her beak almost within reach of his beak.

He waited a moment in surprise, wondering why she did not come nearer, and then maddened by hunger, he dived at the fish. With a loud scream, he fell outwards and downwards into space. His mother had swooped upwards. As he passed beneath her, he heard the swish of her wings.

Then a monstrous terror seized him and his heart stood still. He could hear nothing. But it only lasted a moment. The next moment, he felt his wings spread outwards. The wind rushed against his breast feathers, then under his stomach and against his wings. He could feel the tips of his wings cutting through the air. He was not falling headlong now. He was soaring gradually, downwards and outwards. He was no longer afraid. He just felt a bit dizzy. Then, he flapped his wings once and he soared upwards.
He uttered a delightful scream and flapped them again. He soared higher. He raised his breast and banked against the wind. 'Ga, ga, ga. Ga, ga, ga.' 'Gawloolah.' His mother swooped past him, her wings making a loud noise. He answered her with another scream. Then, his father flew over him screaming. Then, he saw his two brothers and sister flying around him, soaring and diving.

Then, he completely forgot that he had not always been able to fly, and commenced to dive and soar, shrieking shrilly.

He was near the sea now, flying straight over it, facing out over the ocean. He saw a vast green sea beneath

அவன் சிறிய ஒலி எழுப்பினான். அவனது அம்மாவும் ஒலி எழுப்பினாள் மற்றும் அவணை பார்த்தாள்.
‘க, க, க,’ அவன் அழுதான், அவனது அம்மாவை சிறிது
உணவை மேலே கொண்டு வருமாறு கேட்டான். அவள் நக்கலாக கவ்ல் - ஒல் ஆஹ என்று கத்திணாள். ஆணால் அவன் சோகமான குரலில் கொஞ்ச நேரம் கத்தியவன் ஒரு சில நிமிடங்களில் மகிழ்ச்சியால் கத்தினான். அவன் அம்மா சிறு துண்டு மீணன எடுத்துக்கொண்டு அவனுக்கு குறுக்காகப் பறந்தாள். அவன் ஆர்வமாக சாய்ந்து கால்களால் பாறறயில் தட்டினான். அவன் அவள் அருகில் செல்ல முயற்சித்தான். மற்றும் அவள் அருகில் வந்தாள். அவள் அவன் அருகில் உள்ள எதிர் முணையில் அசைவற்று நின்றாள். அவளது அலகில் மீண் அவன் அருகில் இருந்தது.
அவன் ஆச்சரியத்தில் ஒரு நிமிடம் காத்திருந்தான், ஏன் அவள் அருகில் வரவில்லை என வியந்தான். மற்றும் பசியால் பைத்தியமானான். அவன் மீணின் மீது தாவினான். பெரும் சூச்சலுடன் அவன் பாணறயின் पிவளியே விழுந்து கீழே இருந்த வெற்றிடப் பள்ளத்தை இநாக்கிப் போனாண். அவனது அம்மா கீழ் இருந்து கமலாக எழும்பினாள். அவளுக்கு கீழாக பறக்கும் பொழுது அவளது இறகிண் ஒலியை அவனால் கேட்க முடிந்தது.
பிறகு ஒரு அசுரத்தனமான பயம் அவனது இதயத்தில் உாறந்து இருந்தது. அவனால் ஒன்றும் கேட்க முடியவில்லல. ஆனால் அது ஒரு நிமிடத்துக்குத்தான் இருந்தது. அவ்ன இறகு வெளிப்புறமாக விரிக்கப்பட்டு இருப்பதை பார்த்தான். காற்று அவனது இறகில் மோதியது. அவன் மேலும் கீழுமாக மேல் எழும்பி பறந்தான்். அவனிடம் பயம் இல்லல. அவன் மயக்க நிலையை அடைந்து பிறகு இறக்கையை அடித்தவாறு மேல் நோக்கி எழுந்தான்.

அவண் சந்தோஷமான ஒலிணை எழுப்பினான் மற்றும் இறகுகளை அடித்துக்கொண்டான். அவன் மேல் நோக்கி எழுந்து அவனது மார்பில் காற்றின் மோதியது ‘க, க க க க க கவ்ளுள்-ஆஹ்’ அவனது அம்மா கீழிருந்து மேலாக அவனை எழுப்பினாள். அவன் அவனது அம்மாவிற்கு ஒலி மூலம் பதில் அளித்தாண். அவனது அப்பா அவனுக்கு மேல் ஒலி எழுப்பியவாறு பறந்தார். பிறகு அவனது சகோதரர்கள் மற்றும் சகோதரி அவனை சுற்றி பறந்து மேலும் கீழுமாக கர்ணம் அடித்தனர்.

அவனால் பறக்க முடியாது என்பறை முழுவதுமாக மறந்து விட்டான். அவன் கர்ணம் அடித்துக் கொண்டே சூச்சலிட்டான்.

அவன் கடலின் அருகில் அதன் மேலாக கடலைப் பார்த்தவாறு பறந்தான். அவனுக்கு கீழாக பசும் கடலில்


#### Abstract

him, with little ridges moving over it; he turned his beak sideways and crowed amusedly. His parents and his brothers and sister had landed on this green floor in front of him. They were beckoning to him, calling shrilly. He dropped his legs to stand on the green sea. His legs sank into it. He screamed with fright and attempted to rise again, flapping his wings. But he was tired and weak with hunger and he could not rise exhausted by the strange exercise. His feet sank into the green sea, and then his belly touched it and he sank no farther. He was floating on it. And around him, his family was screaming, praising him, and their beaks were offering him scraps of dog-fish.


He had made his first flight.

சூர்முனைகள் நகர்வஞை பார்த்தான். அவன் அவனது அலகை சாய்வாக வேடிக்கையுடன் பெரும் வெற்றி சூச்சலிட்டான். அவனது பெற்றோரும் சகோதர்கள் மற்றும் சகோதரி பசும் தணையில் அவனது முன்னாக நின்றனர். அவனை ஊக்குவிக்கும் விதமாக உற்சாக சூச்சல் இட்டனர். அவன் கடலில் நிற்க முயற்சித்தான். கால்கள் கடலில் மூழ்கியது அவன் பயத்தில் கத்தியவாறு மேலெழ முயற்சித்தான். ஆனால் அவன் பசியால் மயக்கமாக இருந்தாலும் அந்த பயிற்சி புதியதாக இருந்தாலும் அவனால் முடியவில்லை. அவன் பசுங்கடலில் மூழ்கியது போல் உணர்ந்தான். பிறகு அவன் வயிறு கடலைத்தொட்ட பிறகு அவன் மூழ்கவில்லை. அவன் அதன் மீது மிதந்தான். மற்றும் அவனுக்கு மேல் அவண் குடும்பம் பறந்தது, வாழ்த்தியது. அவர்கள் அவர்களது அலகால் டோஃபிஷ்-ஐ அவனுக்கு வழங்கினர்.

அவன் முதல் பறத்தலை செய்துவிட்டான்.

## SYNONYMS

| Word | Synonyms | தமிழ் அர்த்தம் |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ledge (n) | - shelf, sill, mantel piece, a narrow shelf that juts out from a vertical surface | - உயரமான ஒரு பாணறயில் ஒரு திட்டு |
| Shrilly (adv) | - producing a high-pitched and piercing voice or sound, loudly and forcefully, | - சூரிய அலறல் சத்தம் |
| Herring (n) | - a long silver fish that swims in large groups in the sea, | - ஒருவணை வெள்ளி நிற கடல்மீซ் |
| Devour(v) | - to eat something eagerly and in large amount so that nothing is left, eat greedily, eat immoderately, | - விळரவாக உணாவ விழுங்குதல். |
| Cackle (n) | - sharp, broken noise or cry of a goose or sea gull, | - கொக்கரிப்பு / அலறல் சத்தம் |
| Mackerel (n) | - a sea fish with a strong taste, often used as food, | - கானாங்கெளுத்தி மீன் |
| Gnaw (v) | - to bite or chew something repeatedly, | - கடித்து சுவைத்தல் |
| Trot (v) | - to run at a moderate pace with short steps, | - நிதானமான சின்னா காலடிகளில் ஓடுதல் |
| Precipice (n) | - a very steep side of a cliff or a mountain, | - செங்குத்துபாறை |
| Whet (v) | - to sharpen | - சூ兀்் செய்தல் |


| Preening (v) | - cleaning feathers with beak | - சிறகுகளை அலகு கொண்டு சுத்தம் செய்தல் |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Plaintively (adv) | - sadly, calling in a sad way | - வருத்தத்துடன் அழைத்தல் |
| Swoop (v) | - to move very quickly and easily through the air, | - காற்றில் பாய்ந்து செல்லுதல் |
| Beckoning (v) | - making a gesture with the hand or head to encourage someone to approach or follow, | - சைகையால் ஒருவரை அழைத்தல் |
| Nightfall | - the onset of night | - இரவுக் காலம் |
| cliff | - rock face | - செங்குத்தான பாறை |
| cowardice | - lack of bravery or timidity | - கோழைத்தனம் |
| ascending | - rising | - ஏறுவாிசை |
| blazing | - burning | - எாிகின்ற |
| scrap | - particle, piece | - துண்டு / துகள் |
| hatched | - incubated | - அடை காத்தல் |
| gnawed | - to bite or cheur | - கடித்துக் கொண்டு |
| trotted | - run at a moderate pace / walking fastly | - பெருநடை / வேகமான நடை |
| precipice | - rock face | - செங்குத்துப் பாறை / பாறறயயின் சாிவு |
| Expanse | - area, stretch | - பெரும் பரப்பு / விாிவடைந்த பரப்பு |
| Bink | - edge, margin | - ஓரம் |
| Plunge | - dive, jump | - வீழ்ச்சி |
| Muster up | - assemble, raise | - சேர் |
| Desperate | - distressed | - நம்பிக்கையற்ற |
| Shrilly | - sharp, piercing | - கிரீச்சென்ற |
| Cliff | - Rock face | - குன்று |
| Daintily | - Attractive | - எழில் நயம் வாய்ந்த |
| Starve | - famine, lack of food | - பட்டினி |
| Skim | - remove | - நீக்கு |
| devour | - eat hungrily | - விரைவாக விழுங்கு |
| Plateau | - upland, plains | - பீடபூமி |
| crack | - split | - வெடிப்பு |
| pretended | - fake | - பாசாங்கான |
| dozing | - sleepy, drowsy | - அரைத் தூக்கம் |
| hump | - bulge | - திமில் |
| thrust | - push | - உந்துதல் |


| tore | - split | - கிழி |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| scraped | - frayed | - தேய்க்கப்பட்ட |
| limp | - walk lamely | - சோர்வான நடை |
| swoop | - jump | - திடீர்த் தாக்குதல் / குதித்தல் |
| swish | - hiss | - மென்மையான ஒலி |
| monster | - giant | - அசுரன் |
| terror | - fear | - திகில் |
| soaring | - rising | - உயரும் |
| Swoop | - fly down | - கீழே பறக்க |
| commence | - begin | - துவக்கம் |
| vast | - huge | - பரந்து விாிந்த |
| amusedly | - interestingly | - ஆர்வத்தோடு |
| sank | - submerge | - மூழ்கடித்தது |
| exhausted | - tired | - சோர்வடைந்த |
| Screaming | - loud noise /shouting | - அலறுதல் |
| Praise | - admiration | - பாராட்டு / புகழ்ச்சி |
| Beaks | - birds jaw | - பறவை அலகு |
| Belly | - the underside of the bird | - வயிறு |
| Ocean | - large expanse of water | - பெருங்கடல் |
| Sideways | - from the side | - பக்கவாட்டாக |
| Maddened | - Become mad; crazy | - பைத்தியம் பிடித்த நிலை |
| Monstrous | - Very big | - பிரம்மாண்டமான |
| Cowardice | - Lack of courage | - கோழைத்தனமான |

## ANTONYMS

| Word | Antonyms | Word | Antonyms |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| coward | X brave | ascending | X descending |
| starve | X well fed, full | huge | X small |
| sank | X float | rising | X falling |
| certain | X uncertain | desperate | X hopeful |
| proud | X humble | halted | X started |
| praising | X abusing | commence | X conclude |
| end | X start | hidden | X visible |
| farther | X within | forward | X backward |
| joyful | X sorrowful | forgot | X remember |


| interestingly | X uninterestingly | praise | X scold |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| plaintively | X joyfully | wide | X narrow |
| forward | X backward | top | X bottom |
| high | X low | strange | X common |
| loved | X hated | floating | X sinking |
| commenced | X ended | Exhausted | X energised |
| Hump | X Flat | Plunge | X Ascent |
| Seized | X released | Sheer | X gradual |
| Whet | X blunt | Mockingly | X respectfully |
| gnawed | X joined / constructed |  |  |

## TEXTUAL QUESTIONS

## Answer the following questions:

1) Why did the seagull fail to fly?
(MAY -2022)(JUNE-23)
His wings were very small. He was afraid to dy.
2) What did the parents do, when the young seagull failed to fly?

They Scolded him. They made him starve.
3) What was the first catch of the young seagull's elder brother?

His first catch was a herring.
4) What did the young seagull manage to find in his search for food on the ledge?

It found Mackerel's tail and dried eggshell.
5) What did the young bird do to seek the attention of his parents?
(SEP-2021)
He walked to and fro. Then he pretended to sleep.
6) What made the young seagull go mad?
(APRIL-23)
The sight of the food made him go mad.
7) Why did the young bird utter a joyful scream?

His mother came to him with a fish. So he uttered a joyful scream.
8) A Did the mother bird offer any food to the young bird?
(AUG-2022)
No, she didn't.
9) How did the bird feel when it started flying for the first time?

He cried happily. He started flying upwards.
10) What did the young bird's family do when he started flying?

They flew around him happily. They gave him a dogfish.

1) How was the young seagull's first attempt to fly? (or) Why dis the young seagull fail to fly?

He tried to flap his wings. But he was afraid to fly. Because his wings were very small. (PTA 2)
2) How did the parents support and encourage the young seagull's brothers and sister?

They taught them to skim the waves and to dive for fish.
(PTA 4, 5)
3) Give an instance that shows the pathetic condition of the young bird.

He was afraid to fly. He was alone on his ledge. He was hungry.
4) How did the bird try to reach its parents without having to fly?

He walked to and fro. He looked for a way to reach his parents.
5) Do you think that the young seagull's parents were harsh to him? Why?

No, they weren't. They wanted him to fly somehow.
6) What prompted the young seagull to fly finally?
(MDL - 19, PTA - 1)
The sight of the food prompted him to fly.
7) What happened to the young seagull when it

He was floating on the water.
anded on the green sea?

## PARAGRAPH QUESTIONS

B. Answer the questions in a paragraph of 100-150 words.
(TEXT PAGE - 6)

1) Describe the struggles undergone by the young seagull to overcome its fear of flying.
(AUG-2022) (MDL-19, PTA 2, 4, 5, SEP -2020)(APRIL-23) (JUNE-23) or
Explain the experience of the young seagull in "His First Flight" Written by Liam O' Flaherty. (MDL-2023) (MAY -2022)

| Lesson | : His First Flight |
| :--- | :--- |
| Author | : Liam O' Flaherty |
| Theme | : Struggle of Young Seagull |

The young birds wings were very small. He flapped his wings. He tried to fly. But he was afraid. His parents scolded him. They left him alone on his ledge. They gave him no food. He was hungry. Then his mother came to him with a fish. He tried to grab it. But he couldn't reach her. He was maddened by hunger. He spread his wings. Then he was caught with fear. But he flapped his wings again. Finally he made his first flight. Thus he overcame the fear of flying.

Moral: Efforts bring us success.
2) Your parents sometimes behave like the young bird's parents. They may seem cruel and unrelenting. Does it mean that they do not care for you? Explain your views about it with reference to the story.

My parents are sometimes harsh to me. I used to feel bad about it. Sometimes they seem cruel and indifferent. It does not mean that they do not care for me. From this story, I understand it is for my well-being. They want me to learn life's lessons. They want me to do everything on my own. They teach me to how be responsible.

Moral: Parents are our first teachers.

## SPECIAL PARAGRAPH

## FOR GIFTED STUDENTS

## Introduction:

| Lesson | : HigFirst Flight |
| :--- | :--- |
| Author | : Liam O' Flaherty |
| Theme | : Struggle of young seagull |

His first flight is the story of a young bird. He was timid at first. Later he overcame his fear. Let us see about it.

## The young bird's fear:

The seagull is a sea bird. He has to dive into the sea for food. But he was afraid to fly. His siblings flew fearlessly. His parents taught them to fly. But the young bird had no courage. He did not trust his wings. He didn't even make a try. His parents scolded him. He was very sad.

## Mother's plan to make him fly:

His mother left him alone. She gave him no food. The young bird was helpless. Suddenly his mother came with a fish. He was happy. He thought she was going to feed him. But she was not.

## The first flight:

The bird was maddened. He was very hungry. He dived at the fish. But the mother flew upward. He couldn't reach her. Fear caught him. But he had already started flying. He made his first flight.

## Family's reaction:

The young seagull's family was very happy. They flew around him. They encouraged him. They gave him scraps of dog fish.

Moral: Overcome fear by courage.

## FOR AVERAGE STUDENTS

| Lesson | : His First Flight |
| :--- | :--- |
| Author | : Liam O' Flaherty |
| Theme | : Struggle of young seagull |

His first flight is the story of a young sea bird. He was afraid to fly. He did not trust his small wings. His siblings flew without fear. But he was not brave. His parents scolded him. They left him alone. They made him starve. But he did not try to fly. His mother thought of a plan. She came near him with a fish. The seagull felt happy. But she did not give him the food. He went mad. He flapped his wings. He dived at the fish. He started flying. It was his first flight. His family members were happy. They flew around him. Thus he overcame his fear of flying.

Moral: Overcome fear by courage.

## FOR SLOW LEARNERS

> His first flight is the story of a young seagull.
> He was afraid to fly.
> He had no courage.
> His parents left him alone.
> They gave him no food.
> He was helpless.
> Then his mother showed him a fish.
> He tried to reach her.
> . But she flew upward.
> . He flapped his wings and started to fly
> . It was his first flight.

Moral: Overcome fear by courage.

| TEXTUAL EXERCISES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Vocabulary |  |  |  | Width | Widen | Wide | Widely |
| C. Change the parts of the given words in the chart. |  |  |  | Madness | Madden | Mad | Madly |
| Noun | Verb | Adjective | Adverb | Perfection $\quad$ Perfecting Perfect ${ }^{\text {P }}$ Perfectly |  |  |  |
| Exhaustion | Exhaust | Exhausted | Exhaustedly |  |  |  |  |

D. Read the following sentences and change the form of the underlined words as directed.

1. His family was screaming and offering him food.(to adjective)

The screaming family offered him food.
2. The young seagull gave out a loud call. (to adverb)

The young seagull gave out a call loudly.
3. The bird cackled amusedly while flying.(to noun)

The bird cackled in amusementwhile flying.
4. The depth of the sea from the ledge scared the seagull.(to adjective)

The deep sea from the ledge scared the seagull.
5. The successful flight of the bird was a proud moment for the seagull's family.(To verb)
It was a proud moment for the seagull's family to see the bird fly successfully.
E. Use the following words to construct meaningful sentences on your own.

1. Coward : The bird was a coward and was afraid.
2. gradual : It was a gradual process.
3. praise : The mother was all praise for the bird.
4. courageous : The brothers were courageous and flew away instantly.
5. starvation :The seagull feared that he would die of starvation.

## Listening

F. *Here is a travelogue by the students of Government Girls Higher Secondary School, Pattukkottai after their trip to Darjeeling. Listen to the travelogue and answer the following questions.
i). fill in the blanks with suitable words.

1. The students visited Darjeeling city.
2. Kanchenjungais the third highest mountain in the world.
3. Tigerhill is 13 km away from Darjeeling
4. The drinking water is supplied by Senchal lake to the city.
5. After Senchal lake, they visited Batasia Loop.
ii) Do you think they had a memorable and enjoyable school trip?

Yes they had a memorable school trip to Darjeeling. They visited many places in the hill station..
iii) Name a few places that you wish to visit with your classmates as a school trip.
I wish to visit Valparai and Ooty with my classmates
iv) State whether the following statements are True or False.

1. As the sky was cloudy, they could get the glimpse of the Mount Everest. -False.
2. The toy train covers 14 km in three hours. - True.
3. Tiger hill has earned international fame for the best sunset view.

- True.


## Speaking

G. Here is a dialogue between a father and his daughter, Continue the dialogue with at least five utterances and use all the clues given above.
Father : Hi Mary, it has been a very long time since we went on a trip. Let's plan one.
Mary : Yes, dad. I too long to go.Why don't we plan one for this weekend?
Father : Sure. Tell me, where shall we go?
Mary : Some place nearby but for at least two days.
Father : Hmm... I think we should go to the reserved forest nearby.
Mary : Yeah. I've never been to a forest I have seen a forest only on TV and movies. The forest is a good choice!
Father : OK, If we are going to the forest, we must list out what we should carry with us for two days.
Mary : I think we should carry suitable clothes like long sleeve shirts, long socks, quick dry wear, cotton scarfs etc
Father : What about the food? Do you have any idea, Mary?
Mary : Yeah. For food, I suggest fruits and nuts
Father : Should we carry any special equipment and survival kit?
Mary : Yes, Of course, we need to carry knife, rope, tent equipment and torch light

## Reading

H. Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow.

1. What is Bungee jumping?

Bungee jumping is an activity that involves jumping from a tall structure while connected to a long elastic cord.
2. Can Bungee be performed from a movable object? How?

Yes. It should have the ability to hover above the ground like helicopter and hot-air- balloon.
3 When do you think Bungee becomes thrilling?
The thrill comes from the free-falling and the rebound.
4. What is the experience when one falls off the platform?

When the person jumps, the cord stretches and the jumper flies upwards again as the cord recoils, and continues to oscillate up and down.
5. Where is the Bungee jumping point located in India?

Mohan Chatti Village in Rishikesh
6. What is the minimum age to Bungee jump?

12 years of age

## Writing

I. Prepare attractive advertisements using the hints given below:

1. Home appliances - Aadi Sale - 20-50\% - Special Combo Offers - muthusamy \& co., Raja street, Ginghee.

## Advertisement


2. Mobile Galaxy - Smart phones - accessories - SIM cards - Recharge - Free Power banks on Mobile purchase - No.1, Toll Gate,Trichy


## Report writing

J. Write a report of the following events in about 100-120 words (Text page 11)

1. Educational Development Day' was organized in your school on $15^{\text {th }}$ July. The district collector was the Chief Guest of the event. As part of the event, many competitions were held and the prizes were distributed to the winners and participants. It was a grand and successful event. Now, as the member of the organizing committee, write a report on the event in about 120 words.

This is the report of the "Educational Development Day" organised by Government High school, Poondi on March 15, 2021. This event was organised to create awareness about benefits of Education and literacy in general. Students and parents from the village attended the programme. The event began with the prayer song by the students of class X. Then the Head Master welcomed the gathering and spoke about the importance of education. The chief guest of the day delivered the key note address and highlighted the importance of education and the need for life skills. A book was released by the chief guest about the need for education in the current scenario. The meeting came to an end with the vote of thanks by a student of class IX.
2. You are the School pupil Leader. You have been asked to write a report on the Inaugural Ceremony of English Literary Association of your school which was held recently. Write a report on the same in not more than 120 words.

Government Higher secondary school, vallam, inaugurated the English literary association on the $26^{\text {th }}$ of March 2021. An exhibition on the importance of English was exhibited by our students. The Head Mistress inaugurated the exhibition. Schools from nearby villages visited our school. Various competitions were conducted to develop their skills in their English language. Prizes were distributed to the winners of the competition. Many students actively participated in the competition. The valedictory function was held in the evening and the language teacher proposed the vote of thanks. The programme came to an end with the national anthem.
3. You are the Coordinator of the Science Forum of your school. An event had been organized on account of National Science Day for the members of the forum. Now, write a report on the observation of " National Science Day" at your school.

National science Day was celebrated in our school with great fanfare. A renowned scientist from ISRO presided over the function. He inaugurated the function and spoke about the importance of scientific temper among the students. There was interaction among the students and they asked a few questions to the chief guest. It was followed by a demonstration of few science experiments. Students were able to understand a few concepts in science through the experiments. The Head master felicitated the chief guest with a memento. The science teacher of the school proposed the vote of thanks. The programme came to an end with the national anthem by the school students.

## Grammar

A. Complete these sentences using appropriate modals. The clues in the brackets will help you.

1. When I was a child, I could climb trees easily but now I can't. (ability in the past)
2. I will win this singing contest (determination)
3. You may buy this book. It is worth buying (advice or suggestion)
4. Poongothai can speak several languages.(ability in the present)
5. I swear I shall not tell lies again (promise)
6. My father used toplay badminton in the evenings when he was at college (past habit)
7. You should do as I say! (command)
8. can I have another glass of water? (request)
9. Sibi has not practised hard but he could win the race (possibility)
10. We ought to preserve our natural resources.(duty)
B. Rewrite the following sentences by rectifying the errors in the use of modals.
11. Would I have your autograph?

Can I have your autograph?
2. I can be fifteen next April.

I shall be fifteen next April.
3. Take an umbrella. It should rain later.

Take an umbrella. It may rain later.
4. The magistrate ordered that he might pay the fine.
The magistrate ordered that he should pay the fine.
5. Make me a cup of tea, shall you?

Make me a cup of tea, will you?
6. You may speak politely to the elders.

You should speak politely to the elders.
7 You will get your teeth cleaned at least once a year.
You need to get your teeth cleaned at least once a year.
8. We could grow vegetables in our kitchen garden but we don't do it now.
We used to grow vegetables in our kitchen garden but we don't do it now.
9. Must I get your jacket? The weather is cold. Shall I get you jacket? The weather is cold.
10. Could the train be on time?

Will the train be on time?
C. Read the dialogue and fill in the blanks with suitable modals.
Dad : Shallwe go out for dinner tonight?
Charan : Yes, Dad. We should go to a restaurant where I can have some Ice Cream.
Dad : OK, Then, I will be home by 7 p.m Mom and you should be ready by then.
Charan : Sure, We will. My friend told me that there is magic show nearby. would you please take us there?

Dad : We may not have time to go for the magic show, I suppose. If we have enough time left, we shall plan.
Charan : By the way, should we inform our gate keeper about our outing?
Dad : Yes, we should so that he need to be aware we aren't at home.
Charan : shall I call up Mom and tell her about our plan today?
Dad : You ought to. Otherwise, we might be in trouble when she returns home.
Charan : Hmm... by the time you come home in the evening, we will be waiting for you. Hope you will not be late. Bye.
D. Read the following dialogues and supply appropriate modals.

| Student | : Can we leave our bags in the class during the break? |
| :---: | :---: |
| Teacher | : Yes, you can but arrange them neatly. |
| Passenger | : My child is 6 years old. Do I have to buy him a ticket? |
| Conductor | : Yes, you must. It costs half of the price of an adult ticket. |
| Vani | : Can we go for coffee after the meeting? |
| Yog | No, I cannot I have to go hom |
| Sales man | : When shall I receive my order? |
| Customer | : I cannot assure you sir, the order may be delivered tomorrow. |
| Neela | : Do you think I should write about my education background in the resume? |
| Preethi | : You must you may get a better job. |

E. Here are a few sentences already done for you. The clues given would be helpful to / makemore sentences on your own.

1. I would suggest that you take the Uzhavan Express to Thanjavur from Chennai
2. You will be more comfortable if you could book 3 tier A/C
3. You could enjoy visiting the world famous Big Temple.
4. You should visit the museum which is next to the Big temple.
5. You mustn't miss the Saraswathi Mahal Library which has a huge collection of ancient literature
6. You can buy the dancing doll and bronze statues near the Big temple
7. You may also visit the kallani dam which is a few kilometers from Thanjavur
8. You shouldn't miss the Poondi Church which is an architectural marvel.
9. You must visit the place which has beautiful medieval design and architecture.
10. If time permits you can visit Kumbakonam.

Active and passive voice
(Text page 14)
F. Change the following sentences to the other voice.

1. The manager appointed many office assistants.

Many office assistants were appointed by the manager.
2. You are making a cake now.

A cake is being made by you now.
3. That portrait was painted by my grandmother.

My grandmother painted the portrait.
4. Malini had bought a colourful hat for her daughter.
A colourful hat had been bought by Malini for her daughter.
5. They have asked me to pay the fine.

I have been asked to pay the fine.
6. The militants were being taken to prison by the police.
The police were taking the militants to the prison.
7. His behavior vexes me.

I am vexed by his behavior.
8. Rosy will solve the problem.

The problem will be solved by Rosy.
9. Our army has defeated the enemy.

The enemy has been defeated by our army.
10. The salesman answered all the questions patiently.
All the questions were answered by the salesman patiently.
G. Change the following into passive voice.

1. Please call him at once.

You are requested to call him at once.
2. How did you cross the river?

How was the river crossed by you?
3. No one is borrowing the novels from the library. The novels are not being borrowed from the library.
4. Will you help me?

Will I be helped by him?
5. Go for a jog early in the morning

You are advised to go for a job early in the morning.
6. Why have you left your brother at home? Why has your brother been left at home by you?
7. Nobody should violate the rules. The Rules should not be violated.
8. Someone has to initiate it immediately. It has to be initiated immediately.
9. Have you invited Raman to the party? Has Raman been invited to the party?
10. Please do not walk on the grass.

You are requested not to walk on the grass.
11. Cross the busy roads carefully.

You are advised to cross the busy roads carefully.
12. When will you book the tickets to Bengaluru?

When will the tickets be booked by you to Bengaluru?
H. In the following sentences the verbs have two objects namely Direct and Indirect objects. Change each of the following sentences into two passives using direct object as the subject in one and indirect in the other.

1. John gave a bar of chocolate to Jill.
a. Jill was given a bar of chocolate
b. A bar of chocolate was given to Jill by John
2. Pragathi lent a pencil to Keerthana.
a. Keerthana was lent to a pencil
b. A pencil was lent to Keerthana by Pragathi
3. Sudha told the truth to her friend
a. Her friend was told the truth
b. The truth was told to her friend by Sudha
4. They offered the job to venkat.
a. Venkat was offered the job
b. The job was offered to venkat by them
5. The boss showed the new computer to Kaviya
a. Kavya was shown the new computer
b. The new computer was shown to kaviya by the boss..
I. Rewrite the following passage in passive voice.

A few days ago, someone stole Ambrose's motorbike. Ambrose had left it outside his house.

He reported the theft to the police. The police told him that they would try to find his motorbike. This morning they found his motorbike. The police called Ambrose to the police station The thieves had painted it and then sold it to someone else. The new owner had parked the motorbike outside a mall when the police found it. After an enquiry, the police arrested the thieves.
Ambrose's motorbike was stolen a few days ago. It had been left outside his house by Ambrose. The theft was reported to the police. He was told by the police that his motorbike would be found by them. His motorbike was found by them that morning. Ambrose was called to the police station. It had been painted by the thieves and it was sold to someone else. The motorbike had been parked by the owner, outside the mall when it was found by the police. The thieves were arrested by the police after an enquiry.
J. Write a recipe of your favourite dish in passive voice. Remember to list out the ingredients of the dish you have chosen and their quantity. Use simple present tense in write your recipe

AlooChapathi is liked by me. It is prepared by mashing potatoes and other vegetables. Oil and ghee are added for extra softness. Boiled and mashed vegetables are added to make it more nutritious. Roasted cumin powder and coriander leaves are added for taste and flavor. Then it is mixed with wheat flour and made to a dough. The dough is rolled in round shape and cooked in Tava. It is accompanied with yogurt or mango pickle.
K. Write a report of an event held at your school using passive voice. Use Simple Past Tense to narrate the event.

The Annual Sports day was celebrated in our school on $15^{\text {th }}$ sep.

The District collector was the chief quest. The HM/Principal welcomed the gathering the national flag was hoisted by the chief guest. March past was performed by student. The chief guest was prescuted a moments. There was multiple sports wants. The winners were honoured with prizes. The program ended up with national anthem.



## ABOUT THE AUTHOR

James Grover Thurber (1894-1961) was an American cartoonist, author humorist,journalist, playwright, and celebrated wit. He was best known for his cartoons andshort stories published mainly in The New Yorker magazine, such as "The Catbird Seat" and collected in his numerous books. He was one of the most popularhumourists of his time as he celebrated the comic frustrations and eccentricitiesof ordinary people.


## PICTURES RELATED TO THE LESSON



The Police enquired the brothers


## MIND MAP



## பாட்் ச்யுக்கம்

* ஒரு இரவு 1 மணியளவில் இக்கதையின் ஆசிரியர் மாடியில் குளியல் தொட்டியிலிருந்து வெளியே வந்தார். கீழ்தளத்தில் யாரோ நடக்கும் சப்தம் கேட்டு அணைப் பேய் எண நினைத்தார். அருகில் உறங்கிக் கொண்டிருு்்த தன் சகோதரன் ஹெர்மேணை எழுப்பினார். அம்மா திருடர்கள் வீட்டில் நுயைந்துவிட்டார்களோ என நிணைத்தார். கீழ்தளத்திலிருந்த தொலைபேசியில் பேசப்பயந்து, ஒரு காலணியை பாட்வெல எண்பவாின் வீட்டுக்குள் எறிந்தார். கோபத்துடண் கத்திய அவாிடம் அம்மா தம் வீட்டில் திருடர்கள் நுழைந்துவிட்டார்கள் எண்றும், காவலர்களை அழைக்கும் படியும் சூறினாா். விரைவில் காவலர்கள் பூட்டிக்கிடந்த அவர்களது முன்கதவை உடைத்துத்திறந்து, திருடர்களை எங்கு தேடியும் கிடைக்கவில்லை. அவர்களை போாில் புறமுதுகிட்டு ஓடிவந்த ராணுவவீரர்கள் என நினைத்த அவர்களது தாத்தா அவா்களள துப்பாக்கியால் சுட்டார், மறுநாள் காலையில் அவர்கள் சாப்பிடும் போது, முந்மதய நாள் இரவில் தான் குடிக்கத் தண்ணணீின்றி சாப்பாட்டு அணையைச் சுற்றியதை அவர் சூறினாா்.


## TEXT TLANSLATION

## THE NIGHT THE GHOST GOT IN

The ghost that got into our house on the night of November 17, 1915, raised such a hullabaloo of misunderstandings that I am sorry I didn't just let it keep on walking, and go to bed. Its advent caused my mother to throw a shoe through a window of the house next door and ended up with my grandfather shooting a patrolman. I am sorry, therefore, as I have said, that I ever paid any attention to the footsteps.

They began about a quarter past one o'clock in the morning, a rhythmic, quick-cadenced walking around the dining-room table. My mother was asleep in one room upstairs, my brother-Herman in another, grandfather was in the attic, in the old walnut bed which, as you will remember, once fell on my father. I had just stepped out of the bathtub and was busily rubbing myself with a towel when I heard the steps. They were the steps of a man walking rapidly around the dining-table downstairs. The light from the bathroom shone down the back-steps, which dropped directly into the dining-room;

## வீட்டிற்குள் பேய் நுழை!்த இரவு

1915 ஆம் வருடம் நவம்பர் பதினைந்தாம் தேதி எங்கள் வீட்டுக்குள் தெரிந்த அந்த பேய், பார்ப்பவர்களின் கண்களில் திகிலையும் பயத்தையும் உண்டாக்கியது. இயல்பாக நடந்து சென்று என் படுக்கை அறையை அடைய முடியவில்லை. என் அம்மா எங்கள் ஜன்னலின் மீது எடுத்து எறிந்த ஷூ அடுத்த வீட்டு கதவின் மீது சென்று விழுந்தது. மேலும் என் தாத்தா ரோந்து சென்று கொண்டிருந்த காவலரை சுட்டு விடிமளவுக்கு அந்த பேயின் வருகை இருந்தது. இதனால் நான் ஏற்கனவே குறிப்பிட்டதைபோல் நான் எடுத்து வைக்கும் ஒவ்வொரு அடியிலும் மிக கவனமாக இருந்தேன்.
இரவு ஒண்்ேேகால் மணியிருக்கும். சாப்பாட்டு மேஜையை சுற்றி ஒரு தாள லயத்துடண் யாரோ வேகவேகமாக நடக்கும் ஒரு சத்தம் வந்தது. என் அம்மா ஓர் அறையில் வாசற்படியிலும் என் தம்பி ஹெர்மண் இன்னொரு அறை வாசலிலுமாக உறங்கிக்கொண்டிருந்தனர். எண் தாத்தா மேலே மாடத்தில் உள்ள அறறயில் படுத்திருந்தார். அவர் படுத்திருந்த வால்நட் மரப்படுக்கை ஒருமுறை என் அப்பா மீது விழுந்தது உங்களுக்கு நினைவிருக்கும். நான் அப்போது தான் ஒரு துண்டால் உடம்பை துடைத்துக்கொண்டே குளியலறறயிலிருந்து வெளியே வந்து கொண்டிருந்தபோது காலடி ஓசை கேட்டது. உணவு மேஜையிலிருந்து யாரோ வேகமாக வெளியேறிது போலிருந்தது. குளியலறை விளக்கு ஆடியதில் பின்

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| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| I could see the faint shine of plates on the plate-rail; I |  |  |
| couldn't see the table. The steps kept going round and |  |  |
| round the table; at regular intervals a board creaked, |  |  |
| when it was trod upon. I supposed at first that it was |  |  |
| my father or my brother Roy, who had gone to |  |  |,

'There's something down there!' I said. Instantly the steps began again, circled the dining-room table like a man running, and started up the stairs towards us, heavily, two at a time. The light still shone palely down the stairs; we saw nothing coming; we only heard the steps. Herman rushed to his room and slammed the door. I slammed shut the door at the stairs top and held my knee against it. After a long minute, I slowly opened it again. There was nothing there. There was no sound. None of us ever heard the ghost again.

The slamming of the doors had aroused mother: she peered out of her room. 'What on earth are you boys doing?' she demanded. Herman ventured out of his room. 'Nothing,' he said, gruffly, but he was, in colour, a light green. 'What was all that running around downstairs?' said mother. So she had heard the

படிக்கட்டில் பட்ட ஒளியில் சாப்பாட்டு அறறயில் மீது சிறு வெளிச்சம் தெரிந்தது.
என்னால் தட்டுகளையும் தட்டிகளை அடுக்கி வைக்கும்
அலமாரியையும் பார்க்க முடிந்தது. சாப்பாட்டு மேஜஜ கண்ணுக்கு தெரியவில்லல. அதை சுற்றி ஏதோ படி போல் தெரிந்தது. எதையோ மிதிக்கும் சத்தமும்-மரமேஜஜ சீரான இடைவெளியில் கிரீச்சிடும் சத்தமும் கேட்டது. காலடி சத்தம்கேட்டதும் இண்டியானா போலிஸ் சென்றிருந்த எண் அப்பா அல்லது சகோதரன் ராய் வீடு திரும்பும் நேரம் சரியாக தெரிவதில்லை என்பதால் அவர்கள்தான் வருகிறார்களோ என்று முதலில் நினைத்தேன். பிறகுதான் ஏதோ கொள்ளளக்காரனோ என நிணைத்தேன். அதுவரை இது பேயாக இருக்கலாம் என்ற ஒன்று என்க்கு தோனறவேயில்லை.

படிவழியாக இறங்கிய காலடி சத்தம் கேட்டு முடிந்து மூன்று நிமிடமானதும் நுனிக்காலை மட்டும் தரையில் ஊன்றி அடி மேல் அடிவைத்து மெல்ல ஹெர்மன் அறைக்குள் நுழைந்தேன். இருட்டுக்குள் அவணை தட்டி ிிமல்ல எழுப்பினேன். இருட்டானதும் ஏதோ ஒன்று வவனை பிடித்துக் கொள்கிறது என்ற பயத்தில் விட்டு கீழே ஏதோ இருக்கிறது என்று அவணிடம் சொன்னேன். அவன் எழுந்து எண்ணன பின்தொடர்ந்து பின்வாசல் படிக்கட்டில் இறங்கினான். படிக்கட்டு முடிந்திருந்தது. இடுப்பில் துண்டுடண் நின்ற எண்ணை ஒரு பயத்துடன் பார்த்தான். படுக்கசெல்வதில் குறியாக இருந்தான். அவண் தோணை நன்கு அழுத்தினேன்.
அங்கே கீழே ஏதோ இருக்கிறது என்று சொன்னேன். உடனே அந்த படிக்கட்டுகள் தொட்்ந்தன. ஏதோ ஓர் ஆள் வேகமாக நடக்கும் சத்தம் சாப்பாட்டு மேஜையை சுற்றி சுழலத்தொடங்கியது. ஒரே நேரத்தில் கனமான இரண்டி காலடி சத்தம் எங்களை நோக்கி வந்து கொண்டிருந்தது. மங்கலான விளக்கொளியில் கீழ்ப்படிக்கட்டுகள் மட்டிம் ஒளிர்ந்தன. கண்ணூக்கு யாரும் தெரியவில்லல. காலடிசத்தம் மட்டும் கேட்டது. ஹெர்மன் விரைந்து ஓடி அறைக்குள் புகுந்து கொண்டு கதவை படாரென்று சாத்திக்கொண்டான். படிக்கட்டு கதவை சாத்தி எண் முட்டியால் அமுக்கிக் கொண்டு நாண் நின்றறன். ஒரு நீண்ட நிமிடத்திற்கு பிறகு மிக மெதுவாக கதவைத் திறந்தேன். அங்கு யாரும் இல்லை. எந்த சத்தமுமில்லை. எங்களில் யாரும் பேயின் சத்தத்தை அதன்பிறகு எப்பொழுதும் கேட்கவில்லை.

நாங்கள் கதவுகளை அணறந்து சாத்திய சத்தத்தில் அம்மா தூக்கத்திலிருந்து விழித்து விட்டிருந்தாள். அவள் அறையிலிருந்து உற்றுப் பாரத்தாள். எங்களை நோக்கி "என்ன கலாட்டா பண்ணிக் கொண்டிருக்கிறீர்கள்?" எண்று கேட்டு கத்தினாள். ஹெர்மன் அவனது அயறயிலிருந்து இறுக்கமான முகத்துடன் வெளியே வந்தான். "ஒன்றுமில்லைம்மா" என்று மிகசன்னமான
steps, too! We just looked at her. 'Burglars!' she shouted, intuitively. I tried to quieten her by starting lightly downstairs.
'Come on, Herman,' I said.
'I'll stay with mother,' he said. 'She's all excited.'
I stepped back onto the landing.
'Don't either of you go a step,' said mother. 'We'll call the police.' Since the phone was downstairs, I didn't see how we were going to call the police -- nor did I want the police - but mother made one of her quick, incomparable decisions.

She flung up a window of her bedroom which faced the bedroom windows of the house of a neighbour, picked up a shoe, and whammed it through a pane of glass across the narrow space that separated the two houses. Glass tinkled into the bedroom occupied by a retired engraver named Bodwell and his wife. Bodwell had been for some years in rather a bad way and was subject to mild 'attacks'. Almost everybody we knew or lived near had some kind of attacks.

It was now about two o'clock of a moonless night; clouds hung black and low. Bodwell was at the window in a minute, shouting frothing a little, shaking his fist. 'We'll sell the house and go back to Peoria,' we could hear Mrs. Bodwell saying. It was some time before mother 'got through' to Bodwell. 'Burglars!' she shouted. 'Burglars in the house!' Herman and I hadn't dared to tell her that it was not burglars but ghosts, for she was even more afraid of ghosts than of burglars. Bodwell at first thought that she meant there were burglars in his house, but finally he quieted down and called the police for us over an extension phone by his bed. After he had disappeared from the window, mother suddenly made as if to throw another shoe, not because there was further need of it but, as she later explained, because the thrill of heaving a shoe through

குரலில் சூறினாண். அவனது முகம் வெளிறிப்போய் காணப்பட்டது. "கீழே எண்னதான் நடக்கிறது என்று மீண்டும் கேட்டாள். அவளுக்கும் காலடி சத்தம் கேட்டிருக்கிறது என்று புரிந்து கொண்டேன். நாங்கள் இருவரும் அம்மாணை பாரத்தோம். அம்மாவின் உள்ளுணர்வு ஏதோ சொல்ல "திருடன்! திருடன்!" என்று கத்தினாள். அம்மாவை அமைதிப்படுத்தும் நோக்கத்தோடு மெல்ல கீழே பாரத்தேன்.
"இங்கே பார் ஹெர்மன்! நான் அம்மாவுடன் இருக்கிறேன். அவள் ரொம்பவே பயந்திருக்கிறாள்" என்று ஹெர்மனிடம் சென்னேன். கீழே போய்ப் பார்க்க நான் முயன்றபோது அம்மா கத்தினாள். "நீந்கள் யாருமே கீழே போக வேண்டாம். போலீணைக் சூப்பிடுவோம் எண்றாள். கீழே தான் டெலிபோன் இருந்தது. போலீணை சூப்பிட வேண்டிமா?" என்றும் நான் யோசித்தேன். அதற்குள் அம்மா ஏதோ செய்ய முடிவெடுத்திருந்தது தெரிந்தது.

அம்மா அவளது படிக்கையறறயில் இருந்த ஒரு ゅன்னலுக்கருகில் விரைந்தாள். அதற்கு நேராக பக்கத்து ஞூட்டு ஜன்ணல் இருந்தது. ஒரு ஷிவை எடுத்துக் ઢொண்டாள். எங்கள் வீட்டையும் பக்கத்து வீட்டையும் பிரித்த அந்த குறுகிய இடைவெளியில் ஷறவைத் தூக்கி எறிந்தாள். அது அந்த பக்கத்து வீட்டில் மணைவியுடன் குடியிருந்த போட்வெல் என்ற ஓய்வு பெற்ற அச்சுக்கள் செதுக்குபவாின் படுக்கையறைக்குள் விழுந்தது. அவர்களது ஜன்னல் கண்ணாாி நொறுங்கி விழுந்தது. அவர் சிலகாலம் தீயவழியில் சென்றிருந்ததால் சில பாதிப்புகளுக்கு ஆளாகியிருந்தார். எங்களுக்கு தெரிந்து அங்கு வாழ்ந்த பலரும் இப்படி சிலவகையில் பாதிக்கப்பட்டவர்க்ள தான்.
நிலவில்லாத இரவின் கும்மிருட்டு. வானத்தின் வண்ணத்தை இண்றும் இருட்டாகிய கருமேகங்கள். அந்த இரவு 2 மணிக்கு போட்வெல் உடைந்த ஜன்னலுக்கருகில் வந்த ஒரு நிமிடத்திற்குள் பொங்கியெழுந்து கைகளை ஆட்டிக்கொண்டே கத்த தொடங்கினார். இந்த வீட்டை விற்றுவிட்டு நாம் மீண்டும் பையோராவுக்கே சென்று விடுவோம் என்று போட்வெல்லின் மனைவி சூறியது எங்கள் காதுகளிலும் விழுந்தது. சிறிது காலம் முன்பு போட்வெல்லுக்கும் சிறிய பகை இருந்தது. எனவே இந்த சிறு தாக்குதல் அவருக்கு கோபத்தை தூண்டியது. இப்போது இø்னும் சத்தமாக அம்மா விட்டுக்குள் திருடர்கள் என்று கத்தினாள். அம்மாவுக்கு திருடர்களைவிட பேயெண்றால் அதிக பயம் எண்ற காரணத்தினால் நானும் ஹெர்மனும் அது திருடனில்லல பேயென்று அம்மாவிடம் சொல்லாமலிருந்தோம். முதலில் தன் வீட்டுக்குள் திருடன் புகுந்துவிட்டான் எண்றுதான் அம்மா சொல்கிறாள் என்ற அச்சத்தில் இருந்த போட்வெல் எங்கள் வீட்டில்தான் பிரச்சனை என்று அறிந்ததும் ஒரு வழியாக சற்று அமைதியானார். அவரது
a window glass had enormously taken her fancy. I prevented her.

The police were on hand in a commendably short time: a Ford sedan full of them, two on motorcycles, and a patrol wagon with about eight in it and a few reporters. They began banging at our front door. Flashlights shot streaks of gleam up and down the walls, across the yard, down the walk between our house and Bodwell's. 'Open up!' cried a hoarse voice. 'We're men from Headquarters!' I wanted to go down and let them in, since there they were, but mother wouldn't hear of it. 'You haven't a stitch on,' she pointed out. 'You'd catch your death.' I wound the towel around me again. Finally the cops put their shoulders to our big heavy front door with its thick bevelled glass and broke it in: I could hear a rending of wood and a splash of glass on the floor of the hall. Their lights played all over the living-room and crisscrossed nervously in the dining-room, stabbed into hallways, shot up the front stairs and finally up the back. They caught me standing in my towel at the top. A heavy policeman bounded up the steps. 'Who are you?' he demanded. 'I live here,' I said.

The officer in charge reported to mother. 'No sign of nobody, lady,' he said. 'Musta got away - whatt'd he like?' 'There were two or three of them,' mother said, 'whooping and carrying on slamming doors.' 'Funny,' said the cop. 'All ya windows and door was locked on the inside tight as a tick.'

Downstairs, we could hear the tromping of the other police. Police were all over the place; doors were yankedopen, drawers were yanked open, windows

படுக்கை அறையிலிருந்த இன்னொரு தொலைபேசி இணைப்பிலிருந்து போலீசுக்கு போன் செய்தார்.

வெகுவி毋ரவில் போலீஸ்காரர்கள் அங்கு வந்து சேர்ந்த செய்தி நிச்சயமாக பாராட்டப்பட வேண்டிய ஒன்றுதான். ஃபோர்டுகாரை அடைத்துக் கொண்டு வந்த காவலர்கள் மற்றும் இருசக்கர வண்டியில் இரண்டு போலீஸ் காரர்கள் போக எட்டு பேரை ஏற்றிக் கொண்டு ரோந்துக்காரும் சில பத்திரிகை நிருபர்களும் வந்து சேர்ந்தனர். வந்தவர்கள் அணைவரும் எங்கள்வீட்டு முண் பக்க கதவை முட்டிக்கொண்டு நின்றனர். அவர்கள் கையிலிருந்த டார்ச் லைட்டுகள் எங்கள் வீட்டுக்கும் போட்வெல்லின் வீட்டிக்கும் இடையிலும் சுவர்களிலும் ஒளியை உமிழ்ந்து மேலும் கீழுமாக கோடுகளை போட்டுக் கொண்டிருந்தன. "கதவை திற ... ஒரு கரகரத்த குரல் கேட்டது. "நாங்கள் காவல் தலலமையகத்திலிருந்து வந்திருக்கிறோம்" அவர்களது குரல் கேட்டது. நான் வெளியே போய் அவர்களை உள்ளே அழைத்துவர எண்்ணினேன். ஆனால் அம்மா எண்ணை வெளியே விட விரும்பவில்லை. "ஜீ இன்னும் வளரவேயில்லை... போகாதே.. போனால் வவ்வளவுதாண்... அதோடு தொலைந்தாய் நீ.." எண்று ¢ூறிக் கொண்டிருந்தாள். காய வைத்த துண்டை எடுத்து மீண்டும் நான் கட்டிக் கொண்டேன். அத்தனை போலீஸ்காரர்களும் எங்களது கனமான மிகப்பொிய முன்பக்கக் கதவை உடைத்து உள்ளே நுழைந்தனர். தரையில் நொறுங்கி கிடந்த கண்ணாாடிகளுக் கிடையில் நுழழந்து எட்டிப் பார்த்தனர். மரம் உடைந்து நொறுங்கும் சத்தமும் கேட்டது. அவர்களது விளக்கொளி எங்கள் கூடத்திற்குள் ஓடி விளையாடியது. சாப்பாட்டு அறைக்குள் குறுக்கும் நெடுக்குமாக நடுக்கத்துடன் கோடு போட்டது. நுழைவாயிலுக்குள் பாய்ந்து குத்திட்டு நின்றது. முன் பக்க படிக்கட்டுகுளை துளைத்தது போல் விழுந்த அவர்களது விளக்கொளி கடைசியில் பின்பக்க படிக்கட்டுகளையும் துளைத்தது. மேலே துண்டுடண் நின்று கொண்டிருந்த என்ணை பார்த்துவிட்டனர். படியை மணறத்து நின்ற ஒரு குண்டு போலீஸ்காரர் என்்ணப் பார்த்துப் "யார் நீ!" எண கேட்டார். "நான் இங்குதான்் வசிக்கிறேன்" என்றேன்.

பொறுப்பிலிருந்த மேலதிகாரி என் அம்மாவிடம் சொன்னார். "யாரும் வந்து சென்றதற்கான எந்த அறிகுறியும் தெரியவில்லையே... வெளியேறி இருக்கவேண்டும். பார்ப்பதற்கு எப்படி இருந்தார்கள்..?" என்று கேட்டார். "இரண்டு மூன்று பேர் இருந்தார்கள்.. ஒரே சூச்சல்... கதவை பெருஞ்சத்தத்துடன் அடிக்கும் சத்தம் கேட்டது" என்றாள் அம்மா. இதை கேட்டதும் வேடிக்கையாக இருக்கு என்றார். அந்த போலீஸ்காரர். "உங்க ஜன்னல்களும் கதவுகளும் எல்லா தாழ்ப்பாளும் இறுக்கி மூடப்பட்டிருக்கிறதே...?" என்று கேட்டார்.
கீழே மிரட்டும் தொனியில் ஒரு போலீஸ் சொன்னதை எங்களால் கேட்க முடிந்தது. எங்கள் வீட்டின் எல்லா பக்கங்களிலும் போலீஸ் காரர்கள் நின்று
were shot up and pulled down, furniture fell with dull thumps. A half-dozen policemen emerged out of the darkness of the front hallway upstairs. They began to ransack the floor; pulled beds away from walls, tore clothes off hooks in the closets, pulled suitcase and boxes off shelves. One of them found an old zither that Roy had won in a pool tournament. 'Looky here, Joe,' he said, strumming it with a big paw. The cop named Joe took it and turned it over. 'What is it?' he asked me. 'It's an old zither our guinea pig used to sleep on,' I said. It was true that a pet guinea pig we once had would never sleep anywhere except on the zither, but I should never have said so. Joe and the other cop looked at me a long time. They put the zither back on a shelf.
'No sign o' nothing', said the cop who had first spoken to mother, 'The lady seems hysterical.' They all nodded, but said nothing; just looked at me. In the small silence we all heard a creaking in the attic. Grandfather was turning over in bed. 'What's that?' snapped Joe. Five or six cops sprang for the attic door before I could intervene or explain. I realized that it would be bad if they burst in on grandfather unannounced, or even announced. He was going through a phase in which he believed that General Meade's men, under steady hammering by Stonewall Jackson, were beginning to retreat and even desert.

When I got to the attic, things were pretty confused. Grandfather had evidently jumped to the conclusion that the police were deserters from Meade's army, trying to hide away in his attic. He bounded out of bed wearing a long flannel nightgown over long woolen pants, a nightcap, and a leather jacket around his chest. The cops must have realized at once that the indignant

கொண்டிருந்தனர். எல்லா கதவுகளும் அலமாரிகளும் படுவேகமாக இழுத்து திறக்கப்படும் சத்தம்கேட்டது. மரச்சாமான்கள் சரிந்து விழுந்தன. ஒரு அரை டஜன் போலீஸ்காரரகள் இருட்டிலிருந்து வெளியேறி முன்பக்கம் இருந்த நடுக்சூடத்தின் படிக்கட்டுகளை வந்தடைந்தனர். தரையைத் தோண்டித் துருவித் துழாவத் தொடங்கினர். சுவர்களிலிருந்து படுக்கைகளை இழுத்து எடுத்தனர். அலமாரிகளிலிருந்து துணிகளை உருவி கிழித்தனர். துணிப் பெட்டிகளையும் பெட்டிகளையும் எடுத்து திறந்தனர். அதில் ஒருவர் ராய் ஒரு போட்டியில் ஜெயித்து வாங்கிய சித்தார் இசைக் கருவியை எடுத்தார். ஜோ! இங்கே பாருங்க என்று அவர் காட்டிய சித்தாரில் பெரிய பாதச்சுவடு இருந்தது. ஜோ என்றறு அழைக்கப்பட்ட காவலர் திரும்பிபார்த்து பெரிய பாதச்சுவடு இருந்த சித்தாரை எண்னிடம் காட்டி "என்ன இது...?" என்று கேட்டார். நாங்கள் வளர்க்கும் ஒரு கினியா பன்றி இதில்தான் தூங்கும் என்று நான் பதில் சென்னேன். நாங்கள் வளர்த்த அந்த கினியா பன்றி இந்த சித்தாரைத் தவிர வேறெங்கும் தூங்காது எண்பது உண்மைதான் ஏன்றாலும் அந்த உண்மையை நான் போலீஸ்காரர்களிடம் தூறியிருக்கக் சூடாது. ஜோவும் அந்த இன்னொரு கபாலீஸும் என்ணை நீண்ட நேரம் பார்த்துக் கொண்டிருந்தணர். சித்தாரை மீண்டிம் அலமாரியிலேயே வைத்து விட்டனர்.
‘ஒரு குறிப்பு எதுவும் இல்லை என்றார். என் அம்மாவிடம் முதலில் பேசிய காவலர் அந்தப் பெண்ணிற்கு மணநலம் பாதிக்கப்பட்டிருக்கும்!' என்றார் அணைவரும் தலையசைத்தனர். ஆனால் எதுவும் சூறவில்லை: என்ணையே பார்த்தனர். சிறிய அமைதிக்குப் பிறகு நாங்கள் எல்லோரும் பரணில் கிரீச் என்ற சத்தத்ததக் கேட்டோம். தாத்தா படிக்கையில் புரண்டு படுத்துக் கொண்டிர்தார். "அது என்ன?" என்று ஜோ கேட்டார். நான் இடையில் பேசி விளக்கம் அளிப்பதற்கு முன்பே 5 அல்லது 6 காவலர்கள் பரணண நோக்கி விரைந்தனர். அவா்கள் திடீரென்று அறிவிப்பு செய்தோ அல்லது செய்யாமலோ நுழைந்தால் அது தவறாகிவிடும் என்பதை நான் அறிவேன். அவருடைய மஞநிலை ஒரு காலப்பகுதியிலேயே இருந்தது. அதில், அவா்கள் (காவலர்கள்) இராணூவத் தளவதி மீடேயின் ஆட்கள் எனவும், ஸ்டோன்வால் ஜாக்சன் என்பவரால் தண்டிக்கப்பட்ட இவர்கள் பின்வாங்கவோ இராணுவத்தை விட்டு ஓடவோ இருந்தவர்கள் எனவும் தாத்தா நம்பினார்.
நான் பரணை அடைந்தபோது பொருட்கள் சிதறிகிடந்தன. தாத்தா உடனடியாகத் தாவி மீடேயின் இராணுவத்தில் இருந்து வந்தவர்கள் என்ற முடிவுக்கு வந்தார். ஒளிந்து கொள்ள முற்பட்டார். படுக்கையில் இருந்து வெளியே வந்து கம்பளியால் ஆன இரவு தொப்பி மற்றும் தோலால் ஆன சட்டையை மார்பின் மீது அணிந்து இருந்தார். அந்தக் காவலர்கள் இந்த வெள்ணளமுடி மணிதன் இந்த வீட்டிற்கு உரியவன் எணப் புரிந்துகொண்்டனர். ஆனால்
white-haired old man belonged to the house, but they had no chance to say so. 'Back, ye cowardly dog!' roared grandfather. 'Back $t$ ' the lines ye goodaam Lily-livered cattle!' With that, he fetched the officer who found the zither a flat - handed smack alongside his head that sent him sprawling.

The others beat a retreat, but not enough; grandfather grabbed zither's gun from its holster and let fly. The report seemed to crack the rafters; smoke filled the attic. A cop cursed and shot his hand to his shoulder. Somehow, we all finally got downstairs again and locked the door against the old gentleman. He fired once or twice more in the darkness and then went back to bed. 'That was grandfather', I explained to Joe, out of breath. 'He thinks you're deserter.' 'I'll say he does,' said Joe.

The cops were reluctant to leave without getting their hand on somebody besides grandfather; the night had been distinctly a defeat for them. Furthermore, they obviously didn't like the 'layout'; something looked and I can see their viewpoint - phony. They began to poke into things again. A reporter, a thin-faced, wispy man, came up to me. I had put on one of mother's dress, not being able to find anything else. The reporter looked at me with mingled suspicion and interest. 'Just what the hell is the real lowdown here, Bud?' he asked. I decided to be frank with him. 'We had ghosts,' I said. He gazed at me a long time as if I were a slot machine into which he had, without results, dropped a coin. Then he walked away. The cops followed him, the one grandfather shot holding his now-bandaged arm, cursing and blaspheming. 'I'm gonna get my gun back from that old bird,' said the zither-cop. 'Yeh,' said Joe, 'You - and who else?' I told them I would bring it to the station house the next day.
'What was the matter with that one policeman?' mother asked, after they had gone. 'Grandfather shot him,' I said. 'What for?' she demanded. I told her he was a deserter. 'Of all things!' said mother. 'He was such a nice-looking young man'.

அவர்கள் ஒன்றும் சூற முடியவில்லை. கோழை நாயே திரும்பிபோ என தாத்தா கத்தினார். அல்லிப்பூ போன்ற குடல் வைத்திருக்கும் கால்நடைகளே உங்கள் இடத்துக்கே திரும்பி போங்கள் எனக் கத்தியவாறே சிதாரை எடுத்துப் பார்த்த காவலரை தனது விாிந்த கையால் ஓா் அடி அடித்து, பறந்து போய் தரையில் விழ வைத்தார்.
மற்றவர்களைக் கோபத்தால் அடித்தார். ஆனால் போதவில்லை;காவலாின் உறறயிலிருந்து துப்பாக்கியையும் தாத்தா பிடுங்கினார். சூரையை நோக்கி சுட்டு அவர்களைத் தலை தெறிக்க ஓடவிட்டார். பரணில் புகை மூண்்டது. ஒரு காவலர் நசுக்கப்பட்டு மககளிலும் தோள்களிலும் தாக்கப்பட்டார். நாங்கள் ஒருவழியாக எவ்வாறோ இறுதியில் கீழே வந்து அந்தக் கதவை தாத்தாவை உள்ளே இருக்கவிட்டு வெளியே பூட்டி விட்டோம். அவர் ஒன்று அல்லது இரண்டு முறை இருட்டில் சுட்டார். பிறகு படிக்கைக்குச் சென்று விட்டார். அவர் தாத்தா; மூச்சையடைக்க. ஜோவிற்கு คிளக்கினேன். அவர் உங்களை கொள்ளைக்காரர்கள் ஏன எண்ணிவிட்டார் !என்று ஜோவிற்கு விளக்கிஞேண். துவா் அப்படித்தான் நிணைப்பாருன்னு எனக்குத் தொியும் என்றார் ஜோ.

காவலர்கள் தாத்தாவை தவிர மற்ற யாாரயும் சிறை பிடிக்காமல் செல்வதற்காக தயங்கினார்கள். இந்த இரவு நீண்ட தோல்வியில் அவர்களுக்கு முடிந்தது. இதற்கு மேலாக முழுவதுமாக இந்த அமைப்யை விரும்பவில்லை. ஏதோ ஒன்று பாரத்தனர் - என்னால் அவர்களது நோக்கத்தைப் பார்க்க முடிந்தது - போலியாக அவர்கள் பொருள்களை உற்றுநோக்க ஆரம்பித்தனர். ஒரு பத்திரிக்கையாளர் மெலிந்த முகம். மங்கலான மணிதன். எซ்னிடம் வந்தார். நாண் எண் அம்மாவின் ஆடையை அணிந்து இருந்தேன். அவரசத்துக்கு குழப்பத்துடண் என் அருகில் வந்தார். குழந்தாய். இங்கு உண்மையில் என்ன நடக்கிறது? எனக்கேட்டார். நான் வெளிப்படையாக அணைத்தையும் கூற முடிவெடித்தேன். ‘எங்கள் வீட்டில் பேய் இருக்கிறது' என்றேன். நாணயம் போட்டும் முடிவு தராத எடை பார்க்கும் இயந்திரம் நான் என்பது போல என்ணை வெகுநேரம் உன்னிப்பாக பார்த்தார். பிறகு அவர் நடந்து சென்றார். அவாைத் தொடர்ந்து தாத்தாவால் சுடப்பட்ட காவலர்களும் பின் சென்றனர். என்னுடைய துப்பாக்கியை திரும்ப பெற போகிறேன் என்றார் ஜோ. அடித்தநாள் நானே அதை காவல் நிலையத்திற்கு கொண்டு வருகிறேன் என்று சொன்னேன்.

அந்தக் காவலருக்கு என்ன ஆயிற்று? எனக் கேட்டார் அம்மா. அவர்கள் சென்ற பிறகு. தாத்தா அவரை சுட்டுவிட்டார். என்றேன். எதற்காக? எனக் கேட்டார் அவர். ஒரு கொள்ளைக்காரர் என்று நிணைத்து விட்டார் என்றேன். அவர்கள் அணைவாிலும் அவரே அழகான

|  | இளம் மனிதன் ! என்றார் |
| :---: | :---: |
| Grandfather was fresh as a daisy and full of jokes at breakfast next morning. We thought at first he had forgotten all about what had happened, but he hadn't. Over his third cup of coffee, he glared at Herman and me. 'What was the idea of all the cops tarryhootin' around the house last night?' he demanded. 'None of you bothered to leave a bottle of water beside my bed. Do you ever realize what it cost for a thirsty man to look for water in the dining room last night?', he complained. He had us there. | டெய்சி மலர் போல புத்துணர்வுடன் தாத்தா இருந்தார் மற்றும் மறுநாள் காலை சிற்றுண்டி வேளையில் மிகுந்த நகைச்சுவை உணர்வுடன் இருந்தார். நாங்கள் முதலில் என்ன நடந்தது என்பதை அவர் மறந்துவிட்டார் என் எண்ணி இருந்தோம். ஆனால் அவர் மறக்கவில்லை. மூன்றாவது கோப்யை காப்பி குடிக்கும்போது என்ணையும் ஹெர்மணையும் வெறிக்கப் பார்த்தார். இரவில் எழுப்பிய காவலர்கள் என்ன மேலோங்கின சிந்தணையில் வந்திருந்தனர்? எனக் கேட்டார். நீங்கள் யாரும் என் படுக்கை அருகில் ஒரு பாட்டில் தண்ணfi் சூட வைக்கவில்லை. நேற்று இரவு உணவு அறையில் தாகத்தில் ஒரு மணிதன் எப்படி சுற்றி இருப்பான் என யாரும் உணரவில்லலயா? என கேட்டு எங்களை உறைய வைத்தார். |

## SYNONYMS

| Word | Synonyms | தமிழ் அர்த்தம் |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Hullabaloo | - lot of noise usually in excitement | - ஆரவாரசூ ச்சல் |
| Patrolman | - A policeman who patrols a given region | - ரோந்து |
| Attic | - Floor consisting of open space at the top of a house just below roof; often used for storage | - மேல்மாடியmை |
| Slamming | - close violently | - படாரென ஓணையுடன் மூடு |
| Gruffly | - angrily | - மூரட்டிதன்மையு\|ைைய |
| Intuitively | - without conscious reasoning | - உள்ளுணர்வுடன் |
| Whammed | - used to express the sound of a forcible impact | - பெரும்வொி ஓணை |
| Bevelled | - reduced to a slopping edge | - முளைமழுக்கு |
| Rending | - tearing to pieces | - பிளக்கின்றறன |
| Yanked | - pull or move with sudden movement | - வேகமாக இழு |
| Zither | - a musical instrument | - சிதார் |
| Guinea pig | - a tailless American rodent | - கினிபன்றற |
| Hysterical | - marked by uncontrolled emotions | மிகை உணர்ச்ச்சிக் கோளாறால் பாதிக்கப்படுகிற |
| Creaking | - making a squeaking sound | - சத்தமிடும் |
| Indignant | - feeling or showing anger | - கோபித்து |
| Holster | - holder made of leather | - கைத்துப்பாக்கி வைக்கும் தோலுறை |
| Rafter | - a beam forming part of the | - சூ ாையulல் இருக்கும் |


|  | internal framework. | இறைவாரக்கை / உத்திரம் |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Deserter | - a person who leaves the armed forcs without permission | - தப்பியோடியவர் |
| Beagle | - hound dog | - நாய் |
| Staircase | - set of steps | - படிக்கட்டிகள் |
| Gripped | - held | - இறுகப்பற்று |
| Instantly | - suddenly | - உடனடியாக |
| Rushed | - hurried | - விळரந்து |
| Slammed | - smashed | - மோதும் |
| Ventured | - came forward | - துணிந்து |
| Burglars | - robbers | - கள்வர் |
| Incomparable | - unmatched | - நிகரற்ற |
| Misunderstanding | - confusion | - குழப்பம் |
| Advent | - beginning | - வருகை |
| Cadence | - pace | - வேகம் |
| Upstairs | - floor above | - மேல் மாடி |
| Rubbing | - cleaning | - தேய்த்தல் |
| Rapidly | - quickly | - விஞைவில் |
| Faint | - faded | - மங்கிய |
| Inteval | - break | - இடைவெளி |
| Creaked | - screech | - கீரிச்சொலி |
| Trod | - walked | - நடந்து செல்லுதல் |
| Despondent | - hopeless | - நப்பிக்கைையற்ற |
| Decision | - choice | - முடிவு |
| Neighbor | - fellow citizen | - அண்டைவீட்டார் |
| Whammed | - hit hard | - பெரும் வெடி ஓணை |
| Tinkled | - chimed | - மணிபோல் ஒலி |
| occupied | - lived | - வாழ்தல் |
| Retired | - discharged | - ஓய்வுपெற்ற |
| Engraver | - print maker | - அச்சு செதுக்குஞராக |
| Shouting | - making noise | - சத்தமிடிதல் |
| Frothing | - bubbling | - கொப்பளித்தல் |
| Heaving | - throwing | - எறிவது |
| Enormously | - extremely | - அளவுகடந்த |
| Commendable | - admirable | - பாராாட்டும்படி |
| Banging | - knocking | - பேரொலி |
| Streaks | - flashes | - கோடிகள் |


| Hoarse | - rough | - முரட்டுத்தனமான |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Crisscrossed | - overlapped | - குறுக்கும் நெடுக்குமாக |
| Tromping | - walk heavily | - அழுத்தமாக பாதம் பதித்து நடத்தல் |
| Yanked | - pulled | - வேகமாக இழுத்தல் |
| Ransack | - loot | - கொள்ளையடித்தல் |
| Intervene | - mediate | - தலையீடு |
| Retreat | - withdraw | - பின்வாங்குதல் |
| Indignant | - angry | - கோபம் |
| Sprawling | - rambling | - நோக்கமின்றி சுற்துல் |
| Suspicion | - doubt | - சந்தேகம் |
| Gazed | - looked | - கருத்தூன்றிய பார்வை |
| Cursing | - scolding | - சாபம் / திட்டுதல் |
| Glared | - stared | - முறைத்தல் |
| Realize | - understand | - உணா்ந்து கொள்ளுதல் / புாிந்து கொள்ளுதல் |
| Thirsty | - desire to drink | - தாகம் |
| Deserter | - run away | - ஓடிப்போனவன் |

## ANTONYMS

| Word | Antonyms | Word | Antonyms |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Low | X high | Hopeless | X hopeful |
| Half | X full | Back | X front |
| Down | X up | Shut | X open |
| Top | X bottom | Incomparable | X comparable |
| Narrow | X wide | Bad | X good |
| Raised | X lowered | Attention | X inattention |
| Quick | X slow | Asleep | X awake |
| Upstairs | X downstairs | Remember | X forget |
| Heard | X unheard | Directly | X indirectly |
| Expected | X unexpected | Suspected | X unsuspected |
| Short | X long | Pulled | X pushed |
| Won | X lost | Big | X small |
| True | X false | Never | X always |
| Unannounced | X announced | Defeat | X victory |
| Hell | X heaven | Young | X old |
| Mild | X harsh | Imaginative | X Real |


| Hullabaloo | X Silence | Indignant | X calm |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| intuitively | X Sensibly | Shine | X gloomy |
| Defeat | X victory | Suspicion | X trust |
| Reluctant | X unreluctant |  |  |

## TEXTUAL QUESTIONS

Answer the questions briefiy :

1) Where was the author when he heard the noise?

He was in the bathroom.
2) What did the narrator think the by unusual sound was?

He thought the sound was made his father or his brother Roy.
3) What were the various sounds the brothers had heard when they went downstairs?

They heard footsteps and creaking of the board
4) Who were the narrator's neighbours?

Bodwell and his wife were the narrator's neighbours.
5) How did the Bodwells react, when a shoe was thrown into their house?

Mr.Bodwell shouted. Mrs. Bodwell said they would go back to Peoria.
6) What did the Bodwells think when they heard the mother shout?

They thought there were burglars in the house.
7) What was the grandfather wearing?

He was wearing a nightgown, woollen pants, a night cap and a leather jacket.
8) What conclusion did grandfather jump to when he saw the cops?

He thought they were deserters from General Meade's army.
9) Were the policeman willing to leave the house?

No, they were not.
10) What made the reporter gaze at the author?

The author had put on his mother's dress. It made him gaze so.

## A. Answer the following questions in a sentence or two :

1) Why was the narrator sorry to have paid attention to the footsteps?

Because it created a great confusion at midnight.
2) Why did Herman and the author slam the doors?

Because they were afraid of the ghost.
3) What woke up the mother?
(MDL-2023) (SEP -2020)(MAR-24)
The Slamming of door woke the mother up.
4) What do you understand by the mother's act of throwing the shoe?

She was interested in the thrill of throwing a shoe.
5) Why do you think Mrs. Bodwell wanted to sell the house?

Because the neighbours disturb them at midnight.
6) How the cops manage to enter the locked house?

They broke the door and entered the house.
7) Why were the policeman prevented from entering grandfather's room?

Because he would mistake them for deserters from General Meade's army. He might harm them.
8) Who used the zither and how?
(PTA 1)
The narrator's guinea pig used it. It would sleep on it.
9) Mention the events that the grandfather imagined.

The cops were General Meade's retreating men. They were trying to hide in his attic He imagined

## PARAGRAPI QUESTIONS

## B) Answer the questions in 100-150 words: (Text page 35)

1. Describe the funny incident that caused the confusion in the house.
(or) Describe the incidents that led to the rousing of the mother and the calling of the police.
Prose : The Night the Ghost Got In
Author : James Grover Thurber
Theme : Incident causing confusion

It was midnight. The author was coming out of the bathroom. Then he heard some footsteps downstairs. He thought it was the ghost. He alerted his brother Herman. They slammed the door out of fear. Their mother also woke up. She was panicked. She threw a shoe on her neighbour's window. They also began to shout. The police were sent for. They ransacked the house. Nothing was found. Grandfather mistook them for deserters from the army. He tried to attack them. At last the police left the house. Later the truth came out. The old man had come to the dining hall to drink water. It was he who made the steps.

Moral: Misunderstanding causes confusion
2) Narrate the extensive search operation made by the policemen in the house.
(PTA 1, 4)

| Prose | : The Night the Ghost Got In |
| :--- | :--- |
| Author | : James Grover Thurber |
| Theme | : Search operation on by policemen |

The police arrived at the house in short time. There were eight cops and a few reporters. They broke the glass of the door and entered the house. They searched for the burglars everywhere. They opened all the doors, drawers, and windows. They pulled the beds, tore clothes, suitcases and boxes from the closets and shelves. They found nothing but an old zither. Then they heard a creaking sound in the attic. They all rushed there. Grandfather, who was sleeping in the attic, woke up. He mistook them for deserters from Meade's army. He made a big mess over there. Finally, the police had to leave the house. They couldn't find anything. The night was a defeat for them.

## SPECIAL PARAGRAPH

## FOR GIFTED STUDENTS

Prose : The Night the Ghost Got In<br>Author : James Grover Thurber<br>Theme : Confusion in the house.

## Introduction:

The night the ghost got in was written by James Thurber. It is an interesting incident.

## The ghost or burglars?

It happened at midnight. The author stepped out of his bathroom. He heard footsteps downstairs. He thought it was the ghost. He was scared. He alerted his brother Herman. Their mother also woke up. She thought they had thieves. She wanted to call the police. The Bodwells lived the next door. The mother threw a shoe on their window. The glass shattered. Mr Bodwell got angry. Mother asked him to call the police.

## The cops and the chaos:

The police arrived in no time. They searched the house thoroughly. They found no sign of a stranger. Then they rushed to the attic. Grandfather was sleeping there. He mistook the police for deserters. He shot one of them. The police left the house.

## Reason revealed:

A reporter enquired about the chaos. The author replied that they had ghosts. The next day the grandfather revealed the truth. He got thirsty at midnight. He walked around the dining room searching for water. It was his footsteps.

Moral: Thorough investigation brings the truth.

## FOR AVERAGE STUDENTS

| Prose | $:$ The Night the Ghost Got In |
| :--- | :--- |
| Author | $:$ James Grover Thurber |
| Theme | $:$ Confusion in the house |

The author narrates a humorous incident. He heard some footsteps. It was midnight. He thought they had ghosts. He woke up his brother. The mother woke up too. She thought there were thieves. She sought their neighbour's help. They sent for the police. The police arrived on time. They searched the house. They could find no one. Then they rushed to the attic. It was grand father's place. He mistook them for deserters. He shot one of the police. The police left the house. Later the truth came out. Grandfather got thirsty at midnight. He came downstairs. He walked around the dining room. He had made the footsteps.


## FOR SLOW LEARNERS

* It is a humorous story.
* The author heard footsteps at midnight.
* They thought it was ghost.
* He alerted his brother.
* Their mother was panicked.
* The police were sent for.
* They ransacked the house.
* They found nothing.
* Later the truth came out.
* It was grandfather who made the steps

Moral: Investigation brings the truth.

## TEXTUAL EXERCISES

| Vocabulary |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| C. Look at the following expressions from the text. |  |
|  | With the help of your teacher rewrite them in <br> standard English. One has been done for you. |

1. 'musta got away
2. 'looky here, joe
3. 'No sign o' nothing
4. 'Back t' the lines ye goodaam - Back to the lines you god damn
5. What was the idea of all them cops tarryhottin' round the house last night?
What was the idea of all the cops tarryhotting around the house last night. (tarryhottin' - loitering and making a lot of noise)
D. Complete the given tabular column with the suitable plural forms.
6. chair - chairs
7. box - boxes
8. eskimo - eskimos
9. lady - ladies
10. radius - radii
11. formula - formulae / formulas
12. child - children
13. deer - deer
14. loaf - loaves
15. hero - heroes

## Listening

E. Listen to the story and answer the following.

1. The rich man was from....
a) Nagaland
b) Thailand c)Finland
2. Where did chulong catch the birds?

Chulong caught the bird in the garden.
3. Why did Chulong catch the bird?

The bird was beautiful and he wanted to sell it for money.
4. What will happen to the bird in imprisonment?

The bird lost its beauty and looked dark and ugly.
5. What did the bird suggest Chulong, in exchange for its freedom?

It promised to give him three tips for a happy life.
6. Does Chulong what to earn money honestly?

No, he was greedy and he wanted to amass wealth.
7. What were Chulongs plans for the birds?

He wanted to sell the bird and wanted to become rich. The second plan was to kill and eat it..
8. Who is wise according to you?

The bird was wise because it escaped from the captor with her wisdom.
9. Is the bird a crow?

No, it was a beautiful bird.
10. What are the three rules given by the birds?

Never believe everything others say, Never be sad about something you don't have, Neve throw away what you have in your hand.

## Speaking

G. Use this passage to play the game. You can collect information on other famous personalities and play too.

| Is he a famous personality? | - Yes |
| :--- | :--- |
| Is he from India? | - No |
| Is he alive now? | - No |
| Was he an actor? | - Yes |
| Was he born in England? | - Yes |
| Does he run his own company? | - No |
| Was he a comic actor? | - Yes |
| Was he born in the year 1889? | - Yes |
| Was he Charlie Chaplin? | - Yes |

## Reading

H. Read the incident again and answer the following question.

1. What was the writer always asked to do whenever he planned to go aboard?

The writer was always asked to buy something whenever he planned to go abroad.
2. What did Gilson want the writer to bring for him?

Gilson wanted him to buy tie with his initial 'G' on it.
3. When did the writer remember the fact that he had to buy something for Mr.Gilson?

It was on Tuesday morning, the last day, he remembered to buy a tie.
4. Why were the other passengers in the flight gazing at the writer?

The author was panting and gasping for breath.
So the passengers were gazing at him
5. What is the humour element in the above incident?

In spite of the buzz to buy a tie in the last minute, he left the tie in the taxi.
I. Suggesting titles (Insert the paragraph accordingly)

1. Oh, No! But it happens! - fourth paragraph
2. don't let out your travel dates - second paragraph
3. Anyway, people will be people - third paragraph
4. Search begins - sixth paragraph
5. Things are not that easy - eighth paragraph
6. Hurry invites worry - last paragraph
J. Look at the following situations the writer was in. He could have avoided the situation and saved himself. Glance through the write up
again and comment on what the writer should have done in the following situation.
7. Gilson asked the writer to bring a tie.

He could have told Gilson he may not go for shopping
2. on the day of arrival, the writer had no time to think about the tie.

He could have made a note of the things he had to buy.
3. The writer remembered about the tie when the bus was leaving for the airport.

He should have left for the airport.
4. The writer walked down in search of the stop.

He should not have stepped out of his car.
5. The writer rushed out with the tie in a paper bag.

He should have kept it in his bag.
K. State whether the following statements are True or False

1. The narrator searched for three days to buy ceramic paint - False
2. The author was going to new York. - True
3. Gilson asked the narrator to buy a tie - True
4. The taxi driver took away the narrator's suitcase

- False

5. Departure was delayed because of the author -True
6. The author left the ties in the taxi -True

Writing
M. Write a speech for your school literary association celebration with the given lead.

Distinguished Chief Guest, respected Principal, beloved Supervisor, Teachers, Parents and My Dear Friends,Good evening!On this auspicious occasion I stand before you with extreme pleasure on behalf of English Literary Association of our school. First of all, let me express my deep gratitude to you all for selecting me as the President of English Literary Association.
English Literary Association has been a prestigious Association in our school since its inception. It has been working rigorously during the past few years focusing on the improvement of reading, writing, speaking and listening skills of the students in our school. Our vision is to make the school as a fullfledged English medium school where each student speaks and communicates through English. We know that it is a Herculean task still we aspire and labour for it. A Chinese proverb says "if you are planning for a year sow corns, if you are planning
for a decade plant trees and if you are planning for a life time, educate people." Language is the medium through which educational process fulfils its aims. So it is highly essential that students should be able to handle language at its best level. The English Literary Association has been conducting many varied activities and competitions to improve the language skills of the students.
"Practice makes a man perfect". We do believe in the proverb and constantly endeavour to achieve our aim.

## Grammar

A. Nagarajan and Dhanalakshmi want to buy a new house. They have come to see a house for sale. Complete the conversation below by adding a, an or the.
(Text Page - 42)
Naga rajan : Well, here we are, No.8, Kaveri street. I think this is the house we saw online. What do you think of the location.
Dhanalakshmi : It is in a nice neighbourhood. And it's close to the railway station.
Nagarajan : And the bus stop is not too far away.
Dhanalakshmi : How many rooms are there?
Nagarajan : There are three rooms akitchen and abalcony.
Dhanalakshmi : There is a lawn behind the house, right?
Nagarajan : That's right.The lawn is actually quite large. Did you see any photos of theliving room, online? What does it look like?
Dhanalakshmi : The living room looks great. It looks bright and airy. It has a nice view of thehills. But the kitchen looks a littlesmall.
Nagarajan : And I remember you said there isn't a store room, right?
Dhana lakshmi : No, but there is anattic, where we can store things.
Naga rajan : I hope this house is $\underline{\mathbf{a}}$ better option.
Dhana Lakshmi : Lets wait for the real estate agent. She said, she would be here at three o'clock.
B. Few articles are missing in the passage> Edit the passage given below by adding suitable articles where ever necessary.
(Pg 42)

My neighbourhood is a very interesting place. My house is located in an apartment building downtown near many stores and offices. There is a small supermarket across the street, where my family likes to go shopping. There is also a post office and a bank near our home. In our neighbourhood there is a small, green park where my friends and I like to play on weekends and holidays. There is a small pond near the park and there are many ducks in the park. We always have a great time. In addition there is an elementary school close to our home where my little brother studies in the third grade. There are so many things to see and do in my neighbourhood. That's why I like it. It's really a great place.
C. Refer to dictionary to find out the meaning of the following prepositions and match them with the correct meaning.
(Pg. 43)

1. due to

- because of

2. except for - with the exception of
3. with reference to -
4. In spite of
ring to
5. in addition to

- disregarding the difficulty

6. in place of

- added to

7. regardless of - irrespective of
8. for the sake of

- in the interest of
D. Fill in the blanks by choosing the most appropriate prepositional phrase from the given Options.

1. Everything falls to the ground $\qquad$ earth's gravitational pull.
a. in additional to
b. Because of
c. cause of
2. The trial was conducted $\qquad$ the procedure of law.
a. In accordance with. Due to
c. Despite of
3. There is a temple right $\qquad$ my house.
a. in back of
b. Apart from
c. in front of
4. As a $\qquad$ of his hard work, he achieved the target.
a. instead of
b. result of
c. Apart from
5. Failure is often the $\qquad$ negligence.
a. effect of b consequence of
c. Reason of
6. Children are given toys $\qquad$ sweets on children's day.
a. ob top of $\quad$ b. In addition to $c$. due to
7. The parents must be informed $\qquad$ any indiscipline conduct of their wards.
a. because of
b. In case of
c. In spite of
8. He didn't turn up $\qquad$ his busy schedule.
a. consequence of
b. Due to
c. Except for
9. Global warming is $\qquad$ the green house emission.
a. an effect of
b. In spite of c. In addition to
10. 

a. Due to several warnings he contin
b. In spite of c. Because of
E. Edit the following passage by replacing the underlined incorrect words with correct prepositional phrases.

Danu is studying in class $X$ in the event of the teachers Janu is studying in class X . she is a disciplined student. In addition to her poverty she In spite of her poverty, she is a disciplined student is always neat Many students like her in case of Many students like her neatness her simplicity. According to her studies, she also she is not only good in her studies but also in her simplicity age and gender in the school In opposition to taking leave, she ensures In spite of her age and gender she ensures she takes leave that she completes the work given before she goes to school nextday.she makes sure that she completes her work before she goes to school the next day.

| S.No. | Pararaph | Correct Answer |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 1. | Janu is studying in X, in the event of the teachers. | according to |
| 2. | She is a disciplined student, $\underline{\text { in addition to }}$ her <br> poverty. | in-spite of |
| 3. | is always neat many students like her $\underline{\text { in case of }}$ | because of |
| 4. | her simplicity According to her students she also | in addition to / besides |
| 5. | Participates in sports. She gets in with everyone $\underline{\text { in }}$ <br> case of | regardless |
| 6. | age and gender in the school In opposition to <br> taking leave, she ensures that she completes the <br> work before she goes to school the next day | In spite of |




## PICTURES RELATED TO THE LESSON



The sea was rough and there were high waves


## MIND MAP



PICTURES RELATED TO THE LESSCN


## பாட்் ச்யுக்க்ம்

* இப்பாடம் இந்தியக் கப்பற்படையைச் சார்ந்த 6 பெண்் அதிகாாிகள் ஒரு பாய்மரப் படகில் 254 நாட்களில் உலகைச் சுற்றி வந்ததை விவாிக்கிறது. அதன்பின் ஒரு நிருபபருக்கு அவர்கள் பேட்டி அளித்தனர். அதன் மூலம் அவர்கள் தேர்ந்தெடுக்கப்பட்ட விதம், அவர்களுக்குக் கொடுக்கப்பட்ட பயிற்சி, பயணத்தின் போது ஏற்பட்ட பிரச்சணைகள், அவற்ணற அவர்கள் சந்தித்த விதம், பயண நோக்கம், பொழுதுபோக்குகள் போன்ற தெளிவாகின்றன. இப்பயணம் பெண்களுக்கான ஒரு கௌரவம். இது சாதிக்க விரும்பும் பெண்களுக்கு ஒரு தூண்டுதல்.


## TEXT TRANSLATION

| EMPOWERED WOMEN NAVIGATING THE WORLD | அதிகாரமுள்ள பெண்்கள் கப்பலில் உலணைச் சுற்றி வருதல் |
| :---: | :---: |
| Gone are the days, where women in India remained indoors unless permitted to go out with an escort. Conditions today have changed, thanks to all those women who have fought for their freedom and set a very good example for others. The real power of women though realised earlier, is currently being projected to the world by the advancement of technology and media. | -ிபண்கள் துணணயில்லாமல் போக அனுமதியில்ல் எண்ற அ\|ந்தக் காாம் போய்விட்டது. இன்று சூஷ்நிமலகள் ゆாறிவிட்டது. தங்களுூைய விடிதமலக்கு்ப் பாடுபட்டு மற்றவர்களுக்கும் 2தாரணமாக இருந்த அயைத்துப் பெண்களுுக்கும் நன்றி. பெண்்ணின் உண்ாமயாா அதிகார்் யுன்்பே உணரப்பட்டு விட்டது. இன்று தொழில் புட்ப வளர்ச்சியாறும், ஊடக வளர்ச்சியாறும் அது உலகிற்கு காட்டப்பட்டிள்ளது. |

Women occupy almost all the major positions in society. Currently, women's accomplishments are tremendous in many fields. One such achievement is the All-women Indian Navy crew who circumnavigated the world for 254 days all alone, in a sailboat called INSV Tarini.

## What is INSV Tarini?

INSV stands for Indian Naval Ship Vessel. Tara-Tarini is the patron deity for sailors and is worshipped for safety and success at sea.

INSV Tarini is the second sailboat of the Indian Navy (The first being the INSV Mhadei). It is a 55 foot sailing vessel built indigenously in India by M/s Aquarius Shipyard Pvt. Ltd, located in Goa. After undergoing extensive sea trials, she was commissioned to the Indian Navy service on 18 February 2017. The boat was named after the famous 'Tara-Tarini' temple in Ganjam district of Odisha. The word 'Tarini' means 'boat' and in Sanskrit it means 'Saviour'.

பெண்கள் சமுதாயத்தில் எல்லா முக்கியமான பதவிகளையும் வசிக்கின்றனர். இப்பொழுது பெண்ககளின் சாதனை எல்லாத் துறறகளிலும் வளர்ச்சி அடைந்துள்ளது. இதுபோன்ற ஒரு சாதனைதான். இந்திய பெண்கள் கப்பற்படை,INSV தாரிணி எண்ற ஒரு பாய்மரப்படகில் தனியாக 254 நாட்களில் உலகை சுற்றி வந்ததாகும்.

INSV தாரிணி என்றால் என்ன?
INSV எண்பது இந்தியக் கடற்படை கப்பல் கலன்் என்பதன் பெயர் சுருக்கமாகும். தாரா - தாரிணி கப்பல் மாலுமிகளின் தெய்வ புரவலர் ஆவார். மற்றும் கடல் பயண வெற்றிக்கும் பாதுகாப்பிற்கும் அவரையே வணங்குவர்.

INSV தாரிணி இந்திய கடற்படையின் இரண்டாவது பாய்மரக் கப்பலாகும். (முதலாவது INSVமாதேயம்) இது 55 அடி உள்ள கடற்பயணம் செய்ய இந்தியாவின் உள்நாட்டு நிறுவனமான Aquarius Shipyard Pvt. Ltd, எซ்ற கோவாவில் உள்ள நிறுவனத்தால் கட்டப்பட்டது. வெளிப்புற கடல் சோதணைக்குப் பிறகு. அது இந்திய கடற்படை பயன்பாட்டிற்காக பிப்ரவரி 18, 2017 இல் நியமிக்கப்பட்டது. ஒடிஸாவில் உள்ள கஞ்சம் மாவட்டத்தில் உள்ள பிரசித்தி பெற்ற தாரா-தாரிணி

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| INSV Tarini has an advanced Raymarine navigation <br> suite and an array of satellite communication systems <br> for perfect navigation anywhere in world. <br> Navika Sagar Parikrama was a project undertaken in <br> consonance with the National policy to empower <br> women to attain their full potential. "The Project is <br> considered essential towards promoting ocean sailing <br> activities in the Navy while depicting Government of <br> India's thrust for Nari Shakti (women power)," said <br> Chief of the Naval Staff, Admiral Sunil Lanba in his <br> welcome speech. |

The voyage was aimed to showcase 'Make in India' initiative by sailing on-board indigenously built INSV Tarini. The special feature of this sailboat was that it encouraged the use of environment friendly nonconventional renewable energy resources such as the wind; collected and updated meteorological, ocean and wave data on regular basis for accurate weather forecast by India Meteorological Department (IMD) and also collected data for monitoring marine pollution on high seas.

## Indian Navy's Six Women Crew

Indian Navy's all-women crew was the first-ever to circumnavigate the globe skippered by Lt. Cdr Vartika Joshi. The all-women team has also Lt. Cdr. Pratibh Jamwal, Lt. Cdr. Swathi Patarapalli, Lt. Aishwarya Boddapati, Lt. Vijaya Devi and Lt. Payal Gupta as its crew members.

The crew started their voyage on 10 September 2017 from Goa, flagged off by the Defence Minister of India. It was a historic day, which would be marked in navigation history and globally. It covered the expedition in five legs with stop-overs at four ports (Fremantle, Australia; Lyttleton, New Zealand; Port Stanley, the Falklands and Cape Town, South Africa) for replenishment of ration and repair as necessary, before returning to Goa in April 2018. They went

கோயிலின் பெயரை இப்படகிற்கு சூட்டினர். ‘தாரிணி' எண்ற வார்த்தையிண் அர்த்தம் ‘படகு’ மற்றும் சமஸ்கிருதத்தில் ‘காவலர்’.

INSV தாரணி அதிநவீண முறையில் உலகின் எந்த இடத்திலும் செவ்விய முறறயில் கடல் பயணம் செய்வதற்கு ரே மெரைன் கருவிகளையும் செயற்கைக்கோள் சாதனங்களையும் கொண்டுள்ளது.
நாவிகா சாகர் பரிக்கிரமா என்ற ஒரு திட்டம் தேசிய பெண்களின் வலிமையின் மூலம் முழு சக்தியை அடைந்தது. முதன்மை கடற்படை ஊழியர். கடற்படைத் தலைவர் சுனீல் லன்பா அவரது வரவேற்புணையில் இந்த திட்டம் கடற்படையின் கடல் பயணத்தை முன்னேற்றவும், இந்திய அரசின் நாாி சக்தி (பெண்கள் சக்தி) எண்ற திட்டத்தினை வலியுறுத்துவதாகவும் உள்ளது என்று சூறறினார்.

இந்தக் கப்பற்படையின் நோக்கம், உள்நாட்டிலேயே தயாரிக்கப்பட்ட INSV தாாிணியில் உலகைச் சுற்றி |இந்தியாவிலேயே தயாாிப்போம்" என்ற கொள்கையினை фிளம்பரப்படுத்த மேற்கொள்ளப்பட்டதாகும். இந்தப் பாய்மரக் கப்பலின் சிறப்பு அம்சம் எண்னவெண்றால் அது சுற்றுப்புறச் சூழலுக்கு இணக்கமாக, புதுப்பிக்கக்சூடிய எரிசக்தியாகிய காற்றைப் பயன்பாட்டை ஊக்குவிப்பதாகும். இந்திய வாணிலல மையம் முன்ணறிவிக்கும் வானிலை ஆய்வு, கடல் மற்றும் அலை பற்றிய விவரங்களைச் சேகாித்தல், தொகுத்தல் மற்றும் ஆழ்கடல் பகுதியில் கடல் மாசுபாட்டைக் கண்காணித்து தகவல்களைச் சேகாிப்பது போன்ற பணிகளை இது செய்கிறது.

இந்திய கடற்படையின் மகளிர் குழு :
இந்திய கடற்படையின் அணைத்து மகளிர் குழு முதன் முதலாக உலகை சுற்றிவர கப்பல் தலைவர். கப்பற்படை அதிகாரி. படைத்தலைவர்; வார்திகா ஜோசி அணைத்துப் பெண்கள்் குழுவில் கப்பற்படை அதிகாரி. படைத்தலைவர்; பிரதிபா ஜம்வால். கப்பற்படை அதிகாரி. படைத்தலைவர்; சுவாதி பட்டாரபள்ளி. கப்பற்படை அதிகாரி ஜஸ்வர்யா படாபடி கப்பற்படை அதிகாரி விஜயதேவி மற்றும் கப்பற்படை அதிகாரி பாயல் குப்தா ஆகிய இவர்கள் கடல் பயண உறுப்பினர்கள் ஆவார்கள்.

| கடல் பயணிகள் | அவர்களது | கடல் பயணத்றைை |  |  |
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| செப்டம்பர் | 10. | 2017இல் | கோவாவில் | இருந்து | இந்தியாவில் பாதுகாப்புத் துறை அமைச்சர். கொடியசைத்துத் துவக்கி வைக்கக் கிளம்பினர். அது ஒரு வரலாற்று சிறப்புமிக்க நாள். உலகளாவிய கடல் பயண வரலாற்றில் குறிக்கப்பட வேண்டியது. இது ஐந்து கடல்களின் நான்கு துறறமுகங்களில் (பிலீஜீமன்டேல் ஆஸ்திரேலியா. ஸைட்லெட்டான் - நியூசிலாந்து. ஸ்டான்லி - பால்க்லண்்ட் மற்றும் கேப்டவுன் - தென்ஆப்பிாிக்கா) உணவுப்பொருள் நிரப்புவதற்கும், பழுதுபார்த்தலுக்கும்

around the globe within 254-days and reached Goa port on 21 May 2018. The six member women crew broke many stereotypes during their record-setting sail.

## An Interview with the crew members

India's all-women navy crew who went around the world in 254-days have shared their experiences about their great voyage in an interview. Through their personal experiences, we really come to know their hardships and unpredictable challenges they have faced all through their expeditions.

Interviewer: How well were you acquainted with the sail boat before you took up the task?

Vartika Joshi: None of us was acquainted with a sail boat or ocean-going boat; none of us had sailed before, nor are woman officers allowed entry in combat platforms as yet. At first, it was difficult to take the boat out to sea, from one point to another. But we slowly built upon it through three years of training.

Interviewer: Can you tell us about the training you had undergone before this expedition?

Vartika Joshi: We started with some theoretical courses on navigation, communication and weather prediction. Classroom courses are different from sailing outside. So, we were given hands-on training, like, how to repair things and how to deal with emergencies, when the weather gets rough, if there is a medical emergency, and training was needed in tactical aspects as well.

Aishwarya: We underwent our basic sail training courses in Mumbai at the Indian Naval Waterman ship Training Centre (INWTC), and at various schools in the southern naval base in Kochi. We even sailed on INSV Mhadei to Mauritius (in 2016 and 2017) and back and also to Cape Town in December 2016. We were trained for almost three years to prepare for the voyage. Since the boat was old, it had minor leaks and repairs. Also, we ran out of water and food soon. So

நிறுத்தப்பட்டு ஏப்ரல் 2018 இல் கோவாவிற்கு வரும் என எதிர்பார்க்கப்பட்டது. அவர்கள் உலகத்தை 254 நாட்களுக்குள் சுற்றி கோவா துறைமுகத்தை மே 212018 இல் அடைந்தார். ஆறு உறுப்பினர்களைக் கொண்்ட பெண்கள் கடற்பயணக் குழு பல சாதணைகளை முறியடித்தது.
கடல் பயண உறுப்பிணர்கள் ஓர் நேர்காணல் இந்தியாவின் அணைத்து பெண்கள் கடற்படை கடற்பயணிகள் தாங்கள் இவ்வுலகை 254 நாட்களில் சுற்றி வந்து பெரும் கடல் பயண அஞுபவத்தை ஓர் நேர்காணலில் பகிர்ந்தனர். அவர்களுடைய சுய அனுபவங்களில் நாம் அவர்களின் கடற்பயணண் முழுவதும் சந்தித்த கடிணமான சூழ்நிலலகள் மற்றும் கணிக்க இயலாத சவால்களைத் தெரிந்து கொள்ள முடியும்.
நேர்காணல் காண்பவர் : நீங்கள் இந்தத் திட்டத்றத மேற்கொள்ளும் முன் எவ்வாறு கடலில் பாய்மரப் படகு பயிற்சி பெற்றீர்கள்?

வார்திகா ஜோசி : எங்களில் ஒருவர் சூட பாய்மரப் யடகிலோ அல்லது கடல் படகிலோ நீர் பயிற்சி துடுக்கவில்லை. எங்களில் ஒருவரும் கடற்பயணம் கமற்கொண்டதில்லல. எந்தப் பெண் அதிகாரிகளும் எங்களை இதுவரை கடற்படை போர் மேடையில் அனுமதித்தது இல்லை. முதலில் கடலுக்குள் படகை ஒரு முணையில் இருந்து அடித்ததற்கு எடுத்துச செல்வதே கடிணமாக இருந்தது. ஆணால் நாங்கள் மூன்று ஆண்டு பயிற்சியில் மெதுவாக அதை வளர்த்துக் கொண்டோம்.
நேர்காணல் காண்பவர் : நீங்கள் இந்தப் பயணத்தை மேற்கொள்ளும் முன் எடித்துக் கொண்ட பயிற்சியைப் பற்றிக் சூறுங்கள்?
வார்த்திகா ஜோசி : நாங்கள் கடல் பயணம் செய்தித் தொடர்பு மற்றும் பருவ காலத்திற்கான பாதுகாப்பு முறறகளுக்கான கோட்பாட்டு தொடர்வகுப்புகளை மேற்கொண்டோம். வகுப்பறைப் பாடங்கள் வெளி கடல் பயணத்திற்கு மாறுபட்டு இருந்தது. அதனால் நாங்கள் எப்படி கப்பலைப் பழுதுபார்க்க வேண்டும். (காலநிலை கடிணையாக இருக்கும்) அவசர காலங்களை எவ்வாறு மகயாள வேண்டிம். மருத்துவ அவரச உதவி தேவைப்படும் நேரத்தில் அந்த சூழ்நிலையை எவ்வாறு சமாளிப்பது போன்றவற்றில் பயிற்சி பெற்றோம்.

ஐஸ்வர்யா : நாங்கள் மும்யையில் உள்ள இந்திய கப்பற்படை கப்பல் பயிற்சி மையத்தில் கடல் பயணத்தின் அடிப்படைப் பயிறச்சி எடுத்துக் கொண்டோம். (INWTC) மற்றும் பல்வேறுபட்ட குழுவுடன் தென்னக கடற்படை மையமான கொச்சியிலும் மேற்கொண்டோம். நாங்கள் INSVமகேயிலிருந்து மொரிஷியஸிற்குப் பயணித்துள்ளோம். (2016 மற்றும் 2017இல்) மேலும் திரும்பி 2016 டிசம்பரில் கேப்டவுனுக்கும் சென்றோம். நாங்கள் கடற்பயணம் மேற்கொள்ள முழுவதுமாக மூன்று
the trip was a tutorial for us on how to manage food, water and even electricity during the big voyage.

Interviewer: What was the selection process?

Aishwarya: Out of the thirty women who had applied, six of us were shortlisted, based on the little survival skills we showcased. The crew was mentored by Commander Dilip Donde. But after I was told about the flare-ups at sea, I even had second thoughts about joining the team.

Interviewer: How did your family members react when you told them about this expedition?

Vartika Joshi: Our families did have a hard time, but that was because most of them had never even seen the sea! Four of us are from the mountains. The first time my parents saw the ocean was when I invited them to visit. But once they saw that we're doing well and looking after ourselves, they were quite supportive. They were apprehensive and supportive too.

Interviewer: What were your aims and how did you work to achieve them?
Vartika Joshi: I wanted to make sure that I complete this journey with ultimate honesty. I didn't set out for a destination; it was the journey that mattered to me the most. So my contention was to make sure that we go by the rules of circumnavigation which say that you don't have to use any auxiliary means of repulsion and you don't have to take anybody else's assistance. I grasped that completely.

Interviewer: Name that one quality of yours that enabled you to complete this expedition successfully?
Vartika Joshi: Whenever the winds dropped, it wouldn't have taken me even a fraction of second to switch on the engine and say let's go one mile ahead. But inside of me something poked me and said that

ஆண்டுகள் பயிற்சி மேற்கொண்டோம். பழைய படகாக இருந்ததால் சிறிய கசிவுகள் மற்றும் பழுது அடைந்தும் இருந்தது. மேலும் நாங்கள் நீருக்கும் உணவுக்கும் உடனே ஓடிஞோம். ஆதலால் இந்தப் பயணம் எங்களுக்கு எவ்வாறு உணவு மற்றும் நீரை மற்றும் மின்சாரத்ததை நீண்ட கடல் பயணத்தின் போது எவ்வாறு சிக்கனமாக கையாள வேண்டும் எண்பதை கற்றுத் தந்தது.
நேர்காணல் காண்்பவர் : தேர்ந்தெடுக்கும் முறை எவ்வாறு இருந்தது?

ஐஸ்வர்யா : முப்பது பெண்கள் விண்்ணப்பித்ததில் நாங்கள் ஆறு பேர் மட்டுமே சின்னஞ்சிறு உயிர் தப்பி பிழைக்கும் திறமையைக் காட்டியதன் அடிப்படையில் தேரந்தெடிக்கப்பட்டோம். கடற்படை அதிகாரி திலீப்டோண்டு இந்த கடல் பயண குழுவிற்குப் பயிற்சி அளித்தார். ஆனால் பிறகு கடல் சீற்றங்களைப் பற்றிக் சூறிய பிறகு எனக்குக் சூட அந்தக் குழுவில் சேர்வதில் இரண்டாவது சிந்தனை இருந்தது.

நேர்காணல் காண்பவர் : உங்கள் கடல் பயணத்தைப் ப்றறறிக் சூறும் போது உங்கள் குடும்பத்தினர் எவ்வாறு நடந்து கொண்டனர்?
வார்திகா ஜோசி : எங்கள் குடும்பங்களுக்குக் கடின காலம்தான். ஆனால் அது பெரும்பாலானோர் கடலைக் கண்டது சூட கிடையாது! எங்களில் நால்வர் மலையிலிருந்து வந்தவர்கள். நான் பார்வையிட அழைத்தபோதுதான் எனது பெற்றோரும் பெரும் கடலையே கண்டனர். ஆனால் நாங்கள் நன்றாக செய்வதையும் எங்களை நாங்களே நன்றாகக் கவனித்துக் கொள்வதையும் கண்டு அவர்கள் உறுதுணையாக இருந்தனர். அவா்கள் அச்சப்பட்டாலும் உறுதுணையாகவும் இருந்தனர்.
நேர்காணல் காண்பவர் : உங்களுணைய குறிக்கோள் என்ன? அவற்றை எவ்வாறு அடைந்தீர்கள்?
வார்திகா ஜோசி : நான் உறுதிப்படித்திக் கொள்ள விரும்பினேன். எனது பயணத்தை முழுமையான நேர்மையுடன் மேற்கொள்ள. எனது இலக்கை வடிவமைக்க முடியவில்லை. இந்தப் பயணமே மிக முக்கியமானதாக எனக்கு இருந்தது. அதனால் எனது கவனம் நாங்கள் கடலை சுற்றி வரும் விதிமுறைகளிலேயே இருந்தது. அது எந்த துணை வழிகளையோ எவருணைய துணையையோ பெறக்கூடாது. நான் அதை உள்வாங்கிக் கொண்டேன்.

நேர்காணல் காண்பவர் : உங்களுடைய எந்த செயல்பாடுகள் இந்த கடற்பயணத்தை மேற்கொள்ள உறுதுணையாக இருந்தது?
வார்திகா ஜோசி : எப்பொழுதெல்லாம் காற்று வீசுவது நிற்கிறதோ அப்போதெல்லாம் இமைக்கும் நொடியில் இயந்திரத்தை முடுக்கி விட்டு ஒருமைல் தூரம் முன்னே செல்லலாம். ஆனால் உள்ளுக்குள் ஏதோ ஒண்று
you have to be honest with yourself and this expedition has to be done with honesty. I am glad that we were able to finish it successfully without the use of the engine at all.

Interviewer: As the head of the crew, how did you involve the team?
Vartika Joshi: We've all sailed and trained the same amount, and everybody has their own way of dealing with situations, but that was a good thing, because we could discuss different ways of solving a problem and choose the best one. In fact, I'd say it was easier for us to collaborate and work together.

Payal Gupta: When you are out at sea, teamwork is the most important in the middle of the crisis. Even during the storm when three people would be out on watch, the other three who would be inside wouldn't be able to rest. Somebody would heat the water, the other person would heat the gloves because it was raining also. So team effort actually helped in navigating through the 20 hours long storm. I feel that if I had been alone then it would have been a nightmare to deal with the challenges that the sea throws at you.

Vartika Joshi: The Sea can get really tough when winds are picking up. Those are the times we have to be active and need to anticipate what could be there ahead. In the South Pacific, we encountered a storm where the seas were almost nine to ten meters high and the winds were picking up to $60-70$ knots(a unit of speed equal to one nautical mile per hour exactly $1.852 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ ), which is about a hurricane force of wind on land. It is normal on sea where there is hardly any land mass to stop the winds.

It was also a blissful experience when something broke down and after a lot of hard work and effort, we were able to fix it together. We will remember these incidents as well because they gave us the strength to move on and if something went bad, we were able to overcome those challenges.

Interviewer: What were the exciting moments

எண்ணைக் குத்திக்கொண்டே சொல்லும் ‘இந்த கடல் பயணத்தில் உனக்கு நீயே உண்மையாக இருந்து கடல் பயணத்தை உண்மையாக செய்ய வேண்டும்’ என்று சூறும். நாங்கள் இயந்திரத்தைப் பயன்படுத்தாமலேயே இதை வெற்றிகரமாக முடித்து விட்டோம் எண்பது மிகவும் மகிழ்ச்சியாகும்.
நேர்காணல் காண்பவர் : நீங்கள் கடல் பயணியாக; தலைவியாக எவ்வாறு இந்தக் குழுவில் பங்காற்றினிர்கள்? வார்திகா ஜோசி : நாங்கள் அனைவரும் கடல் பயணம் மேற்கொண்டு ஒரே அளவில் பயிற்சி பெற்று மற்றும் ஒவ்வொருவரும் தங்கள் சொந்த வழியில் சூழ்நிலலகளை சமாளிக்கும் திறத்துடன் இருந்தோம். ஆனால் இது ஒரு நல்ல விஷயம். ஏனென்றால் நாங்கள் பிரச்சினையை தீர்க்க ஒவ்வொருவரும் வேறுவேறு வழிகளில் சிந்திப்போம் மற்றும் சிறந்த ஒன்றறத் தேர்ந்தெடிப்போம். உண்்மயில் இது ஒண்றாக சேர்ந்து ஒன்றாக வேலை பார்ப்பது எனக்கு மிக எளியதாக இருந்தது.
பாயல் குப்தா : நீங்கள் கடலில் இருக்கும் போது குழு வேலைப்பாடு பிரச்சனையின் நடுவில் மிக ழக்கியமானதாகும். புயலின் போதும் மூன்று பேர் கதாடர்ந்து கண்காணிக்க வேண்டிம். யாராவது ஒருவர் நீரை சூடுபடித்தினால் மற்றொருவர் கை உறறகளைச் சூடுபடுத்த வேண்டும். ஏனென்றால் மழை தொடர்ந்து பெய்து கொண்டிருந்தது. அதனால் குழு முயற்சி உண்மமயில் கடல் பயணத்தில் 20 மணி நேர நீண்ட புயலில் உதவியது. நான் தனியாக இருந்திருந்தால் கடல் எனக்கு அளித்த சவால்களை நான் சமாளிப்பது கொடுங்கனவு போல் இருந்திருக்கும்.

நேர்காணல் காண்பவர் : நீங்கள் கடல் பயணத்தின் போது சந்தித்த பெரிய சவாலின் அனுபவங்களை நீங்கள் பகிருங்கள்.
வார்திகா ஜோசி : காற்று உயர்ந்து வீச ஆரம்பித்தபோது உண்மையில் கடல் கடிமையாக மாறியது. அந்த நேரங்களில் நாங்கள் சுறுசுறுப்புடன் இனி என்ன நடக்கும் எб்ற எதிர்நோக்கி இருந்தோம். தெற்கு பசிபிக்கில் நாங்கள் ஒரு புயலை எதிர்கொண்டதில் கடல்கள் கிட்டத்தட்ட ஒன்பதிலிருந்து பத்து மீட்டர் உயரமும் காற்று 60-70 நாட்ஸ் வேகத்திலும் வீசியது. இது கடலில் சாதாரணமான ஒன்று அங்கு நிலத்தில் உள்ளது போல காற்றை நிறுத்த எந்த நிலமும் அங்கு கிடையாது.

நிறைய கடின வேலைக்குப் பிறகும் ஏதோ ஒண்று உடைந்து விடுவதும் அதை ஒண்று சேர்ப்பதும் ஒரு மகிழ்ச்சியான அனுபவம். இந்த சம்பவங்களை நாங்கள் நிணைவில் வைத்திருப்போம். ஏனென்றால் அது எங்களுக்கு மேற்செல்ல வலிமையையும் ஏதாவது தவறானால் எங்களால் அந்த சவால்களைஎதிர்கொள்ளவும் உதவியது.
நேர்காணல் காண்்பவ் : உங்கள் பயணம் எவ்வாறு

## during the trip?

Vartika Joshi: When we were crossing the Tasman Sea, we witnessed the brilliant Southern Lights from sea. It was rare to watch that in those months, that too from sea. We were absolutely awestruck as we were not expecting it, to see the entire sky lit up in green light. There was bio-luminescence, dolphins swimming in the wake of the boat like our neighbours and a variety of sea creatures. We spotted a dead sperm whale once and we thought it was an island from a distance, it was so huge. We are not specialists, so whenever we spotted something in the sea, we had to Google it to learn more about the species.

## Interviewer: How did your crew spend time deep in the sea?

Swathi P: During circumnavigation, we picked up some hobbies and kept posting pictures of delicacies like golgappas and cakes. We also read books when the weather was pleasant and did some quilling and craft work. While team leader Joshi read comics and the Ramayana during her journey, I loved cooking as well so I indulged in baking. I also liked crafting a lot, so I used to make lampshades. I love it when people appreciate the food that I cook, so I gave my crew members the best dishes that was possible on land with the limited resources that we had on the boat.

Vartika Joshi: Six is a great number, we were always entertained. We watched movies, listened to music, and you won't believe some of the goodies the crew rustled up in our tiny pantry, even while sailing in rough seas. We made parathas, baked cakes and breads, and even made halwa and rasgullas!
We celebrated festivals at sea. When we think about it now on land, we remember the Diwali we spent at sea. We celebrated three birthdays including the first birthday of the boat; also specific occasions like crossing the equator, the International Date Line and such.
Interviewer: What motivated you to fulfil the country's expectations?
Swathi P: We knew that the entire country was watching us and praying for us, so we never wanted them to have a single day thinking that we are in

து|ணிகரரமானதாக இருந்தது?
வார்திகா ஜோசி : தாஸ்மாாா் கடணை நாங்கள் கடக்கும்போது நாங்கள் கடலிண் தெற்கே தெண்பட்ட வெளிச்சத்ணதப் பார்த்தோம். அந்த் மாதங்களில் அவற்மறக் காண்பது மிக அரிய ஒன்ற். உயிள் வாழும் தாவரங்களிலிருந்து வரும் ஒளி தெரந்்தது. எங்களின் அண்்ட வீட்டார் போல் டால்பின் மீซ்்கள் எங்கள் படகின் அருகில் நீந்திய. நாங்கள் இறந்து மிதந்த ஒரு திமிங்ககலத்ணத தூரத்திலிருந்து கண்டி ஒரு தீவு எண எண்்ணி விட்டோம். அது மிகப் பெரியது. நாங்கள் நிபுணர்கள் அல்ல. ஆதலால் நாங்கள் ஏதாவது ஒø்றறறக் கடலில் கண்டால் சூகுளில் அந்த உயிிிிதத்றதப் பற்றி மேலும் தெரிந்து கொண்்டாம்.

நேர்காணல் காண்பவர் : உங்கள் கடற்பயணிகள் எவ்வாறு நடுக்கடலில் நேரத்தைக் கழித்தனர்?
சுவாதி : கடல் பயணத்தின் போது நாங்கள் சில பொழுதுபோக்குகளைத் தோ்ந்தெடித்தோம். ீகால்கப்பாஸ் மற்றும் கேக் வகைகளின் படங்களை ழசகாித்தோம். நாங்கள் புத்தங்கள் வாசித்தோம். фூாநநிலை அமைதியாக இருந்தபோது பின்னல் வேலை மற்றும் கலை வேலைகளைச் செய்தோம். குழு தலைவி ஜோசி கேலிக் கதைகள் மற்றும் ராமாயணம் வாசித்தபோது நான் சமையலில் ஆர்வமுள்ளவள் ஆதலால் அதில் மும்முரமானேன். நானும் கலை வேணலகள் செய்வேன் என்பதால் விளக்குகளுக்கு நிழல் மூடி செய்தேன். நான் சமைத்த உணவுகளை மற்றவர்கள் பாராட்டியதை நான் விரும்பினேன். அதனால் நான் என் கடற்பயண உறுப்பினர்களுக்கு சிறந்த உணவுகளை நிலத்தில் தயாரிப்பது போல் படகில் உள்ளவற்றை வைத்துத் தயாரித்துக் கொடுத்தேன்.

வார்திகா ஜோசி : ஆறு ஒரு சிறந்த எண். நாங்கள் எப்பொழுதும் மகிழ்ச்சியாக இருந்தோம். நாங்கள் சினிமா பார்த்தோம். பாடல்கள் கேட்டோம். மேலும் நீங்கள் நம்ப மாட்டீர்கள். கடல் கொந்தளிப்பின்போதும் சூட நாங்கள் பரோட்டா, கேக் மற்றும் பிரட் மேலும் அல்வா மற்றும் ரசகுல்லா தயாரித்தோம்! நாங்கள் கடலில் திருவிழாக்களைக் கொண்டாடினோம். நாங்கள் இப்பொழுது நிலத்தில் இருந்து சிந்திக்கையில் கடலில் கொண்டாடிய தீபாவளியய நிணைவுபடித்துகிறோம். அதில் முதல் பிறந்த நாள் படகுடையது. மேலும் முக்கிய சூழல்களான பூமத்திய ரேணையைக் கடந்த தினம், சர்வதேச எல்லையைக் கடந்த தினம் போன்றவற்றறக் கொண்டாடினோம்.
நேர்காணலல் காண்பவர் : நாட்டிண்் எதிர்பார்ப்யப நிவர்த்தி செய்ய எது ஊக்கப்படித்தியது?
சுவாதி : எங்களுக்குத் தெரியும் நமது முழு நாடிம் எங்கணளக் கவணித்துக் கொண்்டிம் எங்களுக்காக பிரார்த்தணை செய்துகொண்்டும் இருக்கிறது எண்றற.
trouble. We knew that it is going to happen but the people out there did not know what kind of challenges we were facing. So, one of the motives that we kept in mind was that we did not want to frighten them. We decided that once the circumnavigating was over, we are going to show what we have actually gone through.

Interviewer: As a woman, how would you consider this expedition?
Vartika Joshi: It is a matter of great honour and we couldn't have imagined anything better for our castoff. Of course we being an all-woman team, it is a great boost to women in the country. But, as we are going as sailors, and we as sailors have seen that the sea does not discriminate between genders. It is always gender-neutral and we have realised that gender does not play a role in sailing. But to boost the morale in the country and for more women to take in adventures like sailing, I feel it is great that an all-woman team had been formed to undergo this expedition.

ஆகவே நாங்கள் அவர்களுக்கு ஒரு நாள் சூட பிரச்சனையில் இருக்கிறோம் என்று தெரிவிக்க விரும்பவில்லல. எங்களுக்கு அது நடக்கும் என்று தொியும். ஆனால் மக்களுக்கு எந்த மாதிரியான சவலால்களை நாங்கள் சந்திக்கப் போகிறோம் என்பது தொியாது. அதனால் எங்களுடைய நோக்கம் என்னவென்றால் நாங்கள் அவர்களை பயமுறுத்த விரும்பவில்லல. நாங்கள் இந்த கடற்பயணத்தை முடித்த பிறகே உண்மையில் என்ன நடந்தது எண்பதை காட்ட வேண்டும் என்று முடிவெடுத்தோம்.

நேர்காணல் காண்்பவர் : ஒரு பெண்ணாக நீங்கள் இந்த கடற் பயணத்தை எப்படி எண்ணுகிறீர்கள்?
வார்திகா ஜோசி : இது ஒரு கௌரவ செயலாகும் மற்றும் நாங்கள் அஞை கைவிடுவதை பற்றி கற்பணை சூட செய்யவில்லை. நாங்கள் அணைத்து பெண்கள் குழுவில் இருந்தோம் என்றாலும் அதைவிட சிறந்த ஊக்கம் இந்த நாட்டின் பெண்கள் என்பது தான். ஆனால் நாங்கள் கடற் பயணிகளாகச் செல்லும் போது கடற் பயணியாக பாலின ூிடிப்படையில் பிரிப்பதில்ணை என்று கண்டு கொண்டேன். த்ப்போதும் ஆண் பெண் சமம் எண்பதை உணர்ந்து申ெகாண்டோம். ஆனால் நாட்டில் ஊக்கத்தை ஏற்படுத்தவும் பெண்கள் கடற்பயணம் போன்ற சாதனைகள் செய்யலாம் என உணர்த்தவும் சிறந்த அணைத்து பெண்கள் குழு இந்தக் கடற்பயணத்தை மேற்கொண்டதாக நான் உணர்கிறேன். அதற்காக பெருமிதம் அடைகிறேன்.

## SYNONYMS

| Word | Synonyms | தமிழ் அர்த்தம் |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| circumnavigate (v) | - to travel all the way around something, especially the earth | - சுற்றுப்பயணைம் |
| indigenously (adv) | - naturally; innately; inherently | - இயற்யையாக |
| consonance (n) | agreement or compatibility between opinions or actions | - கருத்துக்களுக்கிடையே ஒரு உடன்பாடு |
| skippered (v) | - to act as a master or captain of a vessel | - ஒரு படகிற்கு தலைவயாகப் பணிபுரிதல் |
| expedition (n) | - a journey or voyage made for some specific purpose, such as of war or exploration | - போர் போன்ற குறிப்பிட்ட நோக்கங்களுக்காண பயணம் |
| replenishment (n) | - restoration of a stock or supply ot a former level or condition | - மீண்டும் சரக்கு அல்லது உணவை இருப்பு வைத்தல் |
| apprehensive (adj) | - anxious or fearful that something bad or unpleasant | - பயம் / கவலை |


|  | will happen |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| contention (n) | - strenuous effort; struggling together in opposition | - வாக்குவாதம் |
| auxiliary (adj) | - additional; used as a reserve or substitute in case of need | - துணையான |
| anticipate (v) | - to foresee; to realize beforehand; to exprect; be sure of | - எதிர்பார்ப்பு |
| bio-luminescence (n) | - the production of light by living organisms | - உuிர் - ஒளிர்வு |
| golgappas (n) | - the other term for pani puri | - பானி பூரி |
| morale (n) | - emotional or mental condition with respect to confidence especially in the face of hardship | - மண வலிமை |
| escort | - accompany, security | - மெய்க்காவலர் |
| projected | - predicted | - திட்டமிட்டுள்ள |
| advancement | - progress $\square$ | - முன்னேறற்றம் |
| occupy | - lived - in | - ஆக்கிரமிக்கப் பட்ட |
| major | - vital, great | - முக்கிய |
| accomplishments | - achievements | - சாதனைகள் |
| tremendous | - huge / very big | - மிகப்பெரிய |
| Pantry | - cooking rook | - சமையல் அமை |
| patron | - one who supports / sponsors | - புரவலர் |
| deity | - God | - தெய்வம் |
| worshipped | - revered | - வழிபாடு |
| commissioned | - ordered | - நியமித்தது |
| navigation | - steer man ship | - ஊடுருவல் |
| Sail boat | - a boat with a sail | - பாய்மரப்படகு |
| Array | - arrangements | - வரிசைப் படித்துதல் |
| Empower | - authorize | - அதிகாரம் |
| Potential | - abilities | - திறø் |
| Promoting | - encouraging | - ஊக்குவிக்கும் |
| Voyage | - journey | - கடல் பிரயாணாம் |
| Initiative | - starting | - முயற்சி |
| Accurate | - correct | - துல்லியமாான |
| Pollution | - contamination | - மாசு |
| Crew | - Team | - குழுவின்ர |


| Expedition | - voyage | - பயணம் |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stereotype | - standard | - ஒரேமாதிரியான |
| Hardships | - sufferings | - கஷ்டங்கள் |
| Unpredicatble | - unforeseeable | - எதிர்பாராத |
| Challenges | - difficult task | - சவால்கள் |
| Acquainted | - familiarize | - அறிமுகமான |
| allowed | - permitted | - அனுமதி |
| Combat | - battle | - போர் |
| Prediction | - forecast | - கணிப்பு $\square$ |
| Emergencies | - crisis | - அவசர நிலை |
| Supportive | - Encouraging | - ஆதரவு |
| Destination | - Target | - இலக்கு |
| Contention | - Disagreement, Debate | - கருத்து வேறுபாடு |
| Auxiliary | - Additional | - துணைநிலை, சூடுதலான |
| Grasped | - Grip | - பிடித்தல் |
| Collaborate | - Cooperate | - ஒத்துழைத்தல் |
| Blissful | - Joyful | - பேரின்பம் |
| Awestruck | - Amazed, wonder struck | - பிரமிப்பு |
| Delicacies | - Varieties | - வகைகள் |
| Google | - To search online | - தேடுதல் பொறி |
| Unpreduictable | - Unsure | - உறுதியற்ற |
| Repulsion | - Disgust | - வெறுப்பு |
| Night mare | - Frightening dream | - இரவின் பயங்கரக் கனவு |
| Hurricane | - Violent wind in ocean | - கடற்புயல் |
| commander | - a military authority | - அதிகாாி |

ANTONYMS

| Word | Antonyms | Word | Antonyms |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Permit / Allow | X Prohibit | Different | X same |
| Important | X un important | Enter | X exit |
| Huge | X Tiny | Trained | X untrained |
| Safe | X unsafe | Sailed | X sunk |
| Success | X failure | Back | X front |
| Common | X Uncommon | Prepared | X unprepared |
| Famous | X Infamous | Little | X more |
| Perfect | X imperfect | Join | X leave |


| Encourage | X discourage | Hard | X easy |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Regular | X irregular | Invited | X uninvited |
| High | X low | Support | X Decline |
| Start | X Stop | Honest | X dishonest |
| Covered | X uncovered | Complete | X incomplete |
| Stop | X start | Good | X bad |
| Before | X after | Choose | X reject |
| Predictable | X unpredictable | Tough | X easy |
| Difficult | X easy | Active | X inactive |
| Outside | X inside | Normal | X abnormal |
| Emergency | X Ease | Remember | X forget |
| Rough | X smooth | Rare | X common |
| Necessary | X unnecessary | Expected | X unexpected |
| Old | X new | Known | X unknown |
| Minor | X major | Imagination | X real |
| Apply | X withdraw | Potentional | X Incapable |
| Survive | X dead | Acquainted | X Unfamiliar |
| Indulged | X Abstained | Consonance | X Dissonance |
| Renewable | X Non renewable |  |  |

A. Read the statements given below and state whether they are true or false. If false, then write the correct answer in the space given.

1. Indian navy's all woman crew was the first - ever to circumnavigate the glove - True
2. The crew consists of six members of men and woman indian navy service - True
3. vartika joshi skippered the crew to circumavigate the globe - True
4. The crew started their expedition on 10th July 2017 from mumbai

- False / 10 ${ }^{\text {th }}$ sep. 2017

5. Dilip donde was the first person to go on a non stop solo circumnatigation

- False
(The first Indian non-stop solo circumnavigation was undertaken by Cdr. Abhilash Tomy, K.C.)


## TEXTUAL QUESTIONS

Answer the questions briefly:-

1) What does INSV stand for?
(APRIL-23)
INSV stands for Indian Naval Ship Vessel.
2) When was INSV Tarini commissioned to Indian Navy service?

INSV Tarini was commissioned to Indian Navy Service on 18.02.2017.
3) Who is Tara-Tarini? (OR) Write a short note on Tara- Tarini?

Tara Tarini is the Patron deity for Sailors. (She is worshipped for safety and success)
4) Where did the crew undergo their basic training?

The crew underwent their basic training at the Indian Naval Waterman ship Training Centre, Mumbai.
5) How long were they trained to undertake this voyage?

They were trained for $\mathbf{3}$ years.
6) Which skill was considered important in the selection process?

Survival skills were considered important in the selection process.
7) Who mentored the crew?
(AUG-2022)
Commander Dilip Donde mentored the crew.
8) Which quality of the skipper helped to bring out a successful expedition?

The Skipper's honesty helped to bring out a successful expedition.
9) Who among the crew mentioned about teamwork?

Payal Gupta mentioned about teamwork.
10) When did they witness the brilliant southern lights from the sea? How did the sky appear there?

They witnessed the southern lights while erqssing the Tasman sea. The sky was lit up with green light.
11) What festival did they celebrate during their expedition?

They celebrated Diwali.

## B. Answer the questions briefly (Text page 66)

1) Mention the special features of INSV Tarini.
(MDL -19) They are:

Usage of renewable energy sources, updated marine data for accurate weather forecast, and monitoring marine pollution.
2) What does the term circumnavigation mean?
(PTA-2, MAY -2022)
It means travelling around the world by ship.
3) How did the all-women Indian Navy crew go about their voyage?

They started from Goa. They stopped at four ports and they returned to Goa port.
4) When did the crew start their voyage? When did they return to India? How many days did it take to complete the expedition?

They started their voyage on 10 Sep 2017. They returned to India on 21 May 2018. It took 254 days to complete the expedition.
5) What sort of training did the crew undergo before their expedition?

They had theoretical courses on navigation and weather prediction. They were trained to repair things and deal with emergencies.
6) How did the crew members work as a team to make their expedition successful?

They discussed different ways to solve problems and chose the best one.
7) What challenging task did the team face during their voyage?

In the South Pacific, they faced a terrible storm.
They put lot of hard work and effort if something broke down.
8) What sort of activities did the crew engage in during their long voyage?

They picked up hobbies like quilling, craftworks, cookery and reading books.
9) Mention the celebrations which the crew enjoyed during their expeditions?

They celebrated Diwali, three birthdays and crossing certain important points.
10) What factor motivated the crew to undertake this expedition?
(PTA-3)
Our Country kept watching and praying for them. It motivated them to undertake the voyage.

## PARAGRAPH QUESTIONS

C. Answer the questions in about $100-150$ words: (Text page 66)

1. Highlight the factors responsible for the all women Indian Navy crew to carry out their expedition. (AUG-2022)(PTA 1, 3, 5, 6, SEP-21, MAY -22, JUNE-23)(MAR-24)

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\begin{array}{ll}
\text { Prose } & : \text { Empowered Women Navigating The World } \\
\text { Theme } & : \text { Factors responsible for the expedition. }
\end{array}
$$

Navika Sagar Parikrama was a project to empower women. It promoted the ocean sailing activities. The voyage was aimed to show case 'Make in India'. A sailboat named INSV Tarini was taken for their voyage. It was built in India. It has the eco-friendly, renewable energy sources. It had all the updated data which helped accurate weather forecast. The six women Navy crew were well trained. They were on the sea for $\mathbf{1 5 4}$ days. They had many challenges during their voyage. They handled them with hard work and efforts. They knew that the entire country was watching them and praying for them. They were honest in everything. These were the factors responsible for their expedition.

Moral: Factors are responsible for adventures.
2. Write in detail about the selection and training process which the crew underwent.

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { Prose } & : \text { Empowered Women Navigating The World } \\
\text { Theme } & : \text { Selection and training process }
\end{array}
$$

The all-women navy crew had six members. Thirty women had applied for the expedition. Only six of them were shortlisted. The selection was based on the survival skills. The six women were trained for three years. They had their basic training at Indian Naval Waterman Ship Training

Centre, Mumbai. They had theoretical courses as well as hands-on training. They were trained to repair things and to deal with emergencies. The trip was a tutorial for them.

Moral: Practice makes us perfect

## SPECIAL PARAGRAPH

## FOR GIFTED STUDENTS

| Prose | $:$ Empowered Women navigating the world |
| :--- | :--- |
| Theme | $:$ Factors, Selection, training and expedition |

## Introduction:

Women play a powerful role. They hold all the major positions in society. Their achievements are remarkable. One such achievement is described in this lesson. A six women Navy crew traveled around the world in sea in 254 days.

## Navika Sagar Parikrama:

Navika Sagar Parikrama was a project to empower women. The voyage aimed to showcase 'Make in India'.

## Selection process:

Thirty women had applied for this task. Only six were selected based on their life skills. Commander Dilip Donde mentored the crew. They were trained for $\mathbf{3}$ years.

## The great voyage:

They went all alone in a sailboat called INSV Tarini. INSV stands for Indian Naval Ship Vessel. The sailboat has advanced navigation and comunication systems. They started their voyage on 10 September 2017 fro Goa. They returned to Goa on 21 May 2018. They were in the sea for 254 days.

## The hardships:

They underwent unexpected challenges. But they were honest in completing the task. They followed the rules strictly. They had good and happy times.

## Conclusion:

They achieved everything through teamwork. They proved that anything is possible for women.
Moral: Anything is possible for women.

## FOR AVERAGE STUDENTS

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { Prose } & : \text { Empowered Women navigating the world } \\
\text { Theme } & : \text { Factors, training \& expedition }
\end{array}
$$

Women are powerful. They have achieved numerous things. A team of six women travelled around the world in $\mathbf{2 5 4}$ days on sea. Lt.Vartika Joshi headed the team. They went in a sailboat INSV Tarini. The voyage was under the project Navika Sagar Parikrama. The crew started from Goa port on 10 September 2017. They returned on 21 May 2018. They faced many challenges. They were honest in their task. They shared their experiences in an interview. They have proved that women can achieve anything.

> Moral: Women can achieve anything.

## FOR SLOW LEARNERS

* A crew of six women-undertook a voyage.
* They went in a sailboat called INSV Tarini.
* The boat had all the facilities and resources.
* They started their voyage on 10 September 2017.
* They returned on 21 May 2018.
* They faced many challenges.
* They proved that women can do anything.

Moral: Anything is possible for women.

## TEXTUAL EXERCISES

## IDIOMS AND PHRASES (Text page 67)

D. Pick out the idioms and phrases from the box and write them in the blanks equivalent to their meanings. One is done for you.Find one's voice lend an ear, sharp as a tack over the moon on the hall bring it on come across get along hang on work out

| S.No | IDIOMS | PHRASES |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 1. | Competent | on the ball |
| 2. | Becoming more confident <br> in expressing oneself | find one's voice |


| 3. | Extremely happy | over the moon |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 4. | To accept the challenge <br> with confidence | bring it on |
| 5. | Listen | Lend an ear |


| S.No | PHRASEL VERBS | ANSWERS |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1. | To meet one by chance | come across |
| 2. | To exercise | work out |
| 3. | Mentally agile | sharp as a tack |
| 4. | To have a friendly <br> relationship | get along |
| 5. | To keep something | hang on |

E. Read the given sentences carefully and fill in with appropriate phrasal verbs. Choose them from the help box.
get along with, take off, shut down, look after, warm up

1. The airhostess instructed the passengers to wear the seat belts during the take off
2. Venkat felt happy to get along withthe neighbours in the new locality.
3. There will be a shut down next week in the office.
4. Doing warm up every day in the morning keeps one healthy.
5. The mother instructed the maid to look after the child carefully.
F. Read the given passage carefully and fill in the blanks with suitable phrasal verbs from the help box.
burn off, keep up, build up, tire out, warms up, put on, work out, stretch out
Riya is a young dancer who feels contented and satisfied with herself. Let's hear from her.
Hi, everyone! I am Riya. I suppose I'm really lucky because I don't put on weight easily. I never work out in the gym and the only time I stretch out is when I need something from the top shelf. I tried aerobics several times but I couldn't keep upwith the others. I take my pet for a walk thrice a day though, and that helps to burn offthe calories. I usually watch what I eat but I sometimes binge on ice cream.
My sister Diya, is a real fitness fanatic. Before she works out she warms up every day with push ups, sit ups, stretches and a jog around the park. She says it's important to build up good levels of strength and stamina. I don't want to overdo it though. A fitness regime like hers would tire me out.

## Listening

G. *Listen to the passage read by the teacher and say whether the given statement is true or false.

1. Preethi srinivasan is a former cricketer from Tamil Nadu - True
2. At the age of seventeen she captained the Indian Women's cricket Team

- True

3. Preethi Srinivasan was not only a cricketer but also a runner

- False

4. Preethi own trauma inspired her to create soulFree. A foundation for those suffering from mental illness

- True

5. Preethi received the Kalpana Chawla Award for courage and daring Enterprise - True

## Speaking

## Story Telling:

H. Read the clues given below and develop your story. Narrate your story to the class. Robert Bruce - King - lying on the ground in a dejected mood - failed to defeat his enemies - was thinking of giving up the attempt - saw a spider falling down from the ceiling - the ceiling far away - wondered how it would get there - the spider fell back again - again it tried - again it fell - it made nine such attempts - no success climbed up once more - at last succeeded in reaching the roof - Bruce imitated its example he too tried once again - was successful.
Answer:
Robert the Bruce was the king of Scotland. He was laying in a cave in a dejected mood. He was failed to defeat his enemies. He was thinking of giving up the attempt. As he laid thinking, he noticed a spider over his head, getting ready to weave her web. He watched her as she worked slowly and with great care. Six times she tried to throw her thread from one edge of the cave wall to another. But the spider did not lose hope. With still more care, she made herself ready to try for a seventh time. The spider fell back. But again and again it tried. It made nine such attempts. It climbed up once more and at last succeeded in reaching the roof. Bruce imitated its example. He too tried once again. He was successful.
Moral: try again and again until you succeed
I. Develop a story with the given pictures and narrate it to your class. Your story must have a plot and vivid details.



Mr.Smith,Ms.Jenita and Mr.Paul went on an expedition. They travelled in a ship. While travelling they engaged themselves by posting pictures, read book,craft work, read comics and loved cooking, baking, crafting .Suddenly a storm came. The ship got wrecked. Fortunately they knew swimming. They swam deep in the sea. Ms. Jenita found alight sparkling among the sea plants. She called the other two. They found a treasure among the sea plants. They took it out of the sea. Thus they escaped from the storm and also got a treasure.

## Reading

Read the data below and answer the following questions.
Choose the correct answer.


1. What is the data about?
a. women empowerment
b. women power
c. women at work
d. women at home
2. Identify the three jobs where the same percentage of women works.


Ans: a. b. c. d.
3. In which field of work is women's involvement the second highest?
a. Logistics stores
b. Home maker
c. Medicine
d.Administration/ Human resource
4. Percentage of women working in finance is the same as.
a. Home maker
b. Information Technology
c. Technical Field
d. Administration/Human Resources
5. What is the difference between the percentage of women working in logistics and Medicine?
a. 8
b. 11
c. 13
d. 5

## Writing

J. Read the given slogans and match them appropriately with their theme.

1. One for all and all for one Unity
2. Limit your fast food otherwise Junk food it would be your last food
3. Restricting a woman restricts Woman the growth of the family
4. Clean and green makes perfect empowerment Cleanliness scene
5. It takes a lot of blue to stay Save water green
K. Look at the images of familiar advertisements given below identify the products and try to frame your own slogans for each one of them
6. 



Chaco- bar-
Delight in everybite


Ball point pens -
It is yours
3.


Mobile-
Be wise shop wise
4.

Tooth brush Better teeth better health
L. Look at the pictures given below and frame your own slogans:


SAVE WATER SAVE EARTH


SAVE EARTH SAVE YOURSELF


## JOIN US

## ONE SPIRIT,ONE

 TEAM,ONE WIN
## Grammar (Text pg.77)

A. Complete the sentences in present tense forms.

1. Saravanan always goes (go) for a walk in the morning.
2. We have gathered (gather) here for a meeting and the chair person is yet to arrive.
3. Aruna has been eagerly waiting (wait) to meet her friend since morning.
4. Sheeba moves (move) to a new house next week.
5. Naseera attends (attend) music classes regularly.
6. Ilakiya and Adhira enjoy (enjoy) each other's company very much.
7. Mani has been working (work) in this school for five years.
8. It is pouring (pour) outside now.
B. Complete the sentences in past tense forms.
(Text pg.80)
9. I went (go) to her place on foot.
10. The children were playing (play) in the ground when the teacher arrived.
11. They were requesting (request) him when the manager arrived.
12. If you had worked (work) hard, you would have won the relay match
13. Joanna and Joy had already left (leave) for Ooty, when the others reached the station.
14. We all sang (sing) in the choir last week
15. Nancy hadalwaysbeen asking (ask) for help.
16. The office goers waited (wait) for the train.
C. Fill in the blanks using the verbs in the brackets in the future form.
17. We will not go to the market, in case it rains. (go)
18. Keerthi will do his work by next week.(do)
19. The peon will ring the bell by the time I reach the school.(ring)
20. I shall visit my sister's house next April if I go to Uttarkhand. (visit)
21. If you listen carefully, you will understand my point. (understand)
22. By next year, I shall have lived in Chennai for fifteen years. (live)
23. The new edition of this book will come out shortly. (come)
24. She hopes you will help her. (help).
D. Underline the verbs and identify the tense forms.
25. I am working hard day and night. - Present Continuous Tense
26. The Moon revolves around the Earth. - Simple Present Tense
27. Were the milk men milking the cow? Past Continuous Tense
28. He received your messages last night. Simple Past Tense
29. I have been ill for a couple of day. Present Perfect Tense
30. I am working hard day and night.- Present Continuous Tense
E. In the following passage, some words are missing. Choose the correct words from the given options to complete the passage.

Rahav (a) $\qquad$ in a middle class family.He is a (b) $\qquad$ boy of 8 , His mother (c) $\qquad$ as a software engineer in an MNC(d) $\qquad$ is his favourite hobby. He (e) $\qquad$ the first prize in school level competition for drawing last week.He (f) $\qquad$ drawing at the age of 3 . His mother (g) $\qquad$ he (h) $\qquad$ a great painter in future.

| (a) (i) will be born | (ii) is born | (iii) born | (iv) has born |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| (b) (i) school going | (ii) going to school | (iii) school coming | (iv) school gone |
| (c) (i) working | (ii) works | (iii) has worked | (iv) will worked |
| (d) (i) drawn | (ii) had drawn | (iii) drawing | (iv) will work |
| (e) (i) win | (ii) was winning | (iii) win | (iv) won |
| (f) (i) was starting | (ii) starting | (iii) started | (iv) is starting |
| (g) (i) hoped | (ii) hoping | (iii) hopes | (iv) has hoped |
| (h) will become | (ii) becomes | (iii) would become | (iv) will be becoming |

## Answers:

| a. is born | b. school going | c. works | d.drawing |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| e.won | f. started | g. hopes | h. will become |

F. The following passage has not been edited. There is one error in the tense of the verb in each line. Write the wrong word as well as the correct word in the given place. One is done for you.
(Text pg.83)

|  | Wrong words <br> (Text per | Correct words |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| When Anand reach Arun's place, his | reach | reached |
| friends have arrived already. Arun | have arrived | had arrived |
| introduces Anand to them. Arun's brother | introduces | introduced |
| buy some snacks from the market. | Buy | bought |
| Arun serving it to all his friends. Then | serving | served |
| they all sat together to planning their holidays. | To planning | to plan |
| Arun have a cottage in Ooty, so | have | had |
| they all plan to go to Ooty during the holidays. | Plan | planned |
| "Would we have a good time?, asked Arun. | Would | Shall |
| They all cheerfully say, "Yes!" | say | said |

G. Read the story and rewrite it using the simple past tense.

Juno the elephant is lonely and tries to make friends with the other animals in the forest. But, the other animals refuse to play with Juno because of his size. One day, all the animals are running away from Dera the tiger who is eating everyone he finds. Juno goes and gives Dera a swift kick. Dera immediately runs away. Juno is now everyone's friend.

## Answers:

| 1. was | 6. found |
| :--- | :--- |
| 2. tried | 7. went |
| 3. refused | 8. gave |
| 4. were | 9. ran |
| 5. was | 10. was then |

H. Read the situations given and frame two suitable sentences in the appropriate form of the tenses.

1. Give two instructions to your classmates.
2. Keep quiet until the teacher comes.
3. Go and meet the Headmaster immediately.
4. Mention any two of your discontinued habits in the correct tense form.
5. I used to go swimming every Thursday when I was at school.
6. I used to smoke but I gave up a few years ago.
7. Make any two requests to your classmates or friends.
8. Will you please give me a pen?
9. Shall we make a move?
10. Mention any of your two dreams in the correct tense form.
11. I wish to become a doctor.
12. I wish to go abroad.



## ABOUT THE AUTHOR

Henry Van Dyke (1852-1913) was an American author poet educator, and clergyman. He served as a professor of English literature at Princeton University between 1899 and 1923. He was elected to the American Academy of Arts and Letters and received many other honours.


## PICTURES RELATED TO THE LESSQT



Face life with a happy heart


## MIND MAP



## PICTURES RELATED TO THE LESSAN



## பாடல் சுயுக்கம்

* நாம் எப்படி வாழ வேண்டிம் எண்பநை இப்பாடல் அழகாக உரைக்கிறது. நாம் தைாியத்துடனும், விருப்பத்துடனும் வாழ வேண்டும். நாம் குறிக்கோணை நோக்கி முன்னேற வேண்டும். கடந்தகால இழ்புகளை நியைத்து நாம் வருந்தக்சூடாது. எதிர்காலத்தைப் பற்றிக் கவலைப்படக்சூடாது. நாம் முழு மனதுடன் மகிழ்ச்சியாக வாழ வேண்டிம். நம்முடைய பாதை கரடு முரடாதானதா அல்லது மென்மையானதா எனக் கவமலப்படக்சூடாது. கவிஞர் புதிய நட்பு, உயா்ந்த வீரச்செயல், பெரிய பதவி முதலியவற்றற அடைய முக்கியத்தும் தருகிறார். அவர் தன்் வாழ்வின் கடைசிப்பகுதி சிறப்பாக இருக்கும் என நம்புகிறார்.


## TEXT TRANSLATION

| LIFE | வாழ்க்கை |
| :---: | :---: |
| Let me but live my life from year to year; With forward face and unreluctant soul; Not hurrying to, nor turning from the goal; Not mourning for the things that disappear In the dim past, nor holding back in fear From what the future veils; but with a whole And happy heart, that pays its toll To Youth and Age, and travels on with cheer | எณ்றை வாழ விடுங்கள் - ஒவ்வொரு வருடமும் <br> Gதால்விகளை கடந்து முன்னேறும் முகத்துடனும், <br> ழுயந்சியை ணைவிடாத தயக்கமற்ற ஆன்மாவுடனும் <br> பதட்டப்படாமலும், என் இலக்கிலிருந்து விலகாமலும், <br> கடந்து முடிந்த காலங்களில் நான் இழந்தவந்றறப் பற்றி எண்ணிப் புலம்பாமலும் <br> திணை இட்ட எதிர்காலம் எப்படி இருக்குமோ எண்று எண்ணி பயந்து நின்று விடாமலும் <br> ஒரு முழுமையான மகிழ்ச்சியான மனதுடனும் <br> எண் வாழ்க்கைப் பயணத்றத் மகிழ்ச்சியுுட் கழிக்க <br> (என்னை வாழ விடுங்கள்) |
| So let the way wind up the hill or down, O'er rough or smooth the journey will be joy: Still seeking what I sought when but a boy, New friendship, high adventure, and a crown, My heart will keep the courage of the quest, And hope the road's last turn will be the best. | ஆதலால் இந்த வாழ்க்கைப் பயணம் மேடு பள்ளங்களோடோ கடினமான அல்லது மென்மையாா பயணமாக இருந்தாலும் மகிழ்ச்சியாகவே இருக்கும் நான் யார் என்று என்னை பற்றி ஒரு சிறுவனாக சுய பரிசோதனை செய்து தேடியதையே இன்னும் தேடுகிறேன்.. எதிர்வரும் புதிய நட்பு, உயர் சாகசம் மற்றும் ஒரு கிரீடம், நாடிச் சென்றிட என் இதயம் தைரியம் கொள்ளுமே இவ்வாழ்க்கைப் பாதையின் எதிர்வரும் இறுதித் திருப்பம் சிறப்பானதாகவே இருக்கும் என்று நம்புகிறேன். |

## EXAM BASED QUESTIONS

## APPRECLATION OF THE POEM

| S. | POETIC LINES | FIGURES OF SPEECH |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| No | Not hurrying to, nor turning from the goal; | Anaphora |
| 1. |  |  |


|  | Not mourning for the things that disappear |  |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 2. | From what the future veils; but with a whole | Personification |
| 3. | To Youth and Age, and travels on with cheer | Oxymoron |
| 4. | O'er rough or smooth, the journey will be joy: | Oxymoron |
| 5. | Still seeking what I sought when but a boy | Simile |
| 6. | New friendship, high adventure, and a crown | Metaphor |


| Refers |  | Means |  |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- |
| I | Poet | Road's last turn | Life's last phase |
|  |  | Mourning | Great sadness |
|  |  | Neils | Hide |
| My |  | Poet | Crown |
| Boy |  | Quest | A prize |
|  |  | Unreluctant | Willing |
|  |  |  |  |


| Stanza | Rhyme Scheme |
| :---: | :---: |
| I | a b b a |
| II | a b b a |
| III | a b b a |
| IV | - |

## APPRECIATION QUESTIONS

1. Let me but live my life from year to year,

With forward face and unreluctant soul;
Not hurrying to, nor turning from the goal;
Not mourning for the things that disappear
a) What kind of life does the poet want to live? (AUG-2022)(PTA-2, MAY -2022) He wants to live a happy life.
b) Who does ' $m e$ ' refer to?
(PTA-2,4,5, (MAY -2022) (TB)
'Me' refers to the poet.
c) What should one not mourn for?
(SEP-2021)(TB)
One shouldn't mourn for the past loss.
d) How does he want to live? (PTA-5) He wants to live boldly and willingly.
e) Is the poet in a hurry?

No, he is not.
f) Why do think the poet is not in a hurry? (AUG-2022)(TB) Because he wants to achieve his aim moving steadily.
g) Mention the rhyming words. year - disappear, goal - soul.
h) Identify the rhyme scheme of the given lines.
(AUG-2022) (TB) abba
i) Mention the figure of speech. Anaphora.
j) Pick out the alliterated words. (TB) forward, face let, live, life
k) Whom does the word 'me' refer to?
'Me' refers to the poet.

## Paraphrase : (5 Marks)

This stanza is taken from the poem "Life" written by 'Henry Van Dyke'. The poet wants to live boldly and willingly. He doesn't hurry towards his soul. He doesn't move away from it. He doesn't mourn for his past loss. We should be bold. We should be hopeful. It shows the poet's optimistic attitude.

## 2. In the dim past, nor holding back in fear

From what the future veils; but with a whole
And happy heart, that pays its toll
To Youth and Age, and travels on with cheer.
a) Is the poet afraid of future?

No, he is not.
(PTA-6) (TB)
b) What does the poet mean by the phrase in the dim past? (PTA-6) (TB) It means sad past.
c) What does the poet pay to youth and age?
He pays toll to youth and age.
d) How does the poet travel?

He travels with cheer.
e) Does he hold back in fear? No, he does not.
f) Identify the rhyming words of the given lines.
(PTA-4) (TB) fear - cheer, whole - toll.
g) Mention the figure of speech. ... in the dim past - metaphor .. future veils - personification .. heart pays toll - personification ... youth and age - contrast.
h) How can one travel on with cheer? With memories of youth and old age one can travel on with cheer. (TB)

## Paraphrase : (5 Marks) (SEP-2021)

This stanza is taken from the poem "Life" written by 'Henry Van Dyke'. The poet has no fear of future. He wants to live happily. He respects youth and old age. He likes ideal life. Life is like a journey. He is hopeful. It shows the poet's optimistic attitude.
3. So let the way wind up the hill or down,

O'er rough or smooth, the journey will be joy:
Still seeking what I sought when but a boy,
New friendship, high adventure, and a crown,
a) How should the journey of life?
(PTA-5)(June-23) (MAR-24)(TB) It should be happy.
e) Mention the rhyme scheme. abba.
b) How is the way of life? (TB)(June-23)

It is rough or smooth. (MAR-24)
c) What does 'crown' mean?
'Crown' means a prize.
d) What did the poet seek as a boy?(TB) He sought new friendship, high adventure and a prize.
f) Mention the alliterated words. still, seeking, sought, way, what
g) Mention the figure of speech.
hill or down - contrast rough or smooth - contrast.

## Paraphrase : (5 Marks)

This stanza is taken from the poem "Life" written by 'Henry Van Dyke'. The poet's path may be up or down. It may be rough or smooth. The journey will be happy. He seeks new friendship, high adventure and a prize. His life is ideal. Life is like a journey. It shows the poet's optimistic attitude.

## 4. Still seeking what sought when but a boy, <br> New friendship, hugh adventure, and a crown, <br> My heart will keep the courage of the quest, <br> And hope the road's last turn will be the best.

a) What is the poet's hope? (SEP-2020) (MDL-2023)(APRIL-23)(TB)
The last part of his life will be the best.
b) What is the poet's quest? (SEP-2020) He seeks for the courageous quest.
c) Did he achieve his desire?

No.
d) What does 'quest' mean?

Quest means long search.
e) Mention the figure of speech Road's last turn - metaphor
f) Mention the rhyme scheme. abcc
g) Mention the rhyming words. quest, best
h) What kind of quest does the poet seek here? (MDL-2023) (APRIL-23)(TB) The poet soeks for the courageous quest.

## Paraphrase : (5 Marks) (PTA-6)

This stanza is taken from the poem "Life" written by 'Henry Van Dyke'. The poet seeks new friendship, high adventure and a prize. He will be bold to fulfil his desire. The last part of his life will be the best. He hopes so. The poet likes an ideal life. He is hopeful. It shows the poet's optimistic attitude.

## PARAGRAPH QUESTIONS

1. Describe the journey of life as depicted in the poem by Henry Van Dyke. (OR) How does the post Henry van Dyke lead his life?
(AUG-2022)(MAY -2022) (APRIL-23)(JUNE-23)

| Poem | : Life |
| :--- | :--- |
| Poet | : Henry Van Dyke |
| Theme | : The journey of life |

The poet wants to leads life with positivity. He always wants to look ahead. His spirit is willing to take up any task. He is never in a haste. He does not move away from his goal. He has no worries of the things he lost in the past. He fears not about the future. He wants to enjoy the present. He respects youth and old age. His roads may be rough or smooth. He travels on the road with a happy heart. He looks for new friendship, adventure and success. He hopes that the end of life will always be the best.

Moral: Life must be adventurous.

## SPECIAL PARAGRAPH

## FOR GIFTED STUDENTS

## Introduction:

| Poem | Life |
| :--- | :--- |
| Poet | : Henry Van Dyke |
| Theme | : The Journey of life |

The poem was written by Henry Van Dyke. The poet treats life with positivity. He also wants us to live our life like him.

## Lessons in life:

He wants to live a happy life. He does not want to hurry. Nor does he move away from his goal. His soul has the will to do anything. He always looks ahead. He has lost many things in the past. But he does not worry about it. He has no fear about the future. Because we don't know what it holds. He moves on with a happy heart.

## Life - a beautiful journey:

Life is a nice journey. The road may be smooth or rough. There will be joys and sorrows. But we should treat them alike. Then the journey will be a happy one. The poet does not aim for big things. He had sought simple things in his boyhood. His search is still the same. He has faith and strong will. He hopes that life will always give us the best in the end.

Moral: Life is a beautiful journey.

## FOR AVERAGE STUDENTS

| Poem | : Life |
| :--- | :--- |
| Poet | : Henry Van Dyke |
| Theme | : Journey of Life. |

The poet Henry Van Dyke wishes to lead a happy life. He always wants to look forward. His soul is ready to do anything. He never worries about his past. He has no fear about his future. Life is a journey. It may have ups and downs. There will be happy and unhappy times. But he never minds about it. He moves on with a happy and courageous heart. The end of the journey will always be the

## best.

Moral: Life is a beautiful journey.

## FOR SLOW LEARNERS



> Moral: Life is a beautiful journey.
C. Based on your understanding of the poem complete the following passage by the using the phrases given in the box

The poet wants to live his life looking ahead willing to do something. He neither wants to hurry nor move away from his goal. He does not want to 'mourn the things he has lost. not hold back for fear of the future/ He instead prefers to live his life with a whole and happy heart which cheerfully travels from youth to old age therefore, it does not matter to him whether the path goes up or down the hill rough or smooth, the journey will be joyful. He will continue to seek what he wanted as a boy. New friendship high adventure and a crown (prize). His heart will remain courageous and pursue his desires. He hopes that every turn in his life's journey will be the best.



## ABOUT THE AUTHOR

L. M. Montgomery, (1874-1942) was a Canadian author best known for a series of novels beginning in 1908 with Anne of Green Gables Montgomery went on to publish 20 novels as well as 530 short stories, 500 poems, and 30 essays A prolific writer Montgomery published over 100 stories between 1897 and 1907. Montgomery's work, diaries and letters have been read and studied by scholars and readers worldwide.


## PICTURES RELATED TO THE LESSON



## MIND MAP



## PICTURES RELATED TO THE LESSON



## பாடல் ச்யுக்கம்

* இப்பாடல் ஒரு குறறசெல்லும் குடும்பத்றைத் தெளிவாக விவாிக்கிறது. அது குறறசொல்லும் தெருவில் உள்ளது. அவர்கள் எப்போதும் எதிலும் திருப்தியற்றவர்கள், பருவகாலங்கணளக் குறை சொல்கின்றனர். அவர்கள் மற்றவர்கள் மீது அதிக கோபம் கொள்கின்றனர். ஒன்றும் குறைசொல்ல இல்லாதபோதும் கோபம் கொள்கின்றனர். அவர்களை யாரும் விரும்புவதில்லை. அவர்களருகில் யாரும் சென்றால், அவர்களும் அப்படி மாறிவிடுவர்.


## TEXT TRANSLATION

| THE GRUMBLE FAMILY | குறைசொல்லும் குடிம்பம் |
| :---: | :---: |
| There's a family nobody likes to meet; They live, it is said, on Complaining Street In the city of Never-Are-Satisfied, The River of Discontent beside. | யாரும் சந்திக்கவிரும்பாத குடும்பம் அங்கொன்று வாழ்கிறது. புகார்கள் நிறறந்துள்ள தெருவில் எப்போதும் திருப்தி அடையாத நகரில், அ申ிருப்தியான நதியின் அருகில். |
| They growl at that and they growl at this; Whatever comes, there is something amiss; And whether their station be high or humble, They are all known by the name of Grumble. | அசுர்கள் அதையும் இதையும் கண்டு புலம்பினர். எது வந்தாலும் அங்கு ஏதோ ஒழுங்கற்றுள்ளது மற்றும் அவர்கள் நிலை உயர்ந்ததோ தாழ்ந்ததோ, அவர்கள் மனக்குறைவு என்றபெயரால் அறியப்பட்டனர். |
| The weather is always too hot or cold; Summer and winter alike they scold. Nothing goes right with the folks you meet Down on that gloomy Complaining Street. | மிகுந்த வெப்பம் அல்லது குளிர்ச்சி உள்ளவானிலை கோடையும் குளிர்காலமும் ஒன்றேபோல் தான் வாட்டும். <br> நாம் சந்திக்கும் எல்லோராலும் எதுவும் சரியாகப் போவதில்லை, அந்த இருண்ட புகார் செய்யும் வீதியில். |
| They growl at the rain and they growl at the sun; In fact, their growling is never done. <br> And if everything pleased them, there isn't a doubt They'd growl that they'd nothing to grumble about! | அவா்கள் சூரியனையும் சந்திரணையும் கண்டு புலம்பினர் சொல்லப்போனால் அவர்கள் ஒருபோதும் புலம்பாமல் இல்லை <br> மற்றும் அணைத்தும் அவா்களை மகிழ்வித்தால் அங்கு ஒரு சந்தேகமுமே இல்லை <br> புலம்புவதற்கு ஏதும் இல்லையே என்று புலம்புவார்கள் |
| But the queerest thing is that not one of the same Can be brought to acknowledge his family name; For never a Grumbler will own that he Is connected with it at all, you see. | விசித்திரமான விஷயம் எண்னவென்றால் அவர்களள புலம்பும் குடும்பம் என்ற பெயரோடு ஒப்புக் கொள்ள மாட்டார்கள். <br> எந்த புலம்பும் மணிதனும் தன்ணை புலம்பும் ரகம் என்று ஒத்து கொள்வானா என்ன? சொல்லுங்கள் |
| The worst thing is that if anyone stays Among them too long, he will learn their ways; And before he dreams of the terrible jumble He's adopted into the family of Grumble. | மோசமானவிஷயம் என்னவெனில், அங்கு யாரேனும் அவா்களுடன் நெடு நாட்கள் தங்கினால் போதும் அவன் அவர்கள் வழியை கற்றுக் கொள்வான் <br> அந்த பயங்கரமான சூழ்நிலையை உணர்வதற்கு முன்பே <br> அவனும் அந்த மனக்குறறயுள்ள <br> குடும்பத்தில் <br> உள்ளவர்களை போல மாறிவிடுவான். |


| And so it were wisest to keep our feet From wandering into Complaining Street; And never to growl, whatever we do, Lest we be mistaken for Grumblers, too. | புத்திசாலித்தனமான காரியம் எதுவென்றால் <br> அந்தபுகார் கூறும் தெருவில் நம்பாதங்கள் பதியாமல் இருப்பதுவே <br> அதோடு நாம் எது செய்தாலும், புலம்பாமலும் இருப்பது, <br> இல்லையெனில் நம்மையும் மனக்குறறவுள்ளவர்கள் என்று சூறி விடுவார்கள். |
| :---: | :---: |
| Let us learn to walk with a smile and a song, No matter if things do sometimes go wrong; And then, be our station high or humble, We'll never belong to the family of Grumble! | எனவே நாம் புன்னகையோடு பாடிக்கொண்டு வாழக் கற்றுக் கொள்வோம், <br> சில சமயம் நம் வாழ்க்கையில் தவறுகள் நிகழலாம், நாம் உயர்ந்த அல்லது தாழ்ந்த நிலைக்கு சென்றாலும் நாம் ஒருபோதும் மனக்குறை உள்ளவர்கள் குடும்பத்தை சேர்ந்தவர்கள் போல் புலம்பக்சூடாது. |

## EXAM BASED QUESTIONS

## APPRECIATION OF THE POEM

|  | POETIC LINES |  | FIGURES OF SPEECH |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | They live it is said, on Complaining street |  | Epithet |
|  | The river of Discontent beside |  | Personification |
|  | They growl at that and they growl at this |  | Repetition |
|  | And whether their station be high or humble, |  | Oxymoron |
|  | The weather is always too hot or cold: |  | Oxymoron |
|  | Summer and winter alike they scold |  | Oxymoron |
|  | They'd growl that they'd nothing to grumble about! |  | Repetition |
| Refers |  | Means |  |
| They | Members of the grumble family | Discontent | Dissatisfaction |
| Them |  | Amiss | Not quite right |
| S-5 His | One among the family | Growl | Make a low gutteral sound |
| We | Persons other than the grumble family | Grumble | A complaint in a bad tempered way |
| You |  | Gloomy | Depressing |
| Our |  | Queerest | Strange |
| Us |  | Acknowledge | Accept |
| S-6 He | Any one who stays with the family | Wandering | Moving leisurely |
|  | Stanza | Rhyme sche |  |
|  | I | a a b b |  |


| II | a a b b |
| :---: | :---: |
| III | a a b b |
| IV | a a b b |
| V | a a b b |
| VI | a a b b |
| VII | a a b b |
| VIII | a a b b |

## APPRECIATION QUESTIONS

## 1. There's a family nobody likes to meet; <br> They live, it is said, on Complaining Street <br> In the city of Never-Are-Satisfied, <br> The River of Disgomtent beside.

a) Why do you think the street is named as
'Complaining Street?
(PTA-1,4,5) (APRIL-23)(MAR-24) (TB)
Its people complain about others.
b) Where does the family live?
(PTA-1,4,5) (APRIL-23)(MAR-24) (TB)
It lives in complaining street.
c) What's the family mentioned?

It is 'grumble family'.
d) Which is the city?

It is 'Never- Are Satisfied'
e) Which is the river?

It is 'River of Discontent'
f) Mention the rhyme scheme. aabb
g) Mention the rhyming words. meet - street, satisfied - beside.
h) Mention the alliteration. nobody, never.
i) Identify the figure of speech. Complainig Street - epithet River of Discontent
$\left.\begin{array}{l}\text { City of Never - } \\ \text { Are Satisfied }\end{array}\right\}$ - Personification

## Paraphrase : (5 Marks)

This stanza is taken from the poem "THE GRUMBLE FAMILY" written by 'Lucy Maud Montgomery'. There is a family. Nobody likes to meet it. Their street is complaining street. The city is never. Are satisfied. The river is Discontent. It shows the negative aspects of the things connected with the grumble family.

## 2. They growl at that and they growl at this; <br> Whatever comes, there is something amiss; <br> And whether their station be high or humble, <br> They are all known by the name of Grumble.

a) Why do they find everything 'amiss'?

Because they aren't satisfied.
b) What does 'growl' mean here?
'Growl' means make a low noise.
c) What does 'station' mean?
'Station' means position.
d) Who are 'they'?

They are members of grumble family.
e) Mention the rhyme scheme. aabb
f) Mention the figure of speech in $1^{\text {st }}$ and $3{ }^{\text {rd }}$ lines.
$1^{\text {st }}$ line - anaphora
$3^{\text {rd }}$ line - contrast

This stanza is taken from the poem "THE GRUMBLE FAMILY" written by 'Lucy Maud Montgomery'. The grumblers growLal everything. They find fault with anything. Their position may be low or high. They are called grumblers. It is their bad nature. It shows the negative aspects of the things connected with the grumble family.

## 3. The weather is always too hot or cold; <br> Summer and winter alike they scold. <br> Nothing goes right with the folks you meet <br> Down on that gloomy Complaining Street.

a) What does the word 'gloomy' mean here?
(TB)
'Gloomy' means sad.
b) What do they scold?

They scold the seasons.
c) What is the opinion about the folks you meet down the street?
They complain about them.
d) Pick out the rhyming words from the given stanza.
(APRIL-23)
cold - scold, meet- street.
e) Give the rhyme scheme for the given stanza
(APRIL-23)
Aabb
f) Identify the figure of speech
employed in the first line of the given stanza
$1^{\text {st }}$ line - contrast (APRIL-23)
$2^{\text {nd }}$ line - contrast
Complaining street - epithet, personification.
g) Pick our the alliterating words in the second line.
(APRIL-23)
Weather, Winter

> Paraphrase : (5 Marks) (PTA-4)
> This stanza is taken from the poem "THE GRUMBLE FAMILY" written by 'Lucy Maud Montgomery' The grumble family complains about seasons. They find fault with everything. Nothing is correct. They complain about the men going there. They gumble about everything. It shows the negative aspects of the things connected with the grumble family.

## 4. They growl at the rain and they growl at the sun; In fact, their growling is never done. <br> And if everything pleased them, there isn't a doubt They'd growl that they'd nothing to grumble about!

a) Does their growling end?

No, It does not end.
b) What do they growl at?

They growl at the rain and the sun.

c) What happens if everything pleased them?
They growl for having nothing to grumble.
d) Mention the rhyming words.
sun - done, doubt - about
e) Identify the figure of speech in the $1^{\text {st }}$ line?
Anaphora
f) Mention the alliteration.
growl, growling, grumble,

## Paraphrase : (5 Marks) (PTA-2)

This stanza is taken from the poem "THE GRUMBLE FAMILY" written by 'Lucy Maud Montgomery'.The grumble family growls at the rain. They growl at the sun.They growl endlessly.Suppose there is nothing to growl. They growl for having nothing to grumble.It shows the negative attitude of the grumble family.

## 5. But the queerest thing is that not one of the same <br> Can be brought to acknowledge his family name; <br> For never a Grumbler will own that he <br> Is connected with it at all, you see.

a) What will a grumbler never accept?

He's connected with the grumbling family.
He won't accept it.
b) What is queerest?

No grumbler would acknowledge his family name.
c) What does 'grumbler' mean?

Grumbler means a person who complains.
d) Mention the rhyming words. same - name, he - see.
e) Metion the alliteration. same, see

## Paraphrase : (5 Marks)

This stanza is taken from the poem "THE GRUMBLE FAMILY" written by 'Lucy Maud Montgomery' No one of the grumble family would accept his family name. No grumbler will accept that he is connected with it. We should grumble about anything. We will become a grumbler. The poetess tells so. It shows the negative aspects of the things connected with the grumble family.

## 6. The worst thing is that if anyone stays <br> Among them too long, he will learn their ways; <br> And before he dreams of the terrible jumble <br> He's adopted into the family of Grumble.

a) What are the ways of the Grumble family?
Grumbling about others is the grumble $\square$ family's way.
b) What is the worst thing that can happen if anyone stays with them?
Anybody staying with the grumblers
learns their ways.
c) What is jumble's

It means confusion.

## Paraphrase : (5 Marks)

This stanza is taken from the poem "THE GRUMBLE FAMILY" written by 'Lucy Maud Montgomery' Suppose anybody stays with the grumble family. He will learn their ways. He will became a member of it. He will grumble about others. He will gumble about everything. We shouldn't grumble. It shows the negative aspects of the things connected with the grumble family.

## 7. And so it were wisest to keep our feet <br> From wandering into Complaining Street; <br> And never to growl, whatever we do, <br> Lest we be mistaken for Grumblers, too.

a) What is the poet's advice?
We shouldn't grumble.
d) What will we be mistaken?
We will be mistaken for grumbler.
b) What is the wisest thing that the poet suggests?
Staying away from complaining street is the wisest thing.
c) What does the phrase 'to keep our feet from wandering' refer to? (TB) It refers to not to enter complaining street
e) Mention the figure of speech in the $2^{\text {nd }}$ line. Personification.
f) Mention the rhyming words. feet - street, do - too

## Paraphrase : (5 Marks)

This stanza is taken from the poem "THE GRUMBLE FAMILY" written by 'Lucy Maud Montgomery'. We shouldn't enter complaining street. It is the wisest thing. We should not grumble. Suppose we grumble. We will be mistaken for grumblers. The poetess advises so. It shows the negative aspects of the things connected with the grumble family.

> 8. Let us learn to wadk with a smile and a song, No matter if things do sometimes go wrong;
> And then, be our station high or humble,
> We'll never belong to the family of Grumble!
a) What should we do when things go wrong Sometimes?
(MDL-19)(TB)
We should not worry.
b) What does the poet expect everyone to learn?
(MDL-19)(TB)
We should walk with a smile and a song.
c) What does 'humble' mean?
Humble means 'polite'
d) Mention the rhyme scheme, aabb
e) Mention the rhyming words. song - wrong, humble - grumble
f) Mark the alliteration let, learn.
g) Mention the figure of speech in the $3^{\text {rd }}$ line Contrast

## Paraphrase : (5 Marks)

This stanza is taken from the poem "THE GRUMBLE FAMILY" written by 'Lucy Maud Montgomery' Things may go wrong. We must walk with a smile and a song. Our condition may be high. Or it may be simple. We should not belong to the grumble family. The poetess advises us so. It shows the negative aspects of the things connected with the grumble family.

## PARAGRAPH QUESTIONS

## A. Answer the following questions in about 80-120 words:

1. Write a paragraph on 'The Grumble Family' and their attitude towards
(MAR-24) other folks.

The grumble family lives in the complaining street. They would always complain about everything. They murmur over the sun and the rain. They complain about the hot and cold weather. Nothing goes right for them. Whatever happens, they will complain. Even if everything goes well, they are not happy. They would feel bad that there's nothing to complain. They never stop their grumbling. No one wants to talk to them. It is wise to stay away from them.

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Moral: A grumbler can never be happy
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2. If you were to live in the Complaining Street, how will you deal with the people who grumble?

If I happen to live in the complaining street, I will deal with the grumblers wisely. I will never give ear to their grumbling. Instead, I will show myself positive. I will make them realize the value of life. I will make them understand life has many things to thank God. They will soon realize that life is a gift.

> Moral: Positive attitude gives joy
3. From the poem 'The Grumble Family' what kind of behaviour does the poet want the readers to possess?
(PTA 3)

| Poem | : The Grumble Family |
| :--- | :--- |
| Poet | : Lucy Maud Montgomery |
| Theme | : Nature of behaviour wanted |

The poet wants the readers to be positive. We should never grumble about anything. We need to stay away from negativity. We should not pay heed to grumblers. Even if anything goes wrong, we should take it easily. We should pass everything with a smile. We may be high or humble. But we should always be contented.

Moral: Be contentful always.

## SPECIAL PARAGRAPH

## FOR GIFTED STUDENTS

## Introduction:

The Grumble Family is a poem by Montgomery. It is about a grumbling family. They live in complaining street. It is beside the river of discontent. No one likes to meet this family.

## Never ending grumbling:

The family members are not satisfied with anything. They find fault with all they see. They always focus on negative things. They complaip bout both hot and cold weather. They grumble about both the sun and the rain. Everything is af extreme for them. They are not happy even if everything goes right. They feel there is nothing to grumble.

## Oh, I'm not a grumbler:

But there is a strange thing about them. They never want to be known by their family name. No one accepts he is a grumbler.

It is not wise to enter their street. No one should stay long with them. For, he too will become a grumbler.

## Be positive:

Life is beautiful. Nothing is always right. Things may sometimes go wrong. But we should pass everything with a smile. Don't grumble at anything.

Moral: A grumbler can't be happy

## FOR AVERAGE STUDENTS

| Poem | $:$ The Grumble Family |
| :--- | :--- |
| Poet | : Lucy Maud Montgomery |
| Theme | $:$ The nature of grumble family |

The Grumble Family was written by Montgomery. She talks about a grumbling family. They live in the complaining street. It is beside the river of discontent. No one wants to meet them. Whatever happens they will complain. They grumble over the sun and the rain. They complain about the hot
and cold weather. But no one accepts he is a grumbler. It is wise to keep us away from them. Life has good and evil. But we should never complain. Lead your life with a smile and song.

Moral: A grumbler can't be happy

## FOR SLOW LEARNERS

- This poem is about a grumble family.
* They live in complaining street.
* They complain about everything.
* No one wants to meet them.
* They grumble about both good and bad.
* Nothing goes right for them.
* We should kep them away.
* Life has good and bad things.
* Be happy with what you have.

Moral: A grumbler can't be happy
C. Answer the following:

1. And whether their station be high or humble...

Pick out the alliteration from the above line.
Alliteration - High humble
2. Pick out the other examples for alliteration from the poem.

They'd growl that they'd
3. The weather is always too hot or cold;

Summer and winter alike they scold.
Nothing goes right with the folks you meet
Down on that gloomy complaining Street.
Pick out the rhyming words and identify the rhyme scheme of the above lines.
Rhyme scheme - abb



## ABOUT THE AUTHOR

Rakhi Nariani Shirke is an academician with a passion for writing poems as a medium of self-expression. She is a post graduate, with a Bachelor's degree in Education.


## PICTURES RELATED TO THE LESSON



Symbol Of Power And Strength


She Is Strong In Her Faith


She Is A Lioness



## பாடல் ச்யுக்கம்

* இன்ணறய பெண்்ணின் சிறப்புகணை இப்பாடல் அழகாக எடுத்துணைக்கிறது. அவள் அழகானவள், வலிமமயானவவள். எந்தச் சோதனையையும் தைரியமாக எதிர்கொள்கின்றாள். அவள் உண்்மையானவள். சோதணையிலும் மகிழ்ச்சியாக உள்ளாள். தன் குடும்பத்திற்கு அதிக முக்கியத்துவம் தருகிறாள். அவள் தன்னம்பிக்கை உடையவள். தன்னிடம் தலையிடுபவர்களை எதிர்கொள்கிறாள். அவள் ஒரு பெண்் சிங்கம். தன்ணை அழிப்பவர்களை வெல்கிறாள்.


## TEXT TRANSLATION

| I AM EVERY WOMAN | ஓவ்வொரு பெண்ணும் நானே |
| :---: | :---: |
| A woman is beauty innate, <br> A symbol of power and strength. <br> She puts her life at stake, <br> She's real, she's not fake! | ஒரு பெண்ணே உள்ளாா்ந்த அழகுஈ, அவளே அதிகாரம் மற்றும் வலிமையின் அடையாளம் அவள் அவளது வாழ்கையே பணயமிடுகிறறாள் அबள்் உண்மை. அவள் பொய்யில்லை. |
| The summer of life she's ready to see in spring. She says, "Spring will come again, my dear. <br> Let me care for the ones who're near." <br> She's The Woman - she has no fear! | வாழ்க்கையின் கோடையிலே அவள் வசந்தத்தைக் காண தாயராகிறாள், <br> அவள் சூறுகிறாள், "வசந்தம் மீண்்டும் வரும், என் அன்பே. <br> நான் என்ணைச் சுற்றி இருப்பவர்களைக் கவனிக்க வேண்டும்" <br> அவளே பெண் - அவள் பயப்படுவதில்லை. |
| Strong is she in her faith and beliefs. <br> "Persistence is the key to everything," says she. <br> Despite the sighs and groans and moans, <br> She's strong in her faith, firm in her belief! |  |
| She's a lioness; don't mess with her. <br> She'll not spare you if you're a prankster. <br> Don't ever try to saw her pride, her self-respect. <br> She knows how to thaw you, saw you - so beware! | அவள் ஒரு பெண்சிங்கம் அவளுடன் குழம்பாதீாகள் அவளிடம் குறும்புசெய்தால் அவள் உன்ணை விட்டுவிட மாட்டாள் <br> அவளது பெருமையையும், சுயமாியாறதயையும் காண முயற்சிக்காதே, <br> உன்ணன எவ்வாறு உருக்க வேண்டும் வெட்ட வேண்டும் என்பதை அவள் நன்கறிவான் <br> - கவனமாக இரு |
| She's today's woman. Today's woman, dear. Love her, respect her, keep her near... | அவளே இன்றறய பெண்் இன்றறய பெண், அன்பே அவளை நேசி அவளுக்கு மரியாதை கொடு, அவளை அருகிலேயே வைத்துக் கொள்.... |

## EXAM BASED QUESTIONS

## APPRECIATION OF THE POEM

| POETIC LINES | FIGURES OF SPEECH |
| :--- | :--- |
| She puts her life at stake, <br> She's real, she's not fake! | Anaphora |
| She's real, she's not fake! | Oxymoron |
| She's a lioness; don't mess with her. | Metaphor |
| She's a lioness; don't mess with her. <br> She'll not spare you if you're a prankster | Anaphora |
| Don't every try to saw her pride, her self-respect. | Repetition |
| She's today's woman. Today's woman, dear | Repetition |
| Love her, respect her, keep her near... | Repetition |



| Stanza | Rhyme Scheme |
| :---: | :---: |
| I | a b c c |
| II | a b b b |
| III | a b a c |
| IV | a a b c |
| V | - |



## APPRECIATION QUESTIONS

## 1. A woman is beauty innate, <br> A symbol of power and strength. <br> She puts her life at stake, <br> She's real, she's not fake!

a) What does a woman symbolize?

A woman symbolizes power. (SEP-2021)
b) How is a woman?
(SEP-2021)
A woman is beauty innate.
c) Who is a symbol of power?

Today's woman is a symbol of power.
d) What does 'stake' mean?

Stake means risk.
e) What does 'innate' mean?

Innate means natural.
f) What does 'fake' mean?

Fake means unreal.
g) Is she fake?

No.
h) Mention the rhyming words.
stake, fake
i) Mention the rhyme scheme abcc
j) Mention the alliteration
symbol, stake, strength, she
k) What's the figure of speech in the $2^{\text {nd }}$ line?
Metaphor (மறைமுக உவமை)

## Paraphrase : (5 Marks)(MAY-2022)

This stanza is taken from the poem "I AM EVERY WOMAN" written by 'Rakhi Nariani Shirke'.Today's woman is beautiful. She symbolizes power. She faces any challenge. She is true. She is not fake. Thus, the poetess praises today's woman. This passage shows the poetess' praise for modern woman.
2. The summer of life she's ready to see in spring.

She says, 'Spring will come again, my dear.
Let me care for the ones who're near."
She's The Woman - she has no fear!
a) How does she consider life?

She considers it positively.
b) What does the word summer mean here?
(TB)
It means hard time
g) Mention the rhyming words.
dear, near, fear
h) Mark the rhyme scheme abbb
i) Mark the alliteration
summer, see, she, spring
c) What does she mean by Spring will come again
Good time will come again.
d) Whom does she care for? She cares for her loved persons.
e) Does she have fear?

No.
f) Mention the figure of speech.

Summer
Spring $\}$ - metaphor

## Paraphrase : (5 Marks)(MAY-2022)

This stanza is taken from the poem "I AM EVERY WOMAN" written by 'Rakhi Nariani Shirke'. Today's Woman is hopeful. She is ready to face sufferings in happy times. She cares for her loved ones. She has no fear. The poetess praises her. This passage shows the poetess' praise for modern woman.

## 3. Strong is she in her faith and beliefs. <br> "Persistence is the key to everything," <br> says she. Despite the sighs and groans and moans, <br> She's strong in her faith, firm in her belief!

a) How does she deal with adversities in life? (AUG-2022, PTA-2, MAY-2022, SEP-2021) (JUNE-23) (TB)
She deals with adversities with persistence.
b) What is she strong about? (PTA-2) (TB) (AUG-22, SEP-21, MAY-22)(JUNE-23) She is strong about her faith.
c) Who has strong faith?
(PTA-6)
Today's woman has strong faith.
d) What does 'persistence' mean?

It means 'determination (here).
e) Is the complaining about the problems of life? (PTA-6)(TB) No.
f) Mention the rhyme scheme. abca
g) Mark the alliteration. strong, says, she
h) Pick out the words that show her grit.
(TB)
Persistence, strong and firm are the words that show her grit.

## Paraphrase : (5 Marks)

This stanza is taken from the poem "I AM EVERY WOMAN" written by 'Rakhi Nariani Shirke'. Today's woman has strong faith. Continuous effort is the key to success. She has sorrow. But, she has strong faith. Thus, the poetess praises today's woman. This passage shows the poetess' praise for modern woman.

## 4. She's a lioness; don't mess with her. <br> She'll not spare you if you're a prankster. <br> Don't ever try to saw her pride, her self-respect. <br> She knows how to thaw you, saw you - so beware!

a) What is the tone of the author? (TB)

Anger is the poetess' tone. (MAY-2022)
b) What do the words thaw and saw mean here?
(TB)
Thaw means melt.
(MAY-2022)
Saw means treat cruelly.
c) Who is a lioness?
(MDL-19)
Today's woman is a lioness.
d) Who is a prankster?
(MDL-19)
A prankster is a mischievous person.
e) Mention the rhyming words. her, prankster.
(SEP-2020)
f) Mark the rhyme scheme aabc
g) Mention the figure of speech in the $1^{\text {st }}$ line
Metaphor.
h) Mark the alliteration (SEP -2020) saw, so, self- respect.
i) Pick out the rhyming words from the above lines.
(MDL-2023) her, prankster
j) Write the rhyme scheme of the given stanza.
(MDL-2023) Metaphor
k) Identify the figure of speech employd here in this stanza aabc
(MDL-2023)

1) Pick out the alliterating words in the fourth line.
(MDL-2023)
she, saw, so, you, you

## Paraphrase : (5 Marks) (AUG-2022) (APRIL-23)

This stanza is taken from the poem "I AM EVERY WOMAN" written by 'Rakhi
Nariani Shirke'. Today's woman is bold like a lioness. Suppose we trouble her. She won't leave us. We shouldn't spoil her. self - respect. She will punish us. This passage shows the poetess' praise for modern woman.

> 5. Don't ever try to saw her pride, her self-respect.
> She knows how to thaw you, saw you - so beware!
> She's today's woman. Today's woman, dear.
> Love her, respect her, keep her near...
a) How should a woman be treated? (TB) She should be treated with love and
e) Mark the rhyme scheme. abcc respect.
b) Is the poet talking about the women of the previous generation?
No, She is talking about today's women
c) Whom does 'you' refer to?
'You' refers the readers.
d) What will today's woman do if her self respect is hurt?
She will punish him.
f) Mention the figure of speech in the $3^{\text {rd }}$ line. Repetition.
g) Mark the alliteration
she, so, self-respect, saw
h) Write the rhyming words. dear, near

## Paraphrase : (5 Marks)

This stanza is taken from the poem "I AM EVERY WOMAN" written by 'Rakhi Nariani Shirke'. Suppose one hurts today's woman. She won't leave you, She will punish him. One must be careful. This is today's woman's nature. We must love her and respect her. We must keep her near. This passage shows the potess's praise for modern woman.

## PARAGRAPH QUESTIONS

## D. Answer the following in a paragraph of about 80 to 100 words. (Text page 86)

1. How are today's women portrayed by the poet? (OR) What qualities have made women Powerful? (MDL-2023)(AUG-2022) (PTA -4, PTA-6, MAY-2020, SEP-2021, MAY-2022)

| Poem | : I Am Every Women. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Poetess | : Rakhi Nariani Shirke |
| Theme | : Qualities of Today's Woman |

Today's woman has inner beauty. She has power and strength. She is ready to face any challenge. She is genuine. Today's woman plans everything ahead. She always hopes for good days. She cares for her dear ones. She has strong faith and strong will. She has self respect. She never allows anyone to mock her. She knows how to deal with such people. Today's woman should be loved and respected.

Moral: Today's Woman is lovable.

## SPECIAL PARAGRAPH

## FOR GIFTED STUDENTS

Poem : I Am Every Women.<br>Poetess : Rakhi Nariani Shirke<br>Theme : Qualities of Today's Woman

## Introduction:

I am every woman is a poem by Rakhi Nariani Shirke. The poem describes the wonderful qualities of women.

## Varied personality:

Every woman has an inborn beauty. She is brave and strong. She cares for her near ones. Her love is genuine. She is always ready to take up new tasks. She has a strong will. For her, that is the key for everything. She works tirelessly to prove he blest. She always sees the brighter side of life. In sufferings she says "Good days will come again." She never fears about anything.

## Beware of women:

She is a ferocious lioness. No one should play with her or tease her. Her self respect and pride should be valued. Pranksters should be careful of her. She knows how to cut those people.

## Respect and love women:

Woman is dignified. She is today's woman. She should be loved and respected. We should Keep her close to our hearts.

Moral: Love and respect women.

## FOR AVERA GE STUDENTS

| Poem | : I Am Every Women. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Poetess | : Rakhi Nariani Shirke |
| Theme | : Qualities of Today's Woman |

I am every woman is a poem by Rakhi Nariani Shirke. The poem talks about the wonderful qualities of women. Every woman has an inborn beauty. She is brave and strong. She cares for her near ones. Her love is genuine. She is always ready to take up new tasks. She has a strong will. She works tirelessly to prove her best. She always sees the brighter side of life. In sufferings she says
"Good days will come again." She never fears about anything. She is a ferocious lioness. No one should play with her self respect. She knows how to cut those people. She is dignified. She is today's woman. She should be loved and respected.

Moral: Love and respect women.

## FOR SLOW LEARNERS

* Every woman has an inborn beauty.
* She is brave and strong.
* She cares for her near ones.
* Her love is genuine.
* She has a strong will.
* She never fears about anything.
* She is a ferocious lioness.
* Teasers should stay away from her.
* She is dignified.
* Love her and respect her.
* Always keep her close to your heart.

Moral: Love and respect women.
B. Fill in with a word in each blank to complete the summary of the poem. Use the help box given below. Dignified healthier today's persistent care symbol innate fake adversity hope life disgrace prankster woman near faith optimistic quitter thaw respect lioness fear beliefs self respect saw strength.

Every woman is beautiful innate. She is the symbol of power and strength She is prone to put her life at risk. Every woman is true in expressing her love and she is never fake She is very persistent in her approach even at times of adversity. She finds a ray of hope and she continues to care for her near ones. She is the woman and she has no fear. She is forceful in her faith and belief. She is never a quitter and she is optimistic. She is ferocious like a lioness. It's better for the pranksters to stay away from her. Never should one try to bring disgrace to her pride and self- respect for she knows how to thaw and saw them. She is today's woman. It is healthier to love her respect her and to keep her dignified.


## SUPPLEMENTARY

| No | Supplementary | Author | Theme | Main Character / Speaker |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. | The Tempest | Shakespeare | Reconciliation and forgiveness | Prosper, Daughter, Miranda, Brother Antonio, Gonzalo, King of Naples, Ferdinand, Caliban, Sycorax, Ariel |
| 2. | Zigzag | Asha <br> Nehemiah | A humorous story about a bird | Dr. Krishnan, Mrs. Krishnan Maya, Uncle Somu, Arvind, Lashmi, Mrs. Jhunjhunwala |
| 3. | The Story of Mulan | (Legend) | The power of women | Mulan, Father, Brother, Emperor, Soldiers |
| 4. | The Aged Mother | Matsuo Basho | The aged are wise | Farmer, Aged mother, Governor |
| 5. | A day in 2889 of an American Journalist | Jules Verne | Technological <br> Advancements in future | Francis Bennett, Mrs. Bennett - Edith, Cash, Young scientist, Aero coachman |
| 6. | The Little Hero of Holland | Mary Mapes Dodge | The little boy's bravery | Peter, Father, Mother, Brother, Sister, Blind man, Passer - by, Villagers |
| 7. | A Dilemma | Silas Weir <br> Mitchell | The absence of choice is always a dilemma | Author, Uncle Philip, Mother, Dr. Schaff, Susan, Professor Clinch, Land lady |



## ABOUT THE AUTHOR

William Shakespeare (1564-1616) was born in Stratford upon Avon, England. He was an English poet, playwright and actor. Widely regarded as both the greatest writer in the English language and the world's pre-eminent dramatist. His surviving body of work includes 37 plays. 154 sonnets and two narrative poems, the majority of which he penned between 1589 and 1613.


Miranda and Ferdinand fell in love iwth each other

## PICTURES RELATED TO THIE LESSQN



The storm wrecked the ship of his enemies


His enemies were washed ashore


## MIND MAP



## PICTURES RELATED TO THE LESSON



## 

＊இக்கதை வில்லியம் ஷேக்ஸ்பியாின்＂த டெம்பஸ்ட＂＂எண்ற நாடகத்தின் சுருக்கமாகும்．புராஸ்பெரோ எண்ற மிலாண் நாட்டு அரசா் அவருடைய மகள் மிராண்டா உடண் ஒரு தீவிற்கு நாடிகடத்தப்பட்டார்． அவர் ஏரியல்，மற்றும் சில தேவநதகளை சிகோரக்ஸ் என்ற சூனியக்காரியிடமிருந்து காப்பாற்றினார்．ஒரு புயலை ஏவி தன்ணை நாடுகடத்திய தன் தம்பி ஆண்டனியோவையும்， நேப்பிள்ஸ் நாட்டு அரசரையும் துன்புறுத்தினார்．அவர்கள் திருந்தியதும் அவர்கணள மன்னித்தார்． நேப்பிள்ஸ் அரசாின் மகன் ஃபெர்டினாண்டிற்கு தன் மகளை திருமணம் செய்துகொடுத்தார்． ஏரியலை விடுதலை செய்துவிட்டு மிலான் நாட்டிற்குத் திரும்பினாா்．

## TEXT TRANSLATION

| THE TEMPEST | பயங்கரமமால புயல்காற்று |
| :---: | :---: |
| There was an island in the sea，the only inhabitants of which were an old man，named Prospero，and his daughter Miranda，a very beautiful young lady．She came to this island so young，that she had no memory of having seen any other human face than her father＇s． | భ1ந்த கடலில் ஒரு தீவ இருந்தது．அதில் வசித்த ゆணிதர்கள் வயதாா ப்ரஸ்பபட斤ாா மற்றும் அவருமைய மிக னழுகாான இளம் மகள்் மிரண்்டாவும் ஆகும்．அவள் இந்த தீவு்்கு மிகச் சிறுபியாக இருந்தபோது வந்து விட்டதால் அவளுக்கு தø் அப்பாணவ எந்த மணிதரும் நிெயலவில் இல்ண๐． |
| They lived in a cave made out of a rock；it was divided into several apartments，one of which Prospero called his study；there he kept his books，which chiefly treated of magic．By virtue of his art，he had released many good spirits from a witch called Sycorax who had them imprisoned in the bodies of large trees． These gentle spirits were ever after obedient to the will of Prospero．Of these Ariel was the chief． | அவ்்கள்் ஒரு பாணறறயால் செய்யப்பட்ட ஒரு குணகயில் வாஷ்ந்தார்கள்．இது பo அடிக்கு மாடிகளாக்ப் பிிக்க்ப்பட்டது．அவற்றில் ஒன்ணற ப்டோஸ்பபடோ தனது படிக்கும் அயறறயாக அயைத்தார்．அங்கு அவா் தøது மாஜிக் புத்தகங்கணள வைத்திருந்தார்．அவாது திறமமயின் மூலம்，அவர் பபரிய மரங்களின்் 2டலில்， மசக்கோரக்ல் என்ற சூனியக்காரியால் சிறறப்படுத்தி ゅவக்கப்பட்டிருந்த ஆவிகணள விடிவித்தார்．இந்த மெெ்்மையான ஆவிகள் எப்போதும் ப்ரோஸ்பெபோவின் விருப்பத்திற்கு கீழ்ப்படிந்தø．இதில் ஏரியல் தணலமம வகித்தார்． |
| Ariel took rather too much pleasure in tormenting an ugly monster called Caliban，because he was the son of his old enemy Sycorax．Caliban was employed like a slave，to fetch wood，and do the most laborious offices；and Ariel had the charge of compelling him to these services． | ஏரியல் ஓர் அசிங்கமான கேலிபன் எซ்ற அரக்கணை துன்பறுத்துவதில் மிகுந்த இன்பம் கொண்்டான்． ஏดெணில் கேலிபன் ஏரியலிø் பரம எதிிியாாண ゅசக்கோரக்ஸின்் மகன்் ஆவான்்．கேலிபன்் விறகு சுமந்து வரவப்，கடிணாாான வேணலகணளச் செய்யவிம் அடியையாாக நியபடிக்கப்பட்டான்் ஆணால் அவனிடம் வேணல வாங்குவது ஏரியலின் கடळமயாகும்． |
| With the help of these spirits，Prospero could command the winds，and the waves of the sea．By his orders they raised a violent storm，in the midst of which，he showed his daughter a fine large ship，which he told her was full of living beings like themselves． ＂Oh my dear father，＂said she，＂if by your art you have |  |

raised this dreadful storm, have pity on their sad distress. See! the vessel will be dashed to pieces. Poor souls! they will all perish."
"Be not so amazed, daughter Miranda," said Prospero; "there is no harm done. I have so ordered it, that no person in the ship shall receive any hurt. What I have done has been in care of you, my dear child. You are ignorant. Can you remember a time before you came to this cell? I think you cannot, for you were not then three years of age."
"Twelve years ago, Miranda," continued Prospero, "I was Duke of Milan, and you were a princess, and my only heir. I had a younger brother, whose name was Antonio, to whom I trusted everything; My brother Antonio being thus in possession of my power, began to think himself the duke indeed. The opportunity I gave him of making himself popular among my subjects awakened in his bad nature a proud ambition to deprive me of my dukedom: this he soon effected with the aid of the King of Naples, a powerful prince, who was my enemy."
"Wherefore," said Miranda, "did they not that hour destroy us?" "My child," answered her father, "they dared not, so dear was the love that my people bore me. Antonio carried us on board a ship, and when we were some leagues out at sea, he forced us into a small boat, without either tackle, sail, or mast: there he left us, as he thought, to perish. But a kind lord of my court, one Gonzalo, who loved me, had privately placed in the boat, water, provisions, apparel, and some books which I prize above my dukedom." "O my father," said Miranda, "what a trouble must I have been to you then!"
"No, my love," said Prospero, "you were a little angel that did preserve me. Your innocent smiles made me bear up against my misfortunes. Our food lasted till we landed on this desert island, since when my chief delight has been in teaching you, Miranda, and well have you profited by my instructions." "Heaven thank you, my dear father," said Miranda. "Now tell me, sir, your reason for raising this sea-storm?" "Know then," said her father, "that by means of this storm, my enemies, the King of Naples, and my cruel brother, are cast ashore upon this island."

திறமையினால் ஒரு பயங்கரமான ஒரு புயலை எழுப்ப முடியுமானால் அக்கப்பலிலுள்ளவர்கள் மேல் இரக்கம் கொள்ளுங்கள். அக்கப்பல் துண்டு துண்டாக சிதறும் பொழுது அவர்கள் உயிரிழக்கக்சூடும் என்றாள்.
ப்ரோஸ்பெரோ சூறினார். "ஆச்ச்்யபடாதே மகளே எந்தத் தீங்கும் செய்யப்படவில்லை. கப்பலில் எந்த மனிதனும் காயம் அடையக்சூடாது என்று நான் கட்டளையிட்டிருக்கிறேன். நான் செய்த எல்லாம் உன் நன்மைக்காகவே செய்தேன். எண் அருமை மகளே, நீ அறியாமல் இருக்கிறாய் இந்த காலத்திற்கு நீ வருவதற்கு முன்னால் என்் நடந்தது என்று நிøைவில் உள்ளதா? இருக்காது உனக்கு மூன்று வயது சூட ஆகவில்லை.
ப்ரோஸ்பெரோ தொடாந்தார். "மிரண்டா! பன்னிரண்டு ஆண்டிகளுக்கு முன்பு நாண் மிலனின் பிரபுவாக இருந்தேன். நீ ஒரு இளவரசி, என் ஒரே வாாிசு அன்டோனியோ என்ற பெயருடைய ஒரு இளைய சகோதரான் எனக்கு இருந்தார். எனது சகோதரான் அன்டோனியோ மீது மிகுந்த நம்பிக்கை -ெவத்திருந்ததால், அன்டோனியோ உண்மையில் தானே டிரபுவாக கற்பணை செய்து கொண்டான். நான் கொடுத்த ிிந்த வாய்ப்பால் என்னுடைய மக்களிடம் பிரபலப்படித்திக் கொண்டாண். அவன் எண் எதிாியான சத்திவாய்ந்த இளவரசன், நேப்பிள்ஸ் மன்னர், உதவியுடன் எண் ராஜ்யத்றத இழக்கும்படி செய்தான்.
மிரண்டா, "ஏண் அவர்கள் அந்த நேரத்தில் நம்மை அழிக்கவில்லை?" என்று கேட்டாள். என் மகளே, அன்பே என் மக்கள் என் மேல் கொண்ட அன்பால் அதை செய்ய அன்டோனியோவால் முடியவில்லல. அன்டோனியோ ஒரு கப்பலில் நம்மைக் கொண்டு கடலில் விட்டு வர சொல்லிவிட்டான். ஆனால் என் மேல் மிகுந்த அன்பு கொண்ட கொன்சாலோ, படகில் தண்ணர், தேவையான பொருட்கள், ஆடைகள் மற்றும் நாட்டைவிட அதிகம் விரும்பும் மாஜிக் புத்தகங்களையும் எனக்காக விட்டு சென்றுள்ளான். "என் தந்றையே!" நான் உங்களுக்கு எவ்வளவு தொந்தரவாக இருந்திருப்பேன் என்று மிரண்டா கூறினார்.

இல்லல. எண் அன்பே! ப்ரோஸ்பெரோ சூறினார். நீ என்ணை காப்பாற்ற ஒரு சிறிய தேவதையாய் இருந்தாய். உன் அப்பாவி புன்னகை என் துரதிர்ஷ்டங்களுக்கு எதிராக என்னை காப்பாற்றியது. நாங்கள் இந்த பாலைவன தீவில் தரையிறங்கின வரை எங்கள் உணவு நீடித்தது. அப்போது உனக்கு நாண் கொடுத்த அறிவுணைகளால் லாபம் அடைந்தாய். "கடவுளுக்கு நன்றி. என் அன்பான தந்தையே" மிரண்டா சூறினார். இப்போது "சொல்லுங்கள் ஐயா. இந்த கடல் புயலை உயா்த்துவதற்காண காரணம் எண்ன?"
இந்த புயலின் காரணமாக "என் எதிாிகள் நோபிள்ஸ் மன்னன். என் கொடூரமான சகோதரர் ஆகியோர் இந்த தீவின் மீது கரையோரமாக ஒதுங்குவார்கள்" என்று

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| Having so said, Prospero gently touched his daughter |
| with his magic wand, and she fell fast asleep; for the |
| spirit Ariel just then presented himself before his |
| master, to give an account of the tempest, and how he |
| had disposed of the ship's company, and though the |
| spirits were always invisible to Miranda, Prospero did |
| not choose she should hear him holding conversation |
| (as would seem to her) with the empty air. |
| "Well, my brave spirit"" said Prospero to Ariel, "how |
| have you performed your task?" |
| Ariel gave a lively description of the storm, and of the |
| terrors of the mariners; and how the king's son, |
| Ferdinand, was the first who leaped into the sea; and |
| his father thought he saw his dear son swallowed up by |
| the waves and lost. "But he is safe," said Ariel, "in a |
| corner of the isle, sadly lamenting the loss of the king, |
| his father. |

"That's my delicate Ariel," said Prospero. "Bring him here: my daughter must see this young prince. Where is the king, and my brother?"
"I left them," answered Ariel, "searching for Ferdinand, whom they have little hopes of finding, thinking they saw him perish. Of the ship's crew not one is missing; though each one thinks himself the only one saved: and the ship, though invisible to them, is safe in the harbour." Ariel then went to fetch Ferdinand. "O my young gentleman," said Ariel, when he saw him, "I will soon move you. You must be brought, I find, for the Lady Miranda to have a sight of your pretty person. Come, sir, follow me."

He followed in amazement the sound of Ariel's voice, till it led him to Prospero and Miranda, who were sitting under the shade of a large tree. Now Miranda had never seen a man before, except her own father.
"Miranda," said Prospero, "tell me what you are looking at yonder." "O father," said Miranda, in a strange surprise, "surely that is a spirit. Lord! How it looks about! Believe me, it is a beautiful creature. Is it not a spirit?"
"No, girl," answered her father; "it eats, and sleeps, and has senses such as we have. This young man you see was in the ship. He is somewhat altered by grief, or

அவளுடைய தந்தை சூறினாா்.
அப்படி சூறியவாறு, ப்ரோஸ்பெரோ மெதுவாக தனது மந்திரக்கோலால் மிரண்டாவைத் தொட்டார். அவள் தூங்கி விட்டாள். ஏரியல் தன்னுடைய எஜமானுக்கு முன்பாக வந்து தான் எப்படி இந்த புயலை உருவாக்கினாா் என்றும், கப்பலை விட்டு எப்படி வெளியேற்றினார் என்றும் சூறினார். மிரண்டாவிற்கு எப்போதுமே ஆவிகள் கண்களுக்கு தொியாதவாறு ப்ரோஸ்பெரோ பார்த்துக் கொண்டார்.

சாி "என் துணிச்சலான ஆவியே" ஏரியலிடம் ப்ரோஸ்பெரோ கேட்டார். "நீ எப்படி உன் வேலையைச் செய்தாய்?"
ஏரியல் புயல் பற்றியும் கடற்படையினரின் கொந்தளிப்பு பற்றியும் ஒரு உயிரோட்டமான விளக்கத்தை அளித்தது ராஜாவின் மகனான பெர்டினாண்ட் கடலில் முதலில் குதித்தார். அவனது தந்தை தன்னுடைய மகணை கடல் அலைகள் விழுங்கி விடடதாக நிணைத்து கவலையுடன் இருந்தார். ஆனால் அவணோ தீவின் ஒரு மூலையில் பத்திரமாக இருந்தாலும் தன் தந்தை தனக்காக よருத்தப்படுவாா் என நினைத்து கவலையுற்றான்்.
அஅதுவே எண் இனிய ஏரியல்" என்றார் ப்ரோஸ்பெரோ, "அவணை இங்கு கொண்டுவா என்றார் ப்ரோஸ்பெரோ" என் மகள் இந்த இளம் இளவரசனை கண்டிப்பாக பார்க்க வேண்டும். அந்த ராஜாவும் என் சகோதரனும் எங்கு உள்ளார்கள்?
நான் அவர்கயை விட்டுவிட்டேன் என்று ஏரியல் பதிலளித்தார். "ஃபெொ்டினான்டை தேடுகிறான். அவர்கள் கண்டுபிடிப்பதில் கொஞ்சம் நம்பிக்கை வைத்திருக்கிறார்கள். கப்பல் குழுவில் யாரும் காணவில்லை. ஆனால் ஒவ்வொருவரும் தான் மட்டும் காப்பாற்றப்பட்டதாக எண்ணுகிறார்கள். ஏரியல் பின்னர் ஃபொ்டினான்டைக் சூட்டி வர சென்றார்". என் இளைஞனே! "நான் விரைவில் உன்ணை இடம் மாற்றி விடுவேண். உங்களை அந்த அழகான நபாின் பார்வைக்கு கொண்டு செல்லப் போகிறேன். என்னை பின் தொடருங்கள்".
அவா் பெரிய மரத்தின் நிழலில் உட்காா்ந்திருந்த ப்ரோஸ்பெரோ மற்றும் மிரண்டாவிடம் அவாை அயைத்துச் சென்றார். இப்போது வரை மிரண்டா தனது தந்றையைத் தவிர வேறு ஒரு மனிதரைப் பாா்த்ததில்லை. "இவ்விடத்தில் என்ன தேடுகிறாய் என்னிடம் சூறு". ஓ தந்தையே என்றாள் மிரண்டா, ஆச்சாியத்தில் தடுமாறினாள். இது ஒரு பூதமா அல்லது ஒர் அழகான ஒா் ஜீவராசியா எண்றாள்.

| இல்லை | "பெண்ணே" | அவளுடைய | தந்தையி | பதில் |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| "அது | சாப்பிடி | தும், | தூங்குவதும | தும், |
| நமக்குள | ருக்கும் உ | ர்்சிகளைக் | கொண்டிரு | . |

you might call him a handsome person. He has lost his companions, and is wandering about to find them."

Miranda, who thought all men had grave faces and grey beards like her father, was delighted with the appearance of this beautiful young prince; and Ferdinand, seeing such a lovely lady in this desert place, and from the strange sounds he had heard, expecting nothing but wonders, thought he was upon an enchanted island, and that Miranda was the goddess of the place, and as such he began to address her.
She timidly answered, she was no goddess, but a simple maid, and was going to give him an account of herself, when Prospero interrupted her. He was well pleased to find they admired each other, but to try Ferdinand's constancy, he resolved to throw some difficulties in their way: therefore advancing forward, he addressed the prince with a stern air, telling him, he came to the island as a spy, to take it from him who was the lord of it. "Follow me," said he, "I will tie your neck and feet together. You shall drink sea-water; shell-fish, withered roots, and husks of acorns shall be your food." "No," said Ferdinand, "I will resist this" and drew his sword; but Prospero, waving his magic wand, fixed him to the spot where he stood, so that he had no power to move.
Miranda hung upon her father, saying, "Why are you so ungentle? Have pity, sir; I will be his surety. This is the second man I ever saw, and to me he seems a true one."
"Silence," said the father: "one word more will make me chide you, girl! What! An advocate for an impostor! You think there are no more such fine men, having seen only him and Caliban." This he said to prove his daughter's constancy; and she replied, "My affections are most humble. I have no wish to see a goodlier man."
"Come on, young man," said Prospero to the Prince; "you have no power to disobey me." Prospero had commanded Ferdinand to pile up some heavy logs of wood. Kings' sons not being much used to laborious work, Miranda soon after found him almost dying with fatigue. "Alas!" said she, "do not work so hard; my father is at his studies, he is safe for these three hours; pray rest yourself."

நீ பார்க்கும் இந்த இளைஞர் கப்பலில் இருந்தார். அவா் துக்கத்தால் ஓரளவு மாறியிருக்கிறாா் நீ அவரை ஒரு அழகான நபர் என்று சொல்லலாம். அவர் தனது தோழர்களை இழந்துவிட்டார். அவர்களை கண்டுபிடிக்க அலைந்து கொண்டிடுக்கிறார்.
எல்லா ஆண்களும் அவளுடைய அப்பாவைப் போன்றற பெரிய முகங்கள் மற்றும் சாம்பல் தாடிகளைக் கொண்டிருந்ததாக நினைத்தாள் மிரண்டா. பாலைவனம் போன்ற அந்த இடத்தில் அழகான இளம் இளவரசியைப் பார்த்தஃபபெ்டினாண்்ட் மகிழ்ச்சியடடநந்தார். மிரண்டாவை அந்த இடத்தின் பெண் தெய்வம் என்று அயைத்தார்.அவள் பயந்தவாறே,தான் ஒரு தெய்வமல்ல. ஆனால் ஒரு சாதாரண பெண் எண்றும் சூற ப்ரோஸ்பெரோ குறுக்கிட்டார். அவா்கள் ஒருவருக்கொருவா் பேசியதை அவா் ரசித்தாா். ஆனால் ஃபெர்டினாண்டின்் நிலைத்தன்மையமப் பரிசோதித்துப் பார்க்க அவற்றின் வழியில் சில சிரமங்களைத் தர தீா்மானித்தார். எணவே முன்னோக்கி முன்னேறினார். இளவரசியய ஒரு கடிணையான தொனியில் சூப்பிட்டார். "எண்ணை பின்தொடர்ந்து வா" நாண் உன் கழுத்ணதயும் தால்களையும் கட்டுவேன் நீ கடல் தண்ணீணைத் தாண் குடிக்க வேண்டும். ஷெல்மீண் உலர்ந்த வேர்கள் மற்றும் அக்ரூன்களின் உதிாிள் ஆகியவையே உங்கள் உணவாகும் இல்லை என்று ஃபெர்டினாண்்ட் சூறினாா். "நான் இதை எதிர்க்கிறேன்" என்றான் ஃபபெர்டினான்ட். ஆனால் ப்ரோஸ்பெரோ, அவரது மந்திரக்கோலை அசைப்பதன் மூலம், அவா் நின்று கொண்டிருந்த இடத்திலேயே அவரை நிறுத்தி வைத்தார். அதனால் அவரால் நகர முடியவில்லை.

மிரண்டா தன் தந்னதயின் மீது சாய்ந்து கொண்டு கேட்டாள், நீங்கள் ஏன் இவ்வளவு கொடிமையாக இருக்குறீா்கள்? இதுவணை நான் கண்ட நல்ல மணிதர்களில் இவா் இரண்டாவது மனிதர்" எண்றாள்.
அப்பா, "அமைதியாக இரு" ஒரு வார்த்தை இன்னும் சொன்னார் சொல்கிறேன். பெண்ணே நீ எண்ண ஒரு வஞ்சகருக்கு ஒரு வக்கீலா அவா் அப்படிப்பட்ட நல்ல ஆண் இல்லை என்று அவருக்கும் கலிபனுக்கும் மட்டுமே தொியும் இது. அவரது "மகளின் நிலலத்தன்மையை நிரூபிப்பதாக அவा் சூறி அவள் சொன்னாள். "என் பாசம் மிகவும் தாழ்மையே" இவனைவிட ஒரு நல்ல மனிதன் நான்் பார்க்கவில்லை.

வா, இளைஞனே, "ப்ரோஸ்பெரோ இளவரசனிடம் சூறினார்". நீ என்னைக் கீழ்ப்படியாமற்போக எந்த சக்தியாலும் முடியாது. "கனமான மரக்கட்டைகளை எடுத்து வரச்சொல்லி ஃபொ்டினாண்டிற்கு ப்ரோஸ்பெரோ கட்டளையிட்டார். அரசனின் மகனால் கடினமாக வேலையை செய்ய முடியவில்லை. மிரண்டா உடல் சோர்வுற்ற நிலையில் இருந்த ஃபெர்டினாண்டை கண்டு "ஐயோ" என்று அவள் சொன்னாள்! "மிகவும் கடிணமாக உழைக்காதே, என் தந்தை தன் படிப்பில் இந்த மூன்று
"O my dear lady," said Ferdinand, "I dare not. I must finish my task before I take my rest." "If you will sit down," said Miranda, "I will carry your logs the while." But this Ferdinand would by no means agree to. Prospero, who had enjoined Ferdinand this task merely as a trial of his love, was not at his books, as his daughter supposed, but was standing by them invisible, to overhear what they said. Ferdinand inquired her name, which she told, saying it was against her father's express command she did so.

And then Ferdinand, in a fine long speech, told the innocent Miranda he was heir to the crown of Naples, and that she should be his queen.
Prospero then appeared before them.
"Fear nothing, my child," said he; "I have overheard, and approve of all you have said. And, Ferdinand, if I have too severely used you, I will make you rich amends, by giving you my daughter as your wife in future. All your vexations were but trials of your love, and you have nobly stood the test.

When Prospero left them, he called his spirit Ariel, who quickly appeared before him, eager to relate what he had done with Prospero's brother and the King of Naples. Ariel said he had left them almost out of their senses with fear, at the strange things he had caused them to see and hear. When fatigued with wandering about, and famished for want of food, he had suddenly set before them a delicious banquet, and then, just as they were going to eat, he appeared visible before them in the shape of a harpy, a voracious monster with wings, and the feast vanished away. Then, to their utter amazement, this seeming harpy spoke to them, reminding them of their cruelty in driving Prospero from his dukedom, and leaving him and his infant daughter to perish in the sea; saying, that for this cause these terrors were suffered to afflict them.

The King of Naples, and Antonio the false brother, repented the injustice they had done to Prospero.

மணிநேரம் இருப்பார். நீ சற்றே ஓய்வெடுப்பாய்".
என் அன்பான பெண்்ணே. "ஃபெர்டினாண்்ட் சூறினார், "எனக்கு தைாியமில்லை" நான் எனக்கு தரப்பட்ட வேலையை முடித்துவிட்டே ஓய்வெடுக்கிறேன் என்றார். "மிராண்டாதான் கட்டளைகளை சுமப்பதாக சூறிபும் ஃபெர்டினாண்்ட் அன்பைச் சோதனைக்கு உட்டுபத்திய ப்ரோஸ்பெரோ, அவரது மகள் நிணைத்தவாறு புத்தகங்களில் மனம் செலுத்தவில்லை. கண்ணுக்குத் தொியாமல் மறறந்து நின்று அவர்கள் சொன்னதைக் கேட்டுக் கொண்டிருந்தார். ஃபெர்டினாணர்ட் அவளின் பெயரை விசாாித்தார். ஆனால் அவளோ இது அவளுடைய தந்ணதயில் வெளிப்படையான கட்டளைக்கு எதிரானது என்று சூறினாள்.
பின்னர் ஃபெர்டினாணர்ட், ஒரு நல்ல நீண்்ட உரையில், நேபிள்ஸ் மன்னனுக்கு அவா் வாரிசு என்றும் மிராண்டா தனது ராணியாக இருக்க வேண்டும் என்றும் சூறினார்.
ப்ரோஸ்பெரோ அவர்கள் முன் தோன்றினார். பயப்படாதே என் குழந்தை, "நான் நீங்கள் பேசியதை கேட்டேன். இロபெர்டினாண்்ட் என் மகளை உனக்கு கொடுத்து ค ன்ணை வசதி படைத்தவனாக்குவதற்காகவே, நாண் - ன்ணை மிகவும் கடிமையாக வேலை வாங்கினேன். உன் கஷ்டங்கள் அணைத்தும் உங்கள் அன்பிண் சோதனைகளே. ஆனால் நீங்கள் சோதணைக்கு மிகவும் தகுதியுள்ளவர்களாய் இருந்தீா்கள் என் அன்பே. எண் மகளை பாிசாக எடுத்துக் கொள்".
அங்கிருந்து ப்ரோஸ்பெரோ சென்றவுடன் அவரது பூதமான ஏாியலை அழைத்தார். அவனும் வேகமாக அவர்முன் தோன்றினான், ஆர்வத்துடன் அவன் ப்ரோஸ்பெரோவின் சகோதரன் மற்றும் நேபள்ஸ் நாட்டு ராஜாவிற்கு என்ன செய்தான் எண்பதைத் தொடர்புபடுத்திக் சூறத் தொடங்கினான். ஏரியல் அவர்களை பயத்தால் அவர்களது உணர்வுகளை இழக்ககச் செய்தான், வினோதப் பொருள்களை அவா்கள் முன் தோன்றச் செய்வது, கேட்கச் செய்வது என பயமுறுத்தினான். அவர்கள் சோர்வுற்று அங்குமிங்கும் அயலந்து உணவுகளைத் தோன்றச் செய்து மற்றும் அவர்கள் அதை உண்் அருகில் வருகையில் அவர்கள் முன் தோன்றி, தனது விகாரப்பேய் உருவத்தைக் காட்டுவது மற்றும் உணவுப் பொருள்களை மறறயச் செய்வது எனப் பயமுறுத்தினான். பிறகு அவர்களை வியக்கத்தக்க வகையில் கொடூர உருவத்துடன் அவா்களிடம் பேசினான். ப்ரோஸ்பெரோவை அவரது சகோதரனை ஆட்சியில் இருந்து கொடூரமாக விரட்டி விட்டது மற்றும் அவரது பெண் குழந்றையையும் கடலுக்குள் அழிக்க முயற்சித்ததை நியைவூட்டினான். அவர்கள் செய்த கொடுமையின் விளைவாகவே தான் இதைச் செய்ததாகக் சூறினான்.
நேபிள்ஸ் மன்னன், அன்டோனியோ, சகோதரர். அணைவரும் ப்ரோஸ்பெரோவுக்கு செய்த அநியாயத்தை மணந்திரும்ப செய்தார். "அவர்களை இங்கே கொண்டு
"Then bring them here, Ariel," said Prospero.
Ariel soon returned with the king, Antonio, and old Gonzalo. This Gonzalo was the same who had so kindly provided Prospero formerly with books and provisions, when his wicked brother left him, as he thought, to perish in an open boat in the sea.

Grief and terror had so stupefied their senses, that they did not know Prospero. He first discovered himself to the good old Gonzalo, calling him the preserver of his life; and then his brother and the king knew that he was the injured Prospero.

Antonio with tears, and sad words of sorrow and true repentance, implored his brother's forgiveness and Prospero forgave them; and, upon their engaging to restore his dukedom, he said to the King of Naples, "I have a gift in store for you too;" and opening a door, showed him his son Ferdinand playing chess with Miranda.

Nothing could exceed the joy of the father and the son at this unexpected meeting, for they each thought the other drowned in the storm.
The King of Naples was almost as much astonished at the beauty and excellent graces of the young Miranda, as his son had been. "Who is this maid?" said he; "She is the daughter to this Prospero, who is the famous Duke of Milan, of whose renown I have heard so much, but never saw him till now: of him I have received a new life: he has made himself to me a second father, giving me this dear lady," said Ferdinand
"No more of that," said Prospero: "let us not remember our troubles past, since they so happily have ended." And then Prospero embraced his brother, and again assured him of his forgiveness.

Prospero now told them that their ship was safe in the harbour, and the sailors all on board her, and that he and his daughter would accompany them home the next morning. Before Prospero left the island, he dismissed Ariel from his service, to the great joy of that lively little spirit.

வாருங்கள் ஏரியல்" என்று ப்ரோஸ்பெரோ சூறினார். ஏரியல் அரசணையும், அன்டோனியோ, பழைய கோன்சலோவுடன் திரும்பினார். இந்த கோன்சோலா தான் முன்னர் ஒரு திறந்த படகுக்குள் ப்ரஸ்பெரோவை விட்டு விட்டு மடிந்துவிடுவார் என்று அவரது துன்மார்க்க சகோதரர் நிணைத்தபோது, தேவையான புத்தகங்கள் மற்றும் பொருட்களுடனும் ப்ரோஸ்பெரோவை காப்பாற்றியவா் ஆவார்.
துயரமும் கொடூரமும் அவா்களது உணர்வுகளை மிக முட்டாளாக்கச் செய்தது, ஆதலால் அவா்களுக்கு ப்ரோஸ்பெரோவவத் தொியவில்ஸை அவா் முதலில் வயதான நல்ல கொன்சலோவிற்குத் தன்னை அறியும்படிச் செய்தார். அவனை அவரது வாழ்வின் பாதுகாவலன் என அழைத்தா்் மற்றும் அவரது சகோதரன் மற்றும் ராஜாவிற்கு இவர்தான் காயப்பட்ட ப்ரோஸ்பெரோ என்பதை அறியச் செய்தார்.
ஆன்டனியோ கண்ணீருடன், வருத்தம் கலந்த சோக வார்த்தைகளுடன், தூய்மையான மன வருத்தத்துடன் தன் சகோதரரின் மண்னிப்பிற்காக வேண்டினான். ப்ராஸ்பரோவும் அவர்களை மன்னித்தார் மற்றும் அவர்கள் திணைந்ததற்காக ஆட்சியைத் திருப்பி அளிப்பதுடன், நநபிள்ஸ் நாட்டு ராஜாவிடம், "உங்களுக்கு நான் ஒரு பரிசு வைத்திருக்கிறேன் மற்றும் கதவைத் திறந்து, ஃபொ்டினாண்்ட், மிரண்டா சதுரங்கம் விளையாடிக் கொண்டிருப்பதைக் காட்டினார்.
தந்தை மற்றும் மகனின் எதிர்பாராத சந்திப்பின் மகிழ்ச்சியை போல் வேறு எதுவும் அடைந்திருக்க இயலாது, ஏனென்றால் ஒருவருக்கொருவா் புயலால் மூழ்கிவிட்டனர் என எண்ணியிருந்தனர்.
நேபிள்ஸ் நாட்டு ராஜா தன் மகனைப்போல் அழகும் நிறறந்த கருணையுடன் உள்ள இளம் மிரண்டாவவப் பார்த்து ஆச்சரியம் அடைந்திருந்தார். "யார் இந்தப் பெண்? ஃபெர்டினாண்்ட", எண்றார் அவா். இவள் மிலனின் கோமானான ப்ரோஸ்பெரோவின் மகள், இவரது புகழை நாண்் கேள்விப்பட்டுள்ளேன்.
ஆனால் இப்பொழுது வரை அவரை சந்திக்கவில்லை. அவா்மூலம் எனக்குப் புதுவாழ்வு கிடைத்துள்ளது. அவா் தன் அன்புப் பெண்ணை எனக்கு அளித்துள்ளார்" என்றான்.
"இதற்கு மேல் ஒண்றும் இல்லல", எண்றார். ப்ரோஸ்பெரோ நம் பழைய துன்பங்கள் மிகுந்தவைகளை மறப்போம். இன்பத்துடன் நிணைவுற்றதால் அவற்றறத் திரும்ப எண்ண வேண்டாம் மற்றும் தன் சகோதரணைக் தழுவிக் கொண்டு அவரது மன்னிப்பை உறுதிப்படுத்தினார்.
ப்ரோஸ்பெரோ அவர்களது கப்பல் துறைமுகத்தில் பாதுகாப்பாக இருப்பதாகவும், பயணிகள் இங்கு பத்திரமாக இருப்பதாகவும் அவரும் அவரது மகளும் மறுநாள் அவா்களது வீட்டிற்கு இவர்களை அயைத்துச் செல்வதாகவும் Æூறினார். அந்தத் தீவை விட்டுச் செல்வதற்கு முன் ப்ரோஸ்பெரோ, ஏரியலை மிகுந்த மகிழ்ச்சியுடன் சுதந்திரமாக வாழுமாறு விடுவித்தார்.

## GLOSSARY

| Tormenting(v) | -making someone <br> suffer | - சித்திரவமை |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Dreadful(adj) | -extremely bad or unpleasant | - அச்சமூட்டும் |
| Duke(n) | -a man of high social rank | - பிரபு, சீமாண் |
| Deprive(v) | - to take something important | - பிடுங்கிக் கொள் |
| Resistance(n) | -the act of fighting against something | - எதிர்பு |
| Fatigue(n) | -extreme tiredness | - சோர்வு |
| Vexation(n) | - worry | - வெறுப்பூட்டு |
| Famished(adj.) | -extremely hungry | - பசியினால் கஸ்த்துப் போதல் |
| Voracious(adj.) | -very eager for something | - வெரு விருப்பம் உடைய |
| Repent(v) | - to be sorry for something | - மன்் வருந்து |

## A. Choose the correct answer.

1. $\qquad$ was the chief of all spirits
a. Sycorax
b. Caliban
c. Ariel
d. Prospero
2. $\qquad$ raised a dreadful storm
a. Ariel
b. Prospero
c. Miranda
d. sycorax
$\qquad$ years ago
3. Miranda was brought to the island
a. fourteen
b. ten
c. twelve
d. five
4. Prospero ordered Ariel to bring $\qquad$ to his place
a. Gonzalo
b. Ferdinand
c. King of Naples
d. Antonio
5. $\qquad$ had provided Prospero formerly with books and provisions.
a. Ariel
b. Ferdinand
c. Gonzalo
d. Antonio
6. The second human being that Miranda saw on the island was $\qquad$
a. Ariel
b. Prospero
c. Ferdinand
d. Gonzalo
B. Identify the character or speaker
7. He imprisoned the spirits in the bodies of large trees

- Prospero

2. He was the chief of all spirits

- Ariel

3. It seems to me like the recollection of a dream

- Miranda

4. I was Duke of Milan, and you were a princess

- Prospero

5. What a trouble must I have been to you then!

- Miranda

6. Now pray tell me, sir, your reason for raising this sea - storm?

- Miranda

7. I will soon move you - Ariel
8. I will tie you neck and feet together.

- Prospero

9. I must finish my task before I take my rest"

- Ferdinand

10. He repented and implored his brother's forgiveness.

- Antonio


## TEXTUAL QUESTIONS

A. Answer the following questions in one or two sentences. (Text page 27)

1. Who were the inhabitants of the island?

Prospero and Miranda were the inhabitants of the island.
2. What powers did Prospero Posses?

Prospero possessed magical powers.
3. Who was Caliban? What was he employed for? Caliban was a monster and son of Sycorax. He was employed like a slave and to carry wood.
4. Who were on the ship? How were they related to Prospero?
Antonio, king of Naples and his son Ferdinand were on the ship. Antonio was the brother of Prospero.
5. Why had Prospero raised a violent storm in the sea?
Prospero knew his brother and other enemies were on the ship. So, Prospero raised a storm to wreck the ship and bring them to the island.
6. How did Miranda feel when her father raised the storm to destroy the ship?
Miranda felt pity for them and asked his father to be kind and gentle.
7. What was Ariel ordered to do with the people on the ship?
Ariel made the crew to abandon the ship. They were isolated in different parts of the island thinking that the other person is dead.
8. Give two reasons why Miranda was so concerned about Ferdinand.
Miranda requested his father to be kind to Ferdinand and she asked him to stop his hard labour for some time.
9. Why did Prospero set Ferdinand a severe task to Perform
Prospero wanted to test Ferdinand's love for Miranda, so he gave him a difficult task.
10. How was Gonzalo helpfun to Prospero when he left Milan?
Gonzalo kept enough food and his books on the boat, so that he can survive the journey.

## EXAM BASED QUESTIONS

## CHARACTERS AND THEIR HINTS

| Characters | Key words |
| :--- | :--- |
| Prospero | the true Duke of Milan but now living on a deserted island |
| Miranda | his daughter |
| Antonio | brother of Prospero and usurper of the role of Duke of Milan |
| Ariel | "an airy spirit" who does Prospero's bidding |
| Caliban | a savage creature controlled by Prospero |
| Alonso | King of Naples |
| Sebastian | Brother of Alonso |
| Ferdinand | son of the King of Naples |
| Gonzalo | former advisor to Prospero, now principally serves Alonso |

## REARRANGE THE SENTENCES

## Rearrange the following sentences in coherent order:

## 5 Marks

* He ordered Ariel to torment the inmates of the ship.
(MDL-19, MAY-2022)
* Miranda was attracted by Ferdinand and had more concern towards him.
* Prospero and Miranda came to an island and lived in a cave.
* Prospero forgave them and restored his dukedom, Milan.
* He raised a violent storm in the sea to wreck the ship of his enemies.
* Prospero wanted to test Ferdinand and gave a severe task to perform.
* Using his powers, Prospero released the good spirits from large bodies of trees.
* The King of Naples, and Antonio the false brother, repented the injustice they had done to Prospero.
* Ariel was instructed to bring Ferdinand, the prince of Naples to his cave.
* Ferdinand was the second human whom Miranda had seen after her father.


## Answer:

* Prospero and Miranda came to an island and lived in a cave.
* Using his powers, Prospero released the good spirits from large bodies of trees.
* He raised a violent storm in the sea to wreck the ship of his enemies.
* He ordered Ariel to torment the inmates of the ship.
* Ariel was instructed to bring Ferdinand, the prince of Naples to his cave.
* Ferdinand was the second human whom Miranda had seen after her father.
* Miranda was attracted by Ferdinand and had more concern towards him.
* Prospero wanted to test Ferdinand and gave a severe task to perform.
* The King of Naples, and Antonio the false brother, repented the injustice they had done to Prospero.
* Prospero forgave them and restored his \$uRedom, Milan.

| Exercise: 1 (PTA-3) | Answer |
| :---: | :---: |
| i) Of these, Ariel was the chief. <br> ii) They live in a cave made out of rocks. <br> iii) Gonzalo, the lord of his court privately places water, provisions, apparels and books. <br> iv) Prospero, the Duke of Milan reaches the island with his daughter Miranda. <br> v) By virtue of his magic he releases many good spirits from the witch Sycorax. | iii) Gonzalo, the lord.... <br> iv) Prospero, the Duke.. <br> ii) They live in a cave... <br> v) By virtue of his... <br> i) Of these, Ariel... |
| Exercise: 2 (PTA-4) | Answer |
| i) Miranda was attracted by Ferdinand and had more concern towards him. <br> ii) Prospero forgave them and restored his dukedom, Milan. <br> iii) Prospero wanted to test Ferdinand and gave a serer task to perform. <br> iv) The king of Naples, and Antonio the false brother, repented the injustice they had done to Prospero. <br> v) Ferdinand was the second human whom Miranda had seen after her father. | v) Ferdinand was... <br> i) Miranda was attracted... <br> iii) Prospero wanted to... <br> iv) The king of Naples,... <br> ii) Prospero forgave... |
| Exercise: 3 (SEP-2021) | Answer |
| i) With the help of the spirits Prospero could command the winds, and the waves of the sea. <br> ii) Prospero and his daughter Miranda lived in a cave. <br> iii) Ariel then went to fetch Ferdinand. <br> iv) These gentle spirits were ever after obedient to the will of Prospero. <br> v) Ariel gave a lively description of the storm, and of the terrors of the mariners. | ii) Prospero and his... <br> iv) These gentle spirits.. <br> i) With the help.... <br> v) Ariel gave a lively... <br> iii) Ariel then went.... |


| Exercise: 4 (MDL-2023) (SEP-2020) | Answer |
| :---: | :---: |
| i) The King of Naples and Antonio repented the injustice they had done to Propero. <br> ii) Before Prospero left the island, he dismissed Ariel from his service. <br> iii) He showed him his son Ferdinand playing chess with Miranda. <br> iv) Our food lasted till we landed on this desert island. <br> v) I will make you rich amends, by giving you my daughter. | iv) Our food lasted... <br> v) I will make you rich.. <br> i) The King of Naples... <br> iii) He showed him his.. <br> ii) Before Prospero... |
| Exercise: 5 (AUG-2022) | Answer |
| i) Prospero and his daughter Miranda came to the island. <br> ii) Prospero had released many good spirits. <br> iii) There was an island in the sea. <br> iv) Ariel was the chief of all spirits. <br> v) They lived in a cave made out of a rock. | iii) There was an..... <br> i) Prospero and his..... <br> v) They lived in..... <br> ii) Prospero had released..... <br> iv) Ariel was the..... |

## COMPREHENSION

## Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow.

5 Marks

1. There was an island in the sea, the only inhabitants of which were an old man, named Prospero, and his daughter Miranda, a very beautiful young lady. She came to this island so young, that she had no memory of having seen any other human face than her father's. They lived in a cave made out of a rock; it was divided into several apartments, one of which Prospero called his study; there he kept his books, which chiefly treated of magic. By virtue of his art, he had released many good spirits from a witch called Sycorax who had them imprisoned in the bodies of large trees. These gentle spirits were ever after obedient to the will of Prospero. Of these Ariel was the chief.

| Questions | Answers |
| :--- | :--- |
| 1. Who was Prospero? | 1. Prospero was an old man, who lived in an island. |
| 2. Who was Miranda? | 2. Miranda was the daughter of Prospero. |
| 3. What were the special powers that <br> Prospero possess? | 3. Prospero read books on magic and he practised magic. |
| 4. Who was sycorax? | 4. Sycorax was a witch. |
| 5. Who was the chief of the spirits? | 5. Ariel was the chief of the spirits. |

2. "Come on, young man," said Prospero to the Prince; "you have no power to disobey me."Prospero had commanded Ferdinand to pile up some heavy logs of wood. Kings' sons not being much used to laborious work, Miranda soon after found him almost dying with fatigue. "Alas!" said she, "do not work so hard; my father is at his studies, he is safe for these three hours; pray rest yourself. "O my dear lady," said Ferdinand, "I dare not. I must finish my task before I take my rest." "If you will sit down," said Miranda, "I will carry your logs the while." But this Ferdinand would by no means agree to.

| Questions | Answers |
| :--- | :--- |
| 1. What did Prospero say to the Prince? | 1. Prospero said to the Prince that he had no power to <br> disobey him. |
| 2. How did Prospero command Ferdinand? | 2. Prospero commanded Ferdinand to pile up some heavy <br> logs of wood. |
| 3. How did Miranda find Ferdinand during <br> the laborious work? | 3. Miranda found Ferdinand fatigued. |
| 4. What did Miranda say to Ferdinand? | 4. Miranda said to him to take rest as her father was at his <br> studies. |
| 5. What was the response of Ferdinand? | 5. Ferdinand refused to take rest. |

3. "Tweleve years ago, Miranda", continued Prospero, "I was Duke of Milan, and you were a princess, and my only heir. I had a younger brother, whose name was Antonio, to whom I trusted everything; My brother Antonio being thus in possession of my power, began to think himself the duke indeed.

The opportunity I gave him of making himself popular among my subjects awakened in his bad nature a proud ambition to deprive me of my dukedom : this he soon effected with the aid of the King of Naples, a powerful prince, who was my enemy."
(AUG-2022)

| Questions | Answers |
| :--- | :--- |
| i) Who was Prospero? | i) He was Duke of Milan. |
| ii) What was his daughter's name? | ii) Miranda was her name. |
| iii) Who was his younger brother? | iii) Antonio was his brother. |
| iv) What is meant by 'deprive'? | iv) It means 'empty'. |
| v) Who was the enemy of Prospero? | v) The king of Naples was his enemy. |

4. They lived in a cave made out of a rock; it was divided into several apartments, one of which Prospero called his study; there he kept his books, which chiefly treated of magic. By virtue of his art, he had released many good spirits from a witch called Sycorax, who had imprisoned in the bodies of large trees. These gentle spirits were ever after obedient to the will of Prospero. Of these Ariel was the chief.
(JUNE-2023)

| Questions | Answers |
| :--- | :--- |
| i) Where did they live? | i) They lived in a cave made out of a rock. |
| ii) Who had left the books? | ii) Prospero |
| iii) What is the name of the witch? | iii) Sycorax |
| iv) Who was Ariel? | iv) Ariel was the chief of all spirits |
| v) Where were the good spirits imprisoned? | v) The good spirits were imprisioned in the bodies <br> of large trees. |

## SPECIAL PARAGRAPH

8 Marks

1. Prospero lived - daughter Miranda- island cave- help of Ariel- raised storm- Antonio, King of Naples

- Ferdinand -ship wrecked - Prospero commands Ariel - bring Ferdinand - to cave - Miranda - sees first time - human being- Ferdinand surprised to see- Miranda - Prospero - engages - Ferdinandhard tasks - Miranda - pleads with father- Prospero chides Miranda - Ariel brings King of NaplesAntonio - to Prospero- they realize- mistake -repent - restores the dukedom to prospero - Prospero agrees - marriage of Miranda and Ferdinand.
(PTA-1,6)

2. There was an island - Prospero and his daughter Miranda - Ariel was the chief - storm createdFerdinand and Miranda - Prospero ungentle- Prospero's brother - King of Naples - repented - Ariel dismissed.
(SEP-2021)
3. Inhabitants of the island - Prospero and Miranda - Prospero, magical powers -his brother Antonio, king of Naples, his son Ferdinand and Gonzalo-on the ship - Prospero raised storm- repent for the injustice - instructed Ariel to bring Ferdinand - Miranda had more concern - Prospero set severe task - be forgave all - restored dukedom.
(MAY-2022)
4. Prospero and Miranda- island cave- help of Ariel - raises storm - the shipwreck - the command of Prospero- Ferdinand Separated - brought to cave - Miranda meets Ferdinand - both surprised Prospero Ferdinand with hard tasks - Ariel brings Alonso and Antonio to Prospero - both repent dukedom restored to Prospero - marriage of Miranda and Ferdinand.
(MAR-24)

## FOR GIFTED STUDENTS

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Topic : The Tempest
Author : William Shakespeare
Theme : Prospero's plans to restore his dukedom
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## Introduction:

The Tempest is a play by Shakespeare. It is one of his last plays.

## The betrayal and exile:

Prospero was the Duke of Milan. He had given powers to his brother Antonio. But Antonio dethroned him. He sent him out of Milan. He did it with the help of Alonso.

## Deserted Duke and daughter:

Prospero was left in the sea with his little daughter Miranda. They had nothing to survive. Gonzalo, a Lord in his court gave them food and books. They landed on an island. They were the only humans in the island.

## Ship wreck and the enemies:

Prospero had magical powers. He had a spirit servant, Ariel. One day Prospero raised storms and wrecked a ship. Antonio and Alonso were there in the ship. They were Prospero's enemies.

## Miranda meets her Prince:

Ferdinand, the son of Alonso was also there in the ship. Ariel fetched Ferdinand to Prospero's cave. Miranda fell in love with Ferdinand.

## Repentance and reunion:

Ariel brought Antonio and Alonso to Prospedo. Prospero revealed himself to them. They apologized for their injustice. Prospero forgave them. They all returned to the country.

Moral: To err is human; to forgive, divine.

## FOR A VERAGE STUDENTS

| Topic | : The Tempest |
| :--- | :--- |
| Author | : William Shakespeare |
| Theme | : Restoration of dukedom |

Prospero on Miranda were living in an island. Prospero was once the Duke of Milan. His brother Antonio took his power and position. And he sent Prospero out of Milan with his little daughter. They came to this remote island. Prospero had magical powers. He had a servant Ariel. One day Prospero used his magics and wrecked a ship. His enemies were there in the ship. They wandered in the island without food. Finally Ariel brought them before Prospero. Prospero revealed himself to them. They apologized for their injustice. Prospero forgave them. All were reunited. They returned to their country.

Moral: Restoration brings real joy

## FOR SLOW LEARNERS

* Prospero and Miranda lived in an island.
* Prospero was once the Duke of Milan.
* He was betrayed by his brother.
* They were sent out of Milan.
* Prospero had magical powers.
* He wrecked a ship in the sea.
* His enemies were there in the ship.
* They were brought to him.
* They repented for their injustice.
* Prospero forgave them.
* They all returned to Milan and lived happily.

Moral: Restoration gives joy.


## ABOUT THE AUTHOR

Asha Nehemiah born in 1958 at Chennai has lives, studied and worked in a different cities and small towns and is now a resident of Banglore. She has always been interested in writing. Her love for reading led her to study Literature in college. If she had not been a writer the would have been a teacher. Humour fantasy mystery and adventure are the strong elements in her work. She loves baking, walking reading and travelling.


## PICTURES RELATED TO THE LESGON



MIND MAP


## காயத்் சுயுக்கம்

* இக்கதை பல மொழி பேசும் ஜிக்ஜேக் எண்ற பறவையைப் பற்றியது. சோமு எண்ற மருத்துவா் அலாஸ்காவுக்குச் செல்லும்போது, தன் பறவையை கிருஷ்ணண் எண்ற மருத்துவ நண்பரிடம் விட்டுச்செண்றார். அது பழத்துண்டிகளை மின்விசிறி மீது வைத்தது. ஒரு பப்பாளிப் பழத் துண்டு கிருஷ்ணனின் மணைவி வணைந்த ஒவியத்தின் மீது சிதறியது. ஜிக்ஜேக் அதிக இரைச்சலுடன் குறட்டை விட்டுத் தூங்கியது. கிருஷ்ணன் அறைத் தன் குழந்னதகள் மருத்துவமணைக்கு எடுத்துச் சென்றார். அது அங்கிருந்த குழுந்றைகளை அழவிடாமலும், கத்தாமலும், மகிழ்ச்சியாகவும் பாா்த்துக்கொண்டது. அந்த ஓவியம் அதிகவிலலக்கு விற்றது. அதனால் அவர்கள் ஜிக்ஜேக்கை இன்னொரு வாரம் வீட்டில் வைத்திருக்க முடிவு செய்தனர்.


## TEXT TRANSLATION

| ZIG ZAG | ஜிக் ஜேக் |
| :---: | :---: |
| The family that shelters a new pet is totally taken up by the commotions it creates at home. Read on the story to find out there is a turn of events when they get to know the reality | ஒரு புதிய செல்லப் பிராணியின் வரவு அதை வளர்க்கும் குடும்பத்தில் மிகப் பெரிய தாக்கத்தை ஏற்படுத்தி விடிகிறது. அக்குடும்பத்தில் உண்டான திருப்பங்களையும் உண்்மையில் நடந்தது என்ன என்ற விபரங்களையும் இந்தகதையை படித்துப் பார்த்து தொிந்து கொள்ளுங்கள். |
| Dr. Ashok T. Krishnan's clinic usually sounded more like an ancient Chinese torture chamber than a child specialist's clinic. This was because the tiny children who were his patients left out a variety of blood curdling yells and ear-splitting sobs. | டாக்டர் அசோக் கிருஷ்ணனின் மருத்துவமணைணை எப்போது பார்த்தாலும் அது ஒரு குழந்நைகள் நல மருத்துவாின் மருத்துவமணையைப் போல் இருந்ததைவிட சீணர்களது பயன்பாட்டில் இருந்த சித்திரவறை அறையை போல் தான் அதிகம் காட்சிதரும். ஏனென்றால், அவரது நோயாளிகளாய் இருக்கும் சின்னஞ்சிறு குழந்்ைகளின் வீறிட்டழும் ரத்தத்றை உறைய வைக்கும் கந்தல்களும் காதைப்பிளக்கும் விம்மல்களும்தான். |
| 'It's all because my patients were making so much noise and crying so loudly, ' he apologized to his wife one evening, 'that Somu couldn't hear me properly. He rang me in the clinic to ask whether we could keep Zigzag with us when he leaves for Alaska. And now Somu thinks I said "yes", even though I clearly said "no"! I know you are busy getting your painting ready for your exhibition next w...' | "அலறி அழுது கொண்டிருந்த எண் நோயாளிகளால்தான் இந்த பிரச்சனை என்று சொல்லி டாக்டர் அவரது மணைவியிடம் மன்னிப்பு கேட்டு கொண்டிருந்தார். "நான் மருத்துவமணையில் இருந்தபோது தொலைபேசியில் தொடர்பு கொண்டு பேசிய சோமு" நான் அலாஸ்கா செல்கிறேன். அதனால் ஜிக்ஜேக்கை நீ வைத்துகொள்ள முடியுமா... என்று என்னிடம் கேட்டபோது "முடியாது", என்று அழுத்தம் திருத்தமாக நான் சொன்னது அவன் காதில் சரியாக விழாாம் "சரி" என்று நான் சொல்வதாய் நிணைத்து கொண்டான். நீ எப்போதும் படம் வரைவதில் பரப்பரப்பாய் இருப்பாய் என்று எனக்கு தொியும். அடுத்துவாரம் நடக்க இருக்கும் ஒவிய கண்காட்சிக்கு "மணைவியிடம் பேசிக் கொண்டிருந்த டாக்டரின் பேச்சுக்கிடையில். |
| 'Zigzag!' interrupted their nine-year-old daughter Maya. <br> Isn't that Uncle Somu's prized giant green-and -gold fighting beetle. The one that spits deadly poison | ஜிக்ஜேக்.!!!! எண்று கேட்டு குறுக்கிட்டாள் அவரது ஒண்பது வயது மகள் மாயா ஒ... சோமு மாமாவுக்கு பரிசாக கிடைத்த அந்த பெரிய தங்கவண்ண பச்சை பாம்பா அது எதிராளியின் கண்்ணில் விஷத்தை கக்குமே அதுதானே..." எண்று கேட்டாள் மாயா. |


| straight into its opponent's eye?' |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| 'No , no,' corrected her older brother Arvind, eyes <br> shining in pure delight. 'The beetle is called Spitfire. <br> Zigzag must be Uncle Somu's pet snake. The African <br> sidewinder! You know, the one that slithers Zigzag all <br> over his house!' | ' |
|  | 'You're both quite mistaken,' their father hastened to <br> explain, seeing his wife's horrified expression. 'Zigzag <br> is a most harmless, unusual and lovable bird. |
| Apparently, it was bred by a genuine African witch |  |
| doctor, who gifted it to Somu when he------being a |  |
| child specialist like me ---------cured the witch |  |
| doctor's son while he was touring the deepest jungles |  |
| of equatorial Africa last month. Somu says the bird is |  |
| an absolute treasure and a real help. It's his favourite |  |
| pet, you know'. |  |
|  |  |

Somu might be your best friend, but most of these so called "favourite" possessions that he has given us were absolute nuisances!' countered Mrs. Krishnan angrily. A talented artist, she applied a dab of yellowochre paint onto her painting titled Sunset at Marina, paused for a moment to survey the effect and then continued, 'Remember the rare insect-eating plant he brought back from the wettest corner of the Amazonian rainforest! He insisted that we keep it because it would eat the mosquitoes in the house and now that wretched plant requires a room heater to keep it alive in Chennai!'
'Ma!' protested Arvind, 'That's not really true. Uncle Somu's given us some really fabulous gifts.'
'Right! Remember the tiny penknife he gave me last year, the one with a genuine shark's tooth blade. That's been really useful,' Maya joined the protest.
'No one but you, Maya,' Mrs.Krishnan told her daughter sternly,'would describe a penknife that has cut open the pockets of three skirts and two pairs of jeans as really useful.'
"இல்லை, இல்லை... என்று திருத்திய மாயாவின் அண்ணன் அரவிந்த் "இதண் கண்கள் மிக அழகாக இருக்கும். இதை கட்டு வீரியன் என்று சொல்வார்கள். இது சோமுமாமாவின் செல்லப் பாம்பாக இருக்க வேண்டிம். ஆப்ரிக்காவிண் கட்டுவீரியன். ஜிக்ஜேக்காக (ஏறி இறங்கி) சோமு மாமாவிண் வீடு முழுவதும் இது வளைய வந்திருக்கும்" என்றான்.
மணைவியின் முகத்தில் பயத்றத பார்த்த டாக்டர் விளக்கம் கொடுக்க பதட்டத்துடன் வியரந்து"நீங்கள் இருவருமே தவறாக புரிந்து கொண்டர்கள்" என்றார். "ஜிக்ஜேக் யாஜரயும் துன்புறுத்தாத அரிதான அழகான பறவை" என்று சொன்னார். வெளிப்படையாக சொல்வதென்றால்,சூனியத்தால்
பாதிக்கப்பட்டவர்களுக்கு வைத்தியம் செய்யும் டாக்டர் ஒருவா் மத்திய ஆப்ரிக்காவின் அடர்ந்த காடுகளுக்குள் போணமாதம் சுற்றுலா செண்ற அவाது மகணை குணப்படித்தியதற்காக என்ணை போலவே குழ்ந்த நலமருத்துவராண எண் நண்பன் சோமுவுக்கு இந்த பறவையை பரிசளித்தார். இந்த பறவை மிக அரியதொரு பொக்கிஷம் மாதிாி எணவும் உண்மையிலேயே ஓர் 7.தவியும் கூட என்று சோமு சொல்லியிருக்கிறான். - ங்களுக்கு தெரியுமா...? சோமுவுக்கு இந்த. பறவை बன்றாலே கொள்ணைப் ப்ரியம்.." என்றும் குறிப்பிட்டார்.
சோமு உங்களுக்கு நல்ல நண்்பராக இருக்கலாம். ஆனால் அவருக்கு பிடித்தவை என்று சொல்லிக்கொண்டு அவர் நம்மிடம் கொடித்த எல்லாமே நமக்குவெறும் தொந்தரவாகத்தான் இருந்திருக்குது என்று"டாக்டரின் மணைவி கோபமாக பதில் சொன்்னாள். திறமைசாலியான ஓவியரான அவள் வணைந்து வைத்திருந்த ஓவியத்தின் மீது காவி வண்ணத்திட்டில் மஞ்சள் நிறத்தை ஒற்றி எடுத்தார் போல பூசி அந்த ஓவியத்துக்கு "மொினாவில் மறறயும் சூாியன்" என்று பெயாிட்டிருந்தாள். ஒரு நிமிடம் பேச்சை நிறுத்திதான் பேசியதன் தாக்கம் எண்ன என்று கவனித்துவிட்டு மீண்டிம் தொடர்ந்தான். "அவ்் ஒருமுறை அமேசானின் மழைக் காடுகளின் வெப்ப மூலலப் பகுதியிலிருந்து கொண்டுவரப்பட்டது இது என்று சொல்லி பூச்சிகணள சாப்பிடும் செடி ஒண்ணறகொண்டு வந்து இது வீட்டில் உள்ள கொசுக்களை சாப்பிட்டு விடிம் என்று நம்மிடம் கட்டாயப்படுத்தி கொடுத்தமை நிணைவுபடுத்தி பாருங்கள். இப்போது வாடி வதங்கிய அந்த செடியை காப்பாற்ற இந்த சென்ணையில் ரூம்ஹீட்டர் போட்டு பாதுகாக்க வேண்டியிருக்கிறது". என்றாள்.
"மா நிறுத்தினான் அரவிந்த், இது முழுவதும் உண்மமயல்ல. சோமு மாமா கொடுத்த பொருட்கள் எல்லாமே புகழ் மிக்க பாிசுகள்
"சரி நிணைவு இருக்கிறதா சிறிய பேனா கத்தி சென்ற வருடம் எனக்குக் கொடுத்தது சுறாவின் பல்லில் இருந்து செய்யப்பட்டது. அது மிகவும் பயனுள்ளது, "மாயாவும் அவனுடன் எதிர்ப்பில் சோ்ந்து கொண்டாள்.
"யாரும் அல்ல ஆனால் நீ, மாயா", திருமதி.கிருஷ்ணன் தனது மகளுடன் ஆவேசத்துடன், அந்த பேனாகத்தியை விமர்சிக்க வேண்டும். அது மேன்று பாவாடைகளிண் பாக்கெட்டை திறப்பதற்கும் இரண்டு ஜோடி ஜீன்ஸ்களின் பாக்கெட்டுகளைத் திறப்பதற்குமே பயண்படும்.
'And what about the aboriginal boomerang Uncle Somu brought us all the way from Australia?' demanded Arvind. 'You can't deny that it was a great hit with everyone.'
'Great hit indeed!' Mrs.Krishnan didn't bother to hide her sarcasm and continued, 'Considering that the boomerang sliced through all the TV aerials in the neighbourhood, caused permanent damage to several cars in the parking lot, and knocked out our watchman cold, with the force you threw it.'
'But Zigzag is different. Somu says we are sure to love Zigzag,' soothed Dr.Krishnan, 'because the bird can talk and sing in about twenty-one different languages mostly African languages, of course. When it sings, it moves the listeners to tears.'
'It's Somu's thoughtless ways that reduce me to tears!' Mrs.Krishnan said irritably. 'What a time to dump this multilingual, talking-singing bird on us. Here I'm tied up in knots trying to get my paintings together for the exhibition next week.'

மேலும் ஆஸ்திரேலிய நாட்டில் இருந்து சோமு மாமா கொண்டு வந்த தொல் பழங்குடியிணாின் பூமராங் பற்றிக் கேட்டான் அரவிந்த்: "உன்னால் பொறுக்கவே முடியாது. அது அணைவாிடமும் பிரபலமான ஒன்று.
"உண்மையிலேயே சிறந்த அடி" திருமதி கிருஷ்ணன் கிண்டலான புதிறை மறைக்காமல் சூறிவிட்டுத் தொடா்ந்தார். நாம் இந்த பூமராங்கை யோசித்துப் பார்க்கும்போது பக்கத்துவீட்டு டி.வி.க்களைத் துண்டாக்கியது, நிறுத்தப்பட்ட பல கார்களில் நிரந்தர சேதத்தை ஏற்படுத்தியது மற்றும் நீ எறிந்த வேகத்தில் வாட்ச்மேனைத் தாக்கியது.
"ஆனால் ஜிக்ஜாக் வித்தியாசமானது நாம் உறுதியாக ஜிக்ஜாக்கை நேசிப்போம் என சோகு சூறினாண்", என வாக்களித்தார் டாக்டர் கிருஷ்ணன்,"ஏனெனில் அப்பறவை நடடக்கவும் 21 மொழிகளில் பாடவும் சூடியது... பெரும்பாலும் ஆப்ரிக்க மொழிகள், உண்மையில் இது பாடினால் கேட்பவர்கள். கண்ணீா் விடுவாா்கள்".
"இது சோமுவின் எண்ணமறற்ற வலிகள் எண்்ைக் கண்ணீர் சிந்துமாறு குறைத்துள்ளது" என்றார் திருமதி.கிருஷ்ணண் எாிச்சலுடண் "எந்த நேரத்தில் இந்தப் பலமொழி பேசும்பாடும் பறவையை நம்மிடம் திணித்து बிட்டார். நான் இங்கு எண் ஓவியத்தில் உள்ள (1டிச்சுகளை விட்டு அடித்த வார கண்காட்சிக்கு இணைத்துக் கொண்டிருக்கிறேன்.
'May I take Zigzag to school, Papa?' Arvind, as always, was planning ahead. 'I want to display him in the science exhibition.'
'When is Zigzag coming, Papa?' Maya was jumping up and down, all excited.
'Uncle Somu said he would send Zigzag with his old cook, Visu, sometime today. I'll have to leave for my clinic now. There,' he added as the doorbell rang, 'that's probably them!'

## And indeed it was!

'Come in, Zigzag, come in, dear!' coaxedVisu, and in tottered the strangest, weirdest-looking bird the Krishnan family had ever seen.

About a foot and a half tall, its bald head was fringed with a crown of shocking pink feathers while the rest of its plumage was in various shades of the muddiest sludgiest brown. Its curved beak was sunflower-yellow and its eyes were the colour of cola held to sunlight.
'This is Zigzag! Announced Visu with a flourish. 'His full name is Ziggy-Zagga-king-of-the-Tonga. How I'm going to miss him! So beautifully he talks! He can even recite French Poetry!'
"நான் ஜிக்ஜாக்கைப் பள்ளிக்குக் கொண்டு செல்லட்டுமா அப்பா ?" எப்பொழுதும் திட்டத்தில் உள்ள அரவிந்த். "நான் இதை அறிவியல் கண்ககாட்சியில் காட்சிப்படித்த வேண்டிஸ்".
"எப்பொழுது. ஜிக்ஜாக் வருகிறது, அப்பா?" முழு ஆர்வத்துடண் மாயா மேலும் க்ழுமாகக் குதித்துக் கொண்டிருக்கிறாள்.
"இன்று இன்னும் சில நேரத்தில் சோமு மாமா அவருடைய பழைய சமையல்காரர் விசுவிடம் ஜிக்ஜாக்கைக் கொடுத்து அனுப்புவார். தான் இப்பொழுது மருத்துவமணைக்குச் செல்ல வேண்டிம். அங்கு, அவா் சேர்க்கும்பொழுது அழைப்புமணி ஒலித்தது,"அது அவர்களாகத் தான் இருக்கும்".
ஆம் அவா்களேதான்!
"உள்ளே வா, ஜிக் ஜாக், உள்ளே வா, அன்பே" குழப்பத்துடன் விசு, தடிமாறியவாறு நடந்து கொண்டு புதுமையான புதிரான பார்மவயுடண் இதுவணை கண்டிராத கிருஷ்ணன் குடும்பத்றை ஜிக்ஜாக் பார்த்தது
உயரம் ஒன்றரை அடி இருக்கும். அதன் மொட்டையான தலையில் முன்னாடி விழுந்த இளஞ்சிப்பான முடிக் கற்றற கிரீடம் போட அதைச்சுற்றி மற்ற இறகுகள் சேறும் சக்தியாக பழுப்புநிறத்தில் இருந்தன. சூாியகாந்தியின் மஞ்சள் வண்ணத்தில் அதன் மூக்கு வளைவாக இருக்க அதன் கண்கள் சூரிய ஒளியில் கோலாமரத்து கொட்டையாக ஒளிர்ந்தன.
"இது தான் ஜிக்ஜேக்.." மலர்ச்சியுடன் சொன்னான் விசு. "இதன் முழுப்பெயர் டோங்காரா ஜாஜிக்கி ஜாகா. நான் இதுஇல்லாமல் எப்படி இருக்கப் போகிறேன்். ரொம்ப அழகாக பேசும். பிரெஞ்சு கவிதைகளை சூL மனப்பாடமாக ஒப்பிக்கும்.

The object of all this praise was standing cool and unmoved, with an expression of almost-human grumpiness in his cola-coloured eyes.

Arvind, finding that Zigzag was sulkily refusingto say a word despite all their efforts at striking aconversation, dashed into the kitchen to return witha plate heaped hurriedly with juicy fruit slices andsome nuts.

Bored eyes brightened momentarily as Zigzag picked up a walnut. But refusing to speak, he dropped one wrinkled eyelid in a solemn wink and flew clumsily to deposit the nut on the enormous chandelier hanging from the ceiling. Bit by bit, and in total silence, all the fruit on the plate was transferred to the chandelier and on to the blades of the ceiling fan (now switched off).

Then perching comfortably on a curtain rod, Zigzag dropped one wizened eyelid in another solemn wink as he sank his beak into a plump guava.
'Don't worry, children,' Visu comforted as he left, noticing how disappointed they looked when Zigzag stubbornly refused to say a single word to them even though they tried speaking to him in English, Hindi, Tamil and French. 'Just wait till Zigzag settles down in this new home, they you can have a great time listening to him.'

As it happened, the children didn't have to wait more than ten minutes to have a great time listening to Zigzag. For as soon as Visu left, Zigzag, still perched on the curtain rod, went off to sleep. And the moment he fell asleep, he began to SNORE!
And what a snore it was Kngrrwheeze!!! It began as a soft grumbly sort of rumble, much like that which the stomach of a mildly hungry dinosaur might have made. Then it grew louder, and louder, and LOUDER until it sounded as if a herd of elephants with cold was trumpeting angrily in the room.

## KNGRRDRRWHEEZE!!!



ஆங்கிலம், ஹிந்தி, தமிழ் பிரெஞ்சு என பல மொழிகளில் பேசிப் பார்த்தும் பிடிவாதமாக ஒரு வார்த்தை சூட பதில் சொல்லாத ஜிக்ஜேக்கை ஏமாற்றத்துடன் பார்த்துக் கொண்டிருந்த குழந்தைகளை ஆறுதல் படுத்திய விசு "கவலலப்படாதீர்கள் குழந்தைகளே ஜிக்ஜேக் இந்த புது வீட்டில் அமைதியாக தங்க ஆரம்பிக்கும் வாை காத்திருங்கள் அது பேசுவதைக் கேட்டு நீங்கள் மிகவும் மகிழ்ச்சி அடையலாம்" என்றான்.
இவ்வாறு நடட்க, பத்து நிமிடங்களுக்கு மேல் ஜிக்ஜாக் பேசுவணைக் கேட்கக் காத்திருக்கவில்லல குழந்மைகள். விசு சென்றவுடன் திரைச்சீலல கம்பியிலேயே ஜிக்ஜாக் உட்கார்ந்தவாறே தூங்கிவிட்டது. அயர்ந்து தூங்க ஆரம்பித்ததும், அது குறட்டைவிட ஆர்்பித்தது.

சொன்னது போலவே குழ்ந்றதகள் பத்துநிமிடத்திற்கு மேல் காத்திருக்கவேண்டிய அவசியமே இல்லாமல் ஜிக்ஜேக் பேசுவதை கேட்டு மகிழும் நேரம் வந்துவிட்டது. விசு சென்றதும் ஜிக்ஜேக் திரைச்சீலைக் கம்பி மீது உட்கார்ந்தபடியே தூங்கிவிட்டது. தூங்கிய அதே நிமிடத்தில் குறட்டை விட தொடங்கியது. என்ன ஒரு குறட்டை அது க்ங்ர்ர்ர்ஸ்ஸ்ஸ்ஸ்ஸ்... சிறிது சிறிதாக தொடங்கி எாிச்சலூட்டும் அளவுக்கு ஒலித்த குறட்டை சத்தம் மெதுமெதுவாக ஆரம்பித்து வயிற்றில் கொஞ்சம் பசியோடு கத்தும் டைஞோசாின் சத்தத்தின் அளவுக்கு அதிகமாக ஒலித்தது. பின்னர் சத்தம் அதிகமானது.... இண்னும் அதிகமாக என வளர்ந்து அறைக்குள் கோபம் கொண்ட மதயாணைக்சூட்டத்தின் ஒட்டுமொத்த பிளிறிலாய் பெருஞ்சத்தமாக கேட்க ஆரம்பித்துவிட்டது.

|  | க்ங்ர்ர்ர்ஸ்ஸ்ஸ்ஸ்ஸ்... |
| :---: | :---: |
| Zigzag's snore pounded their eardrums till their heads ached. | ஜிக்ஜேக்கின் பெருங்குறட்டை சத்தம் அவர்களின் காது ஜவ்வை கிழித்து தூள்தூளாக்கி தலைவலிக்கும் அளவுக்கு ஒலித்தது. |
| In vain did they try to wake the snoring bird. 'Twentyone languages, he's supposed to know!' snorted Mrs.Krishnan. 'Yet this bird chooses to communicate only in snorish, snorese, snorian, snorihili, snoralu...' | குறட்ணைவிட்டுக்கொண்டு தூங்கும் அந்த பறவையை எழுப்ப முயன்ற அவர்கள் முயற்சிகள் பயனின்றி போயின. "இருபத்தோரு மொழிதொியும் இந்த பறவைக்கு இருந்தும் இது குறட்டிஷ். குறட்டீஷ், குறட்டைன்,குறட்ணைலி, குறட்டாலு என்ற குறட்ணையின் பாஷஷகளால் மட்டுமே பேசிக் கொண்டிருக்கிறது" என்று டாக்டர் கிருஷ்ணானின் மணைவி உறுமினாள். |
| 'I thought it was scientific fact that birds couldn't snore,' said Maya, trying to squirt water from a small water pistol at Zigzag to wake him and wetting most of the curtains, the walls and a sofa instead. | பறவைகள் குறட்டை விட முடியாது என்பது அறிவியல் விதி என நான் நினைத்தேன் என்றாள் மாயயா, ஒரு சிறிய தண்ணfi துப்பாக்கியால் தண்ணீணை எட்டித் தெளிக்க முயற்சித்து ஜிக்ஜாக்கை எழுப்ப செய்த முயற்சியால், பதிலாக திாரச்சீலலயின் பெரும்பகுதிகள், சுவர்கள், ஒரு இருக்கை நணைந்தன |
| 'African witch doctor's birds don't obey scientific rules.' Arvind was annoyed that his best imitations of a raging lion, a hungry hyena and a ferocious dog had failed to draw Zigzag out of his deep slumber. Now he tried his loudest, most frightening coyote call. | "ஆப்ரிக்க சூன்யக்கார மருத்துவரின் பறவைகள் அறிவியல் விதிகளைக் கடைப்பிடிப்பதில்லை. அரவிந்த எரிச்சலுடன் சிங்கம் போல கர்ஜித்து, பசியில் இருக்கும் \$ுழுதைப்புலி போல நிடித்து மற்றும் கொடூரமாண நாய் ఏபால நடித்து ஜிக்ஜாக்கின் ஆற்ந்த உறக்கத்தில் இருந்து ஏழுப்பச் செய்த அவணது சிறந்த முயற்சிகள் தோல்வியடைந்தன. இப்பொழுது, ஓநாய் போல மிகுந்த சத்தத்துடண் பயமுறுத்தினான்.... |
| B | ஆனால் எந்த ஒரு தொந்தரவும் இன்றி நல்ல உறக்கத்துடன் ஜிக்ஜேக் குறட்டை விட்டது. |
| In total despair at their failure to wake Zigzag, or at least stop him snoring, they shut themselves in the bedroom that was furthest away from Mrs.Krishnan's studio where Zigzag was creating the terrible din. Mrs.Krishnan was just unraveling a roll of cotton wool to stuff in her ears, when they heard their maid, Lakshmi, shrieking as if she had been electrocuted. | மேற்கொண்ட எல்லா முயற்சிகளும் தோற்றுப்போய் ஜிக்ஜாக் எழுப்பவும் முடியாமல் குறறந்தபட்சம் குறட்டைச் சத்தத்தையும் நிறுத்த முடியாமல் ஒட்டுமொத்தமாக நம்பிக்கை இழந்த அணைவரும் படுக்கையணறக்குள் சென்று கதவடைத்துக் கொண்்டனர். வெகுதொலலவில் இருந்த டாக்டர் கிருஷ்ணனின் மணைவியின் ஓவியக் சூடம் வரை கேட்ட குறட்டையிண் பேரிரைச்சல் திகிலுண்டாக்கும் அளவுக்கு இருக்க அவள் பஞ்சுச்சுருளிலிருந்து பஞ்சை எடுத்து காதில் வைத்துக் கொண்டிருந்தபோது ஷாக் அடித்தநைப் போல் அலறிய வேலைக்காரி லஷ்மியின் அலறல் கேட்டது. |
| Hearts hammering, they rushed to the studio to find Lakshmi dancing and clapping her hands excitedly as she yelled, 'We' ve been blessed! We've been truly blessed! It's raining papayas and bananas in this room!' | படபடத்த இதயத்துடன் அணைவரும் ஓவியக்சூடத்திற்கு விாரந்து செல்ல அங்கே லஷ்மி கைதட்டி சூச்சல் போட்டுக் கொண்டு ஆடிக்கொண்ழருந்தாள். "நாம் அணைவருமேஉண்மையில் <br> ஆசிர்வதிக்கப்பட்டிருக்கிறோம். <br> ஆசிர்வதிக்கபட்டிருக்கிறோம். இந்த அறையில் பப்பாளி பழ்ங்களும், வாணழப்பழங்களும் மமைபோல விழுகின்றன. எซ்று மிகவும் உணர்ச்சிவசப்பட்டு கத்தினாள். |
| They froze in horror. Lakshmi had apparently switched on the fan on which Zigzag had left some fruit and nuts. Half-pecked fruit streamed off the fan, dampening even Lakshmi's enthusiasm as a guava landed on her cheek with a soft squish and one walnut hit her forehead with a loud smack. One slice of over ripe papaya came whizzing off the fan and, as they watched it helplessly, it oh horrors splattered all over | அவா்கள் அச்சத்தில் உறறந்தனர். லஷ்மி எல்லோரும் பார்த்துக்கொண்டிருக்கும் போதே ஜிக்ஜேக் பழங்களையும் கொட்டைகளையும் <br> போட்டு வைத்திருந்த மின் விசிறியைப் போட்டுவிட்டிருந்தாள். சுழல தொடங்கிய மின்விசிறியால் ஜிக்ஜேக் கடித்து வைத்திருந்த பழம் கீழே விழுந்து சிதறியது. ஜிக்ஜேக் தின்றுவிட்டு வைத்த கொய்யாப்பழம் லஷ்மியின்் கன்னத்தில்மெத்தென்று விழ பாதாம் பருப்பு ஒன்று அவளது நெற்றியில் பொத்தென்றறு விழுந்து முத்தமிட உண்டான கிளுகிளுப்பில் லஷ்மி திக்கு |

Mrs.Krishnan's unfinished masterpiece, sunset at Marina, spreading streaks of gooey orange pulp and shiny black seeds all over it.

Mrs.Krishnan groaned tragically and looked ready to shoot Zigzag, but he was saved by the bell. The telephone bell! They answered one call after another as all the neighbours rang upto demand what the awful KNGRRDRRWHEEZE sound was and if they could please have some peace.
And through all this commotion, Zigzag slept on unconcerned. And snored on.

Finally, an exhausted Mrs.Krishnan rang up her husband. I'am going crazy with the sound of Zigzag snoring, plus all these angry telephone calls. And my beautiful painting...' Here her voice cracked. 'You know Mrs.Jhunjhunwala, the art critic who lives upstairs, well, she heard Zigzag snoring and had the cheek to telephone and ask me whether I could sing a little softly when I took my singing lessons. Please contact Somu and find out what we should do.'

Dr.Krishnan came home as fast as he could after he had left an e-mail message for Somu, asking him for clear instructions on how to stop Zigzag from snoring.'
'Don't worry,' he reassured his downcast family. 'Somu will reply soon and we'll discover there's some ridiculously simple way to stop Zigzag from snoring.

Six days passed. Six frantic days of checking their email day and night. Six torturous days of having the deafeningly loud KNGRRDRRWHEEZE resound in their home, most nerve wrackingly. Maya complained that she heard a permanent rumbling sound in her ears even when she was miles away from home and that her ears ached all the time. Arvind confessed that, for the first time in his life, he was actually looking forward to going to school considering it was as calm as a monastery compared to their house. Mrs. Krishnan had lost interest in painting. Zigzag would sometimes wake

முக்காடிப்போனாள். நன்கு பழுத்த பப்பாளிபழத்துண்டு ஒண்று விர்ரென்ற சத்தத்துடன் விசிறியடிக்கப் பட்டதையும் பாா்த்த அணைவரும் செய்வதறியாது பா்்த்துக் கொண்டிருந்தபொது டாக்டரின் மணைவி வணைந்து முடிக்காத அவரது தலை சிறந்த படைப்பான"மொினாவில் மறறயும் சூரியன்" ஓவியத்தின்மீத பழத்தின் சதைப்பகுதி ஆரஞ்சு வண்ணகோடுகளாகசிதறித் தெறித்து விழுந்தது; கருப்பு வண்்ணத்தில் பளபளத்த பப்பாளிவிதைகள் அதன் மீது பரவி விழுந்தது.
டாக்டரின் மணைவி வருத்தம் தாளாமல் கதறி அழுது கொண்டே ஜிக்ஜேக்ணை சுட .குறி பார்த்தாள். ஆணால் மணி சத்தத்தினால் ஜிக்ஜேக் காப்பாற்றப்பட்டது. தொலைபேசியின் மணியோயச.
அடுத்தடுத்து ஒருவர்பின் ஒருவராக பக்கத்து வீட்டுக்காரர்கள் எல்லோரும் தொயலபேசியில் தொடர்பு கொண்டு "அது என்ன அப்படி ஒரு அதிபயங்கரமாா க்ங்ர்ர்ர்ஸ்ஸ்ஸ்ஸ்ஸ்..... சத்தம்........ எண்று விசாாித்துவிட்டு கொஞ்சம் அமைதியாக இருக்க முடியுமா என்று கேட்டுக் கொண்டணர். இத்தணை சத்தத்திற்கிடையிலும் ஜிக்ஜேக் தூங்கிக் கொண்டு இருந்தது. குறட்டையும் வந்து கொண்டிருந்தது.
கிறுதியாக சோா்ந்து களைத்துப் போன டாக்டரின் ழணைவி கணவனுக்கு தொணலபேசியில் பேசினாள். "இந்த ஜிக்ஜேக்கின் குறட்டை சத்தத்தினால் எனக்கு மபத்தியமே பிடிக்கிறது. அத்துடண் அண்டை அயலாாின் கோபத்தில் வரும் தொமைபேசி அயைப்புகள்..... அடித்து என் அழகான ஓவியம்..... அவள் குரல் உடைந்து கம்மியது. இன்னொரு விஷயம் தொியுமா மாடியில் குடியிருக்கும் கலை விமர்சகி திருமதி. ஜுஞ்சு வாலாஜிக்ஜேக்கின் குறட்டை சத்தத்தை கேட்டுவிட்டு என்ணை தொலைபேசியில் அழைத்து, பாட்டு கற்றுக் கொள்ளும் பொழுது கொஞ்சம் மெதுவாக பாடக் சூடாதா என்று கேட்கிறாள். தயவு செய்து சோமுவை பாா்த்து இதற்கு என்ன செய்ய வேண்டிம் என்று ஒரு வழியை கண்டுபிடிங்க" என்றாள்.
ஜிக்ஜாக்கின் குறட்ணையை நிறுத்த என்ன செய்ய வேண்டும் என்ற வழிமுறறகளைக் சூறுமாறு சோமுவிற்கு மின் அஞ்சல் மூலம் தகவல் தொிவித்துவிட்டு எவ்வளவு முடியுமோ அவ்வளவு விரரவாக வீட்டிற்கு வந்தார் மருத்துவர் கிருஷ்ணன்.
(கவலைப் படாதீா்கள் அவா் வருத்தமாக உள்ள் அவரது குடும்பத்திற்கு வாக்குறுதி அளித்தார். ஜிக் ஜாக்கின் குறட்டையை நிறுத்த சோமுவின் பதில் விணரவாக வரும். ஆதனால் எளிய வழியைக் கண்டறிவோம்!.
ஆறு நாட்கள் கடந்தன. பதில் வந்திருகிறதா என்றறு இரவும் பகலும் தேடித்தேடி அவர்கள் பரபரத்த நாட்கள் கழிந்தன. அவர்கள் வீடிடில் மீண்டிம் மீண்டிம் ஒலித்து காதை செவிடாக்கி சித்ரவதை செய்து நரம்புமண்டலத்தையே குலுக்கி எடித்து வேதணைப்படித்தி கொண்டிருந்த அந்த க்ங்ர்ர்ஸ்ஸ்ஸ்ஸ்ஸ்ஸ்........ சத்தம் அவர்கள் வீட்டில் மீண்டிம் மீண்டும் ஒலித்து கொண்டேருந்தது. "வீட்டிலிருந்து பல மைல் தொலைவிலிருந்தாலும் பெரிய இடிபோல எப்போதும் என் காதுக்குள் குடையும் அந்த குறட்டைச்சத்தத்தின் பெருங்சூச்சல் நரக வேதணையாக இருக்கிறது". என்றாள் மாயா. குறட்டையின் கொடுமையான பிடிக்குள்

| up briefly when he wanted to eat some fruit, and sometimes he would sit on the veranda looking sulky and bored as he stared at the Sunset at Marina beachthe real view, not the painting lying forlorn in one corner, ruined by streaks of hardening papaya. Zigzag never spoke to anyone, though everyone tried several times, and in several languages, to speak to him kindly. He only slept. And snored. |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| On the seventh day, Dr.Somu's e-mail arrived. It was, as Dr.Krishnan predicted, ridiculously simple. It read: | ஏழாவது நாள் டாக்டர் சோமுவிடமிருந்து பதில் வந்தது. டாக்டர் கிருஷ்ணன் யூகித்ததைப் போல மிக்் சாதாரணமான ஒண்றாகத்தான் இருந்தது. |
| 'That does it,' said Mrs.Krishnan. 'Find Visu! I will not keep Zigzag here another minute!' | நீங்கள் அதைக் ணையாளுவதில் சிரமப்பட்டிருந்தீா்கள்万ன்றால் தயவுசெய்து என் சமையல்காரன் விசுவிடம் ழயாசணை கேளுங்கள். "அது தான் இது" என்றாா் திருமதி. கிருஷ்ணான் "விசுயவப் பிடியுங்கள்" நான் இனி ஒரு நிமிடம் சூட ஜிக்ஜாக்கை வைத்துக் கொள்ளமாட்டேன். |
| 'Calm down, dear, I'm leaving for my clinic now. Can't it wait till...' | "அமைதியாக இரு அன்பே, நான் இப்பொழுது மருத்துவமணனக்கு செல்கிறேன். அதுவணர காத்திருக்கக் சூடாதா ? ".... |
| 'No, it's now!' Mrs.Krishnan was adamant. 'I've invited some friends and are experts to come home and choose my paintings for the exhibition. This feathered, snoring monster will drive us all mad!' | "இல்லல, இப்பொழுதே! திருமதி. கிருஷ்ணன் பிடிவாதமாக சூறினார். நாண்் என்னுடைய சில நண்்பர்கள் மற்றும் நிபுர்களை நம் வீட்டிற்குக் கண்காட்சியில் வைக்க ஓவியங்களைத் தோ்ந்தெடிக்க அழைத்துள்ளேண். இந்த இறகுகளுள்ள, குறட்டைவிடும் அரக்கன் எங்களை மபத்தியமாக்கி விடுவான்!. |
| 'Come on then, Zigzag,' called Dr.Krishnan nervously, wondering how he would locate Somu's cook, Visu. | "அப்படியானால் வா ஜிக் ஜாக்! அழைத்தார் மருத்துவா் கிருஷ்ணண் பயத்துடண்், சமையல்காரர் விசுவுடண் எப்படி இருந்தது என்ற ஆச்சாியத்துடன் |
| 'Er, why don't you wait in the car, Zigzag?' he suggested. When they reached his clinic, his heart sinking at the thought of Zigzag's ear-shatteringly loud snore adding to the din of the sobs and shrieks produced by the tiny patients waiting for him. | "ர், நீ காரிலேயே காத்திருக்கலாம் அல்லவா ஜிக் ஜாக்?" எண்றார் யோசனை சூறும் விதத்தில் மருத்துவமணை அடைந்ததும் அவா் மணம் எண்ணத்தில் மூழ்கியது, ஜிக்ஜாக்கின் குறட்டை பெரிய கூச்சலல ஏற்படுத்துவடணும் இந்த சிறிய நோயாளிகளின் கத்தல்களும் சேர்ந்து கொள்ளும் என்று |
| But Ziggy-Zagga-King-of-the-Tonga was not accustomed to being kept waiting and was already making his way to the clinic where he perched himself on the nurse's reception table. | ஆனால் டோங்குவின் ராஜா ஜிக் ஜாக் வழக்கத்திற்கு மாறாகக் காத்திருக்கவில்லல மற்றும் மருத்துவமஞையில் அது தன் வழியைப் பா்்த்துக்கொண்டு சென்றது. செவிலியின் வரவேற்பு மேசையில் தன்ாை அமா்த்திக் கொண்டது |
| 'Don’t you dare sleep!' Dr.Krishnan warned Zigzag fiercely as he went towards his room. | "தூங்கி விடாதே!" கோபத்துடன் ஜிக்ஜாக்கை எச்சாித்து தனது அறைக்குச் சென்றார் மருத்துவர் கிருஷ்ணன். |
| He had hardly walked through the swinging half-door that separated his clinic from the waiting room when he heard a strange voice say, 'You there in the blue T- | காத்திருக்கும் அறறயில் இருந்து அவரது அறையின் ஊசலாடும் கதவு வழிியாகத் தான் சென்று இருப்பாா், வித்தியாசமான ஓயையில்,"நீல டி-ஷா்ட் அணிந்திருக்கும் <br> இருக்கையபில் <br> குதிக்காதே சிவப்பு சட்டை |

shirt, don't jump on the sofa. And you in the red dress, don't swing on the curtain.'
It was Zigzag's voice, clear and commanding. There was pin-drop silence in the room as everyone waited, open-mouthed, for Zigzag's next sentence.

Dr.Krishnan was amazed! Gone was Zigzag's bored and grumpy expression. Instead the bird looked happy and alert as it went about the job it had been trained for, first with the African witch doctor and then with Dr.Somu. Dr.Krishnan's clinic, usually a noisy sea of tears and tantrums, was transformed into a calm, orderly place as Zigzag efficiently soothed the frightened patients, scolded the naughty ones and made the crying ones smile. And if his yam-digging song and recitation of French poetry reduced the children to helpless laughter instead of tears, he didn't look as though he minded. And best of all, Zigzag never slept. Or snored. Even for a second!

Never had a morning passed so quietly and peacefully for Dr.Krishnan. When the last patient had left, he called Zigzag to his room. Zigzag flew in and sat on the table. Scratching the bird under its beak, Dr.Krishnan sighed and said, 'Somu was right, after all. You are an absolute treasure. I never realized what he meant when he called you a great help. Why didn't you tell me you'd prefer to be at my clinic instead of snoring like that to show you were bored? What do we do now? No one wants you back at home now; they want me to leave you with Visu.'

Just then the telephone rang. It was Mrs.Krishnan, sounding very pleased with herself. 'You know Mrs.Jhunjhunwala, the art critic?' she chuckled. 'She doesn't want me to exhibit sunset at marina. She's bought it for herself, for ₹ 5,000 !'

Isn't that the painting the papaya fell on.....?
'Yes.' Mrs.Krishnan was laughing heartily now. I had

அணிந்திருக்கும் நீ, திரைச்சீணலயில் தொங்காதே".

அது ஜிக்ஜாக்கின் குரல், தெளிவான அதிகாரத் தோரணை. குண்டூசி முணை கீழே விழும் சத்தம் கேட்கும் அளவு அந்த அறை அமைதியாக இருந்ததோடு ஜிக்ஜாக்கின் அடுத்த வாக்கியத்திற்காகத் திறந்த வாயுடன் ஒவ்வொருவரும் காத்திருந்தனர்.
டாக்டர் கிருஷ்ணனுக்கு மிகவும் வியப்பாக இருந்தது. ஜிக்ஜேக்கின் எரிச்சலூட்டும் விதமும் இல்லாமல் போய்விட்டது. மாறாக அது இந்த வேலைக்காகவே முதலில் ஆப்பாிக்க டாக்டரிடமும் அடித்து டாக்டர் சோமுவிடமும் பயிற்சி அளிக்கப்பட்டிருந்ததால் பறவை மகிழ்ச்சியுடனும் கவனமாகவும் காணப்பட்டது. எப்போதும் கண்ணீர்க் கடலின் சத்தத்திற்கிடையில் சோகம் வெடித்து சிதறி கண்ணீரும் கம்பலலயுமாக காட்சி தரும் டாக்டர் கிருஷ்ணாவின் மருத்துவமணை இப்போதெல்லாம் அச்சத்தில் இருந்த நோயாளிகாை ஜிக்ஜேக் அமைதிப் படுத்தியதாலும் துடுக்குத்தனமாக பேசுபவ்்களை அது திட்டி அடக்கி வைத்ததாலும் அழுபவர்களை சிாிக்க வைத்ததாலும் புதுப்பொலிவுடன் அமைதி ததும்ப அழுாா ஒழுங்கோடு உருமாறியிருந்தது. நமக்கள்ளிருக்கும் இனிமையை வெளிக்கொணருு் திக்ஜேக்கின் பாடலும், அது மனப்பாடமாக ஒฺப்பித்த பரெஸ்சுக் கவிதையும் ஆதரவற்று அழுது கொண்டிருந்த குழந்தைகளின் கண்ணீரை புன்ணகையாக மாற்றின. இவை அயைத்திலும் சிறந்தது ஜிக்ஜேக் தூங்காமலேயே இருந்தது. ஒரு நொடிசூட குறட்மைவிடவிில்லை.
டாக்டர் கிருஷணனுக்கு இந்த அளவுக்கு எந்த ஆரவாரமுயில்லாமல் இத்தணை அமைதியான ஒரு காலைப்பொழுது இதுவணை என்றுமே இருந்ததில்லல. கடைசியாக வந்த நோயாளியும் வெளியே போனபிறகு டாக்டர் ஜிக்ஜேக்கை உள்ளே கூப்பிட்டார். அது பறந்து உள்ளே வந்து மேமஜமீது அமா்்்தது. அந்த பறவையின் அலகுக்கு கீழ் தடவிக் கொண்டே பெருமூச்சுவிட்டார் டாக்டர். "எப்படியோ சோமு சொன்னது சாியாகத்தான் இருக்கிறது. உண்மையில் நீ ஒரு தூய்மையான பொக்கிஷம் தான். உன்ணை மிக அருமையான துணை என்று அவன் அழைத்ததன் அர்த்தத்தை நான் உணாரவேயில்லை. வீட்டில் உட்கார்ந்து கொண்டு அந்த மாதிாி குறட்டைவிட்டு நீ அலுத்து சலிப்படைந்துவிட்டாய் எண்பதை உணர்த்துவஞைவிட இப்படி மருத்துவமணையில் நீ இருக்க விரும்புகிறாய் என்று என்னிடம் ஏன் நீ சொல்லவில்லை? இப்பொழுது என்ன செய்வது? நீ திரும்பவும் வீட்டுக்கு வருவதை வீட்டில் யாரும் விரும்பவில்லல. என்னிடம் உன்னை விசுவிடம் விடசொல்கிறார்கள்" என்றார்.
அப்போது தான் டெலிபோன்் மணி ஒலித்தது. டாக்டரின் மணைவி மிகவும் சந்தோஷமாக இருப்பது தொி்தது. மிகுந்த களிப்புட்் அவள்" உங்களுக்கு தெரியுமில்லலயா திருமதி.ஜூஞ்ஜூவாலா அந்த கணை விமர்சகி.. அவள் எண்னுமைய ஓவியத்ணத மொினா கண்காட்சியில் வைக்க வேண்டாம் என்று சொல்லிவிட்டால் அதை ஐயாயிரம் ரூபாய்க்கு அவளுக்காக வாங்கிக் கொண்டாள்.
இந்த ஓவியத்தில் தானே பப்பாளிப் பழம் விழுந்தது....?
ஆமாம். எண்ற அவள் இப்போது மனதார சிாித்தாள்.
left it in one corner and she chose to buy it, saying she loved my new technique of painting! She simply adored those streaky orangey bits! She launched into fresh gales of laughter. 'By the way,' she said when she sobered down, 'I don't think we were fair to Zigzag. Shall we keep him with us at home, just on trial for another week?'
'Sure!', agreed a delighted Dr.Krishnan before he cleverly added. 'And I could always take him to the clinic every morning so that you can paint in peace at home.'
'My boy!' he confided to Zigzag after matters were satisfactorily settled, giving the bird a toffee from his desk. 'You have your own strange way of showing your genius. A Zigzag way, I'd call it, wouldn't you?'

But Ziggy - Zagga - King - of - the -Tonga, brought up on compliments as he was, didn't bother to reply. He just ate the toffee, paper wrapper and all, and then lowered one crinkly eyelid in a knowing wink.

எல்லா பிரச்சனைகளும் ஒரு வழியாக தீர்த்துவிட்ட திருப்தியில் அவா் மேசைக்குள்ளிருந்து ஒரு மிட்டாயை எடுத்து "என் மையா" என்று நம்பிக்கையோடு அழைத்து ஜிக்ஜேக்கிடம் கொடித்தார். உனக்கே உரிய புதுமையான பாணியில் உன் மேேைமைணை வெளிப்படித்தினாய் ஒரு திக்ஜேக் பாணி.... என்று அழைப்பேன் நீயும் செல்வாய் มல்லவா..? என்றார்.
ஆனால் இப்படி ஏகப்பட்ட புகழ்ச்சிகளுடன் வளர்க்கப்பட்ட டோங்கார ராஜா ஜிக்ஜேக்காகவோ இதற்கு பதில் சொல்ல மெனக்கெடவில்லல. அது அந்த மிட்டாயையும் காகிதத்தையும் சுற்றப்பட்டிருந்த காகிதச்சுருளோடு| எல்லாவற்ணறயும் தின்றுவிட்டு ஒரு கண்ணண சுருக்கி கண்ணடித்து புரிந்து கொண்டதாய் கண்ஜாடை செய்தது.

## GLOSSARY

| Aboriginal | - native | - பழங்குடியினர் |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sarcasm | - witty language used to convey insults | - கிண்டல் |
| Fringed | - the outer boundary | - விளிம்பு |
| Plumage | - a birds feather collectively | - இறகு |
| Sludgiest | - wet mud | - சகதி |
| Grumpiness | - bad tempered | - முரணியலல்புமைய |
| Squirt | - cause liquid to come out in a jet | - நீர்ப்பீச்சும் குழாயால் பீச்சு |
| Coyote | - small wolf | - ஓநாய் வகை |
| Streaks | - lines | - கோடிகள் |
| Tantrum | - a display of bad temper | - திடீர் வெறி எழுச்சி |
| Crinkly | - Uneven by virtue of having wrinkles or waves | - சுருக்கங்கள் நி¢றந்த |

A. Identify the speaker

1. 'Even though I clearly said no!' -Dr. Krishnan
2. 'The one that spits deadly poison straight into its opponent's eyes' -.Maya
3. 'Remember the tiny penknife he gave me last year'
-Aravind
4. 'It's Somu's thoughtless ways that reduce me to tears. -Mrs. Krishnan
5. 'Come in, Zigzag, come in dear! -Visu.
B. Choose the correct answer
6. The one that spits deadly poison straight into its
$\qquad$
a) Friend's eye
b) father's eye
c) animal's eye
d) opponent's eye
7. 'It's Somu's $\qquad$ ways that reduced me to tears!' Mrs. Krishnan said irritably.
a) Beautiful
b) thoughtless
c) thoughtful d) fantastic
8. Its curved beak was $\qquad$
a) Red
b) marigold-yellow
c) sunflower-yellow
d) violet
9. Zigzag dropped one wizened $\qquad$ in another solemn wink.
a) eyelid
b) nut
c) ball
d) fruit
10. Hearts hammering, they rushed to the $\qquad$ to find Lakshmi dancing and clappingher hands excitedly.
a) House
b) studio
c) room
d) apartment

## TEXTUAL QUESTIONS

D. Answer the following.

1 Why did Dr. Ashok's cousin call him?
Dr. Ashok's cousin Somu called him to enquire if he could keep his bird zigzag as he was leaving for Alaska.
2. Mention atleast two expressions which shows that Mrs.Krishnan was not willing to have Zigzag at home?
Mrs. Krishna was not willing to have zigzag at home because whatever Somu gave them was absolute nuisance and the insect eating plant, which he gave, required a room heater to keep it alive.
3. What other various pets did Somu have?

Somu has a giant green-and-gold fighting beetle and a pet snake, the African sidewinder.
4. What was Mrs. Krishnan busy with?

Mrs. Krishna was busy with her paintings.
5. What commotion did the boomerang cause in the neighbourhood?
The boomerang sliced through several TV aerials, damaged a few cars knocked the watchman
6. What happened when Somu left Zigzag with the Krishnans?
Zigzag was lazy and flew around the house. It kept the fruits and nuts on the fan and on the curtain and fell asleep with a loud snore.
7. How did Zigzag communicate with the Krishnans?

Zigzag winked at them and flew clumsily. He fell asleep and began to snore.
8. What was the e-mail message sent to Somu by Dr. Krishnan?

Dr. Krishnan sent a mail to Somu asking for clear instructions on how to stop zigzag from snoring.
9. What did Aravind confess?

Aravind confessed that he was looking forward to go to the school as it was calm when compared to his house.
10. Why did Mrs. Jhunjhunwala buy the painting? Mrs. Jhunjhuwula was impressed by the new technique of painting which was splashed with streaky orange bits.

## EXAM BASED QUESTIONS

## CHARACTERS AND THEIR HINTS

| Characters | Key words |
| :--- | :--- |
| Dr. Krishnan | - Doctor |
| Mrs. Krishnan | - Wife and an artist |
| Arvind | - son of Dr. Krishnan |
| Maya | - Daughter of Krishnan |
| Somu | - uncle |
| Visu | - old servant |

## REARRANGE THE SENTENCES



## COMPREHENSION

## Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow.

1. You're both quite mistaken, 'their father hastened to explain, seeing his wife's horrified expression. Zigzag is a most harmless, unusual and lovable bird. Apparently, it was bred by a genuine African witch doctor, who gifted it to Somu when he being a child specialist like m cured the witch doctor's son while he was touring the deepest jungles of equatorial Africa last month. Somu says the bird is an absolute treasure and a real help. It's his favourite pet, you know'. Somu might be your best friend, but most of these so called "favourite" possessions that he has given us were absolute nuisances' countered Mrs. Krishnan angrily. A talented artist, she applied a dab of yellow-ochre paint onto her painting titled sunset at Marina, paused for a moment to survey the effect and then continued, 'Remember the rare insect-eating plant he brought back from the wettest corner of the Amazonian rainforest He insisted that we keep it because it would eat the mosquitoes in the house and now that wretched plant requires a room heater to keep it alive in Chennai'.
(PTA 3)

| Questions | Answers |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| i) | Who gifted Zigzag to Somu? | i) |  |
| A genuine African witch doctor. |  |  |  |
| ii) | Why did he gift Zigzag to Somu? | ii | Somu cured the witch doctor's son. |
| iii) | What is the title of Mrs. Krishnan's <br> painting? | iii) | Sunset at Marina. |
| iv) | What did Somu insist the Krishnan's to <br> keep the insect-eating plant? | iv) | It would eat the mosquitoes in the house. |
| v) | What do you know about Zigzag from <br> the given passage? | v) | Zigzag is a most harmless, unusual and lovable bird. |

2. Arvind, finding that Zigzag was sulkily refusing to say a word despite all their efforts at striking a conversation, dashed into the kitchen to return with a plate headped hurriedly with juicy fruit slices and some nuts. Bored eyes brightened momentarily as Zigzag picked up a walnut. But refusing to speak, he dropped one wrinkled eyelid in a solemn wink and flew clumsily to deposit the nut on the enormous chandelier hanging from the ceiling. Bit by bit, and in total silence, all the fruit on the plate was transferred to the chandelier and on to the blades of the ceiling fan (now switched off).
(MAY-2022)

| Questions | Answers |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| i) | Did Zigzag converse with the inmates of <br> the house? | i) No. Zigzag did not converse with them. |
| ii) | What made Arvind rush into the <br> kitchen? | ii)Zigzag refused to talk. It made Arvind run into the <br> kitchen. <br> iii) What did Arvind bring for the bird? |
| iv) | Where did Zigzag transfer all the fruits <br> and nuts? | iv) Zigzand brought fruit slices and nuts. <br> blades. |
| v) | Where did Zigzag perch comfortably? | v) It perched on the curtain - rod. |

3. Six days passed. Six frantic days of checking their e-mail day and night. Six torturous days of having the deafeningly loud KNGRRDRRWHEEZE resound in their home, most nerve wrackingly. Maya complained that she heard a permanent rumbling sound in her ears even when she was miles away from home and that her ears ached all the time. Arvind confessed that, for the first time in his life, he was actually looking forward to going to school considering it was a calm as a monastery compared to their house. Mrs. Krishnan had lost interest in painting. Zigzag would sometimes wake up briefly when he wanted to eat some fruit, and sometimes he would sit on the veranda looking sulky and bored. Zigzag never spoke to anyone, though everyone tried several times. He only slept. And snored. On the seventh day, Dr. Somu's e-mail arrived. It was, as Dr. Krishnan predicted, ridiculously simple.
(SEP-2021)

| Questions | Answers |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| i) | How did the days pass? | i) The days passed checking their e-mail day and night. |
| ii) | What was Maya's complaint? | ii) She complained about the rumbling sound of zigzag. |
| iii) What was Arvind's confession? | iii) The school was calm like a monastery. |  |
| iv) What was Zigzag's routine? | iv) It woke. It ate fruits. It would sit on the veranda. It |  |
|  |  | slept. |
| v) What was Dr. Krishnan's prediction | v) was ridiculously simple. |  |

4. In total despair at their failure to wake Zigzag, or $t$ least stop him snoring, they shunt themselves in the bedroom that was furthest away from Mrs. Krishnan's studio where Zigzag was creating the terrible din. Mrs. Krishnan was just unreveling a roll of cotton wool to stuff in her ears, when they heard their maid, Lakshmi, shrieking as if she had been electrocuted.
(SEP-2020) (MDL-2023)

| Questions | Answers |
| :--- | :--- |
| i) Were they able to stop Zigzag from <br> snoring? | i) No. They couldn't stop Zigzag from snoring. |
| ii) Where did they shut themselves? | ii) They shut themselves in the bedroom. |
| iii) What was Mrs. Krishnan trying to do? | iii) She kept a roll of cotton wool in her ear. |
| iv) Who is Lakshmi? | iv) She is the servant - maid of Dr.Krishnan. |
| v) How did Lakshmi scream? | v) She screamed as if she had been electrocuted. |

[^0]2. It's sommu's thoughtless ways that reduce me to tears.

| Mrs. Krishnan | $:-$ What a time to dump this multilingual, talking-singiing bird on us. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Dr. Krishnan | $:-$ Zigzag is different, the bird can talk and sing in 21 languages |

3. Just wait till zigzag settles down in this new home.

Visu

Aravind and Maya
: - He comforted as he left, noticing how disappointed they looked when Zig zag refused to speak a single word
: - Maya tried to squirt water at zigzag and Aravind tried to imitate a raging lion, a ferocious dog, hyena to wake zigzag
4. Zigzag hardly never sleeps.

Somu : - I have never heard zigzag snore.
Dr. Krishnan :- He took it to his clinic
5. Your are an absolute treasure

Dr. Krishnan : - You are a great help. Why didn't you tell me you love to be in my clinic.
Zigzag :- He just ate toffee with wrapper and then lowered on crinkly eyelid in a knowing wink.
C. Complete the given tabular column - Answer is given below

| Arrival of Zigzag | Somu requested Dr. Krishnan to take care of his pet | Mrs. Krishnan was not | She was worried about her $\qquad$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Life of Zigzag at Dr.Krishnsn's residence | Zigzag perched on the curtain rod and | When their maid switched on the fan $\qquad$ | Mrs. Krishnan was annoyed and called Mr. Krishnan to |
| The email about Zigzag | Dr. Krishnan | Somu's reply surprised the Krishnan | The reply was.... |
| Zigzag at the above | When Zigzag entered the clinic he $\qquad$ | Gone was Zigzag’s bored and grumpy expression. The bird looked happy and alert | After the family knew that zigzag must be kept busy they |

1. Mrs. Krishnan was not interested in having zigzag
2. She was worried about her painting exhibitions
3. it was raining papaya and fruits
4. take the bird away as she has gone crazy
5. zigzag hardly sleeps
6. he commanded others to sit on their place
7. agreed to keep him in his house

## SPECIAL PARAGRAPH

1. Dr.Somu- entrusts his - pet bird - Dr.Krishnan- Children excited of his entry- it can speak - 21 African languages- Zigzag - sleep endlessly - with heavy snore - no peace at - home - Mrs. Krishnan - not happy - shouts and asks for solutions- Dr.Krishnan writes - to Somu - finding solutions - no reply - Dr.Krishnan - takes Zigzag to clinic- turn of event - Zigzag - takes -care of the orderliness-
clinic - very quiet - all surprised - zigzag commands - Dr.Krishnan happy-finds - secret - Zigzag must b engaged - if not he sleeps - family is happy with his presence.(PTA-2, MAY-2022,JUNE-23)
2. Dr.Ashok T.Krishnan - Zigzag Somu's pet - children happy- bird can talk - sing - Zigzg unmoved sulking - snoring- neighbors complaining seventh day Somu's e-mail - Zigzag in the clinic - showing strange genius.
(SEP-2021)

## FOR GIFTED STUDENTS

Topic : Zig Zag

Author : Asha Nehemiah
Theme : Commotions caused by Zigzag at Dr.Krishnan's residence

## Introduction:

Zigzag was written by Asha Nehemia. It is a ptgry about an African wonderbird.
The new guest:
Dr Krishnan was a child specialist. His friend Dr Somu was leaving for Alaska. He left his pet bird to Dr Krishnan. Dr Krishnan's children were curious before it's arrival. But Mrs Krishnan had a painting exhibition next week. So she did not like to have the bird.

## The strange snore:

Zigzag had strange looks. It was said to sing and speak in 24 different languages. But it neither spoke nor sang. It was sleeping all the time with a loud snore. Everyone got irritated of the noise. The neighbours also were disturbed by the snore.

## The guest and the mess:

Zigzag kept some fruits on the ceiling fan. The servant put on the fan. The fruit splattered on Mrs. Krishnan's painting. She was terribly upset. She wanted the bird to be sent back at once.

## The real wonder:

Doctor Krishnan took the bird to his clinic. Zigzag disciplined the noisy kids over there. Dr Krishnan was amazed. Mrs Krishnan's painting was sold for ₹5000. It was because of the papaya splash by Zigzag. The family was very happy and kept the bird with them.

Moral: Never judge anyone too early.

## FOR A VERA GE STUDENTS

| Topic | $:$ Zig Rag |
| :--- | :--- |
| Author | : Asha Nehemiah |
| Theme | $:$ The Story of Zig Rag |

Zigzag was a story by Asha Nehemiah. Zigzag was an African bird. Its owner Dr Somu was leaving for Alaska. So he left the bird with Dr.Krishnan. Dr Somu said Zigzag would sing and speak in 24 different languages. But the bird never entertained anyone. It was sleeping all the time with big snore. It spoiled the painting of Mrs. Krishnan. Everybody in the house was upset. They wanted to give the bird back its owner. Dr Krishnan was helpless. He took the bird to his clinic. Zigzag was a great help to him. It disciplined the noisy kids in the clinic. Mrs Krishnan's painting was sold for Rs. 5000 . They were happy. They kept the bird with themselves.

## FOR SLOW LEARNERS

* Zigzag was an African bird.
* Dr Soma gave it to Dr Krishnan's family
* It would sing and speak in 24 languages.
* But it never entertained anyone.
* It was sleeping all the time.
* It snored loudly.
* Everyone in the house was upset.
* Dr Krishnan took it to his clinic.
* Zigzag disciplined the kids over there.
* Really it was lovable and helpful.
* The family decided to keep the bird with them.

Moral: A birds makes us happy.



## PICTURES RELATED TO THE LESSON



ONE MEMBER FROM EACH FAMILY SHOULD GO FOR WAR


SHE CUT HER HAIR AND DRESSED LIKE A BOY


MULAN HEARD THE DECREE


## (1I) GLOSSARY

| 1. | carving (v) | - an act of cutting a shape or pattern into wood or stone. | - செதுக்குதல் |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2. | robe (n) | - a long, loose outer garment reaching the ankles | - அங்கி |
| 3. | kung fu (n) | - a Chinese method of fighting that involves using your hands and feet <br> and not using weapons | - குங்ஃபூ |
| 4. | might (n) | - great and impressive power or strength, especially of a nation, large <br> organization, or natural force | - வலிமை |
| 5. | bowed(adj) | - bending the body forwards from the waist, especially to show respect <br> for someone | - வணங்கி |



## கஎறதச் சுருக்கம்

＊இக்கதை முலான் என்ற வீரமிக்க சீனப்பெண்்ணைப் பற்றியது．ஒரு சமயம் சீணா போரில் ஈடுபட்டது． அரசர் ஒரு குடும்பத்திலிருந்து ஒரு ஆண் படையில் சேர ஆணையிட்டார்．தன் குடிம்பத்தின் சார்பாக ஆண்வேடமிட்ட முலான் படையில் சோ்ந்தாள்．ராணுவ தளபதியானாள்．எதிரியைத் தோற்கடித்து நாட்டிற்கு வெற்றி தேடித்தந்தாள்．அரசரிடம் வெகுமதி பெற்று ஊர் திரும்பினாள்．

## TEXT TRANSLATION

| THE STORY OF MULAN | முலானின்ં கணை |
| :---: | :---: |
| This is the classic story of Mulan based on the legend of Hua Mulan．A legend is a story from long ago that is believed to be true，or mostly true． | இதுவணை பழே்காா மரபுவிிக் கணத，இதிறுள்ள குவாமுலாான் என்ற முலாானின்் கணத．இந்த பழு்கணத நீண்ட காலங்களுக்கு முன் நடடந்த உண்மை அல்லது முற்றிலும் உண்்மை என ந்்பப்படிகிறது． |
| Many years ago，China was in the middle of a great war．The Emperor said that one man from each Chinese family must leave his family to join the army． Mulan，a teenage girl who lived in a faraway village of China，heard the news when she was outside，washing clothes． | 4ல ஆண்டிகளூக்கு முன்ப，சீணா ஒரு பெரிய யுத்தத்தின்் ாடிவே இருந்தது．ஒவ்வொரு சீண குமுய்பத்திலிருந்தும் ๒ருவன் இராணுவத்தில் சேே தாது குடிம்பத்றத விட்டிச் செல்ல வேண்டி்் எண்று பேரரசர் சூュறிஞார்．சீஞாவவின் தொணலதூரத்தில் உள்ள ஒரு கிராமத்தில் வசிக்கும் ஒரு இளம் பெண் முலன்．அவள் வெஸியில் இருந்தபோது துணி துயவக்கு்் போது கேட்டாள்． |
| Mulan ran into the house．Her father was sitting in a chair，carving a piece of wood．＂Father！＂she said． ＂Did you hear what the Emperor says each family must do？＂ | முலன் வீட்டிற்குள் ஓடினாாள்．அவள் தந்்த நாற்காாிியில் உட்கா்்ந்து இருந்தாா்，ஒரு மரத்துண்்ட செதுக்கிக் கொண்டிடுந்தார்．＂அப்பா！＂என்றாள்．＂ஒவ்வொரு குடிய்படும் கண்டிப்பாக எซ்னன செய்ய வேண்்ிிெெெ அரசர் சூறியமத நீந்கள்் கேட்டீர்களா＂？ |
| ＂Yes，＂said her old father，＂I heard about it in town． Well，I may as well go pack up．＂He put down his carving，stood up and walked very slowly to his room． | ＂ஆமாம்＂，எண்றாா் அவளது வயதாா தந்்த．＂இறத நான் ஊரில் கேள்விப்பட்டேன்．நல்லது நான்் சென்றறு தயாாராகிறறே்்．＂அவர் செதுக்கிக் கொண்டிடுநந்தணத போட்டுவிட்டு எழுந்து அவர் அணறக்கு மெதுவாக நடக்கஆणானார்． |
| ＂Wait！＂said Mulan，＂Father，you have not been well． If I may say so，why at your age must you keep up with all those young men？＂ | ＂ロபாறுங்கள்！＂எண்்றாள் முலாான்，＂அப்பா，உங்கள் உடல்நிமை சரியில்ஸை．உங்களூணடய வயதாா காலத்தில் இந்த இளம் ஆண்களளுடன் போருக்கு செல்ல முடியுமா？＂என்று கேட்டாள்． |
| ＂What else can be done？＂said her father．＂Your brother is a child．He cannot go．＂ | ＂அடித்து எண்ண நடக்கும்？＂எண்றார் அவளது தந்ணத． ＂உணது சகோதான் ஒரு குழந்மத，அவஞால் போக இயலாது＂． |
| ＂Of course that＇s true，＂said Mulan．＂He is too little． But I have an idea．＂She poured her father a cup of tea and handed it to him．＂Father，have some tea．Please sit for a minute．I will be right back．＂ | ＂அது முற்றிலும் உண்்ம＂，எண்றார்．முமண்＂அவன் மிகவும் சிறியவன்．ஆனால் எண்ணிடம் ஒரு யோசணை உள்ளது．＂அவள் ஒரு கோப்ணபயில் தேநீ゙் ஊற்றி அவாது தந்்துிிடம் கொடித்தார்． <br> ＂அப்பா சிறிது தேநூiா குடியுங்கள்．ஒரு நிமிட்ம் |


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| :---: | :---: |
| "Very well, dear," said the father. | "நல்லது அன்பே", என்றார் |
| Mulan went into her room. With her sword, she cut off her long, black hair. She put on her father's robe. Going back to her father, Mulan said, "Look at me. I am your son now. I will go in your place. I will do my part for China." | முலன் அவளது அணறக்குச் சென்றாள். அவளது வாளால், அவளது நீண்ட கருங்சூந்தலை வெட்டினாள். அவளது தந்னதயின் அங்கிணை அணிந்து கொண்டாள். அவள் தந்தையிடம் சென்று "என்னைப் பாருங்கள், நான் இப்பொழுது உங்கள் சீனாவிற்கு எனது பங்கிணை அளிக்கப் போகிறேன்," என்றாள் முலன். |
|  | "இல்லல, என் மகளே!" என்றார் வயதானவர். "உன்னால் இதைச் செய்ய முடியாது!" |
| "Father, listen please," said Mulan. "For years, you trained me in Kung Fu. You showed me how to use a sword." Mulan swung the sword back and forth with might. | "அப்பா, தயவு செய்து கேளுங்கள்", என்றாள் முலன். "நீங்கள் பல வருடங்களாக எனக்கு குங்ஃூபூ கற்றுக் கொடுத்து வந்துள்ளீர்கள். நான் எவவ்ாறு ஒரு வாளை பயன்படுத்த வேண்டும் என்பதையும் காட்டியுள்ளீர்கள்". வலிமையுடன் முன்னும் பின்னுமாக முலன் வாளைச் சுழற்றினாள். |
| "Only so that you could stay safe!" said her father. "I never meant for you to go to war. If they find out you are a woman, you know as well as I do that you will die!" | "அப்பொழுது தான் நீ பாதுகாப்பாக இருக்க முடியும்!"万ன்றா்் அவளது அப்பா. "நான் உன்ணை ஒருபோதும் ழபாருக்காகப் பழக்கவில்லல. நீ பெண் என்பதை அவர்கள் கண்டுபிடித்தால், உனக்குத் தெரியும், நான் சொல்கிறேன் நீ கண்டிப்பாக இறந்து விடுவாய்!" |
| "No one will find out, Father," said Mulan. She picked up her sword. <br> "Mulan!" said the Father. He tried to get up but had to hold on to his chair. <br> The daughter kissed him goodbye. "I love you, Father," she said. "Take care of yourself. Tell my brother I said goodbye." She climbed on a family horse. And off she went to join the Emperor's army. | "ஒருவராலும் கண்டுபிடிக்க முடியாது, அப்பா" என்றாள் முலன் அவளது வாளை எடுத்துக் கொண்டாள். <br> "முலன்!" எண்றார் அவளது தந்தை அவா் எழுந்திருக்க முற்பட்டார். ஆனால் அவரது நாற்காலியயப் பிடிக்க வேண்டியதாகி விட்டது. <br> மகள் அவாை முத்தமிட்டு பிாிவைத் தொிவித்தாள். <br> "உங்களை நேசிக்கின்றேன். அப்பா," என்றாள் அவர். <br> "உங்களை நீங்கள் கவனித்துக் கொள்ளுங்கள். என் <br> சகோதரனிடம் நான் சென்று வருகிறேன் என்று <br> சூறிியதாக சூறுங்கள்". அவள் குடும்பக் குதிரை ஒன்றில் <br> ஏறினாள். பேரரசாின் படையில் சேர அங்கிருந்து <br> கிளம்பினாள். |
| In the army, Mulan proved to be a brave soldier. In time, she was put in charge of other soldiers. Her battles went so well that she was put in charge of more soldiers. Her battles kept on going well. After a few years Mulan was given the top job - she would be General of the entire army. | படையில், முலன் ஒரு வீரமான போர் வீரர் என நிரூபிக்கப்பட்டது. உரிய நேரத்தில், அவள் மற்ற வீரர்களின் தலலவியாகபட்டாள். அவளது போர்கள் நன்றாக சென்றமையால் நிறைய போர் வீரர்களுக்கானத் தலைமைப் பொறுப்பு கொடுக்கப்பட்டது. அவளது போர்கள் நன்றாக சென்றது. சில ஆண்டுகளுக்குப் பிறகு அவளுக்குத் தலைமைப் பதவி கொடுக்கப்பட்டது. மொத்தப் படையின் சேனாதிபதியாக அவள் ஆனாள். |
| Not long after that, a very bad fever swept through the army. Many soldiers were sick. And Mulan, the General of the army, became sick, too. |  |
| When the doctor came out of Mulan's tent, he knew the truth. | மருத்துவா் முலனின் சூடாரத்திலிருந்து வந்தபோது, அவருக்கு உண்்மை தொிந்தது. |

"The General is a woman?" yelled the soldiers. "How can this be?" Some called out, "She tricked us!" and "We will not fight for a woman!" They said, "Punish her! Make her pay! The cost is for her to die!" But others called out, in voices just as loud, "With Mulan, we win every battle!" They said, "Stay away from our General!"
Just then, a soldier ran up. "Everyone!" he called. "A surprise attack is coming!"

Mulan heard this from inside her tent. She got dressed and went outside. She was not yet strong, but stood tall. She told the soldiers where they must go to hide so they could attack when the enemy came. But they must get there fast! The soldiers, even those who did not like that their General was a woman, could tell that Mulan knew what she was talking about.

It worked! The battle was won. It was such a big victory that the enemy gave up, at last. The war was over, and China was saved! You can be sure that after that last battle, no one cared anymore that Mulan was a woman.

The Emperor was so glad that Mulan had ended the long war, he set aside the rule about being a woman. "Mulan, stay with me in the palace," he said. "Someone as smart as you would be a fine royal adviser."

Mulan bowed deeply. "You are too kind, Sire," she said. "But if you please, what I wish most of all is to return home to my family.,
"Then at least take these fine gifts," said the Emperor.
"So everyone at your home and village will know how much the Emperor of China thinks of you."

Mulan returned to her village with six fine horses and six fine swords. Everyone cheered that she was safe. The person who had saved China was their very own Mulan!
"ஒரு பெண் தளபதி? படைவீரர்கள் கத்தினர்". இது எவ்வாறு சாத்தியம்?" சிலர் "அவள் நம்மை ஏமாற்றி விட்டாள்" எனக் கத்தினர். மற்றும் "நாம் ஒரு பெண்ணிற்காக சண்டை போடக்சூடாது எண்றøர். அவளுக்குத் தண்டணை அளியுங்கள்! அவளை ஏற்கச் செய்யுங்கள்! இதற்கான அவளது சம்பளம் மரணம்!"ஆனால் மற்றவர்கள் பெருத்த குரலில் முலானால் நாம் ஒவ்வொரு போரும் வென்றுள்ளோம்!" என்றார்கள்,"நமது சேனாதிபதியை விட்டு விலகி நில்லுங்கள்!" அதன் பிறகு ஒரு வீரன் ஓடி வந்தான். "ஒவ்வொருவரும் கவனியுங்கள்" என அணழத்தான். "ஒரு எதிர்பாரா தாக்குதல் வருகிறது".
சூடாரத்திற்குள் இருந்து முலன் இதைக் கேட்டாள். அவள் எழுந்து உடைகளை அணிந்து கொண்டு வெளியே சென்றாள். அவள் இண்னும் வலுவாக இல்லை. ஆனால் உயா்ந்து நின்றாள். அவன் வீரர்களுக்கு எங்கு சென்று ஒளிய வேண்டும் எனக் சூறினாள். அப்பொழுது தான் எதிாி வரும் போது தாக்க முடியும். ஆனால் அவர்கள் هிரைவாகத் தயாராக வேண்டும்! முலன் ஒரு பெண் ஏன்பதை விரும்பாத வீரர்கள் சூட முலன் தான் என்ன தசய்யப் போகிறோம் என்று அவள் அறிந்து வைத்திருக்கிறாள் என்று சூறற முடியும்.
அது செயல்பட்டது! அந்தப் போர் வெற்றி பெற்றது. அது ஒரு மாபெரும் வெற்றி! எதிரிகள் சரணடைந்தனர். இறுதியாக போர் முடிவுற்றது சீனா பாதுகாக்கப்பட்டது. நீங்கள் உறுதியாக உணர முடியும். இந்தக் கடைசிப் போாின் பிறகு எவரும் முலன் ஒரு பெண் என்பதை பொருட்படுத்தவில்லை.
பேரரசருக்கு முலன் நீண்ட போாை முடித்து வைத்ததால் பெரும் மகிழ்ச்சி, ஒரு பெண் போர்படையில் இருக்க சூடாது என்ற சட்டத்தை அவா் ஒதுக்கி வைத்துவிட்டார். "முலான், நீ என் அரண்மமணையிலேயே என்னுடன் தங்கி விடு," என்றார். "நீ ஒரு சிறந்த அரசாங்க மந்திாியாக இருக்க முடியும்"
முலன் ஆழுமாகப் பணிந்தாள். "நீங்கள் மிகவும் அன்பானவர். ஐயா" என்றாள். "ஆனால் நீங்கள் அனுமதித்தால், நான் என் விருப்பத்தின்படி என் வீட்டிற்குத் திரும்ப வேண்டும்".
"இறுதியாக, இந்த நல்ல பரிசுகளைப் பெற்றுக் கொள்" என்றார். பேரரசர்,"அப்பொழுது தான் உனது வீட்டிலும் உன் கிராமத்திலும் உள்ள ஒவ்வொருவருக்கும் இந்த சீбாவின் பேரரசர் உன்்ை எவ்வாறு நிணைக்கிறார் எனத் தொியும்".

முலன் ஆறு நல்ல குதிரைகளுடனும் மற்றும் ஆறு நல்ல வாட்களுடனும் அவளது கிராமத்திற்குத் திரும்பினாள். ஒவ்வொருவரும் அவள் பாதுகாப்பாக வந்ததற்கு மகிழ்ச்சி அடைந்தனர். இந்த சீனாவைக் காப்பாற்றியதால் அவா்களது அன்புக்கு சொந்தமானாள் முலான்.

## TEXT TRANSLATION

C. Answer the following questions in a sentence or two (Text page 91)

1. What was the emperor's order?

When the Huns invaded China, the emperor ordered one man from every family should come to war.
2. Where did Mulan's father hear about the emperor's order?
Mulan's father heard about the emperor's order when she was outside, washing clothes.
3. Why couldn't Mulan's brother go to war?

Mulan's brother couldn't go to war because he was a child.
4. Why did Mulan disguise herself as a man?

As she was a girl child,she couldn't go to war. So Mulan disguised herself as a man.
5. How did the soldiers become sick?

A very bad fever swept through the army and so the soldiers became sick.
6. How did the emperor give her fine gifts?

The emperor was so glad and gave her six fine horses and six fine swords.
7. Why did the emperor give her fine gifts?

The Emperor was so glad that Mulan had ended the long war and asked her to stay in the palace as Royal Advisor. But Mulan wanted to return back home. So the emperor gave her fine gifts.
8. How did the soldiers come to know about Mulan's real identity?
Mulan became sick. When the doctor came out of Mulan's tent, he disclosed the truth to the soldiers.

## EXAM BASED QUESTIONS

## CHARACTERS AND THEIR HINTS

| CHARACTER | KEY WORDS |
| :--- | :--- |
| Mulan | Heroine of the Story |
| The Emperor | Ruler of China |
| Mulan's little brother | Child |
| Doctor | Identified Mulan's gender |
| Mulan's Father | Old and sick man |
| Soldiers | Fought honestly in the war |

## REARRANGE THE SENTENCES

## Rearrange the following sentences in coherent order.

## 5 Marks

| Exercise: 1 | Answer |
| :--- | :--- |
| i) Of course that's true, said Mulan. | i) Of course that's..... |
| ii) She poured her father a cup of tea and handed it to him. | iii) He is too.... |
| iii) He is too little. | iv) But I have..... |
| iv) But I have an idea. | ii) She poured her..... |
| v) Father have some tea. | v) Father have |


| Exercise: 2 | Answer |
| :---: | :---: |
| a) Though she was sick, she won the final war <br> b) So Mulan cut off her hair and went to war as a man <br> c) Once the Chinese emperor ordered that one man from each family must join in the army <br> d) She returned to her village with gifts. <br> e) She bravely fought in the war and became the general | c) Once the Chinese emperor..... <br> b) So Mulan cut off her hair..... <br> e) She bravely fought in the..... <br> a) Though she was sick, she..... <br> d) She returned to her..... |
| Exercise: 3 | Answer |
| i) "You there in the blue T-shirt, don't jump on the sofa" a strange voice said. <br> ii) 'My boy!' he confided to zigzag after matters were satisfactorily settled. <br> iii) The bird looked happy and alert thereafter. <br> iv) It was Zigzag's voice, clear and commanding. <br> v) Dr. Krishnan took Zigzag to the clinic for the first time. | v) Dr. Krishnan took Zigzag...... <br> i) "You there in the blue...... <br> iv) It was Zigzag's voice..... <br> iii) The bird looked happy..... <br> ii) 'My boy!' he confided..... |
| Exercise: 4 (MAR-24) | Answer |
| i) Mulan went into her room and cut her long hair. <br> ii) In the army, Mulan proved to be a brave soldier. <br> iii) Mulan, a teenage girls who lived in a faraway village of China heard the news. <br> iv) The Emperor said that one man from each Chinese family must join the army. <br> v) She climbed on a horse and joined the army. | iv) The Emperor said..... <br> iii) Mulan, a teenage girls.... <br> i) Mulan went into her room... <br> v) she climbed on.... <br> ii) In the army, mulan.... |

## COMPREHENSION

## Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow.

## 5 Marks

1. Many years ago, China was in the middle of great war. The emperor said that one man from each Chinese family must leave his family to join the army. Mulan, a teenage girl who lived in a faraway village of China, heard the news when she was outside, washing clothes. Mulan ran into the house. Her father was sitting in a chair, carving a piece of wood. "Father" she said, "Did you hear what the Emperor says each famiy must do? "Yes" said her old father, I heard about it in town. "Well, I may as well go pack up". He put down his carvings, stood up and walked very slowly to his room.
(APRIL-23)

| Questions | Answers |
| :--- | :--- |
| i) What did the Emperor say? | i) One man from each Chinese must join the army. |
| ii) Who was Mulan? | ii) Mulan, a tennage girl |
| iii) When did she hear the news? | iii) Heard the news when she was outside, washin clothes. |
| iv) What was her father doing? | iv) Her father was sitting on a chair, carving a piece of <br> wood. |
| v) Where was her father he heard the news? | v) old father, " I heard up and walked very slowly to his <br> room. |

2. In the army, mulan proved to be a brave soldier in time. She was put in charge of other soldiers. Her battles went so well that she was put in charge of more soldiers. Her battles kept on going well. After a few years Mulan was given the top job. She would be General of the entire army. Not long after that, a very bad fever swept through the army. Many soldiers were sick, And Mulan, the General of the Army became sick too, when the doctor came out of Mulan's lent, he knew the truth.

| Questions | Answers |
| :---: | :---: |
| i) Who proved to be a brave soldier? | i) Mulan proved to be a brave soldier. |
| ii) What was Mulan in charge of? | ii) She was in charge of other soldiers. |
| iii) What was the top job Mulan given? | iii) She was given the post of the General. |
| iv) What happened to mulan and other Soldiers when a fever swept through? | iv) Mulan and other soldiers were sick. |
| v) Who knew the truth and when? | v) The doctor knew the truth when he checked Mulan. |

3. In the army, Mulan proved to be a brave soldier. In_time, she was put incharge of other soldiers. Her battle went so well that she was put in charge of more soldiers. Her battles kept on going well. After a few years Mulan was given the top - job she would be General of the entire army. Not jlong after that, a very bad fever swept through the army. Many soldiers were sick. And Mulan, the General of the army, became sick, too. When the doctor came out of Mulan's tent he knew the truth "The General is a woman?" yelled the soldiers.

| Questions |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| i) | Who was Mulan? | i) Mulan was a soldier. |
| ii) | Why was she put incharge of other <br> soldiers? | ii) Because she fought bravely. |
| iii) | What was her position in the army? | iii) She was the General. |
| iv) | What happened to the army? | iv) A very bad fever swept through the army. |
| v) | What was the truth known by doctor? | v) Mulan was a lady. |

## SPECIAL PARAGRAPH

1. Many years age - China - the emperor ordered - one man from - family - join army - Mulan heard - told father - she join army - father objected - she is a girl - Mulan - wore- fathers robes cuts her hair - convinced father - she has learnt -Kung fu -no one will find - she is a girl. Mulan left-village - fought bravely - war given top - position - very soon- fever sworm wept - the army - Mulan - sick doctor exmines - finds the truth- spreads the news in the army - everyone objects - to follow a girl leader - Mulan stood tall - gave command - soldiers - followed her- attacked enemies - won the battle - Emperor glad - offered Mulan positions - court - Mulan refused - went back - village - royal gifts.
(MDL-19)
2. Chinna faces - great war- king commands men from - every house - take part-war - Mulan father weakMulan - wears - armour - sword - goes for war - disguised man - fights bravely promotes chief- king happy-

> fever sweeps - war camp - Mulan affected - fever - Doctor finds Mulan - soldiers - resent to the fact -Mulan doesn't mind - fights - wins war for China - King rewards her - offers position at palace -Mulan rejects - goes back - village - royal gifts people happy - Mulan.
> (PTA-1,3)
3. Mulan- brave warrior - saved China - put in charge of all warriors - doctor - finds her - girl - soldiers revoke

- Mulan won another battle - emperor glad - gave her prizes.
(PTA-5)

4. Mulan - woman of courage - joins army - fights well - good leadership qualities - leads the troops - becomes General - Doctor reveals Mulan's identity- again wins battle - Emperor appoints - royal adviser - Mulan retutns home happily.
(SEP-2020)(JUNE-23)

## FOR GIFTED STUDENTS

## Introduction:

This this story is about a girl who saved China. It shows that women can achieve anything.

## The love for family and country:

Mulan was a teenage girl of China. China was in the middle of war. The army needed one man from every family. Mulan's father was old and weak. But he preferred to fight for his country. Mulan did not want him to go. Her brother was too young tof ight for the country. Mulan offered to join the army instead of her father.

## The courageous warrior:

Mulan cut off her long black hair. She put on her father's robe. She joined the army. She proved to be a brave soldier. Mulan never lost in her battles. Soon she became the general of the army.

## The secret revealed:

Suddenly a bad fever swept through the army. Mulan became sick. The doctor found that she was a girl. The soldiers refused to work under a woman. They wanted Mulan to be punished.

## The final victory:

Then Mulan heard about a surprise attack. She got dressed up and came out of her tent. She fought bravely. The battle was won. China was saved.

## The reward of responsibility:

The emperor was happy. He wished her to stay in the palace. But Mulan preferred to go back to her family. The Emperor gave six horses and six swords to Mulan as a reward.

Moral: Valour and patriotism bring name and fame.

## FOR AVERAGE STUDENTS

| Topic | :The story of Mulan |
| :--- | :--- |
| Author | :Anonymous |
| Theme | : Mulan's story |

This story is about a girl who saved China. Mulan was a teenage girl. China was in the middle of war. The army needed one man from each family. Mulan's father was old and weak. Her brother was too young. So Mulan decided to join the army. She cut her long hair. She wore her father's dress. She joined the army. She fought bravely. Suddenly Mulan was sick with fever. The doctor found that she was a girl. The soldiers refused to work under her. Then Mulan heard of a surprise attack. She led the army. They won the war. China was saved. Mulan returned to her village with rewards.

Moral: Patriotisisn brings fame.

## FOR SLOW LEARNERS

* Mulan was a teenage girl.
* China was in the mid of war.
* Mulan dressed as a boy.
* She joined the army and fought bravely.
* She became the leader.
* Suddenly she became sick.
* The soldiers found out that she was a girl.
* They refused to work under her.
* There was a surprise attack.
* Mulan led the army.
* The battle was won.
* China was saved.
* The emperor rewarded her.

Moral: Bravery brings success.

## A. Choose the best answers.

1. Mulan goes to the battle instead of her father because Ans: her father is old
a. she wants to be a soldier.
b. she was asked to join the army.
c. her father is old.
d. her brother is sick.
2. What did Mulan do before leaving the house?

Ans :cut off her hair
a. took leave from her mother
b. cut off her hair
c. prayed
d. made a dress for war
3. What is the story about?

Ans: women empowerment
a. winning
b. friendship
c. women empowerment
d. patriotism
4. The emperor asked Mulan to stay with him in the palace as his

Ans: royal advisor
a. wife.
b. royal advisor.
c. army general.
d. friend.
5. The emperor gave Mulan

Ans: six horses and six swords
a. six horses and six swords.
b. a death sentence.
c. gold.
d. six camels
6. How did people of the village react to Mulan after her return from the battle?
Ans: six horses and six swords
a. cheered her
b. mocked her
c. punished her
d. scolded her
B. Identify the character or speaker of the following lines

1. I heard about it in town.
2. I am your son now.

- Mulan's father
- Mulan

| 3. The General is a woman? | - Soldiers |
| :--- | :--- |
| 4. Mulan, stay with me in the palace. - The Emperor |  |
| 5. You are too kind sire. | - Mulan | 5. You are too kind sire.

- Mulan


## GRAMMAR

## PART I

## Answer all the questions.

Choose the most appropriate answer from the given four alternatives and write the option code and the corresponding answer.

## Q.NO

## GOVT EXAM QUESTIONS

1. It was the gaunt face staring from the bed that brought chill to my heart.
a) fat
b) round
c) lean
d) sad
2. When school began there was a bustle.
(PTA 1)
a) rush
b) change
c) noise
d) confusion
3. They continue to grapple with the changes.
(PTA 1)
a) settle
b) fight
c) move
d) stop
4. His idea of going away, made me forget all about his ruler and how cranky he was.
(SEP-2020,PTA-2)
a) tyrannical
b) strange
c) powerfully
d) learned.
(MDL-2023)
5. His parents circled around raising a proud cackle
(PTA 2) (JUNE-23)
a) sharp noise
b) blunt noise
c) high pitch
d) shout
6. Trying to revive old childhood memories may prove disappointing.
(PTA 2)
a) review
b) revitalize
c) restore
d) rescue
7. The spoilt child of affluent parents.
(PTA 3) (JUNE-23)
a) influenced
b) wealthy
c) happy
d) poor
8. Scraping his beak now and again to whet it.
(AUG-2022) (PTA 3)
a) clean
b) blunt
c) sharp
d) wet
9. My contention was to make sure that we go by the rules.
(PTA 3)
a) continuous effort b)
b) disturbed effort
c) unhappy effort
d) strenuous effort
10. He was delirious.
(PTA 4)
a) sick
b) disappointed
c) troubled
d) forced

## TEXT BOOK EXERCISE

E.(i). Form new words by adding appropriate prefix/suffix:

| 1. accurate | - in accurate, accurate |
| :--- | :--- |
| 2. understand | - mis understand, understand |
| 3. practice | - mal practice, practical |
| 4. technology | - technological, technologist |
| 5. fashion | - fashionable, fashionate |
| 6. different | - in different, differently |
| 7. child | - child hood, childish |
| 8. national | - inter national, nationality |
| 9. origin | - originate |
| 10. enjoy | - enjoyment, enjoyable |

F. Fill in the blanks by adding appropriate prefix/suffix to the words given in brackets.

1. He was sleeping comfortably in his couch. (comfort)
2. Kavya rides a bi cycle to school. (cycle)
3. There was only a handful of people in the theatre. (hand)
4. It is illegal to cut sandalwood trees. (legal)
5. The arrival of the President has been expected for the last half an hour.(arrive)
6. The man behaved abnormalin front of the crowd. (normal)
7. Swathy had no intention of visiting the doctor. (intend)
8. The bacteria are so small that you need a micro scope to see them. (scope)

# Q.NO ABBREVIATIONS \& ACRONYMS வார்த்தைச்சு யுக்காப்ணள்ய், வีருவாக்காiகమற்் 

(TB Unit 5 -Pg. No. : 131-133)
கீழே கொடுக்கப்பட்டுள்ள Abbreviation - ஐ யும் Acronym - ஐ யும் நன்கு படிக்கவும். இது எளிதான பகுதி. மாணவா்கள் முழு மதிப்பெண்கள் பெறலாம்.
Abbreviation என்பது ஏதாவது முறறயில் வாா்த்தை அல்லது சொற்றொடரை சுருக்குவதாகும்

## ABBREVIATION :

a) An abbreviation is shortening of a word or a phrase by any method. It can be spelt word by word.

Eg : prof. sr. B.Tech B.A. M.A.
b) A contraction is a reduction of word size

Contraction எண்பது வார்த்ணதயின் அளணை குணறப்பதாகும்.
Eg : Dr, Er, can't, they're
c) An acronym is a word formed with the first letters of the words in the phrase. It can be pronounced like a word.

Acronym எண்பது சொற்றொடாில் உள்ள முதல் எழுத்துகளால் உருவாக்கப்படுகிறது. இதை, ஒரு வாா்த்தை போல உச்சாிக்க முடியும்.
5. I will return home after sunset.
6. My uncle entered my house, while I was doing my homework.

## III. Correlative Conjunctions:

1. Sheeba is both a singer and a dancer.
2. Neither Jane nor Ram has attended the function.
3. No sooner did the teacher enter the class than the boys stood up.
4. Scarcely had they gone out when it started raining.
5. The car is not only economical but also feels good to drive.
A. Complete the sentences given below choosing the right connectors given in brackets.
6. Call me in case you need money. (sothat, in order that, in case)
7. I forgot that I had to meet the Principal. (whether, that, if)
8. Though he is ninety years old, he is in the pink of health. (when, since, though)
9. It is raining. Take an umbrella or else you will get drenched.(or else, and, but)
10. They faced many hardships nevertheless they are always cheerful. (although, nevertheless, otherwise)
B. Fill in the blanks with the connector that goes with the underlined words.
11. Both the minister and the officers visited the affected areas.
12. Jaya teaches not only English but also Science.
13. Either Raghu or Bala will have to buy vegetables from the market.
14. No sooner did I enter the house that it started drizzling.
C. Combine the pairs of sentences using appropriate connectors.
15. We came late but we did not miss the train.
16. They checked the packet twice and then they sealed it.
17. Sita saw a snake and at once she ran away.
18. Robert completed the project and he submitted it to the teacher.
19. As Yusuf was running high temperature, he could not take part in the competition.

## D. Tick the correct linker.

1. Though he was honest, he was punished. though / but
2. Walk carefully otherwise you will fall down. unless / otherwise
3. My mother called me while I was playing football. or / while
4. My salary is low nevertheless I find the work interesting.
nevertheless / similarly
5. The passengers rushed to board the bus as soon as it arrived.
as soon as / as long as
E. Supply suitable linkers.
6. "When I was alive and had a human heart," answered the statue, "I did not know what tears were, for I lived in the palace where sorrow was not allowed to enter. My courtiers called me the Happy Prince and Happy Indeed I was. I lived and so I died.
7. Many writers make incorrect sentences but they try to put sentences together. They may make grammatical errors and leave out important punctuation marks. Making such mistakes is quite common while preparing the first draft. Yet he must carefully edit his final draft.
8. In most large cities and towns of our country, there are special schools for girls. But there are many co-educational schools where girls and boys study together. Most parents allow their daughters to attend these schools, Yet, there are some parents who are against such schools for girls at the age of 14 or15.

9. Cost, Speed or Frequency

விலல/ வேகம் ஆகியவற்றை 'A' மற்றும் 'An' பயன்படுத்தப்பட வேண்டும்.
Milk sells at Rs. 40 a litre.
Vaigai Express runs at 120 Kms an hour.
The doctor advised me to take the medicine two times a day.
6. ' $A$ ' can be used for certain numbers.

Eg : a hundred, a couple, a dozen
7. In the sense of 'any', to single individual as the representative of a class.
குறிப்பிட்ட நபரை குறிப்பிடாமல் பொதுவான நபரை குறிப்பிடவும் ' A ' பயன்படுத்தப்படலாம்.
A pupil should respect his teacher.
A rolling stone gathers no moss.
இங்கு pupil என்பது எந்த ஒரு மாணவணையும் 'Stone' என்பது எந்த ஒரு கல்லையும் குறிப்பிட்டதாக அமைந்துள்ளது.
8. To turn a proper noun into a common noun.

ஒரு குறிப்பிட்ட பெயா் சொல்லை பொது பெயர்ச்சொால்லாக மாற்ற
$\mathrm{Ex}: \mathrm{He}$ is a solomon in his kingdom.
சாலமன் என்ற தனிப் பெயர் சொல்லை பொதுப்பெயா்ச் சொல்லாக குறிப்பிடப்பட வேண்டும்.

## DEFINITE ARTICLE : 'The’

'The' is used
(i) When we speak of a particular person or thing or one already refused to
நாம் ஒரு குறிப்பிட்ட நபரையோ (அ) பொருஸையோ பற்றி பேசும் போது குறிப்பிட்ட ஒரு நபரை மீண்டிம் குறிப்பிட
Ex : I saw a man today. The man was blind.
நான் ஒரு மனிதணை இன்று சந்தித்தேன். அந்த மனிதர் பார்வையற்றவர்.
(ii) Before the names of things which are unique of their land.
உலகத்தில் உள்ள ஒரே ஒரு பொருளை குறிப்பிட The Sun, the Moon, the Sky, the earth.
(TB Unit 2 - Pg. No.: 40-42)

| முதன் முறறயாக | ஒரு | பெயா்ச்சொல்லை |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| குறிப்பிடும் | பொழுது | 'A' | அல்லது | 'An'ஐ |

$\begin{array}{llll}\text { முதன் முறறயாக } & \text { ஒரு } & \text { பெயர்ச்சொல்லை } \\ \text { குறிப்புடும் பொழுது } & \text { 'A' அல்லது } & \text { 'An'ஐ }\end{array}$ பயண்படுத்த வேண்டும். Ex : I saw a man.

Articles - சுட்டிடைச் சொற்கள்


Articles பொதுவாக இருவகைப்படும். அவை

1. Indefinite Articles - A, An
2. Definite Articles - The
A - ஒரு "An - ஓர் "The - அந்த

## Rules :

1. 'A' and 'An' are used before singular countable nouns.
ஒருமை மற்றும் எண்ணக்கூடிய பொருளுக்கு முன்னால் மட்டும்.
Ex : a pencil box, an orange
2. ' A ' is used before consonant sound.

மெய்யொலிக்கு முன்னால் 'A' பயன்படுத்த வேண்டும்.
Ex : a doctor, a nurse, a university a useful.
குறிப்பு : இங்கு university, useful ஆகியவை உயிரெழுத்துக்களால்

இருந்தாலும்
மெய்யொலியைக் கொண்டவை.
3. 'an' should be used before vowel sounds.

உயிரொலிக்கு முன்னால் பயன்படுத்தப்பட வேண்டிம்.
Ex : an apple, an umbrella, an orange.
Exemption : an hour, an honest, an honourable.
இங்கு ' $h$ ' silent letter. அதற்கு உச்சாிப்பு கிடையாது.
Abbreviations-க்கு முன்னால் 'An' பயன்படுத்தப்பட வேண்டும்.
Ex : An M.L.A., An M.P., An M.A., An M.Sc., An M.Com., and IAS Officer, an ECG, an IP, an OPC country an KP, an SSLC, an X-ray
4. ' $A$ ' and 'an' can be used for the first time to introduce a person or thing.
(iii) before the names of ocean, seas, mountains, rivers, groups, islands and certain places.
பெருங்கடல்கள்/ கடல்கள்/ மலைகள்/ ஆறுகள்/ தீவுகள் மற்றும் சில இடங்கள்.

The Indian Ocean, the Arabian Sea, the Himalayas,

The Ganges, The Andaman Nicobar Islands, the Pacific Ocean.
(iv) before the names of certain books.

குறிப்பிட்ட புத்தகங்களின் தலைப்பிற்கு முன்னால்
The Ramayana, The Mahabaratha, The Kuran, The Bible, The Iliad, The Odyessey
(v) before superlatives (Superlatives-க்கு முன்னால்) Latha is the tallest girl in the class.
(vi) before musical instruments in general sense.

இசைக் கருவிகளின் பெயா்களுக்கு முன்னால் I play the Violin.
(vii) Before Adjectives used as noun.

பெயர் உாிச்சொற்கள் பெயா் சொல்லாக பயன்படுத்துவதற்கு முன்னால்.
The rich can afford luxuries.
The rich = The rich people.
(viii) before the names of newspapers, political parties and great events.
செய்தித்தாள்கள்/ கட்சிப் பெயர்கள்/ சிறப்பு நிகழ்வுகளுக்கு முன்னால்.
The Hindu, The New Indian Express
(ix) before a proper noun when it is qualified by an adjective.
The Great Akbar
ஒரு குறிப்பிட்ட பெயா் சொல்லுக்கு முன்னால் அதன் அடைமொழியுடன் தர சிறப்புப் பெயருடன்.
(x) before collective nouns - சுட்டிப் பெயா்்் சொற்களுக்கு முன்னால்
The army, the mob, the bunch
(xi) With ordinals (முதலாவது / இரண்டாவது)

She is the first to leave the place.
(xii) before singular nouns to represent a whole class.

ஒருமைப் பெயர்ச் சொல்லுக்கு முன்னால் அதன்
இனத்தையே குறிப்பிடிம் போது.
The cow is a domestic animal.
இங்கு பொதுவாக பசு இனத்றையே குறிக்கிறது.
(xiii) as an adverb with comparative.

பெயர் உாிச்சொல்லாக (ஒப்புமையில்) பயன்படும் போது
The more you work, the more you earn.
OMISSION OF ARTICLE : (Article வரக்சூடாத இடங்கள்)
i) Before a common noun.

பொதுப் பெயர் சொல்லுக்கு (குறிப்பிட்ட) முன்னால் Article வராது.
Ex : Man is immoral.
What kind of flower is it?
ii) Before the names of materials or uncountable noun. (உலோகத்திற்கு முன்னால் மற்றும் எண்ண முடியாத பெயா் சொற்களுக்கு முன்னால்)
Ex : Gold is a precious metal.
Cotton grows in India.
iii) Before proper noun - குறிப்பிட்ட

பெயர்ச்சொல்லுக்கு முன்னால்

1. Trichy is a clean city.
2. Paris is the capital of France.
3. Rajaji was a man of wisdom.
iv) Before abstract nouns in general case abstract பெயா்ச்சொற்களுக்கு முன்னால்
4. Wisdom is a gift from God.
5. Honesty is the best policy.
v) Before languages - மொழிகளுக்கு முன்னால் வராது.
6. We are learning English.
7. I know Hindi very well.
vi) Before titles used in apposition - பட்டப் பெயா்களுக்கு, தர சிறப்புப் பெயர்களுக்கு முன்னால்
8. Elizabeth, Queen of England
9. Ramnath Govind
vii) Before School, College, Children bed, table, hospital, market, prison.
When the above places are visited or used for their primary purpose.
10. I went to school yesterday.

At the same time 'The' is used with then words when the refer to them at a definite place, building or object rather than to the normal activity that goes on there.
பொதுவாக பள்ளி/கல்லூாி/ மருத்துவமணை போன்ற இடங்களுக்கு குறிப்பிட்ட நோக்கத்திற்காக செல்லும் போது 'The' வராது. அதுவே நாம் வழக்கமாக செல்லும் இடமாக இல்லையெண்றால் 'The' வரும்.
Ex : I go to School. (நான் ஒரு மாணவன்)
My father goes to the school. (இங்கு எனது அப்பா எண்ணை சந்திக்க பள்ளிக்கு போகிறார்) My Mother goes to School. (இங்கு என் தாய் ஓர் ஆசிாியர்)
iii) In certain phrases - குறிப்பிட்ட

சொற்றொடர்களுக்கு முன்னால்
Eg : to leave home, to give ear, by flight, on foot, at dinner, at day break etc.

## TEXT BOOK EXERCISE

## Articles

## Fill in the blanks with suitable articles

1. I think this is the house we saw online. What do you think of the location?
2. It is in the nice neighbourhood. And it's close to the railway station.
3. There are three rooms, $\mathbf{a}$ kitchen and $\mathbf{a}$ balcony.
4. There is a lawn behind the house, right?
5. That's right the lawn is actually quite large, Did you see any photos of the living room, on time?
6. the living room looks great. It looks bright and airy. It has_a nice view of the hills.
7. But the kitchen looks_a little small.
8. And, I remember you said there isn't a store room, right? No, but there is an attic, where we can store things.
9. I hope this house is ___ better option. Lets wait for the real estate agent.

## Answers:

## Exercises

Few articles are missing in the passage. Edit the passage given below by adding suitable articles where ever necessary. (Pg 42)
My neighbourhood is a very interesting place. My house is located in an apartment building downtown near the many stores and offices. There is a small supermarket across the street, where my family likes to go shopping. There is also $\underline{\mathbf{a}}$ post office and $\underline{\mathbf{a}}$ bank near our home. In our neighbourhood there is a small, Green Park where my friends and I like to play on the weekends and holidays. There us a small pond near the park and there are many ducks in the park. We always have a great time. In addition there is an elementary school close to our home where my little brother studies in the third grade. There are so many things to see and do in my neighbourhood. that's why I like it. It's really a great place.

Choose the appropriate articles to complete the sentence

1. Education is $\qquad$ essential thing for life.
a) a
b) the
c) an
2. He holds $\qquad$ M.A. Degree is History.
a) a
b) an
c) the
3. This is not $\qquad$ easiest way to do it.
a) a
b) an
c) the
4. I found $\qquad$ dog in the street.
a) a
b) an
c) the
5. He has got $\qquad$ 12th rank.
a) a
b) an
c) the
6. $\qquad$ cow is a domestic animal.
a) a
b) an
c) the
7. He buys $\qquad$ umbrella.
a) a
b) an
c) the
8. Gandhiji is $\qquad$ father of our nation.
a) a
b) an
c) the
9. He is eating $\qquad$ apple.
a) a
b) an
c) the
10. Karthik is $\qquad$ smartest boy in our class.
a) an
b) the
c) a
11. I have $\qquad$ good idea.
a) a
b) an
c) the
12. That is $\qquad$ interesting job.
a) a
b) an
c) the
13. There is $\qquad$ nice girl in the red car.
a) a
b) an
c) the
14. I always listen to $\qquad$ radio in the morning.
a) a
b) an
c) the
15. Do the Smiths have $\qquad$ yellow van?
a) a
b) an
c) the


ANSWER ANY TWO OF THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS IN ABOUT 30 WORDS EACH
> கொடுக்கப்பட்டுள்ள 4 விбாக்களிலிருந்து ஏதேனும் 3 வினாக்களுக்கு விணடயளிக்கவும்
> இணவ Prose பகுதியிலிருந்து வினாக்கள் கேட்கப்படிம்.


Read the following set of poetic line and answer any four sets.
> கொடுக்கப்பட்டுள்ள 4 வினாக்களிலிருந்து ஏதேனும் 3 வினாக்களுக்கு விடையளிக்கவும்
> இவை Poem பகுதியிலிருந்து வினாக்கள் கேட்கப்படும்.

## SECTION III


(TB Unit 1 - Pg No.: 14-16)
Voice is that form of the verb which shows the relation of the subject of the verb to the action expressed by it. It shows whether the subject of the verb acts or is acted upon, ie whether the doer of an action is the subject or object in a sentence. For example,
Ajit ate a mango. (Subject)
A mango was eaten by Ajit. (Object)

## Kind of Voice

A transitive verb has two voices: active and passive. In active voice the subject names the actor that is, the subject is the performer of the action expressed by the verb. In other words, we can say that the person or thing denoted by the subject does something that is, it is the doer of the action. For example,
Rajesh kills a tiger.
(Here the person denoted by the subject, namely Rajesh, does something to a tiger.)
In passive voice the subject names the object or receiver of the action. In other words, it means that something is done to the person or thing denoted by subject. For example,
A tiger is killed by Rajesh.
(Here the thing denoted by the subject, namely a tiger, suffers something from Rajesh.)
The active voice is used when the doer of the action (that is, agent) is to be made prominent. The passive voice is used when the person or thing acted upon is to be made prominent. The passive voice is generally used when the doer of the action is not known, is not important, or is not to be mentioned.

## To change sentences from active to passive voice, the following points must be taken note of :

| i)The object of the active sentence becomes the <br> subject of the passive sentence. | iv)The past participle of the main verb is preceded by <br> the appropriate form of the verb 'to be' (am, is, <br> are, was, were, be, been, being), keeping in mind <br> the number of the subject and tense of the verb. <br> ii) The subject of the active sentence becomes the <br> object of the passive sentence. <br> v) 'By' precedes the agent of the passive voice, if it <br> is necessary. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

Since the active object has to become the passive subject in the passive voice, intransitive verbs are always in the active voice. It is only transitive verbs that can be put into the passive voice.

It is to be noted that it does not change the basic meaning of a sentence, so it is a kind of transformation that alters the grammatical functions of the constituents.

Tense and mood too are the indicators of verbforms but they do not change the functions of subject and object nor do they affect word order in a sentence, therefore voice is different from tense and mood.

Note: We can, use another word in place of 'by'specially when the verbs express 'states' rather than 'actions' done by the agent. For example,

| Active | Passive |
| :--- | :--- |
| The result surprised me. | I was surprised at the result. |
| The news shocked me. | I was shocked at the news. |
| His manners pleased me. | I was pleased with his manners. |



## Active and Passive Structures

Look at the sentences given below:
(1) They built this house in 1980. (active)

This house was built in 1980. (passive)
(2) Indians speak Hindi. (active)

Hindi is spoken by Indians. (passive)
(3) A friend of hoursis repairing the roof. (active)

The roof is being repaired by a friend of hours. (passive)
(4) This book will change your life. (active)

Your life will be changed by this book. (passive)
When A does something to B , there are often two ways to talk about it. If we want A (the doer) to be the subject, we use an active verb: built, speak, is repairing, will change. If we want B (the receiver of the action) tobe the subject, we use: was built, is spoken, is beingrepaired, will be changed.

## OBJECT

Active : They built
this house
in 1980.

Passive : This house was built in 1980.


## SUBJECT

The object of an active verb corresponds to the subject of a passive verb.
In most cases, the subject of an active verb is not expressed in the corresponding passive sentence. If it does have to be expressed, this usually happens in an expression with 'by'; the noun is called the 'agent. For example,

This house was built in 1980 by my father.
In a passive clause, we usually use 'by' to introduce the agent - the person or thing that does the action, or that causes what happens. (Note, however, that agents are mentioned in only about 20 per cent of passive clauses.) For example,

All the trouble was caused by your mother.
These carpets are made by children who work twelve hours a day.
The passive of an active tense is formed by putting the verb 'to be' into the same tense as the active verb and adding the past participle $\left(\mathbf{V}_{\mathbf{3}}\right)$ of the active verb. You would do well to look at the table of active tenses and their passive equivalents.

| Tense / Verb form | Active Voice | Passive Voice |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Present simple | keep / keeps | $\mathrm{am} / \mathrm{is} /$ are kept |
| Present continuous | am / is / are / keeping | $\mathrm{am} / \mathrm{is} / \mathrm{are}$ being kept |
| Present perfect | have kept | been kept |
| Past simple | kept | was / were kept |
| Past perfect | had kept | had been kept |
| Past continuous | was / were keeping | was / were being kept |
| Future simple | will keep | will be kept |
| Future perfect | will have kept | will have been kept |
| Modal verb | may keep | may be kept |

These carpets are made by children who work twelve hours a day.

The passive of an active tense is formed by putting the verb 'to be' into the same tense as the active verb and adding the past participle $\left(\mathbf{V}_{\mathbf{3}}\right)$ of the active verb. You would do well to look at the table of active tenses and their passive equivalents.

Note: Future Continuous (progressive) passives (will be being + past participle) and perfect progressive passives (has been being + past participle) are unusual.

## Confusing Forms

Students often confuse active and passive verb forms in English. Typical mistakes are given below:
I was very interesting in the lesson. (Incorrect) I was very interested in the lesson. (Correct)
2. We were questioning by the immigration officer. (Incorrect)

We were questioned by the immigration officer. (Ccorrect)
She has put in prison for life. (Incorrect) She has been put in prison for life. (Correct)
Mistakes like these are not surprising, because
(a) 'Be' is used to make both passive verb forms and active progressive tenses.
(b) Past participles are used to make both passive verb forms and active perfect tenses. Now compare the following:

He was calling. (Active - past progressive)
He was called. (Passive - past simple)
He has called. (Active - present perfect)
We have different rules for conversion of the verb of aqtiy e sentences into passive form. Here they are:

## Rule 1

Present Indefinite
TenseSubject+am/is/are+ $\mathbf{V}_{3}+$ by/Preposition+Obj
ect
For example,

| Active | Passive |
| :--- | :--- |
| I sip tea. | Tea is sipped by me. |
| I help the poor. | The poor are helped by me. |
| He helps me. | I am helped by him. |

## Rule 2

## Present Continuous Tense

Subject+am/is/are+being+V ${ }_{3}+b y+O b j e c t$
For examples,

| Active | Passive |
| :--- | :--- |
| I am eating a mango. | A mango is being eaten <br> by me. |
| He is singing a song. | A song is being sung by <br> him. |
| He is teaching me. | I am being taught by him. |
| He is abusing them. | They are being abused by <br> him. |

## Rule 3

## Present Perfect Tense

Subject+has/have+been+V $\mathbf{V}_{3}+$ by + Object
For example,

| Active | Passive |
| :--- | :--- |
| He has done this work. | This work has been <br> done by him. |
| She has helped them. | They have been helped <br> by her. |

## Rule 4

## Past Indefinite Tense

Subject+was/were $+V_{3}+$ Object
For example,

| Active | Passive |
| :--- | :--- |
| He wrote an essay. | An essay was written by <br> him. |
| He wrote several <br> novels. | Several novels were <br> written by him. |

## Rule 5

Past Continuous Tense
Subject+was/were+being+V $\mathbf{3}^{\mathbf{3}}+\mathrm{by}+$ Object

For example,

| Active | Passive |
| :--- | :--- |
| He was writing an <br> application | An application was <br> being written by him. |
| They were singing <br> folksongs. | Folk songs were being <br> sung by them. |

## Rule 6

## Past Perfect Tense

Subject+had been+V3+by+Object
For example,

| Active | Passive |
| :--- | :--- |
| I had purchased a <br> scooter. | A scooter had been <br> purchased by me. |
| They had invited me. | I had been invited by <br> them. |

## Rule 7

Future Indefinite Tense
Subject+shall/will+be+V3+by+Object
For example,

| Active | Passive |
| :--- | :--- |
| I shall help Ravi. | Ravi will be helped by <br> me. |
| He will feed me. | I shall be fed by him. |

## Rule 8

Future Perfect Tense
Subject+shall/will+have een+V3+by+Object
For example,

| Active | Passive |
| :---: | :--- |
| He can teach you. | You can be taught (by <br> him) |

## GOVT EXAM QUESTIONS

## Rewrite the following sentence to the other voice.

1. I noticed a sudden change in Aditya's face.(PTA 1)

Ans: A sudden change was noticed by me in Aditya's face.
2. The doctor kindly warned me.
(PTA 2)
Ans: I was kindly warned by the doctor.

| She may win the <br> match. | The match may be won (by <br> her). |
| :--- | :--- |
| He could fry fish. | Fish could be fried (by <br> him). |
| I must help her. | She must be helped (by <br> me) |
| I should please her. | She should be pleased (by <br> me). |
| I shall have helped <br> him. | He will have been helped <br> by me. |
| He will have taught <br> me. | I shall have been taught by <br> him. |

## Rule 9

Verb 'to have'
Subject+has/have/had+to be+V3+by+Object For example,

| Active | Passive |
| :--- | :--- |
| You have to teach him. | He has to be taught by <br> you. |
| He has to feed the <br> beggars. | The beggars have to be <br> fed by him. |
| She had to help me. | I had to be helped by <br> her. |

## Rule 10

Sentences having may/can/could/should/must/
Subject+may/can/could+be+V3+by+Object+Verb

| Active | Passive |
| :--- | :--- |
| I shall help Ravi. | Ravi will be helped by me. |
| He will feed me. | I shall be fed by him. |

3. M. Hamel mounted his chair.
(PTA 3)
Ans: His chair was mounted by M. Hamel.
4. They have asked me to pay the fine.
(PTA 4)
Ans: I have been asked to pay the fine by them.
5. You are making a cake now.
(PTA 5)
Ans: A cake is being made by you now.
6. Please assemble in the ground.
(MDL-19)
Ans: You are requested to assemble in the ground.
7. Why have you left your brother at home? (PTA-6)

Ans: Why has your brother been left at home by you?
8. Rosy will slove the problem.
(MAY-2022)
Ans: The problem will be solved by Rosy.
9. When will you finish the building?
(SEP-2021)
Ans: When will the building be finished by you?
10. You are advised not to be careless.
(SEP-2020)
Ans: Don't be careless.
11. Mala will write a letter
(MDL-2023)
(AUG-2022)
Ans : A letter will be written by Mala.
12. That portrait was painted by my grandmother
(APRIL-23)
Ans: My grandmother painted that portrait
13. Our army has defeated the enemy.
(JUNE-2023)
Ans : The enemy has been defeacted by our army
14. Have you invited Raman to the party? (MAR-24)

Ans :Has Raman been invited by you to the party?

## TEXT BOOK EXERCISE

## Active voice and Passive voice

## Change the following sentences to the other voice:

1. The Manager appointed many office assistants.

Ans: Many office assistants were appointed by the manager.
(TB)
2. You are making a cake now.
(TB)
Ans: A cake is being made by you now.
3. That portrait was painted by my grandmother. (TB) Ans: My grandmother painted that portrait.
4. Malini had bought a colourful hat for her daughter.

Ans: A colourful hat had been bought by Malini for her daughter.
(TB)
5. They have asked me to pay the fine.
(TB)
6. The militants were being taken to prison by the police.
(TB)
Ans: The Police were taking the militants to the prison.
7. His behaviour rexes me.

Ans: I am vexed by his behaviour.
8. Rosy will solve the problem.

Ans: The problem will be solved by Rosy.
9. Our army has defeated the enemy.
(TB)
Ans: The enemy has been defeated by our army.
10. The salesman answered all the questions patiently.

Ans: All the questions were answered by the salesman patiently
(TB)
6. Why have you left your brother at home? (TB) Ans: Why has your brother been left at home by you?
7. Nobody should violate the rules.
(TB)
Ans: The rules should not be violated.
8. Someone has to initiate it immediately.
(TB)
Ans: It has to be initiated immediately.
9. Have you invited Raman to the party?
(TB)
Ans: Has Raman been invited to the party by you?
10. Please do not walk on the grass.
(TB)
Ans: You are advised not to walk on the grass.
11. Cross the busy roads carefully.
(TB)
Ans: You are advised to cross the roads carefully.
12. When will you book the tickets to Bengaluru? (TB) Ans: When will the tickets be booked to Bengaluru?

1. Direct Speech - நேர்சூற்று
2. Indirect Speech - அயற்கூற்று
3. Direct Speech : It is the actual words of the speaker.

பேசுபவா் கூறிய வார்த்தைகளை அப்படியே மாற்றாமல் சூறுவது நேர்சூற்று ஆகும்.
2. Indirect Speech : It is just like a report of what the speaker said.

பேசுபவர் சூறியய வார்த்ணதகணை நாம் அறிக்ககையாக சூறினால் அது அயற்சூறூற்று ஆகும்
The teacher said that the sun rises in the east.
Note : No inverted commas for Indirect speech.
குறிப்பு : அயற்சூற்று வாக்கியத்தில் "" " வராது.

## Change of Pronouns

Rule 1 :
The first person pronouns in the statements, questions, commands and exclamations refer to the first (pro) noun before the introductory verb (say, tell etc.) In short, the first person pronouns refer to the first (pro) noun.

## Rule 2 :

The second person pronouns in the statements, questions, etc. refer to the (pro) noun after the introductory verb. In short, second person pronouns refer to the second (pro) noun.

## Rule 3 :

Sometimes the first person plural pronouns may refer to both the pronouns before and after the introductory verb (eg. Peter said to Jane, "We are happy")
In Tamil the use of direct speech is more common. So the learner should a void indirect speech in conversation.
என்று / என = that; சொல் / சூறறு = say / tell; கேள் / வினவு = ask

## THE FOUR KINDS OF SENTENCES:

1. declarative sentences. (சாதாரண வாக்கியம்)
2. interrogative sentences. (வினா வாக்கியம்)

## SIX RULES FOR CHANGING DIRECT SPEECH INTO INDIRECT SPPECH:

1. COMMAS AND QUOTATION MUST BE CHANGED குறியீடுகளை நீக்குவது EX :

He said," I am very happy now".
He said I am very happy now.
2. REPORTING VERB MUST BE CHANGED நேர்சூ-ற்று விணைசொற்களை மாற்றுவது
3. exclamatory sentences.(வியப்பு வாக்கியம்)
4. imperative sentences. (கட்டளை வாக்கியம்)

EX :
He said," I am very happy now".
He told I am very happy now.
3. CHANGE IN PRONOUN பிரதிபெயர் சொற்களை மாற்றுவது.
EX :
He said," I am very happy now".
He told he am very happy now.
4. CHANGES OF A TENSE FORMS விணைசொல்லின் காலமாற்றம்
EX :
He said," I am very happy now".
He told that he was very happy now.

## 5. SUITABLE COUNJUNCTIONS தகுந்த இணைப்பு சொற்களை பயன்படுத்துவது

## EX :

He said," I am very happy now".
He told that he was very happy then.
6. CHANGE IN TIME ADVERBIALS கால விணை உாிமாற்றங்கள்.

He said," I am very happy now". He told that he was very happy then.

SUBJECT CHANGES WHEN DIRECT SPEECH IS CHANGED INTO INDIRECT SPEECH :

| I | - HE , SHE | WE | - THEY |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| ME | HIM , HER | US | - THEM |
| MY | HIS , HER | OUR | - THEIR |
| MINE - HIS(1), HERS | OURS | - THEIRS |  |
| MYSELE - HIMSELF, HERSELF | OURSELVES - THEMSELVES |  |  |

## LISTEN:

| I | - நான் |  | - அவணையே, இவணையே, அவனே, இவனே |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| HE | - அவன் | HERSELF | - அவளையே, இவளையே, அவளே, இவளே |
| SHE | - அவள் | WE | நாம் |
| ME | - எனக்கு, என்ணை | THEY | - அவா்கள், அவைகள், இவா்கள், இவைகள் |
| HIM | - அவனுக்கு, அவனை, இவனுக்கு, இவணை | US | - எங்களுக்கு, எங்களள, நமக்கு, நம்மை |
| HER | - அவளுக்கு அவளை, இவளுக்கு, இவளை | THEM | - அவர்களுக்கு, அவைகளுக்கு, இவா்களுக்கு, இவைகளுக்கு |
| MY | - என்னுடைய | OUR | - எங்களுடைய, நம்முடைய |
| HIS | - அவனுடைய, இவனுடைய | THEIR | - அவा்களுடைய, அவைகளுடைய, இவர்களுடைய, இவைகளுடைய |
| HER | - அவளுடைய, இவளூடைய | OURS | - எங்களுடையது, நம்முடையது |
| MINE | என்னுடையது | THEIRS | - அவா்களுடையது, அவைகளுடையது, இவா்களுடையது, இவைகளுடையது |
| HIS(1) | - அவனுடையது, இவனுடையது | OURSELVES | - எங்களையே, நம்மையே, நாங்களே |
| HERS | - அவளுமையது, இவளுணையது | THEMSELVES | - அவர்களையே, அவைகளையே, இவர்களையே, இவைகளையே, அவா்களே, அவைகளே, இவா்களே, இவைகளே |
| MYSELF | - என்ணையே, நானே |  |  |

SOME WORDS ARE CHANGED WHEN DIRECT SPEECH IS CHANGED INTO INDIRECT SPEECH:

| THIS - THAT | இது, இந்த - அது, அந்த |
| :--- | :--- |
| THESE - THOSE | இゅைகள் - அணைகள் |
| HERE - THERE | இங்கே - அங்கே |


| NOW - THEN | இப்பொழுது - அப்பொழுது |
| :---: | :---: |
| THUS - SO | இப்படியாக - அப்படியாக |
| AGO - BEFORE | முன்பு - முன்பாக |
| HENCE - THENCE | இதிலிருந்து - அதிலிருந்து |
| TODAY - THATDAY | இன்று - அன்று |
| TONIGHT -THATNIGHT | இன்றிரவு - அன்றிரவு |
| HEREAFTER - THEREAFTER | இதன்பிறகு - அதன்பிறகு |
| TOMORROW - THE NEXT DAY / THE FOLLOWING DAY | நாளை - அடுத்தநாள் |
| YESTERDAY - THE DAY BEFORE /THE PREVIOUS DAY | நேற்று - முந்றையநநாள் |
| LAST NIGHT - THE NIGHT BEFORE /THE PREVIOUS NIGHT | கடந்த இரவு - முந்றைய இரவு |
| LAST WEEK - THE WEEK BEFORE /THE PREVIOUS WEEK | கடந்த வாரம் - முந்தைய வாரம் |
| NEXT WEEK - THE WEEK AFTER / THE FOLLOWING WEEK | அடுத்த வாரம் - அடுத்த வாரம் |
| NEXT MONTH - THE MONTH AFTER /THE FOLLOWING MONTH | அடுத்த மாதம் - அடித்த மாதம் |
| NEXT YEAR - THE YEAR AFTER /THE FOLLOWING YEAR | அடுத்த வருடம் - அடுத்த வருடம் |
| DAY AFTER TOMORROW - DAY AFTER NEXT DAY | நாணளய மறு\|நாள் - அடுத்த நாளுக்கு பிந்ணதய நாள் |
| DAY BEFORE YESTERDAY - DAY BEFORE THE PREVIOUS DAY | நேற்று முன்தினம் - முந்றைய நாளுக்கு முந்தைய நாள் |

## GOVT EXAM QUESTIONS

Rewrite the following sentences using indirect speech.

1. "How did he get it?", he asked.
(PTA 1)
Ans: He asked how he had got it.
2. He said, "I am glad they are strong". (PTA 2)

Ans: He said that he was glad they were strong
3. "Let not thne eyes be blinded, my son", she sad.

Ans: She asked her son not to let his eyes be blinded.
(PTA 3)
4. "Where are we going, sir?" asked the aerocoachman.
(MDL-19)
Ans: The aero-coachman asked the gentleman where they were going.
5. Srivatsav said, "I have been wainting for my friend in the park since 6 a.m."
(PTA-5)
Ans: Srivatsav said that he had been waiting for his friend in the park since 6 a.m.
6. Mohan: I lost my wallet on the way (PTA-6) Sathya: Did you have any money?
Ans: Mohan told Sathya that he had lost his wallet on the way then. Sathya asked him if he had had any money.
7. Somu said, "It's his favourite pet".
(MAY-2022)
Ans: Somu said that it was his favourite pet.
8. Maya said, "when is Zigzag coming here?"
(MDL-2023) (SEP-2022)
Ans: Maya asked when Zigzag was coming there.
9. Balu said, "Asia is the largest continent?"
(SEP-2021)
Ans: Balu said that Asia is the largest continent.
10. Guna said, "This is my watch"
(AUG-2022)
Ans: Guna said that that was his watch.
11. She asked "When will you call me?" (APRIL-23)

Ans: She asked when She/he would call her.
12."The Captain said to the soldiers, "March fast".

Ans: The Captain commanded the soldiers to march fast.
(JUNE-2023)
13. He said, "I have bought five apples from the shop" Ans : He said that he had bought five apples from the shop.
(MAR-24)
14. He said, "Learn good habits".

Ans : He advised me to learn good habits.
15. Banu said, "Do not spoil the eco - system".

Ans: Banu advised not to spoil the eco System.
16. Pranav said, "Have you booked the tickets to Delhi?

Ans : Pranav asked if I had booked the tickets to Delhi.
17. Rekha said to Tilak, "When are we leaving to our native?"

Ans : Rekha asked Tilah when they would be leaving to their native.
18. Sujith said, "Ryan, you should get up early in the morning (TB)

Ans : Sujith told Ryan that he should get up early in the morning.
19. Vivaan said to his mother, "Can you, please, buy me a hot - chocolate?

Ans : Vivaan asked his mother if she could buy him a hot - chocolate.
20. Tomorrow I have to take a test in English", said Sudar.

Ans : Sudar said that he had to take a test in English the next day.
21. Pragathi said to her sister, "I need your help to arrange the books in the shelf"

Ans : Pragathi told her sister that she needed her help to arrange the books in the shelf.
22. Why don't you use crayons for colouring?" said Dhilip to his son.
Ans : Dhilip asked his son why he didn't use crayons for colouring.

## REPORT THE DIALOGUES

## 1. Adhira : Hi Yazhini! How are you?

Yazhini : I am fine. Congrats. I heard that you have scored very good marks in the SSLC examination. What is the group that you have chosen?
Ans: Adhira greeted Yazhini and asked how she was. Yazhini replied that she was fine and congratulated her by adding that she had heard that she had scored very good marks in the SSLC examination. Yazhini asked Adhira what the group she had chosen was.

$$
\begin{aligned}
\text { 2. Adhira }: & \text { Thank you. I have chosen the arts } \\
& \text { group. } \\
\text { Yazhini }: & \text { Good. Tell me about your future } \\
& \text { plan. }
\end{aligned}
$$

Ans: Adhira thanked Yazhini and told her that she had chosen the arts group. Yazhini appreciated it and asked her to tell her about her future plan.
3. Adhira
: I have already made up my mind to pursue law.

Yazhini : Is there any specific reason?
Ans: Adhira told Yazhini that she had already made up her mind to pursue law. Yazhini asked her if there was any specific reason.
$\left.\begin{array}{ccl}\hline \text { 4. Adhira }: & \text { Yes. I would like to start my own law } \\ & \text { firm and defend the innocent. }\end{array}\right\}$

Ans: Adhira replied positively and said that she would like to start her own law firm and defend the innocent. Yazhini asked her if she knew it called for a lot of tolerance and hard work.

| 5. Adhira $:$ | Yes I know that it is not going to be |
| ---: | :--- |
|  | easy but I like challenge. |
| Yazhini $:$ | Go a head! Study well! You will |
|  | succeed. |

## Adhira : Thank you so much.

Ans: Adhira accepted and added that she knew that it was not going to be easy but she liked challenges. Yazhini cheered her up to go ahead and study well and said that she would succeed. Adhira thanked her.

| 6. Prabhu $:$ | What are you doing here, Kiran? I |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
|  | haven't seen you for a few months. |
| Kiran $:$ | I have just come back from my native |
|  | town Virudhunagar. |

Ans: Prabhu asked Kiran what he was doing there and added that he hadn't seen him for a few months. Kiran replied that he had just come back from his native town Virudhunagar.

| 7. Prabhu | $:$ | Did you enjoy your vacation? |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Kiran | $:$ | Yes. I love the place. It is clean and |
|  |  | busy town. |

Ans: Prabhu asked Kiran whether he had enjoyed his vacation. Kiran replied positively and said that he loved the place and it was a clean and busy town.

| 8. Prabhu $:$ | Where did you go and what did you |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
|  | see? |
| Kiran $:$ | I went to Courtallam falls in |
|  | Tenkaski. |

Ans: Prabhu asked Kiran where he had gone and what he had seen. Kiran said that he had gone to courtallam falls in Tenkasi.

| 9. | Prabhu | $:$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Kiran | Share some pictures of your trip. |  |
|  | Sure. See you later. |  |

Ans: Prabhu asked Kiran to share some pictures of his trip. Kiran promised so and departed.

| 10. Taj | $:$ Where are you going now? |
| :---: | :--- |
| Harsha | $:$I am going to the library. Are you <br> $\quad$coming with me? |

Ans: Taj asked Harsha where he was going then. Harsha replied that he/she was going to the library and asked him if he was coming with him/her.


## Usage of punctuation Marks

| Full stop (.) | a. at the end of sentence. ஒரு வாக்கியத்தின் முடிவினி பபய்்படுத்த வேண்டிம். b. to make abbreviations and Lititials. abbreviations and Initialsஉருவாக்கத்திற்கு பயன்படும் Eg: Birds are flying. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Comma (, ) | To separate words / after a phrase / clause / each item in a list. வார்த்மதகள் பாிப்பதற்காக பயன்படும் <br> Eg: Being ill, he is unhappy (Phrase). <br> When I saw the snake, I ran away. <br> Clause |
| Colon (: ) | To introduce words / after a phrase / clause / each item in a list. ஒரு list-ணை சொல்லுவதற்கு முன்்ர் பயன்படுத்த வேண்்ம்ம். Eg: There are four directions. <br> 1. South <br> 2. North <br> 3. East <br> 4. West |
| Semicolon (; ) | To separate a services of loosely related clauses. வாக்கியங்கணள பிாப்பதற்காக பயன்படும் <br> Eg: The chair is made of plastic; it is nice. |
| Exclamatory mark (!) | After an interjection / Exclamatory sentence: <br> Exclamatory Mark <br> ஆச்சாிய வாக்கியங்களுக்கு பின்னால் பயன்படுத்த வேண்டும். <br> Eg: Oh dear! <br> Alas! He's dead! <br> Hurrah! We have won the match |
| Question Mark (?) | In Question tags at the end of question sentence. கேள்வி வாக்கியங்களுக்கு பின்னர் பயன்படித்த வேண்டி்். Eg: What are you doing? Who are you? |
| Quotation Mark ( " ") | To denote direct speech <br> நேர்மமற வாக்கியங்களில் பயன்படும் To denote the speaker's own words. <br> ஒருவருணைய சொந்த வாக்கியங்கணள குறிப்பிட உதவும். |


|  | Eg: 1) Karthick says, "Do what I say". <br> 2) The Bible says, "Love they neighbour". |
| :--- | :--- |
| Dash ( -- ) | After a part of sentene to explain it. <br> பின்னால் ஏதாவது விளக்குவதற்கு இருந்தால் உதவும் <br> Eg: Abdul Kalam - the former President comes to our school. |
| Capital letter | To begin a sentence. <br> வாக்கியங்கணள தொடங்குவதற்கு உபயோகப்படும். <br> Eg: God is great. <br> I am a student. |
| Apostrophe ( ‘) | Possessive adjective. <br> Eg: I’ve done all my work. <br> Karthick’s father is kind to all. |
| Hyphen ( - ) | In compound words. <br> சூட்டுச்சொற்களில் பயன்படும். <br> Eg: Woman - servant, brother-in-law, mother-in-law |

## GOVT EXAM QUESTIONS

1. Punctuate the following sentences.
(PTA 1)
stand back stand right back he cried
Ans: "Stand back, stand back", he cried.
2. no it's the inhabitants corley replied
(PTA 2)
Ans: "No, It's the inhabitants", Corley replied.
3. I said no I m not don $t$ be silly
(PTA 3)
Ans: "I said, No I'm not, don't be silly".
4. we had ghosts I said (PTA-4) (JUNE-23)

Ans: "We had ghosts", I said.
5. He was near the sea now flying straight over it facing out over the ocean
(PTA 5)
Ans: He was near the sea now, flying straight over it, facing out over the ocean.
6. Wherefore said miranda did they not that hour destroy us
(MDL-19)
Ans: "Wherefore," said Miranda, "did they not that hour destroy us?"
7. be not so amazed daughter Miranda said Prospero. Ans: "Be not so amazed, daughter Miranda", said Prospero.
(PTA-6)
8. O my young gentleman said ariel.
(MAY-2022)
Ans: "O my young gentleman," said Ariel.
9. were you not a good student i asked. (APRIL-23)

Ans: "Were you not a good student?" I asked.
(SEP-2021)
10. the general is a woman yelled the soliders.

Ans: "The General is a woman?" yelled the soliders.
(SEP-2020) (AUG-2022)
11. then bring them here ariel said prospero.(Aug-2022)

Ans: "Then bring them here, Ariel." said Prospero.
12. do you know the symptoms asked smith (MAR-24)

Ans: Do you know the sympoms? asked smith.

## OTHER EXERCISE

1. Thank you shelly the lady said holding her hand out for me to shake for taking care of Sam
Ans: "Thank you!" Shelly, the lady said holding her hand out for me to shake for taking care of Sam.
2. What you told that old beggar all my private affairs cried Hughie looking very red and angry

Ans: "What you told that old beggar about all my private affairs" cried Hughie, looking very red and angry.
3. Ice what happened to you I asked as I knelt down beside him
Ans: "Ice what happened to you?" I asked as I knelt down beside him.
4. smallest of all the willow warbler half the size of a sparrow covers as many as 3200 km to reach us every winter
Ans: Smallest of all the willow warbler, half the size of a sparrow covers as many as 3200 km to reach us every winter.
5. You see kumar though they have stayed here for almost half a year and enjoyed our climate and the food available they knew that their home is in the arctic
Ans: You see Kumar though they have stayed here for almost half an year and enjoyed our climate and the food available. They knew that their home is in the arctic.
6. the old man said alas ive lost my health

Ans: The old man said "Alas! I've lost my health".
7. we are facing an unsustainable situation says dinesh

Ans: "We are facing an unsustainable situation", says Dinesh.
8. rita shouted come and get me out

Ans: Rit shouted, "Come and get me out."
9. we wake up every morning fighting over water says kamal bhate
Ans: "We wake up every morning fighting over water," says Kamal Bhate.
10. oh for this I get two thousand pound

Ans: "Oh! For this I get two thousand pounds."
11. what will he think of me said my friend

Ans: "What will he think of me?" said my friend.
12. have I been here for five hours

Ans: "Have I been here for five hours?"
13. mother said to her son don't play with fire

Ans: Mother said to her son. "Don't play with fire."
14. ill never see her again she thought

Ans: "I'll never see her again", she thought.
15. father said to his son don't be worried

Ans: Father said to his son. "Don't be worried."

## Q.NO SIMPLE, COMPOUND, COMPLEX 2 <br> 26 ศள゙ய,ఙூ亡்ட,கయவை <br> வாக்கீயท்கள் <br> MARKS

(TB Unit 7 - Pg No.: 200, 201)

## Note :

1. 'உம் சூட' is added for emphasis as given above.
2. The same example sentences given for 'after', 'before', 'though', 'when' etc Can be used with 'even after', 'even before', 'even though', 'even when' ect.

## What is Simple sentence?

A simple sentence has only one main clause with or without Phrase.
Ex: On seeing a snake, I killed it. (with phrase)
Phrase Main clause
I killed a snake. (without phrase)
Main clause

தனி வாக்கியம் என்றால் என்ன?
தனி வாக்கியம் என்பது ஒரே ஒரு பிரதான clause (main)ஐ பெற்றிருக்கும் சொற்றொடர் (phrase) இருக்கலாம் அல்லது இல்லாமலும் இருக்கலாம்.

## What is a compound sentence?

A compound sentence should have two main clauses or more than that but no subordinate clause joined by sub ordinatie conjunction.

Ex: | I saw a snake | and $\underline{\text { I killed it. }}$ | $\underline{\text { I don't feel well so I consulted a doctor }}$. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Main clause | Main clause | Main clause |
| Main clause |  |  |

சூட்டு வாக்கியம் என்றால் என்ன?
கூட்டு வாக்கியம் என்பது இரு பிரதான clause-ஐ அல்லது அதற்கு மேற்பட்ட main clause
பெற்றிருக்கும். இதற்கு sub ordinate clause கிடையாது. இவ்வாறு வாக்கியங்களுக்கு இணைவுச் சொல்லாக Co-ordinate conjunction வரும்.

What is a complex sentence?
A complex sentence has only one main clause and one or more sub ordinate clauses. It is joined by sub-ordinate conjunction.
Ex : Though he is ill, he attends the class.
As there is bandh, all the shops are closed.
கலவை வாக்கியம் என்றால் என்ன?
கலவை வாக்கியம் எண்பது ஒரே ஒரு main clause ஒன்றுு அல்லது அதற்கு மேற்பட்ட sub ordinate clause ம் கொண்டதாக இருக்கும். இது subordinate conjunction ஐ பெற்றிருக்கும்.

Now let us see how these types of sentences can be transformed.
நாம் இப்போது இவ்வகை வாக்கியங்களை எவ்வாறு மாற்றலாம் என்பதை பாா்ப்போம்.

| S.No. | Complex | Compound | Simple |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1. | Though / Although / Even <br> though | But / yet / still | In spite of / Despite + V + ing (or) <br> Inspite of (Despite + possessive Adj |
| 2. | As / Since / Because | and so | V + ing / Due to / on account of / owing <br> to / Because of |
| 3. | If | and | In case of + V + ing |
| 4. | Unless | or / otherwise | In case of + not + V + ing |
| 5. | After (sub + perfect tense) | and then | After + V + ing / Having + PP |
| 6. | When | and | On + V + ing |
| 7. | As soon as | And at once / and <br> immediately | On + V + ing |
| 8. | Before | And before that | Before + V + ing |
| 9. | Till / until | And till then | Till + V + ing |
| 10. | So $\ldots .$. that $\ldots$. Not | Very $\ldots .$. and so | too $\ldots .$. to |
| 11. | That | and | of / to |

## GOVT EXAM QUESTIONS

1. Transform the following sentence into a simple sentence.
(PTA 1)
He is sick but he attends the rehearsal. (into Simple) Answer: Inspite of his sickness, he attends the rehearsal./Inspite of being sick, he attends the rehearsal./Deposite his sickness, he attends the rehearsal.
2. Transform the following sentence into a compound sentence.
(PTA 2)
If Ryan reads more, he will become proficient in the language. (into compound)
Answer: Ryan must read more then only he will become proficient in the language.
3. Transform the following sentence into a complex sentence.
(PTA 3)
Neela followed my suggestions. (into complex)
Answer: Neela followed what I suggested.
4. Transform the following sentence as directed.

The students were intelligent. They could answer the questions correctly. (combine it into complex sentence)
(PTA 5)
Answer: As the students were intelligent, they could answer the questions correctly.
5. I saw a tiger. It was wounded. (into Simple) Answer: I saw a wounded tiger. (May-2022)
6. On seeing the teacher the children stood up. (into compound)
(SEP-2021)
Answer: The children saw the teacher and at once they stood up.
7. Ramesh changed his dress and went out to play. (into simple)
(MDL-2023) (SEP-2020)
Answer: Changing his dress, Ramesh went out to play.

## TEXT BOOK EXERCISES

A. Transform the following sentences as instructed.

1. On seeing the teacher, the children stood up. (into Complex)
2. As Catherin is a voracious reader, Catherin buys a lot of books. (into simple)
(MDL-19)
Answer: Being a voracious reader, Catherin buys a lot of books.
3. Combine the sentence using the appropriate connector.
(PTA 4)
Sita saw a snake. At once she ran away.
Answer: As soon as/When Sita saw a snake, she ran away. / Sita saw a snake and at once she ran away. /As/Since Sita saw a snake so/and so she ran away.
4. Walt carefully lest you should fall down. (into complex)
(PTA-6)
Answer: Unless you walk carefully, you will fall down./If you don't walk carefully, you will fall down.
5. Combine the following into oompun a senence.

He reached the station. He missed the train.
Answer : He reached the station but he missed the train.
(AUG-2022)
12. Combine the following sentence into a simple sentence.
(APRIL-23)
Raghav is sick but he attends are rehearsal.
Answer: Despite his sickness, Raghav attends the rehearsal. Inspite of being sick Raghav attends the rehearsal.
13. Combine the following sentence into a compound sentence.
(JUNE-2023)
Radha was ill. She was not hospitalised.
Answer: Radha was ill but/yet/she was not hospitalized.
14. Change the following sentence into a simple sentence.
He followed what I suggested.
Answer: He followed my suggestion.

Ans: As soon as the children saw the teacher, they stood up.
2. At the age of six, Varsha started learning music. (into Complex)
Ans: When varsha was at the age of six, she started learning music.
3. As Varun is a voracious reader, he buys a lot of books.
(into Simple)
Ans: Being a voracious reader, Varun buys a lot of books.
4. Walk carefully lest you will fall down.
(into Complex)
Ans: Unless you walk carefully, you will fall down.
5. Besides being a dancer, she is a singer.
(into Compound)
Ans: She is a dancer and also a singer.
6. He is sick but he attends the rehearsal. (into Simple)

Ans: Inspite of his sickness, he attends the rehearsal.
7. If Meena reads more, she will become proficient in the language.
(into Compound)
Ans: Meena reads more and so she becomes proficient in the language.
8. He confessed that he was guilty. (into Simple)

Ans: He confessed his guilt.
9. The boy could not attend the special classes due to his mother's illness.
(into Compound)
Ans: His mother was ill and so the boy could not attend the special classes.
10. He followed my suggestion. (into Complex)

Ans: He followed what I had suggested.

## B. Combine the pairs of sentences below into simple, complex and compound

1. Radha was ill. She was not hospitalized

Despite her illness, Radha was not hospitalized.
(Simple)
Radha was ill but she was not hospitalized.
(Compound)
Though Radha was ill, she was not hospitalized.
(Complex)
2. The students were intelligent. They could answer the questions correctly.
Being intelligent, the students could answer the questions correctly.
(Simple)
The students were intelligent and so they could answer the questions correctly.
(Compound)
As the students were intelligent, they could answer the questions correctly.
(Complex)

## 3. I must get a visa. I can travel abroad

On getting a visa,I can travel abroad. (Simple)
I must get a visa and I can travel abroad.
(Compound)
If I get a visa, I can travel abroad.
(Complex)
4. I saw a tiger it was wounded.

I saw a wounded tiger.
(Simple)
I saw a tiger and it was wounded.
(Compound)
I saw a tiger which was wounded.
(Complex)
5. There was a bandh. The shops remained closed

Due to bandh, the shops remained closed.(Simple)
There was a bandh and the shops remained closed.
(Compound)
As there was a bandh, the shops remained closed.
(Complex)


## PART III

SECTION-I (PRDSE PARAGRAPH)


Answer the following in a paragraph of about 150 words.
> கொடுக்கப்பட்டிள்ள 4 வினாக்களிலிருந்து ஏதேனும் 2 வினாாவிற்கு விமையளிக்கவும்
> இதற்கு Penguin Prose பகுதியிலுள்ள பத்தி விøா விணடகாள நன்குு படித்து கொள்ளவும்.


Answer the following in a paragraph of about 150 words.
$>$ கொடுக்கப்பட்டுள்ள இரண்டு வினாக்களிலிருந்து ஏதேனும் ஒரு வினாவிற்கு விடையளிக்கவும்
> இதற்கு Penguin Poem பகுதியிலுள்ள பத்தி வினா விடைகளை நன்கு படித்து கொள்ளவும்.


இணை PENGUIN POEM பகுதியயப் பாா்த்து படித்துக் கொள்ளவும்.

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Q.NO } \\ 36 \end{gathered}$ | PARAPHRASE OF A POEM |
| :---: | :---: |

இணத PENGUIN POEM பகுதிணயப் பா்்்த்து படித்துக் கொள்ளவும்.


இணத PENGUIN SUPPLEMENTARY பகுதியயப் பார்த்து படித்துக் கொள்ளவும்.

(TB Unit 1-Pg. No.: 09-10)
இப்பகுதியில் சில தகவல்கள் கொடுக்கப்படும்.அவற்ணறக் கொண்்ு விளம்பரம் தயாாிக்க வேண்டிம். குறிப்புகள்:

1. Rhyming-ல் வரும் மாதிாி கவரக்கூடிய வாக்கியங்கள் அமைய வேண்டிம்.
2. நகைச்சுவையான வாக்கியங்கள் இருக்கலாம்.
3. முதலில் ஒரு சதுர கட்டம் வணைய வேண்டும்.
4. கொடுக்கப்பட்ட தகவல்கள் அனைத்தும் விளம்பரத்தில் இடம் பெற வேண்டும்.
5. முகவாி கண்டிப்பாக இருக்க வேண்டும்.
6. எளிதில் ஞாபகம் வைத்துக் கொள்ளக் சூடிய சொற்றொடர்களை பயன்படுத்தலாம்.
7. பொருத்தமான தலைப்பு கொடு.
8. பொருத்தமான படங்கள் வரையவும்.

Text Book model advertisement and mark allocation


## GOVT EXAM QUESTIONS

1. Prepare an attractive advertisement using the hints given below.
(PTA-1)
Tasty and hygienic - homemade taste - 200 varieties to select - purely vegetarian - Mani Vilas - V.E. Road - Tuticorin.
(MAR-24)

2. Prepare an attractive advertisement using the hints given below.
(PTA-2)
Service camp - get exciting - discount in spare parts - avail - free service - camp - visit your - nearest Laptop World.

3. Prepare an attractive advertisement using the hints given below.
(PTA-3)
Footwear for all - all sizes - endless variety - all brands - under one roof - attractive Offers - Shoes and heals - 43, M.G. Road, Villupuram.

4. Prepare an attractive advertisement using the hints given below.
(PTA-4)
Mobile World - Smart phones - Accessories Recharges - Free scratch card on every purchase of mobile - Flower Bazaar, Ulundurpet.

5. Prepare an attractive advertisement using the hints given below.
(PTA-5)
Home made taste - Hygienie - Family Restaurant Fresh Juice - available - Free home delivery - cards accepted.

6. Prepare an attractive advertisement using the hints given below. (MAY-2022)
Colourful and beautiful toys - Ecofriendly - non toxic - handy - buy one get one discount $10 \%-4$, Amman Koil Street, Salem.

7. Prepare an attractive advertisement using the hints given below. (MDL-2023) (SEP-2020) Raj Apparels - Aadi Sale - 40\% - Sepcial combo offers - Buy 1 Get 1 - West street - Madurai.

8. Prepare an attractive advertisement using the hints given below.
(SEP-2021)
Raj appliances - Aadi sale - 20\% - 50\% - special offers - first hundred - special prizes - Vivek and co., - Gandhi road - Trichy.

9. Prepare an attractive advertisement using the hints given below.(TB - U.1, Pg.No: 10)
Home appliances - Aadi Sale - 20-50\% - Special Combo Offers - Aadhav \& Co., Raja Street, Chepauk, Chennai.
(MDL-19)

10. Prepare an attractive advertisement using the hints given above.
Gorgeous and colourful dresses - Attractive prices

- All types - Men's wear - Kid's wear -buy one get one - Aadi offer - Mega sale - No.5, North Usmaan Road, T.Nagar. (AUG-2022)

Madhu Textiles
Gorgegus and colourful dresses


No.5, North Usmaan Road, T.Nagar.
11. Prepare an attractive advertisement using the hints given below.
(JUNE-2023)
Fruits and Vegetables - Organic - fresh from farms - free home delivery - 63, MRC Road, Salem.

PENGUIN

## TEXT BOOK EXERCISES

I. Prepare attractive advertisements using the hints given below:

1. Home appliances - Aadi Sale - 20-50\% - Special Combo Offers - muthusamy \& co., Raja street, Ginghee. (TB)

$\checkmark$ இப்பகுதியில் கடிதத்தின் முக்கியப் பகுதியை மட்டும் வியடயாக எழுத வேண்டி்். எழுதுபவா், பெற|ந்்களின்உறறவு முணறகணள கருத்தில் கொண்டு வா்்த்ணதகணளணகயாள வேண்டிம்.
$\checkmark$ கடிதம் எழுதுதல், விணாவில் ஒரு சூழல்கொடுக்க்ப்ட்டிருக்கும். ஒருவர் யாருக்கு, எதற்காகக் கடிதம் எழுதுகிறாா் என்ற குறிப்புகள் இருக்கும். அதணைப் படித்து கொடிக்கப்பட்ட குறிப்பகளுக்கு தகுந்தாற் போல கடிதத்தின் உள்ளடக்கத்றத கற்பணை செய்து சொந்த நணடயில் எழுத வேண்டிம்.



|  | Format of Business / Official / formal Letter. |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Place } \\ \text { date }\end{array}\right.$ |



## இவை நணா்ர்கள், உறவிஎர்கள் மற்றும் பெற்றோர்களுக்கு எழுதும் கடிதங்கள்.



## GOVT EXAM QUESTIONS

1. Write a letter to the Headmistress/Headmaster of your school requesting for a Bonafide certificate.
(PTA 1)
From
Dharani,
$10^{\text {th }}$ std,
Govt. Hr. Sec. School,
Karur.
To
The Headmaster, Govt, Hr. Sec. School, Karur.

Sir,
Sub : Requisition for Bonafide Certificate
I am Dharani studying $10^{\text {th }}$ ' A ' section in our
School. I would like to study computer course run by ABC Study centre. They offer $50 \%$ scholarship for the school students.

I request you to provide me the bonafide certificate to join the course.

Thanking you sir.
Yours obediently Dharani
2. Write a letter to a Sports Store ordering for Sports goods for your school.
(PTA 2)
From
NARMATHA
Chitra Gupta Road, CHENNAI
To
M/s. Chabbra Sports Company,
Railway Road,
Karur.

Dear Sir,
The sports committee of our school has approved of certain items of sports materials manufactured by you. Please supply the following materials by railway parcel.

The invoice may please be sent by a registered post to enable us to take the delivery.
$\begin{array}{clll}\text { 1. Hockey } & \text { Sticks } & \text { Olympic } \\ \text { item } & \text { No. } & \mathrm{V} \quad \text { - Two Dozen }\end{array}$

| 2. Hockey | Balls | Shining |  |  |
| ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| item | No. | VIII | - One | Dozen |
| 3. Cricket | Bats | Major |  |  |
| item | No. | I | - Six | Dozen |

4. Leg Guards Superior item No. X - One pair Thanking you
Yours faithfully
Narmatha
5. Write a letter to the Inspector of Police, complaining about the lost of your bicycle.
(PTA 3)
From
SUJI
42, Veerappa Street,
Chennai-600 003.
To
The Inspector of Police,
Park Town Police Station,
Chennai-600 003.
Respected Sir,
Sub : Theft of my bicycle on 21-01-2023
I parked my bicycle in front of the Pandyan Hotel and entered the hotel for a cup of coffee. When I came out, I was shocked to see my bicycle gone. It had been stolen. I searched for it and enquired the people near the hotel. It was of no use.

My bicycle was a Rallis. Its number 156287. It had a dynamo light. It was a red coloured bicycle.

May I request you to help me to recover it.
Thanking you
Yours faithfully,
Suji.
4. Write a complaint to the officer of the PWD department to take immediate action of maintaining cleanliness in the Children's park in your locality.
(PTA 4)(JUNE-2023)
From:
Jennifer. P.
Thillai Nagar,
Trichy, 25 July 2022
To:
Chief Engineer
PWD Department,
Trichy.

Respected Sir,
Sub. : Complaint about the cleanliness of the children's park - regarding

There is a serious issue in our area that needs your urgent attention. There has been no maintenance in our area children's park for the past three months. Due to lack of cleanliness, children in our area cannot enjoy it. Moreover the park is also used for some anti-social activities by the local persons.

Kindly take necessary steps to solve this issue as soon as possible.

## Thanking you,

Yours faithfully, Jennifer. P
5. You are Raja. The street lights of your area do not work properly. As a responsible citizen, write a letter to the newspaper enlightening them about the problem and also suggest ways to brighten the area.
(PTA 5)
From:
Raja,
Dhilip street,
Sathyamangalam,
23.8.2022

To:
The Editor
The Hindu
ABC road
Vellore-632001.
Sub: Bad condition of the street lights.
Through your daily, I like to bring to the notice of the authorities concerned the bad condition of the street lights in Vellore.

I am Raja. The street lights of my area do not work properly. After it gets dark, moving on the streets is risky. People suffer a lot. Chain snatching and accidents take place every now and then And also the other antii-social activities are increasing. I appeal to the concerned authorities in the municipal corporation to look into the matter and make the street lights functional again.

I hope you will give space to my voice in your esteemed daily.

Thanking you
Yours faithfully
Raja
6. You are Sudha. Your neighbour has a pet dog that barks continuously. Write a letter to the Editior of a weekly newspaper of your locality, highlighting the nuisance and noise pollution created thus. Also suggest ways to solve the problem. $\quad$ (PTA 6)
From
Subasri,
ABC Road,
Coimbatore,
639005.

To
The Editor,
CBE News, ABC Road, Coimbatore, 639005.

Sir
Sub : Nuisance caused by a pet dog.
Through the esteemed columns of your weekly newspaper, I wish to bring about the noise pollution and the negative influences of it in our area. I am Sudha. My neighbour has a pet dog that barks continuously. It causes a great nuisance in our locality. We suffer a lot. Kindly instruct them to train the dog well. Otherwise keep their dog off from our area and reduce the noise pollution.

Thanking you
Yours faithfully, Subasri
7. Write a letter to the manager of a famous daily/popular children's magazine, ordering subscription for your school library. (MDL-2023)(MDL-19, SEP-2020)
From:
Govt.Hr.sec School,
Srivilliputtur,
July-2, 2023.
To:
The Manager
The Indian Express
Srivilliputtur.

## Sir

## Subject: Subscription request

Our school has decided to subscribe to Indian Express Newspaper. You are requested to send two copies of the daily to our school. Payment shall be made on monthly basis. Do let us know if your company has any special plan for students also. We would like to start the subscription from July 5, 2022 onward. Looking forward to hearing from you.

> Thanking you

Yours sincerely, Librarian
8. You are Ajeet, living in a remote village in Tirunelveli. You participated in a health camp organised by your school. You were surprised to observe that most of the residents were unaware of health and hygiene. As a concerned citizen, write a letter to the editor stating the need to organise such camps focusing on the importance of health and hygiene. / Write a letter to a newspaper highlighting the unhygienic condition of your area.
(SEP-2021, MAY-2022)(TB)
From
Village Gonda,
Tirunelveli.
12 November, 2023.
To
The Editor,
Times of India,
Tirunelveli.
Subject - Regarding the requirement of health camps in villages.
Sir,
I am Ajeet, a resident of the remote village in Tirunelveli. Recently a health camp was organised by our school, which included a visit to various areas.

Due to the camp, I came to know that a large number of residents are unaware of health and hygiene. Neither they know basic health routines nor they have basic amenities.

Being a concerned citizen, I request the state authorities to take the required actions. Organise more awareness and practice camps concerning health and hygiene. I also request the authorities to increase the supply of basic health products to the village.

Thank you,

Yours truly,
Ajeet.
9. Write a letter to an editor of a newspaper hignlighting the noise pollution of your area.
(AUG-2022)
To,
The Editor,
Indian Times, Madurai.
Subject: Problem of noise pollution
Respected Sir,
I am writing this letter to draw the attention of senior officials to the growing problem of noise pollution. The increasing number of vehicles on the road is the reason for the alarming level. Vehicles, factories, music systems are responsible for noise pollution. unnecessary use of loudspeakers in religious places, gathering, event, wedding ceremonies has completely disturbed the atmosphere of peace. Excessive noise is harmful to human physical and mental health. It affects our sleep, peace. People suffer from high blood pressure and hearing loss. Students and seniors suffer a lot. This is a big hassle for the students who are preparing for the exam.

I request you to please publish this article in your respected daily so that concerned authorities will look into this matter.

Thanking you
Yours faithfully,
Ravi Shankar

## 10. Write a letter to the Editor of a leading

Newspaper suggesting measures to upgrade the standard about the bad influence of TV Channels.
(APRIL-23) From:
S.Praveen,

27, South street,
Rajapalayam.
To:
The Editor,
The Hindu,
Madurai.

Suject: Requesting to publish news regarding upgrading the standard of TV channels.
Sir,
I am S.Praveen living at 27, South Street, Rajapalayam. I would like to suggest some measures to upgrade the standard of the TV channels. Now - a-days, TV channels telecast programmes giving importance to separation of families, divorce, seduction of women, corruption, scams and so on. Such programmes spoil the minds of people and lead them in the wrong direction. So, I request you to publish this article in your newspaper so that TV chennels may observe it and upgrade their standard hereafter.

Thanking You,
Yours faithfully
S.Praveen.
11. You are Gomathi, a resident of a colony adjacent to the Cauvery River. Daily you see many people throwing waste into it, spoiling the pure water. Write a letter to a newspaper showing you concern about it and also voicing your worry.
(MAR-24)

From
Gomathi
12, East Street
Nethaji Colony
Trichy.
To
The Editor
The Hindu Daily
No.3, Gandhi Main Road,
Trichy.
Dear Sir,
I am Gomathi, a resident of Nethaji colony. It was situated at the bank of river Cauveri.
I would like to bring it to your notice that the river is being highly polluted nowadays. The residents of our colony empty their trashes in the river. They wash their clothes, bathe their calttles and clean their vehicles in the river.

I request you to let this issue be known to the concerned authorities so that necessary steps may be taken to keep the river clean and safe.

Thank you.
Yours sincerely,
Gomathi

## J. Draft letters

1. You are a librarian in a newly established school. Write a letter to the book dealer inquiring about the list of newly arrived English children's story books and various subject books relevant to 10-14 age groups.
(TB)
October 1, 2023
Thiruvarur.
To
The Manager
M/s English Book Depot
Sector-17
Chandigarh Sir

Subject: Inquiry about the books for children.
I am Sekar ,the librarian of Zishyaa Public School, Thiruvarur.The Management of our newly established school wishes to enhance our libraryfor the academic year 2018-2019.I wish to know about the availability of the books for children of age group 10-14.We wish to purchase English children's story books, novels and other subject books also. Kindly send us the pamphlets of books available in your Book Company according to our requirements.
Looking forward to hearing from you.
Yours truly,
Sekar
2. Venkat hails from a remote village of Kancheepuram District, Tamil Nadu who aspires to become an IAS officer. Currently, he is in class $X$. He notices an advertisement on free classes for the IAS aspirants by a trust in a news paper. He writes a letter to the coordinator of the trust inquiring for further details. (TB)

22 December 2023
Alapakkam.

To
Agaram Foundation
15,Krishna Street,
T.Nagar,

Chennai
Sir,
I amVenkat and I belong to a very poor family. I am studying in X std. in Govt.Hr.Sec.School,Alappakkam,Kancheepuram District.I had seen your advertisement in the newspaper.

I am securing high marks in all subjects. I have a high ambition to become an I.A.S. But my family's financial background doesn't support. If I am given a chance to attend free classes for the I.A.S aspirants through your trust, I will definitely attain my goal.

Looking forward to hearing from you
Yours truly,
Venkat
3. Write a letter to the head of the BSNL office enquiring regarding the internet broadband scheme launched recently. (TB)
$15^{\text {th }}$ December 2023
Trichy
To
The SDE/JTO,
BSNL
Virudhunagar
Sir,
Subject: Request for broadband internet connection onphone no: 04462-221567
I want a new internet broadband connection on the above telephone number.The telephone has been installed in my name at my residence. I want to know about the scheme launched recently.

I shall be grateful if the service engineer visits my residence after 5 p.m. as there is no one in my residence to understand the data plan.

I need the connection at the earliest.
Thankyou very much.
Yours faithfully
-------------------

1. You are Sanjay. Your colony utilizes solar energy to light the common areas. You find many friends of your colony forgetting to switch off the lights in the common area. As a responsible citizen. Write a letter to a newspaper, echoing the importance to conserve and preserve solar energy.
From
Raja nagar
Cross street, Madurai
12-4-2023
To
The Editor
The Hindu
Maduri- 625001
Sir
Sub: Conserve and preserve solar energy
The natural resources are fast depleting and a dayis not far away, where people will go back to the StoneAge. This is a common occurrence in India that energy isbeing wasted in the form of burning the lights even in themorning or failing to switch off the lights after using it.

Solar energy is a great source of energy which canilluminate the whole world. It is a source of clean energyand it should be used to the maximum potential.

Every citizen should have civic sense and use the natural resources judiciously.it will safeguard the future of the nation.

Thank you
Yours faithfully
Sanjay
2. You are Sada Sivam. You recently visited yournative town in Vellore. You happened to accompanyyour grandmother to your family temple. You wereshocked in notice the poor condition and aintenanceof the temple. Write a letter to the Editor of localnewspaper highlighting the poor condition of thetemple. Also give some suggestions and request theHRC to take steps to improve the situation. (TB) From

45, Pillars Gate

Cross cut road
Vellore-610016
25-10-2023

To
The Editor
Dinakaran
Vellore
Sir
Sub: Poor condition and maintenance of temple
I would like to bring it to your kind attention that theancient temples are not maintained properly and they areon the verge of destruction.

It was painful to see such a huge temple, wherepeople visit in hundreds everyday, is in shambles.

I request you to highlight the plight of the peopleand the temple and bring this to the notice of the templeauthorities and the Government, so that the temple restored its lost glory.

Thank you
Yours faithfully
Sadasivam


Notice என்பது ஒரு அறிவிப்பையோ அல்லது ஒரு தகவலையோ எழுதுவதாகும். ஒரு தகவலை குறிப்பிட்ட பிாிவினருக்கு முன்கூட்டியே தொிவிப்பதன் முக்கிய நோக்கமாகும். கல்வி தொடர்பான அறிப்புகள் மற்றும் செய்திகள் பள்ளி மற்றும் கல்லூாிகளில் உள்ள தகவல் பலகையில் எழுதப்படுவதாகும்.Notice writingஎன்பது தற்காலத்தில் தகவலை விரைவாகத் தொிவிக்க பயன்படும் ஒரு நுட்பமாகும்.

## நிமெயவில் கொள்ள வேண்்டியமவ :

1. பொதுவாக பள்ளி தகவல் பலகைகளில் கல்வி நிறுவனம் / கல்வி குழு / இலக்கிய மன்றம் / விளையாட்டு மன்றம் ஆகிய மன்றங்களின் சார்பாக அறிவிக்கப்படும்.
2. எளிய மற்றும் முறை சார்ந்த மொழி நடையில் எழுதப்பட வேண்டும்.
3. Notice சுருக்கமாகவும் அதே சமயத்தில் சூற வேண்டிய விஷயத்தை நோிடையாகவும் கூறப்பட வேண்டிம்.
4. தகவல் தெரிவிக்கும் நபாின் கையெழுத்து பதவியுடண் இடப்பக்க ஓரத்தில் இருக்க வேண்டிம்.
5. தேதி மேலேயோ (அ) கீழோ எழுதப்படலாம்.
6. மாணவ மாணவியா் தேதியை கீழ்கண்டவாறு குறிப்பிடலாம்.
(i) 17 Jan 2023
(ii) 17 Jan, 2023
(iii) $17^{\text {th }}$ Jan, 2023
(iv) Jan 17, 2023.
7. கேள்வியில் தேதி குறிப்பிடப்படாத வரையில் மாணவ மாணவ மாணவியர்கள் தேர்வு எழுதும் தேதியைத் தான் குறிப்பிட வேண்டும். அவா்களாக கற்பணையில் ஏதே ஒரு தேதியைக் குறிப்பிடக் சூடாது.
8. ஒரு பெட்டிக்குள் விடை இருக்க வேண்டும்.

## Model Exercise

1. You are Praveen / Praveena. As President of the Cultural Forum of your school, you have organized an interschool orchestra competition on the occasion of the Silver Jubliee Celebration of your school. Write a notice about this competitions.

Cultural Forum<br>ABC Hr. Sec. School, Chochin.<br>NOTICE

$17^{\text {th }}$ Jan, 2023.
Cultural Forum of our school is going to organize an Inter School Orchestra competition on the occasion of the Silver Jubliee celebration. The orchestra temas of 20 schools are participating in the competition. The program will commence at $9 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. on $2^{\text {nd }}$ Feb in the school auditorium. Free entry, Entry passes can be obtained from the undersigned on or before $27^{\text {th }}$ Jan, 2023.
Praveen,
Cultural Forum.


## TEXT BOOK EXERCISE

Q. Prepare a notice for the following


You are the school monitor, of Modern Matriculation School, Villupuram. Your school Principal has requested you to inform the students about a trip to Yercaud for 3 days. Prepare a notice giving the details such as date of journey, mode of transportation, amount, dress code etc.

## NOTICE <br> MODERN METRIC SCHOOL, VILLUPURAM EDUCATIONAL TRIP

All the students are informed that our school is going to organize a trip to Yercaud for 3 days (18.6.22 - 20.6.22) Intrested students can enroll their names at our office.The fee is Rs.1000. All necessary arrangements are made by the school management. For further details please contact the undersigned.
Rajesh,
School monitor.
ii. You are the Secretary of Park Circus Residents Welfare Association. Write a notice to inform the residents of your colony of a Meditation program under the guidance of Dr. P. Ranjit with a view to understanding the self better. The program is exclusively for the residents It will be conducted on the second Saturday of the following month from $7.00 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. to $9.00 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. at the children's park nearby.

## NOTICE

PARK CIRCUS RESIDENTS WELFARE ASSOCIATION, MEDITATION PROGRAMME

All the residents are uniformed that a Meditation Programme is arranged in our colony auditorium on $18^{\text {th }}$ of September,20XX. Dr.P.Ranjith will give us the necessary guidance. For further details please contact the undersigned.
Vishwanathan
Secretary.
iii. You are Ganesh/Gayathri Head boy/Head girl, of your school. Write a notice for your school notice board informing the students about the 'Fancy Fete' that is going to be organised in your school campus on the 10th of next month.

## NOTICE <br> GHS, VIRUDHUNAGAR. <br> FANCY FETE

All the students are informed that fancy fete is organised at our school Auditorium on $10^{\text {th }}$ of July,20XX. Interested students can enroll their names for the various competitions and cultural held that day. For further details please contact the undersigned
Ganesh/ Gayathiri
Head Boy/Head Girl.

## GOVT EXAM QUESTIONS

1. You are Kiran/Keerthi school pupil leader of GHSS, Karur. Prepare a notice on behalf of your school inviting all students of your school to take part in the Science club inauguration which is to be held in your school on the $22^{\text {nd }}$ of this month.
(PTA 1)


KARUR

## SCIENCE CLUB INAUGURATION

This is to inform our school is going to organize Science Club Inauguration. All students are invited to take part in the inauguration on $22^{\text {nd }}$ January in our school auditorium.
Pupil Leader
Kiran / Keerthi
2. You are Divya / Dinesh school pupil leader of GHSS, Pattukottai. Your principal has requested you to inform the students about a trip to Yelagiri. Prepare a notice giving the details such as date of journey, mode of transportation, amount, dress code etc.
(PTA 2)

## NOTICE <br> GOVT. HR. SEC. SCHOOL PATTUKOTTAI TRIP TO YELAGIRI

04.02.20XX

All the students are informed that our school management has arranged for a trip to Yelagiri for three days. Interested students are requested to pay Rs. 500/- on or before 01.03.2020. Our school bus will start at 8.am on 04.03.2020.

Please bring casuals and sweaters.
Dinesh / Divya
3. You are Mithra / Mahesh school pupil leader of GHSS, Erode. Your Principal has requested you to inform the students about the ECO club meeting in your school. Prepare a notice giving the details such as date of meeting, time and venue.
(PTA 3)

## NOTICE <br> GOVT. HR. SEC. SCHOOL ERODE <br> ECO CLUB MEETING

Date : 04.02.20XX

## ECO CLUB MEETING

It is information to all the students of our school that we are going to conduct a meeting on 04.02 .20 XX at 10 am . All are requested to join us. Various methods and ideas will be discussed there.

For More details : 9843984422
Mithra / Mahesh
4. You are the Coordinator of the Science Forum of your school. An event was organized on account of National Science Day for the members of the forum. Now, write a report on the observation of "National Science Day" at your school.
(PTA 4)(TB) (APRIL-23)

## National Science Day

J. Muhamed Ismail
$28^{\text {th }}$ Feb. 20XX
'National Science Day' was organized by he Science Forum of Government Higher Secondary School, Nanguneri. The Head of the Physics Depaftnent, Mr. Ezhilarasan was the chief guest. All the members of the forum participated with full vigour. Lor of exhibits were displayed by the students of all the classes. Not only students but also the parents extended their full support and participated in the programme. It was really an occasion to bring out the hidden talents of the students.

Our Headmistress delivered welcome speech. Our chief guest was much impressed by the performance of our students and conveyed his appreciation. He also guided the students for further course of action in his enlightening speech. Atlast the vote of thanks was delivered by J. Muhamed Ismail as the coordinator of the Science Forum. The programme came to an end with the National Anthem.
5. 'Educational Development Day' was organized in your school on $15{ }^{\text {th }}$ July. The District Collector was the Chief Guest of the event. As part of the event, many competitioins were held and the prizes were distributed to the winners and participants. It was a grand and successful event. Now, as the member of the organizing committee, write a report on the event in about 120 words.
(PTA 6)(TB)

## Educational Development Day

Jeevitha
$15^{\text {th }}$ July 20XX
Government Higher Sec. School, Ponmalai organized the Educational Development Day on $15^{\text {th }}$ July. The event was organized to stress the value of Education. Nearly 1500 students participated. The Programme consisted of many interesting events. The District Collector was the chief Guest of the event. He was welcomed by our Head Master. Many students participated in the competitions and proved their mettle. The District Collector delivered chef guest address to the students. Prizes were also distributed to the winners and participants. It was a grand success. Vote of thanks was proposed by the school pupil leader. Finally the programme ended with the National Anthem.
6. You are Nikil / Nikitha school pupil leader of GHSS, Trichy. Prepare a notice on behalf of your school inviting the grandparents of the students to celebrate World Elders' Day in your school auditorium on the $20^{\text {th }}$ of next month.
(TB) (MDL-19)(JUNE-23)(MAR-24)

## NOTICE <br> GOVERNMENT HIGHER SECONDARY SCHOOL, TRICHY World Elders Day

$15^{\text {th }}$ November 2022
All the students are informed that our school is going to celebrate World Elder's Day on $20^{\text {th }}$ December 2022 at 3.39 p.m. in our school auditorium. Interested students are requested to bring their grandparents for the celebration. Tea and snacks will be provided. Fun activites will also be organised. Nikil/Nikitha
Head Boy/Head Girl
7. You are Akash / Anita. Head of the Sports Club in your school. Your school is participating in The National Chess Championship next month. Write a notice to the students inviting them to participate.
(MAY-2022)

## NOTICE <br> GOVERNMENT HIGHER SECONDARY SCHOOL, KATTUR The National Chess Championship

23 May 2022
This is to inform all of you about The National Chess Championship which is going to be held next month. You are all invited to participate in the championship. Interested students can give their names to me (head of the sports club).
Akash / Anita
Head of the Sports Club
8. You are Deepan / Deepa, the Literary Association Secretary of GHSS Madurai. Prepare a notice on behalf of your school, inviting the students to participate in the oratorical competition to be conducted next month.(SEP-2020, 2021)

## NOTICE <br> GOVERNMENT HIGHER SECONDARY SCHOOL, KATTUR <br> The National Chess Championship

23 May 2022
This is to inform all of you about The National Chess Championship which is going to be held next month. You are all invited to participate in the championship. Interested students can give their names to me (head of the sports club).
Akash / Anita
Head of the Sports Club
9. You are Aruna / Akash, the Literary Association Secretary of GHSS, Madurai. Prepare a notice on behalf of your school, inviting the students to participate in the oratorical competition to be conducted next month. (MDL-2023)

## NOTICE <br> GOVERNMENT HIGHER SECONDARY SCHOOL, MADURAI Oratorical Competition

$31^{\text {st }}$ March 2023,
All the students are informed that an oratorical competition is going to be held in our school on $15^{\text {th }}$ April in the school auditorium at 9 a.m. interested students can participate in it. Winners will be given attractive prizes.
Aruna / Akash
Literary Association Secretary
10. You are Kamalesh/ Kaviya. Head of Cultral Club in your school. Your school is participating in the inter-school dance competition next month. Write a notice to the students inviting them to participate.
(AUG-2022)

## NOTICE

## P.A.C.M. HIGHER SECONDARY SCHOOL, RAJJAPALAYAM

Inter - School Dance Competition
$28^{\text {th }}$ March 2023,
All the students are informed that an inter - school dance competition is going to be conducted in S.S.H.N. Hr. S. School, Mugavur on $20^{\text {th }}$ April, 2023. Interested students can participate in it. Winners will be given attractive prizes.
Kamalesh / Kaviya
Head, Cultural Club
Q.NO DESCRIBING A PICTURE

## கொடுக்கப்பட்டுள்ள படத்தைப் பார்த்து உனது கருத்துக்களை 5 எளிய வாக்கியங்களில் எழுதவும்.

## For Slow learners

1. Feel happy / unhappy to see this picture
2. This Picture is very much real
3. It is meaningful
4. It is natural / it is not natural
5. It gives many ideas
6. This picture is about $\qquad$

- படத்திற்கு ஏற்ற தயைப்பிணை எழுதவுய்
- படத்தில் காணு்் பொருட்களை வாியைப் படித்தவும்
- மேற்சொன்னனது தவிர படத்திற்கு பொருத்தமான Sentence-ஐ சிறியதாக எழுதவும்


## GOVT EXAM QUESTIONS

1. Look at the following picture and express your views on it in about five sentences.
(PTA 1)


## Answer

$>$ This picture is about a park.
$>$ The children are playing happily.
$>$ It is very natural.
> There are many play things in the park.
> The little children are enjoying happily in the park.
2. Look at the following picture and express your views on it in about five sentence.
(PTA 2)

|  | Answer <br> A theme park is a place with attractions made up of rides. <br> It can be enjoyed by adults, teenagers and children. <br> It creates awareness. <br> It is meaningful. <br> It contains many ideas. |
| :---: | :---: |

3. Look at the following picture and express your views on it in about five sentences.
(PTA 3)

|  | Answer <br> Police are watching the people. <br> I like this picture. <br> The picture is about safety. <br> It creates awareness. <br> It contains many ideas. <br> I see policemen in the picture. |
| :---: | :---: |

4. Look at the following picture and express your views on it in about five sentences.
(PTA 4)

|  | Answer <br> $>$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| $>$ | I see a busy road in this picture. |
| $>$ | I think it is morning. |
| $>$ | There are many persons passing here and there. |
| $>$ | They lead a hasty life. |
| $>$ | It contains many ideas. |

5. Look at the following picture and express your views on it in about five sentences.
(PTA 5)

|  | Answer <br> I like this picture. <br> Some family members are eating in a restaurant. <br> It contains many ideas. <br> I see a lot of food items in this picture. <br> Children like ice creams |
| :---: | :---: |

6. Look at the following picture and express your views on it about five sentences.
(PTA 6)

7. Look at the following picture and express your views on it in about five sentences.
(MAY-2022)

8. Look at the following picture and express your views on it in about five sentences.
(MDL-2023)(SEP-2020)

| Answer |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| $>$ | $>$ There is a dog. |
| $>$ |  |
| $>$ |  |
| $>$ | There is a girl. |
| $>$ | She hugs the dog. |
| $>$ | She is smeeling down. |

9. Look at the following picture and express your views on it in about five sentences.
(SEP-2021)

10. Look at the following picture and express your views on it in a paragraph of five sentences. (AUG-2022)

11. Look at the following picture and express your views on it in about five sentences.
(APRIL-23)

12. Look at the following picture and express your views on it in about five sentences.
(JUNE-23)

13. Look at the following picture and express your views on it in about five sentences.
(MAR-24)


இக்கேள்விக்கு கொடுக்கப்பட்ட பத்திணை நன்கு புரிந்து கொண்ட பிண் முக்கியமான குறிப்பககளள எழுதிக் கொள்ள வேண்டிம். பத்திக்கு ஒரு பிரதான தமலப்பு கொடுக்க வேண்டி். பின்பு அதிகபட்சமாக 4 உட்தணலப்புகள் கொடுக்க வேண்டும். பிறகு கொடுத்த பத்தியை மூன்றில் ஒரு பங்காக சுருக்கி எழுதி இறுதியாக பொருத்தமாண தணலப்ணப எழுத வேண்டிம்.

## I. Note Making Tips :

1. Read the passage twice or thrice (பத்தியை இரண்டு அல்லது மூன்று முறை படி)
2. Get idea of the theme (மைய கருத்தை பெற்றுக் கொள்)
3. Underline the main points (முக்கிய கருத்துகளை அடிக்கோடிட வேண்டிம்)
4. Reduce the lengthy sentences (நீள வாக்கியங்களின் அளவை குறைக்க வேண்டும்)
5. Write the notes pointwise / using the dashes (கருத்துகளை வாிசையாகவோ அல்லது கோடிட்டு எழுதவும்)
6. Give a suitable title for the passage (அந்த பத்திக்கான பொறுத்தமான தலைப்பைக் கொடுக்கவும்)
II. Summary Writing Tips :
7. Understand the given paragraph well (கொடுக்கப்பட்ட பத்தியை நன்றாக புாந்து கொள். முதல் பிரதியை எழுது. இறுதியாக மிக சாியான பிரதியை (பதிலை) எழுது)
8. Write a rough copy
9. Write fair copy
10. Words in the given passage
11. Words in the fair copy
12. Avoid Illustrations and Phrases
13. Use Simple Sentences.


But the starry heavens above the plain
Come flying on our track.
All the beautiful stars of the sky.
The silver doves of the forest of Night,
Over the dull earth swarm and fly.
Companions of our flight.
We will rush ever on without fear,
Let the goal be far, the flight be fleet!
For we carry the Heavens with us, dear,
While the earth slips from our feet!

## Questions

a) What happens to the trees and the houses when the train speeds?
b) How do the sky and star move then?
c) How are the stars and night described?
d) How does the poet deal with the Heavens and earth, during the journey?

## Answers

a) The trees and houses go wheeling back when the train speeds.
b) The sky and star come moving / flying on their track.
c) The stars are described as the silver doves night as forest.
d) During the journey the poet and his companions carry the heavens with them while the earth slips / leaves from their feet.
10. Read the following poem and answer the questions given below. (MAR-24)

It is not growing like a tree
In bulk, doth make man better be; or standing long an oak, three hundred year, To fall a log at last,dry, bald, and sere;

A lily of a day
Is fairer far in May,
Although it fall and die that night-
It was the plant and flower of Light.
In small proportions we just beauties see;
And in short meansures life may perfect be.

## Questions:

i) Which shows beauty - the lily or the oak?
ii) What happens to the oak at last?
iii) Compare the life of the oak and the lily.
iv) What do you learn from the last two lines?

## Answer:

i) The Lily shows beauty.
ii) It becomes dry, bald and sere and falls as a log at last.
iii) The oak lives for 300 years whereas the Lily falls and die in a day
iv) Life may either be long or short, it should be perfect.

## ADDITIONAL

## குறிப்புகளை கொண்டு பத்தி எழுதுதல் கவனத்தில் கொள்ள வேண்டியவை:

1. முதலில் தலைப்பு கொடிக்க வேண்டிம்.
2. கேள்வியில் கொடுக்கப்பட்டுள்ள குறிப்புகளை வைத்துதான் பத்தி எழுத வேண்டும்.

## Developing Hints

Developing hints is developing the phrases into full sentences and then into a meaningful co-herent paragraph the hints given below.
Mahesh $\qquad$ celebrates $\qquad$ 14th birthday

arrives home early $\qquad$ decorates places $\qquad$
$\qquad$ cuts cake
$\qquad$ inmates gathered
$\qquad$ sing song, daps
$\qquad$ distributes cakes $\qquad$ press his feelings gets blessings $\qquad$ offers things
___ bed sheets, foot wear etc needed $\qquad$ fun, entertainment $\qquad$ happy and content.

## Happy Birthday

It was Mahesh's 14 th birthday decided to celebrates it differently. He wanted to celebrate it in an old Age home. He told his friends and family about it. He also informed the Home about it in advance. Mahesh delegated the task to every one. His friend bought the things necessary for the function. The reached the Home early and decorated the place with balloons and colour papers. Soon the inmates came there. Mahesh cut cakes with them. They
Clapped their hands and sang songs. Mahesh distributed the cakes and expressed his feelings. He got their blessings Mahesh offered them bed sheets, foot wear and other things needed. There was fun and entertainment everyone was content and happy.

## TEXT BOOK EXERCISE

H. Read the clues given below and develop your story. Narrate your story to the class. Robert Bruce - King - lying on the ground in a dejected mood - failed to defeat his enemies - was thinking of giving up the attempt - saw a spider falling down from the ceiling - the ceiling far away - wondered how it would get there - the spider fell back again - again it tried - again it fell - it made nine such attempts - no success climbed up once more - at last succeeded in reaching the roof - Bruce imitated its example he too tried once again - was successful.
Answer:
Robert the Bruce was the king of Scotland. He was laying in a cave in a dejected mood. He failed to defeat his enemies. He was thinking of giving up
the attempt. As he laid thinking, he noticed a spider over his head, getting ready to weave her web. He watched her as she worked slowly and with great care. Six times she tried to throw her thread from one edge of the cave wall to another. But the spider did not lose hope. With still more care, she made herself ready to try for a seventh time. The spider fell back. But again and again it tried. It made nine such attempts. It climbed up once more and at last succeeded in reaching the roof. Bruce imitated its example. He too tried once again. He was successful.
Moral: Try again and again until you succeed
Write a paragraph using any one of the following outlines in about 100 words.

## HINTS DEVELOPED

H. Read the clues given below and develop your story.
Narrate your story to the class.
Robert Bruce - King -lying on the ground in a dejected mood - failed to defeat his enemies - was thinking of giving up the attempt - saw a spider falling down from the ceiling - the ceiling far away - wondered how it would get there - the spider fell back again again it tried - again it fell - it made nine such attempts no success - climbed up once more - at last succeeded in reaching the roof - Bruce imitated its example - he too tried once again - was successful.

## Answer:

Robert Bruce was the king of Scotland. He was lying in a cave in a dejected mood. He failed to defeat his enemies. He was thinking of giving up the attempt. As he lay thinking, he noticed a spider over his head, getting ready to weave her web. He watched her as she worked slowly and with great care. Six times she tried to throw her thread from one edge of the cave wall to another. But the spider did not lose hope. With still more care, she made ready to try for a seventh time. The spider fell back. But again and again it tried. It made nine such attempts. It climbed up once more and at last succeeded in reaching the roof. Bruce imitated its example. He too tried once again. He was successful.
Moral: Try again and again until you succeed

## Exercise 1

a) Conservation of water-basic need - water essential for life - must conserve during all seasons- suggestion: Link Rivers - avoid domestic wastage - harvest rain waterrecycle water - grow trees. They act as sponges.

## Answer:

## Conservation of Water :

Water is the basic need for all living beings. It is essential for our life.

We must conserve water during all seasons. To conserve water, we should link rivers, avoid domestic wastages. Government insists to harvest rain waters. It helps us to fulfill our water needs during summer. Recycling is also one of the ways to save water. We should grow trees to get more rain. It controls soil erosion and act as sponges.

## SAVE TREES, SAVE THE WORLD

## Exercise 2

Insects- two main kinds - useful, harmful - useful bees, silk worms - honey and silk - food and clothing harmful: locusts, mosquitoes - locusts eat growing plants - destroy crops -mosquitoes cause malaria millions die- neither harmful nor useful butterfly, ladybird- pretty, colourful.

## Answer:

## INSECTS

Insects are classified into two main kinds. They are useful and harmful. Useful insects are bees and silk worms. We get honey from bees. Silk worm produces silk. We weave silk sarees with it. The harmful insects are locusts and mosquitoes. Locusts eat growing plants and destroy crops. Mosquitoes cause malaria. Millions of people die by malaria every year.

Few insects are neither harmful nor useful like butterfly and ladybird. They are pretty and colourful.
"WHEN THE BEE SUCKS, IT MAKES HONEY; WHEN THIS SPIDER, POISON".

## Exercise 3

1. Ganga - one of the longest rivers of India - rises near Gangotri in the Himalayas - comes down at Haridwar passes through - many states - ever flowing - many tributaries - Yamuna, Chambal, etc. - brings rich alluvial soil - fertility - many holy places like Prayag, Kasi - reaches the Bay of Bengal - dip considered sacred.

## Answer:

## The holy river Ganga:

Ganga is one of the longest rivers in India. It rises near Gangotri in the Himalayas. It comes down at Haridwar and passes through many states. It is flowing throughout the year.

It has many tributaries like Yamuna, Chambal, etc. It brings rich alluvial soil that is very fertile. There are many holy places like Prayag, Kasi on its bank.

Finally it reaches the Bay of Bengal. A dip in this holy river is considered as a sacred one.
"THE GANGES - PRIDE OF OUR NATION."

## Exercise 4

Earth Day- celebrated on April 22 every year pledge to protect earth's environment - soil, water, air polluted by modern factories - large amounts of waste generated everyday-wet and dry waste material to be separated - dry waste used for recycling - wet waste such as vegetable peel, fallen leaves, cow dung, etc. used as manure - for cultivation - pollution free earth our aim.

## Answer:

## ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION:

'Earth Day' is celebrated on April 22 every year. Every one should pledge to protect earth's environment. Soil, water and air are polluted by modern factories.

Every day large quantities of waste were generated in big cities. Wet and dry waste material should be separated. Dry waste materials can be used for recycling. The wet waste material such as vegetable peel, fallen leaves cow dung, etc. can be used as manure for cultivation.

Each and everybody of us should work for making 'Pollution free Earth'. It is our aim and also our duty.

SAVE ENVIRONMENT; SAVE EARTH.

## Exercise 5

1. Temperature increase - year by year - season changes - monsoon - fails - rainfall - impair - glacier melts - sea level increasescutting trees mindlessly - save forest- develop - social forest.

## Answer:

## Global Warming

Temperature increases year by year which results season changes. So Monsoon fails. There is a very low rainfall now a days.

Due to global warming, the glaciers of polar region melt rapidly. So the sea level increases. It leads to the submergence of landmass in future.

We cut trees mindlessly. We should stop this. We should save the forest. We should develop more social forests to cool the earth.

SAVE FOREST AND SAVE EARTH

# DIALOGUE WRITING <br> உறையாடல் எழுதநல் 

1. இப்பகுதியில் ஒரு சூழ்நிலை

கொடுக்கப்பட்டிருக்கும். அதற்கான நபா்களும் கொடுக்கப்பட்டிருக்கும் அந்த சூழ்நிலையை கருத்தில் கொண்டு அந்த இரு நபர்களுக்கும் நடக்கும் உரையாடலை எழுத வேண்டிம்.
2. Good morning or good evening போன்ற வாக்கியங்களைக் கொண்டு தொடங்க வேண்டும்.
3. அந்த நபர்களின் நிலையை பொறுத்து அவா்களுக்கு சொற்றொடர்கள் அமைக்க வேண்டும்.
4. Doctor, Patient உரையாடலில் Doctor 'May I come in'? எனக் கேட்க மாட்டார். இவ்வாறு அந்த நபா்களின் பணியைக் கொண்டு தொடங்க வேண்டும்.

## TEXT BOOK EXERCISE

1. Here is a dialogue between a father and his daughter. Continue the dialogue with at least five utterances and use all the clues given above. (TB)
Father : Hi Mary, it has been a very long time since we went on a trip. Let's plan one.
Mary : Yes, dad. I too long to go.Why don't we plan one for this weekend?
Father : Sure. Tell me, where shall we go?
Mary : Some place nearby but for at least two days.
Father : Hmm... I think we should go to the reserved forest nearby.
Mary : Yeah. I've never been to a forest I have seen a forest only on TV and movies. The forest is a good choice!

Father $\overline{\mathrm{OK}}$, If $\overline{\text { we }} \overline{\text { are going to }} \overline{\text { the }} \overline{\text { forest, }} \overline{\text { we }} \overline{\text { must }}$ list out what we should carry with us for two days.
Mary : I think we should carry suitable clothes like long sleeve shirts, long socks, quick dry wear, cotton scarfs etc
Father : What about the food? Do you have any idea, Mary?
Mary : Yeah. For food, I suggest fruits and nuts
Father : Should we carry any special equipment and survival kit?
Mary : Yes, of course, we need to carry knife, rope, tent equipment and torch light

## EXERCISE: 1

Write a dialogue between Nehru and Gandhi who enquires about their routine.
Gandhi : Good Morning! Have you taken lunch?
Nehru : Good, Morning ! Yes, I've taken my lunch.
Gandhi : When did you take it?
Nehru : I took it at 12:30 p.m.
Gandhi : Do you want any cool drink?
Nehru : Yes, I want some cold water.
Gandhi : Did you read today's newspaper?
Nehru : No, I didn't.

| EXERCISE:2 |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Write a dialogue between doctor and patient who got stung by a bee in his body. |  |
| Patient | Doctor, a bee has stung me. The pain is unbearable. |
| Doctor | Don't worry. I'll apply some cream on it. |
| Patient | You'll never find that bee. It must be far away. |
| Doctor | No, I'll apply the cream on the place where it was stung. |
| Patient | Oh! It happened in the park where I was sitting under a tree. |
| Doctor | No,No, you are mistaken; I mean, on the part of your body where the bee stung you. |
| Patient | Oh, it was on my finger! |
| Doctor | Which one? |
| Patient | How am I to know? All bees look the same to me. |
| Doctor | Oh Gosh! I have never come across such a foolish person in my life! |

## EXERCISE 3:

Write a dialougue between Sumathi and her mother who informs her mother of how she won the first prize at an elocution competition.
Sumathi : Mummy, I'm so happy.
Mother : Oh, why my dear child?
Sumathi : Because I've won a prize at an elocution competition.
Mother : Fantastic! Congrats my child!
Sumathi : Thank you, mum
Mother : Which prize did you win?
Sumathi : The first prize , mum
Mother : Oh, very nice! At what level was it conducted?
Sumathi : At my school level.
Mother : How did you feel while participating?
Sumathi : First, I was a little nervous. Then, I did so well.
Mother : Good!

## EXERCISE 4:

Write a dialouge between a doctor and patient. The patient has a problem getting sleepless nights.
Patient : Hello Doctor!
Doctor : Hello, What is your problem?
Patient : Doctor, I have a problem of not having proper sleep at night.

| Doctor | I'll give you medicine. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Patient | Thank you Doctor. How often should I take the medicine? |
| Doctor | Just take one pill about 30 minutes before you go to bed. |
| Patient | For how long? |
| Doctor | For at least 30 days. Come back, if problem continues. |
| Patient | Anything else? |
| Doctor | Be composed at work. |

## EXERCISE 5:

Write a dialogue between two friends about taking exercise.

| Ali | Good evening. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Basit | Good evening. Where are you going? |
| Ali | I am going to see a doctor. |
| Basit | In what connection? |
| Ali | I don't feel well these days. |
| Basit | What's the matter? |
| Ali | I have always got a headache. I never feel fresh. |
| Basit | Do you take exercise? |
| Ali | No. I don't find time. You know I am busy in my studies. I study all the time. |
| Basit | That' why you don't feel well. |
| Ali | What do you mean? |
| Basit | I mean, a person who studies all the day and does not take exercise should fall ill. Do exercise and will not feel illness. |
| Ali | That is a good thing. Good bye. |
| Basit | Good bye. |

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## PRACTICE BOOK

## PART I



## GOVT EXAM OUESTIONS

1. It was the gaunt face staring from the bed that brought chill to my heart.
(PTA 1)
a) fat
b) round
c) lean
d) sad
2. When school began there was a bustle .
(PTA 1)
a) rush
b) change
c) noise
d) confusion
3. They continue to grapple with the changes.(PTA 1)
a) settle
b) fight
c) move
d) stop
4. His idea of going away, made me forget all about his ruler and how cranky he was.
(SEP-2020, PTA-2)(MDL-2023)
a) tyrannical
b) strange
c) powerfully
d) learned.
5. His parents circled around raising a proud cackle
a) sharp noise
b) blunt noise
c) high pitch
d) shout
6. Trying to reviveold childhood memories may prove disappointing.
(PTA 2)
a) review
b) revitalize
c) restore
d) rescue
7. The spoilt child of affluent parents.
(PTA 3)
a) influenced
b) wealthy
c) happy
d) poor
8. Scraping his beak now and again to whet it.
(AUG-2022)
(PTA 3)
a) clean
b) blunt
c) sharp
d) wet
9. Mycontentionwas to make sure that we go by the rules.
(PTA 3)
a) continuous effort
b) disturbed effort
c) unhappy effort
d) strenuous effort
10. He was delirious.
(PTA 4)
a) sick
b) disappointed
c) troubled
d) forced
11. The whole family was laughing at his cowardice.
a) strength
b) bravery
c) courage
d) lack of bravery
12. My mother was asleep in one room upstairs, grandfather was in the attic.
(PTA 4)
a) bedroom
b) a room
c) a space in the roof d) kitchen
13. The spoilt child of affluent parents.
(PTA 5)
a) poor
b) deprived
c) old
d) wealthy
14. World renownedphysicist Stephen Hawking is the best example of how. $\qquad$ (PTA 5)
a) famous
b) special
c) popular
d) unique
15. But somethingchoked him.
(PTA 5)
a) praised
b) blonked
c) answered
d) encouraged
16. The greatexpanse of sea stretched down beneath.
a) large space
b) narrow space
c) small space
d) deep area
(PTA 6)
17. He said in a hopeless tone of adespondent beagle...
a) angry
b) affluent
c) despairing
d) strong
(PTA 6)
18. They wereapprehensive and supportive too.
a) confident
b) inquisitive
c) anxicus
d) special
(PTA 6)
19. The mother seagull swooped upwards. (MDL-19)
a) leap
b) rush
c) move very quicklyd) ascend
20. The attic has always been favourite with children.
a) loft
b) terrance
c) apartment
d) strong room
(MDL-19)
21. It is a 55 -foot sailing vessel built indigenously in india.
(MDL-19, MAY-2022)
a) fully
b) collectively
c) innately/domestically
d) specially
22. Navika Sagar Parikrama was a project undertaken in consonance with the National Policy.
(MDL-2023)(SEP-2020)
a) connection
b) agreement
c) comparison
d) arrangement
23. The little seagull even gnawed at the dried pieces of eggshell.
(MDL-2023)(SEP-2020)
a) chewed
b) cackled
c) swallowed
d) craved
24. The young bird kept calling her mother plaintively.
(SEP-2021) (APRIL-23)
a) happily
b) sadly
c) rigorously
d) vainly
25. Aditya and the narrator reached a point where the road bifurcated.
(SEP-2021, MAY-2022)
a) restrained
b) combined
c) divided into two
d) conditioned
26. The owner of the tea shop, now over sixty, a little rustic in appearance.
(SEP-2021)
a) old
b) typical countryside
c) traditional
d) modern
27. The owner of the tea shop, now over sixty, a little rustic in appearance.
(AUG-2022)
a) typical
b) soft
c) shabby
d) neat
28. The great expanse of sea stretched down beneath.
a) inferior
b) above
c) below
d) higher
(MAY-2021)
29.India's disabled are deprived by attitudinal barriers as they grapple with the challenges of acceptance and inclusion.
(AUG-2022)
a) calm
b) fight
c) anger
d) stare
29. Mr.Sanyal stood up with eyes dilated and began to recite a poem by Tagore:
(APRIL-23)
a) closed
b) moved
c) widened
d) shrinked
30. The doors and drawers were yanked open:
a) pushed
b) pulled
c) fixed
d) repulsed
(APRIL-23)
31. We have to be active and need to anticipate what could be there ahead.
(APRIL-24)
a) foresee
b) unexpected
c) careless
d) sudden
32. They can control a computer screen with Eye Gaze.
a) control
b) shape
c) colour
d) stare
33. The lady seems hysterical.
a) calm
b) serious
c) emotional
d) missing
(APRIL-24)

## PROSE - 1 HIS FIRST FLIGHT

Nightfall, cliff, cowardice, ascending, blazing, ledge, scrap, hatched, gnawed, trotted, precipice, expanse, brink, plunge, muster up, desperate, shrilly, starve, skim, devour, cackle, plateau, crack, plateau, crack, brink, pretended, dozing, preening, hump, thrust, tore, scraped, limp, swoop, swish, monster, terror, soaring, swoop, commence, vast,huge, amusedly, sank, exhausted, screaming, praise, beaks, belly, ocean, sideways.

## PROSE - 2 <br> THE NIGHT THE GHOSE GOT IN

Beagle, staircase, gripped, instantly, rushed, slammed, ventured, burglars, incomparable, misunderstanding, advent, cadence, upstairs, rubbing, rapidly, faint, interval, creaked, trod, despondent, decision, neighbor, whammed tinkled, occupied, retired, engraver, shouting, frothing, heaving, enormously, commendable, banging, streaks, hoarse, crisscrossed, tromping, yanked, ransack, intervene, retreat, indignant, sprawling, suspicion, gazed, cursing, glared, realize, thirsty, deserter.

## PROSE - 3

## EMPOWERED WOMEN - NAVIGATING THE WORLD

Escort, projected, advancement, occupy, major, accomplishments, tremendous, circumnavigated, patron, deity, worshipped, indigenously, commissioned, navigation, suite, array, empower, attain, potential, promoting, voyage, initiative, accurate, pollution, crew, expedition, replenishment, stereotype, hardships, unpredictable, challenges, acquainted, allowed, combat, prediction, emergencies, supportive, destination, contention, auxiliary, grasped, collaborate, blissful, witnessed, awestruck, delicacies, anticipate, morale, skippered, apprehensive.

## PROSE - 4 <br> THE ATTIC

Returned, ancestors, recollect, revive, existed, decided, recognized, soothing, harvest, dedicated, rustic, surprised, addressed, reminded, wink-catnap, wonder, crazy, recited, stretched, dilated, gesture, reason, forgotten, remember, lost, acute, ascertained, expressed, essential, overwrought, strewn, relief, sigh, amazed, antique, affluent, stared, jealous, accepted, smacks, charity, vented, absolutely, preferred, incident, hidden, restored, crumbled, peer, justify.

## PROSE - 5 <br> TECH BLOOMERS

Stuff, pre-defined, threshold, exhausted, appliance, ecommerce, consumable, cartridges, replacements, substitution, wished, reality, struck, kettle, sip, piping, management, automating, boon, disability, deprived, barriers, grapple, access, acceptance, inclusion, frustrating, achieve, rely, independent, amazing, opportunities, communicate, freedom, augmentative, alternative, navigation, gaze, icon, mounted, interactive, confident, competent, advocate, bespoke, ceremony, renowned, overcome, impairments, productively.

## PROSE - 6 <br> THE LAST LESSON

Dread, scolding, moment, warm, chirping, drilling, tempting, resist, battles, hurried, blacksmith, watcher, apprentice, bulletin, plenty, fun, breath, bustle, street, unison, rapping, ruler, commotion, quiet, classmates, imagine, blushed, frightened, kindly, quickly, embroidered, inspection, prize,
seemed, strange, solemn, former, thumbed, knees, mounted, attentive, thunderclaps, seeking, sliding, cranky, honour, recite, dreadful, pretend, reproach, anxious, blame, enslaved, prison, funny, spectacles, trumpets, dismissed, patience, stroke, pretend, reproach, motionless.

## PROSE - 7 THE DYING DETECTIVE

Horrified, sinking, disobey, gloomy, gaunt, chill, flushed, twitched, contagious, arouse, symptoms, examine, confidence, practitioner, ignorant, groan, bolted, stipulated, tongs, hesitant, delirious, persuade, trembling, frail, delayed, startled, pretending, agreed, disappear, described, coincidence, pleaded, nephew, sharp, drew, evidence, arrest, natural, detective, approach, scuffle capability, appearance, fasting, imprisonment, nutritious, delirious, crime, featuring, notable.


## GOVT EXAM QUESTIONS

1. The project was taken in consonance with the National Policy.
(PTA 1)
a) agreement
b) constant
c) disagreement
d) harmony
2. Navika Sagar Parikrama was a project undertaken in consonance with the National policy to empower women to attain their full potential. (AUG-2022)
a) disagreement
b) actions
c) opinions
d) agreement
3. The sun was soothing.
(PTA 1)
a) pleasing
b) relaxing
c) disturbing
d) burning
4. She picked up a shoe and whammedit through the window.
(PTA 1)
a) tapped
b) threw
c) struck
d) pulled
5. We look forward to a more inclusive way of learning, instead of the cloistered existence.
a) enclosed
b) detached
(PTA 2)
c) opened
d) united
6. We can now look forward to a more inclusive way of learning instead of the cloistered existence that most differently- abled learners had to face in the past.
(AUG-2022)
a) opened
b) enclosed
c) revealed
d) suppressed
7. 'Nothing' he said gruffly.
(PTA 2)
a) happily
b) roughly
c) sadly
d) plainly
(PTA 2)
8. Boost themorale in the country.
a) fear
b) attitude
c) mettle
d) confidence
9. The little man was startled.
(PTA 3)
a) surprised
b) excited
c) saddened
d) at ease
10. The birds were chirping at the end of the woods.
a) singing
b) shouting
c) tweeting
d) alarming
(PTA 3)
11. One can control the computer screen with a gaze.
a) blink
b) stare
(PTA 3)
c) look
d) strace
(PTA 4)
a) released
b) grasped
c) snatched
d) conquered
12. The light still shone palely down the stairs.
a) $\operatorname{dim}$
b) weak
c) bright
d) faint
(PTA 4)
13. Those are the times we have to be active. (PTA 4)
a) dynamic
b) lively
c) energetic
d) inactive
14. The sick-room was a gloomy spot.
(PTA 5)
a) dark
b) $\operatorname{dim}$
c) dull
d) bright
15. I amglad that we were able to finish it successfully.
a) Happy
b) pleased
c) sorry
d) joyful
(PTA 5)
16. "How ignorantyou are! Watson!" He said with a groan.
(PTA 6)
a) illiterate
b) uneducated
c) well informed
d) rude
17. I had counted on the commotionto get to my desk without being seen... (PTA 6) (APRIL-23)
a) confusion
b) disturbance
c) unrest
d) calmness
18. So we can now look forwardto a more inclusive way of learning.
(PTA 6)
a) further
b) ahead
c) proceed
d) backward
19. She screamed backmockingly.
(MDL-19)
a) disrespectfully
b) ridiculously
c) jeeringly
d) respectfully
20. We don't have to use any means of repulsion.
a) attraction
b) distaste
c) hate
d) horror
21. I indulged in banking.
(MDL-19)
a) took part
b) participated
c) abstained
d) yielded
22. Technology
is also a boon to citizens with
special needs.
(MDL-2023)(SEP-2020)
a) bonus
b) bane
c) blast
d) block
23. They were the steps of a man walking rapidly around the dining-table (MDL-2023)(SEP-2020)
a) timidly
b) silently
c) slowly
d) decently
24. What was the selection process?
(MDL-2023)(SEP-2020)
a) rejection
b) extension
c) termination
d) collection
25. His father was preening the feathers. (SEP-2021)
a) cleaning
b) clearing
c) dirtying
d) colouring
26. A portion of a wall of the attic had crumbled down.
a) withered
b) attached
(SEP-2021)
c) broken
d) taken
27. India's disabled are deprived by attitudinal barriers as they grapple with the challenges of acceptanceand inclusion.
(SEP-2021)
a) addition
b) separation
c) diversion
d) adoption
28. He could not rise, exhausted by the strange exercise.
a) crippled
b) weakened
c) energetic
d) surprised
29. But it would have been frustrating and difficult.
a) annoying
b) pleasing
c) disappointing
d) gigantic
(MAY-2022)
(MAY-2022)
30. I love it when people appreciate the food that I cook.
(MAY-2022)
a) dispose
b) judge
c) admire
d) despire
31. He forgot all about his ruler and how cranky he was.
(AUG-2022)
a) unique
b) known
c) peculiar
d) strange
32. I forgot all about Mr.Hamel's ruler and howcranky he was:
(APRIL-23)
a) unusal
b) familiar
c) unfamiliar
d) strange
33. We witnessed the bright lights from the sea:
a) famous
b) superb
(APRIL-23)
c) night
d) dull
34. The Sun was now ascending the sky.
a) climbing
b) rising
c) mounting
d) descending
35. The spoilt child of affluent parents!
a) odd
b) healthy
c) wealthy
d) happy
(APRIL-24)
36. The whole school seemed so strange.
a) odd
b) usual
c) weird
d) new

## PROSE - 1 <br> HIS FIRST FLIGHT

Coward, ascending, starve, huge, sank, rising, certain, desperate, proud, halted, praising, commence, end, hidden, farther, forward, joyful, forgot, interestingly, praise, plaintively, wide, forward, top, high, strange, loved, wide, commenced, floating .

## PROSE - 2 <br> THE NIGHT THE GHOSE GOT IN

Low, hopeless, half, back, down, shut, top, incomparable, narrow, bad, raised, attention, quick, asleep, upstairs, remember, heard, directly, expected, suspected, short, pulled, won, big, true, never, unannounced, defeat, hell, young.

## PROSE - 3 <br> EMPOWERED WOMEN - NAVIGATING THE WORLD

Permit, important, huge, safe, success, common, famous, perfect, encourage, regular, high, start, covered, stop, before, predictable, allow, difficult, outside, emergency, rough, necessary, old, minor, apply, survive, different, enter, trained, sailed, back, prepared, little, join, hard, invited, support, honest, complete, good, choose, tough, active, normal, high, remember, rare, expected, known, imagination.

## PROSE - 4 THE ATTIC

Retrun, recollected, reanimate, existed, decided, appreciate, apprehended, soothing, harvest, dependable, loyal, graceful, remember, recall, regard, curious, curious, wonder, absurd, reasonable, learn, elaborate, astute, comfort, essential, necessary, lost, antique, affluent, wealthy, stare, trustful, envious, accept, abide, bit, bit, completely, hidden, restore, normal, remain, heave, inside, worst, happy, costly, curious, anger, possible.

## PROSE - 5 TECH BLOOMERS

Exhausted, bored, smart, struck, hot, easy, special, deprived, barriers, continue, access, acceptance, suffer, difference, frustrating, appear, huge, rely, independent, limited, important, freedom, combined, confident, started, sending, spent, competent, recently, receive, talented, overcome,
contribute, productively, forward, inclusive, newer, truly, opening, enable, wearable, renowned, correct, increased, achieve, control, existence, inclusive, young, effort.

## PROSE - 6 <br> THE LAST LESSON

Start, morning, scold, warm, bright, edge, open, more, hurry, battle, plenty, fun, began, repeated, loud, imagine, nothing, kindly, over, beautiful, never, gentle, heavy, forget, poor, faithful, respect, loud, plenty, worst, carefully, top, cry, dismiss.

## PROSE - 7 <br> THE DYING DETECTIVE

Dying, save, behind, sickness, sinking, horrified, rushed, disobey, dare, gaunt, chill, brightness, approaching, advancing, leave, confidence, friendship, bring, ignorant, admitted, controlled, silent, dejection, kindness, delirious, before, remember, outside, delayed, different, agreed, disappear, wrong, strong, healthy, prove, groaned, open, sharp, fool, last, successful, responsible, scuffle, rude, prove, avoid, best, famous, notable.


## GOVT EXAM OUESTIONS

1. Choose the correct plural form of loaf from the following.
(MDL-2023)(PTA 1)
a) loafs
b) loaf
c) loaves
d) loave
2. Choose the correct plural form of lorry from the following.
(PTA 2)
a) lorrys
b) lorry
c) lories
d) lorries
3. Choose the correct plural form of child from the following.
(PTA 3)
a) childs
b) childrens
c) childes
d) children
4. Choose the correct plural form of syllabus.
a) syllables
b) syllabum
(PTA 4)
c) syllabi
d) syllabus
5. Choose the correct plural form of alumnus.
a) alumna
b) alumnae
c) alumni
d) alumnuses
6. Choose the correct plural form of deer. (PTA 6)
a) deers
b) door
c) dear
d) deer
7. Choose the correct plural form of 'alga' from the following.
(MDL-19)
a) algum
b) algi
c) algae
d) algas
8. Choose the correct plural form of 'accessory'from the following.
(SEP-2021)
a) accessorys
b) accessories
c) accessoryes
d) accessories
9. Choose the correct plural form of 'Furniture' from the following:
(AUG-2022)
a) furniture
b) furniturs
c) furnitures
d) furnituries
10. Choose the correct plural form of 'formula' from the following
(APRIL-23)
a) formulae
b) formulas
c) formii
d) formules
11. Choose the correct plural form of 'eskimo' from the following.
(APRIL-24)
a) eskimoss
b) Eskimos
c) eskimose
d) Eskimo

## OTHER EXERCISE

Write the plural forms of the following questions.

1. What is the plural form of 'kerchief'
a. kerchiefes b. kerchiefs
c. kerchiefae
2. 'nebula'
a. nebulas
b. nebulae
c. nebulum
3. 'wolf'
a. wolves
b. wolfs
c. wolf
4. 'fish'
a. fishes
b. fish
c. fishae
5. 'loaf'
a. loaves
b. loafs
c. loafae
6. 'cry'
a. cries
b. crys
c. cryes
7. 'thesis'
a. thesis b. theses c. thesisae
8. 'half'
a. halfs
b. halfes
c. halves
9. 'aircraft' $\begin{array}{lll}\text { a. aircraft } & \text { b. aircrafts } & \text { c. aircraftae }\end{array}$
10. 'datum'
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { a. datam } & \text { b. data } & \text { c. datas }\end{array}$
11. 'fungus'

| a. fungi | b. fungi | c. fugusae |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

12. 'fly'
a. flies
b. flys
c. fly
13. 'wife'
a. wives
b. wifes
c. women
14. 'species'
a. species
b. specieses
c. speciesae
15. 'passer - by'
a. passer -bysb. passers -by c.passer- by
16. 'analysis'
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { a. analyses } & \text { b. analysesae } & \text { c. analysises }\end{array}$
17. 'syllabus'
a. syllabuses b. syllabi c.both a and b
18. 'desk'
a. deskes b. desks c. desk
19. 'sheep'
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { a. sheepes } & \text { b. sheep } & \text { c. sheeps }\end{array}$
20. 'goose'
a. gooses
b. geese
c. geeses
21. 'matrix'
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { a. matrixae } & \text { b. matrices } & \text { c. matrixi }\end{array}$
22. 'medium'
a. mediums b. media c. mediumae
23. 'flora'
a. florae
b. flori
c. floras
24. 'calf'
a. calfs
b. calves
c. calfae
25. 'leaf'
a. leafs
b. leaves
c.leafae
26. ' $o x$ '
a. oxes
b. oxi
c. oxen
27. alumnus
a. alumni
b. alumni
c. alumnae
28. 'watch'
a. watch
b. wartches
c. watchae
29. ' aquarium'
a. aquariumsb. aquaria $\quad$ c. aquarias
30. 'grown up'
a. growns upb. grown ups c. grown ups
31. 'fox'
a. foxi
b. foxes
c. faxae
32. 'innings'
a. inningses b. innings c.inningsae
33. 'child'
a. children
b. childs
c. child
34. 'mouse'
a. mouses
b. mice
c. mousae
35. 'bus'
a. bus
b. buses
c. busae
36. 'memo'
a. memos
b. memo
c. memoae
37. 'deer'
a. deers
b. deer
c. deeres
38. 'pencil'
a. penciles
b. pencil
c. pencils
39. 'trousers'
a. trousers
b. trousersae
c. trouserses
40. 'nucleus'
a. nucleuses b. nuclei
c. nucle

\section*{| Q.NO | AFFIXES | 1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8 | இணைu்ப வrர்த்ணைகள் | MARK |}

## GOVT EXAM OUESTIONS

1. Form a derivative by adding the right prefix to the word $\qquad$ natural.
(PTA 1)
a) ir
b) mis
c) super
d) il
2. Form a derivative by adding the right suffix to the word fashion
(PTA 2)
a) ly
b) able
c) ty
d) tion
3. Form a derivative by adding the right prefix to the word $\qquad$ relevant.
(PTA 3)
a) il
b) im
c) ir
d) mal
4. Attach a suitable prefix to the word activate.
a) en-
b) non-
(PTA 4)
c) de-
d) dis-
5. Attach a suitable prefix to the word large :
a) en-
b) non-
(PTA 5)
c) de-
d) dis-
6. Attach a suitable suffix to the word excellent
a) ly
b) ism
(PTA6)
c) ication
d) ness
7. Form a derivative by adding the right suffix to the word document $\qquad$ —.
(MDL-19)
a) -ory
b) -ise
c) -ation
d) -ly
8. Form a derivative by adding the right suffix to the word'appear' $\qquad$ .(MDL-2023)(SEP-2020)
a) -able
b) -ence
c) -ible
d) -ance
9. Form a derivative by adding the right suffix to the word child _.
(SEP-2021)
a) -ment
b) -ies
c) -hood
d) -tion
(APRIL-24)
10. Form a derivative by adding the right prefix to the word $\qquad$ understand.
(MAY-2022)
a) dis-
b) in-
c) mis-
d) im-
11. Form a derivative by adding the right prefix to the word 'obedient' $\qquad$ (AUG-2022)
a) im
b) dis
c) un
d) in
12. Form a derivative by adding the right suffix to the word fail:
(APRIL-23)
a) en
b) ure
c) ment
d) ion

## OTHER EXERCISE

1. 'childish'

The boy is behaving childish $\qquad$
a. en
b. ly
c. ful
d. ty
2. 'free'

India got free $\qquad$ on August
15,1947
a. al
b. ly
c. dom d.age
3. 'act'

The man $\qquad$ acted well
a.en b.ex c.il c.re
4. 'comfort'

The room is not comfort $\qquad$
a. able
b. al
c. er
d. ed
5. 'kind'

Kind $\qquad$ is necessary for every human beings. a. able b. ful c. less d. ness
6. 'strong'

Karthik is the strong $\qquad$ boy in the class
a. er
b. est
c. able d. ness
7. 'change '

Is there any ____change offer available.
$\begin{array}{llll}\text { a. in } & \text { b. un } & \text { c. ex } & \text { d. dis }\end{array}$
8. 'possible'

Nothing is $\qquad$ possible
a. non b.pre c. non d. im
9. 'equal'

It is $\qquad$ equal in quantity
a. un b. ex c. re d. il
10. 'usual'

The $\qquad$ usual things are happening now.
a. de b. un
c. re
d. dis
11. 'honest'

He is a $\qquad$ honest man.
a. al b. some c. er d. dis
12. 'legal'

It is a ___ legal property.
$\begin{array}{llll}\text { a. in } & \text { b.im } & \text { c.il } & \text { d. dis }\end{array}$
13. 'stand'

Try to $\qquad$ stand what I am saying a. under b. m mis c. de d.re
14. 'happy'

He is $\qquad$ happy.
a. non
b. re
c. un
d. dis
15. 'virus'
$\qquad$ virus protects our computer.
a. pre
b
16. 'biography'

He is writing his own $\qquad$ biography.
a. auto
b. bio c. multi d.re
17. The $\qquad$ logy is the study of water
a. hyper
b. hydroc. hypo d. auto
18. 'take'

Don't $\qquad$ take me?
a. dis b.re c. mis d, non
19. 'media'

The $\qquad$ media are becomingpopular nowadays.
a. multi
b. non
c. dis
d. de
20. 'technology'

The $\qquad$ technology is the studyof very small objects.
a. Geo
b. nano c. anti
d. non
21. 'come'

The $\qquad$ come of this will lead to our success.
a. of b. bi c. dis
d. out
22. 'orphan'

They adopted a child from Orphan $\qquad$
a. age
b.ly
c. able
d. ness
23. 'present'

The gift is worth present $\qquad$
a. ly
b.ness
c. able
d. ed
24. 'refer'

Please mention the refer ___ pages.
a. ence b. ful
c. est
d. able
25. 'millionaire'

He is a $\qquad$ millionaire.
a. non b.multi c.dis d. re
26. 'adventure'

Travelling to a mountain is a adventure $\qquad$
one.
a. or
b.ous
c. er
d. able
27. 'bio'

Bio $\qquad$ is the study of livingthings.
a. able
b.ness
c. logy
d. less
28.'draw'

I $\qquad$ draw money from the bank.
a. sub
b. poly c. with d. non
29. 'angle'

The $\qquad$ angle has three sides.
a. tri
b. dis
c. non
d. re
30. 'circle'

Do circle has same radius as that of circle?
a. hemi
b. semi c. tri
d. bi
31. 'way'
$\qquad$ way is useful for avoiding traffics
a. sub
b. semi c. un
d. dis
32. 'synthesis'
$\qquad$ synthesis is essential for plants
a. re
b. uni
c. photo
d. pre
33. 'night'

Raghu reached home at $\qquad$ night.
34. 'regular'

The shape is $\qquad$ regular.
a. en
b. im c. ir d. re
35. 'pure'

The water is $\qquad$ pure.
a. dis
b. im c. in
d. il
36. 'dermis'

The $\qquad$ dermis is the outermost layer.
a. dis
b. with c. epi
d. auto
37. 'operation'

Your $\qquad$ operation is very essential
a. non
b. co
c. en
d. sub
38.'mate'

Naveen is my $\qquad$ mate.
a. well b. good c. nice d. class
39.' qualified'

You are $\qquad$ qualified.
a. dis
b. in c. en
d. re
40. 'person'

Shyam is a courage $\qquad$ person
a. ful
b. ness c. less d. ous


## GOVT EXAM OUESTIONS

1. Choose the correct expansion of the abbreviation IMF
(PTA 1)
a) Indian Monetary Fund
b) International Mutual Fund
c) International Monetary Fund
d) Indian Mutual Fund.
2. Choose the correct expansion of the abbreviation MRI
(PTA 2)
a) Magnified Resonance Imaging
b) Magnified Reasoning Imagery
c) Magnetic Resonance Imaging
d) Magnetic Resonance Imagery
3. Choose the correct expansion of the abbreviation

IIT.
(MDL-2023) (PTA 3)
a) International Institute of Teaching
b) Indian Institute of Teaching
c) Indian Institute of Technology
d) International Institute of Technology
4. The common expansion of CBI is (PTA 4)
a) Central Bureau of Investigation
b) Central Banks of India
c) Control Bureau of Investigations
d) Central Bureau of Investors
5. The common expansion of IIT
(PTA 5)
a) Indian Institute of Technology
b) International Institute of Technology
c) Industrial Institute of Technology
d) Italian Institute of Technology
6. The common expansion of GPS is
(PTA 6)
a) Geometric Position System
b) Global Positioning System
c) Global Pointing Structure
d) Globe Position System
7. Choose the correct expansion of the abbreviationSIM.
(MDL-19)
a) Subscriber Information Of the abbreviation
b) Subscriber Identification Module
c) Student Identification Module
d) School Identification module
8. The common expansion of BPT is (MAY-2022)
a) Bachelor of Para Therapy
b) Bachelor of Past Treatment
c) Bachelor of Psychological Treatment
d) Bachelor of Physiotherapy
9. Choose the correct expansion of the abbreviation

ATM:
(AUG-2022)
a) Automatic Teller Machine
b) Automated Teller Machine
c) Automized Teller Machine
d) Automobile Tele Machine
10. Choose the correct expansion of the abbreviation "CD"
(APRIL-23)
a) Compact Drive
b) Condensed Display
c) Compact Disc
d) Common Drive
11. Choose the correct expansion of the (APRIL-24) abbreviation 'AAC'
a) Augmentative and Alternative Communication
b) Accumulative and Alternative Communication
c) Augmentative and Assessive Communication
d) Augmentative and Artificial Computer.

## OTHER EXERCISE

1. The expansion of MLA is
a) Modulate Level Amplitude
b) Member of Legislative Association
c) Major Legislative Assembly
d) Member of Legislative Assembly
2. The expansion of IPS is $\qquad$
a) International Police Service
b) Indian Police Service
c) Indian Police Station
d) Indian Public Service
3. The expansion of NCC is $\qquad$
a) National Cadet Corps
b) National Cadet Crops
c) National Credit Corps
d) National Credit Crops
4. $\qquad$ Johnny eats fish, his brother won't touch it.
a) When
b. Inspite of
c) Although
d) However
5. I can't stand pop music $\qquad$ my sister loves it.
a) because
b) however
c) where as
d) never the less
6. weight.
a) Despite
b) Although
c) Where as
d) When

## ADDITIONAL

## ARTICLES <br> チட்டுச்சொறற்கள்

## OTHER EXERCISE

Choose the appropriate articles to complete the sentence

1. Education is $\qquad$ essential thing for life.
a) a
b) the
c) an
2. He holds $\qquad$ M.A. Degree is History.
a) a
b) an
c) the
3. This is not $\qquad$ easiest way to do it.
a) a
b) an
c) the
4. I found $\qquad$ dog in the street.
a) a
b) an
c) the
5. He has got ___ 12th rank.
a) a
b) an
c) the
6. 

a) a cow is a domestic animal. b) an
c) the
7. He buys___umbrella.
a) a
b) an
c) the
8. Gandhiji is $\qquad$ father of our nation.
a) a
b) an
c) the
9. He is eating $\qquad$ apple.
a) a
b) an
c) the
10. Karthik is $\qquad$ smartest boy in our class.
a) an
b) the
c) a
11. I have $\qquad$ good idea.
a) a
b) an
c) the
12. That is ____ interesting job.
a) a
b) an
c) the
13. There is $\qquad$ nice girl in the red car.
a) a
b) an
c) the
14. I always listen to $\qquad$ radio in the morning.
a) a
b) an
c) the
15. Do the Smiths have $\qquad$ yellow van?
a) a
b) an
c) the
16. There is $\qquad$ Elephant in the forest.
a) an
b) a
c) the
17. She is reading $\qquad$ old comic.
a) the
b) an
c) $a$
18. They have got $\qquad$ idea.
a) an
b) a
c) the
19. He is drinking ___ cup of coffee.
a) the
b) an
c) a
20. The girl is $\qquad$
a) a
b) an
c) the
21. Leipzig has $\qquad$ airport.
a) a
b) an
c) the
22. This is $\qquad$ expensive bike.
a) the
b) a
c) an
23.
___ summer of 1996 was hot
a) a
b) an
c) the n
24. $\qquad$ earth.
a) a
b) an
c) the
25. 'Look! There is $\qquad$ bird flying.
a) a
b) an
c) the
26. This is $\qquad$ book that I had been looking forin all the book shops.
a) an
b) a
c) the
27. I tried out $\qquad$ experiment.
a) an
b) a
c) the
28. Kumar is $\qquad$ Indian.
a) an
b) a
c) the
29. Every child jumps with joy at the sight of $\qquad$
elephant.
a) an
b) a
c) the
30. "What $\qquad$ amazing model"
whisperedHughie.
a) an
b) a
c) the


## Answer the following questions:

1) Why did the seagull fail to fly? (MAY -2022)
2) What did the parents do, when the young seagull failed to fly?
3) What was the first catch of the young seagull's elder brother?
(PTA 5)
4) What did the young seagull manage to find in his search for food on the ledge?
5) What did the young bird do to seek the attention of his parents?
(SEP-2021)
6) What made the young seagull go mad?
(APRIL-23)
7) Why did the young bird utter a joyful scream?
8) A Did the mother bird offer any food to the young bird?
(AUG-2022)
9) How did the bird feel when it started flying for the first time?
10) What did the young bird's family do when he started flying?
A. Answer the following questions in a sentence or two (TEXT PAGE - 5)
11) How was the young seagull's first attempt to fly? (or) Why dis the young seagull fail to fly?(PTA 2)
12) How did the parents support and encourage the young seagull's brothers and sister? (PTA 4, 5)
13) Give an instance that shows the pathetic condition of the young bird.
14) How did the bird try to reach its parents without having to fly?
15) Do you think that the young seagull's parents were harsh to him? Why?
16) What prompted the young seagull to fly finally?
(MDL - 19, PTA - 1)
17) What happened to the young seagull when it landed on the green sea?

## PROSE - 2 THE NIGHT THE GHOSE GOT IN

## Answer the questions briefiy :

1) Where was the author when he heard the noise?
2) What did the narrator think the by unusual sound was?
3) What were the various sounds the brothers had heard when they went downstairs?
4) Who were the narrator's neighbours?
5) How did the Bodwells react, when a shoe was thrown into their house?
6) What did the Bodwells think when they heard the mother shout?
7) What was the grandfather wearing?
8) What conclusion did grandfather jump to when he saw the cops?
9) Were the policeman willing to leave the house?
10) What made the reporter gaze at the author?
A. Answer the following questions in a sentence or two:
11) Why was the narrator sorry to have paid attention to the footsteps?
12) Why did Herman and the author slam the doors?
(PTA 2)
13) What woke up the mother? (MDL-2023)
(SEP -2020) (APRIL-24)
14) What do you understand by the mother's act of throwing the shoe?
15) Why do you think Mrs. Bodwell wanted to sell the house?
16) How the cops manage to enter the locked house?
17) Why were the policeman prevented from entering grandfather's room?
18) Who used the zither and how? (PTA 1)
19) Mention the events that the grandfather imagined.

## PROSE - 3 <br> EMPOWERED WOMEN - NAVIGATING THE WORLD

## Answer the questions briefly:-

1) What does INSV stand for? (APRIL-23)
2) When was INSV Tarini commissioned to Indian Navy service?
3) Who is Tara-Tarini? (OR) Write a short note on Tara- Tarini?
4) Where did the crew undergo their basic training?
5) How long were they trained to undertake this voyage?
6) Which skill was considered important in the selection process?
7) Who mentored the crew?
(AUG-2022)
8) Which quality of the skipper helped to bring out a successful expedition?
9) Who among the crew mentioned about teamwork?
10) When did they witness the brilliant southern lights from the sea? How did the sky appear there?
11) What festival did they celebrate during their expedition?
B. Answer the questions briefly (Text page 66)
12) Mention the special features of INSV Tarini.
(MDL -19)
13) What does the term circumnavigation mean?
(PTA-2, MAY -2022)
14) How did the all-women Indian Navy crew go about their voyage?
15) When did the crew start their voyage? When did they return to India? How many days did it take to complete the expedition?
16) What sort of training did the crew undergo before their expedition?
17) How did the crew members work as a team to make their expedition successful?
18) What challenging task did the team face during their voyage?
19) What sort of activities did the crew engage in during their long voyage?
20) Mention the celebrations which the crew enjoyed during their expeditions?
21) What factor motivated the crew to undertake this expedition?
(PTA-3)

## PROSE - 4

THE ATTIC

## Answer the questions briefly:

1) When did Aditya leave the local school? (PTA 6)
2) Why did Aditya think that the school would not be recognisable?
3) Who were Aditya's ancestors?
4) How was the landscape through which they travelled?
5) What did Aditya visit?
6) Where was Nagen uncle's shop?
7) Besides tea, what did Nagen uncle have in his shop?
8) What did Nagen uncle tell about Sanyal?
9) In what way was Mr. Sanyal's behaviour strange?
10) What did Nagen uncle tell about Sanyal's past life?
11) How did Sanyal show that he had a sense of selfrespect?
(PTA 4)
12) Why was the attic 'a favourite place' for the children?
(SEP-2021)
13) What did Aditya do on reaching the attic?
14) What did the jeweller say about the article?
15) Was Sanyal happy about his visitors?
16) Why did Sanyal recite the poem in the tea shop earlier?
17) What was engraved on the medal?
A. Answer the following questions in two or three sentences. (Text page 99)
18) Write a few lines about the owner of the shop.
19) What was the daily routine of Sanyal?
(MDL-2023) (MDL -19, SEP-2020)
20) Why was there a sudden change in Aditya's expression?
21) Why did Aditya decide to visit his ancestral home?
22) What was the condition of the attic?
23) When did Aditya heave a sigh of relief? Why?
24) Why did Aditya and his friend go to the jeweller?
25) What did Aditya offer Sanyal?
(PTA 3)
(MAY-2022)
26) "Your grievances are absolutely justified." Who says this to whom? Why?
27) Which month is called as Magha?(APRIL-23)

## PROSE - 5 <br> TECH BLOOMERS

## Answer the given questions briefly

1) What is the future of technology?
2) How many people in India suffer with disability?
(SEP-2021)
3) Who is Kim?
(PTA 5)
4) How does Kim help Alisha?(AUG-2022) (PTA 6)
5) Why is technology important according to David?
6) Name the instrument which David controls with his eye - movements?
7) What devices help David to move from one place to another?
(MDL-2023)
A. Answer the questions in one or two sentences. (Text page 123)
8) What are the benefits of the internet to the common man?
(PTA-1)
9) Do you think technology has improved communication? How?
10) How does David operate computers with the Communication Liberator Device? (MAY-2022)
11) Which devices are controlled using ACTIV controller?
(APRIL-24)
12) Who says these words "I want everyone to know the difference technology has made in my life"?
13) Which software helps Alisha to overcome her difficulty in typing?
14) Name a few Indian innovations which are helpful to the disabled and make their day to day life easier.
15) Is it possible to control the computer screen with eye gaze?
16) Suggest ways of making our society inclusive.
17) How would you help the people with disabilities in your neighbourhood?

## PROSE - 6 <br> THE LAST LESSON

## Answer the questions briefly:

1) What kind of news was usually put up on the bulletin board?
(PTA -6)
2) What was the usual scene when school began every day?
3) Other than the students, who were present in the class?
4) Why did M. Hamel say that it was the last French lesson?
5) What was Franz asked to tell? Was he able to answer?
6) Why did Mr.Hamel blame himself? (PTA 4)
7) What did M.Hamel say about the Frenchlanguage?
(SEP-2021)
8) How many years had M.Hamel been in the village?

## A) Answer the question in two or three sentences:

1) Why did franz dread to go to school that day?
2) What were the various things that tempted Franz to spend his day outdoors?
(MDL-19)
3) Why was the narrator not able to get to his desk without being seen?
4) What was Franz sorry for? (PTA-2) (APRIL-24)
5) Why were the old villagers sitting in the last desk?
6) What were the thoughts of the narrator's parents?
7) Why does M.Hamel say that we must guard our language?
8) M.Hamel was gazing at many things. What were they?
9) When and how did M.Hamel bid farewell to the class?
(PTA -3)

## PROSE - 7 THE DYING DETECTIVE

1) Who was Mrs. Hudson? Why was she worried?
2) Why didn't Holmes let Watson examine him?
3) Why did Holmes warn Watson against touching his things? Whatwas Watson's reaction?
4) What did Watson find on the table near the mantelpiece?
5) Who is Mr. Culverton Smith?
6) What did Holmes ask Watson to do before leaving his room?
7) What instructions did Holmes give Watson to get Mr. Smith?
8) Why did Holmes want Smith to treat him?
(APRIL-24)
9) According to Smith how did Holmes get the disease?
10) Who arrested Smith? What were the charges against him?
11) How did Watson feel when he heard of Holmes illness?
12) Why didn't the landlady call the doctor?
13) What was the condition of Holmes when Watson saw him?
14) According to Holmes what was the disease he was suffering from?
15) Who did Watson see when he entered the room?
16) What were the instructions given by Holmes to Watson?
17) Why did Holmes plead with Smith?
18) Who was responsible for Victor Savage's death? What was the evidence for it?
19) What explanation did Holmes give for speaking rudely to Watson?
20) How was Holmes able to look sick?

1. Let me but live my life from year to year, With forward face and unreluctant soul; Not hurrying to, nor turning from the goal; Not mourning for the things that disappear
a) What kind of life does the poet want to live?
(AUG-2022)(PTA-2, MAY -2022)
b) Who does 'me' refer to? (PTA-2,4,5, (MAY -2022)
c) What should one not mourn for?
d) How does he want to live?
(PTA-5)
e) Is the poet in a hurry?
f) Why do think the poet is not in a hurry?
g) Mention the rhyming words.
h) Mention the rhyme scheme.
i) Mention the figure of speech.
j) Pick out alliterated words.
k) Identify the rhyming scheme.
(AUG-2022)
l) Whom does the word 'me' refer to?
2. In the dim past, nor holding back in fear

From what the future veils; but with a whole And happy heart, that pays its toll To Youth and Age, and travels on with cheer.
a) Is the poet afraid of future? (PTA-6)
b) What does 'dim past' mean?
(PTA-6)
c) What does the poet pay to youth and age?
d) How does the poet travel?
e) Does he hold back in fear?
f) Mention the rhyming words
(PTA-4)
g) Mention the figure of speech.
3. So let the way wind up the hill or down, O'er rough or smooth, the journey will be joy: Still seeking what I sought when but a boy, New friendship, high adventure, and a crown,
a) How should the journey of life be? (PTA-5)
b) How is the way of life?
(APRIL-24)
c) What does 'crown' mean?
d) What did the poet seek?
e) Mention the rhyme scheme.
f) Mention the alliterated words.
g) Mention the figure of speech.
4. Still seeking what I sought when but a boy, New friendship, high adventure, and a crown, My heart will keep the courage of the quest, And hope the road's last turn will be the best.
a) What is the poet's hope?
(SEP-2020)
(MDL-2023)(APRIL-23)
b) What is the poet's quest?
(SEP-2020)
c) Did he achieve his desire?
d) What does 'quest' mean?
e) Mention the figure of speech
f) Mention the rhyme scheme.
g) Mention the rhyming words.
h) What kind of quest does the poet seek here?
(MDL-2023) (APRIL-23)

## POEM 2 <br> THE GRUMBLE FAMILY

1. There's a family nobody likes to meet; They live, it is said, on Complaining Street In the city of Never-Are-Satisfied, The River of Discontent beside
a) Why is the street called 'Complaining Street' ?
(PTA-1,4,5) (APRIL-23)
b) Where does the family live? (PTA-1,4,5)
(APRIL-23) (APRIL-24)
c) What's the family mentioned?
d) Which is the city?
e) Which is the river?
f) Mention the rhyme scheme.
g) Mention the rhyming words.
h) Mention the alliteration.
i) Identify the figure of speech.
2. They growl at that and they growl at this; Whatever comes, there is something amiss; And whether their station be high or humble, They are all known by the name of Grumble.
a) Why do they find everything 'amiss'?
b) What does 'growl' mean?
c) What does 'station' mean?
d) Who are 'they'?
e) Mention the rhyme scheme.
f) Mention the figure of speech in $1^{\text {st }}$ and $3^{\text {rd }}$ lines.
3. The weather is always too hot or cold; Summer and winter alike they scold. Nothing goes right with the folks you meet Down on that gloomy Complaining Street.
a) What does 'gloomy' mean?
b) What do they scold?
c) What do they do with the folks?
d) Pick out the rhyming words from the given stanza.
(APRIL-23)
e) Give the rhyme scheme for the given stanza
(APRIL-23)
f) Identify the figure of speech employed in the first line of the given stanza
(APRIL-23)
g) Pick our the alliterating words in the second line.
(APRIL-23)
4. They growl at the rain and they growl at the sun; In fact, their growling is never done.
And if everything pleased them, there isn't a doubt
They'd growl that they'd nothing to grumble about!
a) Does their growling end?
b) What do they growl at?
c) What happens if everything pleased them?
d) Mention the rhyming words.
e) Identify the figure of speech in the $1^{\text {st }}$ line?
f) Mention the alliteration.
5. But the queerest thing is that not one of the same Can be brought to acknowledge his family name;
For never a Grumbler will own that he Is connected with it at all, you see.
a) What will a grumbler never accept?
b) What is queerest?
c) What does 'grumbler' mean?
d) Mention the rhyming words.
e) Metion the alliteration.
6. The worst thing is that if anyone stays Among them too long, he will learn their ways; And before he dreams of the terrible jumble He's adopted into the family of Grumble.
a) What is the way of the grumble family?
b) What's the worst thing?
c) What is jumble's
d) Who's adopted into the grumble family?
e) Mention the alliteration.
7. And so it were wisest to keep our feet From wandering into Complaining Street; And never to growl, whatever we do, Lest we be mistaken for Grumblers, too.
a) What is the poet's advice?
b) What's the wisest thing?
c) Give the meaning' to keep our feet from wandering.
d) What will we be mistaken?
e) Mention the figure of speech in the $2^{\text {nd }}$ line.
f) Mention the rhyming words.
8. Let us learn to walk with a smile and a song, No matter if things do sometimes go wrong; And then, be our station high or humble, We'll never belong to the family of Grumble!
a) What should we do when things go wrong?
(MDL-19)
b) What does the poet expect everyone?
(MDL-19)
c) What does 'humble' mean?
d) Mention the rhyme scheme,
e) Mention the rhyming words.
f) Mark the alliteration
g) Mention the figure of speech in the $3^{\text {rd }}$ line

## POEM 3 I AM EVERY WOMAN

1. A woman is beauty innate,

A symbol of power and strength.
She puts her life at stake,
She's real, she's not fake!
a) What does a woman symbolize? (SEP-2021)
b) How is a woman?
(SEP-2021)
c) Who is a symbol of power?
d) What does 'stake' mean?
e) What does 'innate' mean?
f) What does 'fake' mean?
g) Is she fake?
h) Mention the rhyming words.
i) Mention the rhyme scheme
j) Mention the alliteration
k) What's the figure of speech in the $2^{\text {nd }}$ line?
2. The summer of life she's ready to see in spring.

She says, "'Spring will come again, my dear.
Let me care for the ones who're near."
She's The Woman - she has no fear!
a) How does she consider life?
b) What does 'summer' refer to?
c) Spring will come again- Explain.
d) Whom does she care for?
e) Does she have fear?
f) Mention the figure of speech.
g) Mention the rhyming words.
h) Mark the rhyme scheme
i) Mark the alliteration
j) How does she take life?
(AUG-2022)
k) What does she mean by "spring will come again?
(AUG-2022)

> 3. Strong is she in her faith and beliefs.
> 'Persistence is the key to everything,"
> says she. Despite the sighs and groans and moans,

She's strong in her faith, firm in her belief!
a) How does she deal with adversities?
(AUG-2022, PTA-2, MAY-2022, SEP-2021)
b) What is she strong about? (PTA-2,
(AUG-2022, SEP-2021, MAY-2022)
c) Who has strong faith?
(PTA-6)
d) What does 'persistence' mean?
e) Does she complain about the problems of life?
(PTA-6)
f) Mention the rhyme scheme.
g) Mark the alliteration.
4. She's a lioness; don't mess with her.

She'll not spare you if you're a prankster.
Don't ever try to saw her pride, her self-respect.
She knows how to thaw you, saw you-so beware!
a) What is the tone of the poetess?
(MAY-2022)
b) Give the meaning of 'thaw' and 'saw' Thaw means melt.
(MAY-2022)
c) Who is a lioness?
(MDL-19)
d) Who is a prankster?
(MDL-19)
e) Mention the rhyming words.
(SEP-2020)
f) Mark the rhyme scheme
(SEP-2020)
g) Mention the figure of speech in the $1^{\text {st }}$ line
h) Mark the alliteration
(SEP -2020)
i) Pick out the rhyming words from the above lines.
(MDL-2023)
j) Write the rhyme scheme of the given stanza.
(MDL-2023)
k) Identify the figure of speech employd here in this stanza
(MDL-2023)

1) Pick out the alliterating words in the fourth line.
(MDL-2023)
5. Don't ever try to saw her pride, her self-respect.

She knows how to thaw you, saw you - so beware!
She's today's woman. Today's woman, dear.
Love her, respect her, keep her near...
a) How should a woman be treated?
b) Is the poet talking about the women of the previous generation?
c) Whom does 'you' refer to?
d) What will today's woman do if her self - respect is hurt?
e) Mark the rhyme scheme.
f) Mention the figure of speech in the $3^{\text {rd }}$ line.
g) Mark the alliteration
h) Write the rhyming words.

## POEM 4 <br> THE ANT AND THE CRICKET

1. A silly young cricket, accustomed to sing

Through the warm, sunny months of gay summer and spring,
Began to complain when he found that, at home, His cupboard was empty, and winter was come.
a) Name the seasons mentioned here.
(PTA-5)
b) What was the cricket's routline?
(PTA-5)
c) What is cricket?
d) Why is its cupboard empty?(MDL-2023)
e) Who began to complain? Why?
(SEP-2020, PTA-4)
f) How was the summer?
g) Mention the rhyme scheme.
(PTA-1)
h) Mention the rhyming words.
i) Mark the figure of speech in the $1^{\text {st }}$ line
j) Mark the alliteration.
k) Who does 'he' refer to?
(MDL-2023)
2. Not a crumb to be found On the snow-covered ground;
Not a flower could he see,
Not a leaf on a tree.
"Oh! what will become, "says cricket, "of me?"
a) Who is he?
b) What was the season?
(MDL-19)
c) What is crumb?
d) What wasn't found on the ground?
e) How is the cricket?
f) Mark the rhyme scheme.
g) Mentionn the figure of speech.
3. At last by starvation and famine made bold, All dripping with wet, and all trembling with cold, Away he set off to a miserly ant,
To see if, to keep him alive, he would grant
a) Why did the cricket tremble?
(PTA-2,6)
b) What made the cricket bold?
(PTA-2,6)
c) Is it happy?.
(APRIL-24)
d) Who is he?
e) Whom did the cricket meet? Why?
f) Give the meaning of famine.
g) Mark the rhyme scheme.
h) Mention the figure of speech in the $3^{\text {rd }}$ line
i) Write the rhyming words.
4. Him shelter from rain.

And a mouthful of grain.
He wished only to borrow;
He'd repay it tomorrow;
He'd repay it tomorrow;
If not, he must die of starvation and sorrow.
a) What will keep the cricket alive?
b) What is it?
c) What did it want to borrow?
d) Give the meaning of 'starvation'
e) Mention the figure of speech.
f) Mark the alliteration.
5. Says the ant to the cricket, "I'm your servant and friend,
But we ants never borrow; we ants never lend.
But tell me, dear cricket, Did you lay anything by
When the weather was warm?" Quoth the cricket,
"Not I!"
a) Who says these lines to whom?
(APRIL-23)
b) Who is ' $I$ ' in the last line?
c) Why do you think ants neither borrow nor lend?
(APRIL-23)
d) What did the ant ask the cricket?
e) Give the meaning of lay by, and quoth.
f) Did the cricket save food?
g) Mark the rhyme scheme.
h) Mention the rhyming words.
i) Mark the alliteration.
6. My heart was so light

That I sang day and night,
For all nature looked gay."
"For all nature looked gay".
"You sang, Sir, you say?
Go then", says the ant, "and dance the winter away".
a) How did nature look?
b) What did the cricket do every day?
c) You sang, Sir, you say?
d) What did the ant ask the cricket to do?
e) Mention the figure of speech in the $3^{\text {rd }}$ and $4^{\text {th }}$ lines.
f) Mark the figure of speech in the $2^{\text {nd }}$ and last lline
g) Mark the rhyme scheme.
h) Mention the rhyming words.
i) Mark the alliteration.
7. Thus ending, he hastily lifted the wicket, And out of the door turned the poor little cricket Folks call this a fable. I'll warrant it true:
Some crickets have four legs, and some have two.
a) Did the ant help the cricket?
b) How did the cricket feel?
c) Explain the last line.
d) Who calls this a fable?
e) Mark the figure of speech in the last line.
f) Mark the alliteration.
g) Mark the rhyme scheme.
h) Mention the rhyming words.

## POEM 5

THE SECRET OF THE MACHINES

1. We were taken from the ore-bed and the mine, We were melted in the furnace and the pit
We were cast and wrought and hammered to design,
We were cut and filed and tooled and gauged to fit.
a) Who are 'we'?
(PTA-3, SEP-2020)
(MDL-2023)
(PTA-3)
b) How are they made to fit?
c) What does 'filed' mean?
d) Where are the metals melted?
(SEP-2020)
(MDL-2023)
e) Who is the speaker?
f) Mark the figure of speech.
g) Mark the rhyme scheme.
h) Mark the rhyming words.
i) Mention the alliteration.
2. Some water, coal, and oil is all we ask, And a thousandth of an inch to give us play: And now, if you will set us to our task, We will serve you four and twenty hours a day!
a) What do they ask for?
(PTA-1)
(MAY-2022)
b) Who are we?
(PTA-1, MAY-2022)
c) Who are 'you'?
d) Explain the $2^{\text {nd }}$ line.
e) Can they work without men?
(PTA-4)
f) Mark the figure of speech in the $2^{\text {nd }}$ line.
g) Mark the rhyme scheme.
h) Mention the rhyming words.
i) Mark the alliteration.
j) Who does the pronoun 'you' refer to here?
(AUG-2022)
k) Whose task is referred to as 'our task' here?
(AUG-2022)
(APRIL-24)
3. We can pull and haul and push and lift and drive, We can print and plough and weave and heat and light,
We can run and race and swim and fly and dive,
We can see and hear and count and read and write!
a) What does 'haul' mean?
b) Can a machine read?
c) Who are 'we'?
d) Mark the rhyme scheme (SEP-2021,MAY-2022)
e) Mention the rhyming words.
(SEP-2021,
MAY-2022)
f) Mark the figure of speech in lines 1-3
(SEP-2021, MAY-2022)
g) Mark the alliteration
(SEP-2021, MAY-2022)
4. But remember, please, the Law by which we live, We are not built to comprehend a lie, We can neither love nor pity nor forgive, If you make a slip in handling us you die!
a) Do machines do evil willingly?
b) How are machines not built? (SEP -2021)
c) Do they have feelings?
d) What should we remember? (SEP-2021)
e) Mark the figure of speech in the $2^{\text {nd }}$ and $3^{\text {rd }}$ lines.
f) Mention the rhyme scheme.
g) Mark the rhyming words.
h) Mark the alliteration.
5. Though our smoke may hide the Heavens from your eyes,
It will vanish and the stars will shine again, Because, for all our power and weight and size, We are nothing more than children of your brain!
a) Who are the 'children'?
b) Who are 'we'?
c) What does the smoke hide?
d) When do stars shine?
e) Mention the figure of speech in the last line.
f) Mark the rhyming words.
g) Mark the rhyme schme.
h) Mark the alliteration.

## POEM 6 NO MEN ARE FOREIGN

1. Rememer, no men are strange, no countries foreign
Beneath all uniforms, a single body breathes Like ours: the land our brothers walk upon Is earth like this, in which we all shall lie.
a) What is same for everyone of us?
b) What is found beneath all uniforms?(PTA-3)
c) Where will we lie finally? (PTA-3)
d) Mention the figure of speech in the $2^{\text {nd }}$ and $3^{\text {rd }}$ lines.
e) Mark the alliteration.
2. They, too, aware of sun and air and water, Are fed by peaceful harvests, by war's long winter starv'd.
Their hands are ours, and in their lines weread A labour not different from our own.
a) How are we fed?
(APRIL-23)
b) Mark the season here.
(PTA-1)
c) What is common for all of us?
(PTA-1) (APRIL-23)
d) What doesn't differ?
e) Mark the figure of speech in the $2^{\text {nd }}$ and $3^{\text {rd }}$ lines
f) Mention the alliteration.
3. Remember they have eyes like ours that wake Or sleep, and strength that can be won By love. In every land is common life
That all can recognise and understand.
a) How can strength be won?
b) Does life differ in every land?
c) Whom does 'they' refer to?
d) What do they have?
e) Mark the figure of speech in the $1^{\text {st }}$ line.
f) Mention the alliteration.
4. Let us remember, whenever we are told To hate our brothers, it is ourselves That we shall dispossess, betray, condemn. Remember, we who take arms against eachother
a) What do we do to ourselves?
b) Who tells us to hate our brothers?
c) Who defiles our earth?
d) What happens when we hate our brothers?
e) What are we told to do?
f) Mention the figure of speech.
g) Mark the alliteration.
5. It is the human earth that we defile. Our hells of fire and dust outrage the innocence Of air that is everywhere our own, Remember, no men are foreign, and no countries strange.
a) Who are not foreign?
b) What outrages the air's innocence?
c) Who aren't strange?
d) What causes fire and dust?
e) Mention the figure of speech.
f) Mark the alliteration.

## POEM 7

THE HOUSE ON ELM STREET

1. It sat alone.

What happened there is still today unknown. It is a very mysterious place, And inside you can tell it has a ton of space, But at the same time it is bare to the bone.
a) What does it refer to?
(PTA-3)
b) Where is it?
c) What happened inside it?
(PTA-3)
d) Is there any furniture?
e) How is the house?
f) Mention the rhyme scheme.
g) Mark the rhyming words.
h) Mention the figure of speech.
i) Mark the alliteration.
2. At night the house seems to be alive, Lights flicker on and off.
I am often tempted to go to the house, To just take a look and see what it is really about,
But fear takes over me.
a) What do lights do?
b) When does the house seem to be alive?
c) Is the poetess tempted to enter it?
d) Why doesn't she enter the house?
e) Whom does 'I' refer to?
f) Give the meaning of 'flicker'.
g) Mention the figure of speech in the $2^{\text {nd }}$ line
3. I drive past the house almost every day. The house seems to be a bit brighter On this warm summer day in May.
It plays with your mind.
To me I say, it is one of a kind.
a) When does the poet drive past the house?
b) Who is 'I'?
c) How does it seem?
d) What is the season?
e) What plays with our mind?
f) What is it?
g) Mention the alliteration.
h) Mention the rhyming words.
i) Mark the rhyme scheme.
j) Mark the figure of speech in the $4^{\text {th }}$ line.
4. Beside the house sits a tree. It never grows leaves,
Not in the winter, spring, summer or fall.
It just sits there, never getting small or ever growing tall,
a) What is near the house?
(MDL-19)
b) What is 'It'?
(MDL-2023)(SEP-2020)
c) Why doesn't the tree grow?
(MDL-19)
d) Does the poetess know the reason?
e) What kind of tree is it?
(SEP-2020)
f) Mark the rhyme scheme
(PTA-3)
g) Mention the figure of speech.
h) In what way is the tree a mystery? (MDL-2023)
5. Rumors are constantly being made, And each day the house just begins to fade.
What happened inside that house?
I really don't know.
I guess it will always be a mystery.
a) About what are rumours made?
b) What happens to the house daily?
c) What is the mystery about the house? (PTA-2,5)
d) What is rumour?
e) Mark the rhyme scheme.
f) Mention the rhyming words.
g) Mark the alliteration.

## SECTION II



## GOVT EXAM QUESTIONS

I. Rewrite the following sentence to the other voice.

1. I noticed a sudden change in Aditya's face.(PTA 1)
2. The doctor kindly warned me.
(PTA 2)
3. M. Hamel mounted his chair.
(PTA 3)
4. They have asked me to pay the fine.
(PTA 4)
5. You are making a cake now.
(PTA 5)
6. Please assemble in the ground.
(MDL-19)
7. Why have you left your brother at home? (PTA-6)
8. Rosy will slove the problem.
(MAY-2022)
9. When will you finish the building?
(SEP-2021)
10. You are advised not to be careless.
(SEP-2020)
(MDL-2023)
11. Mala will write a letter
(AUG-2022)
12. That portrait was painted by my grandmother
(APRIL-23)
13.Have you invited Raman to the party? (APRIL-24)

## OTHER EXERCISE

## Rewrite as directed.

1. My mother read the novel in one day. (Into passive)
2. You are being watched by the police (into Active)
3. The sums have been done by us (into Active)
4. The team will celebrate their victory tomorrow (into Passive)
5. Rani faxed her application for a new job (into Passive)
6. The Prime Minister was given a warm welcome by the students (into Active)
7. The crops have been ruined by the floods (into Active)
8. Let the boy not be teased. (into Active)
9. I will clean the house every Sunday (into Passive)
10. Shravan generously donated money to the homeless. (into Passive)
11. We are taught English by Jones (into Active)
12. A new building is being constructed by our owner..(into Active)
13. The forest fire destroyed the whole suburb. (into Passive)
14. The two kings are signing the treaty. (into Passive)
15. The director will give you instruction.
(into Passive)
16. The picture has been painted by my uncle.
(into Active)
17. Raghu is being helped by his friends (into Active)
18. The babies were bitten by the mosquitoes
(into Active)
19. Road accidents injured many people every day
(into Passive)
20. They lock the gate every night (into Passive)
21. The table can be lifted by him (into Active)
22. A saree had been bought by Sheela. (into Active)
23. Invitation cards will be sent next week (into Active)
24. Our company will employ twenty five young men next month.(into Passive)
25. No one responded to my sales ad. (into Passive)
26. We are going to watch a movie tonight. (into Passive)
27. The newspaper is read by my brother daily. (into Active)
28. The world cup was won by the Indian Team (into Active)
29. I am advised by my teacher (into Active)
30. Who ate the last cookie? (into Passive)

## $-----------------\frac{-}{2}$ <br> 24 உమையயTLலை அறิக்கையாக்குநதல் MARKS

## GOVT EXAM QUESTIONS

## Rewrite using indirect speech.

1. "How did he get it?", he asked. (PTA 1)
2. He said, "I am glad they are strong". (PTA 2)
3. "Let not thne eyes be blinded, my son", she sad.
(PTA 3)
4. "Where are we going, sir?" asked the aerocoachman. (MDL-19)
5. Srivatsav said, "I have been wainting for my friend in the park since 6 a.m."
6. Mohan: I lost my wallet on the way
(PTA-6)
Sathya: Did you have any money?
7. Somu said, "It's his favourite pet".(MAY-2022)
8. Maya said, "when is Zigzag coming here?"
(MDL-2023) (SEP-2022)
9. Balu said, "Asia is the largest continent?"
(SEP-2021)
10.Guna said, "This is my watch" (AUG-2022)
10. She asked "When will you call me?" (APRIL-23)
11. He said, "I have bought five apples from the shop".
(APRIL-24)

## OTHER EXERCISE

## Rewrite the following in Indirect Speech

1. Karthik said," My brother went with me to the show yesterday".
2. Ravi asked, "Where I had gone the previous weekend?"
3. The doctor said, "I'll send you the results as soon as they active".
4. "Don't you know that Ravi has been robbed?" asked Inspector Ram.
5. Mr. Raghu asked, "Will all of you take part in the cleanliness campaign?"
6. He said, "I will go to London tomorrow".
7. The teacher said to the boys, "Don't talk in the class".
8. Please give me something to eat. I am hungry". The old man said to them.
9. He said, "Alas! I have broken my brother's Watch".
10. Shyam said to Jeeva, "How often do you go to the theatre?"
11. The teacher has said to the pupils, "Sea water is different from the river water".
12. Martha said, "If I tidied my room, my dad would be happy".
13. He said, " I can lend you my car".
14. She asked, "Do you want to come with me?"
15. Rani said, "I was attacked by a agency of Hooligans while walking back home,"
16. Raghavan asked, "Is Stephen still playing sneecker with you all?"
17. The guard said to the boy, "Don't throw rubbish here!"
18. She said, "Oh! It's a snake. Don't go near it, children".
19. Have you ever sealed the haft in your district?" asked Dhanush.
20. Radha asked Banu, "why do you make so much noise?"
21. Ravi said to Raghu, "I have finished my work already".
22. She said to him, " I will give your book now".
23. The mother said to the child, "Don't touch the bouncing candle".
24. My father said to me, "Did anyone come to see me yesterday?"
25. What a terrible accident!" the old man said.
26. He said, "Let us wait for some time".
27. My mother said to me, "Have you read the letter?"
28. Lalli said to her friend, "Thank you so much. I shall never forget your help".
29. The teacher said to her students, "We are going on an excussion to Ooty next week".
30. The doctor said to patient, "How do you feel now?"

Rewrite the following sentences in Direct Speech

1. Rani told me this week they had painted the hall last weekend.
2. He told me he would go on holiday tomorrow.
3. Ravi said he had been working on that project.
4. Pavithra asked Deepika why she had made so much noise.
5. Shop Assistant asked if I was looking for something Special.
6. Karthick said he would lend me his grammar book if I thought it would help.
7. Mohan asked stephen why he had not attended the meeting the day before.
8. I asked my friend if he would not help me to carry that box.
9. She exclaimed joyfully that she had escaped by God's grace.
10. He asked me what I wanted then.
11. Ravi told us that he had been waiting for us there for more than an hour.
12. I earnestly requested them to be quit
13. Sam asked Ram how he had got the job.
14. Mother warned the children not to go near the fire.
15. Prem asked Shyam if he could give him some money.
16. Raghav asked his mother for a cup of coffee.
17.They exclaimed that the Taj is a very wonderful building,
17. He proposed that they should do their duty.
18. Vijay asked Mahesh when they could meet them again.
19. He requested his friend to help him.

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Q.NO } \\ 25 \end{gathered}$ | PUNCTUATIONS | $\begin{gathered} 2 \\ \text { MARKS } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - - | - - - - - | - |
| GOVT EXAM QUESTIONS |  |  |

Punctuate the following sentence.

1. stand back stand right back he cried
(PTA 1)
2. no it's the inhabitants corley replied
(PTA 2)
3. I said no I m not don $t$ be silly
(PTA 3)
4. we had ghosts I said
(PTA 4)
5. He was near the sea now flying straight over it facing out over the ocean
(PTA 5)
6. Wherefore said miranda did they not that hour destroy us
(MDL-19)
7. do you know the symptoms asked smith
(APRIL-24)

## OTHER EXERCISE

1. thank you shelly the lady said holding her hand out orme to shake for taking care of Sam
2. what you told that old beggar all my private affairs ried hughie looking very red and angry.
3. Ice what happened to you I asked as i knelt down beside him
4. smallest of all the willow warbler half the size of a sparrow covers as many as 3200 km to reach us every winter.
5. you see kumar though they have stayed here for almost half a year and enjoyed our climate and the food available they knew that their home is in the arctic
6. the old man said alas ive lost my health
7. millionaire models remarked alan are rare enough but my joe mode millionaires are rare still.
8. they should be studying but we keep them shooing away to find water chaya says
9. the little girl said where is the cat cant see it anywhere
10. the bearer said to nathan all right ill bring you another cup of coffee.
11. usha said to ram I dont like to hear your advice please keep quiet
12. the young man said to me,may park my car here ill be back in half an hour
13. the stranger said to me is your father at home I haven't seen him for ages
14. ramya said to her mother can I have salt please
15. vidya said I'm so tired now ill call you later
16. naren said to charan how are you
17. my father is an mp previously he was an mla
18. the magistrate said to the accused don't keep mum tell me what you think
19. uma said im leaving for singapore next monday.
20. more snuff hurbert said in a hushed voice gently locking the cupboard
21. didn't I tell you not to disturb me
22. mr. hari said to his driver drop me at my office and pick me up at 3.pm
23. veena said to her friend how beautiful your handwriting is
24. raghu does not make mistakes thought the teacher.

25 . how very strange said the old man.
26. how did i commit a mistake he wondered
27. which one would you pass as a bill
28. no said louise martinez who lived opposite the couple.
29. we got to fight to the very end.
30. we got to keep my self as high out of the water as I can
31. come on we've got to get out of here now serge urged his partner celine.
32. she's dead he thought
33. i have got to try to grab that pipe celine thought
34. lucy said its getting late well hire a taxi
35. rani said to prakash son don't bring those play things into the house.
36. priya said to her friend are youcrazy why didnt you keep quiet like others.
37.he said to his neighbor ah I am undone.
38. ill never see her again she thought
39. the master said to his servants do as I say
40. naveen said to his father will you allow me to go on an excursion to kerala.
41. do they care how will they be penalized if they refuse to pay

## Q.NO SIMPLE, COMPOUND, COMPLEX  <br> 2 <br> MARKS

## GOVT EXAM QUESTIONS

1. Tansform the following sentence into a simple sentence.
(PTA 1)
He is sick but he attends the rehearsal. (into Simple)
2. Transform the following sentence into a compound sentence.
(PTA 2)
If Ryan reads more, he will become proficient in the language. (into compound)
3. Transform the following sentemce into a complex sentence.
(PTA 3)
Neela followed my suggestions. (into complex)
4. Transform the following sentence as directed.
(PTA 5)
The students were intelligent. They could answer the questions correctly. (combine it into complex sentence
5. Transform the following sentence as directed.
(May-2022)
I saw a tiger. It was wounded. (into Simple)
6. Transform the following sentence as directed. On seeing the teacher the children stood up. (into compound)
(SEP-2021)
7. Transform the following sentence as directed. Ramesh changed his dress and went out to play. (into simple)
(MDL-2023) (SEP-2020)
8. Transform the following sentence as directed.

As Catherin is a voracious reader, Catherin buys a lot of books. (into simple)
(MDL-19)
9. Transform the following sentence as directed. Combine the sentence using the appropriate connector.
(PTA 4)
Sita saw a snake. At once she ran away.
10. Transform the following sentence as directed.

Walt carefully lest you should fall down. (into complex)
(PTA-6)
11. Combine the following into oompun a senence.
(AUG-2022)
He reached the station. He missed the train.
12. Combine the following sentence into a simple sentence.
(APRIL-23)
Raghav is sick but he attends are rehearsal.
13. Change the following sentence into a simple sentence.
He followed what I suggested.
(APRIL-24)

## OTHER EXERCISE

Combine each into a single sentence;

1. Nithya is stupid. She is arrogant
2. He is poor. He could not study medicine
3. I was crossing the road. I met with an accident.
4. The bell rang. The students ran away.
5. The thief heard the sound. He ran away quickly
6. I met my friend. His name is Santhosh
7. She was sincere. She was not recognized.
8. The coffee is very hot. I cannot drink it
9. You must work hard. Then only you will succeed.
10. He was tired. He attend the function.
11. I pray to God. I go to bed.
12. You are very short. You cannot touch the roof.
13. He was ill. He did not attend the class
14. He is poor. He helps others.
15. He is rich. He is not helpful
16. David worked hard. He got first rank..
17. Don't eat too much. You will become fat.
18. We locked the door. We went out.
19. She read the news. She burst into tears.
20. He received the message. At once he hurried out.
21. He was careless. He missed the chance.
22. He is courageous. His enemies also admitted this.
23. This is my new car. I bought it yesterday.
24. He sells fruits. He also sells vegetables.
25. I have a friend. She is good at mathematics.
26. He is very weak. He cannot walk.
27. You spread rumours. You will be punished.
28. They played well. They lost the match.
29. He felt tired. He took a cup of tea.
30. He is wrong. I am sure of it.
31. She is calm. She is brave.
32. He is poor. He donates generously.
33. I were a bird. I would fly in the Mars.
34. The old lady died. The doctor arrived late.
35. You must play well. Then only you will win the game.


## GOVT EXAM QUESTIONS

1. Rearrange the words in the correct order to make meaningful sentences : (PTA 1)
a) he sent / At the / for me / I was a / time / clerk.
b) slept / But / on / Zigzag / undisturbed.
2. Rearrange the words in the correct order to make meaningful sentences : (PTA 2)
a) beckoning / calling / They were / to him / shrilly.
b) amazed / how / to see / Iwas / well / I / it / understood.
3. Rearrange the words in the correct order to make meaningful sentences: (PTA 3)
a) why / Nagen / uncle / asked / there / were / we.
b) was / alone / The / seagull / young / his / on / ledge.
4. Rearrange the words in the correct order to make meaningful sentences: (PTA 4)
a) must / them / the / be / by culprits / arrested. b) results / they / the / will / publish.
5. Rearrange the words in the correct order to make meaningful sentences :
(PTA 5)
a) writing - system - telephone - am - to - I - about - banking - your complain
b) You - believe - hear - should what never you.
6. Rearrange the words in the correct order to make meaningful sentences : (MAY-2022)
a) loan/apply/you/if/ for / you / a / get / will / immediately /it.
b) himself / preferred/he/mail/by/handling.
7. Rearrange the words in the correct order to make meaningful sentences :
(SEP-2021)
a) a sudden / it / Aditya's / I noticed / asked / reason for / expression / and I / change in / him the.
b) at onec / church-clocks / twelve / All / the / struck.
8. Rearrange the words in the correct order to make meaningful sentences:
(MDL-2023)
a) followed / suggestion / my / they. (SEP-2020)
b) hard-working / Mathew / was / businessman / a
9. Rearrange the words in the correct order to make meaningful sentences:
(MDL-19)
a) he saw / when / in the / platform / the train / he rushed.
b) as / I / healthy / are you / am / as.
10. A stranger wants to visit the Museum. Write the steps to guide him to reach his destination.
(SEP-2020) (MDL-2023)

11. A stranger wants to go to a hospital. Write the steps to guide him to reach his destination.
(SEP-2021)

12. You are near the market. A stranger asks you to direct him to the Museum. Give instructions to help him
(AUG-2022)

13. A Stranger asks you are direct him to Raja Store Give instructions to help him.
(APRIL-24)

14. A Stranger asks you are direct him to Raja StoreGive instructions to help him.(MAR-24)

1) Describe the struggles undergone by the young seagull to overcome its fear of flying.
(AUG-2022) (MDL-19, PTA 2, 4, 5, SEP -2020)(APRIL-23)
(OR)
Explain the experience of the young seagull in "His First Flight" Written by Liam O' Flaherty.
(MDL-2023) (MAY -2022)
2) Your parents sometimes behave like the young bird's parents. They may seem cruel and unrelenting. Does it mean that they do not care for you? Explain your views about it with reference to the story.

## PROSE - 2 THE NIGHT THE GHOSE GOT IN

1. Describe the funny incident that caused the confusion in the house.
(PTA 3)
(OR)
Describe the incidents that led to the rousing of the mother and the calling of the police.
(PTA -6)
2. Narrate the extensive search operation made by the policemen in the house.
(PTA 1, 4)
(APRIL-24)

## PROSE - 3

EMPOWERED WOMEN - NAVIGATING THE WORLD

1. Highlight the factors responsible for the all-women Indian Navy crew to carry out their expedition.
(AUG-2022)(PTA 1, 3, 5, 6, SEP-21, MAY -22) (APRIL-24)
2. Write in detail about the selection and training process which the crew underwent.

> | PROSE - 4 |
| :---: |
| THE ATTIC |

1. Give a detailed account account of all thoughts and questions in the narrator's mind while accompanying Aditya from the tea shop to Sanyal's house.
(PTA 5, 6) (SEP-2021)(APRIL-23)
2. "Man does change with time'-What were the various changes that came about in Aditya? (MDL-19, MAY-2022)
3. Give a brief character sketch of Sasanka Sanyal. (MDL-2023) (PTA 1, 3, 4) (SEP-2020) (AUG2022) (APRIL-24)

## PROSE - 5 <br> TECH BLOOMERS

1. How do we use technology in our day to day lives?
(MDL-2023) (PTA 3, SEP-2020)
2. "Technology is a boon to the disabled". Justify. (MDL-19, PTA 2, 5, SEP-2021) MAY-2022)
(APRIL-24)

## PROSE - 6 <br> THE LAST LESSON

1. We appreciate the value of something only whenwe are about to lose it. Explain this with reference to the French language and M. Hamel. (PTA 2) (SEP2021)
2. Give an account of the last day of M. Hamel in school. (MDL-2023)(PTA -1) (SEP-2020) (AUG-2022) (APRIL-23)

## PROSE - 7 <br> THE DYING DETECTIVE

1. How did Holmes trap Mr. Culverton Smith to confess the murder?
(PTA-6)
2. How did Watson help his friend to arrest the criminal? (MDL-19, PTA 2) (APRIL-23)

## SECTION-II



## POEM - 1 LIFE

1. Describe the journey of life as depicted in the poem by Henry Van Dyke. (OR) How does the post Henry van Dyke lead his life?
(AUG-2022)(MAY -2022) (APRIL-23)

## POEM - 2 THE GRUMBLE FAMILY

1. Write a paragraph on 'The Grumble Family' and their attitude towards other folks.(PTA 1)
(APRIL-24)
2. If you were to live in the Complaining Street, how will you deal with the people who grumble?
3. From the poem 'The Grumble Family' what kind of behaviour does the poet want the readers to possess?
(PTA 3)

## POEM - 3 I AM EVERY WOMAN

1. How are today's women portrayed by the poet? (OR) What qualities have made women Powerful? (MDL-2023)(AUG-2022) (PTA-4, PTA-6, MAY-2020, SEP-2021, MAY-2022)

## POEM - 4 <br> THE ANT AND THE CRICKET

1. 'Some crickets have four legs and some have two' Elucidate this statement from the poet's point of view
(PTA 2)
2. Compare and contrast the attitude of the ant and the cricket. (MDL-19, PTA -5) (APRIL-23) (APRIL-24)
3. If given a chance, who would you want to be the ant or the cricket? Justify your answer.

> | POEM-5 |
| :---: |
| THE SECRET OF THE MACHINES |

1. What feelings are evoked in us by the machines in the poem "The Secret of Machines"? (OR) How do machines confess they are inferior to human brain?
(PTA-1,6, SEP-2022)

## POEM - 6

## NO MEN ARE FOREIGN

1. What is the central theme of the poem 'No men are foreign'?
(PTA 2) (SEP-2020) (MDL-2023)
2. The poem 'No men are foreign' has a greater relevance in today's world. Elucidate. (PTA 5)

## POEM - 7

THE HOUSE ON ELM STREET

1. Where is the house located? Why is it a mysterious place?
2. How is the mystery depicted in this poem The house on Elm Street?
(PTA 3, 4, MDL-19)

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Q.NO } \\ 36 \end{gathered}$ | PARAPHRASE OF A POEM | $5_{\text {MARKS }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| POEM - 1 |  |  |
| LIFE |  |  |

1. Paraphrase the following stanza.

Let me but live my life from year to year,
With forward face and unreluctant soul; Not hurrying to, nor turning from the goal; Not mourning for the things that disappear
2. In the dim past, nor holding back in fear From what the future veils; but with a whole And happy heart, that pays its toll To Youth and Age, and travels on with cheer.
(SEP-2021)
3. So let the way wind up the hill or down, O'er rough or smooth, the journey will be joy: Still seeking what I sought when but a boy, New friendship, high adventure, and a crown,
4. Still seeking what I sought when but a boy, New friendship, high adventure, and a crown, My heart will keep the courage of the quest, And hope the road's last turn will be the best.
(PTA-6)

## POEM - 2 THE GRUMBLE FAMILY

1. There's a family nobody likes to meet; They live, it is said, on Complaining Street In the city of Never-Are-Satisfied, The River of Discontent beside
2. They growl at that and they growl at this; Whatever comes, there is something amiss; And whether their station be high or humble, They are all known by the name of Grumble.
3. The weather is always too hot or cold; (PTA-4)

Summer and winter alike they scold.
Nothing goes right with the folks you meet
Down on that gloomy Complaining Street.
4. They growl at the rain and they growl at the sun; In fact, their growling is never done. (PTA-2) And if everything pleased them, there isn't a doubt They'd growl that they'd nothing to grumble about!
5. But the queerest thing is that not one of the same Can be brought to acknowledge his family name; For never a Grumbler will own that he Is connected with it at all, you see.
6. The worst thing is that if anyone stays Among them too long, he will learn their ways; And before he dreams of the terrible jumble He's adopted into the family of Grumble.
7. And so it were wisest to keep our feet From wandering into Complaining Street; And never to growl, whatever we do, Lest we be mistaken for Grumblers, too.
8. Let us learn to walk with a smile and a song, No matter if things do sometimes go wrong; And then, be our station high or humble, We'll never belong to the family of Grumble!

## POEM - 3 <br> I AM EVERY WOMAN

1. A woman is beauty innate,

A symbol of power and strength.
She puts her life at stake,
She's real, she's not fake!
(MAY-2022)
2. The summer of life she's ready to see in spring. She says, "Spring will come again, my dear. Let me care for the ones who're near." She's The Woman - she has no fear!
(MAY-2022)
3. Strong is she in her faith and beliefs.
"Persistence is the key to everything," says she. Despite the sighs and groans and moans,
She's strong in her faith, firm in her belief!
4. She's a lioness; don't mess with her. She'll not spare you if you're a prankster. Don't ever try to saw her pride, her self-respect. She knows how to thaw you, saw you - so beware!
(AUG-2022) (APRIL-23)
5. Don't ever try to saw her pride, her self-respect.

She knows how to thaw you, saw you - so beware! She's today's woman. Today's woman, dear. Love her, respect her, keep her near...

## POEM 4 <br> THE ANT AND THE CRICKET

1. A silly young cricket, accustomed to sing Through the warm, sunny months of gay summer and spring,
Began to complain when he found that, at home, His cupboard was empty, and winter was come.
2. Not a crumb to be found

On the snow-covered ground;
Not a flower could he see,
Not a leaf on a tree.
"Oh! what will become, "says cricket, "of me?"
3. At last by starvation and famine made bold, All dripping with wet, and all trembling with cold, Away he set off to a miserly ant, To see if, to keep him alive, he would grant
4. Him shelter from rain.

And a mouthful of grain.
He wished only to borrow;
He 'd repay it tomorrow;
He'd repay it tomorrow;
If not, he must die of starvation and sorrow. `
5. Says the ant to the cricket, "I'm your servant and friend,
But we ants never borrow; we ants never lend.
But tell me, dear cricket, Did you lay anything by
When the weather was warm?" Quoth the cricket,
"Not I!"
6. My heart was so light

That I sang day and night,
For all nature looked gay."
"For all nature looked gay".
"You sang, Sir, you say?
Go then", says the ant, "and dance the winter
away".
7. Thus ending, he hastily lifted the wicket, And out of the door turned the poor little cricket Folks call this a fable. I'll warrant it true: Some crickets have four legs, and some have two.

## POEM 5 <br> THE SECRET OF THE MACHINES

1. We were taken from the ore-bed and the mine, We were melted in the furnace and the pit

We were cast and wrought and hammered to design,
We were cut and filed and tooled and gauged to fit.
2. Some water, coal, and oil is all we ask,

And a thousandth of an inch to give us play:
And now, if you will set us to our task,
We will serve you four and twenty hours a day!
3. We can pull and haul and push and lift and drive,

We can print and plough and weave and heat and light,
We can run and race and swim and fly and dive,
We can see and hear and count and read and write!
(MDL-19)
4. But remember, please, the Law by which we live,

We are not built to comprehend a lie, (MDL-19)
We can neither love nor pity nor forgive,
If you make a slip in handling us you die!
5. Though our smoke may hide the Heavens from your eyes,
It will vanish and the stars will shine again,
Because, for all our power and weight and size,
We are nothing more than children of your brain!

## POEM 6 NO MEN ARE FOREIGN

1. Rememer, no men are strange, no countries

> foreign

Beneath all uniforms, a single body breathes Like ours: the land our brothers walk upon Is earth like this, in which we all shall lie.
(APRIL-24)
2. They, too, aware of sun and air and water, Are fed by peaceful harvests, by war's long winter starv'd.
Their hands are ours, and in their lines we read A labour not different from our own.
3. Remember they have eyes like ours that wake Or sleep, and strength that can be won By love. In every land is common life That all can recognise and understand. $\backslash$
4. Let us remember, whenever we are told To hate our brothers, it is ourselves

That we shall dispossess, betray, condemn. Remember, we who take arms against each other
5. It is the human earth that we defile.

Our hells of fire and dust outrage the innocence Of air that is everywhere our own, Remember, no men are foreign, and no countries strange.

## POEM 7 <br> THE HOUSE ON ELM STREET

1. It sat alone.

What happened there is still today unknown.
It is a very mysterious place,
And inside you can tell it has a ton of space,
But at the same time it is bare to the bone.
2. At night the house seems to be alive, Lights flicker on and off. I am often tempted to go to the house, To just take a look and see what it is really about,
But fear takes over me.(SEP-2020)(MDL-23)
3. I drive past the house almost every day.

The house seems to be a bit brighter
On this warm summer day in May.
It plays with your mind.
To me I say, it is one of a kind. (PTA-1)
4. Beside the house sits a tree.

It never grows leaves,
Not in the winter, spring, summer or fall.
It just sits there, never getting small or ever growing tall,
5. Rumors are constantly being made,

And each day the house just begins to fade.
What happened inside that house?
I really don't know.
I guess it will always be a mystery.

## SECTION-III

## Q.NO <br> 37

COHERENT ORDER (SUPPLEMENTARY)

## SUPPLEMENTARY - 1 THE TEMPEST

## Rearrange the following sentences in coherent order:

* He ordered Ariel to torment the inmates of the ship.
(MDL-19, MAY-2022)
* Miranda was attracted by Ferdinand and had more concern towards him.
* Prospero and Miranda came to an island and lived in a cave.
* Prospero forgave them and restored his dukedom, Milan.
* He raised a violent storm in the sea to wreck the ship of his enemies.
* Prospero wanted to test Ferdinand and gave a severe task to perform.
* Using his powers, Prospero released the good spirits from large bodies of trees.
* The King of Naples, and Antonio the false brother, repented the injustice they had done to Prospero.
* Ariel was instructed to bring Ferdinand, the prince of Naples to his cave.
* Ferdinand was the second human whom Miranda had seen after her father.

1) i) Of these, Ariel was the chief. (PTA-
2) 

ii) They live in a cave made out of rocks.
iii) Gonzalo, the lord of his court privately places water, provisions, apparels and books.
iv) Prospero, the Duke of Milan reaches the island with his daughter Miranda.
v) By virtue of his magic he releases many good spirits from the witch Sycorax
2. i) Miranda was attracted by Ferdinand and had more concern towards him.
ii) Prospero forgave them and restored his dukedom, Milan.
iii) Prospero wanted to test Ferdinand and gave a serer task to perform.
iv) The king of Naples, and Antonio the false brother, repented the injustice they had done to Prospero.
v) Ferdinand was the second human whom Miranda had seen after her father.
3. i) With the help of the spirits Prospero could command the winds, and the waves of the sea.
(SEP-2021)
ii) Prospero and his daughter Miranda lived in a cave.
iii) Ariel then went to fetch Ferdinand.
iv) These gentle spirits were ever after obedient to the will of Prospero.
v) Ariel gave a lively description of the storm, and of the terrors of the mariners.
4. i) The King of Naples and Antonio repented the injustice they had done to Propero.
(MDL-2023) (SEP-2020)
ii) Before Prospero left the island, he dismissed Ariel from his service.
iii) He showed him his son Ferdinand playing chess with Miranda.
iv) Our food lasted till we landed on this desert island.
v) I will make you rich amends, by giving you my daughter.
5. i) Prospero and his daughter Miranda came to the island.
(AUG-2022)
ii) Prospero had released many good spirits.
iii) There was an island in the sea.
iv) Ariel was the chief of all spirits.
v) They lived in a cave made out of a rock.

## SUPPLEMENTARY - 2 ZIGZAG

1. i) He took care of the orderliness in the clinic.
(PTA-1)
ii) Zigzag was of a great trouble in the house.
iii) Dr. Krishnan was surprised of the sudden change in Zigzag.
iv) Gone was Zigzag's bored and grumpy expression.
v) Dr. Krishnan took him to the clinic.
2. i) That's been really useful.
ii) You can't deny that it was a great hit with every one.
iii) Uncle Somu's given us some really fabulous gifts.
iv) Remember the pen knife he gave us last year.
v) And what about the aboriginal boomerang.
3. i) It created a chaos by snoring.
ii) Dr. Krishnan is a child specialist.
iii) But the bird did not behave as expected.
iv) Dr. Somu left for Alaska leaving Zigzag under Dr. Krishnan's care.
v) The family decided to send it back.

## SUPPLEMENTARY - 3 <br> THE STORY OF MULAN

1. i) Of course that's true, said Mulan.
ii) She poured her father a cup of tea and handed it to him.
iii) He is too little.
iv) But I have an idea.
v) Father have some tea.
2. a) Though she was sick, she won the final war
b) So Mulan cut off her hair and went to war as a man
c) Once the Chinese emperor ordered that one man from each family must join in the army
d) She returned to her village with gifts.
e) She bravely fought in the war and became the general
3. i) "You there in the blue T-shirt, don't jump on the sofa" a strange voice said.
ii) 'My boy!' he confided to zigzag after matters were satisfactorily settled.
iii) The bird looked happy and alert thereafter.
iv) It was Zigzag's voice, clear and commanding.
v) Dr. Krishnan took Zigzag to the clinic for the first time.
4. i) Mulan went into her room and cut her long hair.
ii) In the army, Mulan proved to be a brave soldier.
iii) Mulan, a teenage girl who lived in faraway village of china heard the news.
iv) The Emperor said that one man from each Chinese family must join the army.
v) She climbed on a horse and joined the army.

## SUPPLEMENTARY - 4 THE AGED MOTHER

1. i) The son made up his mind to take back his mother home. (PTA 5, 6) (APRIL-23)
ii) A farmer decided to leave his old mother on top of a mountain.
iii) Once in shining, a cruel ruler declared that all old people must be put to death.
iv) When the farmer bade farewell, she advised him to return home with the aid of twigs.
v) The mother dropped the small twigs as markers on the way to help her son return.
2. i. Wait! she said. I will think. I will think.
ii. On the second day she told him what to do.
iii. Make rope of twisted straw, she said.
iv. The entire province trembled in fear.
v. One night, in great distress, the son whispered the news to his hidden mother.
3. i) The mother dropped the small twigs as markers on the way to help her son return.
(APRIL-23)
ii) Once in shining, a cruel ruler declared that all old people must be put to death.
iii) Filled with dread, he hid his mother in his home.
iv) A farmer decided to leave his old mother on top of a mountain.
v) The son made up his mind to take back his mother home.

## SUPPLEMENTARY - 5 <br> A DAY IN 2889 OF AN AMERICAN JOURNALIST

1. i) That morning Francis Bennett woke in a rather bad temper.
ii) Francis Bennett went on in to the reporters' room.
iii) 'Well, Cash, what have you got?
iv) The telephone, completed by the telephote, is another of our time's ? conquests!
v) He quickly jumped out of the bed and went in to his mechanized dressing room.
2. i) Good! He exclaimed, "Hurry up and tell the reportage service about it ".
ii) The moon is 600 times nearer than Mars, and yet our correspondence service is regular operation with us.
iii) We haven't been able to understand the signals the jovians make.
iv) Francis Bennett questioned one of the 10 astronomical reporters.
v) One of the earth Herald's astronomers had just determined the elements of the new planet Gandini.

## SUPPLEMENTARY - 6 THE LITTLE HERO OF HOLLAND

i) He stopped and looked down.
ii) There was a small hole in the dike.
iii) Any child in Holland is frightened at the thought of a leak in the dikes.
iv) Just then he heard a noise.
v) It was the sound of tickling water!

## SUPPLEMENTARY - 7 <br> A DIALEMMA

1. i) The letter read that the box contained jewels.
ii) The uncle had collected precious stones.
iii) The narrator was sent for, by his uncle when he was on his deathbed.
iv) His uncle announced Tom as his heir and wanted him to pay for his funeral.
v) Leaving an iron box for Tom, his uncle instructed him not to shake the box.


## SUPPLEMENTARY - 1 THE TEMPEST

## Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow.

1. There was an island in the sea, the only inhabitants of which were an old man, named Prospero, and his daughter Miranda, a very beautiful young lady. She came to this island so young, that she had no memory of having seen any other human face than her father's. They lived in a cave made out of a rock; it was divided into several apartments, one of which Prospero called his study; there he kept his books, which chiefly treated of magic. By virtue of his art, he had released many good spirits from a witch called Sycorax who had them imprisoned in the bodies of large trees. These gentle spirits were ever after obedient to the will of Prospero. Of these Ariel was the chief.

## Questions

1. Who was Prospero?
2. Who was Miranda?
3. What were the special powers that Prospero possess?
4. Who was sycorax?
5. Who was the chief of the spirits?
6. "Come on, young man," said Prospero to the Prince; "you have no power to disobey me."Prospero had commanded Ferdinand to pile up some heavy logs of wood. Kings' sons not being much used to laborious work, Miranda soon after found him almost dying with fatigue. "Alas!" said she, "do not work so hard; my father is at his studies, he is safe for these three hours; pray rest yourself. "O my dear lady," said Ferdinand, "I dare not. I must finish my task before I take my rest." "If you will sit down," said Miranda, "I will carry your logs the while." But this Ferdinand would by no means agree to.

## Questions:

1. What did Prospero say to the Prince?
2. How did Prospero command Ferdinand?
3. How did Miranda find Ferdinand during the laborious work?
4. What did Miranda say to Ferdinand?
5. What was the response of Ferdinand?
6. "Tweleve years ago, Miranda", continued Prospero, "I was Duke of Milan, and you were a princess, and my only heir. I had a younger brother, whose name was Antonio, to whom I trusted everything; My brother Antonio being thus in possession of my power, began to think himself the duke indeed.

The opportunity I gave him of making himself popular among my subjects awakened in his bad nature a proud ambition to deprive me of my dukedom : this he soon effected with the aid of the King of Naples, a powerful prince, who was my enemy."
(AUG-2022)

## Questions

i) Who was Prospero?
ii) What was his daughter's name?
iii) Who was his younger brother?
iv) What is meant by 'deprive'?
v) Who was the enemy of Prospero?

## SUPPLEMENTARY - 2 ZIGZAG

1. You're both quite mistaken, 'their father hastened to explain, seeing his wife's horrified expression. Zigzag is a most harmless, unusual and lovable bird. Apparently, it was bred by a genuine African witch doctor, who gifted it to Somu when he being a child specialist like $m$ cured the witch doctor's son while he was touring the deepest jungles of equatorial Africa last month. Somu says the bird is an absolute treasure and a real help. It's his favourite pet, you know'. Somu might be your best friend, but most of these so called "favourite" possessions that he has given us were absolute nuisances' countered Mrs. Krishnan angrily. A talented artist, she applied a dab of yellow-ochre paint onto her painting titled sunset at Marina, paused for a moment to survey the effect and then continued, 'Remember the rare insecteating plant he brought back from the wettest corner of the Amazonian rainforest He insisted that we keep it because it would eat the mosquitoes in the house and now that wretched plant requires a room heater to keep it alive in Chennai'.
(PTA 3)

## Questions:

i) Who gifted Zigzag to Somu?
ii) Why did he gift Zigzag to Somu?
iii) What is the title of Mrs. Krishnan's painting?
iv) What did Somu insist the Krishnan's to keep theinsect-eating plant?
v) What do you know about Zigzag from the givenpassage?
2. Arvind, finding that Zigzag was sulkily refusing to say a word despite all their efforts at striking a conversation, dashed into the kitchen to return with a plate headped hurriedly with juicy fruit slices and some nuts. Bored eyes brightened momentarily as Zigzag picked up a walnut. But refusing to speak, he dropped one wrinkled eyelid in a solemn wink and flew clumsily to deposit the nut on the enormous chandelier hanging from the ceiling. Bit by bit, and in total silence, all the fruit on the plate was transferred to the chandelier and on to the blades of the ceiling fan (now switched off).(MAY-2022)
Questions:
i) Did Zigzag converse with the inmates of the house?
ii) What made Arvind rush into the kitchen?
iii) What did Arvind bring for the bird?
iv) Where did Zigzag transfer all the fruits and nuts?
v) Where did Zigzag perch comfortably?
3. Six days passed. Six frantic days of checking their e-mail day and night. Six torturous days of having the deafeningly loud KNGRRDRRWHEEZE resound in their home, most nerve wrackingly. Maya complained that she heard a permanent rumbling sound in her ears even when she was miles away from home and that her ears ached all the time. Arvind confessed that, for the first time in his life, he was actually looking forward to going to school considering it was a calm as a monastery compared to their house. Mrs. Krishnan had lost interest in painting. Zigzag would sometimes wake up briefly when he wanted to eat some fruit, and sometimes he would sit on the veranda looking sulky and bored. Zigzag never spoke to anyone, though everyone tried several times. He only slept. And snored. On the seventh day, Dr. Somu's e-mail arrived. It was, as Dr. Krishnan predicted, ridiculously simple.
(SEP-2021)

## Questions:

i) How did the days pass?
ii) What was Maya's complaint?
iii) What was Arvind's confession?
iv) What was Zigzag's routine?
v) What was Dr. Krishnan's prediction about

Dr. Somu's e-mail?
4. In total despair at their failure to wake Zigzag, or t least stop him snoring, they shunt themselves in the bedroom that was furthest away from Mrs. Krishnan's studio where Zigzag was creating the terrible din. Mrs. Krishnan was just unreveling a roll of cotton wool to stuff in her ears, when they heard their maid, Lakshmi, shrieking as if she had been electrocuted. (SEP-2020) (MDL-2023)

## Questions:

i) Were they able to stop Zigzag from snoring?
ii) Where did they shut themselves?
iii) What was Mrs. Krishnan trying to do?
iv) Who is Lakshmi?
v) How did Lakshmi scream?

## SUPPLEMENTARY - 3 THE STORY OF MULAN

1. Many years ago, China was in the middle of great war. The emperor said that one man from each Chinese family must leave his family to join the army. Mulan, a teenage girl who lived in a faraway village of China, heard the news when she was outside, washing clothes. Mulan ran into the house. Her father was sitting in a chair, carving a piece of wood. "Father" she said, "Did you hear what the Emperor says each famiy must do? "Yes" said her old father, I heard about it in town. "Well, I may as well go pack up". He put down his carvings, stood up and walked very slowly to his room.(APRIL23)

## Questions:

i) What did the Emperor say?
ii) Who was Mulan?
iii) When did she hear the news?
iv) What was her father doing?
v) Where was her father he heard the news?
2. In the army, mulan proved to be a brave soldier in time. She was put in charge of other soldiers. Her battles went so well that she was put in charge of more soldiers. Her battles kept on going well. After a few years Mulan was given the top job. She would be General of the entire army. Not long after that, a very bad fever swept through the army. Many soldiers were sick, And Mulan, the General of the Army became sick too, when the doctor came out of Mulan's lent, he knew the truth.

## Questions

i) Who proved to be a brave soldier?
ii) What was Mulan in charge of?
iii) What was the top job Mulan given?
iv) What happened to mulan and other Soldiers when a fever swept through?
v) Who knew the truth and when?
3. In the army, Mulan proved to be a brave soldier. In time, she was put incharge of other soldiers. Her battle went so well that she was put in charge of more soldiers. Her battles kept on going well. After a few years Mulan was given the top - job she would be General of the entire army. Not jlong after that, a very bad fever swept through the army. Many soldiers were sick. And Mulan, the General of the army, became sick, too. When the doctor came out of Mulan's tent he knew the truth "The General is a woman?" yelled the soldiers.

## Questions

i) Who was Mulan?
ii) Why was she put incharge of other soldiers?
iii) What was her position in the army?
iv) What happened to the army?
v) What was the truth known by doctor?

## SUPPLEMENTARY - 4 THE AGED MOTHER

1. The country shining was governed by a despotic leader who thought a warrior, had a great and cowardly shrinking from anything suggestive of failing health and strength. This caused him to send out a cruel proclamation. The entire province was given strict orders to immediately put to death all aged people. Those were barbarous days, and the custom of abandoning old people to die was not uncommon. The poor farmer loved his aged mother with tender reverence, and the order filled his heart with sorrow. But no one ever though twice about obeying the mandate of the governor, so with many deep and hopeless sighs, the youth prepared for what at that time was considered the kindest mode of death.
(MDL-19)

## Questions:

i) Who governed Shining?
ii) What was the cowardly act of the governor?
iii) What proclamation did the governor sendout?
iv) How did the poor farmer treat his mother?
v) Did the people obey the governor's order?
2. The country shining was governed by a despotic leader who thought a warrior, had a great and cowardly shrinking from anything suggestive of failing health and strength. This caused him to send
out a cruel proclamation. The entire province was given strict orders to immediately put to death all aged people. Those were barbarous days, and the custom of abandoning old people to die was not uncommon. The poor farmer loved his aged mother with tender reverence, and the order filled his heart with sorrow. But no one ever though twice about obeying the mandate of the governor, so with many deep and hopeless sighs, the youth prepared for what at that time was considered the kindest mode of death.

## Questions

a) By whom was the country shining governed?
b) What did the governor proclaim?
c) Was the custom common in those barbarous days?
d) How did the poor farmer love his mother?
e) How did the poor farmer love his mother?

## SUPPLEMENTARY - 5 A DAY IN 2889 OF AN AMERICAN JOURNALIST

1. A second inventor, using as basis some old experiments that dated from the $19^{\text {th }}$ century, had the idea of moving a whole city in a single block. He suggested, as a demonstration, the town of Saaf, situated fifteen mile from the sea; after conveying it on rails down to the shore, he would transform it into a seaside resort. Francis Bennett, attracted by this project, agreed to take a half-share in it. The prosposals heard and dealt with, Francis Bennett went to stretch himself out in an easy-chair in the audition-room. Then, pressing a button, he was put into communication with the Central Concert. After so busy a day, what a charm he found in the works of our greatest masters, based on a series of delicious harmonico-algebraic formulae! During his meal, phonotelephotic communication had been set up with Paris.

## Questions:

i) In which century were the old experiments dated? And what was it?
ii) Where was Saaf situated?
iii) What was the proposal awaiting for Saaf?
iv) How an to whom was Francis Bennett connected?
v) Pick out any two words that refer to technology.
2. The next room, a broad gallery about a quarter of a mile long, was devoted to publicity, and it well may be imagined what the publicity for such a journal as the Earth Herald had to be. It brought in a daily
average of three million dollars. They are gigantic signs reflected on the clouds, so large that they can be seen all over a whole country. For that gallery a thousand projectors were unceasingly employed in sending to the clouds, on which they were reproduced in colour, these inordinate advertisements. At that moment the clock struck twelve. The director of the Earth Herald lft the hall and sat down in a rolling armchair. In a few mintues he had reached his dining room half a mile away, at the far end of the office.
(PTA 5)

## Questions

1) What was the next room devoted to?
2) What was the breadth of the gallery?
3) How much did the gallery bring in?
4) How was advertisement done here?
5) Where did the director of the Earth Herald sit?
3. Francis Bennett went on into the reporters' room. His fifteen hundred reporters, placed before an equal number of telephones, were passing on to subscribers the news which had come in during the night from the four quartersof the earth. In addition to his telephone, each reporter has in front of him a series of commutators, which allow him to get into communication with this or that telephotic line. Thus the subscribers have not only the story but the sight of these events.

## Questions:

1. Who was Francis Bennett?
2. How many reporters were there for Mr. Bennett?
3. What were the reporters doing?
4. How do people receive news?
5. What does the reporters have in front of him?

## SUPPLEMENTARY - 6 THE LITTLE HERO OF HOLLAND

1. One afternoon in the early fall, when Peter was eight years old, his mother called him fromhis play. "Come, Peter", she said. "I want you to go across the dike and take these cakes to your friend,the blind man. If you go quickly, and do not stop to play, you will be home again before dark.' ${ }^{\text {The little }}$ boy was glad to go on such an errand, and started off with a light heart. He stayedwith the poor blind man a little while to tell him about his walk along the dike and about the sun andthe flowers and the ships far out at sea. Then he remembered his mother's wish that he should returnbefore dark and, bidding his friend goodbye, he set out for home.
(PTA 4) (APRIL-24)

## Questions:

1. What did Peter's mother want him to do?
2. What did Peter's mother advise him to do?
3. Why was the little boy glad?
4. What did the little boy tell his friend?
5. What did the little boy remember?
6. Peter understood the danger at once. If the water ran through a little hole it would soon make alarger one, and the whole country would be flooded. In a moment he saw what he must do. Throwingaway his flowers, he climbed down the side of the dike and thrust his finger into the tiny hole.

## Questions:

1. What danger did Peter understand?
2. What would happen if the water ran through a little hole?
3. What must be done by him?
4. What did he throw away?
5. What did he do to prevent the flood?
6. But his mother had looked anxiously along the dike road many times since sunset for her littleboy, and now she had closed and locked the cottage door, thinking that Peter was spending the nightwith his blind friend, and that she would scold him in the morning for staying away from home withoutpermission. Peter tried to whistle, but his teeth chattered with the cold. He thought of his brother andsister in their warm beds, and of his dear father and mother. "I must not let them be drowned," hethought. "I must stay here until someone comes, if I have to stay all night."

## Questions:

1. Why did the mother look anxious?
2. What reason did she give herself for his son not returning home before dark?
3. Why was she going to scold his son?
4. What did the little boy think of?
5. How long did he want to stay there?

## SUPPLEMENTARY - 7 <br> A DIALEMMA

1. I was just thirty-seven when my Uncle Philip died. A week before that event he sent for me; and here let me say that I had never set eyes on him. He hated my mother, but I do not know why. She told me long before his last illness that I need expect nothing from my father's brother. He was an
inventor, an able and ingenious mechanical engineer, and had much money by his improvement in turbine-wheels. He was a bachelor; lived alone, cooked his own meals, and collected precious stones, especially rubies and pearls. From the time he made his first money he had this mania. As he grew richer, the desire to possess rare and costly gems became stronger. When he bought a new stone, he carried it in his pocket for a month and now and then took it out and looked at it. Then it was added to the collection in his safe at the trust company.
(PTA 1)
Questions:
i) How old was the narrator when his uncle died?
ii) Had the narrator seen his uncle before? Give lines from the passage that support your answer.
iii) What had the narrator's mother told him of his father's brother?
iv) What do you know about Uncle Philip?
v) What did the uncle do, when he bought a new stone?
2. Now I repent of my wickedness to you all, and desire to live in the memory of at least one of myfamily. You think I am poor and have only my annuity. You will be profitably surprised. I have neverparted with my precious stones; they will be yours. You are my sole heir. I shall carry with me to theother world the satisfaction of making one man happy.(PTA-6)

## Questions:

1. What did he repent of?
2. What didn't he part with?
3. Who would be his sole heir?
4. What kind of satisfaction was he going to have?

5 . Was he a poor man?
3. At last I hung the key on my watch-guard; but then it occurred to me that it might be lost orstolen. Dreading this, I hid it, fearful that someone might use it to open the box. This state of doubtand fear lasted for weeks, until I became nervous and began to dread that some accident mighthappen to that box. A burglar might come and boldly carry it away and force it open and find it wasa wicked fraud of my uncle's. Even the rumble and vibration caused by the heavy vans in the streetbecame at last a terror.

## Questions:

1. What did the narrator do with the key in the beginning?
2. Why did he hide the key?
3. What did he dread about?
4. What did he think the burglar might do?
5. What created terror to the narrator?

## GOVT EXAM QUESTIONS

1. Prepare an attractive advertisement using the hints given below. (PTA-1)
Tasty and hygienic - homemade taste - 200 varieties to select - purely vegetarian - Mani Vilas - V.E. Road - Tuticorin.
2. Service camp - get exciting - discount in spare parts - avail - free service - camp - visit your - nearest Laptop World.
(PTA-2)
3. Footwear for all - all sizes - endless variety - all brands - under one roof - attractive Offers - Shoes and heals - 43, M.G. Road, Villupuram.(PTA-3)
4. Mobile World - Smart phones - Accessories Recharges - Free scratch card on every purchase of mobile - Flower Bazaar, Ulundurpet.
(PTA-4)
5. Home made taste - Hygienie - Family Restaurant Fresh Juice - available - Free home delivery - cards accepted.
(PTA-5)
6. Colourful and beautiful toys - Ecofriendly - non toxic - handy - buy one get one discount 10\%-4, Amman Koil Street, Salem.
(MAY-2022)
7. Raj Apparels - Aadi Sale - $40 \%$ - Sepcial combo offers - Buy 1 Get 1 - West street - Madurai.
(MDL-2023) (SEP-2020)
8. Raj appliances - Aadi sale - $20 \%-50 \%$ - special offers - first hundred - special prizes - Vivek and co., - Gandhi road - Trichy.
(SEP-2021)
9. Home appliances - Aadi Sale - 20-50\% - Special Combo Offers - Aadhav \& Co., Raja Street, Chepauk, Chennai.
(MDL-19)
10.Gorgeous and colourful dresses - Attractive prices All types - Men's wear - Kid's wear -buy one get one - Aadi offer - Mega sale - No.5, North Usmaan Road, T.Nagar.
(AUG-2022)
10. Tasty and hygienic - homemade taste -200 varieties to select - purely vegetarian - special combo offers -
available - Icecream and Fruit juices - Mani vilas M.G. Road, Madurai.
(APRIL-24)

## OTHER EXERCISE

1. Entrance tests - All India Entranace Examinations Coaching - 100\% Pass ensured - 9323643625 045362450505 - 28, Raja street, Mudurai -1
2. New model car - Attractive price - fuel efficient loan facility
3. Book exhibition - favourite books - discount unbelievable rates
4. LAN computer education - learns Ms office at Rs. 1500 - special courses - available - Madurai -1.
5. Huge Electronic Ltd $-30 \%$ discount sale - all electronic appliances - additional warranty - gifts with every purchase.
6. Drinking water -24 hours - no worry about salt water - fix aquaclean - bacteria freewater.
7. Foot King - Foot wear - shoes, Chappals imported footwear - 20\% discount- gents/ ladies / kids.
8. Best Homes - independent houses - 800 sq.ft/ 100 sq.ft ready to occupy -2400 per sq.ft.


## GOVT EXAM QUESTIONS

1. Write a letter to the Headmistress/Headmaster of your school requesting for a Bonafide certificate.
(PTA 1)
2. Write a letter to a Sports Store ordering for Sports goods for your school.
(PTA 2)
3. Write a letter to the Inspector of Police, complaining about the lost of your bicycle.
(PTA 3)
4. Write a complaint to the officer of the PWD department to take immediate action of maintaining cleanliness in the Children's park in your locality.
(PTA 4)
5. You are Raja. The street lights of your area do not work properly. As a responsible citizen, write a letter to the newspaper enlightening them about the problem and also suggest ways to brighten the area.
(PTA 5)
6. You are Sudha. Your neighbour has a pet dog that barks continuously. Write a letter to the Editior of a weekly newspaper of your locality, highlighting the nuisance and noise pollution created thus. Also suggest ways to solve the problem. (PTA 6)
7. Write a letter to the manager of a famous daily/popular children's magazine, ordering subscription for your school library.(MDL-2023)(MDL-19, SEP-2020)
8. You are Ajeet, living in a remote village in Tirunelveli. You participated in a health camp organised by your school. You were surprised to observe that most of the residents were unaware of health and hygiene. As a concerned citizen, write a letter to the editor stating the need to organise such camps focusing on the importance of health and hygiene. / Write a letter to a newspaper highlighting the unhygienic condition of your area.
(SEP-2021, MAY-2022)
9. Write a letter to an editor of a newspaper hignlighting the noise pollution of your area.
(AUG-2022)
10. Write a letter to the Editor of a leading Newspaper suggesting measures to upgrade the standard about the bad influence of TV Channels.
(APRIL-23)
11. You are Gomathi, a resident of a colony adjacent to the Cauvery River. Daily you see many people throwing waste into it, spoiling the pure water. Write a letter to a newspaper showing your concern about it and also voicing your worry. (APRIL-24)

## OTHER EXERCISE

1. Write a letter to your friend inviting her for the birthday celebration.
2. Write a letter to your friend congratulating her on her success in the examination.
3. Write a letter to your friend requesting her to lend her camera to you.
4. Write a letter to your uncle thanking him for a birthday gift of Titan watch.
5. Write a letter to your father requesting him to permit you to join an excursion party.
6. Write a letter to your brother who is admitted in a hospital.
7. Letter to your headmaster requesting leave for three days.
8. To the police commissioner complaining about the loud speaker nuisance in your area.
9. Letter to your Headmaster requesting him to issue you a Testimonial.
10. Letter to the Manager of a factory asking permission to visit the factory.
11. A letter to the Book seller ordering some books.
12. A letter to the sports company ordering sports goods.
13. A letter to the Municipal Commissioner of your town complaining about the bad condition of your street.


## GOVT EXAM QUESTIONS

1. You are Kiran/Keerthi school pupil leader of GHSS, Karur. Prepare a notice on behalf of your school inviting all students of your school to take part in the Science club inauguration which is to be held in your school on the $22^{\text {nd }}$ of this month.
(PTA 1)
2. You are Divya / Dinesh school pupil leader of GHSS, Pattukottai. Your principal has requested you to inform the students about a trip to Yelagiri. Prepare a notice giving the details such as date of journey, mode of transportation, amount, dress code etc.
(PTA 2)
3. You are Mithra / Mahesh school pupil leader of GHSS, Erode. Your Principal has requested you to inform the students about the ECO club meeting in your school. Prepare a notice giving the details such as date of meeting, time and venue. (PTA 3)
4. You are the Coordinator of the Science Forum of your school. An event was organized on account of National Science Day for the members of the forum. Now, write a report on the observation of "National Science Day" at your school.
(PTA 4) (APRIL-23)
5. 'Educational Development Day' was organized in your school on $15^{\text {th }}$ July. The District Collector was the Chief Guest of the event. As part of the event, many competitioins were held and the prizes were distributed to the winners and participants. It was a grand and successful event. Now, as the member of the organizing committee, write a report on the event in about 120 words.
(PTA 6)
6. You are Nikil / Nikitha school pupil leader of GHSS, Trichy. Prepare a notice on behalf of your school inviting the grandparents of the students to celebrate World Elders' Day in your school auditorium on the $20^{\text {th }}$ of next month. (MDL-19)
(APRIL-24)
7. You are Akash / Anita. Head of the Sports Club in your school. Your school is participating in The National Chess Championship next month. Write a notice to the students inviting them to participate.
(MAY-2022)
8. You are Deepan / Deepa, the Literary Association Secretary of GHSS Madurai. Prepare a notice on behalf of yourschool, inviting the students to participate in the oratorical competition to be conducted next month.
(SEP-2020, 2021)
9. You are Aruna / Akash, the Literary Association Secretary of GHSS, Madurai. Prepare a notice on behalf of your school, inviting the students to participate in the oratorical competition to be conducted next month.
(MDL-2023)
10. You are Kamalesh/ Kaviya. Head of Cultral Club in your school. Your school is participating in the inter-school dance competition next month. Write a notice to the students inviting them to participate.
(AUG-2022)

## OTHER EXERCISE

1. You are Praveen / Praveena. As President of the Cultural Forum of your school, you have organized an interschool orchestra competition on the occasion of the Silver Jubliee Celebration of your school. Write a notice in about this competitions.
2. You are President of the cultural society of your school. You are planning to organize or cultural programme.
3. You are Navi / Naveena, the cultural secretary of Kings Senior Secondary School, Valliyoor. Write a notices for your school notice board giving the details for participation of students in a cultural programme to be organized by your school.
4. You are Abhishek / Aishwarya of Class XI. Being on Activity co ordinator. Draft a notice to all the other activity council members to discuss and plan the activities for Christmas Day celebration.
5. You are Vikarm, School captain of Presentation Convent, Chennai. Write a notice informing the students of Class XI about a guest lecture by Mr. Rao, environmentalist of the topic "Conservation of Water". Write a notice in not more than 50 words.
6. You are the cultural society of your school, you have been asked to inform students of class VI to XII about an Inter House Dramatics competition. Draft a notice in not more than 50 words with necessary details. You are Vasanth / Vasudha.
7. You are Manish / Manisha, the secretary of Tours and Trips society of Translectic Academy, Thiruchoor. The school is organising a 20 days historical tour to some importance places in South India. He / she has been asked by the Activity Co ordinator to put up a notice inviting students interested in visiting those places. Write this notice in about 50 words to be putup on the school notice board.
8. Isha, the Head Girl of Vikash Publc School, Coimbatore. She has lost her Hall Ticket for the Board examination. She put up a notice on the school notice board. Draft the notice in not more than 50 wards.
9. You are Vineeth / Vineetha, School public leader of Thiru.Vi.Ka. Corp. Hr.Sec.School, Madurai. Draft a notice to your school notice board in not more than 50 words inviting the names of the students who want to participate in the cultural programme organized in aid of the victims of the recent Gaja cyclone.
10. Draft a notice on Sangeetha, Secretary of Lion's club, Erode to inform all the members about Diwali Mela and sale of items in not more than 50 words.
11. You are Sunil / Suchitra. Write a notice in not more than 50 words to invite articles not exceeding 50 words for the school magazine.
12. Young astronauts have to be selected for MISSION NASA. The preliminary round will be conducted in Velammal Bodhi Campus. Write a notice inviting students who wish to become astronauts to take the preliminary round for final selection in not more than 50 words. You are the Director of Science Research and Centre.


## GOVT EXAM QUESTIONS

1. Look at the following picture and express your views on it in about five sentences. (PTA 1)

2. Look at the following picture and express your views on it in about five sentence. (PTA 2)

3. Look at the following picture and express your views on it in about five sentences. (PTA 3)

4. Look at the following picture and express your views on it in about five sentences. (PTA 4)

5. Look at the following picture and express your views on it in about five sentences. (PTA 5)

6. Look at the following picture and express your views on it about five sentences.(PTA 6)

7. Look at the following picture and express your views on it in about five sentences. (MAY-2022)

8. Look at the following picture and express your views on it in about five sentences.

9. Look at the following picture and express your views on it in about five sentences.
(SEP-2021)

10. Look at the following picture and express your views on it in a paragraph of five sentences. (AUG-2022)

11. Look at the following picture and express your views on it in about five sentences. (APRIL-23)

12. Look at the following picture and express your views on it in about five sentences. (MAR-24) (APRIL-24)


13. 
14. 



6.

7.

8.

9.


## GOVT EXAM QUESTIONS

1. Make notes of the following passage or write a summary.
(SEP-2021) (PTA-6)
The necessity to preserve, transmit and propagate the rich cultural legacy left behind by the builders of music in the country in general and in Tamil Nadu in particular was felt in the years 1949. It was felt necessary that the inherited musical urge in our youngsters and the past tradition of our musical culture with its ancient purity could be well preserved only when opportunities have been provided to those who have an aptitude for learning music. The Central and State Governments with their financial aids established the Central College of Carnatic Music in August 1949. The college at first was at 'Rahmed Bagh' near Santhome and it was there for two years. Since the building could not accommodate all the sections, it was subsequently shifted to "Bridge House", Adyar to 'Brodie Castle' on Greenways Road.

The college is functioning in the same building now, which has since been named as "Thendral" and has a strength of more than 600 students. In the beginning, there were only Vocal,Violin and Veena sections besides general Musicology. Candidates with a considerable standard in music alone were admitted into the two-year Sangeetha Vidwan. Title course and after completion, they were permitted to appear for the 'Sangeetha Vidwan'. Title examination conducted by the Director of Government Examinations, Madras.
2. Make notes or write summary of the following passage.
(MDL-2023)(SEP-2020)
Dragon tales are known in many cultures, from the Americas to Europe, and from India to China. It's not clear when or where stories of dragons first emerged, but the huge, flying serpents were described by the ancient Greeks and Sumerians.

The word 'dragon' comes from the ancient Greek word 'draconta', meaning 'to Watch', suggesting that the dragons are responsible for guarding, valuables. Dragons typically guard treasures such as mountains of gold coins or gems. Some dragons have wings; others don't. Some dragons breathe fire; others can't. Some are only a few feet long; others span miles. Some live under the ocean; others can only be found in caves and inside the mountains.

We will rush ever on without fear,
Let the goal be far, the flight be fleet!
For we carry the Heavens with us, dear,
While the earth slips from our feet!

## Questions

a) What happens to the trees and the houses when the train speeds?
b) How do the sky and star move then?
c) How are the stars and night described?
d) How does the poet deal with the Heavens and earth, during the journey?
11.Read the following poem and answer the questions given below.
It is not growing like a tree
In bulk, doth make man better be;
or standing long an oak, three hundred year,
To fall a $\log$ at last, dry, bald, and sere;
A lily of a day
Is fairer far in May,
Although it fall and die that night -
It was the plant and flower of Light.
In small proportions we just beauties see;
And in short measures life may perfect be.

## Questions :

i) Which shows beauty - the lily or the oak ?
ii) What happens to the oak at last ?
iii) Compare the life of the oak and the lily.
iv) What do you learn from the last two lines?

## ADDITIONAL

6. Write a dialogue between the passenger and the receptionist at the airport.
7. Write a dialogue between two friends, who are talking about their ambitions in life.
8. Write a dialogue between the boss and his employer at the office.
9. Write a dialogue between the doctor and a patient who is not feeling well.
10. Write a dialogue between the two unknown persons in the public meeting.
11. Write a dialogue between the manager and the student regarding the bank loan.
12. Write a dialogue between the clerk and a boy about the reservation of tickets.
13. Write a dialogue between two brothers who are discussing about their jobs
14. Write a dialogue between the tourist and the hotel receptionist, whom the tourist enquires about the availability of rooms
15. Write a dialogue between a boy and the clerk in the telephone exchange, to whom the boy is asking to make a STD call
16. Write a dialogue between the two friends who met in temple.
17. Write a dialogue between the two boys, who are coming out from a cinema theatre after watching a movie.
18. Write a dialogue between the two criminals who were in the prison.
19. Write a dialogue between two mothers about their children.
20. Write a dialogue between the teacher and students, who are planning at a tourprogramme.


## OTHER EXERCISE

Develop the hints into a readable passage. Give it a suitable title:

1. Magazines - periodic publications - also published electronically - regular schedule - variety of content - financed by - advertisement - purchase price - prepaid - magazine refers - collection storage - also distributed through mail - free distributions- selected locations - sales models paid, nonpaid, controlled - academic publications profession magazines.
2. Boat house - especially - storage of boats - smaller craft - leisure use - located on - open water- river - rowing boats - punts - motor boats
headquarters - boat club - restaurant - all facilities - members of club - living quarters - temporary or permanent housing - In Scandinavia - naust.
3. Teacher - provides - education - formal ongoing School - place of education - teachers obtain specified from - university or college - pedagogy science of teaching - continue education - after qualifying - lesson plan - student learning providing - course of study - curriculum - vary cultures - provide information - literacy - life skills.
4. Helmet - protective gear - protects head - injuries - oldest helmet - Assyrian soldiers - 900BC- thick leather - bronze helmets - protect from - blunt objects - sword blows - arrow strikes - recreational activities - sports - transportation - since 1990s made from - resin - plastic - fibres - aramids.
5. Extended family - consisting - many relations same household - changing immediate extended household - near relatives - elderly parents - moves - with children - old age demands - care givers - female relatives - perform their duties - in a single unit - several generations - single household - others - synonymously consanguineous family.
6. Gold - Au - atomic no 79 -soft and ductile - yellow color - luster - without tarnishing - air or water group 11 element - least reactive - solid - standard conditions - grains in rocks - occur with tellurium - resists - attacks - acids - dissolved by aquaregia - also dissolves in - alkaline solutions cyanide - used in mining - to confirm - presence gold - acid test.
7. Spring - one among four - temperate seasons following winter - preceding summer - spring northern hemisphere - autumn - southern hemisphere - day length - increases - 12 hoursday - spring - ideas of rebirth - renewal - regrowth both plants and animals - spring - southern hemisphere - different - northern hemisphere.
8. Cinderella - little glass slipper - European folk tale - the story - woman - unfortunate circumstances - changed - remarkable fortune published - Charles Perrault - 1697 -Grimme's fairy tales - word Cinderella - analogy - attributes - unrecognized - success - after - neglection - still - influence - lending - plot elements - to - wide variety - media.
9. Monalisa - half length portrait - woman - Italian artist - Leonardo da vinci - best known - the painting - portrait of - Lisa Gherardini - wife of Francesco del Giaconda - painted - 1503 to 1506 acquired by - Leonardo - continued working 1517 - king francis of France - poverty of French republic - display - TheLouve museum - Paris 1797.
10. Dam - retaining water - others - flood gates prevent water flow - hydropower - electricity storage of water - dams contain - endangered undiscovered species - loss of species replacement - environment - large reservoirs - contribution seismic activity - disadvantage - role - increase of global warming

## QUESTION BANK

## PTA QUESTION - 1 (2019-2020)

## Answer all the questions.

Choose the appropriate synonyms for the italicised words:
$14 \times 1=14$

1. It was the gaunt face staring from the bed that brought chill to my heart.
a) fat
b) round
c) lean
d) sad
2. When school began, there was a bustle.
a) rush
b) change
c) noise
d) confusion
3. They continue to grapple with the changes.
a) settle
b) fight
c) move
d) stop

Choose the appropriate antonyms for the italicised words:
4. The project was taken in consonance with the National Policy.
a) agreement
b) constant
c) disagreement
d) harmony
5. The sun was soothing.
a) pleasing
b) relaxing
c) disturbing
d) burning
6. She picked up a shoe and whammed it through the window.
a) tapped
b) threw
c) struck
d) pulled
7. Choose the correct plural form of loaffrom the following.
a) loafs
b) loaves
c) loavs
d) loafes
8. Form a derivative by adding the right prefix to the word $\qquad$ natural.
a) ir
b) mis
c) super
d) il
9. Choose the correct expansion of the abbreviation IMF.
a) Indian Monetary Fund
b) International Mutual Fund
c) International Monetary Fund
d) Indian Mutual Fund
10. Complete the following sentence with the most appropriate answer given below:

There will be a $\qquad$ in the office next week.
a) warm up
b) ran out
c) shut down
d) take off
11. Choose the suitable option to pair it with alarm to form a compound word.
a) sound
b) clock
c) time
d) watch
12. Fill in the blank with the most appropriate preposition given below:
He was the sea now.
a) on
b) to
c) near
d) with
13. Complete the following sentence by using the most appropriate form of the tense given below:

The governor was $\qquad$ at the wit of theyouth.
a) pleases
b) pleasing
c) pleased
d) please.
14. Choose the most appropriate linker from the given four alternatives. __ I looked up, I saw Mr. Hamel sitting motionless.
a) When
b) But
c) How
d) Whenever

Part II
Section - I (Prose)
Answer any THREE of the following questions in a sentence or two.
$3 \times 2=6$
15. What are the benefits of the internet to the common man?
16. Who used zither and how?
17. Who arrested Smith? What were the charges against him?
18. What prompted the seagull to fly finally?

## Section - II (Poetry)

Read the following sets of poetic lines and answer any THREE of the following.
19. They, too, aware of sun and air and water, Are fed by peaceful harvests, by war's long winter starv'd
a) What is common for all of us?
b) Mention the season referred here.
20. Began to complain when he found that, at home, His cupboard was empty, and winter was come.
a) Who began to complain and for what?
b) Why was his cupboard empty?
21. There's a family nobody likes to meet: They live, it is said, on Complaining Street
a) Where does the family live?
b) Why do you think the street is named as 'Complaining Street'?
22. Some water, coal, and oil is all we ask, And a thousandth of an inch to give us play:
a) Who does 'we' refer to?
b) What do they ask for?

## Section - III (GRAMMAR)

Answer any THREE of the following. $3 \times 2=6$
Rewrite the following sentence to the other voice:
23. Rewrite the following sentence to the other voice:
I noticed a sudden change in Aditya's face.
24. Rewrite using indirect speech.
"How did he get it?", he asked.
25. Punctuate the following sentence. stand back stand right back he cried
26. Transform the following sentence into a simple sentence.
He is sick but he attends the rehearsal.
27. Rearrange the words in the correct order to make meaningful sentences:
a) he sent / At the / for me / I was a / time / clerk
b) slept/ But / on / Zigzag / undisturbed

## Section - IV (Writing)

Answer the following question. 1x2=2
28. A stranger wants to go to the park. Guide him to reach his destination.


Part III
Section - I (Prose)
Answer any TWO of the following in utmost 10 lines.
$2 \times 5=10$
29. Narrate the extensive search operation made by the policemen in the house, in the story 'The night the ghost got in'?
30. Highlight the factors responsible for the allwomen Indian Navy crew to carry out their expedition.
31. Give an account of the last day of Mr. Hamel in school.
32. Give a brief character sketch of Sasanka Sanyal.

## Section - II (Poetry)

Answer any TWO of the following in utmost 10 lines: $2 \times 5=10$
33. Write a paragraph on 'The Grumble Family' and their attitude towards other folks.
34. What feelings are evoked in us by the machines in the poem 'The secret of machines'?
Read the following stanza and answer the question given below:

A silly young cricket, accustomed to sing
Through the warm, sunny months of gay summer and spring,
Began to complain when he found that, at home, His cupboard was empty, and winter was come.
i) Pick out rhyming words from the above lines.(2)
ii) Write the rhyme scheme of the given stanza. (1)
iii) Identify the figure of speech employed in the first line of the given stanza.(1)
iv) Pick out the alliterating words in the second line.(1)
36. Paraphrase the following stanza.

I drive past the house almost every day.
The house seems to be a bit brighter
On this warm summer day in May It plays with your mind.
To me I say, it is one of a kind.

## Section - III (Supplementary)

Answer any ONE of the following: 1x5=5
37. Rearrange the following sentences in coherent order.
i) He took care of the orderliness in the clinic.
ii) Zigzag was of a great trouble in the house.
iii) Dr. Krishna was surprised of the sudden change in Zigzag.
iv) Gone was Zigzag's bored and grumpy expression.
v) Dr. Krishnan took him to the clinic.
38. Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow.
I was just thirty-seven when my Uncle Philip died. A week before that event he sent for me; and here let me say that I had never set eyes on him. He
hated my mother, but I do not know why. She told me long before his last illness that I need expect nothing from my father's brother. He was an inventor, an able and ingenious mechanical engineer, and had much money by his improvement in turbinewheels. He was a bachelor; lived alone, cooked his own meals, and collected precious stones, especially rubies and pearls. From the time he made his first money, he had this mania. As he grew richer, the desire to possess rare and costly gems became stronger. When he bought a new stone, he carried it in his pocket for a month and now and then took it out and looked at it. Then it was added to the collection in his safe at the trust company.
i) How old was the narrator when his uncle died?
ii) Had the narrator seen his uncle before? Give lines from the passage that support your answer.
iii) What had the narrator's mother told him of his father's brother?
iv) What do you know about Uncle Philip?
v) What did the uncle do, when he bought a new stone?

## Section - IV (Writing)

Answer any FOUR of the following.
$4 \times 5=20$
39. Prepare an attractive advertisement using the hints given below.
Tasty and hygienic - homemade taste - 200 varieties to select- purely vegetarian - Mani Vilas - V.E. Road - Tuticorin.
40. Write a letter to the Headmistress/Headmaster of your school requesting for a Bonafide certificate.
41. You are Kiran/Keerthi, school pupil leader of GHSS, Karur. Prepare a notice on behalf of your school inviting all students of your school to take part in the Science club inauguration, which is to be held in your school on the 22 nd of this month.
42. Look at the following picture and express your views on it in about five sentences.

43. Make notes or write a summary of the following passage:
A forest is known as an intricate ecosystem that is densely covered with trees, shrubs, grasses and mosses. The trees and other plants that form a part of the forests create an environment that is healthy for the breeding several species of animals. These are thus a habitat for a large variety of wild animals and birds. Different types of forests grow in different parts of the world. These are mainly divided into three categoriesRain Forests, Coniferous Forests and Deciduous Forests. Forests form an important part of the ecological system mainly because they aids majorly in biodiversity. A large number of birds and animals survive only because of the presence of forests. However, unfortunately forests are being cut at a rapid speed to serve various purposes. The increase in the demand of various commodities derived from the trees that grow in different forests and the need to accommodate the growing population are among the major reasons for deforestation. It is important to realize that forests are essential for the survival of the mankind. Forests help in purifying the atmosphere, aid in climate control, act as natural watershed and are a source of livelihood for many people. Forests must thus be preserved. Deforestation is a global issue and effective measures must be taken to control this issue.
44. Identify and correct the errors in the following sentences.
a) Every students like the teacher.
b) I look forward to meet you. e) I live in United States.
c) Where I can find a bank?
d) My flight departs in 5 a.m.
e) I live in United States.

## Section - V Memoriter (Compulsory)

45. Quote from memory: Remember no men $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots . .$. air and water. $1 x 5=5$

Part IV (Supplementary)
46. Write a paragraph of about 150 words by developing the following hints. $1 \times 8=8$
a) Prospero lived - daughter Miranda - island cave - help of Ariel - raised storm - Antonio, King of Naples - Ferdinand - ship wrecked Prospero commands Ariel - bring Ferdinand - to cave - Miranda - sees first time - human being -

Ferdinand surprised to see - Miranda - Prospero - engages - Ferdinand - hard tasks Miranda - pleads with father - Prospero chides Miranda - Ariel brings King of Naples Antonio - to Prospero - they realize - mistake repent - restores the dukedom to Prospero Prospero agrees - marriage of Miranda and Ferdinand.
(OR)
b) China faces - great war - king commands men from - every house - take part - war - Mulan father weak- Mulan - wears - armour sword - goes for war - disguised man - fights bravely promotes chief - king happy - fever sweeps - war camp - Mulan affected - fever Doctor finds Mulan woman - soldiers -resent to the fact - Mulan doesn't mind - fights - wins war for China - King rewards her - offers position at palace - Mulan rejects - goes back village - royal gifts people happy - Mulan.

## Part V - (General Comprehension)

## 47. Read the following paragraph and answer the questions given below: <br> $4 \times 2=8$

The term junk food means a food that do not do good to the body health in anyway. It is less nutritional and harmful to the body systems. Most of junk foods contain high level of saturated fats, sugar, salt and bad cholesterol, which are toxin to the health. They become lack of dietary fibers so easily get involve in causing constipation and other digestive disorders. Junk foods have gained so much popularity of the nice taste and easy to cook. There are many readymade junk foods available in the market packed in the polybags. Most of the people are depended on such readymade foods because of their busy schedule or they do not know to cook food at home. The consumption of junk food all over the world is increasing day by day, which is not good for the future. People of all age groups like to eat junk food and they generally chose to eat whenever they enjoy special time with family like birthday party, marriage anniversary, etc. They easily become used to taking soft drinks, wafers, chips, noodles, burgers, pizza, French fries, Chinese dishes, and other varieties of fast food available in the market.

## Questions:

a) What is the meaning of the term Junk food?
b) What does junk food contain?
c) When do people prefer junk food?
d) List some of the junk foods you like.

## (OR)

## Read the following poem and answer the questions given below:

Twinkle, twinkle, little star, How I wonder what you are. Up above the world so high, Like a diamond in the sky. Twinkle, twinkle, little star, How I wonder what you are!

When the blazing sun is gone, When he nothing shines upon, Then you show your little light, Twinkle, twinkle, all the night. Twinkle, twinkle, little star, How I wonder what you are!

Then the traveler in the dark Thanks you for your tiny spark; How could he see where to go? If you did not twinkle so. Twinkle, twinkle, little star, How I wonder what you are!

In the dark blue sky you keep, While you through my window peep, And you never shut your eye,

Till the sun is in the sky,
Twinkle, twinkle, little star,
How I wonder what you are!

## Questions:

a) What does the poet wonder about?
b) When does the stars show up in the sky?
c) What does the traveler thank for?
d) When does the star shut its eyes?

## PTA QUESTION - 2 (2019-2020)

Answer all the questions.
Choose the appropriate synonyms for the italicised words:
$14 \times 1=14$

1. How crankyhe was.
a) normal
b) strange
c) abnormal
d) happy
2. His parents circled around raising a proud cackle.
a) sharp noise
b) blunt noise
c) high pitch
d) shout
3. Trying to revive old childhood memories may prove disappointing.
a) review
b) revitalize
c) restore
d) rescue

Choose the appropriate antonyms for the italicised words:
4. We look forward to a more inclusive way of learning, instead of the cloistered existence.
a) enclosed
b) detached
c) opened
d) united
5. 'Nothing' he said gruffly.
a) happily
b) roughly
c) sadly
d) plainly
6. Boost the morale in the country.
a) fear
b) attitude
c) mettle
d) confidence
7. Choose the correct plural form of lorry from the following.
a) lorrys
b) lorry
c) lories
d) lorries
8. Form a derivative by adding the right suffix to the word fashion -
a) ly
b) able
c) ty
d) tion
9. Choose the correct expansion of the abbreviation MRI.
a) Magnified Resonance Imaging
b) Magnified Reasoning Imagery
c) Magnetic Resonance Imaging
d) Magnetic Resonance Imagery
10. Complete the following sentence with the most appropriate word given below.
It helps to $\qquad$ the calories.
a) warm up
b) stretch out
c) put on
d) burn off
11. Choose the suitable option to pair with green to form a compound word.
a) dress
b) house
c) glass
d) pen
12. Fill in the blank with the most appropriate preposition given below: There was pin drop silence $\qquad$ the room.
a) in
b) to
c) near
d) with
13. Complete the following sentence by using the most appropriate form of the tense given below.The medal $\qquad$ in the attic for twenty-nine long years.
a) hide
b) hidden
c) had hidden
d) had been hidden
14. Choose the most appropriate linker from the given four alternatives. $\qquad$ did Muthu solve the problem?
a) When
b) But
c) How
d) Whenever

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\underline{\text { Part II }} \quad 10 \times 2=20
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Section - I (Prose)
Answer any THREE of the following questions in a sentence or two. $3 \times 2=6$
15. How was the young seagull's first attempt to fly?
16. Why did Herman and the author slam the doors?
17. What does the term circumnavigation mean?
18. What was Franz sorry for?

## Section - II (Poetry)

Read the following sets of poetic lines and answer any THREE of the following. $3 \times 2=6$
19. Let me but live my life from year to year,

With forward face and unreluctant soul;
a) Whom does the word 'me' refer to?
b) What kind of life does the poet want to lead?
20. Strong is she in her faith and belief.
"Persistence is the key to everything," says she
a) What is she strong about?
b) How does she deal with the adversities in life?
21. At last by starvation and famine made bold, All dripping with wet, and all trembling with cold,
a) What made the cricket bold?
b) Why did the cricket drip and tremble?
22. What happened inside that house?

## I really don't know

I guess it will always be a mystery
a) Does the poet know what happened in the house?
b) What is the mystery about the house?

## Section - III (Grammar)

Answer any THREE of the following. 3x2=6
23. Rewrite the following sentence to the other voice:
The doctor kindly warned me.
24. Rewrite using indirect speech.

He said, "I am glad they are strong".
25. Punctuate the following sentence.
no its the inhabitants corley replied
26. Transform the following sentence into a compound sentence.
If Ryan reads more, he will become proficient in the language.
27. Rearrange the words in the correct order to make meaningful sentences:
a) beckoning/calling/They were/to him/shrilly
b) amazed/ how/to see/I
was/well/I/it/understood.
Section - IV (WRITING) Compulsory
28. A stranger wants to visit the post office. Guide him to reach his destination.1x2=2


Answer any TWO of the following in utmost 10 lines.
$2 \times 5=10$
29. Describe the struggle underwent by the young seagull to overcome its fear of flying.
30. 'Technology is a boon to the disabled'- Justify.
31. How did Watson help his friend to arrest the criminal?
32. We appreciate the value of something only when we are about to lose it. Explain this with reference to the French language and Mr . Hamel.

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\underline{\text { Section - II (Poetry) }}
$$

Answer any TWO of the following in utmost 10 lines:
$2 \times 5=10$
33. 'Some cricket have four legs and some have two'.
Elucidate this statement from the poet's point of view.
34. What is the central theme of the poem 'No men are foreign'?
35. Read the following stanza and answer the question given below:
We can pull and haul and push and lift and drive,

We can print and plough and weave and heat and light,

We can run and race and swim and fly and dive,
We can see and hear and count and read and write!
i) Pick out the rhyming words in the above lines.(2)
ii) Write the rhyme scheme of the given stanza.(1)
iii) Identify the figure of speech employed in the first line of the given stanza. (1)
iv) Pick out the alliterating words in the second line
36. Paraphrase the following stanza.

They growl at the rain and they growl at the sun; In fact, their growling is never done.
And if everything pleased them, there isn't a doubt
They'd growl that they'd nothing to grumble about!

## Section - III (Supplementary)

Answer any ONE of the following: $1 \times 5=5$
37. Rearrange the following sentences in coherent order.
i) The letter read that the box contained jewels.
ii) The uncle had collected precious stones.
iii) The narrator was sent for, by his uncle when he was on his deathbed.
iv) His uncle announced Tom as his heir and wanted him to pray for his funeral.
v) Leaving an iron box for Tom, his uncle instructed him not to shake the box.
38. Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow.
A second inventor, using as a basis some old experiments that dated from the 19th century, had the idea of moving a whole city in a single block. He suggested, as a demonstration, the town of Saaf, situated fifteen miles from the sea; after conveying it on rails down to the shore, he would transform it into a seaside resort. Francis

Bennett, attracted by this project, agree to take a halfshare in it. The proposals heard and dealt with, Francis Bennett went to stretch himself out in an easy-chair in the audition-room. Then, pressing a button, he was put into communication with the Central Concert. After so busy a day, what a charm he found in the works of out greatest masters, based on a series of delicious harmonico- algebraic formulae! During his meal, phonotelephotic communication had been set up with Paris.
i) In which century were the old experiments dated? And what was it?
ii) Where was Saaf situated?
iii) What was the proposal awaiting for Saaf?
iv) How and to whom was Francis Bennett connected?
v) Pick out any two words that refer to technology.

## Section - IV (Writing)

Answer any FOUR of the following.
$4 \times 5=20$
39. Prepare an attractive advertisement using the hints given below.
Service camp - get exciting - discount in spare parts - avail- free service - camp - visit your nearest - Laptop World.
40. Write a letter to a Sports Store ordering for Sports goods for your school.
41. You are Divya/ Dinesh school pupil leader of GHSS, Pattukottai. Your Principal has requested you to inform the students about a trip to Yelagiri. Prepare a notice giving the details such as date of journey, mode of transportation, amount, dress code etc.
42. Look at the following picture and express your views on it in about five sentences.

43. Make notes or write a summary of the following passage:
Elephant is the biggest land animal found on earth. It is a wild animal but after giving training it becomes a useful animal for man. It is a huge
animal and its colour is grey. All the four legs of an elephant are as huge as thick pillars of a huge building. It has two big ears, which go on moving to and fro like a big fan. Its eyes are small. It has a short tail but its trunk is long. It is a wonderful thing. It can pick up even a small needle with its help. The elephant has long white tusks. The elephant is perhaps the strongest animal in the world. It is very costly too. Elephants live in herds. They eat small twigs, straw and wild fruits. A pet elephant also eats bananas, bread and sugarcanes. Elephants are pure vegetarians. They are very useful for all. They are used in felling trees, lifting logs, pushing them into rivers. In olden time kings and dukes used to keep elephants for wars and battles. In circus also elephants play very important roles. Even after its death an elephant is useful. Bangles are made of its bones and tusks. Its flesh is also eaten. Thus an elephant is really a boon for mankind.
44. Identify and correct the errors in the following sentences.
a) Myself I am Reyna.
b) He do not have a music system.
c) I cannot cope up with the pressure.
d) What is the time in your watch?
e) Our classroom is in the second floor.

## Section - V Memoriter (Compulsory)

Quote from memory: O'er rough ...........will be the best.

1x5=5

## Part IV (Supplementary)

46. Write a paragraph of about 150 words by developing the following hints. $1 \times 8=8$
a) The emperor of Shining- orders-old people- to be deserted in valley-farmer-very sad-carries old mother- to Obatsuyama- leaves mother- motherarranges bed to sleep- mother warns-son of danger in forest-asks to follow twigs-son moved - love and affection-carries mother back home-hides-at home- emperor order -rope of ashesfarmer worried- old mother helps- farmerprepare rope of ashes- emperor surprised-farmertells the truth- emperor ashamed of order- calls back the order- old people restored to Shining.
(OR)
b) Dr. Ashok - entrusts his - pet bird - Dr. Krishnan - children excited of his entry - it can speak - 21African languages -Zigzag - sleeps endlesslywith heavy snore- no peace at - home- Mrs. Krishnan - not happy - shouts and asks for
solutions - Dr. Krishnan writes - to Ashokfinding solutions - no reply - Dr. Krishnan takes Zigzag to clinic- turn of event - Zigzag-takes- care of - the orderliness -clinic- very quiet-all surprised- Zigzag commands - Dr. Krishnan happy- finds- secret-Zigzag-must be engaged-if not he sleeps- family is happy with his presence.

## Part V - (General Comprehension)

47. Read the following paragraph and answer the questions given below: $\quad \mathbf{4 x 2}=8$ Chennai, formerly Madras is the, capital of Tamilnadu, in southern India, on the Coromandel Coast of the Bay of Bengal. Known as the "Gateway to South India," Chennai is a major administrative and cultural centre. Armenian and Portuguese traders were living in the Santhome area of what is now present-day Chennai before the arrival of the British in 1639. Madras was the shortened name of the fishing village Madraspatnam, where the British East India Company built a fort and factory (trading post) in 1639-40. At that time, the weaving of cotton fabrics was a local industry, and the English invited the weavers and native merchants to settle near the fort. By 1652 the factory of Fort St. George was recognized as a presidency (an administrative unit governed by a president), and between 1668 and 1749 the company expanded its control. About 1801, by which time the last of the local rulers had been shorn of his powers, the English had become masters of southern India, Madras had become their administrative and commercial capital. The government of Tamil Nadu officially changed the name of the city of Chennai in 1996.

## Questions:

a) Who were living in the Santhome area?
b) When did the British arrive at Chennai?
c) What was the local industry in Chennai?
d) When did the English become masters of southern India?

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(\mathbf{O R})
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## Read the following poem and answer the questions given below:

Allow yourself to dream
And when you do dream big Allow yourself to learn And when you do learn all you can

Allow yourself to be determined
And when you do you will find you will succeed
Allow yourself to believe in yourself
And when you do you will find self confidence
Allow yourself love
And when you do you will find love in return
Allow yourself to be happy
And when you do you will influence others around
you.
Allow yourself to laugh
And when you do share your laughter
Allow yourself to set goals
And when you do reward yourself as you move
forward
Allow yourself to lend a helping hand
And when you do a hand will help you.
Allow yourself relaxation
And when you do you will find new ideas.
Allow yourself to be positive
And when you do life will get easier.

## Questions:

a) How does the poet want the reader to dream?
b) When must we reward ourselves?
c) What will happen when we are determined?
d) According to the poet when does life get easier?

## PTA QUESTION - 3 (2019-2020)

## Part-I

Answer all the questions.
Choose the appropriate synonyms for the italicised words: $14 \times 1=14$

1. The spoilt child of affluent parents.
a) influenced
b) wealthy
c) happy
d) poor
2. Scraping his beak now and again to whet it.
a) clean
b) blunt
c) sharp
d) wet
3. My contention was to make sure that we go by the rules.
a) continuous effort
b) disturbed effort
c) unhappy effort
d) strenuous effort

Choose the appropriate antonyms for the italicised words:
4. The little man was startled.
a) surprised
b) excited
c) saddened
d) at ease
5. The birds were chirping at the end of the woods.
a) singing
b) shouting
c) tweeting
d) alarming
6. One can control the computer screen with $\underline{a}$ gaze.
a) blink
b) stare
c) look
d) trace
7. Choose the correct plural form of childfrom the following:
a) childs
b) childrens
c) childes
d) children
8. Form a derivative by adding the right prefix to the word $\qquad$ relevant.
a) il
b) im
c) ir
d) mal
9. Choose the correct expansion of the abbreviation IIT.
a) International Institute of Teaching
b) Indian Institute of Teaching
c) Indian Institute of Technology
d) International Institute of Technology
10. Complete the following sentence with the most appropriate given below:
The airhostess instructed the passengers to wear the seat belts during the
a) warm up
b) stretch out
c) put on
d) take off
11. Choose the suitable option to pair with traffic to form a compound word.
a) police
b) signal
c) jam
d) light
12. Fill in the blank with the most appropriate preposition given below:
The entire province trembled $\qquad$ dread.
a) in
b) of
13. Complete the following sentence by using the most appropriate form of the tense given below:
I wish most of all to $\qquad$ home to my family.
a) returned
b) returning
c) return
d) has returned
14. Choose the most appropriate linker from the given four alternatives.
$\qquad$ you work hard, you cannot secure good marks.
a) When
b) But
c) Unless
d) Whenever

## Part II 10x2=20

Section - I (Prose)
Answer any THREE of the following questions in a sentence or two. $3 \times 2=6$
15. Why didn't Holmes let Watson to examine him?
16. When and how did Mr. Hamel bid farewell to the class?
17. What did Aditya offer Sanyal?
18. Which factor motivated the crew to undertake the expedition?
Section - II (Poetry)

Read the following sets of poetic lines and answer any THREE of the following. $3 \times 2=6$
19. Nothing goes right with the folks you meet Down on that gloomy complaining street.
a) What is the opinion about the folks you meet down the street?
b) What does the word 'gloomy' mean here?
20. We were cast and wrought and hammered to design,
We were cut and filed and tooled and gauged to fit,
a) Whom does 'we' refer to?
b) How are they made to fit?
21. Beneath all uniforms, a single body breathes Like ours: the land our brothers walk upon
a) What is found beneath all uniforms?
b) Where are we all going to lie finally?
22. It sat alone

What happened there is still today unknown.
a) What does 'it' refer to?
b) What happened inside it?

## Section - III (Grammar)

Answer any THREE of the following. $3 \times 2=6$
23. Rewrite the following sentence to the other voice: M. Hamel mounted his chair.
24. Rewrite using indirect speech.
"Let not thine eyes be blinded, my son", she said.
25. Punctuate the following sentence.
i said no i $m$ not don $t$ be silly
26. Transform the following sentence into a Complex sentence.
Neela followed my suggestions.
27. Rearrange the words in the correct order to make meaningful sentences:
a) Why / Nagen / uncle / asked / there / were / we
b) was / alone / the / seagull / young / his / on / ledge

29. Describe the funny incident that caused the confusion in the story, 'The night the ghost got in'.
30. Highlight the factors responsible for the all women Indian Navy crew to carry out their expedition.
31. Give a brief character sketch of Sasanka Sanyal.
32. How do we use technology in our day to day life?

## Section - II (Poetry)

Answer any TWO of the following in utmost 10 lines:
$2 \times 5=10$
33. From the poem 'The Grumble Family' what kind of behaviour does the poet want the readers to possess?
34. How is mystery depicted in the poem 'The house on Elms street'?
35. Read the following stanza and answer the question given below:
Beside the house sits a tree
It never grows leaves
Not in the winter, spring, summer or fall.
It just sits there, never getting small or ever growing tall, How could this be?
i) Pick out rhyming words from the above lines.
ii) Write the rhyme scheme of the given stanza. (1)
iii) Identify the figure of speech employed in the first and last line of the given stanza. (2)
iv) Pick out the alliterating words in the third line.
36. Paraphrase the following stanza.

Remember, we who take arms against each other It is the human earth that we defile

Our hells of fire and dust outrage the innocence Of air that is everywhere our own, Remember, no men are foreign, and no countries strange.

## Section - III (Supplementary)

Answer any ONE of the following: $1 \times 5=5$
37. Rearrange the following sentences in coherent order.
i) Of these, Ariel was the chief.
ii) They live in a cave made out of rocks.
iii) Gonzalo, the lord of his court privately places water, provisions, apparels and books.
iv) Prospero, the Duke of Milan reaches the island with his daughter Miranda.
v) By virtue of his magic he releases many good spirits from the witch Sycorax.
38. Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow.
'You're both quite mistaken,' their father hastened to explain, seeing his wife's horrified expression. 'Zigzag is a most harmless, unusual and lovable bird. Apparently, it was bred by a genuine African witch doctor, who gifted it to Somu when he---being a child specialist like me --- cured the witch doctor's son while he was touring the deepest jungles of equatorial Africa last month. Somu says the bird is an absolute treasure and a real help. It's his favourite pet, you know'. Somu might be your best friend, but most of these so called "favourite" possessions that he has given us were absolute nuisances!' countered Mrs. Krishnan angrily. A talented artist, she applied a dab of yellow-ochre paint onto her painting titled Sunset at Marina, paused for a moment to survey the effect and then continued, 'Remember the rare insect-eating plant he brought back from the wettest corner of the Amazonian rainforest! He insisted that we keep it because it would eat the mosquitoes in the house and now that wretched plant requires a room heater to keep it alive in Chennai!'

## Questions:

i) Who gifted Zigzag to Somu?
ii) Why did he gift Zigzag to Somu?
iii) What is the title of Mrs. Krishnan's painting?
iv) Why did Somu insist the Krishnan's family to keep the insect-eating plant?
v) What do you know about Zigzag from the given passage?

## Section - IV (Writing) <br> Answer any FOUR of the following. <br> $4 \times 5=20$

39. Prepare an attractive advertisement using the hints given below.
Footwear for all- all sizes- endless variety- all brands -under one roof- attractive offers- Shoes and heals- 43 , M. G. road, Villupuram.
40. Write a letter to the Inspector of Police, complaining about the lost of your bicycle.
41. You are Mithra / Mahesh, school pupil leader of GHSS, Erode. Your Principal has requested you to inform the students about the ECO club meeting in your school. Prepare a notice giving the details such as date of the meeting, time and venue.
42. Look at the following picture and express your views on it in about five sentences.

43. Make notes or write a summary of the following passage:
Mobile phone is a telephone system that works without any wire. Mobile phone is one of the wonderful wonders of science. It has added a new dimension to our life and to communication system. It can be moved easily and quickly from place to place. Through mobile phone, we can send messages to distant places, play games and sports, know about time. Solve the work of calculation, be aware of different kinds of news and views. At present the popularity of the mobile phones is increasing. Many companies are also being set up for selling mobile phone. The price of mobile phones also decreasing in comparison with the past. People are being encouraged to buy a mobile-phone set at a cheaper rate. However with the touch of science and technology, the whole world seems to be a global village, in a very single moment, we can communicate with the people living in a very distant place. With all its advantages, the mobile phone has still some drawbacks in disguise. Though the price of it is decreasing, per minute
bill is not decreasing. So everybody cannot possess it. Scientists have recently discovered that mobile phone can cause cancer to the users. Besides, it has become a fashion with the young people. Last but not the least, terrorists are using it to spread out terrorism all around the world. But in spite of all these disadvantages, it can be finalized here that the necessity of a mobile phone in exchanging messages, cannot be denied in the true sense of the term in our practical life.
44. Identify and correct the errors in the following sentences.
i) He has good knowledge of English grammar.
ii) His son-in-laws have come home.
iii) She love her father.
iv) I don't know who is she.
v) He is taller then me.

## Section-V (Compulsory)

45. Quote from memory:
$1 \times 5=5$
If you make.... children of your brain.

## Part IV (Supplementary)

46. Write a paragraph of about 150 words by developing the following hints.
a) Uncle Philip - calls for Tom - gives - treasure box - box contains - precious stones and valuables - warns Tom - handle with care - a letter - instructs -interesting mechanism unlock the box - explodes - Tom anxious wants - to possess - valuables - but worried of opening - finds - all possible - options - but in vain - finally - donates it.
(OR)
b) China faces - great war - king commands men from - every house - take part - war - Mulan father weak - Mulan - wears - armour - sword goes for war - disguised man - fights bravely promotes chief -king happy - fever sweeps war camp - Mulan affected - fever - Doctor finds - Mulan woman - soldiers - resent to the fact - Mulan doesn't mind - fights - wins war for China - King rewards her - offers position at palace - Mulan rejects - goes back - village royal gifts - people happy - Mulan.

## Part V (General Comprehension)

47. Read the following paragraph and answer the questions given below:
$4 \times 2=8$
Amazon rainforest is a rainforest in Brazil. The rainfall is more than 1800 mm . The total area is $2,300,000$ square miles $(6,000,000$ square km ). It is about 40 percent of Brazil's total area,

5 percent of world's total area. The Amazon rainforest is the largest and the richest rainforest in the world. Containing 2.5 million types of insects and 40,000 types of plants. Many of them still unrecorded by science. There are many different types of organisms that you haven't seen in the other place. Such as spider monkey. Major wildlife includes jaguar, manatee, tapir, red deer, poison dart frog and so on. Amazon rainforest also have many plants. The most famous one is Canopy. Canopy the tallest tree in the world. It is about 61 meters. It helps to protect the harsh sunlight. Most herbivores eat fruits, seeds and leaves and most carnivores eat smaller animals. In the 20th century, Brazil's rapidly growing population settled major areas of the Amazon rainforest. In the 1990s the Brazilian government started to protect this beautiful place.

## Questions:

a) Where is the Amazon rain forest situated?
b) What is the total area of the Amazon rain forest?
c) Mention some of the major wildlife of the Amazon?
d) What is a canopy?
(OR)
Read the following poem and answer the questions given below:
When things go wrong as they sometimes will;
When the road you 're trudging seems all uphill;
When the funds are low, and the debts are high;
And you want to smile, but you have to sigh;
When care is pressing you down a bit
Rest if you must, but don't you quit
Success is failure turned inside out;
The silver tint of the clouds of doubt;
And you can never tell how close you are;
It may be near when it seems afar.
So, stick to the fight when you're hardest hitIt's when things go wrong that you mustn't quit
Questions:
a) According to the poet, what happens to our funds and debts?
b) What must we do when care presses us down?
c) What is success?
d) How far can the silver tint be?

## PTA QUESTION - 4 (2019-2020)

## Answer all the questions <br> Choose the appropriate synonyms for the italicised words: $14 \times 1=14$

1. He was delirious.
a) sick
b) disappointed
c) troubled
d) forced
2. The whole family was laughing at his cowardice.
a) strength
b) bravery
c) courage
d) lack of bravery
3. My mother was asleep in one room upstairs, grandfather was in the attic.
a) bedroom
b) a room
c) a space in the roof
d) kitchen

Choose the appropriate antonym for the italicised words:
4. Then a monstrous terror seized him.
a) released
b) grasped
c) snatched
d) conquered
5. The light still shone palely down the stairs.
a) $\operatorname{dim}$
b) weak
c) bright
d) faint
6. Those are the times we have to be active.
a) dynamic
b) lively
c) energetic
d) inactive
7. Choose the correct plural form of syllabus
a) syllables
b) syllabus
c) syllabi
d) syllabus
8. Attach a suitable prefix to the word $\qquad$ activate.
a) en-
b) non-
c) $\mathrm{de}-$
d) dis-
9. The common expansion of $\boldsymbol{C B I}$ is
a) Central Bureau of Investigation
b) Central Banks of India
c) Central Bureau of Investigators
d) Central Bureau of Investors
10. Choose the correct idiom that means 'Competent'.
a) on the go
b) on the ball
c) on the wind
d) on strong waters
11. Choose the suitable option to pair it with 'boarding' to form a compound word.
a) pause
b) pass
c) parts
d) fast
12. Fill in the blank with the most appropriate preposition given below:
Keep the books $\qquad$ the table.

## Questions:

i) Where did the Olympic Games begin?
ii) Why did the Romans stop the Olympic Games?
iii) How did the Paralympic for dis abled begain?
iv) Who was Sir Ludwig Guttmann?
(OR)
b) Read the following poem and answer the questions given below:
Summer comes
In a blaze of heat
With sunny smiles
and dusty feet
Then seasons change
to muddy roads
Monsoons and mangoes
Leapfrogs and toads
Spring is pretty
but short and sweet
When you can smell the grass
from your garden seat
Autumn in English
in red, yellow and brown
Autumn is Indian
Whenever leaves fall down.
Qustions:
i) How does the poet describe the spring season?
ii) Which line tells you that the garden is fresh?
iii) Does the poet welcome the summer? How do you know?
iv) How is autumn in India?

## GOVERNMENT QUESTION <br> PAPER - APRIL 2023

Choose the appropriate synonym for the itaticised words.

1. The young bird kept calling her mother plaintively.
a) happily
b) sadly
c) rigorously
d) vainly
2. Mr.Sanyal stood up with eyes dilated and began to recite a poem by Tagore:
a) closed
b) moved
c) widened
d) shrinked
3. The doors and drawers were yanked open: a)
pushed
b) pulled
c) fixed
d) repulsed

Choose the appropriate antonym for the italicised words.
4. I forgot all about Mr.Hamel's ruler and how cranky he was:
a) unusal
b) familiar
c) unfamiliar
d) strange
5. I had counted on the commotionto get to my desk without being seen...
a) confusion
b) disturbance
c) unrest
d) calmness
6. We witnessed the bright lights from the sea:
a) famous
b) superb
c) night
d) dull
7. Choose the correct plural form of 'formula' from the following:
a) formulae
b) formulas
c) formii
d) formules
8. From a derivative by adding the right suffix to the word fail:
a) en
b) ure
c) ment
d) ion
9. Choose the correct expansion of the abbreviation "CD"
a) Compact Drive
b) Condensed Display
c) Compact Disc
d) Common Drive
10. Complete the following sentence with the most appropriate phrasal verb given below. The mother instructed the main to -_ the child carefully.
a) warm up
b) shout down
c) look after
d) take off
11. Choose the suitable option to pair it with the word 'SUN' to form a compound word.
a) thing
b) hole
c) glasses
d) hand
12. Fill in the blank with the most appropriate preposition given below.
The young seagull was alone $\qquad$ his ledge.
a) on
b) to
c) into
d) with
13. Complete the following sentence using the most appropriate tense form of the verb given below.
My parents - (return) from New York next month.
a) will return
b) are returning
c) will have returned
d) will have been returning
14. Choose the most appropriate linker from the given four alternatives.
good marks.
a) when
b) but
c) unless
d) whenever.

## PART - II <br> SECTION-1

Answer any three of the following question in a sentence or two
15. What made the young seagull go mad?
16. What does INSV stand for?
17. How was Holmes able to look sick?
18. Which month is called as Magha?

## SECTION - 2

Read the following sets of poetic lines amd answer any three of the following $3 \times 2=6$
19. My heart will keep the courage of the quest, And hope the road's last turn will be best.
a) What kind of quest does the poet seek here?
b) What is the poet's hope?
20. There's a family nobody likes to meet;

They live, it is said, on complaining street.
a) Where does the family live?
b) Why do you think the street is named as 'complaning street'?
21. But we ants never borrow,

We ants never lend.
a) Why do you think ants neither borrow for lend?
b) Who says these lines to whom?
22. They, too, aware of sun and air and water, Are fed by peaceful harests, by war's long winter starv'd
a) What is common for all of us?
b) How are we fed?

## Section - 3

Answer any three of the following $\quad 3 \times 2=6$
23. Rewrite the following sentence in other voice: That portrait was painted by my grandmother.
24. Rewrite the sentence in Reported Speech. She asked, "When will you call me?"
25. Punctuate the following sentence. Were you not a good student I asked.
26. Combine the following sentence into a simple sentence
a) as/I/ healthy/ are / you / am /as
b) speaks / Ruben / besides / German/ languages/two

Section-4
Answer the following question
$1 \times 2=2$
28. A stranger asks you to direct him to Raja Store. Give instructions to help him.


PART-III
Section-1
Answer any two of the following in a paragraph. $2 \times 5=10$
29. Give a detailed account of all thoughts and questions in the narrator's mind while accompanying Aditya from the tea shop to Sanyal's house.
30. How did Watson help his friend to arrest the criminal?
31. Describe the struggles underwent by the young seagull to overcome its fear of flying
32. Give an account of the last day of Mr.Hamel in school.

## Section-2

Answer any two of the following: $\quad \mathbf{2 x 5}=10$
33. Compare and contrast the attitude of the ant and the cricket.
34. What are the positive aspects mentioned in the poem 'Life'?
35. Read the following stanza and aswer the questions given below.
The weather is always too hot or cold;
Summer and winter alike they scold.
Nothing goes right with the folks you meet.
Down on that gloomy complaining street.
a) Pick out the rhyming words from the given stanza
b) Give the rhyme scheme for the given stanza.
c) Identify the figure of speech employed in
the first line of the given stanza.
d) Pick out the alliterating words in the second line.
36. Paraphrase the following stanza.

She's a lioness; don't mess with her.
She 'll not spare you if you're a prankster
Don't ever try to saw her pride, her self-respect,
She knows how to thaw you, saw you-so beware!

## Section - 3

37. Answer any one of the following $1 \times 5=5$ Rearrange the following sentences in coherent order.
i) The mother dropped the small twings as markers on the way to help her son return.
ii) Once in shining, a cruel ruler declared that all old people mut be put to death.
iii) Filled with dread, he hid his mother in his home.
iv) A farmer decided to leave his old mother on top of a mountain.
v) The son made up his mind to take back his mother home.
38. Read the following passage and answer the question that follow.
Many years ago, China was in the middle of a great war. The Emperor said that one man from each Chinese family must leave his family to join the army. Mulan, a teenage girl who lived in a far away village of China, heard the news was sitting on a chair, carving a piece of wood. "Father!" she said! "Did you hear what the Emperor says each family must do? "Yes", said her old father, "I heard about it in town, "Well, I may as well go pack up". He pit down his carving, stood up amd walked very slowly to his room.

## Questions:

a) What did the Emperor say?
b) Who was Mulan?
c) When did she hear the news?
d) What was her father doing?
e) Where was her father when he heard the news?

## Section-4

Answer any four of the following

$4 \times 5=20$
39. Prepare an attractive advertisement using the hints given below.
Mobile Galaxy - Smart phones - accessories SIM cards - Recharge - Free power banks on Mobile purchase - No.1, Toll Gate, Trichy.
40. Write a letter to the Editor of a leading newspaper suggesting measures to upgrade the standard about the bad influene of TV channels.
41. You are the coordinator of the science forum of your school. An event had been organized on account of National Science day for the members of the forum. Now write a report on the observance of "National Science Day" at your school.
42. Look at the following picture and express your views on it in a paragraph of five sentences.

43. Make notes or write a summary of the following passage
Our blood consists of three types of blood cells: red blood cells, white blood cells and platelets. The red blood cells are small, thin and disc shaped. They are composed of an iron containing component called haemoglobin. When blood passes through the lungs each haemoglobin molecule picks up four oxygen molecules and supplies them to the body's tissues. Red blood cells also transport the carbon-di-oxide from to the tissues to the lungs. The lungs throw out this gas when we exhale. The white blood cells are big and few compared to red cells, numbering only one for every 700 red cells. They are body's destroys dead cells. Other kinds produce antibodies against viruses. Some others consume and digest bacteria.
44. Identify the error in the following sentences and rewrite them correctly.
a) Many students has turned up for the seminar.
b) one of the boys are missing
c) I bought an book this morning
d) Sreena avoids to eat fruits.
e) The deer runs fastly.

## Section -5

45. Quote from memory:
$1 \times 5=5$
We were taken from $\qquad$
$\ldots . . . . . . . . . .$. oil is all we ask.

## PART-IV

46. Write a paragraph of about 150 words by developing the following hints. $2 \times 8=16$
a) Uncle Philip - Cunning- living alone - interest collecting stones - death bed cells - Tom - sole heir - hands over iron box - gems - warns -opening- dynamite - headache - Tom - reads book- consults technicians - doctors- priests -
salary reduce - afraid tax - failure - donates human vivisection centre.
(OR)
b) Holland - dikes- lie below sea level - Peter prevent sea water - walks - besides the canal small hole in the dike - put his finger- Holland drowned while I am here. The little fellow - and scremed - next morning - a man- notice peter alaram - people mended - brave hero.
47. Read the following paragraph and answer the questions give below:

The term junk food means a food that do not do good to the body health in anyway. It is less nutritional and harmful to the body systems. Most of junk foods contain high level of saturated fats, sugar, salt and bad cholesterol which are toxin to the health. They become lack of dietary fibers so easily get involve in causing constipation and other digestive disorders. Junk foods have gained so much popularity because of the nice taste and easy to cook. There are many readymade junk foods available in the market packed in the polybags. Most of the people ar depended on such readymade foods because of their busy schedule or they do not know to cook food at home. The consumption of junk food all over the world is increasing day by day which is not good for the future. People of all age groups like to eat junk food and they generally choose to eat whenever they enjoy special time with family like birthday party, marriage anniversary, etc. The easily become used to of taking soft drinks, wafers, chips, noodles, burgers, pizza, French fries, Chinese dishes, and other varieties of fast food available in the market fall under the category of junk food.

## Question :

i) What is the meaning of the term "Junk food"?
ii) What does junk food contain?
iii) When do people prefer junk food?
iv) List some of the junk food you like?
(OR)
b) Read the following poem and answer the questions given below.
A Bird, came down thw Walk -
He did not know I saw
He bit an Angle Worm in halves
And ate the fellow, raw,

And then, he drank a Dew
From a convenient Grass -
And then hopped sidewise to the Wall
To let a Beetle pass -
He glanced with rapid eyes,
That hurried all abroad -
They looked like frightened Beads, I thought, He stirred his Velvet Head -

## Questions:

i) What did the poet see?
ii) How did the bird eat the worm?
iii) Did the bird drink water? How?
iv) What are the eyes compared to?

## GOVERNMENT QUESTION <br> PAPER - APRIL 2024

## PART-I

14x1=14
Choose the appropriate synonyms for the italicised words

1. We have to be active and need to anticipate what could be there ahead.
a) foresee
b) unexpected
c) careless
d) sudden
2. They can control a computer screen with Eye Gaze.
a) control
b) shape
c) colour
d) stare
3. The lady seems hysterical.
a) calm
b) serious
c) emotional
d) missing

## Choose the appropriate antonyms for the italicised words.

4. The sun was now ascending the sky.
a) climbing
b) rising
c) mounting
d) descending
5. The spoilt child of affluent parents!
a) poor
b) healthy
c) wealthy
d) happy
6. The whole school seemed so strange.
a) odd
b) usual
c) weird
d) new
7. Choose the correct plural form of 'eskimo' from the following.
a) eskimoss
b) Eskimos
c) eskimose
d) Eskimo
8. Form a derivative by adding the right suffix to the word 'child'.
a) hood
b) ment
c) ure
d) ion
9. Choose the correct expansion of the abbreviation 'AAC'
a) Augmentative and Alternative Communication
b) Accumulative and Alternative Communication
c) Augmentative and Assessive Communication
d) Augmentative and Artificial Computer
10. Complete the following sentence with the most appropriate phrasal verb given below.
I never $\qquad$ in the gym.
a) work after
b) work out
c) work on
d) work in
11. Choose the suitable option to pair it with the word 'Watch' to form a compound word.
a) hall
b) house
c) man
d) clock
12. Fill in the blank with the most appropriate preposition given below.
The young seagull was alone $\qquad$ his ledge.
a) of
b) on
c) into
d) with
13. Complete the following sentence using the most appropriate tense form of the verb given below.
Siva $\qquad$ (attend) music classes regularly.
a) attends
b) attended
c) will attend
d) will be attending
14. Choose the most appropriate linker from the given four alternatives.
Call me $\qquad$ you need money.
a) incase
b) though
c) but
d) and

## PART - II

SECTION - $1 \quad 3 \times 2=6$
Answer any three of the following questions in a sentence or two.
15. What woke up the mother?
16. Which devices are controlled using ACTIV controller?
17. Why did Holmes want smith to treat him?
18. What was Frank sorry for?

SECTION - 2
$3 \times 2=6$
Read the following sets of poetic lines and answer any three of the following.
19. There's a family nobody likes to meet;

They live, it is said, on Complaining Street
a) Where does the family live ?
b) Why do you think the street is named as Complaining Street?
20. At last by starvation and famine made bold, All dripping with wet, and all trembling with cold,
a) What made the cricket bold ?
b) Why did the cricket drip and tremble ?
21. So let the way wind up the hill or down, O'er rough or smooth, the journey will be joy:
a) How is the way of life?
b) How should be the journey of life?
22. And now, if you will set us to our task, We will serve you four and twenty hours a day!
a) Who does the pronoun'you' refer to here ?
b) Whose task is referred to as 'our task' here ?

$$
\text { SECTION }-3 \quad 3 \times 2=6
$$

Answer any three of the following.
23. Rewrite the sentence in Reported speech.

He said, "I have bought five apples from the shop".
24. Rewrite the following sentence in other voice.

Have you invited Raman to the party?
25. Punctuate the following sentence.
do you know the symptoms asked smith
26. Change the following sentence into a simple sentence.
He followed what I suggested.
27. Rearrange the words in the correct order to make meaningful sentences.
a) $\mathrm{had} / \mathrm{made} / \mathrm{He} /$ flight/his/first.
b) heard/from/tent/her/this/Mulan/inside.

SECTION - 4

## 28. Answer the following question.

A stranger asked you to direct him to the school. Guide him to reach his destination.
$1 \times 2=2$


## PART - III

SECTION - $1 \quad 2 \times 5=10$
Answer any two of the following in a paragraph.
29. Narrate the extensive search operation made by the policeman in the house.
30. Technology is a boon to the disabled - justify.
31. Give a brief character sketch of Sasanka Sanyal.
32. Highlight the factors responsible for the all-women Indian Navy Crew to carry out their expedition.

$$
\text { SECTION - } 2 \quad 2 \times 5=10
$$

## Answer any two of the following.

33. What optimistic attitude should the readers possess according to the poem 'The Grumble family'?
34. Compare and contrast the attitude of the ant and the cricket.
35. Read the following stanza and answer the questions given below.

Beside the house sits a tree.
It never grows leaves,
Not in the winter, spring summer or fall.
It just sits there, never getting small or ever growing tall,
a) Pick out the rhyming words from the given stanza.
b) Give the rhyme scheme for the given stanza.
c) Identify the figure of speech employed in the first line of the given stanza
d) Pick out the alliterating words in the third line.
36. Paraphrase the following stanza.

Remember, no men are strange, no countries foreign
Beneath all uniforms, a single body breathes Like ours : the land our brothers walk upon Is earth like this, in which we all shall lie.

$$
\text { SECTION }-3 \quad 1 \times 5=5
$$

Answer any one of the following.
37. Rearrange the following sentences in coherent order.
i) Mulan went into her room and cut her long hair.
ii) In the army, Mulan proved to be a brave soldier.
iii) Mulan, a teenage girl who lived in a faraway village of China heard the news.
iv) The Emperor said that one man from each Chinese family must join the army.
v) She climbed on a horse and joined the army.
38. Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow.

One afternoon in the early fall, when peter was eight years old, his mother called him from his play. "Come, Peter", she said. "I want you to go across the dike and take these cakes to your friend, the blind man. If you go quickly, and do not stop to play, you will be home again before dark". The little boy was glad to go on such an errand, and started off with a light heart. He stayed with the poor blind man a little while to tell him about his walk along the dike and about the sun and the flowers and the ships far out at sea. Then he remembered his mother's wish that he should return before dark and, bidding his friend goodbye, he set out for home.

## Questions :

a) What did peter's mother want him to do ?
b) What was her advice ?
c) Why was the little boy glad?
d) What did the little boy tell his friend?
e) What did the little boy remember?

SECTION - 4
$4 \times 5=20$
Answer any four of the following.
39. Prepare an attractive advertisement using the hints given below.
Tasty and hygienic - home made taste - 200 varieties to select - Purely vegerarian - special combo offers - available - Icecream and Fruit juices - Mani Vilas - M.G.Road, Madurai.
40. You are Gomathi, a resident of a colony adjacent to the Cauvery River. Daily you see many people throwing waste into it, spoiling the pure water. Write a letter to a newspaper showing your concern about it and also voicing your worry.
41. You are Nikil/Nikitha, school pupil leader of GHSS, Trichy. Prepare a notice on behalf of your school inviting the grandparents of the students to celebrate WORLD ELDERS DAY in your school auditorium on the $20^{\text {th }}$ of next month.
42. Look at the following picture and express your views on it in a paragraph of five sentences.

43. Make notes or write a summary of the following passage.
Many of us use internet on a regular basis and even have access to it from our homes!

The 'net' in internet really stands for network. A network is two or more computers connected together so that information can be shared, or sent from one computer to another. The internet is a vast resource for all types of information. You may enjoy using it to do research for a school project, downloading your favorite songs or communicating with friends and family. Information is accessed through web pages that companies, organizations and individuals create and post. It's kind of like a giant bulletin board that the whole world uses! But since anyone can put anything on the internet, you also have to be careful and use your best judgement and a little commonsense.

Just because you read something on a piece of paper someone sticks on a bulletin board doesn't mean that it's a good information, or even correct, for that matter. So you have to be sure that whoever posted the information knows what they are talking about, especially if you are doing research! But what if you're just emailing people ? You still have to be very careful. If you've never met the person that you're communicating with online, you could be on dangerous ground! You should never give out any personal information to someone you don't know, not even your name. And just like if you can't believe the information on every website out there, you can't rely on what strangers you 'meet' on the internet tell you either. just like you could make up things about yourself to tell someone, someone else could do the same to you.
44. Identify the errors in the following sentences and rewrite them correctly.
a) A earth goes round the sun.
b) It poured outside now.
c) I can be fifteen next April.
d) Her cousins as well as she is hard working.
e) As we were late, so we apologized.

SECTION-5 1x5=5
45. Quote from memory.

Not mourning for. $\qquad$
PART - IV
vith cheer.
$2 \times 8=16$
46. Write a paragraph of about 150 words by developing the following hints.
a) The Emperor of Shining - orders - old people - to be - deserted - farmer - very sad - carries old mother - to Obatsuyama - leaves mother arranges bed to sleep - mother warns - son - of
danger - asks to follow - twings - son moved - carries mother back home - hides - at home - Emperor orders - rope of ashes - farmer worried - old mother helps - emperor surprised - farmer revealed the truth Emperor - calls back the order - abolished his cruel law.

## OR

b) Prospero and Miranda - island cave - help of Ariel - raises storm - the shipwreck - the command of prospero - Ferdinand separated - brought to cave Miranda meets Ferdinand - both surprised Prospero tries Ferdinand with hard tasks - Ariel brings Alonso and Antonio to Prospero - both repent - dukedom restored to prospero - marriage of Miranda and Ferdinand.
47. Read the following paragraph and answer the questions given below.
a) Books are the greatest treasure of mankind. The habit of reading them is a source of pleasure. He, who is in the habit of reading books should buy books for himself. He should start collecting books from his youth. The books collected and arranged properly in a room not only decorates the room but also makes the presence of their authors felt. Books contain eternal truths and are better friends than those of flesh and blood as they not only entertain but also guide us.

## Question :

i) What are the treasure and what gives pleasure ?
ii) When should one start collecting books ?
iii) What do books contain in them ?
iv) Mention any two uses of reading books.
b) Read the following poem and answer the questions given below.

It is not growing like a tree In bulk, doth make man better be; or standing long an oak, three hundred year, To fall a log at last, dry, bald, and sere;

A lily of a day
Is fairer far in May, Although it fall and die that night It was the plant and flower of Light.
In small proportions we just beauties see; And in short measures life may perfect be.

## Questions :

i) Which shows beauty - the lily or the oak ?
ii) What happens to the oak at last ?
iii) Compare the life of the oak and the lily.
iv) What do you learn from the last two lines ? *****

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[^0]:    B. Read the story again and write how these characters reacted in these situations:

    1. You're both quite mistaken

    Dr. Krishnan
    Mrs. Krishnan
    : - Zigzag is the most harmless, unusual and love able bird
    : - Somu might be your best friend but most of these so called favourite possessions that he has given us were absolute nuisance

