#### +1 ACC I MID TERM-July -24 Madurai (Dt)

- I) CHOOSE THE CORRECT ANSWER 10X1=10
- 1.b) Stewardship accounting
- 2.b) Employee
- 3.c) Conservatism
- 4.d) The Institute of Chartered Accountants of India
- 5.d) RS 40000
- 6.c) Assets
- 7.d ) Know the balance of each ledger account
- 8.d) Balancing
- 9.d) All accounts

10. b) iv iii ii i

PART-B

5X2=10

# 11. What are the steps involved in the process of accounting?

- 1. Identifying the transactions and journalising
- 2. Posting and balancing
- 3. Preparation of trial balance
- 4. Preparation of profit and loss account
- 5. Preparation of balance sheet

#### 12. Define book-keeping.

"Book-keeping is an art of recording business dealings in a set of books". - J.R.Batliboi.

<b>13.</b> Assets =	Liabilities +	Capital
a) 5,00000 =	90000 +	4,10,000
b) 6,00,000 =	<b>5,60,000</b> +	40,000
c) <b>5,40,000</b> =	4,60,000 +	80,000
d) 8,00,000 =	<b>7,50,000</b> +	50,000

## **14.** Increase in capital and increase in asset a.Commenced business with cash `1,00,000

b. Decrease in liability and decrease in asset

b. Decrease in liability and decrease in asset Paid creditors ` 10,000

#### 15. Methods of preparation of trial balance?

- i) Balance method
- ii) Total method
- iii) Total and Balance method

#### 16. What is meant by posting?

The process of recording in the ledger is called posting

17. Drawing A/C	Dr	8000	
To Cash A/C			8000
Drawing A/C	Dr	10000	
To purchases A/C	To purchases A/C		

#### **PART-C** Answer any Five:

5X3=15

#### 18.Discuss briefly the branches of accounting.

#### 1. Financial Accounting

It provides financial information to the users for taking decisions. It is concerned with identification, recording, classifying and summarising of financial transactions and events

- **2.** Cost Accounting:- It involves the collection, recording, classification and appropriate allocation of expenditure for the determination of the costs of products or services and for the presentation of data for the purposes of cost control and managerial decision making.
- **3.** Management Accounting:- It is concerned with the presentation of accounting information in such a way as to assist management in decision making and in the day-to-day operations of an enterprise.
- **4.** Social Responsibility Accounting:- It is concerned with presentation of accounting information by business entities and other organisations from the view point of the society by showing the social costs incurred such as environmental pollution by the enterprise and social benefits such as infrastructure development and employment opportunities created by them.

19. Items	Classification
Capital	Personal account
Building	Real account
Carriage inwards	Nominal account
Cash	Real account
Commission received	Nominal account
Bank	Personal account
Purchases	Nominal account
Outstanding wages	Personal account

20. In the books of Jeyaseeli Journal entries;

Date	Particulars		Debit	Credit
2018	CashA/c	Dr.	80000	
Jan.	To Jeyaseeli's Capital A/c			80000
1	(Jeyaseeli commenced busines	ss)		
2	BankA/c	Dr.	40000	
	To Cash A/c			40000
	(Deposited cash into bank)			
3	Purchases A/c	Dr.	5000	
	To Cash A/c			5000
	(Goods purchased by cash)			
4	Purchases A/c	Dr.	10000	
	To Lipton & Co. A/c			10000
	(Goods purchased on credit	it)		
5	Cash A/c	Dr.	11000	
	To Sales A/c			11000
	(Cash sales made)			
6	Salaries A/c	Dr.	5000	
	To Cash A/c			5000
	(Salaries paid)			

21. opening Entry

Date	Particulars	Debit	Credit
2018	Cash A/C	40000	
jan 1	Stock A/C	50000	
	Ram A/C.	20000	
	Machinery A/C.	40000	
	To Vijay A/C		10000
	To Capital A/C(B/F)		140000

Vinoth capital

Date	Particulars	₹	Date	Particulars	₹
			Jan 1	By balance	140000
			2018	b/d	
22 Cach	Accounting				

ZZ. Casii F	Accounting					ı
Date	Particulars	₹	Date	Particulars	₹	Ī
18Jan.1	TocapitalA/C	62000	18Jan.3	By Purchase	12000	F
10	To Sales A/C	10000	12	ByWages	4000	ŀ
				By Furniture	6000	
				ByBalancec/d	50000	F
	Balance b/d	72000			72000	Ī
Feb		50000				F

23. Debit Balances	Credit Balances
Carriage outwards	Sales
Carriage inwards	Intrest Received
Purchases	Discount Received
Bad Debts	Capital
Drawings	Purchase Returns
Interest paid	
Sales Returns	

#### 24. Golden Rules of double entry system.

Personal	Debit the receiver	Credit the giver		
Accounting				
Real	Debit what come	Credit what goes		
Accounting	in	out		
Nominal	Debit all expenses	Credit all incomes		
Accounting	and losses	and gains		

### PART-D Answer all the questions 25.Journal of Mr.Manohar

2X5=10

Date	Particulars	Debit
Cash A/C	60000	
To Manohar A/C		60000
Furniture A/C	10000	
To cash A/C		10000
Purchases A/C.	25000	
To Cash A/C		25000
Purchases A/C	15000	
To Kamalesh A/C		15000
Cash A/C	28000	
To Sales A/C		28000
Hari A/C	10000	
To Sales		10000
Kamalesh A/C	12000	
To Cash A/C		12000
Rent A/C	500	
To Cash A/C		500
Cash A/C	8000	
To Hari A/C		8000
Drawing A/C	4000	
To Cash A/CS		4000

Transaction	Assets			Capital	Credi	
	Cash₹	Stock	Furnitu		- · · ·	tors
		₹	re₹			
Started	+80000				+80000	
Business with						
cash						
Equation	+80000			=	+80000	
Credit		+1000				+1000
Purchases		0				0
Equation	+80000	+1000	60000	=	+80000	+1000
1		0				0
Cash	-6000		+6000			
Purchases of						
furniture						
Equation	+74000		+66000	=	+80000	+1000
						0
Paid creditors	-8000					-8000
by cash						
Equation	+66000	+1000	+6000	3	+80000	+2000
		0				
purchased	-2000	+2000				
goods for cash						
Equation	+64000	+1200	+6000	=	+80000	+2000
		0				
Paid Rent by	-500				-500	
cash						
Equation	+63500	+1200	+6000	=	+79500	+2000
26 a Cash A		0				

26.a. Cash Account

zoiai Cusii iiccouiic			
Dharma Capital	70000	By Rent	3000
Ganesh A/C	10000		
Commission A/C	5000		
		By Balance c/d	82000
	85000		85000

Dharma Capital Account

To Balance c/d	70000		70000		
	70000		70000		
Ganesh Account					
To Polongo old	10000	Coch A/C	10000		

 To Balance c/d
 10000
 Cash A/C
 10000

 10000
 10000
 10000

Rent Account

Cash A/c	3000	By Balance c/d	3000	
	3000		3000	
Commission received Account				

 To Balance c/d
 5000
 By Cash
 5000

 5000
 5000

26.B.Raju Trial Balance

SI.No	Name Of Account	Debit	Credit
1	Cash in hand	5500	
2	Discount received		300
3	Creditors		15000
4	Buildings	50000	
5	Opening stock	6000	
6	Direct expenses	5000	
7	Carriage outwards	3500	
8	Capital		45000
9	Purchases	49700	
10	Sales		59400
	Total	119700	119700