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UNIT TEST-1, JULY - 2024

BUSINESS MATHEMATICS

Time Allowed : 1.30 Hours

AND STATISTICS

|Max. Marks: 50

Part - I

- Answer all the questions by choosing the correct answer from the given 4 alternatives.
- Write question number, correct option and corresponding answer
- Each question carries 1 mark.

10x1=10

1. If
$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$$
 then the rank of AA^{T} is

- (c) 2
- (d) 3

- The rank of the unit matrix of order 3 is

- (d) 3²
- A $\begin{pmatrix} 0.8 & 0.2 \\ 0.4 & x \end{pmatrix}$ is a transition probability matrix, then the value of x is

- (d) 0.8

4. If the rank of the matrix
$$\begin{pmatrix} \lambda & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & \lambda & -1 \\ -1 & 0 & \lambda \end{pmatrix}$$
 is 2. Then λ is

- (c) 3
- (d) only real number

- 5. |A = 3 |adjA| = 243 then the value n is

- (d) 7

6.
$$\int \frac{1}{x^3} dx is$$

- 7. ∫√e¹ dx is
 - (a) \(\frac{1}{6} + c\)

- 8. \int x4e-4 dx is
- (c) 4!
- (d) 64

- (c) 2√π

- 10. $\int_0^1 (2x+1) dx$ is

- (c) 3
- (d) 4

PART - II

- Answer any 4 questions: 2. Each question carries 2 marks:
- Question number 16 is compulsory:

4x2=8

 $\sqrt{1}$. Find the rank of the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 3 & -6 \end{pmatrix}$

CH/12/Mat/1

42 Show that the equations x + y = 5, 2x + y = 8 are consistent and solve them

13 Solve the equations 2x + 3y = 7, 3x + 5y = 9 by Cramer's rule

14 Evaluate
$$\int \frac{dx}{(2x+3)^2}$$

15 Evaluate | e-x dx

PART - III

1. Answer any 4 questions. 2. Each question carries 3 marks

3. Question number 22 is compulsory

4x3=12

- 18. A total of ₹8,600 was invested in two accounts. One account earned 4³I₄% annual interest and the other earned 6¹I₂% annual interest. If the total interest for one year was ₹431.25, how much was invested in each account? (Use determinant method).
- 19. Show that the equations x 4y + 7z = 14, 3x + 8y 2z = 13, 7x 8y + 26z = 5 are inconsistent.
- 20. Evaluate | x²e* dx
- 21. $f(x) = \begin{cases} cx, & 0 < x < 1 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$ Find 'c' if $\int_0^1 f(x) dx = 2$.
- 22 Evaluate \[\frac{4ax+2b}{ax^2+bx+c} \ dx

PART - IV

1. Answer all the questions. 2. Each question carries 5 marks

4x5=20

23. B) Solve the following system of equations by rank method x+y+z=9, 2x+5y+7z=52, 2x-y-z=0

(OR

- Solve by Cramer's rule x + y + z = 4, 2x y + 3z = 1, 3x + 2y z = 1
- Two products A and B currently share the market with shares 50% and 50% each respectively. Each week some brand switching takes place. Of those who bought A the previous week, 60% buy it again whereas 40% switch over to B. Of those who bought B the previous week, 80% buy it again where as 20% switch over to A. Find their shares after one week and after two weeks. If the price war continues, when is the equilibrium reached?

(OK)

- b) Find k, if the equations x + 2y 3z = -2, 3x y 2z = 1, 2x + 3y 5z = k are consistent.
- 25. a) Evaluate $\begin{cases} 4x^2+2x+6 \\ (x+1)^2(x-3) \end{cases}$ dx

(OR)

b) Evaluate $\int (\log x)^2 dx$ 26. a) Evaluate $\int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{\sin^7 x}{\sin^7 x + \cos^7 x} dx$

b) Evaluate the integral as the limit of a sum: $\int_{1}^{2} (2x + 1) dx$

CH/12/Mat/2