## Chapter 1

1. The small sections of code that are used to perform a particular task is called
(A) Subroutines (B) Files (C) Pseudo code (D) Modules
2. Which of the following is a unit of code that is often defined within a greater code structure?
(A) Subroutines (B) Function (C) Files (D) Modules
3. Which of the following is a distinct syntactic block?
(A) Subroutines (B) Function (C) Definition (D) Modules
4. The variables in a function definition are called as
(A) Subroutines (B) Function (C) Definition (D) Parameters
5. The values which are passed to a function definition are called
(A) Arguments (B) Subroutines (C) Function (D) Definition
6. Which of the following are mandatory to write the type annotations in the function definition?
(A) Curly braces (B) Parentheses (C) Square brackets (D) indentations
7. Which of the following defines what an object can do?
(A) Operating System (B) Compiler (C) Interface (D) Interpreter
8. Which of the following carries out the instructions defined in the interface?
(A) Operating System (B) Compiler (C) Implementation (D) Interpreter
9. The functions which will give exact result when same arguments are passed are called
(A) Impurefunctions (B) PartialFunctions (C) DynamicFunctions (D) Pure functions
10. The functions which cause side effects to the arguments passed are called
(A) impure function (B) Partial Functions (C) Dynamic Functions (D) Pure functions
Chapter2
1. Which of the following functions that build the abstract data type?
(A) Constructors (B) Destructors (C) recursive (D)Nested
2. Which of the following functions that retrieve information from the data type?
(A) Constructors (B) Selectors (C) recursive (D)Nested
3. The data structure which is a mutable ordered sequence of elements is called
(A) Built in (B) List (C) Tuple (D) Derived data
4. A sequence of immutable objects is called
(A) Built in (B) List (C) Tuple (D) Derived data
5. The data type whose representation is known are called
(A) Built in datatype (B) Derived datatype (C) Concrete datatype (D) Abstract datatype
6. The data type whose representation is unknown are called
(A) Built in datatype (B) Derived datatype (C) Concrete datatype (D) Abstract datatype
7. Which of the following is a compound structure? (A) Pair (B) Triplet (C) single (D) quadr
8. Bundling two values together into one can be considered as
(A) Pair (B) Triplet (C) single (D) quadrat

9. Which of the	following allow to na	me the various p	arts of a multi	-item object?	
(A) Tuples	(B) Lists	(C) Clas	sses	(D) quadrat	ts
10. Which of the	e following is constru	cted by placing	expressions w	ithin square bra	ackets?
(A) Tuples	(B) Lists	(C) Classes	(D) qı	uadrats	
		Cha	pter 3		
1. Which of the	following refers to th	e visibility of var	iablesin one pa	art of a program	n to
another part of t	the same program.	(A) Scope	(B) Memory	(C) Address	(D) Accessibility
2. The process	of binding a variable	name with an ol	oject is called		
(A) Scope	(B) Mapping	(C) late bindi	ng	(D) early bindin	g
3. Which of the	following is used in p	orogramming lan	guages to ma	p the variable a	ind object?
(A) :: (B) :=	= (C) =	(D) ==			
4. Containers fo	or mapping names of	variables to obje	ects is called		
(A) Scope (	(B) Mapping (	C) Binding	(D) Names	paces	
5. Which scope	refers to variables d	efined in current	function?		
(A) Local Scope	e (B) Global scop	e (C) Mod	lule scope	(D) Function	Scope
6. The process	of subdividing a com	puter program ir	nto separate si	ub-programs is	called
(A) Procedural F	Programming	(B) Modula	r programmin	g	
(C)Event Driven	Programming	(D) Object	oriented Prog	ramming	
7. Which of the	following security ted	chnique that regi	ulates who car	use resources	s in a
computing envir	ronment? (A) Passw	ord (B)Authent	cication (C)	Access contro	I (D) Certification
8. Which of the	following members of	of a class can be	handled only	from within the	class?
(A) Public memb	bers (B)Protected	members (C) S	ecured memb	ers (D) Priva	te members
9. Which member	ers are accessible fr	om outside the o	lass?		
(A) Public members (B)Protected members (C) Secured members (D) Private members					
10. The membe	ers that are accessibl	e from within the	class and are	also available	to its subclasses is
called (A) Put	blic members (B)Pr	otected member	rs (C) Secure	d members (D	D) Private members
		Cha	pter4		
1. The word con	nes from the name o	f a Persian math	nematician Abı	u Ja'far Moham	med ibn-l Musa al
Khowarizmi is c	alled? (A) Flowch	art (B) Flo	w (C) A	lgorithm	(D) Syntax
2. From the follo	owing sorting algorith	ıms which algori	thm needs the	minimum num	ber of
swaps? (A) Bu	ubble sort (B) Quic	k sort (C) Me	rge sort (D	) Selection sor	t
3. Two main me	asures for the efficient	ency of an algori	thm are (A) Pr	ocessor and me	emory (B) Complexity
and capacity (C	) Time and space (I	D) Data and space	ce		
4. The complexi	ity of linear search al	gorithm is (A)	O(n) (B) O(	log n) (C) O(	n2) (D) O(n log n)
5. From the follo	owing sorting algorith	nms which has th	ne lowest wors	t case complex	city?
(A) Bubble sort	(B) Quick sort	(C) Me	rge sort	(D) Selection s	sort
6. Which of the	following is not a sta	ble sorting algor	ithm?		

(A) Insertion sort (B) Selection sort (C) Bubble sort (D) Merge sort					
7. Time complexity of bubble sort in best case is (A) $\theta$ (n) (B) $\theta$ (nlogn) (C) $\theta$ (n2) (D) $\theta$ (n(logn) 2)					
8. The Θ notation in asymptotic evaluation represents					
(A) Base case (B) Average case (C) Worst case (D) NULL case					
9. If a problem can be broken into subproblems which are reused several times, the problem possesses					
which property?					
(A) Overlapping subproblems (B) Optimal substructure (C) Memoization (D) Greedy					
10. In dynamic programming, the technique of storing the previously calculated values iscalled ?					
(A) Saving value property (B) Storing value property (C) Memoization (D) Mapping					
Chapter 5					
1. Who developed Python ?					
A) Ritche B) Guido Van Rossum C) Bill Gates D) Sunder Pitchai					
2. The Python prompt indicates that Interpreter is ready to accept instruction.					
A) >>> B) <<< C) # D) <<					
3. Which of the following shortcut is used to create new Python Program ?					
A) Ctrl + C B) Ctrl + F C) Ctrl + B D) Ctrl + N					
4. Which of the following character is used to give comments in Python Program A) # B) & C) @ D) \$					
5. This symbol is used to print more than one item on a single line.					
A) Semicolon(;) B) Dollor(\$) C) comma(,) D) Colon(:)					
6. Which of the following is not a token? A) Interpreter B) Identifiers C) Keyword D) Operators					
7. Which of the following is not a Keyword in Python? A) break B) while C) continue D) operators					
8. Which operator is also called as Comparative operator?					
A) Arithmetic B) Relational C) Logical D) Assignment					
9. Which of the following is not Logical operator? A) and B) or C) not D) Assignment					
10. Which operator is also called as Conditional operator?					
A) Ternary B) Relational C) Logical D) Assignment					
Chapter 6					
1. How many important control structures are there in Python? A) 3 B) 4 C) 5 D) 6					
2. elif can be considered to be abbreviation of A) nested if B) ifelse C) else if D) ifelif					
3. What plays a vital role in Python programming? A) Statements B) Control C) Structure D) Indentation					
4. Which statement is generally used as a placeholder? A) continue B) break C) pass D) goto					
5. The condition in the if statement should be in the form of					
A) Arithmetic or Relational expression B) Arithmetic or Logical expression					
C) Relational or Logical expression D) Arithmetic					
6. Which is the most comfortable loop? A) dowhile B) while C) for D) ifelif					
7. What is the output of the following snippet?					
i=1					

```
while True:
if i\%3 ==0:
break
print(i,end=")
i +=1
                    A) 12 B) 123 C) 1234 D) 124
8. What is the output of the following snippet?
T=1
while T:
print(True)
                    A) False B) True C) 0 D) 1
break
9. Which amongst this is not a jump statement?
                                                      A) for B) pass C) continue D) break
10. Which punctuation should be used in the blank?
if <condition>_
statements-block 1
else:
statements-block 2
                             A);
                                    B): C)::
                                                  D)!
                                                chapter 7
1. A named blocks of code that are designed to do one specific job is called as
(a) Loop (b) Branching (c) Function (d) Block
2. A Function which calls itself is called as (a) Built-in (b) Recursion
                                                                        (c) Lambda (d) return
3. Which function is called anonymous un-named function
(a) Lambda (b) Recursion (c) Function (d) define
4. Which of the following keyword is used to begin the function block? (a) define (b) for (c) finally (d) def
5. Which of the following keyword is used to exit a function block? (a) define (b) return (c) finally (d) def
6. While defining a function which of the following symbol is used.
(a); (semicolon) (b). (dot) (c): (colon) (d) $ (dollar)
7. In which arguments the correct positional order is passed to a function?
(a) Required
                 (b) Keyword
                                   (c) Default
                                                    (d) Variable-length
8. Read the following statement and choose the correct statement(s).
(I) In Python, you don't have to mention the specific data types while defining
function.
(II) Python keywords can be used as function name.
(a) I is correct and II is wrong
                                      (b) Both are correct
(c) I is wrong and II is correct
                                      (d) Both are wrong
9. Pick the correct one to execute the given statement successfully.
if _____: print(x, " is a leap year")
                                   (a) x\%2=0
                                               (b) x\%4==0
                                                                 (c) x/4=0
                                                                               (d) x\%4=0
10. Which of the following keyword is used to define the function testpython(): ?
```

(a) define (b) pass (c) def (d) while **Chapter 8** 1. Which of the following is the output of the following python code? str1="TamilNadu" print(str1[::-1]) (a) Tamilnadu (b) Tmlau (c) udanlimaT d ) udaNlimaT 2. What will be the output of the following code? str1 = "Chennai Schools" str1[7] = "-"(a) Chennai-Schools (b) Chenna-School (c) Type error (D) Chennai 3. Which of the following operator is used for concatenation? (a) + (b) & (c) \* d) =4. Defining strings within triple quotes allows creating: (a) Single line Strings (b) Multiline Strings (c) Double line Strings (d) Multiple Strings 5. Strings in python: (a) Changeable (b) Mutable (c) Immutable (d) flexible 6. Which of the following is the slicing operator? (a) { } (b) [ ] (c) <> 7. What is stride? (a) index value of slide operation (b) first argument of slice operation (c) second argument of slice operation (d) third argument of slice operation 8. Which of the following formatting character is used to print exponential notation in upper case? (a) %e (b) %E (c) %g (d) %n 9. Which of the following is used as placeholders or replacement fields which get replaced along with format() function? (a) { } (b) < >(c) ++ $(d) ^{\wedge \wedge}$ 10. The subscript of a string may be: (b) Negative (c) Both (a) and (b) (d) Either (a) or (b) (a) Positive Chapter 9 1. Pick odd one in connection with collection data type (a) List (b) Tuple (c) Dictionary (d) Loop 2. Let list1=[2,4,6,8,10], then print(List1[-2]) will result in (a) 10 (b) 8 (d) 6 3. Which of the following function is used to count the number of elements in a list? (a) count() (b) find() (c)len() (d) index() 4. If List=[10,20,30,40,50] then List[2]=35 will result (a) [35,10,20,30,40,50] (b) [10,20,30,40,50,35] (c) [10,20,35,40,50] (d) [10,35,30,40,50] 5. If List=[17,23,41,10] then List.append(32) will result (a) [32,17,23,41,10 (b) [17,23,41,10,32] (c) [10,17,23,32,41] (d) [41,32,23,17,10] 6. Which of the following Python function can be used to add more than one element within an existing list? (a) append() (b) append\_more() (c)extend() (d) more() 7. What will be the result of the following Python code? S=[x\*\*2 for x in range(5)]print(S) (a) [0,1,2,4,5] (b) [0,1,4,9,16] (c) [0,1,4,9,16,25] (d) [1,4,9,16,25] 8. What is the use of type() function in python?

(a) To create a Tuple	(b) To know the type of an element in tuple.				
(c) To know the data type of python object.	(d) To create a list.				
9. Which of the following statement is not cor	rect?				
(a) A list is mutable (b) A tuple is immutable	. (c) The append() function is used to add an element.				
(d) The extend() function is used in tuple to a	dd elements in a list.				
10. Let $setA={3,6,9}$ , $setB={1,3,9}$ . What will be	pe the result of the following snippet?				
print(setA setB) (a) {3,6,9,1,3,9} (b) {3,9}	(c) {1} (d) {1,3,6,9}				
11. Which of the following set operation include	des all the elements that are in two sets but not				
the one that are common to two sets?					
(a) Symmetric difference (b) Difference	(c) Intersection (d) Union				
12. The keys in Python, dictionary is specified	d by (a) = (b); (c)+(d):				
	Chapter 10				
1. Which of the following are the key features	of an Object Oriented Programming language?				
(a) Constructor and Classes (b) Constructor and Object					
(c) Classes and Objects (d) Constructor	or and Destructor				
2. Functions defined inside a class: (a) Func	ctions (b) Module (c) Methods (d) section				
3. Class members are accessed through which	ch operator? (a) & (b) . (c) # (d) %				
4. Which of the following method is automatic	cally executed when an object is created?				
(a)object( ) (b)del( ) (c)func	( )				
5. A private class variable is prefixed with	(a) (b) && (c) ## (d) **				
6. Which of the following method is used as o	lestructor?				
(a)init( )	rem()				
7. Which of the following class declaration is	correct?				
(a) class class_name (b) class class_name<> (c) class class_name: (d) class class_name[]					
8. Which of the following is the output of the f	ollowing program?				
class Student:					
definit(self, name):					
self.name=name					
print (self.name)					
	b) Tamil (c) name (d) self				
9. Which of the following is the private class v					
10. The process of creating an object is called	d as:				
(a) Constructor (b) Destructor (c) Initialize	(d) Instantiation				
	Chapter 11				
1. What is the acronym of DBMS?					
a) DataBase Management Symbol b) Datab	pase Managing System				
c) DataBase Management System d) DataB	asic Management System				

```
2 A table is known as a) tuple
                               b) attribute
                                            c) relation
                                                          d)entity
3 Which database model represents parent-child relationship?
a) Relational
              b) Network c) Hierarchical d) Object
4 Relational database model was first proposed by
a) E F Codd
              b) E E Codd
                           c) E F Cadd
                                           d) E F Codder
5 What type of relationship does hierarchical model represents?
a) one-to-one b) one-to-many c) many-to-one d) many-to-many
6. Who is called Father of Relational Database from the following?
               b)Hugh Darween c) Edgar Frank Codd d) Edgar Frank Cadd
a) Chris Date
7. Which of the following is an RDBMS? a) Dbase b) Foxpro
                                                              c) Microsoft Access
                                                                                   d) SQLite
8 What symbol is used for SELECT statement? a) \sigma
                                                      b) ∏ c) X
                                                                    d) Ω
9 A tuple is also known as a) table
                                     b) row
                                              c) attribute
                                                          d) field
10. Who developed ER model? a) Chen
                                         b) EF Codd
                                                                    d) Chand.
                                             Chapter 12
1. Which commands provide definitions for creating table structure, deleting relations, and
modifying relation schemas. a. DDL
                                         b. DML
                                                           c. DCL
                                                                           d. DQL
2. Which command lets to change the structure of the table?
a. SELECT
                  b. ORDER BY
                                           c. MODIFY
                                                                 d. ALTER
                                                  B) DELETE C) DELETE ALL D) ALTER TABLE
3. The command to delete a table is
                                    A) DROP
                                    a. SELECT b. ORDER BY
4. Queries can be generated using
                                                                        c. MODIFY
                                                                                          d. ALTER
5. The clause used to sort data in a database a. SORT BY . b.ORDER BY c. GROUP BY d. SELECT
                                            chapter 13
CSV file is also known as a .... (A) Flat File
                                              (B) 3D File (C) String File
                                                                             (D) Random File
2. The expansion of CRLF is
(A) Control Return and Line Feed (B) Carriage Return and Form Feed
(C) Control Router and Line Feed (D) Carriage Return and Line Feed
3. Which of the following module is provided by Python to do several operations on the
CSV files?
                               (B) xls
               (A) py
                                                 (C) csv
                                                                    (D) os
4. Which of the following mode is used when dealing with non-text files like image or exe
files?
         (A) Text mode (B) Binary mode (C) xls mode (D) csv mode
5. The command used to skip a row in a CSV file is (A) next() (B) skip() (C) omit() (D) bounce()
6. Which of the following is a string used to terminate lines produced by writer()method of
csv module?
(A) Line Terminator (B) Enter key (C) Form feed (D) Data Terminator
7. What is the output of the following program? import csv
d=csv.reader(open('c:\PYPRG\ch13\city.csv'))
next(d)
for row in d:
```

```
print(row)
if the file called "city.csv" contain the following details
                                            chennai, mylapore
                                             mumbai,andheri
A) chennai, mylapore (B) mumbai, Andheri
                                               (C) chennai
                                                               (D) chennai, mylapore
                                                  mumbai
                                                                    mumbai, and heri
8. Which of the following creates an object which maps data to a dictionary?
(A) listreader()
                        (B) reader()
                                              (C) tuplereader()
                                                                         (D) DictReader ()
9. Making some changes in the data of the existing file or adding more data is called
                    (B) Appending
                                         (C)Modification
                                                                    (D) Alteration
(A)Editing
10. What will be written inside the file test.csv using the following program
import csv
D = [['Exam'],['Quarterly'],['Halfyearly']]
csv.register_dialect('M',lineterminator = '\n')
with open('c:\pyprg\ch13\line2.csv', 'w') as f:
wr = csv.writer(f,dialect='M')
wr.writerows(D)
f.close()
(A) Exam Quarterly Halfyearly
                                      (B) Exam Quarterly Halfyearly
(C) E
                                      D) Exam,
   Q
                                         Quarterly,
   Н
                                         Halfyearly
                                               Chapter 14
1. Which of the following is not a scripting language?
                                                      (A) JavaScript
                                                                         (B) PHP
                                                                                    (C) Perl
                                                                                               (D) HTML
2. Importing C++ program in a Python program is called
(A) wrapping
                  (B) Downloading
                                         (C) Interconnecting
                                                                   (D) Parsing
3. The expansion of API is (A) Application Programming Interpreter (B) Application Programming
            (C) Application Performing Interface
                                                      (D) Application Programming Interlink
4. A framework for interfacing Python and C++ is
                                                  (A) Ctypes (B) SWIG (C) Cython (D) Boost
5. Which of the following is a software design technique to split your code into separate
parts? (A) Object oriented Programming
                                               (B) Modular programming
(C) Low Level Programming
                                    (D) Procedure oriented Programming
6. The module which allows you to interface with the Windows operating system is
                                                                            (d) getopt module
(A) OS module
                         (B) sys module
                                                 (c) csv module
7. getopt() will return an empty array if there is no error in splitting strings to
(A) argv variable
                       (B) opt variable
                                                   (c)args variable
                                                                             (d) ifile variable
8. Identify the function call statement in the following snippet.
```

ifname =='main':
main(sys.argv[1:])
(A) main(sys.argv[1:]) (B)name (C)main (D) argv
9. Which of the following can be used for processing text, numbers, images, and scientific
data? (A) HTML (B) C (C) C++ (D) PYTHON
10. What doesname contains ?
(A) c++ filename (B) main() name (C) python filename (D) os module name
Chapter 14
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10. What doesname contains ?
(A) c++ filename (B) main() name (C) python filename (D) os module name
Chapter 15
1. Which of the following is an organized collection of data?
(A) Database (B) DBMS (C) Information (D) Records
2. SQLite falls under which database system? (A) Flat file database system (B) Relational Database
system (C) Hierarchical database system (D) Object oriented Database system
3. Which of the following is a control structure used to traverse and fetch the records of the
database? (A) Pointer (B) Key (C) Cursor (D) Insertion point
4. Any changes made in the values of the record should be saved by the command
(A) Save (B) Save As (C) Commit (D) Oblige

5. Which of the following executes the SQL command to perform some action?					
(A) execute() (B) key() (C) cursor() (D) run()					
6. Which of the following function retrieves the average of a selected column of rows in a table?					
(A) Add() (B) SUM() (C) AVG() (D) AVERAGE()					
7. The function that returns the largest value of the selected column is					
(A) MAX() (B) LARGE() (C) HIGH() (D) MAXIMUM()					
8. Which of the following is called the master table?					
(A) sqlite_master (B) sql_master (C) main_master (D) master_main					
9. The most commonly used statement in SQL is (A) cursor (B) select (C) execute (D) commit					
10. Which of the following clause avoid the duplicate? (A) Distinct (B) Remove (C) Where (D) GroupBy					
Chapter 16					
1. Which is a python package used for 2D graphics?					
a. matplotlib.pyplot b. matplotlib.pip c. matplotlib.numpy d. matplotlib.plt					
2. Identify the package manager for Python packages, or modules.					
a. Matplotlib b. PIP c. plt.show() d. python package					
3. Read the following code: Identify the purpose of this code and choose the right option from the					
following. C:/Users/YourNameAppData/Local/Programs /Python36-32/Scripts>pip version					
a. Check if PIP is Installed b. Install PIP c. Download a Package d. Check PIP version					
4. Read the following code: Identify the purpose of this code and choose the right option from the					
following.C:/Users/Your Name/AppData/Local/Programs/Python/Python36-32/Scripts>piplist					
a. List installed packages b. list command c. Install PIP d. packages installed					
5. To install matplotlib, the following function will be typed in your command prompt. What does "-					
U"represents? Python –m pip install –U pip					
a. downloading pip to the latest version b. upgrading pip to the latest version					
c. removing pip d. upgrading matplotlib to the latest version					
6. Which key is used to run the module?					
a. F6 b. F4 c. F3 d. F5					
7. Identify the right type of chart using the following hints.					
Hint 1: This chart is often used to visualize a trend in data over intervals of time.					
Hint 2: The line in this type of chart is often drawn chronologically.					
a. Line chart b. Bar chart c. Pie chart d. Scatter plot					
8. Read the statements below. Identify the right option from the following for piechart.					
Statement A: To make a pie chart with Matplotlib, we can use the plt.pie() function.					
Statement B: The autopct parameter allows us to display the percentage value using					
the Python string formatting.					
a. Statement A is correct b. Statement B is correct					
c. Both the statements are correct d. Both the statements are wrong					