

Express v in terms of t given that v = 0 when t = 0.

7. The velocity v, of a parachute falling vertically satisfies the equation $v \frac{dv}{dx} = g \left(1 - \frac{v^2}{k^2}\right)$, where g and k are constants. If v and x are both initially zero, find v in terms of x.

8.Solve:
$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \sqrt{4x + 2y - 1}$$
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