

STD: 12 SUB: MATHS MARKS: 25

EXERCISE TEST -4 (EX:2-6)

<u>2 Mark Questions</u>

5 X 2 =10

- 1. Show that the following equations represent a circle, and find its centre and radius. |3z 6 + 12i| = 8
- 2. Obtain the Cartesian equation for the locus of z = x + iy in each of the following cases: |z 4| = 16
- 3. Show that |z + 2 i| < 2 represents interior points of a circle. Find the centre and radius.
- 4. Show that |3z 5 + i| = 4, represents a circle, and find its centre and radius.
- 5. Given the complex number z = 3 + 2i, represent the complex numbers z, iz, and z + iz on one Argand diagram. Show that these complex numbers form the vertices of an isosceles right triangle.

<u>5 Mark Questions</u>

3 X 5 =15

- 6. If z = x + iy is a complex number such that $\left|\frac{z-4i}{z+4i}\right| = 1$, show that the locus of z is real axis.
- 7. If z = x + iy is a complex number such that $Im\left(\frac{2z+1}{iz+1}\right) = 0$, show that $2x^2 + 2y^2 + x 2y = 0$.
- 8. Obtain the Cartesian equation for the locus of z = x + iy in each of the following cases: $|z 4|^2 |z 1|^2 = 16$