

## PART - I

1. Choose the correct answer.

15 x 1 = 15

- Which one of the following is used as standard for atomic mass?  
a)  ${}^1_1\text{H}$       b)  ${}^{12}_6\text{C}$       c)  ${}^{16}_8\text{O}$       d)  ${}^{14}_7\text{N}$
- The equivalent mass of a trivalent metal element is 9 g  $\text{eq}^{-1}$  the molar mass of its anhydrous oxide is  
a) 102 g      b) 27 g      c) 170 g      d) 78 g
- A macroscopic particle of mass 100g and moving at a velocity of  $100 \text{ cm s}^{-1}$  will have de Broglie wavelength of  
a)  $6.6 \times 10^{-27} \text{ cm}$       b)  $6.6 \times 10^{-30} \text{ cm}$       c)  $6.6 \times 10^{-33} \text{ cm}$       d)  $6.6 \times 10^{-32} \text{ cm}$
- The element with positive electron gain enthalpy is  
a) Hydrogen      b) Sodium      c) Argon      d) Fluorine
- In a given shell the order of screening effect is  
a)  $s > p > d > f$       b)  $s > p > f > d$       c)  $f > d > p > s$       d)  $f > p > s > d$
- Water gas is  
a)  $\text{H}_2\text{O}_{(g)}$       b)  $\text{CO} + \text{H}_2\text{O}$       c)  $\text{CO} + \text{H}_2$       d)  $\text{CO} + \text{N}_2$
- Half life period of Tritium is  
a) 12.3 years      b) 13.2 years      c) 12.3 months      d) 13.2 months
- Maximum deviation from ideal gas is expected from  
a)  $\text{CH}_4_{(g)}$       b)  $\text{NH}_3_{(g)}$       c)  $\text{H}_2_{(g)}$       d)  $\text{N}_2_{(g)}$
- In an adiabatic process, which of the following is true?  
a)  $q = w$       b)  $q = 0$       c)  $\Delta E = q$       d)  $P \Delta V = 0$
- The correct thermodynamic conditions for the spontaneous reaction at all temperature is  
a)  $\Delta H < 0$ ;  $\Delta S > 0$       b)  $\Delta H < 0$ ;  $\Delta S < 0$       c)  $\Delta H > 0$ ;  $\Delta S = 0$       d)  $\Delta H > 0$ ;  $\Delta S > 0$
- In which of the following equilibrium,  $K_p$  and  $K_c$  are not equal?  
a)  $2 \text{NO} \rightleftharpoons \text{N}_2 + \text{O}_2$       b)  $\text{SO}_2 + \text{NO}_2 \rightleftharpoons \text{SO}_3 + \text{NO}$       c)  $\text{H}_2 + \text{I}_2 \rightleftharpoons 2\text{HI}$       d)  $\text{PCl}_5 \rightleftharpoons \text{PCl}_3 + \text{Cl}_2$
- The isomer of ethanol is  
a) acetaldehyde      b) dimethyl ether      c) acetone      d) methyl carbinol
- In an organic compound phosphorous is estimated as  
a)  $\text{Mg}_2\text{P}_2\text{O}_7$       b)  $\text{Mg}_3(\text{PO}_4)_2$       c)  $\text{H}_3\text{PO}_4$       d)  $\text{P}_2\text{O}_5$
- What is the hybridisation state of benzyl carbocation ion?  
a)  $sp^2$       b)  $sp^3d$       c)  $sp^3$       d)  $sp^2d$
- The geometrical shape of carbocation is  
a) Linear      b) tetrahedral      c) planar      d) pyramidal

## PART - II

Answer any six questions. Q.No. 24 is compulsory.

6 x 2 = 12

- State Avogadro's law.
- State Aufbau principle.
- What are isoelectronic ions?
- Write the uses of heavy water.
- Define inversion temperature.
- Calculate the entropy change during the melting of one mole of ice into water at  $0^\circ\text{C}$  and 1 atm pressure. Enthalpy of fusion of ice is  $6008 \text{ J mole}^{-1}$ .
- State law of mass action.
- Define sublimation. Give an example.

24. Identify the functional group for the following compounds.  
 (i) Acetone (ii) ethyl ethanoate (iii) Butanal (iv) methanol

## PART - III

6 × 3 = 18

Answer any six questions. Q.No. 33 is compulsory.

25. Derive the Boyle's equation.  
 26. Write note on diagonal relationship.  
 27. How will you convert para hydrogen to ortho hydrogen?  
 28. Write any three characters of internal energy.  
 29. Differentiate homogeneous and heterogeneous equilibrium.  
 30. What is functional isomerism? Give an example.  
 31. Write structural formula for the following compounds.  
 (i) meta benzene (ii) para benzene (iii) 1, 3, 5 - Trimethyl benzene  
 32. Differentiate nucleophile and electrophile.  
 33. Calculate the molar mass of the following compounds.  
 (i) Glucose ( $C_6H_{12}O_6$ ) (ii) Ethanol ( $C_2H_5OH$ ) (iii) Urea ( $CO(NH_2)_2$ )

## PART - IV

5 × 5 = 25

Answer all the questions.

34. a) i) Differentiate Oxidation and reduction.  
 ii) Calculate oxidation number of underline element in the following compounds.  
 1)  $\underline{C}O$ , 2)  $H_2\underline{S}O_4$ , 3)  $Cr_2\underline{O}_7$   
 (OR)  
 b) Calculate the empirical and molecular formula of a compound containing 70% carbon, 6.38% hydrogen and rest of oxygen its vapour density is 47.
35. a) Explain principal quantum number and azimuthal quantum number (OR)  
 b) i) State modern periodic law.  
 ii) Write the characteristics of transition elements.
36. a) i) What are the three types of covalent hydrides?  
 ii) Write any three characters of Gibbs free energy.  
 (OR)  
 b) Derive critical constant value from Van der Waals constant
37. a) i) State Le-Chatelier's principle.  
 ii) Derive relation between  $K_p$  and  $K_c$ . (OR)  
 b) Write the IUPAC name for the following compounds.  
 (i)  $CH_3-CH_2-\underset{\substack{| \\ CH_3}}{CH}-CH_2-CH_3$  (ii)  $\begin{array}{c} CH_3 \\ | \\ CH_3-C-OH \\ | \\ CH_3 \end{array}$   
 (iii)  $CH_3-O-CH_3$  (iv)  $CH_3CH_2COOH$  (v)  $CH_3-CH_2-\overset{\overset{O}{||}}{C}-CH_2-CH_3$
38. a) i) Explain cis trans isomerism with example.  
 ii) Define enantiomers.  
 (OR)  
 b) i) 0.284 g of an organic substance gave 0.287 g AgCl in a carius method for the estimation of halogen. Find the percentage of Cl in the compound.  
 ii) What is resonance?