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#### **Tenkasi District** Tsi12C

Common Quarterly Examination - 2024

27-09-2024

Standard 12

Time Allowed: 3.00 Hours

**CHEMISTRY** 

Maximum Marks: 70

d) MnO<sub>2</sub>

d) (i), (ii) and (iii)

d) 52.76

d) 1 part

d) 6

15×1=15

### PART - A

## Answer all the questions in short:

- 1)  $Zn_{(s)} + 2[Au(CN)_2]^{-}_{(aq)} \rightarrow [Zn(CN)_4]^{2-}_{(aq)} + 2Au_{(s)}$
- In the above equation, the oxidation state of metallic gold is
- c) + 2b) 0 a) 1
- 2) Out of the ores given below, one is not a sulphide ore. Choose that are.

c) cinnabar

c) (ii) and (iii)

Propanal

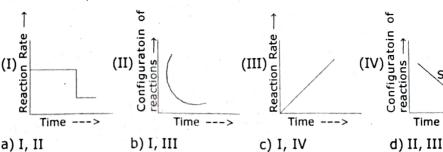
- b) zinc blende a) galena
- 3) Choose the incorrect pair:

c) Oxo process

- AICI<sub>3</sub> a) McA fee process
- K<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> . Al<sub>2</sub>(SO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>3</sub> b) Burnt alum
- d) Fischer tropsch synthesis HCOOH
- 4) Permanganate ion changes to \_\_\_\_\_ in acidic medium.
- c) Mn<sup>3+</sup> b) Mn<sup>2+</sup> a)  $MnO_a^{2-}$ 5) Read the given statements carefully and identify the incorrect
- statement(s):
  - i) HF does not attack glass
  - ii) H<sub>3</sub>PO<sub>3</sub> has garlic taste iii) PCIs has linear shape
  - b) (i) and (iii) a) only (ii)
- 6) Equivalent weight of KMnO<sub>4</sub> in neutal medium is
- °c) 158 b) 52.67 a) 31.6
- 7) Which one of the following transition element has maximum oxidation states? c) Scandium d) Titanium a) Manganese b) Copper
- 8) In a face centred cubic cell, an atom at the face contributes to the unit cell
- b)  $\frac{1}{2}$  part c)  $\frac{1}{8}$  part a)  $\frac{1}{4}$  part
- 9) The number of atoms in fcc unit cell is
- a) 2

a) I, II

10) Which one represent correct Arhenius Ean?



c) 5

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11) Match the following: [Find the correct match]

### Column - I

### Column - II - Valid see 1 1 1 1

- A) Baeyer's reagent
- 1. Conc. HCl+Anhydrous ZnCl<sub>2</sub>
- B) Lucas reagent
- 2.  $FeSO_4 + H_2O_3$
- C) Fenton's reagent 3. Cold dilute alkaline KMnO<sub>4</sub>
- D) Grignard reagent
- 4. R mgx
- 12) pH of a saturated solution of  $Ca(OH)_2$  is 9. The Solubility product  $(K_{cn})$  of Ca(OH),
  - a) 0.5×10<sup>-15</sup>
- b) 0.25×10<sup>-10</sup>
- c)  $0.125 \times 10^{-15}$
- d)  $0.5 \times 10^{-10}$
- 13) The correct IUPAC name of the compound,

- a) 4-chloro-2, 3-dimethyl pentan-1-ol
- b) 2, 3-dimethyl-4-chloropentan-1-ol
- c) 2, 3, 4-trimethyl-4-chlorobutan-1-ol
- d) 4-chloro-2, 3, 4-trimethyl pentan-1-ol
- 14) Name the product formed when phenol is heated with ammonia in the presence of anhydrous ZnCl<sub>2</sub>.
  - a) Benzene
- b) Aniline
- c) Anisole
- d) Phenyl acetate
- 15) Bakelite is a product of reaction between
  - a) formaldehyde and NaOH
- b) phenol and methanal

c) aniline and NaOH

d) phenol and chloroform

### PART - B

# **Answer any SIX questions in short:**

6×2=12

- 16) Name the method used for the refining of (i) Nickel (ii) Zirconium.
- 17) What is smelting?
- 18) How does electronegativity vary from boron to thallium?
- 19) Give reason for the following:

Among the noble gases only Xenon is well known to form chemical compounds.

- 20) Write a note on Zeigler Natta catalysis. Give its use.
- 21) What are line defects?
- 22) Why does the rate of any reaction generally decreases during the course of the reaction?
- 23) Explain 'esterification' reaction with an example.
- 24) Which compounds on Clemmenson reduction give 2-methyl propane?

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### PART - C

# Answer any SIX questions in short:

 $6 \times 3 = 18$ 

- 25) Write note on Cyanide leaching.
- 26) There is only a marginal difference in decrease in ionisation enthalpy from Aluminium to Thallium - Explain why?
- 27) Explain Decons process.
- 28) Write any three differences between Lanthanoids and Actinoids.
- 29) Calculate the packing efficiency of fcc. Crystal.
- 30) Classify each of the following solids as ionic, metallic, molecular, network (covalent) or amorphous.
  - i) Tetra phosphorous decoxide  $(P_4O_{10})$
  - ii) Ammonium phosphate (NH<sub>4</sub>)<sub>3</sub>PO<sub>4</sub>
  - iii) SiC
  - iv) I,
  - v) P<sub>4</sub>
  - vi) Plastic
  - vii) Graphite

viii) Brass

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- 31) A reaction is second order with respect to a reactant. How is the rate of reaction affected if the concentration of the reactant is (i) doubled (ii) reduced to half.
- 32) Write the dye test for phenol.
- 33) Write the uses of aldehyde.

### PART-IV

# Answer any 5 questions in brief:

5×5=25

- 34) a) i) State the role of silica in the metallurgy of copper.
  - ii) Explain froth flotation.

### (OR)

- b) i) Briefs outline the electronic configuration and oxidation state of 'p' block elements.
  - Give uses of silicons.
- Distinguish between diamond and graphite. 35) a) i)

### (OR)

- b) Write the structure of the following:
  - (i) Hyponitrous acid
- (ii) Hydronitrous acid
- (iii) Nitrous acid
- (iv) Pernitrous acid
- 36) a) Explain Frenkal and Schotty defect with diagram.

### (OR)

b) Derive Ostwald Dilution law.

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- 37) a) i) State the characteristics of order of reaction.
  - ii) What is pseudo first order reaction?

## (OR)

- b) Derive the integrated rate law 1st order reaction.
- 38) a) An organic compound 'A' is a sodium salt of phenolic acid with molecular formula  $C_7H_5O_3Na$ . 'A' on heating with soda lime gives compound 'B' of molecular formula  $C_6H_6O$ . 'B' gives violet colour with neutral ferric chloride. 'B' on treatment with  $C_6H_5COCl$  in the presence of NaOH gives an ester 'C'. Identify A, B and C. Explain the reactions.

### (OR)

b) Explain the mechanism of Cannizzaro reaction.