QUARTERLY PARASARUMPENATION - 2024		, www. <u>m</u>	www.htblnpsc.com	
QUARTERIA	- 402	Marks	OTE	
CHEMISTRY	14	70	3.00 Hrs.	
	_		Hrs.	
	PART - 1			
poose the correct answer.		100,000	15 × 1 - 15	
Constituting Hills	of the following	g metals can be u	sed to reduce alumina;	
a) Fe In Aftiminothermic process which of the at Mg + Back b) Cr.O. + Al	he following is t	used as ignition m	nixture.	
at Mg + Bao, b) Cr ₂ O, + Al	c) Hg5 + (O, d)	Mg + Cr ₂ O ₃	
The geometry at which carbon atom (a) Tetrahedral b) hexagonal	n diamond are	bonded to cach o	other is	
a) Tetrahedral b) hexagonal Which one as he following order is	(t) octahe	edral d) none of these	
Which one of the following order is a molecules?	orrect for the be	ond dissociation	enthalpy of halogen	
a) $Br_2 > I_2 - F_2 > Cl_2$	1			
	b) F, >	$CI_1 > Br_1 > I_1$ $Br_2 > F_2 > I_2$		
c) $I_1 > B_{I_1} > CI_2 > F_1$	(1) CI, >	$Br_1 > F_2 > I_1$		
The molarity of given orthophosphoral 6N b) 4N	ic acid solution	is 2M. Its norma	lity is	
	c) 2N	d) none of these		
Which of the following lanthanoid io		d) Sm ² *		
AND TO THE PARTY OF THE PARTY O	c) Ce'			
Which of the following is called as In				
a) B(OC, H _s), b) Na, B _s O,	c)B ₃ N ₃	П	d) B ₂ H ₆	
The yellow colour in NaCl crystal is		ection of light from	m Cl ⁻ ion on the surface	
a) excitation of electrons in F center	d) all o	f the above	in Cirion on the surface	
c) refraction of light from Nation If 75% of a first order reaction was	completed in 6	minutes, 50% o	f the same reaction under	
If 75% of a first order reaction was	nleted in		- the same reaction grace.	
the same conditions would be com	inutes	c) 35 minutes	d) 75 minutes	
a) 20 minutes Which of these is not likely to act a	s Lewis hase?			
. Which of these is not likely to acce	c) CO	d) F-		
a) BF ₃ b) PF ₃				
. The crystal with metal excess defe	CIAGI	d) FeO		
(a) NaCl b) AgBr 2. Which one of the following will ca	use common-io	n-effect when ad	ded to the following	
2. Which one of the following will be	age do			
dissociation equilibrium reaction?	> CU	COO U.		
CH ₃ CO	OH CH	COO (set) + H (set)		
	c) CH ₃ Cl	d) HCl		
CH ₃ CoCl b) AgCl	c) ch ₃ cr	d) He		
3. Carbolic acid is	d) be	enzoic acid	d) Phenylacetic acid	
a) Phenol b) Picric acid				
4. Which one of the following reduc	es lolleris reag	enzophenone	d) none of these	
a) formic acid b) acetic acid 5. Which of the following compound	- usad as an a	anti-freeze in auto	omobile radiator?	
Which of the following compound	c) No	ennentyl alcohol	d ethylene glycol	
a) Methanol b) ethanol	PART -			
			6 x 2 = 12	
Answer any six questions. Q.No. 2	24 IS COMPUSC	J. J.		
16. Give the limitations of Elingham	diagram.	1		
Durnt Allim?		oles		
17. What is meant y burnt Alum. 18. What are interhalogen compoun	ds? Give exam	hies.	12 - CHEMISTRY - Pag	
10. 11111111111111111111111111111111111			12 - Chelvilatit	

www.TrbTnpsc.com www.Padasalai.Net 19. Which is more stable? Fe" (or) Fe" Explain 20 Write Archenius equation and explain the terms involved 21 Distinguish tetrahedral and octahedral voids. How Malachite green is prepared from Benzaldehyde? 23 Write saponification reaction 24. Calculate the pH of 0 1M CH, COOH solution. bissociation constant of acetic acid is 1.8 x 10 PART. III Answer any six questions. Q.No. 33 is compulsary. 25 Explain the Mond's process of refining Nickel. 26. Write a note on Fischer tropsch synthesis 27. How will you prepare chlorine by Deacon's process? 28 Write Chromyl Chloride test. 29 Explain pseudo first order reaction with an example? 30 Explain common ion effect with an example. 31 Write Schotten-Baumenn reaction. 32 Write the preparation and the structure of Urotropine. 33 Barium has a body centered cubic unit cell with a length of 590pm along an edge. What is the density of barium in g cm 3? PART IV Answer all the questions. 34. a) Explain zone refining process with an example. b) i) Describe the structure of diborane (3) ii) Write Ethyl Borate test. (2) 35. a) State Hume-Rothery rule for i) Alloy formation (3) ii) Give the equation for the reaction between chlorine with cold NaOH and (OR) b) What are the differences between Lanthanoids and actinoids? (5) 36. a) Explain Schottky and Frenkel defects. (5) (OR) b) i) What are the differences between order and molecularity of a reaction? (3) ii) Give two examples for zero order reaction. (2) 37. a) Derive an expression for Ostwald's Dilution Law. (5) (OR) b) i) Define Buffer solution? and give example. (3) ii) What is conjugate acid-base pairs? (2) 38. a) Write the Mechanism of aldol condenstation reaction. (5) b) Compound (A) of molecular formula C₆H₆O gives purple colourisation with neut FeCl₃. Compound (A) reacts with ammonia to give compound (B) and it also rea with Zn dust to give compound (C). Identify the compounds A, B and C and wi