COMMON QUARTERLY EXAMINATION - 2024

	*	Standard	XII	Reg.No.		
		CHEMIST	RY			
Tim	o : 3,00 hrs	Part - I		. Marks : 70		
l.	Choose the correct ans	swer:	Otto.	15 x 1 = 15		
1. Which one of the following ores is best concentrated by froth-flotation						
	a) magnetite	b)	haematite			
	c) galena	d)	cassiterite			
2.	The following set of reactions are used in refining zirconium.					
	$Z_r \text{ (impure)} + 2I_2 = \frac{5233 \text{ K}}{2}$	→ Zrl ₄				
•	$Zr l_4 \xrightarrow{1800 K} Zr (pure)$	+ 2I ₂ .		Grand Carlot		
	The method is known as					
	a) liquation	b)	Van Arkel prod	cess		
	c) zone refining	d)	Mond's proce	SS		
3.	. In diborane, the number of electrons that accounts for banana bond is					
	a) six b) tw	vo c)	four	d) three		
4.	Which of the following is	not sp ² hybridise	d			
	a) graphite	b)	graphene			
	c) fullerene	d)	dry ice			
5.	Among the following whi	ich is the stronges	st oxidizing age	nt?		
, ,	a) Cl ₂ b) F ₂	c)	Br ₂	d) I ₂		
6.	Which one is Dibasic ac					
		I ₂ SO ₄ c)				
7.	In acidic medium, potas	sium permangan	ate oxidizes ox	alic acid to		
	a) oxalate		carbon dioxid			
	c) acetate	d)	acetic acid			

		2	XII Chemistr
S	The most common oxidation:	state of actinoids is	
	a) +2 b) +3	c) +4	d) +6 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
9.	The PH of 10 ⁻⁶ M KOH solution	on will be	
	a) 8 b) 9	c) 5	d) 6
10	The pH of an aqueous solution	n is zero. The solution is	
	e) slightly scidic	b) strongly acid	
	c) neutral	d) basic	
11	HOCH_CH_OH on heating wi	th periodic acid gives	
	a) methanoic acid	b) glyoxal	
	c) memanol	a) CO ²	
12	Half Life period of I order read	ction is 10 min. What per	entage will remain after
	one hour?		
	a) 12.5% b) 50%	c) 3.125%	d) 1.5625%
13	C-O-C bond angle is greater	than the tetrahedral bork	d angle due to repulsive
	interaction between		
	a) the two lone pair of oxygen	b) the weaker C	-O bond
	c) the two bulkieralky group	a) (a) and (c)	
2.	Gattermann-Koch reaction is a	variant of Friedel-Crafts	
	a) benzoylation	b) alkylation	
	c) formylation	o) (a) and (b)	
15.	Compound which undergo held	notom rescion	
	a) diphenyl ketone	b) formaldeltyde	
	c) acetophenone	d) none	

3

XII Chemistry

Part - II

II. Answer any 6 questions, (Q.No.24 is compulsory)

x2=12

- 16. Explain the following terms with suitable examples.
 - a) Gangue
- b) Slag
- 17. Write note on Ethyl borate test.
- 18. What is known as Holmes signal?
- 19. Mention the causes of Lanthanoid contraction.
- 20. What is called packing efficiency or fraction?
- 21. Write any two examples for the first order reaction.
- 22. What are Lewi's acids and bases? Give two example for each.
- 23. Which is known as picric acid? How it is prepared?
- 24. How acetone undergo haloform reaction?

Part - III

III. Answer any 6 questions. (Q.No.33 is compulsory)

 $6 \times 3 = 18$

- 25. Give the limitations of Ellingham diagram.
- 26. Explain Fischer-Tropsch synthesis.
- 27. Write short note on bleaching action of sulphur dioxide.
- 28. What is chromyl chloride test?
- 29. Explain Frenkel defect.
- 30. Explain Pseudo first order reaction with an example.
- 31. A saturated solution prepared by dissolving $CaF_{2(s)}$ in water has $[Ca^{2+}] = 3.3 \times 10^{-4}$ m. What is the K_{sp} of CaF_2 ?
- 32. Describe the dehydration of Ethylene glycol with
 - a) anhydrous ZnCl₂
- b) Con. H₂SO₄
- 33. Identify A, B and C.

Ethanoic acid SoCla A Pd/BaSO4 B NaOH C

4

Part - IV

XII Chemistry

5 x 5 = 25

- IV. Answer all the questions.
- 34. a) Explain zone refining process with an example,

(OR)

- b) Describe the structure of Diborano.
- 35. a) i) How chlorine is manufactured by Deacon's process.
 - ii) Mention any two uses of chlorine.

(OR)

- b) Tabulate the difference between Lanthanoids and actinoids.
- 36. a) Write note on
 - i) Metal excess defect
 - ii) Metal deficiency defect

(OR)

- b) Derive integrated rate law for a first order reaction.
- 37. a) Derive Henderson equation for acid buffer solution.

(OR)

- b) Derive an expression for the hydrolysis constant and degree of hydrolysis of sate of strong acid and weak base.
- 38. a) Explain
 - i) Kolbe's reaction
 - ii) Pthalein reaction

(OR)

b) What is Cannizaro's reaction? Explain the three steps involves in the cannizaro mechanism reaction.
