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Register no: 1225C,17

## QUARTERLY EXAMINATION - 2024

**ECONOMICS** 

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Time: 3.00 Hours

PART- A

 $20 \times 1 = 20$ 

Ch	hoose the correct answers.	to econo	mics						
1.	Indicate the contribution of JM keynes	heory	c) Capital	d) Public fir	nance				
	a) Wealth of nation b) General	b) General moory							
2.	. An economy consist of	n sector	c) governmer	nt sector d)	all the above				
	An economy consist of a) consumption sector b) production sector c) government sector d) all the above								
3.	. The financial year in India is	larch 1 to	April 30						
	a) April 1 to Maron -	anuary 1	o December 3	1					
	c) March 1 to March 16 d) January 1 to December 31								
4.	. The average income of the country is	a income	c) inflation rat	te d) dispos	sable income				
_	The average income of the country is  a) personal income b) per capita income c) inflation rate d) disposable income								
5.	Keynes attributes unemployment to-	lake of et	fective deman	d					
6	a) lake of effective supply b) a lake of effective demand d) None of the above								
_	c) a lake of both d) N . In keynes theory, the demand for and	cupply of	money for del	termined by-					
6.	. In keynes theory, the demand for and	Supply of	rogate demand	d d) Aggrega	te supply				
	a) rate of interest b) Effective demand c) aggregate demand d) Aggregate supply The relationship between total spending on consumption and the total income is the								
7.	. The relationship between total spendi	ng on cor	nction	ino total inse					
	a) Consumption function b) S	avings iui	demand functi	on					
_	c) Investment function a) A	c) Investment function d) Aggregate demand function If the Keynesian consumption function is C-10+0.8Y then, when disposable income is Rs.100							
8.	. If the Keynesian consumption function	1 IS C-101	ro.or then, wit	en disposasi					
	what is the marginal propensity to cor	1sume :	01						
	a) ₹0.8 b) ₹800 c) ₹820	d) ₹0.							
9.	. The RBI headquarters is located at	d) Day	sanker)		SELECTION OF STREET				
	a) Delhi b) Chennai c) Mumbai	a) Ber	igaluru						
10.	0 is a decrease in the rate of i	nilation.	d\ Donross	ion					
		a) Disinflation b) Deflation c) stagflation d) Depression							
11.	Bank credit refers to	ank lanna	and advances	d) horrowin	ine				
	a) bank loans b) advances c) b	ank loans	and advances	a) borrowin					
12.	2. Banks rate means	tion by in	tornet rate all	vehanga rate	a d) growth rate				
	a) re-discounting the first class secur	nes b) in	terest rate C) e	do?	s d) glowiii rate				
13.	3. Which of the following is a modern th	eory or mi	ernational Trac	ue:	of those				
	a) absolute cost b) comparative co	the cone	er endow theo	eteral terms	of trade?				
	4. Who among the following enunciated								
	a) Jacob viner b)G.S. Donens	c) rat	issig	d) 3.3. Will					
15.	5. The headquarters of ASEAN is	a) Cal	ombo	d) Tolavo					
40	a) Jaharta b)New Delhi	c) Col		d) Tokyo					
10.	6. Relates to patents, copy rights, trade								
47	a) TRIPS b) TRIMS c) GATS		ila .						
17.	<ol> <li>New development Bank is associated</li> <li>a) BRICS</li> <li>b)WTO</li> <li>c) S</li> </ol>		d) ASEAN						
10	,	SAARC	*	of immorta					
10.	8. Favorable trade means value of expo		_are than that						
10	a) more b) less c) more or	1622	d) not more t	пап	100				
19.	9. V in MV-PT equation stands for	olooity of	airculation of	2000	* not a				
	a) volume of trade b) v	clume of	circulation of n	noney					
	c) volume of transaction d) v	<ul> <li>d) volume of bank and credit money</li> </ul>							

20. As income increases consumption will c) fluctuate d) increase b) not change a) fall PART - B 7×2=14 Answer any 7 questions. Q. No 30 is compulsory. 21. What do you mean by capitalism? 22. Define the term 'Inflation'. 23, what is the difference between NNP and NDP? 24. What is effective demand? 25. What is consumption function? 26. What is plastic money? Give example. Distinguish between CRR and SLR. 28, what is meant by exchange rate? 29. When and where was SAARC secretariat established? 30. What is autonomous consumption? PART - C 7×3-21 Answer any questions. Q.No 40 is compulsory. 31. Enumerate the features of mixed economy. 32. what is the solution to the problem of double counting in the estimation of national income? 33. Differentiate between personal and disposable income. Write any 3 differences between classism and Kynesianism. State the propositions of Keynrs's psychological law of consumption. 36. what are the determinants of money supply? Mention the objectives of demonetisation. Distinguish between balance of trade and balance of payments. 39. Mention the various forms of economic integration. 40. Which countries are members of SAARC? PART - D  $7 \times 5 = 35$ Answer all the questions. 41. a) Compare the features among the capitalism socialism and mixedism (OR) b) Discuss the various methods of estimating National income of a country. 42. a) Describe the types of unemployment (OR) b) What are the differences between MEC and MEI. 43. a) Describe the phases of trade cycle. (OR) b) Explain the functions of money. 44. a) Describe the functions of reserve Bank of India. b) Discuss the various types of equilibrium in the balance of payments. 45. a) Discuss the differences between international trade and internal trade. (OR) b) Explain the objectives of IMF. 46. a) Wright a note on a) SAARC b) BRICS (OR) b) Discuss the scope of macro economics. 47. a) narrate the equilibrium between ADF and ASF with diagram. (OR) b) Illustrate the working of multiplier.

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